



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB0159

Introduced 1/22/2021, by Rep. Camille Y. Lilly

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Community Health Worker Certification and Reimbursement Act. Amends various Acts regarding medical staff credentials; electronic posters and signs; N95 masks; Legionella bacteria testing; continuing education on implicit bias awareness; overdoses; the Prescription Monitoring Program; a dementia training program; taxation of blood sugar testing materials; funding of safety-net hospitals; a Child Care Assistance Program Eligibility Calculator; managed care organizations; Federally Qualified Health Centers; care coordination; billing; the Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission; reimbursement rates; doula services; personal care of family members; the State Health Assessment; the State Health Improvement Plan; child care training; and a Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission. Creates the Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of Illinois Act. Creates the Underlying Causes of Crime and Violence Study Act. Creates the Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancer Act. Creates the Racial Impact Note Act to require the estimate of the impact on racial and ethnic minorities of certain bills. Creates the Health and Human Services Task Force and Study Act to review health and human service departments and programs. Creates the Anti-Racism Commission Act concerning elimination of systemic racism. Creates the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program Act regarding programs and other matters. Amends the Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act in relation to the Health Facilities and Services Review Board, facility closure, and other matters. Repeals, adds, and changes other provisions. Effective immediately.

LRB102 10243 CPF 15569 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning health.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Title I. General Provisions

5 Article 1.

6 Section 1-1. This Act may be referred to as the Illinois
7 Health Care and Human Service Reform Act.

8 Section 1-5. Findings.

9 "We, the People of the State of Illinois in order to
10 provide for the health, safety and welfare of the people;
11 maintain a representative and orderly government; eliminate
12 poverty and inequality; assure legal, social and economic
13 justice; provide opportunity for the fullest development of
14 the individual; insure domestic tranquility; provide for the
15 common defense; and secure the blessings of freedom and
16 liberty to ourselves and our posterity - do ordain and
17 establish this Constitution for the State of Illinois."

18 The Illinois Legislative Black Caucus finds that, in order
19 to improve the health outcomes of Black residents in the State
20 of Illinois, it is essential to dramatically reform the
21 State's health and human service system. For over 3 decades,

1 multiple health studies have found that health inequities at
2 their very core are due to racism. As early as 1998 research
3 demonstrated that Black Americans received less health care
4 than white Americans because doctors treated patients
5 differently on the basis of race. Yet, Illinois' health and
6 human service system disappointingly continues to perpetuate
7 health disparities among Black Illinoisans of all ages,
8 genders, and socioeconomic status.

9 In July 2020, Trinity Health announced its plans to close
10 Mercy Hospital, an essential resource serving the Chicago
11 South Side's predominantly Black residents. Trinity Health
12 argued that this closure would have no impact on health access
13 but failed to understand the community's needs. Closure of
14 Mercy Hospital would only serve to create a health access
15 desert and exacerbate existing health disparities. On December
16 15, 2020, after hearing from community members and advocates,
17 the Health Facilities and Services Review Board unanimously
18 voted to deny closure efforts, yet Trinity still seeks to
19 cease Mercy's operations.

20 Prior to COVID-19, much of the social and political
21 attention surrounding the nationwide opioid epidemic focused
22 on the increase in overdose deaths among white, middle-class,
23 suburban and rural users; the impact of the epidemic in Black
24 communities was largely unrecognized. Research has shown rates
25 of opioid use at the national scale are higher for whites than
26 they are for Blacks, yet rates of opioid deaths are higher

1 among Blacks (43%) than whites (22%). The COVID-19 pandemic
2 will likely exacerbate this situation due to job loss,
3 stay-at-home orders, and ongoing mitigation efforts creating a
4 lack of physical access to addiction support and harm
5 reduction groups.

6 In 2018, the Illinois Department of Public Health reported
7 that Black women were about 6 times as likely to die from a
8 pregnancy-related cause as white women. Of those, 72% of
9 pregnancy-related deaths and 93% of violent
10 pregnancy-associated deaths were deemed preventable. Between
11 2016 and 2017, Black women had the highest rate of severe
12 maternal morbidity with a rate of 101.5 per 10,000 deliveries,
13 which is almost 3 times as high as the rate for white women.

14 In the City of Chicago, African American and Latinx
15 populations are suffering from higher rates of AIDS/HIV
16 compared to the general population. Recent data places HIV as
17 one of the top 5 leading causes of death in African American
18 women between the ages of 35 to 44 and the seventh ranking
19 cause in African American women between the ages of 20 to 34.
20 Among the Latinx population, nearly 20% with HIV exclusively
21 depend on indigenous-led and staffed organizations for
22 services.

23 Cardiovascular disease (CVD) accounts for more deaths in
24 Illinois than any other cause of death, according to the
25 Illinois Department of Public Health; CVD is the leading cause
26 of death among Black residents. According to the Kaiser Family

1 Foundation (KFF), for every 100,000 people, 224 Black
2 Illinoisans die of CVD compared to 158 white Illinoisans.
3 Cancer, the second leading cause of death in Illinois, too is
4 pervasive among African Americans. In 2019, an estimated
5 606,880 Americans, or 1,660 people a day, died of cancer; the
6 American Cancer Society estimated 24,410 deaths occurred in
7 Illinois. KFF estimates that, out of every 100,000 people, 191
8 Black Illinoisans die of cancer compared to 152 white
9 Illinoisans.

10 Black Americans suffer at much higher rates from chronic
11 diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, heart disease,
12 asthma, and many cancers. Utilizing community health workers
13 in patient education and chronic disease management is needed
14 to close these health disparities. Studies have shown that
15 diabetes patients in the care of a community health worker
16 demonstrate improved knowledge and lifestyle and
17 self-management behaviors, as well as decreases in the use of
18 the emergency department. A study of asthma control among
19 black adolescents concluded that asthma control was reduced by
20 35% among adolescents working with community health workers,
21 resulting in a savings of \$5.58 per dollar spent on the
22 intervention. A study of the return on investment for
23 community health workers employed in Colorado showed that,
24 after a 9-month period, patients working with community health
25 workers had an increased number of primary care visits and a
26 decrease in urgent and inpatient care. Utilization of

1 community health workers led to a \$2.38 return on investment
2 for every dollar invested in community health workers.

3 Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) are traumatic
4 experiences occurring during childhood that have been found to
5 have a profound effect on a child's developing brain structure
6 and body which may result in poor health during a person's
7 adulthood. ACEs studies have found a strong correlation
8 between the number of ACEs and a person's risk for disease and
9 negative health behaviors, including suicide, depression,
10 cancer, stroke, ischemic heart disease, diabetes, autoimmune
11 disease, smoking, substance abuse, interpersonal violence,
12 obesity, unplanned pregnancies, lower educational achievement,
13 workplace absenteeism, and lower wages. Data also shows that
14 approximately 20% of African American and Hispanic adults in
15 Illinois reported 4 or more ACEs, compared to 13% of
16 non-Hispanic whites. Long-standing ACE interventions include
17 tools such as trauma-informed care. Trauma-informed care has
18 been promoted and established in communities across the
19 country on a bipartisan basis, including in the states of
20 California, Florida, Massachusetts, Missouri, Oregon,
21 Pennsylvania, Washington, and Wisconsin. Several federal
22 agencies have integrated trauma-informed approaches in their
23 programs and grants which should be leveraged by the State.

24 According to a 2019 Rush University report, a Black
25 person's life expectancy on average is less when compared to a
26 white person's life expectancy. For instance, when comparing

1 life expectancy in Chicago's Austin neighborhood to the
2 Chicago Loop, there is a difference of 11 years between Black
3 life expectancy (71 years) and white life expectancy (82
4 years).

5 In a 2015 literature review of implicit racial and ethnic
6 bias among medical professionals, it was concluded that there
7 is a moderate level of implicit bias in most medical
8 professionals. Further, the literature review showed that
9 implicit bias has negative consequences for patients,
10 including strained patient relationships and negative health
11 outcomes. It is critical for medical professionals to be aware
12 of implicit racial and ethnic bias and work to eliminate bias
13 through training.

14 In the field of medicine, a historically racist
15 profession, Black medical professionals have commonly been
16 ostracized. In 1934, Dr. Roland B. Scott was the first African
17 American to pass the pediatric board exam, yet when he applied
18 for membership with the American Academy of Pediatrics he was
19 rejected multiple times. Few medical organizations have
20 confronted the roles they played in blocking opportunities for
21 Black advancement in the medical profession until the formal
22 apologies of the American Medical Association in 2008. For
23 decades, organizations like the AMA predicated their
24 membership on joining a local state medical society, several
25 of which excluded Black physicians.

26 In 2010, the General Assembly, in partnership with

1 Treatment Alternatives for Safe Communities, published the
2 Disproportionate Justice Impact Study. The study examined the
3 impact of Illinois drug laws on racial and ethnic groups and
4 the resulting over-representation of racial and ethnic minority
5 groups in the Illinois criminal justice system. Unsurprisingly
6 and disappointingly, the study confirmed decades long
7 injustices, such as nonwhites being arrested at a higher rate
8 than whites relative to their representation in the general
9 population throughout Illinois.

10 All together, the above mentioned only begins to capture a
11 part of a larger system of racial injustices and inequities.
12 The General Assembly and the people of Illinois are urged to
13 recognize while racism is a core fault of the current health
14 and human service system, that it is a pervasive disease
15 affecting a multiplitude of institutions which truly drive
16 systematic health inequities: education, child care, criminal
17 justice, affordable housing, environmental justice, and job
18 security and so forth. For persons to live up to their full
19 human potential, their rights to quality of life, health care,
20 a quality job, a fair wage, housing, and education must not be
21 inhibited.

