



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

SB3920

Introduced 1/21/2022, by Sen. Melinda Bush

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 570/316
720 ILCS 570/318

Amends the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Provides that the Department of Human Services must provide for a Prescription Monitoring Program for all prescription medications (rather than Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled substances). Provides that the dispenser must transmit to the central repository the diagnosis code (ICD-10). Deletes provision that the dispenser must transmit to the central repository the date the controlled substance is dispensed. Provides that the Department may release prescription record information to a person who medically coordinates, directs, supervises, or establishes standard operating procedures for a prescriber or dispenser; if the person is evaluating the job performance of the prescriber or dispenser; or is performing quality assessment and improvement activities, including outcomes evaluation or development of clinical guidelines, and if the disclosure does not contain personally identifiable information of a patient and is limited to only those records about the prescriber or dispenser the person medically coordinates, directs, or supervises, or for whom the person establishes standard operating procedures.

LRB102 23875 RLC 33068 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
5 amended by changing Sections 316 and 318 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 570/316)

7 Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

8 (a) The Department must provide for a Prescription
9 Monitoring Program for all prescription medications ~~Schedule~~
10 ~~II, III, IV, and V controlled substances~~ that includes the
11 following components and requirements:

12 (1) The dispenser must transmit to the central
13 repository, in a form and manner specified by the
14 Department, the following information:

15 (A) The recipient's name and address.

16 (B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

17 (C) The national drug code number of the
18 controlled substance dispensed.

19 (C-5) The diagnosis code (ICD-10).

20 (D) (Blank). ~~The date the controlled substance is~~
21 ~~dispensed.~~

22 (E) The quantity of the controlled substance
23 dispensed and the minimum days supply.

1 (F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement
2 Administration registration number.

3 (G) The prescriber's United States Drug
4 Enforcement Administration registration number.

5 (H) The dates the controlled substance
6 prescription is filled.

7 (I) The payment type used to purchase the
8 controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party
9 insurance).

10 (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing
11 home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances
12 other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

13 (K) Any additional information that may be
14 required by the department by administrative rule,
15 including but not limited to information required for
16 compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting
17 of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or
18 its successor.

19 (2) The information required to be transmitted under
20 this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of
21 the business day on which a controlled substance is
22 dispensed, or at such other time as may be required by the
23 Department by administrative rule.

24 (3) A dispenser must transmit the information required
25 under this Section by:

26 ~~(3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)~~

1 ~~of this subsection also apply to opioid treatment programs~~
2 ~~that are licensed or certified by the Department of Human~~
3 ~~Services' Division of Substance Use Prevention and~~
4 ~~Recovery and are authorized by the federal Drug~~
5 ~~Enforcement Administration to prescribe Schedule II, III,~~
6 ~~IV, or V controlled substances for the treatment of opioid~~
7 ~~use disorders. Opioid treatment programs shall attempt to~~
8 ~~obtain written patient consent, shall document attempts to~~
9 ~~obtain the written consent, and shall not transmit~~
10 ~~information without patient consent. Documentation~~
11 ~~obtained under this paragraph shall not be utilized for~~
12 ~~law enforcement purposes, as proscribed under 42 CFR 2, as~~
13 ~~amended by 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2. Treatment of a patient shall~~
14 ~~not be conditioned upon his or her written consent.~~

15 (A) an electronic device compatible with the
16 receiving device of the central repository;

17 (B) (blank); ~~a computer diskette;~~

18 (C) (blank); ~~or a magnetic tape; or~~

19 (D) (blank). ~~a pharmacy universal claim form or~~
20 ~~Pharmacy Inventory Control form.~~

21 (3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)
22 of this subsection also apply to opioid treatment programs
23 that are licensed or certified by the Department of Human
24 Services' Division of Substance Use Prevention and
25 Recovery and are authorized by the federal Drug
26 Enforcement Administration to prescribe Schedule II, III,

1 IV, or V controlled substances for the treatment of opioid
2 use disorders. Opioid treatment programs shall attempt to
3 obtain written patient consent, shall document attempts to
4 obtain the written consent, and shall not transmit
5 information without patient consent. Documentation
6 obtained under this paragraph shall not be utilized for
7 law enforcement purposes, as proscribed under 42 CFR 2, as
8 amended by 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2. Treatment of a patient shall
9 not be conditioned upon his or her written consent.

10 (4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to
11 \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled
12 substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring
13 Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the
14 number of days from the time the report was required to be
15 made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be
16 payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

17 (a-5) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a licensed
18 veterinarian is exempt from the reporting requirements of this
19 Section. If a person who is presenting an animal for treatment
20 is suspected of fraudulently obtaining any controlled
21 substance or prescription for a controlled substance, the
22 licensed veterinarian shall report that information to the
23 local law enforcement agency.

