102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB2989

Introduced 2/19/2021, by Rep. La Shawn K. Ford

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

7	20	ILCS	5/8-4	from Ch. 38,	par. 8-4
7	20	ILCS	5/9-1.2	from Ch. 38,	par. 9-1.2
7	20	ILCS	5/10-2	from Ch. 38,	par. 10-2
7	20	ILCS	5/11-1.40	was 720 ILCS	5/12-14.1
7	20	ILCS	5/12-3.05	was 720 ILCS	5/12-4
7	20	ILCS	5/18-2	from Ch. 38,	par. 18-2
7	20	ILCS	5/18-4		
7	20	ILCS	5/19-6	was 720 ILCS	5/12-11
7	20	ILCS	5/33A-3	from Ch. 38,	par. 33A-3
7	30	ILCS	5/5-8-1	from Ch. 38,	par. 1005-8-1

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Provides that various added sentences of imprisonment for committing offenses while armed with a firearm or by personally discharging a firearm are discretionary and constitute the maximum sentences that may be imposed by the court.

LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
5 changing Sections 8-4, 9-1.2, 10-2, 11-1.40, 12-3.05, 18-2,
6 18-4, 19-6, and 33A-3 as follows:

7 (720 ILCS 5/8-4) (from Ch. 38, par. 8-4)

8 Sec. 8-4. Attempt.

9 (a) Elements of the offense.

10 A person commits the offense of attempt when, with intent 11 to commit a specific offense, he or she does any act that 12 constitutes a substantial step toward the commission of that 13 offense.

14 (b) Impossibility.

15 It is not a defense to a charge of attempt that because of 16 a misapprehension of the circumstances it would have been 17 impossible for the accused to commit the offense attempted.

18 (c) Sentence.

A person convicted of attempt may be fined or imprisoned or both not to exceed the maximum provided for the offense attempted but, except for an attempt to commit the offense defined in Section 33A-2 of this Code:

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(1) the sentence for attempt to commit first degree

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murder is the sentence for a Class X felony, except that

(A) an attempt to commit first degree murder when
at least one of the aggravating factors specified in
paragraphs (1), (2), and (12) of subsection (b) of
Section 9-1 is present is a Class X felony for which
the sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of not
less than 20 years and not more than 80 years;

8 (B) an attempt to commit first degree murder while 9 armed with a firearm is a Class X felony for which <u>up</u> 10 <u>to</u> 15 years <u>may</u> shall be added to the term of 11 imprisonment imposed by the court;

(C) an attempt to commit first degree murder during which the person personally discharged a firearm is a Class X felony for which <u>up to</u> 20 years <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

17 (D) an attempt to commit first degree murder during which the person personally discharged a 18 19 firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, 20 permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person is a Class X felony for which 21 22 25 years or up to a term of natural life may shall be 23 added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the 24 court; and

(E) if the defendant proves by a preponderance of
 the evidence at sentencing that, at the time of the

- 3 - LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b

1 attempted murder, he or she was acting under a sudden and intense passion resulting from serious provocation 2 by the individual whom the defendant endeavored to 3 kill, or another, and, had the individual the 4 5 defendant endeavored to kill died, the defendant would have negligently or accidentally caused that death, 6 7 then the sentence for the attempted murder is the sentence for a Class 1 felony; 8

9 (2) the sentence for attempt to commit a Class X 10 felony is the sentence for a Class 1 felony;

(3) the sentence for attempt to commit a Class 1
felony is the sentence for a Class 2 felony;

13 (4) the sentence for attempt to commit a Class 2
14 felony is the sentence for a Class 3 felony; and

15 (5) the sentence for attempt to commit any felony 16 other than those specified in items (1), (2), (3), and (4) 17 of this subsection (c) is the sentence for a Class A 18 misdemeanor.

19 (Source: P.A. 96-710, eff. 1-1-10.)

20 (720 ILCS 5/9-1.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 9-1.2)

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HB2989

Sec. 9-1.2. Intentional homicide of an unborn child.

(a) A person commits the offense of intentional homicide
of an unborn child if, in performing acts which cause the death
of an unborn child, he without lawful justification:

(1) either intended to cause the death of or do great

bodily harm to the pregnant individual or unborn child or
 knew that such acts would cause death or great bodily harm
 to the pregnant individual or unborn child; or

4 (2) knew that his acts created a strong probability of
5 death or great bodily harm to the pregnant individual or
6 unborn child; and

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(3) knew that the individual was pregnant.

8 (b) For purposes of this Section, (1) "unborn child" shall 9 mean any individual of the human species from the implantation 10 of an embryo until birth, and (2) "person" shall not include 11 the pregnant woman whose unborn child is killed.