22 Therefore, the Illinois Legislative Black Caucus, as
23 informed by the Senate's Health and Human Service Pillar
24 subject matter hearings, seeks to remedy a fraction of a much
25 larger broken system by addressing access to health care,
26 hospital closures, managed care organization reform, community

1 health worker certification, maternal and infant mortality,
2 mental and substance abuse treatment, hospital reform, and
3 medical implicit bias in the Illinois Health Care and Human
4 Service Reform Act. This Act shall achieve needed change
5 through the use of, but not limited to, the Medicaid Managed
6 Care Oversight Commission, the Health and Human Services Task
7 Force, and a hospital closure moratorium, in order to address
8 Illinois' long-standing health inequities.

9 Title II. Community Health Workers

10 Article 5.

11 Section 5-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
12 Community Health Worker Certification and Reimbursement Act.
13 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

14 Section 5-5. Definition. In this Act, "community health
15 worker" means a frontline public health worker who is a
16 trusted member or has an unusually close understanding of the
17 community served. This trusting relationship enables the
18 community health worker to serve as a liaison, link, and
19 intermediary between health and social services and the
20 community to facilitate access to services and improve the
21 quality and cultural competence of service delivery. A
22 community health worker also builds individual and community

1 capacity by increasing health knowledge and self-sufficiency
2 through a range of activities, including outreach, community
3 education, informal counseling, social support, and advocacy.
4 A community health worker shall have the following core
5 competencies:

6 (1) communication;

7 (2) interpersonal skills and relationship building;

8 (3) service coordination and navigation skills;

9 (4) capacity-building;

10 (5) advocacy;

11 (6) presentation and facilitation skills;

12 (7) organizational skills; cultural competency;

13 (8) public health knowledge;

14 (9) understanding of health systems and basic
15 diseases;

16 (10) behavioral health issues; and

17 (11) field experience.

18 Nothing in this definition shall be construed to authorize
19 a community health worker to provide direct care or treatment
20 to any person or to perform any act or service for which a
21 license issued by a professional licensing board is required.

22 Section 5-10. Community health worker training.

23 (a) Community health workers shall be provided with
24 multi-tiered academic and community-based training
25 opportunities that lead to the mastery of community health

1 worker core competencies.

2 (b) For academic-based training programs, the Department
3 of Public Health shall collaborate with the Illinois State
4 Board of Education, the Illinois Community College Board, and
5 the Illinois Board of Higher Education to adopt a process to
6 certify academic-based training programs that students can
7 attend to obtain individual community health worker
8 certification. Certified training programs shall reflect the
9 approved core competencies and roles for community health
10 workers.

11 (c) For community-based training programs, the Department
12 of Public Health shall collaborate with a statewide
13 association representing community health workers to adopt a
14 process to certify community-based programs that students can
15 attend to obtain individual community health worker
16 certification.

17 (d) Community health workers may need to undergo
18 additional training, including, but not limited to, asthma,
19 diabetes, maternal child health, behavioral health, and social
20 determinants of health training. Multi-tiered training
21 approaches shall provide opportunities that build on each
22 other and prepare community health workers for career pathways
23 both within the community health worker profession and within
24 allied professions.

25 Section 5-15. Illinois Community Health Worker

1 Certification Board.

2 (a) There is created within the Department of Public
3 Health, in shared leadership with a statewide association
4 representing community health workers, the Illinois Community
5 Health Worker Certification Board. The Board shall serve as
6 the regulatory body that develops and has oversight of initial
7 community health workers certification and certification
8 renewals for both individuals and academic and community-based
9 training programs.

10 (b) A representative from the Department of Public Health,
11 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the
12 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, and the
13 Department of Human Services shall serve on the Board. At
14 least one full-time professional shall be assigned to staff
15 the Board with additional administrative support available as
16 needed. The Board shall have balanced representation from the
17 community health worker workforce, community health worker
18 employers, community health worker training and educational
19 organizations, and other engaged stakeholders.

20 (c) The Board shall propose a certification process for
21 and be authorized to approve training from community-based
22 organizations, in conjunction with a statewide organization
23 representing community health workers, and academic
24 institutions, in consultation with the Illinois State Board of
25 Education, the Illinois Community College Board and the
26 Illinois Board of Higher Education. The Board shall base

1 training approval on core competencies, best practices, and
2 affordability. In addition, the Board shall maintain a
3 registry of certification records for individually certified
4 community health workers.

5 (d) All training programs that are deemed certifiable by
6 the Board shall go through a renewal process, which will be
7 determined by the Board once established. The Board shall
8 establish criteria to grandfather in any community health
9 workers who were practicing prior to the establishment of a
10 certification program.

11 (e) To ensure high-quality service, the Illinois Community
12 Health Worker Certification Board shall examine and consider
13 for adoption best practices from other states that have
14 implemented policies to allow for alternative opportunities to
15 demonstrate competency in core skills and knowledge in
16 addition to certification.

17 (f) The Department of Public Health shall explore ways to
18 compensate members of the Board.

19 Section 5-20. Reimbursement. Community health worker
20 services shall be covered under the medical assistance
21 program, subject to funding availability, for persons who are
22 otherwise eligible for medical assistance. The Department of
23 Healthcare and Family Services shall develop services,
24 including but not limited to, care coordination and
25 diagnostic-related patient services, for which community

1 health workers will be eligible for reimbursement and shall
2 request approval from the federal Centers for Medicare and
3 Medicaid Services to reimburse community health worker
4 services under the medical assistance program. For
5 reimbursement under the medical assistance program, a
6 community health worker must work under the supervision of an
7 enrolled medical program provider, as specified by the
8 Department, and certification shall be required for
9 reimbursement. The supervision of enrolled medical program
10 providers and certification are not required for community
11 health workers who receive reimbursement through managed care
12 administrative dollars. Non-certified community health workers
13 are reimbursable at the discretion of managed care entities up
14 to 18 months following availability of community health worker
15 certification. In addition, the Department of Healthcare and
16 Family Services shall amend its contracts with managed care
17 entities to allow managed care entities to employ community
18 health workers or subcontract with community-based
19 organizations that employ community health workers.

20 Section 5-22. Certification. Certification shall not be
21 required for employment of community health workers.
22 Noncertified community health workers may be employed through
23 funding sources outside of the medical assistance program.

24 Section 5-25. Rules. The Department of Public Health and

1 the Department of Healthcare and Family Services may adopt
2 rules for the implementation and administration of this Act.

3 Title III. Hospital Reform

4 Article 10.

5 Section 10-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
6 changing Section 10.4 as follows:

7 (210 ILCS 85/10.4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 151.4)

8 Sec. 10.4. Medical staff privileges.

9 (a) Any hospital licensed under this Act or any hospital
10 organized under the University of Illinois Hospital Act shall,
11 prior to the granting of any medical staff privileges to an
12 applicant, or renewing a current medical staff member's
13 privileges, request of the Director of Professional Regulation
14 information concerning the licensure status, proper
15 credentials, required certificates, and any disciplinary
16 action taken against the applicant's or medical staff member's
17 license, except: (1) for medical personnel who enter a
18 hospital to obtain organs and tissues for transplant from a
19 donor in accordance with the Illinois Anatomical Gift Act; or
20 (2) for medical personnel who have been granted disaster
21 privileges pursuant to the procedures and requirements
22 established by rules adopted by the Department. Any hospital

1 and any employees of the hospital or others involved in
2 granting privileges who, in good faith, grant disaster
3 privileges pursuant to this Section to respond to an emergency
4 shall not, as a result of their acts or omissions, be liable
5 for civil damages for granting or denying disaster privileges
6 except in the event of willful and wanton misconduct, as that
7 term is defined in Section 10.2 of this Act. Individuals
8 granted privileges who provide care in an emergency situation,
9 in good faith and without direct compensation, shall not, as a
10 result of their acts or omissions, except for acts or
11 omissions involving willful and wanton misconduct, as that
12 term is defined in Section 10.2 of this Act, on the part of the
13 person, be liable for civil damages. The Director of
14 Professional Regulation shall transmit, in writing and in a
15 timely fashion, such information regarding the license of the
16 applicant or the medical staff member, including the record of
17 imposition of any periods of supervision or monitoring as a
18 result of alcohol or substance abuse, as provided by Section
19 23 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987, and such information as
20 may have been submitted to the Department indicating that the
21 application or medical staff member has been denied, or has
22 surrendered, medical staff privileges at a hospital licensed
23 under this Act, or any equivalent facility in another state or
24 territory of the United States. The Director of Professional
25 Regulation shall define by rule the period for timely response
26 to such requests.

1 No transmittal of information by the Director of
2 Professional Regulation, under this Section shall be to other
3 than the president, chief operating officer, chief
4 administrative officer, or chief of the medical staff of a
5 hospital licensed under this Act, a hospital organized under
6 the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a hospital
7 operated by the United States, or any of its
8 instrumentalities. The information so transmitted shall be
9 afforded the same status as is information concerning medical
10 studies by Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil
11 Procedure, as now or hereafter amended.

