## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

# State of Illinois

# 2021 and 2022

#### SB3477

Introduced 1/19/2022, by Sen. Laura M. Murphy

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act

Creates the Vacancy Fraud Act. Allows a taxing body or representative of a taxing body to file a vacancy fraud complaint with the county board of review if property is receiving vacancy relief and the property owner is not actively attempting to lease, sell, or alter the property. Sets forth factors in determining whether or not vacancy fraud has occurred. Sets forth penalties. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning property.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
Vacancy Fraud Act.

Section 5. Public policy. In recognition of the severe 6 7 economic circumstances of taxpayers and taxing districts 8 across the State of Illinois, the General Assembly finds that 9 abuse exists with respect to the use of property tax relief enacted by several counties which lowers the assessment of 10 vacant property. Some owners of vacant properties do not 11 12 actively seek tenants, yet continue to receive property tax 13 relief for the term of the property's vacancy. This practice 14 has led to neighborhoods blighted with vacant commercial or industrial properties. The General Assembly finds that this 15 16 practice is against public policy, burdens homeowners and 17 actively operating businesses, and lessens taxing districts' tax base. 18

Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act: "Vacancy relief" means a decrease in assessed value, a decrease in market value, or an abatement of taxes by a chief county assessment officer, a board of review, or a taxing 1 district under any county or taxing district ordinance, 2 resolution, or policy granting such a decrease in assessed 3 value to property that is vacant.

4 "Vacant property" means property that is receiving vacancy
5 relief. A property that receives vacancy relief on only a
6 portion of the property is still considered vacant property.

7 Section 15. Vacancy fraud complaints.

8 (a) The board of review of the county in which the property 9 is located shall have the power to review complaints of 10 vacancy fraud for vacant properties that have received vacancy 11 relief for 2 consecutive tax years if the first of those tax 12 years is no more than 5 years prior to the current tax year.

(b) Any taxing body or representative of any taxing body alleging that a property owner is not actively attempting to lease, sell, or alter the vacant property shall file a written complaint prescribed by the board of review within the appropriate filing period.

(c) The party alleging vacancy fraud shall file on the 18 titleholder of record a Notice of Intent to File a Vacancy 19 Fraud Complaint. The notice shall disclose the common name and 20 21 address of the property as well as its property classification 22 code and permanent index number and shall provide a short written statement of the nature of the evidence which will be 23 submitted in support of the allegation of vacancy fraud. 24 25 Notice shall be provided by first class mail, postage prepaid,

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1 and shall be mailed to the same address that the vacant 2 property's property tax bill is mailed.

(d) If a complaint is filed by an attorney on behalf of a 3 taxpayer, all notices and correspondence from the board shall 4 5 be directed to the attorney. The board may require proof of the attorney's authority to represent the taxpayer. 6 Ιf the attorney fails to provide proof of authority within 7 the 8 compliance period granted by the board pursuant to subsection 9 (e), the board may dismiss the complaint. The Board shall 10 send, electronically or by mail, notice of the dismissal to 11 the attorney and taxpayer.

12 (e) Upon receipt of a written complaint that is timely 13 filed, the board of review shall docket the complaint. If the complaint does not comply with the board of review rules 14 15 entitling the complainant to a hearing, the board shall send, electronically or by mail, notification acknowledging receipt 16 17 of the complaint. The notification must identify which rules have not been complied with and provide the complainant with 18 19 not less than 10 business days to bring the complaint into 20 compliance with those rules. If the complainant complies with the board of review rules either upon the initial filing of a 21 22 complaint or within the time as extended by the board of review 23 for compliance, then the board of review shall send, electronically or by mail, a notice of hearing and the board 24 25 shall hear the complaint and shall issue and send, electronically or by mail, a decision upon resolution. Except 26

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as otherwise provided, if the complainant has not complied 1 2 with the rules within the time as extended by the board of review, the board shall nonetheless issue and send a decision. 3 The board of review may adopt rules allowing any party to 4 5 attend and participate in a hearing by telephone or electronically. The party alleging vacancy fraud shall cause a 6 7 duplicate notice of the hearing date to be provided to the titleholder of record. 8

Section 20. Factors in determining vacancy fraud.

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(a) In determining whether the owner of vacant property is
actively attempting to sell, lease, or alter the vacant
property, the board may consider the following factors:

13 (1) whether there is a sign on the vacant property
14 advertising that it is for sale or for lease;

(2) whether the vacant property is advertised for sale
or for lease in a newspaper of general circulation where
the vacant property is located;

18 (3) whether the vacant property is advertised for sale 19 or for lease on the Internet, and whether potential buyers 20 or tenants are reasonably able to access the Internet 21 listing;

(4) whether the owner of the vacant property has
contracted for the services of an Illinois licensed real
estate professional for the purpose of selling or leasing
the vacant property;

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(5) whether any advertised sale price or advertised
 rental price is at a reasonable market level;

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(6) whether a contract for sale or lease is pending;

4 (7) whether the vacant property is subsequently sold
5 or leased, and the amount of time that passed from the
6 original vacancy to the sale or lease date;

7 (8) whether the owner has applied for and received 8 demolition or construction permits for the vacant 9 property;

10 (9) whether the owner has responded to inquiries to
11 lease or sell the property; and

(10) any other factors the board deems necessary to determine if the owner of any vacant property is actively attempting to lease, sell, or alter the vacant property.

(b) For purposes of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (a), any signs, newspaper advertisements, or Internet advertisements shall contain a phone number. If the phone number does not connect to a person who can facilitate the purchase or lease of the vacant property, the board of review may disregard that the sign, newspaper advertisement, or Internet advertisement.

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Section 25. Penalties.

(a) Before assessing any penalties, the board of review
 shall give notice to the assessor or chief county assessment
 officer who certified the vacancy relief and give the assessor

or chief county assessment officer an opportunity to be heard
 thereon.

3 (b) Upon determination that an owner of vacant property is 4 not actively attempting to sell, lease, or alter the vacant 5 property, the board of review and chief county assessment 6 officer may do any of the following:

7 (1) prohibit the vacant property from receiving any
8 vacancy relief until it is subsequently sold or leased;

9 (2) require the payment of 3 times the amount of back 10 taxes owed for any vacancy relief the vacant property 11 received while the owner of the vacant property was not 12 actively attempting to sell, lease, or alter the vacant 13 property;

14 (3) require the payment of interest on any back taxes
15 sought under paragraph (2); any interest imposed shall not
16 exceed 10% per annum; and

17 (4) in the case of a property owner who has been 18 penalized under this Section 2 times or more within a 19 5-year period, impose a penalty not to exceed 25% of the 20 amount of back taxes sought under paragraph (2).

(c) The unpaid taxes shall be paid to the appropriate taxing districts. Interest and penalties shall be paid to the chief county assessment officer's office to cover the costs associated with educating the public on the provisions of this Act.

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(d) No penalties shall be assessed until the person to be

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1 affected has been notified and given an opportunity to be 2 heard.

3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon4 becoming law.