

Rep. Stephanie A. Kifowit

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10300HB0280ham002

LRB103 03806 RLC 72298 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 280

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 280 by replacing

3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing

5 Section 6b-4 as follows:

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6 (30 ILCS 105/6b-4) (from Ch. 127, par. 142b4)

Sec. 6b-4. On the second Monday of every month, the Director of Public Health shall certify to the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer the amount generated by the issuance of commemorative birth certificates under subsection (14) of Section 25 of the Vital Records Act in excess of the costs incurred in issuing the documents. Within 15 days of receipt of the certification required by this Section, the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund, one-half of the amount certified as being received from the issuance of commemorative

- 1 birth certificates to the Child Abuse Prevention Fund and
- one-half of the amount to the Domestic Violence Shelter and 2
- Service Fund. 3

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- 4 The State Treasurer shall deposit into the Domestic
- 5 Violence Shelter and Service Fund each assessment received
- under the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act. 6
- 7 In addition to any other amounts deposited into the Domestic Violence Shelter and Service Fund, the State 8 9 Treasurer shall deposit into the Fund all moneys donated to 10 the State by private individuals or entities for purposes for 11 which moneys in the Fund may be used as provided in this paragraph. Subject to appropriation, the Department of Human 12 13 Services shall use moneys in the Fund to make grants to defray 14 the reasonable and necessary travel expenses of victims of 15 domestic violence who were members of the United States Armed 16 Forces when the domestic violence occurred and who have been discharged from the United States Armed Forces to participate 17 and travel to domestic violence proceedings. Military 18 19 personnel may qualify for and have access to moneys from the 20 Fund for the purposes set forth in this paragraph. The 2.1 Department shall adopt rules necessary for making grants under 22 this paragraph. County Veterans Assistance Commissions and 23 organizations described in Section 501(c)(19) of the Internal 24 Revenue Code of 1986 may receive grants under this paragraph.

The State Treasurer shall deposit into the Sexual Assault

Services Fund and the Domestic Violence Shelter and Service

- 1 Fund each of those fines received from circuit clerks under
- 2 Section 5-9-1.7 of the Unified Code of Corrections in
- 3 accordance with the provisions of that Section.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 100-987, eff. 7-1-19.)
- 5 Section 10. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is
- 6 amended by changing Sections 112A-6.1 and 112A-23 as follows:
- 7 (725 ILCS 5/112A-6.1)
- 8 Sec. 112A-6.1. Application of rules of civil procedure;
- 9 criminal law.
- 10 (a) Any proceeding to obtain, modify, re-open, or appeal a
- 11 protective order and service of pleadings and notices shall be
- 12 governed by the rules of civil procedure of this State. The
- 13 Code of Civil Procedure and Supreme Court and local court
- 14 rules applicable to civil proceedings shall apply, except as
- otherwise provided by law. Civil law on venue, discovery, and
- 16 penalties for untrue statements shall not apply to protective
- order proceedings heard under this Article.
- 18 (b) Criminal law on discovery, venue, and penalties for
- 19 untrue statements apply to protective order proceedings under
- this Article.
- 21 (c) Court proceedings related to the entry of a protective
- order and the determination of remedies shall not be used to
- obtain discovery that would not otherwise be available in a
- criminal prosecution or juvenile delinquency case.

territory, or

1 (c) The Supreme Court of Illinois may adopt rules that promote the use of attorneys serving on a pro bono basis to 2 3 represent victims under this Article. 4 (Source: P.A. 100-597, eff. 6-29-18.) 5 (725 ILCS 5/112A-23) (from Ch. 38, par. 112A-23) Sec. 112A-23. Enforcement of protective orders. 6 7 (a) When violation is crime. A violation of any protective 8 order, whether issued in a civil, quasi-criminal proceeding or 9 by a military judge or by a military commander of the United 10 States Armed Forces, shall be enforced by a criminal court 11 when: 12 (1) The respondent commits the crime of violation of a 13 domestic violence order of protection pursuant to Section 14 12-3.4 or 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, by having knowingly violated: 15 16 (i) remedies described in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (14), or (14.5) of subsection (b) of Section 112A-14 17 18 of this Code, 19 (ii) a remedy, which is substantially similar to 20 the remedies authorized under paragraph (1), (2), (3), 21 (14), or (14.5) of subsection (b) of Section 214 of the 22 Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, in a valid order of protection, which is authorized under the 23 24 laws of another state, tribe, or United States

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1	(iii) any other remedy when the act constitutes a
2	crime against the protected parties as defined by the
3	Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