12 (b) All hospitals licensed under this Act, except county
13 hospitals as defined in subsection (c) of Section 15-1 of the
14 Illinois Public Aid Code, shall comply with, and the medical
15 staff bylaws of these hospitals shall include rules consistent
16 with, the provisions of this Section in granting, limiting,
17 renewing, or denying medical staff membership and clinical
18 staff privileges. Hospitals that require medical staff members
19 to possess faculty status with a specific institution of
20 higher education are not required to comply with subsection
21 (1) below when the physician does not possess faculty status.

22 (1) Minimum procedures for pre-applicants and
23 applicants for medical staff membership shall include the
24 following:

25 (A) Written procedures relating to the acceptance
26 and processing of pre-applicants or applicants for

1 medical staff membership, which should be contained in
2 medical staff bylaws.

3 (B) Written procedures to be followed in
4 determining a pre-applicant's or an applicant's
5 qualifications for being granted medical staff
6 membership and privileges.

7 (C) Written criteria to be followed in evaluating
8 a pre-applicant's or an applicant's qualifications.

9 (D) An evaluation of a pre-applicant's or an
10 applicant's current health status and current license
11 status in Illinois.

12 (E) A written response to each pre-applicant or
13 applicant that explains the reason or reasons for any
14 adverse decision (including all reasons based in whole
15 or in part on the applicant's medical qualifications
16 or any other basis, including economic factors).

17 (2) Minimum procedures with respect to medical staff
18 and clinical privilege determinations concerning current
19 members of the medical staff shall include the following:

20 (A) A written notice of an adverse decision.

21 (B) An explanation of the reasons for an adverse
22 decision including all reasons based on the quality of
23 medical care or any other basis, including economic
24 factors.

25 (C) A statement of the medical staff member's
26 right to request a fair hearing on the adverse

1 decision before a hearing panel whose membership is
2 mutually agreed upon by the medical staff and the
3 hospital governing board. The hearing panel shall have
4 independent authority to recommend action to the
5 hospital governing board. Upon the request of the
6 medical staff member or the hospital governing board,
7 the hearing panel shall make findings concerning the
8 nature of each basis for any adverse decision
9 recommended to and accepted by the hospital governing
10 board.

11 (i) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a
12 hospital's or medical staff's right to summarily
13 suspend, without a prior hearing, a person's
14 medical staff membership or clinical privileges if
15 the continuation of practice of a medical staff
16 member constitutes an immediate danger to the
17 public, including patients, visitors, and hospital
18 employees and staff. In the event that a hospital
19 or the medical staff imposes a summary suspension,
20 the Medical Executive Committee, or other
21 comparable governance committee of the medical
22 staff as specified in the bylaws, must meet as
23 soon as is reasonably possible to review the
24 suspension and to recommend whether it should be
25 affirmed, lifted, expunged, or modified if the
26 suspended physician requests such review. A

1 summary suspension may not be implemented unless
2 there is actual documentation or other reliable
3 information that an immediate danger exists. This
4 documentation or information must be available at
5 the time the summary suspension decision is made
6 and when the decision is reviewed by the Medical
7 Executive Committee. If the Medical Executive
8 Committee recommends that the summary suspension
9 should be lifted, expunged, or modified, this
10 recommendation must be reviewed and considered by
11 the hospital governing board, or a committee of
12 the board, on an expedited basis. Nothing in this
13 subparagraph (C) shall affect the requirement that
14 any requested hearing must be commenced within 15
15 days after the summary suspension and completed
16 without delay unless otherwise agreed to by the
17 parties. A fair hearing shall be commenced within
18 15 days after the suspension and completed without
19 delay, except that when the medical staff member's
20 license to practice has been suspended or revoked
21 by the State's licensing authority, no hearing
22 shall be necessary.

23 (ii) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a
24 medical staff's right to permit, in the medical
25 staff bylaws, summary suspension of membership or
26 clinical privileges in designated administrative

1 circumstances as specifically approved by the
2 medical staff. This bylaw provision must
3 specifically describe both the administrative
4 circumstance that can result in a summary
5 suspension and the length of the summary
6 suspension. The opportunity for a fair hearing is
7 required for any administrative summary
8 suspension. Any requested hearing must be
9 commenced within 15 days after the summary
10 suspension and completed without delay. Adverse
11 decisions other than suspension or other
12 restrictions on the treatment or admission of
13 patients may be imposed summarily and without a
14 hearing under designated administrative
15 circumstances as specifically provided for in the
16 medical staff bylaws as approved by the medical
17 staff.

18 (iii) If a hospital exercises its option to
19 enter into an exclusive contract and that contract
20 results in the total or partial termination or
21 reduction of medical staff membership or clinical
22 privileges of a current medical staff member, the
23 hospital shall provide the affected medical staff
24 member 60 days prior notice of the effect on his or
25 her medical staff membership or privileges. An
26 affected medical staff member desiring a hearing

1 under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2) must
2 request the hearing within 14 days after the date
3 he or she is so notified. The requested hearing
4 shall be commenced and completed (with a report
5 and recommendation to the affected medical staff
6 member, hospital governing board, and medical
7 staff) within 30 days after the date of the
8 medical staff member's request. If agreed upon by
9 both the medical staff and the hospital governing
10 board, the medical staff bylaws may provide for
11 longer time periods.

12 (C-5) All peer review used for the purpose of
13 credentialing, privileging, disciplinary action, or
14 other recommendations affecting medical staff
15 membership or exercise of clinical privileges, whether
16 relying in whole or in part on internal or external
17 reviews, shall be conducted in accordance with the
18 medical staff bylaws and applicable rules,
19 regulations, or policies of the medical staff. If
20 external review is obtained, any adverse report
21 utilized shall be in writing and shall be made part of
22 the internal peer review process under the bylaws. The
23 report shall also be shared with a medical staff peer
24 review committee and the individual under review. If
25 the medical staff peer review committee or the
26 individual under review prepares a written response to

1 the report of the external peer review within 30 days
2 after receiving such report, the governing board shall
3 consider the response prior to the implementation of
4 any final actions by the governing board which may
5 affect the individual's medical staff membership or
6 clinical privileges. Any peer review that involves
7 willful or wanton misconduct shall be subject to civil
8 damages as provided for under Section 10.2 of this
9 Act.

10 (D) A statement of the member's right to inspect
11 all pertinent information in the hospital's possession
12 with respect to the decision.

13 (E) A statement of the member's right to present
14 witnesses and other evidence at the hearing on the
15 decision.

16 (E-5) The right to be represented by a personal
17 attorney.

18 (F) A written notice and written explanation of
19 the decision resulting from the hearing.

20 (F-5) A written notice of a final adverse decision
21 by a hospital governing board.

22 (G) Notice given 15 days before implementation of
23 an adverse medical staff membership or clinical
24 privileges decision based substantially on economic
25 factors. This notice shall be given after the medical
26 staff member exhausts all applicable procedures under

1 this Section, including item (iii) of subparagraph (C)
2 of this paragraph (2), and under the medical staff
3 bylaws in order to allow sufficient time for the
4 orderly provision of patient care.

5 (H) Nothing in this paragraph (2) of this
6 subsection (b) limits a medical staff member's right
7 to waive, in writing, the rights provided in
8 subparagraphs (A) through (G) of this paragraph (2) of
9 this subsection (b) upon being granted the written
10 exclusive right to provide particular services at a
11 hospital, either individually or as a member of a
12 group. If an exclusive contract is signed by a
13 representative of a group of physicians, a waiver
14 contained in the contract shall apply to all members
15 of the group unless stated otherwise in the contract.

16 (3) Every adverse medical staff membership and
17 clinical privilege decision based substantially on
18 economic factors shall be reported to the Hospital
19 Licensing Board before the decision takes effect. These
20 reports shall not be disclosed in any form that reveals
21 the identity of any hospital or physician. These reports
22 shall be utilized to study the effects that hospital
23 medical staff membership and clinical privilege decisions
24 based upon economic factors have on access to care and the
25 availability of physician services. The Hospital Licensing
26 Board shall submit an initial study to the Governor and

1 the General Assembly by January 1, 1996, and subsequent
2 reports shall be submitted periodically thereafter.

3 (4) As used in this Section:

4 "Adverse decision" means a decision reducing,
5 restricting, suspending, revoking, denying, or not
6 renewing medical staff membership or clinical privileges.

7 "Economic factor" means any information or reasons for
8 decisions unrelated to quality of care or professional
9 competency.

10 "Pre-applicant" means a physician licensed to practice
11 medicine in all its branches who requests an application
12 for medical staff membership or privileges.

13 "Privilege" means permission to provide medical or
14 other patient care services and permission to use hospital
15 resources, including equipment, facilities and personnel
16 that are necessary to effectively provide medical or other
17 patient care services. This definition shall not be
18 construed to require a hospital to acquire additional
19 equipment, facilities, or personnel to accommodate the
20 granting of privileges.

21 (5) Any amendment to medical staff bylaws required
22 because of this amendatory Act of the 91st General
23 Assembly shall be adopted on or before July 1, 2001.

24 (c) All hospitals shall consult with the medical staff
25 prior to closing membership in the entire or any portion of the
26 medical staff or a department. If the hospital closes

1 membership in the medical staff, any portion of the medical
2 staff, or the department over the objections of the medical
3 staff, then the hospital shall provide a detailed written
4 explanation for the decision to the medical staff 10 days
5 prior to the effective date of any closure. No applications
6 need to be provided when membership in the medical staff or any
7 relevant portion of the medical staff is closed.

8 (Source: P.A. 96-445, eff. 8-14-09; 97-1006, eff. 8-17-12.)