24 (b) The Department, by rule, may include in the
25 Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs
26 that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The

1 Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled
2 substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

3 (c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled
4 substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used
5 as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term
6 care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372.
7 Long-term care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication
8 profiles to the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or
9 more frequently as established by administrative rule.

10 (d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a
11 full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring
12 Program.

13 (e) (Blank).

14 (f) Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date
15 of Public Act 100-564), the Department shall adopt rules
16 requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface
17 with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program
18 on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have
19 access to specific patient records during the treatment of
20 their patients. These rules shall also address the electronic
21 integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription
22 Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the
23 information required under this Section. The Department shall
24 establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic
25 Health Records System does not effectively interface with the
26 Prescription Monitoring Program within the required timeline.

1 (g) The Department, in consultation with the Prescription
2 Monitoring Program Advisory Committee, shall adopt rules
3 allowing licensed prescribers or pharmacists who have
4 registered to access the Prescription Monitoring Program to
5 authorize a licensed or non-licensed designee employed in that
6 licensed prescriber's office or a licensed designee in a
7 licensed pharmacist's pharmacy who has received training in
8 the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability
9 Act and 42 CFR 2 to consult the Prescription Monitoring
10 Program on their behalf. The rules shall include reasonable
11 parameters concerning a practitioner's authority to authorize
12 a designee, and the eligibility of a person to be selected as a
13 designee. In this subsection (g), "pharmacist" shall include a
14 clinical pharmacist employed by and designated by a Medicaid
15 Managed Care Organization providing services under Article V
16 of the Illinois Public Aid Code under a contract with the
17 Department of Healthcare and Family Services for the sole
18 purpose of clinical review of services provided to persons
19 covered by the entity under the contract to determine
20 compliance with subsections (a) and (b) of Section 314.5 of
21 this Act. A managed care entity pharmacist shall notify
22 prescribers of review activities.

23 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-414, eff. 8-16-19;
24 102-527, eff. 8-20-21; revised 11-24-21.)

1 Sec. 318. Confidentiality of information.

2 (a) Information received by the central repository under
3 Section 316 and former Section 321 is confidential.

4 (a-1) To ensure the federal Health Insurance Portability
5 and Accountability Act privacy of an individual's prescription
6 data reported to the Prescription Monitoring Program received
7 from a retail dispenser under this Act, and in order to execute
8 the duties and responsibilities under Section 316 of this Act
9 and rules for disclosure under this Section, the Clinical
10 Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program or his or her
11 designee shall maintain direct access to all Prescription
12 Monitoring Program data. Any request for Prescription
13 Monitoring Program data from any other department or agency
14 must be approved in writing by the Clinical Director of the
15 Prescription Monitoring Program or his or her designee unless
16 otherwise permitted by law. Prescription Monitoring Program
17 data shall only be disclosed as permitted by law.

18 (a-2) As an active step to address the current opioid
19 crisis in this State and to prevent and reduce addiction
20 resulting from a sports injury or an accident, the
21 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
22 Health shall coordinate a continuous review of the
23 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
24 Health data to determine if a patient may be at risk of opioid
25 addiction. Each patient discharged from any medical facility
26 with an International Classification of Disease, 10th edition

1 code related to a sport or accident injury shall be subject to
2 the data review. If the discharged patient is dispensed a
3 controlled substance, the Prescription Monitoring Program
4 shall alert the patient's prescriber as to the addiction risk
5 and urge each to follow the Centers for Disease Control and
6 Prevention guidelines or his or her respective profession's
7 treatment guidelines related to the patient's injury. This
8 subsection (a-2), other than this sentence, is inoperative on
9 or after January 1, 2024.

10 (b) The Department must carry out a program to protect the
11 confidentiality of the information described in subsection
12 (a). The Department may disclose the information to another
13 person only under subsection (c), (d), or (f) and may charge a
14 fee not to exceed the actual cost of furnishing the
15 information.

16 (c) The Department may disclose confidential information
17 described in subsection (a) to any person who is engaged in
18 receiving, processing, or storing the information.

19 (d) The Department may release confidential information
20 described in subsection (a) to the following persons:

21 (1) A governing body that licenses practitioners and
22 is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a
23 prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law
24 that involves a controlled substance.