Prosecution for a violation of a domestic violence order of protection shall not bar concurrent prosecution for any other crime, including any crime that may have been committed at the time of the violation of the domestic violence order of protection; or

- (2) The respondent commits the crime of child abduction pursuant to Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, by having knowingly violated:
 - (i) remedies described in paragraph (5), (6), or(8) of subsection (b) of Section 112A-14 of this Code,or
 - (ii) a remedy, which is substantially similar to the remedies authorized under paragraph (1), (5), (6), or (8) of subsection (b) of Section 214 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, in a valid domestic violence order of protection, which is authorized under the laws of another state, tribe, or United States territory.
- (3) The respondent commits the crime of violation of a civil no contact order when the respondent violates Section 12-3.8 of the Criminal Code of 2012. Prosecution for a violation of a civil no contact order shall not bar

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concurrent prosecution for any other crime, including any crime that may have been committed at the time of the violation of the civil no contact order.

- (4) The respondent commits the crime of violation of a stalking no contact order when the respondent violates Section 12-3.9 of the Criminal Code of 2012. Prosecution for a violation of a stalking no contact order shall not bar concurrent prosecution for any other crime, including any crime that may have been committed at the time of the violation of the stalking no contact order.
- (b) When violation is contempt of court. A violation of any valid protective order, whether issued in a civil or criminal proceeding or by a military judge or by a military commander of the United States Armed Forces, may be enforced through civil or criminal contempt procedures, as appropriate, by any court with jurisdiction, regardless where the act or acts which violated the protective order were committed, to the extent consistent with the venue provisions of this Article. Nothing in this Article shall preclude any Illinois court from enforcing any valid protective order issued in another state. Illinois courts may enforce protective orders through both criminal prosecution and contempt proceedings, unless the action which is second in time is barred by collateral estoppel or the constitutional prohibition against double jeopardy.
 - (1) In a contempt proceeding where the petition for a

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rule to show cause sets forth facts evidencing an immediate danger that the respondent will flee the jurisdiction, conceal a child, or inflict physical abuse on the petitioner or minor children or on dependent adults in petitioner's care, the court may order the attachment of the respondent without prior service of the rule to show cause or the petition for a rule to show cause. Bond shall be set unless specifically denied in writing.

- (2) A petition for a rule to show cause for violation of a protective order shall be treated as an expedited proceeding.
- (c) Violation of custody, allocation of parental responsibility, or support orders. A violation of remedies described in paragraph (5), (6), (8), or (9) of subsection (b) of Section 112A-14 of this Code may be enforced by any remedy provided by Section 607.5 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. The court may enforce any order for support issued under paragraph (12) of subsection (b) of Section 112A-14 of this Code in the manner provided for under Parts V and VII of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.
- (d) Actual knowledge. A protective order may be enforced pursuant to this Section if the respondent violates the order after the respondent has actual knowledge of its contents as shown through one of the following means:
 - (1) (Blank).

- 1 (2) (Blank).
- 2 (3) By service of a protective order under subsection
- 3 (f) of Section 112A-17.5 or Section 112A-22 of this Code.
- 4 (4) By other means demonstrating actual knowledge of the contents of the order.
- 6 (e) The enforcement of a protective order in civil or
 7 criminal court shall not be affected by either of the
 8 following:
- 9 (1) The existence of a separate, correlative order 10 entered under Section 112A-15 of this Code.
- 11 (2) Any finding or order entered in a conjoined 12 criminal proceeding.
- (e-5) If a civil no contact order entered under subsection
 (6) of Section 112A-20 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
 1963 conflicts with an order issued pursuant to the Juvenile
 Court Act of 1987 or the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of
 Marriage Act, the conflicting order issued under subsection
 (6) of Section 112A-20 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
- 19 1963 shall be void.
- 20 (f) Circumstances. The court, when determining whether or
 21 not a violation of a protective order has occurred, shall not
 22 require physical manifestations of abuse on the person of the
 23 victim.
- 24 (g) Penalties.
- 25 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this 26 subsection (g), where the court finds the commission of a

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crime or contempt of court under subsection (a) or (b) of
this Section, the penalty shall be the penalty that
generally applies in such criminal or contempt
proceedings, and may include one or more of the following:
incarceration, payment of restitution, a fine, payment of
attorneys' fees and costs, or community service.