9 Article 15.

10 Section 15-3. The Illinois Health Finance Reform Act is
11 amended by changing Section 4-4 as follows:

12 (20 ILCS 2215/4-4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 6504-4)

13 Sec. 4-4. (a) Hospitals shall make available to
14 prospective patients information on the normal charge incurred
15 for any procedure or operation the prospective patient is
16 considering.

17 (b) The Department of Public Health shall require
18 hospitals to post, either by physical or electronic means, in
19 prominent letters, ~~in letters no more than one inch in height~~
20 the established charges for services, where applicable,
21 including but not limited to the hospital's private room
22 charge, semi-private room charge, charge for a room with 3 or
23 more beds, intensive care room charges, emergency room charge,

1 operating room charge, electrocardiogram charge, anesthesia
2 charge, chest x-ray charge, blood sugar charge, blood
3 chemistry charge, tissue exam charge, blood typing charge and
4 Rh factor charge. The definitions of each charge to be posted
5 shall be determined by the Department.

6 (Source: P.A. 92-597, eff. 7-1-02.)

7 Section 15-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
8 changing Sections 6, 6.14c, 10.10, and 11.5 as follows:

9 (210 ILCS 85/6) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 147)

10 Sec. 6. (a) Upon receipt of an application for a permit to
11 establish a hospital the Director shall issue a permit if he
12 finds (1) that the applicant is fit, willing, and able to
13 provide a proper standard of hospital service for the
14 community with particular regard to the qualification,
15 background, and character of the applicant, (2) that the
16 financial resources available to the applicant demonstrate an
17 ability to construct, maintain, and operate a hospital in
18 accordance with the standards, rules, and regulations adopted
19 pursuant to this Act, and (3) that safeguards are provided
20 which assure hospital operation and maintenance consistent
21 with the public interest having particular regard to safe,
22 adequate, and efficient hospital facilities and services.

23 The Director may request the cooperation of county and
24 multiple-county health departments, municipal boards of

1 health, and other governmental and non-governmental agencies
2 in obtaining information and in conducting investigations
3 relating to such applications.

4 A permit to establish a hospital shall be valid only for
5 the premises and person named in the application for such
6 permit and shall not be transferable or assignable.

7 In the event the Director issues a permit to establish a
8 hospital the applicant shall thereafter submit plans and
9 specifications to the Department in accordance with Section 8
10 of this Act.

11 (b) Upon receipt of an application for license to open,
12 conduct, operate, and maintain a hospital, the Director shall
13 issue a license if he finds the applicant and the hospital
14 facilities comply with standards, rules, and regulations
15 promulgated under this Act. A license, unless sooner suspended
16 or revoked, shall be renewable annually upon approval by the
17 Department and payment of a license fee as established
18 pursuant to Section 5 of this Act. Each license shall be issued
19 only for the premises and persons named in the application and
20 shall not be transferable or assignable. Licenses shall be
21 posted, either by physical or electronic means, in a
22 conspicuous place on the licensed premises. The Department
23 may, either before or after the issuance of a license, request
24 the cooperation of the State Fire Marshal, county and multiple
25 county health departments, or municipal boards of health to
26 make investigations to determine if the applicant or licensee

1 is complying with the minimum standards prescribed by the
2 Department. The report and recommendations of any such agency
3 shall be in writing and shall state with particularity its
4 findings with respect to compliance or noncompliance with such
5 minimum standards, rules, and regulations.

6 The Director may issue a provisional license to any
7 hospital which does not substantially comply with the
8 provisions of this Act and the standards, rules, and
9 regulations promulgated by virtue thereof provided that he
10 finds that such hospital has undertaken changes and
11 corrections which upon completion will render the hospital in
12 substantial compliance with the provisions of this Act, and
13 the standards, rules, and regulations adopted hereunder, and
14 provided that the health and safety of the patients of the
15 hospital will be protected during the period for which such
16 provisional license is issued. The Director shall advise the
17 licensee of the conditions under which such provisional
18 license is issued, including the manner in which the hospital
19 facilities fail to comply with the provisions of the Act,
20 standards, rules, and regulations, and the time within which
21 the changes and corrections necessary for such hospital
22 facilities to substantially comply with this Act, and the
23 standards, rules, and regulations of the Department relating
24 thereto shall be completed.

25 (Source: P.A. 98-683, eff. 6-30-14.)

1 (210 ILCS 85/6.14c)

2 Sec. 6.14c. Posting of information. Every hospital shall
3 conspicuously post, either by physical or electronic means,
4 for display in an area of its offices accessible to patients,
5 employees, and visitors the following:

6 (1) its current license;

7 (2) a description, provided by the Department, of
8 complaint procedures established under this Act and the
9 name, address, and telephone number of a person authorized
10 by the Department to receive complaints;

11 (3) a list of any orders pertaining to the hospital
12 issued by the Department during the past year and any
13 court orders reviewing such Department orders issued
14 during the past year; and

15 (4) a list of the material available for public
16 inspection under Section 6.14d.

17 Each hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic
18 means, in each facility that has an emergency room, a notice in
19 a conspicuous location in the emergency room with information
20 about how to enroll in health insurance through the Illinois
21 health insurance marketplace in accordance with Sections 1311
22 and 1321 of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care
23 Act.

24 (Source: P.A. 101-117, eff. 1-1-20.)

25 (210 ILCS 85/10.10)

1 Sec. 10.10. Nurse Staffing by Patient Acuity.

2 (a) Findings. The Legislature finds and declares all of
3 the following:

4 (1) The State of Illinois has a substantial interest
5 in promoting quality care and improving the delivery of
6 health care services.

7 (2) Evidence-based studies have shown that the basic
8 principles of staffing in the acute care setting should be
9 based on the complexity of patients' care needs aligned
10 with available nursing skills to promote quality patient
11 care consistent with professional nursing standards.

12 (3) Compliance with this Section promotes an
13 organizational climate that values registered nurses'
14 input in meeting the health care needs of hospital
15 patients.

16 (b) Definitions. As used in this Section:

17 "Acuity model" means an assessment tool selected and
18 implemented by a hospital, as recommended by a nursing care
19 committee, that assesses the complexity of patient care needs
20 requiring professional nursing care and skills and aligns
21 patient care needs and nursing skills consistent with
22 professional nursing standards.

23 "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

24 "Direct patient care" means care provided by a registered
25 professional nurse with direct responsibility to oversee or
26 carry out medical regimens or nursing care for one or more

1 patients.

2 "Nursing care committee" means an existing or newly
3 created hospital-wide committee or committees of nurses whose
4 functions, in part or in whole, contribute to the development,
5 recommendation, and review of the hospital's nurse staffing
6 plan established pursuant to subsection (d).

7 "Registered professional nurse" means a person licensed as
8 a Registered Nurse under the Nurse Practice Act.

9 "Written staffing plan for nursing care services" means a
10 written plan for guiding the assignment of patient care
11 nursing staff based on multiple nurse and patient
12 considerations that yield minimum staffing levels for
13 inpatient care units and the adopted acuity model aligning
14 patient care needs with nursing skills required for quality
15 patient care consistent with professional nursing standards.

16 (c) Written staffing plan.

17 (1) Every hospital shall implement a written
18 hospital-wide staffing plan, recommended by a nursing care
19 committee or committees, that provides for minimum direct
20 care professional registered nurse-to-patient staffing
21 needs for each inpatient care unit. The written
22 hospital-wide staffing plan shall include, but need not be
23 limited to, the following considerations:

24 (A) The complexity of complete care, assessment on
25 patient admission, volume of patient admissions,
26 discharges and transfers, evaluation of the progress

1 of a patient's problems, ongoing physical assessments,
2 planning for a patient's discharge, assessment after a
3 change in patient condition, and assessment of the
4 need for patient referrals.

5 (B) The complexity of clinical professional
6 nursing judgment needed to design and implement a
7 patient's nursing care plan, the need for specialized
8 equipment and technology, the skill mix of other
9 personnel providing or supporting direct patient care,
10 and involvement in quality improvement activities,
11 professional preparation, and experience.

12 (C) Patient acuity and the number of patients for
13 whom care is being provided.

14 (D) The ongoing assessments of a unit's patient
15 acuity levels and nursing staff needed shall be
16 routinely made by the unit nurse manager or his or her
17 designee.

18 (E) The identification of additional registered
19 nurses available for direct patient care when
20 patients' unexpected needs exceed the planned workload
21 for direct care staff.

22 (2) In order to provide staffing flexibility to meet
23 patient needs, every hospital shall identify an acuity
24 model for adjusting the staffing plan for each inpatient
25 care unit.

26 (3) The written staffing plan shall be posted, either

1 by physical or electronic means, in a conspicuous and
2 accessible location for both patients and direct care
3 staff, as required under the Hospital Report Card Act. A
4 copy of the written staffing plan shall be provided to any
5 member of the general public upon request.

6 (d) Nursing care committee.

7 (1) Every hospital shall have a nursing care
8 committee. A hospital shall appoint members of a committee
9 whereby at least 50% of the members are registered
10 professional nurses providing direct patient care.

11 (2) A nursing care committee's recommendations must be
12 given significant regard and weight in the hospital's
13 adoption and implementation of a written staffing plan.

14 (3) A nursing care committee or committees shall
15 recommend a written staffing plan for the hospital based
16 on the principles from the staffing components set forth
17 in subsection (c). In particular, a committee or
18 committees shall provide input and feedback on the
19 following:

20 (A) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of
21 minimum staffing levels for inpatient care units.

