

## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 SB0139

Introduced 2/9/2021, by Sen. Sara Feigenholtz

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

750 ILCS 5/221 new

Amends the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. Provides that upon completion of an affidavit provided by the county clerk, a person, still currently married, may request a certificate of the person's current marriage free of any gender identifying language. Provides that the request shall not permanently change the gender identifying language in the clerk's records, and the affidavit and issuance shall be kept in the permanent records of the clerk. Provides that if 2 parties currently married request a marriage certificate with gender identifiers changed, both parties shall appear before the clerk, indicate consent, and complete an affidavit. Provides that if a county provides a certified record, photocopy, or reproduction of an original record in lieu of a summary data sheet, the county clerk shall work with the Department of Public Health to develop a new certificate that can be issued in lieu of a reproduction of the prior record. Provides that when a clerk issues a nongendered marriage certificate, the certificate shall not include any language indicating it has been amended nor that it is not a true and accurate record of the facts stated therein.

LRB102 10217 LNS 15541 b

1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act is amended by adding Section 221 as follows:
- 6 (750 ILCS 5/221 new)
- Sec. 221. Request for changing or removing gender

  identifying language on a marriage certificate.
- 9 (a) Upon completion of an affidavit provided by the county clerk and confirmation of identity, a person, still currently 10 married, may request a certificate of the person's current 11 12 marriage free of any gender identifying language. The person may request a change from terms such as "bride" and "groom" to 13 14 a nongendered term such as "spouse" or a variant of "Spouse 1" or "Spouse A". Upon such request, both parties shall be listed 15 with a nongendered identifier on a certificate. The request 16 shall not permanently change the gender identifying language 17 in the clerk's records, and the affidavit and issuance shall 18 19 be kept in the permanent records of the clerk.
- 20 (b) If 2 parties currently married request a marriage
  21 certificate with gender identifiers changed, such as "bride"
  22 to "groom" or "groom" to "bride", both parties shall appear
  23 before the clerk, indicate consent, and complete an affidavit.

- (c) If a county provides a certified record, photocopy, or reproduction of an original record in lieu of a summary data sheet, the county clerk shall work with the Department of Public Health to develop a new certificate that can be issued in lieu of a reproduction of the prior record. Nothing in this subsection authorizes the county clerk to permanently mark or deface a prior record in lieu of a summary data sheet certificate.
- (d) When a clerk issues a nongendered marriage certificate under subsection (a), the certificate shall not include any language indicating it has been amended nor that it is not a true and accurate record of the facts stated therein.