(c) This Section shall not apply to acts which cause the death of an unborn child if those acts were committed during any abortion, as defined in Section 1-10 of the Reproductive Health Act, to which the pregnant individual has consented. This Section shall not apply to acts which were committed pursuant to usual and customary standards of medical practice during diagnostic testing or therapeutic treatment.

19 (d) Penalty. The sentence for intentional homicide of an 20 unborn child shall be the same as for first degree murder, 21 except that:

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(1) the death penalty may not be imposed;

(2) if the person committed the offense while armed
with a firearm, <u>up to</u> 15 years <u>may shall</u> be added to the
term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

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(3) if, during the commission of the offense, the

person personally discharged a firearm, <u>up to</u> 20 years <u>may</u> shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

4 (4) if, during the commission of the offense, the
5 person personally discharged a firearm that proximately
6 caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent
7 disfigurement, or death to another person, 25 years or up
8 to a term of natural life may shall be added to the term of
9 imprisonment imposed by the court.

10 (e) The provisions of this Act shall not be construed to 11 prohibit the prosecution of any person under any other 12 provision of law.

13 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

14 (720 ILCS 5/10-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 10-2)

15 Sec. 10-2. Aggravated kidnaping.

16 (a) A person commits the offense of aggravated kidnaping17 when he or she commits kidnapping and:

18 (1) kidnaps with the intent to obtain ransom from the19 person kidnaped or from any other person;

20 (2) takes as his or her victim a child under the age of
21 13 years, or a person with a severe or profound
22 intellectual disability;

(3) inflicts great bodily harm, other than by the
discharge of a firearm, or commits another felony upon his
or her victim;

- 6 - LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b

(4) wears a hood, robe, or mask or conceals his or her
 identity;

3 (5) commits the offense of kidnaping while armed with 4 a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, as defined in 5 Section 33A-1 of this Code;

6 (6) commits the offense of kidnaping while armed with7 a firearm;

8 (7) during the commission of the offense of kidnaping,
9 personally discharges a firearm; or

10 (8) during the commission of the offense of kidnaping, 11 personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes 12 great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent 13 disfigurement, or death to another person.

As used in this Section, "ransom" includes money, benefit, or other valuable thing or concession.

16 (b) Sentence. Aggravated kidnaping in violation of 17 paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of subsection (a) is a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(6) is a Class X 18 felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term 19 imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of 20 of subsection (a)(7) is a Class X felony for which up to 20 years 21 22 may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the 23 court. A violation of subsection (a) (8) is a Class X felony for 24 which 25 years or up to a term of natural life may shall be 25 added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. An 26 offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of aggravated kidnaping in violation of paragraphs
 (1) through (8) of subsection (a) shall be sentenced under
 Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time 4 5 of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense of aggravated kidnaping shall be 6 7 sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment; except that 8 a sentence of natural life imprisonment shall not be imposed 9 under this Section unless the second or subsequent offense was 10 committed after conviction on the first offense. An offender 11 under the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the 12 second or subsequent offense shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections. 13

14 (Source: P.A. 99-69, eff. 1-1-16; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 15 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)

16 (720 ILCS 5/11-1.40) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-14.1)

Sec. 11-1.40. Predatory criminal sexual assault of a child.

(a) A person commits predatory criminal sexual assault of a child if that person is 17 years of age or older, and commits an act of contact, however slight, between the sex organ or anus of one person and the part of the body of another for the purpose of sexual gratification or arousal of the victim or the accused, or an act of sexual penetration, and:

25 (1) the victim is under 13 years of age; or

1 (2) the victim is under 13 years of age and that 2 person:

(A) is armed with a firearm;

(B) personally discharges a firearm during the commission of the offense:

(C) causes great bodily harm to the victim that:

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(i) results in permanent disability; or

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(ii) is life threatening; or

9 (D) delivers (by injection, inhalation, ingestion, 10 transfer of possession, or any other means) any 11 controlled substance to the victim without the 12 victim's consent or by threat or deception, for other 13 than medical purposes.

14 (b) Sentence.

(1) A person convicted of a violation of subsection 15 16 (a) (1) commits a Class X felony, for which the person 17 shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 60 years. A person convicted 18 of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(A) commits a Class X 19 20 felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the 21 term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2)(B) commits a 22 23 Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added 24 to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A person 25 who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is convicted of a 26

violation of subsection (a) (2) (C) commits a Class X felony 1 2 for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of 3 imprisonment of not less than 50 years or up to a term of natural life imprisonment. An offender under the age of 18 4 5 years at the time of the commission of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child in violation of subsections 6 (a) (1), (a) (2) (A), (a) (2) (B), and (a) (2) (C) shall be 7 sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of 8 9 Corrections.