22 (B) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of
23 an acuity model to provide staffing flexibility that
24 aligns changing patient acuity with nursing skills
25 required.

26 (C) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of a

1 written staffing plan incorporating the items
2 described in subdivisions (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this
3 Section.

4 (D) Review the following: nurse-to-patient
5 staffing guidelines for all inpatient areas; and
6 current acuity tools and measures in use.

7 (4) A nursing care committee must address the items
8 described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph
9 (3) semi-annually.

10 (e) Nothing in this Section 10.10 shall be construed to
11 limit, alter, or modify any of the terms, conditions, or
12 provisions of a collective bargaining agreement entered into
13 by the hospital.

14 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 97-423, eff. 1-1-12;
15 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

16 (210 ILCS 85/11.5)

17 Sec. 11.5. Uniform standards of obstetrical care
18 regardless of ability to pay.

19 (a) No hospital may promulgate policies or implement
20 practices that determine differing standards of obstetrical
21 care based upon a patient's source of payment or ability to pay
22 for medical services.

23 (b) Each hospital shall develop a written policy statement
24 reflecting the requirements of subsection (a) and shall post,
25 either by physical or electronic means, written notices of

1 this policy in the obstetrical admitting areas of the hospital
2 by July 1, 2004. Notices posted pursuant to this Section shall
3 be posted in the predominant language or languages spoken in
4 the hospital's service area.

5 (Source: P.A. 93-981, eff. 8-23-04.)

6 Section 15-10. The Language Assistance Services Act is
7 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

8 (210 ILCS 87/15)

9 Sec. 15. Language assistance services.

10 (a) To ensure access to health care information and
11 services for limited-English-speaking or non-English-speaking
12 residents and deaf residents, a health facility must do the
13 following:

14 (1) Adopt and review annually a policy for providing
15 language assistance services to patients with language or
16 communication barriers. The policy shall include
17 procedures for providing, to the extent possible as
18 determined by the facility, the use of an interpreter
19 whenever a language or communication barrier exists,
20 except where the patient, after being informed of the
21 availability of the interpreter service, chooses to use a
22 family member or friend who volunteers to interpret. The
23 procedures shall be designed to maximize efficient use of
24 interpreters and minimize delays in providing interpreters

1 to patients. The procedures shall insure, to the extent
2 possible as determined by the facility, that interpreters
3 are available, either on the premises or accessible by
4 telephone, 24 hours a day. The facility shall annually
5 transmit to the Department of Public Health a copy of the
6 updated policy and shall include a description of the
7 facility's efforts to insure adequate and speedy
8 communication between patients with language or
9 communication barriers and staff.

10 (2) Develop, and post, either by physical or
11 electronic means, in conspicuous locations, notices that
12 advise patients and their families of the availability of
13 interpreters, the procedure for obtaining an interpreter,
14 and the telephone numbers to call for filing complaints
15 concerning interpreter service problems, including, but
16 not limited to, a TTY number for persons who are deaf or
17 hard of hearing. The notices shall be posted, at a
18 minimum, in the emergency room, the admitting area, the
19 facility entrance, and the outpatient area. Notices shall
20 inform patients that interpreter services are available on
21 request, shall list the languages most commonly
22 encountered at the facility for which interpreter services
23 are available, and shall instruct patients to direct
24 complaints regarding interpreter services to the
25 Department of Public Health, including the telephone
26 numbers to call for that purpose.

1 (3) Notify the facility's employees of the language
2 services available at the facility and train them on how
3 to make those language services available to patients.

4 (b) In addition, a health facility may do one or more of
5 the following:

6 (1) Identify and record a patient's primary language
7 and dialect on one or more of the following: a patient
8 medical chart, hospital bracelet, bedside notice, or
9 nursing card.

10 (2) Prepare and maintain, as needed, a list of
11 interpreters who have been identified as proficient in
12 sign language according to the Interpreter for the Deaf
13 Licensure Act of 2007 and a list of the languages of the
14 population of the geographical area served by the
15 facility.

16 (3) Review all standardized written forms, waivers,
17 documents, and informational materials available to
18 patients on admission to determine which to translate into
19 languages other than English.

20 (4) Consider providing its nonbilingual staff with
21 standardized picture and phrase sheets for use in routine
22 communications with patients who have language or
23 communication barriers.

24 (5) Develop community liaison groups to enable the
25 facility and the limited-English-speaking,
26 non-English-speaking, and deaf communities to ensure the

1 adequacy of the interpreter services.

2 (Source: P.A. 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

3 Section 15-15. The Fair Patient Billing Act is amended by
4 changing Section 15 as follows:

5 (210 ILCS 88/15)

6 Sec. 15. Patient notification.

7 (a) Each hospital shall post a sign with the following
8 notice:

9 "You may be eligible for financial assistance under
10 the terms and conditions the hospital offers to qualified
11 patients. For more information contact [hospital financial
12 assistance representative]".

13 (b) The sign under subsection (a) shall be posted, either
14 by physical or electronic means, conspicuously in the
15 admission and registration areas of the hospital.

16 (c) The sign shall be in English, and in any other language
17 that is the primary language of at least 5% of the patients
18 served by the hospital annually.

19 (d) Each hospital that has a website must post a notice in
20 a prominent place on its website that financial assistance is
21 available at the hospital, a description of the financial
22 assistance application process, and a copy of the financial
23 assistance application.

24 (e) Within 180 days after the effective date of this

1 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, each ~~Each~~
2 hospital must make available information regarding financial
3 assistance from the hospital in the form of either a brochure,
4 an application for financial assistance, or other written or
5 electronic material in the emergency room, ~~material in the~~
6 hospital admission, or registration area.

7 (Source: P.A. 94-885, eff. 1-1-07.)

8 Section 15-16. The Health Care Violence Prevention Act is
9 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

10 (210 ILCS 160/15)

11 Sec. 15. Workplace safety.

12 (a) A health care worker who contacts law enforcement or
13 files a report with law enforcement against a patient or
14 individual because of workplace violence shall provide notice
15 to management of the health care provider by which he or she is
16 employed within 3 days after contacting law enforcement or
17 filing the report.

18 (b) No management of a health care provider may discourage
19 a health care worker from exercising his or her right to
20 contact law enforcement or file a report with law enforcement
21 because of workplace violence.

22 (c) A health care provider that employs a health care
23 worker shall display a notice, either by physical or
24 electronic means, stating that verbal aggression will not be

1 tolerated and physical assault will be reported to law
2 enforcement.

3 (d) The health care provider shall offer immediate
4 post-incident services for a health care worker directly
5 involved in a workplace violence incident caused by patients
6 or their visitors, including acute treatment and access to
7 psychological evaluation.

8 (Source: P.A. 100-1051, eff. 1-1-19.)

9 Section 15-17. The Medical Patient Rights Act is amended
10 by changing Sections 3.4 and 5.2 as follows:

11 (410 ILCS 50/3.4)

12 Sec. 3.4. Rights of women; pregnancy and childbirth.

13 (a) In addition to any other right provided under this
14 Act, every woman has the following rights with regard to
15 pregnancy and childbirth:

16 (1) The right to receive health care before, during,
17 and after pregnancy and childbirth.

18 (2) The right to receive care for her and her infant
19 that is consistent with generally accepted medical
20 standards.

21 (3) The right to choose a certified nurse midwife or
22 physician as her maternity care professional.

23 (4) The right to choose her birth setting from the
24 full range of birthing options available in her community.

1 (5) The right to leave her maternity care professional
2 and select another if she becomes dissatisfied with her
3 care, except as otherwise provided by law.

4 (6) The right to receive information about the names
5 of those health care professionals involved in her care.

6 (7) The right to privacy and confidentiality of
7 records, except as provided by law.

8 (8) The right to receive information concerning her
9 condition and proposed treatment, including methods of
10 relieving pain.

11 (9) The right to accept or refuse any treatment, to
12 the extent medically possible.

13 (10) The right to be informed if her caregivers wish
14 to enroll her or her infant in a research study in
15 accordance with Section 3.1 of this Act.

16 (11) The right to access her medical records in
17 accordance with Section 8-2001 of the Code of Civil
18 Procedure.

19 (12) The right to receive information in a language in
20 which she can communicate in accordance with federal law.

21 (13) The right to receive emotional and physical
22 support during labor and birth.

23 (14) The right to freedom of movement during labor and
24 to give birth in the position of her choice, within
25 generally accepted medical standards.

26 (15) The right to contact with her newborn, except

1 where necessary care must be provided to the mother or
2 infant.

3 (16) The right to receive information about
4 breastfeeding.

5 (17) The right to decide collaboratively with
6 caregivers when she and her baby will leave the birth site
7 for home, based on their conditions and circumstances.

8 (18) The right to be treated with respect at all times
9 before, during, and after pregnancy by her health care
10 professionals.

11 (19) The right of each patient, regardless of source
12 of payment, to examine and receive a reasonable
13 explanation of her total bill for services rendered by her
14 maternity care professional or health care provider,
15 including itemized charges for specific services received.
16 Each maternity care professional or health care provider
17 shall be responsible only for a reasonable explanation of
18 those specific services provided by the maternity care
19 professional or health care provider.

20 (b) The Department of Public Health, Department of
21 Healthcare and Family Services, Department of Children and
22 Family Services, and Department of Human Services shall post,
23 either by physical or electronic means, information about
24 these rights on their publicly available websites. Every
25 health care provider, day care center licensed under the Child
26 Care Act of 1969, Head Start, and community center shall post

1 information about these rights in a prominent place and on
2 their websites, if applicable.

