## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

# State of Illinois

# 2021 and 2022

#### HB1113

Introduced 2/17/2021, by Rep. Emanuel Chris Welch

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/21-1.2

from Ch. 38, par. 21-1.2

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Makes a technical change in a Section concerning the offense of institutional vandalism.

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by 5 changing Section 21-1.2 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/21-1.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 21-1.2)

7 Sec. 21-1.2. Institutional vandalism.

8 (a) A person commits institutional vandalism when, by 9 reason of <u>the</u> the actual or perceived race, color, creed, 10 religion, ancestry, gender, sexual orientation, physical or 11 mental disability, or national origin of another individual or 12 group of individuals, regardless of the existence of any other 13 motivating factor or factors, he or she knowingly and without 14 consent inflicts damage to any of the following properties:

(1) A church, synagogue, mosque, or other building,
structure or place used for religious worship or other
religious purpose;

18 (2) A cemetery, mortuary, or other facility used for
19 the purpose of burial or memorializing the dead;

20 (3) A school, educational facility or community
 21 center;

(4) The grounds adjacent to, and owned or rented by,
any institution, facility, building, structure or place

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3 (5) Any personal property contained in any 4 institution, facility, building, structure or place 5 described in paragraphs (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection 6 (a).

(b) Sentence.

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8 (1) Institutional vandalism is a Class 3 felony when 9 the damage to the property does not exceed \$500. 10 Institutional vandalism is a Class 2 felony when the 11 damage to the property exceeds \$500. Institutional 12 vandalism is a Class 2 felony for any second or subsequent 13 offense.

14 (2) Upon imposition of any sentence, the trial court 15 shall also either order restitution paid to the victim or 16 impose a fine up to \$1,000. In addition, any order of 17 probation or conditional discharge entered following a conviction or an adjudication of delinquency shall include 18 a condition that the offender perform public or community 19 20 service of no less than 200 hours if that service is established in the county where the offender was convicted 21 22 of institutional vandalism. The court may also impose any 23 other condition of probation or conditional discharge 24 under this Section.

(c) Independent of any criminal prosecution or the result
 of that prosecution, a person suffering damage to property or

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1 injury to his or her person as a result of institutional 2 vandalism may bring a civil action for damages, injunction or other appropriate relief. The court may award actual damages, 3 including damages for emotional distress, or punitive damages. 4 5 A judgment may include attorney's fees and costs. The parents 6 or legal quardians of an unemancipated minor, other than guardians appointed under the Juvenile Court Act or the 7 Juvenile Court Act of 1987, shall be liable for the amount of 8 9 any judgment for actual damages rendered against the minor 10 under this subsection in an amount not exceeding the amount 11 provided under Section 5 of the Parental Responsibility Law.

12 (d) As used in this Section, "sexual orientation" has the 13 meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (O-1) of Section 1-103 of 14 the Illinois Human Rights Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-77, eff. 1-1-16; 99-631, eff. 1-1-17.)