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1 SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

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2 WHEREAS, Soil is an essential natural resource, and 3 Illinois farmers and professionals play a critical role in 4 managing Illinois soil and water resources; and

WHEREAS, The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) defines soil health as the continued capacity of soil to function as a vital living ecosystem that sustains plants, animals, and humans; and

WHEREAS, The concept of soil health across the Illinois landscape is not new but is only recently recognized as needed to prevent soil degradation and combat climate change; the degradation of soil can be rapid, while the formation and regeneration processes can be very slow; and

WHEREAS, The protection of Illinois soil is essential to the long term prosperity and sustainability of the soil and water resources of our State, counties, and cities, and the six basic principles of soil health necessary for that protection are to:

- (1) minimize soil disturbance and external inputs, including reduced tillage;
- 22 (2) maximize plant and microbial diversity;

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- 1 (3) maintain the presence of living roots;
- 2 (4) keep the soil covered, including with cover crops 3 and crop residue, to armor the soil;
 - (5) integrate animals into land management, including grazing animals, birds, beneficial insects, or keystone species, such as earthworms; and
 - (6) incorporate the context of local conditions in decision-making, including for example soil type, topography, and time of year; and be it further

WHEREAS, Soil health principles and its associated practices of no-till, cover crops, nutrient management plans, and longer crop rotations enhance the ability of farmers to meet the non-point source pollution goals for nitrate-nitrogen and phosphorus; it is essential to reduce the amount of nutrients flowing off of farm fields and into our watersheds; with these reduced nutrient losses from agriculture lands, which are detailed in the Illinois Nutrient Loss Reduction Strategy (NLRS), farmers will be able to meet desired outcomes as outlined by the Mississippi River Basin Hypoxia Task Force for the Gulf of Mexico; and

WHEREAS, Soil health principles provide for the reduction of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere through the sequestration of carbon within the upper reaches of the soil profile; this carbon mitigation improves the organic matter content in the

- 1 soil and provides a stable biome for soil organisms, improves
- 2 nutrient transfer from soil to root, and increases water
- 3 infiltration and water holding capacity; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Despite soil's importance to human health, the
- 5 environment, nutrition and food, feed, fiber, and fuel
- 6 production, there is little public awareness of the importance
- 7 of soil protection; and
- 8 WHEREAS, The State of Illinois should be actively raising
- 9 awareness of the importance of soil health and promoting its
- 10 stewardship to safeguard this resource for future generations
- of Illinois citizens; therefore, be it
- 12 RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED SECOND GENERAL
- 13 ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF
- 14 REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that we declare the first
- 15 full week of March 2022 as "Illinois Soil Health Week" and the
- 16 Wednesday of that week as "Illinois Soil Health Day"; and be it
- 17 further
- 18 RESOLVED, That these two celebrations and their related
- 19 activities will improve the awareness of Illinois farmers and
- 20 agri-business toward the importance of the air and water
- 21 quality environment for all of the citizens the State; and be
- 22 it further

- 1 RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be
- 2 presented to the Director of the Department of Agriculture,
- 3 the Office of the Governor, the Chair of the Illinois Senate
- 4 Agriculture Committee, and the Chair of the Illinois House
- 5 Agriculture & Conservation Committee.