3 (c) The Department of Public Health shall adopt rules to
4 implement this Section.

5 (d) Nothing in this Section or any rules adopted under
6 subsection (c) shall be construed to require a physician,
7 health care professional, hospital, hospital affiliate, or
8 health care provider to provide care inconsistent with
9 generally accepted medical standards or available capabilities
10 or resources.

11 (Source: P.A. 101-445, eff. 1-1-20.)

12 (410 ILCS 50/5.2)

13 Sec. 5.2. Emergency room anti-discrimination notice. Every
14 hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic means, a
15 sign next to or in close proximity of its sign required by
16 Section 489.20 (q)(1) of Title 42 of the Code of Federal
17 Regulations stating the following:

18 "You have the right not to be discriminated against by the
19 hospital due to your race, color, or national origin if these
20 characteristics are unrelated to your diagnosis or treatment.
21 If you believe this right has been violated, please call
22 (insert number for hospital grievance officer).".

23 (Source: P.A. 97-485, eff. 8-22-11.)

24 Section 15-25. The Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act

1 is amended by changing Section 22 as follows:

2 (325 ILCS 2/22)

3 Sec. 22. Signs. Every hospital, fire station, emergency
4 medical facility, and police station that is required to
5 accept a relinquished newborn infant in accordance with this
6 Act must post, either by physical or electronic means, a sign
7 in a conspicuous place on the exterior of the building housing
8 the facility informing persons that a newborn infant may be
9 relinquished at the facility in accordance with this Act. The
10 Department shall prescribe specifications for the signs and
11 for their placement that will ensure statewide uniformity.

12 This Section does not apply to a hospital, fire station,
13 emergency medical facility, or police station that has a sign
14 that is consistent with the requirements of this Section that
15 is posted on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
16 95th General Assembly.

17 (Source: P.A. 95-275, eff. 8-17-07.)

18 Section 15-30. The Crime Victims Compensation Act is
19 amended by changing Section 5.1 as follows:

20 (740 ILCS 45/5.1) (from Ch. 70, par. 75.1)

21 Sec. 5.1. (a) Every hospital licensed under the laws of
22 this State shall display prominently in its emergency room
23 posters giving notification of the existence and general

1 provisions of this Act. The posters may be displayed by
2 physical or electronic means. Such posters shall be provided
3 by the Attorney General.

4 (b) Any law enforcement agency that investigates an
5 offense committed in this State shall inform the victim of the
6 offense or his dependents concerning the availability of an
7 award of compensation and advise such persons that any
8 information concerning this Act and the filing of a claim may
9 be obtained from the office of the Attorney General.

10 (Source: P.A. 81-1013.)

11 Section 15-35. The Human Trafficking Resource Center
12 Notice Act is amended by changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

13 (775 ILCS 50/5)

14 Sec. 5. Posted notice required.

15 (a) Each of the following businesses and other
16 establishments shall, upon the availability of the model
17 notice described in Section 15 of this Act, post a notice that
18 complies with the requirements of this Act in a conspicuous
19 place near the public entrance of the establishment or in
20 another conspicuous location in clear view of the public and
21 employees where similar notices are customarily posted:

22 (1) On premise consumption retailer licensees under
23 the Liquor Control Act of 1934 where the sale of alcoholic
24 liquor is the principal business carried on by the

1 licensee at the premises and primary to the sale of food.

2 (2) Adult entertainment facilities, as defined in
3 Section 5-1097.5 of the Counties Code.

4 (3) Primary airports, as defined in Section 47102(16)
5 of Title 49 of the United States Code.

6 (4) Intercity passenger rail or light rail stations.

7 (5) Bus stations.

8 (6) Truck stops. For purposes of this Act, "truck
9 stop" means a privately-owned and operated facility that
10 provides food, fuel, shower or other sanitary facilities,
11 and lawful overnight truck parking.

12 (7) Emergency rooms within general acute care
13 hospitals, in which case the notice may be posted by
14 electronic means.

15 (8) Urgent care centers, in which case the notice may
16 be posted by electronic means.

17 (9) Farm labor contractors. For purposes of this Act,
18 "farm labor contractor" means: (i) any person who for a
19 fee or other valuable consideration recruits, supplies, or
20 hires, or transports in connection therewith, into or
21 within the State, any farmworker not of the contractor's
22 immediate family to work for, or under the direction,
23 supervision, or control of, a third person; or (ii) any
24 person who for a fee or other valuable consideration
25 recruits, supplies, or hires, or transports in connection
26 therewith, into or within the State, any farmworker not of

1 the contractor's immediate family, and who for a fee or
2 other valuable consideration directs, supervises, or
3 controls all or any part of the work of the farmworker or
4 who disburses wages to the farmworker. However, "farm
5 labor contractor" does not include full-time regular
6 employees of food processing companies when the employees
7 are engaged in recruiting for the companies if those
8 employees are not compensated according to the number of
9 farmworkers they recruit.

10 (10) Privately-operated job recruitment centers.

11 (11) Massage establishments. As used in this Act,
12 "massage establishment" means a place of business in which
13 any method of massage therapy is administered or practiced
14 for compensation. "Massage establishment" does not
15 include: an establishment at which persons licensed under
16 the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Illinois Physical
17 Therapy Act, or the Naprapathic Practice Act engage in
18 practice under one of those Acts; a business owned by a
19 sole licensed massage therapist; or a cosmetology or
20 esthetics salon registered under the Barber, Cosmetology,
21 Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and Nail Technology Act of 1985.

22 (b) The Department of Transportation shall, upon the
23 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of
24 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of
25 this Act in a conspicuous place near the public entrance of
26 each roadside rest area or in another conspicuous location in

1 clear view of the public and employees where similar notices
2 are customarily posted.

3 (c) The owner of a hotel or motel shall, upon the
4 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of
5 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of
6 this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the
7 premises in clear view of the employees where similar notices
8 are customarily posted.

9 (d) The organizer of a public gathering or special event
10 that is conducted on property open to the public and requires
11 the issuance of a permit from the unit of local government
12 shall post a notice that complies with the requirements of
13 this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the
14 premises in clear view of the public and employees where
15 similar notices are customarily posted.

16 (e) The administrator of a public or private elementary
17 school or public or private secondary school shall post a
18 printout of the downloadable notice provided by the Department
19 of Human Services under Section 15 that complies with the
20 requirements of this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place
21 chosen by the administrator in the administrative office or
22 another location in view of school employees. School districts
23 and personnel are not subject to the penalties provided under
24 subsection (a) of Section 20.

25 (f) The owner of an establishment registered under the
26 Tattoo and Body Piercing Establishment Registration Act shall

1 post a notice that complies with the requirements of this Act
2 in a conspicuous and accessible place in clear view of
3 establishment employees.

4 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16; 99-565, eff. 7-1-17;
5 100-671, eff. 1-1-19.)

6 (775 ILCS 50/10)

7 Sec. 10. Form of posted notice.

8 (a) The notice required under this Act shall be at least 8
9 1/2 inches by 11 inches in size, written in a 16-point font,
10 except that when the notice is provided by electronic means
11 the size of the notice and font shall not be required to comply
12 with these specifications, and shall state the following:

13 "If you or someone you know is being forced to engage in any
14 activity and cannot leave, whether it is commercial sex,
15 housework, farm work, construction, factory, retail, or
16 restaurant work, or any other activity, call the National
17 Human Trafficking Resource Center at 1-888-373-7888 to access
18 help and services.

19 Victims of slavery and human trafficking are protected under
20 United States and Illinois law. The hotline is:

21 * Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

22 * Toll-free.

23 * Operated by nonprofit nongovernmental organizations.

- 1 * Anonymous and confidential.
- 2 * Accessible in more than 160 languages.
- 3 * Able to provide help, referral to services,
- 4 training, and general information."

5 (b) The notice shall be printed in English, Spanish, and
6 in one other language that is the most widely spoken language
7 in the county where the establishment is located and for which
8 translation is mandated by the federal Voting Rights Act, as
9 applicable. This subsection does not require a business or
10 other establishment in a county where a language other than
11 English or Spanish is the most widely spoken language to print
12 the notice in more than one language in addition to English and
13 Spanish.

14 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16.)

15 Article 20.

16 Section 20-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is
17 amended by adding Section 8d as follows:

18 (110 ILCS 330/8d new)

19 Sec. 8d. N95 masks. The University of Illinois Hospital
20 shall provide N95 masks to physicians licensed under the
21 Medical Practice Act of 1987, registered nurses and advanced
22 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing

1 Act, and other employees, to the extent the hospital
2 determines that the physician, registered nurse, advanced
3 practice registered nurse, or other employee is required to
4 have such a mask to serve patients of the hospital, in
5 accordance with the policies, guidance, and recommendations of
6 State and federal public health and infection control
7 authorities and taking into consideration the limitations on
8 access to N95 masks caused by disruptions in local, State,
9 national, and international supply chains; however, nothing in
10 this Section shall be construed to impose any new duty or
11 obligation on the hospital that is greater than that imposed
12 under State and federal laws in effect on the effective date of
13 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. This
14 Section is repealed on December 31, 2021.