10 (1.1) A person convicted of a violation of subsection 11 (a) (2) (D) commits a Class X felony for which the person 12 shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 50 years and not more than 60 years. An offender under 13 14 the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of 15 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child in violation 16 of subsection (a)(2)(D) shall be sentenced under Section 17 5-4.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(1.2) A person who has attained the age of 18 years at 18 the time of the commission of the offense and convicted of 19 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child committed 20 21 against 2 or more persons regardless of whether the 22 offenses occurred as the result of the same act or of 23 several related or unrelated acts shall be sentenced to a 24 term of natural life imprisonment and an offender under 25 the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the 26 offense shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the

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Unified Code of Corrections.

2 (2) A person who has attained the age of 18 years at the time of the commission of the offense and who is 3 convicted of a second or subsequent offense of predatory 4 5 criminal sexual assault of a child, or who is convicted of 6 the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a 7 child after having previously been convicted of the 8 offense of criminal sexual assault or the offense of 9 aggravated criminal sexual assault, or who is convicted of 10 the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a 11 child after having previously been convicted under the 12 laws of this State or any other state of an offense that is 13 substantially equivalent to the offense of predatory 14 criminal sexual assault of a child, the offense of 15 aggravated criminal sexual assault or the offense of 16 criminal sexual assault, shall be sentenced to a term of 17 natural life imprisonment. The commission of the second or 18 subsequent offense is required to have been after the 19 initial conviction for this paragraph (2) to apply. An offender under the age of 18 years at the time of the 20 21 commission of the offense covered by this paragraph (2) 22 shall be sentenced under Section 5-4.5-105 of the Unified 23 Code of Corrections.

24 (Source: P.A. 98-370, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 25 98-903, eff. 8-15-14; 99-69, eff. 1-1-16.) – 11 – LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b

HB2989

1 (720 ILCS 5/12-3.05) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-4)

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Sec. 12-3.05. Aggravated battery.

3 (a) Offense based on injury. A person commits aggravated 4 battery when, in committing a battery, other than by the 5 discharge of a firearm, he or she knowingly does any of the 6 following:

7 (1) Causes great bodily harm or permanent disability
8 or disfigurement.

9 (2) Causes severe and permanent disability, great 10 bodily harm, or disfigurement by means of a caustic or 11 flammable substance, a poisonous gas, a deadly biological 12 or chemical contaminant or agent, a radioactive substance, 13 or a bomb or explosive compound.

14 (3) Causes great bodily harm or permanent disability 15 or disfigurement to an individual whom the person knows to 16 be a peace officer, community policing volunteer, fireman, 17 security officer, correctional private institution 18 employee, or Department of Human Services employee 19 supervising or controlling sexually dangerous persons or 20 sexually violent persons:

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(i) performing his or her official duties;

(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or herofficial duties; or

24 (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his25 or her official duties.

(4) Causes great bodily harm or permanent disability

1 or disfigurement to an individual 60 years of age or 2 older.

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(5) Strangles another individual.

4 (b) Offense based on injury to a child or person with an
5 intellectual disability. A person who is at least 18 years of
6 age commits aggravated battery when, in committing a battery,
7 he or she knowingly and without legal justification by any
8 means:

9 (1) causes great bodily harm or permanent disability 10 or disfigurement to any child under the age of 13 years, or 11 to any person with a severe or profound intellectual 12 disability; or

(2) causes bodily harm or disability or disfigurement
to any child under the age of 13 years or to any person
with a severe or profound intellectual disability.

16 (c) Offense based on location of conduct. A person commits 17 aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, other than by the discharge of a firearm, he or she is or the person 18 19 battered is on or about a public way, public property, a public place of accommodation or amusement, a sports venue, or a 20 21 domestic violence shelter, or in a church, synagogue, mosque, 22 or other building, structure, or place used for religious 23 worship.

(d) Offense based on status of victim. A person commits
aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, other than
by discharge of a firearm, he or she knows the individual

- 13 - LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b

1 battered to be any of the following:

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(1) A person 60 years of age or older.

3 (2) A person who is pregnant or has a physical4 disability.

5 (3) A teacher or school employee upon school grounds 6 or grounds adjacent to a school or in any part of a 7 building used for school purposes.

8 (4) A peace officer, community policing volunteer, 9 fireman, private security officer, correctional 10 institution employee, or Department of Human Services 11 employee supervising or controlling sexually dangerous 12 persons or sexually violent persons:

13 (i) performing his or her official duties;

14 (ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her15 official duties; or

16 (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his17 or her official duties.