- (2) The court shall hear and take into account evidence of any factors in aggravation or mitigation before deciding an appropriate penalty under paragraph (1) of this subsection (g).
- (3) To the extent permitted by law, the court is encouraged to:
 - (i) increase the penalty for the knowing violation of any protective order over any penalty previously imposed by any court for respondent's violation of any protective order or penal statute involving petitioner as victim and respondent as defendant;
 - (ii) impose a minimum penalty of 24 hours imprisonment for respondent's first violation of any protective order; and
 - (iii) impose a minimum penalty of 48 hours imprisonment for respondent's second or subsequent violation of a protective order

unless the court explicitly finds that an increased penalty or that period of imprisonment would be manifestly unjust.

1	(4) In addition to any other penalties imposed for a
2	violation of a protective order, a criminal court may
3	consider evidence of any violations of a protective order:

- (i) to modify the conditions of pretrial release on an underlying criminal charge pursuant to Section 110-6 of this Code;
- (ii) to revoke or modify an order of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, pursuant to Section 5-6-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections;
- 10 (iii) to revoke or modify a sentence of periodic
 11 imprisonment, pursuant to Section 5-7-2 of the Unified
 12 Code of Corrections.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 102-184, eff. 1-1-22; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
- 14 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-890, eff. 5-19-22; 103-407, eff.
- 15 7-28-23.)

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- Section 15. The Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 is amended by changing Sections 205 and 222.5 as follows:
- 18 (750 ILCS 60/205) (from Ch. 40, par. 2312-5)
- 19 Sec. 205. Application of rules of civil procedure; 20 Domestic abuse advocates.
- 21 (a) Any proceeding to obtain, modify, reopen or appeal an 22 order of protection, whether commenced alone or in conjunction 23 with a civil or criminal proceeding, shall be governed by the 24 rules of civil procedure of this State. The standard of proof

- in such a proceeding is proof by a preponderance of the 1
- evidence, whether the proceeding is heard in criminal or civil 2
- 3 court. The Code of Civil Procedure and Supreme Court and local
- 4 court rules applicable to civil proceedings, as now or
- 5 hereafter amended, shall apply, except as otherwise provided
- by this law. 6
- (b) (1) In all circuit court proceedings under this Act, 7
- 8 domestic abuse advocates shall be allowed to attend and sit at
- 9 counsel table and confer with the victim, unless otherwise
- 10 directed by the court.
- 11 (2) In criminal proceedings in circuit courts, domestic
- abuse advocates shall be allowed to accompany the victim and 12
- 13 confer with the victim, unless otherwise directed by the
- 14 court.
- 15 (3) Court administrators shall allow domestic abuse
- 16 advocates to assist victims of domestic violence in the
- 17 preparation of petitions for orders of protection.
- 18 (4) Domestic abuse advocates are not engaged in the
- 19 unauthorized practice of law when providing assistance of the
- 20 types specified in this subsection (b).
- 2.1 (c) The Supreme Court of Illinois may adopt rules that
- 22 promote the use of attorneys serving on a pro bono basis to
- 23 represent victims under this Act.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 87-1186; 87-1255; 88-45.)

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- 1 Sec. 222.5. Filing of an order of protection issued in another state or other jurisdiction. 2
 - (a) A person entitled to protection under an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory or military judge or by a military commander of the United States Armed Forces may file a certified copy of the order of protection with the clerk of the court in a judicial circuit in which the person believes that enforcement may be necessary.
 - (a-5) The Illinois National Guard shall file a certified copy of any military order of protection with the clerk of the court in a judicial circuit in which the person entitled to protection resides or if the person entitled to protection is not a State resident, in a judicial circuit in which it is believed that enforcement may be necessary.

(b) The clerk shall:

- (1) treat the foreign order of protection, including, but not limited to, an order of protection issued by a military judge or by a military commander of the United States Armed Forces, in the same manner as a judgment of the circuit court for any county of this State in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Enforcement of Foreign Judgments Act, except that the clerk shall not mail notice of the filing of the foreign order to the respondent named in the order; and
 - (2) on the same day that a foreign order of protection

- 1 is filed, file a certified copy of that order with the sheriff or other law enforcement officials charged with 2 3 maintaining Illinois State Police records as set forth in
- 4 Section 222 of this Act.
- 5 (c) Neither residence in this State nor filing of a 6 foreign order of protection, including, but not limited to, an order of protection issued by a military judge or by a military 7 commander of the United States Armed Forces, shall be required 8 9 for enforcement of the order by this State. Failure to file the 10 foreign order shall not be an impediment to its treatment in 11 all respects as an Illinois order of protection.
- (d) The clerk shall not charge a fee to file a foreign 12 13 order of protection under this Section.
- (e) The sheriff shall inform the Illinois State Police as 14 15 set forth in Section 302 of this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-890, eff. 5-19-22; 16
- 103-407, eff. 7-28-23.)". 17