15 Section 20-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
16 adding Section 6.28 as follows:

17 (210 ILCS 85/6.28 new)

18 Sec. 6.28. N95 masks. A hospital licensed under this Act
19 shall provide N95 masks to physicians licensed under the
20 Medical Practice Act of 1987, registered nurses and advanced
21 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing
22 Act, and other employees, to the extent the hospital
23 determines that the physician, registered nurse, advanced
24 practice registered nurse, or other employee is required to

1 have such a mask to serve patients of the hospital, in
2 accordance with the policies, guidance, and recommendations of
3 State and federal public health and infection control
4 authorities and taking into consideration the limitations on
5 access to N95 masks caused by disruptions in local, State,
6 national, and international supply chains; however, nothing in
7 this Section shall be construed to impose any new duty or
8 obligation on the hospital that is greater than that imposed
9 under State and federal laws in effect on the effective date of
10 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. This
11 Section is repealed on December 31, 2021.

12 Article 35.

13 Section 35-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
14 changing Section 5-5.05 as follows:

15 (305 ILCS 5/5-5.05)

16 Sec. 5-5.05. Hospitals; psychiatric services.

17 (a) On and after July 1, 2008, the inpatient, per diem rate
18 to be paid to a hospital for inpatient psychiatric services
19 shall be \$363.77.

20 (b) For purposes of this Section, "hospital" means the
21 following:

22 (1) Advocate Christ Hospital, Oak Lawn, Illinois.

23 (2) Barnes-Jewish Hospital, St. Louis, Missouri.

- 1 (3) BroMenn Healthcare, Bloomington, Illinois.
- 2 (4) Jackson Park Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.
- 3 (5) Katherine Shaw Bethea Hospital, Dixon, Illinois.
- 4 (6) Lawrence County Memorial Hospital, Lawrenceville,
5 Illinois.
- 6 (7) Advocate Lutheran General Hospital, Park Ridge,
7 Illinois.
- 8 (8) Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, Chicago,
9 Illinois.
- 10 (9) Methodist Medical Center of Illinois, Peoria,
11 Illinois.
- 12 (10) Provena United Samaritans Medical Center,
13 Danville, Illinois.
- 14 (11) Rockford Memorial Hospital, Rockford, Illinois.
- 15 (12) Sarah Bush Lincoln Health Center, Mattoon,
16 Illinois.
- 17 (13) Provena Covenant Medical Center, Urbana,
18 Illinois.
- 19 (14) Rush-Presbyterian-St. Luke's Medical Center,
20 Chicago, Illinois.
- 21 (15) Mt. Sinai Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.
- 22 (16) Gateway Regional Medical Center, Granite City,
23 Illinois.
- 24 (17) St. Mary of Nazareth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.
- 25 (18) Provena St. Mary's Hospital, Kankakee, Illinois.
- 26 (19) St. Mary's Hospital, Decatur, Illinois.

- 1 (20) Memorial Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.
- 2 (21) Swedish Covenant Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.
- 3 (22) Trinity Medical Center, Rock Island, Illinois.
- 4 (23) St. Elizabeth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.
- 5 (24) Richland Memorial Hospital, Olney, Illinois.
- 6 (25) St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.
- 7 (26) Samaritan Health System, Clinton, Iowa.
- 8 (27) St. John's Hospital, Springfield, Illinois.
- 9 (28) St. Mary's Hospital, Centralia, Illinois.
- 10 (29) Loretto Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.
- 11 (30) Kenneth Hall Regional Hospital, East St. Louis,
12 Illinois.
- 13 (31) Hinsdale Hospital, Hinsdale, Illinois.
- 14 (32) Pekin Hospital, Pekin, Illinois.
- 15 (33) University of Chicago Medical Center, Chicago,
16 Illinois.
- 17 (34) St. Anthony's Health Center, Alton, Illinois.
- 18 (35) OSF St. Francis Medical Center, Peoria, Illinois.
- 19 (36) Memorial Medical Center, Springfield, Illinois.
- 20 (37) A hospital with a distinct part unit for
21 psychiatric services that begins operating on or after
22 July 1, 2008.

23 For purposes of this Section, "inpatient psychiatric
24 services" means those services provided to patients who are in
25 need of short-term acute inpatient hospitalization for active
26 treatment of an emotional or mental disorder.

1 (b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section,
2 the inpatient, per diem rate to be paid to all safety-net
3 hospitals for inpatient psychiatric services on and after
4 January 1, 2021 shall be at least \$630.

5 (c) No rules shall be promulgated to implement this
6 Section. For purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the
7 meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois
8 Administrative Procedure Act.

9 (d) This Section shall not be in effect during any period
10 of time that the State has in place a fully operational
11 hospital assessment plan that has been approved by the Centers
12 for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of
13 Health and Human Services.

14 (e) On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce
15 any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or
16 alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any
17 rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in
18 accordance with Section 5-5e.

19 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12.)

20 Title IV. Medical Implicit Bias

21 Article 45.

22 Section 45-5. The Department of Professional Regulation
23 Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by

1 adding Section 2105-15.7 as follows:

2 (20 ILCS 2105/2105-15.7 new)

3 Sec. 2105-15.7. Implicit bias awareness training.

4 (a) As used in this Section, "health care professional"
5 means a person licensed or registered by the Department of
6 Financial and Professional Regulation under the following
7 Acts: Medical Practice Act of 1987, Nurse Practice Act,
8 Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, Illinois Dental Practice
9 Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987, Pharmacy
10 Practice Act, Illinois Physical Therapy Act, Physician
11 Assistant Practice Act of 1987, Acupuncture Practice Act,
12 Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act, Clinical Social Work
13 and Social Work Practice Act, Dietitian Nutritionist Practice
14 Act, Home Medical Equipment and Services Provider License Act,
15 Naprapathic Practice Act, Nursing Home Administrators
16 Licensing and Disciplinary Act, Illinois Occupational Therapy
17 Practice Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987,
18 Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987, Respiratory Care
19 Practice Act, Professional Counselor and Clinical Professional
20 Counselor Licensing and Practice Act, Sex Offender Evaluation
21 and Treatment Provider Act, Illinois Speech-Language Pathology
22 and Audiology Practice Act, Perfusionist Practice Act,
23 Registered Surgical Assistant and Registered Surgical
24 Technologist Title Protection Act, and Genetic Counselor
25 Licensing Act.

1 (b) For license or registration renewals occurring on or
2 after January 1, 2022, a health care professional who has
3 continuing education requirements must complete at least a
4 one-hour course in training on implicit bias awareness per
5 renewal period. A health care professional may count this one
6 hour for completion of this course toward meeting the minimum
7 credit hours required for continuing education. Any training
8 on implicit bias awareness applied to meet any other State
9 licensure requirement, professional accreditation or
10 certification requirement, or health care institutional
11 practice agreement may count toward the one-hour requirement
12 under this Section.

13 (c) The Department may adopt rules for the implementation
14 of this Section.

15 Title V. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Treatment

16 Article 50.

17 Section 50-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
18 amended by changing Section 414 as follows:

19 (720 ILCS 570/414)

20 Sec. 414. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

21 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a
22 controlled substance-induced physiological event that results

1 in a life-threatening emergency to the individual who
2 ingested, inhaled, injected or otherwise bodily absorbed a
3 controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike substance or a
4 controlled substance analog.

5 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks or obtains
6 emergency medical assistance for someone experiencing an
7 overdose shall not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a
8 violation of Section 401 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled
9 Substances Act, Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control
10 Act, Section 55 or 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and
11 Community Protection Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code
12 of 2012, or paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05
13 of the Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony possession of a~~
14 ~~controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike substance or a~~
15 ~~controlled substance analog~~ if evidence for the violation
16 ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was acquired as a result of
17 the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance
18 and providing the amount of substance recovered is within the
19 amount identified in subsection (d) of this Section. The
20 violations listed in this subsection (b) must not serve as the
21 sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised
22 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure
23 of property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture
24 so long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a
25 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
26 assistance in the event of an overdose.

1 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be
2 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section
3 401 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section
4 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of
5 the Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph (1) of subsection (g)
6 of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony~~
7 ~~possession of a controlled, counterfeit, or look alike~~
8 ~~substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if evidence for the
9 violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was acquired as a
10 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
11 assistance and providing the amount of substance recovered is
12 within the amount identified in subsection (d) of this
13 Section. The violations listed in this subsection (c) must not
14 serve as the sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory
15 supervised release, probation, or conditional discharge, or
16 any seizure of property under any State law authorizing civil
17 forfeiture so long as the evidence for the violation was
18 acquired as a result of the person seeking or obtaining
19 emergency medical assistance in the event of an overdose.

20 (d) For the purposes of subsections (b) and (c), the
21 limited immunity shall only apply to a person possessing the
22 following amount:

23 (1) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
24 heroin;

25 (2) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
26 cocaine;

1 (3) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
2 morphine;

3 (4) less than 40 grams of a substance containing
4 peyote;

5 (5) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a
6 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a
7 derivative of barbituric acid;

8 (6) less than 40 grams of a substance containing
9 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of
10 amphetamine;

11 (7) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
12 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

13 (8) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
14 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
15 isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;

16 (9) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
17 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
18 isomers of methaqualone;

19 (10) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
20 phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
21 isomers of phencyclidine (PCP);

22 (11) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
23 ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers
24 of ketamine;

25 (12) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a
26 substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedules I or

1 II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included
2 in this subsection.

3 (e) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and
4 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement
5 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,
6 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this
7 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or
8 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or
9 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or
10 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical
11 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of
12 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in
13 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the
14 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the
15 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other
16 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other
17 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a
18 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
19 assistance in the event of an overdose.