18 (5) A judge, emergency management worker, emergency
 19 medical services personnel, or utility worker:

(i) performing his or her official duties;

(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her
official duties; or

23 (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his24 or her official duties.

25 (6) An officer or employee of the State of Illinois, a
26 unit of local government, or a school district, while

1 performing his or her official duties.

2 (7) A transit employee performing his or her official
3 duties, or a transit passenger.

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(8) A taxi driver on duty.

5 (9) A merchant who detains the person for an alleged 6 commission of retail theft under Section 16-26 of this 7 Code and the person without legal justification by any 8 means causes bodily harm to the merchant.

9 (10) A person authorized to serve process under 10 Section 2-202 of the Code of Civil Procedure or a special 11 process server appointed by the circuit court while that 12 individual is in the performance of his or her duties as a 13 process server.

14 (11) A nurse while in the performance of his or her15 duties as a nurse.

16 (12) A merchant: (i) while performing his or her 17 duties, including, but not limited to, relaying directions for healthcare or safety from his or her supervisor or 18 19 employer or relaying health or safety guidelines, recommendations, regulations, or rules from a federal, 20 21 State, or local public health agency; and (ii) during a 22 disaster declared by the Governor, or a state of emergency 23 declared by the mayor of the municipality in which the 24 merchant is located, due to a public health emergency and 25 for a period of 6 months after such declaration.

26 (e) Offense based on use of a firearm. A person commits

1 aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, he or she 2 knowingly does any of the following:

3 (1) Discharges a firearm, other than a machine gun or
4 a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury
5 to another person.

6 (2) Discharges a firearm, other than a machine gun or 7 a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury 8 to a person he or she knows to be a peace officer, 9 community policing volunteer, person summoned by a police 10 officer, fireman, private security officer, correctional 11 institution employee, or emergency management worker:

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(i) performing his or her official duties;

13 (ii) battered to prevent performance of his or her14 official duties; or

(iii) battered in retaliation for performing hisor her official duties.

17 (3) Discharges a firearm, other than a machine gun or 18 a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury 19 to a person he or she knows to be emergency medical 20 services personnel:

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(i) performing his or her official duties;

(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or herofficial duties; or

24 (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his25 or her official duties.

(4) Discharges a firearm and causes any injury to a

person he or she knows to be a teacher, a student in a school, or a school employee, and the teacher, student, or employee is upon school grounds or grounds adjacent to a school or in any part of a building used for school purposes.

(5) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a silencer, and causes any injury to another person.

8 (6) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped 9 with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or 10 she knows to be a peace officer, community policing 11 volunteer, person summoned by a police officer, fireman, 12 private security officer, correctional institution 13 employee or emergency management worker:

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(i) performing his or her official duties;

(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or herofficial duties; or

17 (iii) battered in retaliation for performing his18 or her official duties.

19 (7) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped
20 with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or
21 she knows to be emergency medical services personnel:

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(i) performing his or her official duties;

(ii) battered to prevent performance of his or herofficial duties; or

(iii) battered in retaliation for performing hisor her official duties.

- 17 - LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b

1 (8) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped 2 with a silencer, and causes any injury to a person he or 3 she knows to be a teacher, or a student in a school, or a 4 school employee, and the teacher, student, or employee is 5 upon school grounds or grounds adjacent to a school or in 6 any part of a building used for school purposes.

7 (f) Offense based on use of a weapon or device. A person 8 commits aggravated battery when, in committing a battery, he 9 or she does any of the following:

10 (1) Uses a deadly weapon other than by discharge of a
11 firearm, or uses an air rifle as defined in Section
12 24.8-0.1 of this Code.

13 (2) Wears a hood, robe, or mask to conceal his or her14 identity.

15 (3) Knowingly and without lawful justification shines 16 or flashes a laser gunsight or other laser device attached 17 to a firearm, or used in concert with a firearm, so that 18 the laser beam strikes upon or against the person of 19 another.

20 (4) Knowingly video or audio records the offense with
21 the intent to disseminate the recording.

(g) Offense based on certain conduct. A person commits
aggravated battery when, other than by discharge of a firearm,
he or she does any of the following:

(1) Violates Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled
 Substances Act by unlawfully delivering a controlled

substance to another and any user experiences great bodily harm or permanent disability as a result of the injection, inhalation, or ingestion of any amount of the controlled substance.

5 (2) Knowingly administers to an individual or causes 6 him or her to take, without his or her consent or by threat 7 or deception, and for other than medical purposes, any 8 intoxicating, poisonous, stupefying, narcotic, 9 anesthetic, or controlled substance, or gives to another 10 person any food containing any substance or object 11 intended to cause physical injury if eaten.