25 (2) An investigator for the Consumer Protection
26 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a

1 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
2 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of
3 the Attorney General, who is engaged in any of the
4 following activities involving controlled substances:

5 (A) an investigation;

6 (B) an adjudication; or

7 (C) a prosecution of a violation under any State
8 or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

9 (3) A law enforcement officer who is:

10 (A) authorized by the Illinois State Police or the
11 office of a county sheriff or State's Attorney or
12 municipal police department of Illinois to receive
13 information of the type requested for the purpose of
14 investigations involving controlled substances; or

15 (B) approved by the Department to receive
16 information of the type requested for the purpose of
17 investigations involving controlled substances; and

18 (C) engaged in the investigation or prosecution of
19 a violation under any State or federal law that
20 involves a controlled substance.

21 (4) Select representatives of the Department of
22 Children and Family Services through the indirect online
23 request process. Access shall be established by an
24 intergovernmental agreement between the Department of
25 Children and Family Services and the Department of Human
26 Services.

1 (e) Before the Department releases confidential
2 information under subsection (d), the applicant must
3 demonstrate in writing to the Department that:

4 (1) the applicant has reason to believe that a
5 violation under any State or federal law that involves a
6 controlled substance has occurred; and

7 (2) the requested information is reasonably related to
8 the investigation, adjudication, or prosecution of the
9 violation described in subdivision (1).

10 (f) The Department may receive and release prescription
11 record information under Section 316 and former Section 321
12 to:

13 (1) a governing body that licenses practitioners;

14 (2) an investigator for the Consumer Protection
15 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
16 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
17 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of
18 the Attorney General;

19 (3) any Illinois law enforcement officer who is:

20 (A) authorized to receive the type of information
21 released; and

22 (B) approved by the Department to receive the type
23 of information released; or

24 (4) prescription monitoring entities in other states
25 per the provisions outlined in subsection (g) and (h)
26 below;

1 confidential prescription record information collected under
2 Sections 316 and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or
3 practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing
4 large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled
5 substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or
6 business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by
7 Section 320; and -

8 (5) a person who medically coordinates, directs,
9 supervises, or establishes standard operating procedures
10 for a prescriber or dispenser; if the person is evaluating
11 the job performance of the prescriber or dispenser; or is
12 performing quality assessment and improvement activities,
13 including outcomes evaluation or development of clinical
14 guidelines, and if the disclosure does not contain
15 personally identifiable information of a patient and is
16 limited to only those records about the prescriber or
17 dispenser the person medically coordinates, directs, or
18 supervises, or for whom the person establishes standard
19 operating procedures.

20 (g) The information described in subsection (f) may not be
21 released until it has been reviewed by an employee of the
22 Department who is licensed as a prescriber or a dispenser and
23 until that employee has certified that further investigation
24 is warranted. However, failure to comply with this subsection
25 (g) does not invalidate the use of any evidence that is
26 otherwise admissible in a proceeding described in subsection

1 (h) .

2 (h) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving
3 confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (f) may
4 disclose the information to a law enforcement officer or an
5 attorney for the office of the Attorney General for use as
6 evidence in the following:

7 (1) A proceeding under any State or federal law that
8 involves a controlled substance.

9 (2) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile
10 court that involves a controlled substance.

11 (i) The Department may compile statistical reports from
12 the information described in subsection (a). The reports must
13 not include information that identifies, by name, license or
14 address, any practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other
15 person administering a controlled substance.

16 (j) Based upon federal, initial and maintenance funding, a
17 prescriber and dispenser inquiry system shall be developed to
18 assist the health care community in its goal of effective
19 clinical practice and to prevent patients from diverting or
20 abusing medications.

21 (1) An inquirer shall have read-only access to a
22 stand-alone database which shall contain records for the
23 previous 12 months.

24 (2) Dispensers may, upon positive and secure
25 identification, make an inquiry on a patient or customer
26 solely for a medical purpose as delineated within the

1 federal HIPAA law.

2 (3) The Department shall provide a one-to-one secure
3 link and encrypted software necessary to establish the
4 link between an inquirer and the Department. Technical
5 assistance shall also be provided.

6 (4) Written inquiries are acceptable but must include
7 the fee and the requestor's Drug Enforcement
8 Administration license number and submitted upon the
9 requestor's business stationery.

10 (5) As directed by the Prescription Monitoring Program
11 Advisory Committee and the Clinical Director for the
12 Prescription Monitoring Program, aggregate data that does
13 not indicate any prescriber, practitioner, dispenser, or
14 patient may be used for clinical studies.

15 (6) Tracking analysis shall be established and used
16 per administrative rule.

17 (7) Nothing in this Act or Illinois law shall be
18 construed to require a prescriber or dispenser to make use
19 of this inquiry system.

