SB1596 Enrolled

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by 5 changing Section 12-7.1 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/12-7.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-7.1)

7 Sec. 12-7.1. Hate crime.

(a) A person commits hate crime when, by reason of the 8 9 actual or perceived race, color, creed, religion, ancestry, gender, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, 10 citizenship, immigration status, or national origin of another 11 12 individual or group of individuals, regardless of the 13 existence of any other motivating factor or factors, he or she 14 commits assault, battery, aggravated assault, intimidation, stalking, cyberstalking, misdemeanor theft, criminal trespass 15 16 residence, misdemeanor criminal damage to property, to 17 criminal trespass to vehicle, criminal trespass to real property, mob action, disorderly conduct, transmission of 18 19 obscene messages, harassment by telephone, or harassment 20 through electronic communications as these crimes are defined 21 in Sections 12-1, 12-2, 12-3(a), 12-7.3, 12-7.5, 16-1, 19-4, 21-1, 21-2, 21-3, 25-1, 26-1, 26.5-1, 26.5-2, paragraphs 22 (a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3) of Section 12-6, and paragraphs 23

SB1596 Enrolled

- 2 - LRB102 10975 KMF 16307 b

1 (a)(2) and (a)(5) of Section 26.5-3 of this Code,
2 respectively.

3 (b) Except as provided in subsection (b-5), hate crime is
4 a Class 4 felony for a first offense and a Class 2 felony for a
5 second or subsequent offense.

6 (b-5) Hate crime is a Class 3 felony for a first offense 7 and a Class 2 felony for a second or subsequent offense if 8 committed:

9 (1) in, or upon the exterior or grounds of, a church, 10 synagogue, mosque, or other building, structure, or place 11 identified or associated with a particular religion or 12 used for religious worship or other religious purpose;

13 (2) in a cemetery, mortuary, or other facility used14 for the purpose of burial or memorializing the dead;

15 (3) in a school or other educational facility, 16 including an administrative facility or public or private 17 dormitory facility of or associated with the school or 18 other educational facility;

19 (4) in a public park or an ethnic or religious20 community center;

(5) on the real property comprising any location specified in clauses (1) through (4) of this subsection (b-5); or

(6) on a public way within 1,000 feet of the real
property comprising any location specified in clauses (1)
through (4) of this subsection (b-5).

SB1596 Enrolled - 3 - LRB102 10975 KMF 16307 b

(b-10) Upon imposition of any sentence, the trial court 1 2 shall also either order restitution paid to the victim or 3 impose a fine in an amount to be determined by the court based on the severity of the crime and the injury or damages suffered 4 5 by the victim. In addition, any order of probation or conditional discharge entered following a conviction or an 6 7 adjudication of delinquency shall include a condition that the 8 offender perform public or community service of no less than 9 200 hours if that service is established in the county where 10 the offender was convicted of hate crime. In addition, any 11 order of probation or conditional discharge entered following 12 a conviction or an adjudication of delinquency shall include a 13 condition that the offender enroll in an educational program 14 discouraging hate crimes involving the protected class 15 identified in subsection (a) that gave rise to the offense the 16 offender committed. The educational program must be attended 17 by the offender in-person and may be administered, as determined by the court, by a university, college, community 18 19 college, non-profit organization, the Illinois Holocaust and Genocide Commission, or any other organization that provides 20 21 educational programs discouraging hate crimes, except that 22 programs administered online or that can otherwise be attended 23 remotely are prohibited. The court may also impose any other condition of probation or conditional discharge under this 24 25 Section. If the court sentences the offender to imprisonment or periodic imprisonment for a violation of this Section, as a 26

SB1596 Enrolled - 4 - LRB102 10975 KMF 16307 b

1 condition of the offender's mandatory supervised release, the 2 court shall require that the offender perform public or 3 community service of no less than 200 hours and enroll in an 4 educational program discouraging hate crimes involving the 5 protected class identified in subsection (a) that gave rise to 6 the offense the offender committed.

7 (c) Independent of any criminal prosecution or the result 8 of a criminal prosecution, any person suffering injury to his 9 or her person, damage to his or her property, intimidation as 10 defined in paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3) of Section 11 12-6 of this Code, stalking as defined in Section 12-7.3 of 12 this Code, cyberstalking as defined in Section 12-7.5 of this Code, disorderly conduct as defined in paragraph (a)(1) of 13 Section 26-1 of this Code, transmission of obscene messages as 14 defined in Section 26.5-1 of this Code, 15 harassment by 16 telephone as defined in Section 26.5-2 of this Code, or 17 harassment through electronic communications as defined in paragraphs (a) (2) and (a) (5) of Section 26.5-3 of this Code as 18 19 a result of a hate crime may bring a civil action for damages, injunction or other appropriate relief. The court may award 20 21 actual damages, including damages for emotional distress, as 22 well as punitive damages. The court may impose a civil penalty 23 up to \$25,000 for each violation of this subsection (c). A 24 judgment in favor of a person who brings a civil action under 25 this subsection (c) shall include attorney's fees and costs. 26 After consulting with the local State's Attorney, the Attorney SB1596 Enrolled - 5 - LRB102 10975 KMF 16307 b

General may bring a civil action in the name of the People of 1 2 the State for an injunction or other equitable relief under this subsection (c). In addition, the Attorney General may 3 request and the court may impose a civil penalty up to \$25,000 4 5 for each violation under this subsection (c). The parents or 6 legal guardians, other than guardians appointed pursuant to 7 the Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, of an 8 unemancipated minor shall be liable for the amount of any 9 judgment for all damages rendered against such minor under 10 this subsection (c) in any amount not exceeding the amount 11 provided under Section 5 of the Parental Responsibility Law.

12 (d) "Sexual orientation" has the meaning ascribed to it in 13 paragraph (O-1) of Section 1-103 of the Illinois Human Rights 14 Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-77, eff. 1-1-16; 100-197, eff. 1-1-18;
100-260, eff. 1-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)