12 Knowingly causes or attempts (3) to cause а 13 correctional institution employee or Department of Human 14 Services employee to come into contact with blood, seminal 15 fluid, urine, or feces by throwing, tossing, or expelling 16 the fluid or material, and the person is an inmate of a 17 penal institution or is a sexually dangerous person or sexually violent person in the custody of the Department 18 of Human Services. 19

20 (h) Sentence. Unless otherwise provided, aggravated21 battery is a Class 3 felony.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(4), (d)(4), or (g)(3) is a Class 2 felony.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(3) or (g)(1) is a Class 1 felony.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(1) is a

1 Class 1 felony when the aggravated battery was intentional and 2 involved the infliction of torture, as defined in paragraph 3 (14) of subsection (b) of Section 9-1 of this Code, as the 4 infliction of or subjection to extreme physical pain, 5 motivated by an intent to increase or prolong the pain, 6 suffering, or agony of the victim.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(1) is a Class 2 felony when the person causes great bodily harm or permanent disability to an individual whom the person knows to be a member of a congregation engaged in prayer or other religious activities at a church, synagogue, mosque, or other building, structure, or place used for religious worship.

13 Aggravated battery under subdivision (a)(5) is a Class 1 14 felony if:

15 (A) the person used or attempted to use a dangerous
16 instrument while committing the offense;

(B) the person caused great bodily harm or permanent
disability or disfigurement to the other person while
committing the offense; or

20 (C) the person has been previously convicted of a 21 violation of subdivision (a)(5) under the laws of this 22 State or laws similar to subdivision (a)(5) of any other 23 state.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(1) is a Class X felony.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (a)(2) is a

Class X felony for which a person shall be sentenced to a term
 of imprisonment of a minimum of 6 years and a maximum of 45
 years.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(5) is a Class X felony for which a person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of a minimum of 12 years and a maximum of 45 years.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(2), (e)(3), or (e)(4) is a Class X felony for which a person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of a minimum of 15 years and a maximum of 60 years.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (e)(6), (e)(7), or (e)(8) is a Class X felony for which a person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of a minimum of 20 years and a maximum of 60 years.

Aggravated battery as defined in subdivision (b)(1) is a Class X felony, except that:

(1) if the person committed the offense while armed
with a firearm, <u>up to</u> 15 years <u>may shall</u> be added to the
term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

(2) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm, <u>up to</u> 20 years <u>may</u> shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

(3) if, during the commission of the offense, theperson personally discharged a firearm that proximately

caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person, 25 years or up to a term of natural life <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.

(i) Definitions. In this Section:

Building or other structure used to provide shelter" has
the meaning ascribed to "shelter" in Section 1 of the Domestic
Violence Shelters Act.

9 "Domestic violence" has the meaning ascribed to it in 10 Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986.

"Domestic violence shelter" means any building or other structure used to provide shelter or other services to victims or to the dependent children of victims of domestic violence pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or the Domestic Violence Shelters Act, or any place within 500 feet of such a building or other structure in the case of a person who is going to or from such a building or other structure.

18 "Firearm" has the meaning provided under Section 1.1 of 19 the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, and does not 20 include an air rifle as defined by Section 24.8-0.1 of this 21 Code.

22 "Machine gun" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 23 24-1 of this Code.

24 "Merchant" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 25 16-0.1 of this Code.

26 "Strangle" means intentionally impeding the normal

HB2989

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HB2989 - 22 - LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b breathing or circulation of the blood of an individual by 1 applying pressure on the throat or neck of that individual or 2 3 by blocking the nose or mouth of that individual. (Source: P.A. 101-223, eff. 1-1-20; 101-651, eff. 8-7-20.) 4 5 (720 ILCS 5/18-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 18-2) 6 Sec. 18-2. Armed robbery. 7 (a) A person commits armed robbery when he or she violates Section 18-1; and 8 9 (1) he or she carries on or about his or her person or 10 is otherwise armed with a dangerous weapon other than a 11 firearm; or 12 (2) he or she carries on or about his or her person or 13 is otherwise armed with a firearm; or 14 (3) he or she, during the commission of the offense, 15 personally discharges a firearm; or 16 (4) he or she, during the commission of the offense, personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes 17 18 great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent 19 disfigurement, or death to another person. 20 (b) Sentence. 21 Armed robbery in violation of subsection (a) (1) is a Class 22 X felony. A violation of subsection (a) (2) is a Class X felony 23 for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of 24 imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection 25 (a) (3) is a Class X felony for which 20 years shall be added to

the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(4) is a Class X felony for which 25 years or up to a term of natural life <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.