20 (8) If there is an adverse outcome because of a
21 prescriber or dispenser making an inquiry, which is
22 initiated in good faith, the prescriber or dispenser shall
23 be held harmless from any civil liability.

24 (k) The Department shall establish, by rule, the process
25 by which to evaluate possible erroneous association of
26 prescriptions to any licensed prescriber or end user of the

1 Illinois Prescription Information Library (PIL).

2 (l) The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee
3 is authorized to evaluate the need for and method of
4 establishing a patient specific identifier.

5 (m) Patients who identify prescriptions attributed to them
6 that were not obtained by them shall be given access to their
7 personal prescription history pursuant to the validation
8 process as set forth by administrative rule.

9 (n) The Prescription Monitoring Program is authorized to
10 develop operational push reports to entities with compatible
11 electronic medical records. The process shall be covered
12 within administrative rule established by the Department.

13 (o) Hospital emergency departments and freestanding
14 healthcare facilities providing healthcare to walk-in patients
15 may obtain, for the purpose of improving patient care, a
16 unique identifier for each shift to utilize the PIL system.

17 (p) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall
18 automatically create a log-in to the inquiry system when a
19 prescriber or dispenser obtains or renews his or her
20 controlled substance license. The Department of Financial and
21 Professional Regulation must provide the Prescription
22 Monitoring Program with electronic access to the license
23 information of a prescriber or dispenser to facilitate the
24 creation of this profile. The Prescription Monitoring Program
25 shall send the prescriber or dispenser information regarding
26 the inquiry system, including instructions on how to log into

1 the system, instructions on how to use the system to promote
2 effective clinical practice, and opportunities for continuing
3 education for the prescribing of controlled substances. The
4 Prescription Monitoring Program shall also send to all
5 enrolled prescribers, dispensers, and designees information
6 regarding the unsolicited reports produced pursuant to Section
7 314.5 of this Act.

8 (q) A prescriber or dispenser may authorize a designee to
9 consult the inquiry system established by the Department under
10 this subsection on his or her behalf, provided that all the
11 following conditions are met:

12 (1) the designee so authorized is employed by the same
13 hospital or health care system; is employed by the same
14 professional practice; or is under contract with such
15 practice, hospital, or health care system;

16 (2) the prescriber or dispenser takes reasonable steps
17 to ensure that such designee is sufficiently competent in
18 the use of the inquiry system;

19 (3) the prescriber or dispenser remains responsible
20 for ensuring that access to the inquiry system by the
21 designee is limited to authorized purposes and occurs in a
22 manner that protects the confidentiality of the
23 information obtained from the inquiry system, and remains
24 responsible for any breach of confidentiality; and

25 (4) the ultimate decision as to whether or not to
26 prescribe or dispense a controlled substance remains with

1 the prescriber or dispenser.

2 The Prescription Monitoring Program shall send to
3 registered designees information regarding the inquiry system,
4 including instructions on how to log onto the system.

5 (r) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall maintain an
6 Internet website in conjunction with its prescriber and
7 dispenser inquiry system. This website shall include, at a
8 minimum, the following information:

9 (1) current clinical guidelines developed by health
10 care professional organizations on the prescribing of
11 opioids or other controlled substances as determined by
12 the Advisory Committee;

13 (2) accredited continuing education programs related
14 to prescribing of controlled substances;

15 (3) programs or information developed by health care
16 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help
17 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

18 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
19 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
20 public and private organizations which are relevant to
21 prescribing;

22 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

23 (6) other information regarding the prescription of
24 controlled substances; and

25 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
26 events, including take-back programs or other disposal

1 options or events.

2 The content of the Internet website shall be periodically
3 reviewed by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
4 Committee as set forth in Section 320 and updated in
5 accordance with the recommendation of the advisory committee.

6 (s) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall regularly
7 send electronic updates to the registered users of the
8 Program. The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
9 Committee shall review any communications sent to registered
10 users and also make recommendations for communications as set
11 forth in Section 320. These updates shall include the
12 following information:

13 (1) opportunities for accredited continuing education
14 programs related to prescribing of controlled substances;

15 (2) current clinical guidelines developed by health
16 care professional organizations on the prescribing of
17 opioids or other drugs as determined by the Advisory
18 Committee;

19 (3) programs or information developed by health care
20 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help
21 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

22 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
23 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
24 public and private organizations which are relevant to
25 prescribing;

26 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

1 (6) other information regarding prescribing of
2 controlled substances;

3 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
4 events, including take-back programs or other disposal
5 options or events; and

6 (8) reminders that the Prescription Monitoring Program
7 is a useful clinical tool.

8 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-125, eff. 1-1-18;
9 100-1093, eff. 8-26-18.)