5 (Source: P.A. 91-404, eff. 1-1-00.)

6 (720 ILCS 5/18-4)

HB2989

7 Sec. 18-4. Aggravated vehicular hijacking.

8 (a) A person commits aggravated vehicular hijacking when
9 he or she violates Section 18-3; and

10 (1) the person from whose immediate presence the motor 11 vehicle is taken is a person with a physical disability or 12 a person 60 years of age or over; or

13 (2) a person under 16 years of age is a passenger in
14 the motor vehicle at the time of the offense; or

(3) he or she carries on or about his or her person, or
is otherwise armed with a dangerous weapon, other than a
firearm; or

18 (4) he or she carries on or about his or her person or19 is otherwise armed with a firearm; or

20 (5) he or she, during the commission of the offense,
21 personally discharges a firearm; or

(6) he or she, during the commission of the offense,
personally discharges a firearm that proximately causes
great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent
disfigurement, or death to another person.

- 24 - LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b

HB2989

(b) Sentence. Aggravated vehicular hijacking in violation 1 2 of subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2) is a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(3) is a Class X felony for which a 3 term of imprisonment of not less than 7 years shall be imposed. 4 5 A violation of subsection (a)(4) is a Class X felony for which up to 15 years may shall be added to the term of imprisonment 6 7 imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(5) is a 8 Class X felony for which up to 20 years may shall be added to 9 the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of 10 subsection (a) (6) is a Class X felony for which 25 years or up 11 to a term of natural life may shall be added to the term of 12 imprisonment imposed by the court.

13 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

14 (720 ILCS 5/19-6) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-11)

15 Sec. 19-6. Home Invasion.

16 (a) A person who is not a peace officer acting in the line of duty commits home invasion when without authority he or she 17 18 knowingly enters the dwelling place of another when he or she 19 knows or has reason to know that one or more persons is present 20 or he or she knowingly enters the dwelling place of another and 21 remains in the dwelling place until he or she knows or has 22 reason to know that one or more persons is present or who falsely represents himself or herself, including but not 23 24 limited to, falsely representing himself or herself to be a 25 representative of any unit of government or a construction,

telecommunications, or utility company, for the purpose of gaining entry to the dwelling place of another when he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons are present and

5 (1) While armed with a dangerous weapon, other than a 6 firearm, uses force or threatens the imminent use of force 7 upon any person or persons within the dwelling place 8 whether or not injury occurs, or

9 (2) Intentionally causes any injury, except as 10 provided in subsection (a)(5), to any person or persons 11 within the dwelling place, or

(3) While armed with a firearm uses force or threatens
the imminent use of force upon any person or persons
within the dwelling place whether or not injury occurs, or

(4) Uses force or threatens the imminent use of force
upon any person or persons within the dwelling place
whether or not injury occurs and during the commission of
the offense personally discharges a firearm, or

19 (5) Personally discharges a firearm that proximately 20 causes great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent 21 disfigurement, or death to another person within the 22 dwelling place, or

(6) Commits, against any person or persons within that
dwelling place, a violation of Section 11-1.20, 11-1.30,
11-1.40, 11-1.50, or 11-1.60 of this Code.

26 (b) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of home

invasion that the accused who knowingly enters the dwelling place of another and remains in the dwelling place until he or she knows or has reason to know that one or more persons is present either immediately leaves the premises or surrenders to the person or persons lawfully present therein without either attempting to cause or causing serious bodily injury to any person present therein.

(c) Sentence. Home invasion in violation of subsection 8 9 (a) (1), (a) (2) or (a) (6) is a Class X felony. A violation of 10 subsection (a) (3) is a Class X felony for which up to 15 years 11 may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the 12 court. A violation of subsection (a) (4) is a Class X felony for which 20 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment 13 imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(5) is a 14 15 Class X felony for which 25 years or up to a term of natural 16 life may shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by 17 the court.

(d) For purposes of this Section, "dwelling place of another" includes a dwelling place where the defendant maintains a tenancy interest but from which the defendant has been barred by a divorce decree, judgment of dissolution of marriage, order of protection, or other court order.

23 (Source: P.A. 96-1113, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 24 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

25 (720 ILCS 5/33A-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 33A-3)

1 Sec. 33A-3. Sentence.

2 (a) Violation of Section 33A-2(a) with a Category I weapon
3 is a Class X felony for which the defendant <u>may shall</u> be
4 sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years.

5 (a-5) Violation of Section 33A-2(a) with a Category II 6 weapon is a Class X felony for which the defendant <u>may shall</u> be 7 sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years.

8 (b) Violation of Section 33A-2(a) with a Category III 9 weapon is a Class 2 felony or the felony classification 10 provided for the same act while unarmed, whichever permits the 11 greater penalty. A second or subsequent violation of Section 12 33A-2(a) with a Category III weapon is a Class 1 felony or the 13 felony classification provided for the same act while unarmed, 14 whichever permits the greater penalty.

(b-5) Violation of Section 33A-2(b) with a firearm that is a Category I or Category II weapon is a Class X felony for which the defendant <u>may shall</u> be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.

(b-10) Violation of Section 33A-2(c) with a firearm that is a Category I or Category II weapon is a Class X felony for which the defendant <u>may shall</u> be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years nor more than 40 years.

(c) Unless sentencing under subsection (a) of Section
5-4.5-95 of the Unified Code of Corrections (730 ILCS
5/5-4.5-95) is applicable, any person who violates subsection
(a) or (b) of Section 33A-2 with a firearm, when that person

has been convicted in any state or federal court of 3 or more 1 2 of the following offenses: treason, first degree murder, second degree murder, predatory criminal sexual assault of a 3 child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual 4 5 assault, robbery, burglary, arson, kidnaping, aggravated 6 battery resulting in great bodily harm or permanent disability 7 or disfigurement, a violation of the Methamphetamine Control 8 and Community Protection Act, or a violation of Section 401(a) 9 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, when the third 10 offense was committed after conviction on the second, the 11 second offense was committed after conviction on the first, 12 and the violation of Section 33A-2 was committed after conviction on the third, may shall be sentenced to a term of 13 14 imprisonment of not less than 25 years nor more than 50 years.

15 (c-5) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b-10) or 16 (c) of this Section, a person who violates Section 33A-2(a) 17 with a firearm that is a Category I weapon or Section 33A-2(b) in any school, in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted 18 19 by a school to transport students to or from school or a school 20 related activity, or on the real property comprising any 21 school or public park, and where the offense was related to the 22 activities of an organized gang, may shall be sentenced to a 23 term of imprisonment of not less than the term set forth in or (b-5) of this Section, whichever is 24 subsection (a) 25 applicable, and not more than 30 years. For the purposes of this subsection (c-5), "organized gang" has the meaning 26

ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang
 Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

3 (d) For armed violence based upon a predicate offense 4 listed in this subsection (d) the court shall enter the 5 sentence for armed violence to run consecutively to the 6 sentence imposed for the predicate offense. The offenses 7 covered by this provision are:

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HB2989

(i) solicitation of murder,

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(ii) solicitation of murder for hire,

(iii) heinous battery as described in Section 12-4.1
or subdivision (a) (2) of Section 12-3.05,

12 (iv) aggravated battery of a senior citizen as 13 described in Section 12-4.6 or subdivision (a)(4) of 14 Section 12-3.05,

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(v) (blank),

16 (vi) a violation of subsection (g) of Section 5 of the 17 Cannabis Control Act,

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(vii) cannabis trafficking,

(viii) a violation of subsection (a) of Section 401 of
the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,

(ix) controlled substance trafficking involving a
 Class X felony amount of controlled substance under
 Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,

24 (x) calculated criminal drug conspiracy,
25 (xi) streetgang criminal drug conspiracy, or
26 (xii) a violation of the Methamphetamine Control and

HB2989 - 30 - LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b

1 Community Protection Act.

2 (Source: P.A. 95-688, eff. 10-23-07; 95-1052, eff. 7-1-09; 3 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11.)

Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
changing Section 5-8-1 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-1)

Sec. 5-8-1. Natural life imprisonment; enhancements for
use of a firearm; mandatory supervised release terms.

9 (a) Except as otherwise provided in the statute defining 10 the offense or in Article 4.5 of Chapter V, a sentence of 11 imprisonment for a felony shall be a determinate sentence set 12 by the court under this Section, subject to Section 5-4.5-115 13 of this Code, according to the following limitations:

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(1) for first degree murder,

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(a) (blank),

(b) if a trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable 16 doubt that the murder was accompanied by exceptionally 17 brutal or heinous behavior indicative of wanton 18 19 cruelty or, except as set forth in subsection 20 (a) (1) (c) of this Section, that any of the aggravating 21 factors listed in subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code 22 23 of 2012 are present, the court may sentence the 24 defendant, subject to Section 5-4.5-105, to a term of

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natural life imprisonment, or

(c) the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of natural life imprisonment if the defendant, at the time of the commission of the murder, had attained the age of 18, and

(i) has previously been convicted of first degree murder under any state or federal law, or

(ii) is found guilty of murdering more than one victim, or

10 (iii) is found guilty of murdering a peace 11 officer, fireman, or emergency management worker 12 when the peace officer, fireman, or emergency 13 management worker was killed in the course of 14 performing his official duties, or to prevent the 15 peace officer or fireman from performing his 16 official duties, or in retaliation for the peace 17 officer, fireman, or emergency management worker from performing his official duties, and the 18 19 defendant knew or should have known that the 20 murdered individual was a peace officer, fireman, 21 or emergency management worker, or

(iv) is found guilty of murdering an employee
of an institution or facility of the Department of
Corrections, or any similar local correctional
agency, when the employee was killed in the course
of performing his official duties, or to prevent

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the employee from performing his official duties, or in retaliation for the employee performing his official duties, or

(v) is found guilty of murdering an emergency 4 5 medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical 6 7 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver or other medical assistance or first aid person while 8 9 employed by a municipality or other governmental 10 unit when the person was killed in the course of 11 performing official duties or to prevent the 12 person from performing official duties or in 13 retaliation for performing official duties and the 14 defendant knew or should have known that the murdered individual was an emergency medical 15 16 technician ambulance, emergency medical 17 technician - intermediate, emergency medical 18 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other 19 medical assistant or first aid personnel, or

(vi) (blank), or

21 (vii) is found guilty of first degree murder 22 and the murder was committed by reason of any 23 person's activity as a community policing 24 volunteer or to prevent any person from engaging 25 in activity as a community policing volunteer. For 26 the purpose of this Section, "community policing - 33 - LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b

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volunteer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

For purposes of clause (v), "emergency medical technician - ambulance", "emergency medical technician - intermediate", "emergency medical technician paramedic", have the meanings ascribed to them in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

(d)(i) if the person committed the offense while armed with a firearm, <u>up to</u> 15 years <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

(ii) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm, <u>up to</u> 20 years <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

(iii) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person, 25 years or up to a term of natural life <u>may shall</u> be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.

(2) (blank);

(2.5) for a person who has attained the age of 18 years
at the time of the commission of the offense and who is
convicted under the circumstances described in subdivision

Section 11-1.20 1 (b)(1)(B) of or paragraph (3) of 2 subsection (b) of Section 12-13, subdivision (d)(2) of 3 Section 11-1.30 or paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 12-14, subdivision (b) (1.2) of Section 11-1.40 or 4 5 paragraph (1.2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1, subdivision (b)(2) of Section 11-1.40 or paragraph (2) of 6 subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1 of the Criminal Code of 7 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the sentence shall be a 8 9 term of natural life imprisonment.

- 10 (b) (Blank).
- 11 (c) (Blank).

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12 (d) Subject to earlier termination under Section 3-3-8, 13 the parole or mandatory supervised release term shall be 14 written as part of the sentencing order and shall be as 15 follows:

16 (1) for first degree murder or a Class X felony except 17 for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal 18 sexual assault if committed on or after the effective date 19 20 of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly and except for the offense of aggravated child pornography 21 22 under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-20.1 with 23 sentencing under subsection (c-5) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, if 24 committed on or after January 1, 2009, 3 years; 25

(2) for a Class 1 felony or a Class 2 felony except for

the offense of criminal sexual assault if committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly and except for the offenses of manufacture and dissemination of child pornography under clauses (a)(1) and (a)(2) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, if committed on or after January 1, 2009, 2 years;

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(3) for a Class 3 felony or a Class 4 felony, 1 year;

9 (4) for defendants who commit the offense of predatory 10 criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal 11 sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault, on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th 12 General Assembly, or who commit the offense of aggravated 13 14 child pornography under Section 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 15 11-20.1 with sentencing under subsection (c-5) of Section 16 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code 2012, manufacture of child 17 of pornography, or dissemination of child pornography after January 1, 2009, 18 19 the term of mandatory supervised release shall range from 20 a minimum of 3 years to a maximum of the natural life of the defendant; 21

(5) if the victim is under 18 years of age, for a
second or subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual
abuse or felony criminal sexual abuse, 4 years, at least
the first 2 years of which the defendant shall serve in an
electronic monitoring or home detention program under

HB2989 - 36 - LRB102 10284 KMF 15611 b Article 8A of Chapter V of this Code; 1 2 (6) for a felony domestic battery, aggravated domestic 3 battery, stalking, aggravated stalking, and a felony violation of an order of protection, 4 years. 4 5 (e) (Blank). 6 (f) (Blank). 7 (Source: P.A. 100-431, eff. 8-25-17; 100-1182, eff. 6-1-19;

8 101-288, eff. 1-1-20.)