20 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

21 Section 50-10. The Methamphetamine Control and Community
22 Protection Act is amended by changing Section 115 as follows:

23 (720 ILCS 646/115)

24 Sec. 115. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

1 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a
2 methamphetamine-induced physiological event that results in a
3 life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,
4 inhaled, injected, or otherwise bodily absorbed
5 methamphetamine.

6 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks emergency medical
7 assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall not be
8 arrested, charged or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55
9 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia
10 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or
11 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the
12 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~
13 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the violation ~~Class 3 felony~~
14 ~~possession charge~~ was acquired as a result of the person
15 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance and
16 providing the amount of substance recovered is less than 3
17 grams ~~one gram~~ of methamphetamine or a substance containing
18 methamphetamine. The violations listed in this subsection (b)
19 must not serve as the sole basis of a violation of parole,
20 mandatory supervised release, probation, or conditional
21 discharge, or any seizure of property under any State law
22 authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence for the
23 violation was acquired as a result of the person seeking or
24 obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event of an
25 overdose.

26 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be

1 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55
2 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia
3 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or
4 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the
5 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~
6 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the Class 3 felony possession
7 charge was acquired as a result of the person seeking or
8 obtaining emergency medical assistance and providing the
9 amount of substance recovered is less than one gram of
10 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine. The
11 violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as the
12 sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised
13 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure
14 of property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture
15 so long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a
16 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
17 assistance in the event of an overdose.

18 (d) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and
19 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement
20 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,
21 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this
22 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or
23 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or
24 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or
25 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical
26 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of

1 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in
2 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the
3 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the
4 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other
5 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other
6 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a
7 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
8 assistance in the event of an overdose.

9 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

10 Article 55.

11 Section 55-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
12 amended by changing Section 316 as follows:

13 (720 ILCS 570/316)

14 Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

15 (a) The Department must provide for a Prescription
16 Monitoring Program for Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled
17 substances that includes the following components and
18 requirements:

19 (1) The dispenser must transmit to the central
20 repository, in a form and manner specified by the
21 Department, the following information:

22 (A) The recipient's name and address.

23 (B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

1 (C) The national drug code number of the
2 controlled substance dispensed.

3 (D) The date the controlled substance is
4 dispensed.

5 (E) The quantity of the controlled substance
6 dispensed and days supply.

7 (F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement
8 Administration registration number.

9 (G) The prescriber's United States Drug
10 Enforcement Administration registration number.

11 (H) The dates the controlled substance
12 prescription is filled.

13 (I) The payment type used to purchase the
14 controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party
15 insurance).

16 (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing
17 home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances
18 other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

19 (K) Any additional information that may be
20 required by the department by administrative rule,
21 including but not limited to information required for
22 compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting
23 of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or
24 its successor.

25 (2) The information required to be transmitted under
26 this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of

1 the next business day after the date on which a controlled
2 substance is dispensed, or at such other time as may be
3 required by the Department by administrative rule.

4 (3) A dispenser must transmit the information required
5 under this Section by:

6 (A) an electronic device compatible with the
7 receiving device of the central repository;

8 (B) a computer diskette;

9 (C) a magnetic tape; or

10 (D) a pharmacy universal claim form or Pharmacy
11 Inventory Control form.

12 (3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)
13 of this subsection (a) also apply to opioid treatment
14 programs that prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V
15 controlled substances for the treatment of opioid use
16 disorder.

17 (4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to
18 \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled
19 substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring
20 Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the
21 number of days from the time the report was required to be
22 made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be
23 payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

24 (a-5) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a licensed
25 veterinarian is exempt from the reporting requirements of this
26 Section. If a person who is presenting an animal for treatment

1 is suspected of fraudulently obtaining any controlled
2 substance or prescription for a controlled substance, the
3 licensed veterinarian shall report that information to the
4 local law enforcement agency.

5 (b) The Department, by rule, may include in the
6 Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs
7 that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The
8 Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled
9 substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

10 (c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled
11 substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used
12 as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term
13 care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372.
14 Long-term care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication
15 profiles to the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or
16 more frequently as established by administrative rule.

17 (d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a
18 full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring
19 Program.

20 (e) (Blank).

21 (f) Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date
22 of Public Act 100-564), the Department shall adopt rules
23 requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface
24 with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program
25 on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have
26 access to specific patient records during the treatment of

1 their patients. These rules shall also address the electronic
2 integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription
3 Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the
4 information required under this Section. The Department shall
5 establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic
6 Health Records System does not effectively interface with the
7 Prescription Monitoring Program within the required timeline.

8 (g) The Department, in consultation with the Advisory
9 Committee, shall adopt rules allowing licensed prescribers or
10 pharmacists who have registered to access the Prescription
11 Monitoring Program to authorize a licensed or non-licensed
12 designee employed in that licensed prescriber's office or a
13 licensed designee in a licensed pharmacist's pharmacy who has
14 received training in the federal Health Insurance Portability
15 and Accountability Act to consult the Prescription Monitoring
16 Program on their behalf. The rules shall include reasonable
17 parameters concerning a practitioner's authority to authorize
18 a designee, and the eligibility of a person to be selected as a
19 designee. In this subsection (g), "pharmacist" shall include a
20 clinical pharmacist employed by and designated by a Medicaid
21 Managed Care Organization providing services under Article V
22 of the Illinois Public Aid Code under a contract with the
23 Department of Healthcare and Family Services for the sole
24 purpose of clinical review of services provided to persons
25 covered by the entity under the contract to determine
26 compliance with subsections (a) and (b) of Section 314.5 of

1 this Act. A managed care entity pharmacist shall notify
2 prescribers of review activities.

3 (Source: P.A. 100-564, eff. 1-1-18; 100-861, eff. 8-14-18;
4 100-1005, eff. 8-21-18; 100-1093, eff. 8-26-18; 101-81, eff.
5 7-12-19; 101-414, eff. 8-16-19.)

6 Article 60.

7 Section 60-5. The Adult Protective Services Act is amended
8 by adding Section 3.1 as follows:

9 (320 ILCS 20/3.1 new)

10 Sec. 3.1. Adult protective services dementia training.

11 (a) This Section shall apply to any person who is employed
12 by the Department in the Adult Protective Services division
13 who works on the development and implementation of social
14 services to respond to and prevent adult abuse, neglect, or
15 exploitation, subject to or until specific appropriations
16 become available.

17 (b) The Department shall develop and implement a dementia
18 training program that must include instruction on the
19 identification of people with dementia, risks such as
20 wandering, communication impairments, elder abuse, and the
21 best practices for interacting with people with dementia.

22 (c) Initial training of 4 hours shall be completed at the
23 start of employment with the Adult Protective Services

1 division and shall cover the following:

2 (1) Dementia, psychiatric, and behavioral symptoms.

3 (2) Communication issues, including how to communicate
4 respectfully and effectively.

5 (3) Techniques for understanding and approaching
6 behavioral symptoms.

7 (4) Information on how to address specific aspects of
8 safety, for example tips to prevent wandering.

9 (5) When it is necessary to alert law enforcement
10 agencies of potential criminal behavior involving a family
11 member, caretaker, or institutional abuse; neglect or
12 exploitation of a person with dementia; and what types of
13 abuse that are most common to people with dementia.

14 (6) Identifying incidents of self-neglect for people
15 with dementia who live alone as well as neglect by a
16 caregiver.

17 (7) Protocols for connecting people living with
18 dementia to local care resources and professionals who are
19 skilled in dementia care to encourage cross-referral and
20 reporting regarding incidents of abuse.

21 (d) Annual continuing education shall include 2 hours of
22 dementia training covering the subjects described in
23 subsection (c).

24 (e) This Section is designed to address gaps in current
25 dementia training requirements for Adult Protective Services
26 officials and improve the quality of training. If currently

1 existing law or rules contain more rigorous training
2 requirements for Adult Protective Service officials, those
3 laws or rules shall apply. Where there is overlap between this
4 Section and other laws and rules, the Department shall
5 interpret this Section to avoid duplication of requirements
6 while ensuring that the minimum requirements set in this
7 Section are met.

8 (f) The Department may adopt rules for the administration
9 of this Section.

10 Article 65.

11 Section 65-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
12 the Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of Illinois
13 Act. References in this Article to "this Act" mean this
14 Article.

15 Section 65-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds as
16 follows:

17 (1) There are insufficient behavioral health
18 professionals in this State's behavioral health workforce
19 and further that there are insufficient behavioral health
20 professionals trained in evidence-based practices.

21 (2) The Illinois behavioral health workforce situation
22 is at a crisis state and the lack of a behavioral health
23 strategy is exacerbating the problem.

1 (3) In 2019, the Journal of Community Health found
2 that suicide rates are disproportionately higher among
3 African American adolescents. From 2001 to 2017, the rate
4 for African American teen boys rose 60%, according to the
5 study. Among African American teen girls, rates nearly
6 tripled, rising by an astounding 182%. Illinois was among
7 the 10 states with the greatest number of African American
8 adolescent suicides (2015-2017).

9 (4) Workforce shortages are evident in all behavioral
10 health professions, including, but not limited to,
11 psychiatry, psychiatric nursing, psychiatric physician
12 assistant, social work (licensed social work, licensed
13 clinical social work), counseling (licensed professional
14 counseling, licensed clinical professional counseling),
15 marriage and family therapy, licensed clinical psychology,
16 occupational therapy, prevention, substance use disorder
17 counseling, and peer support.

18 (5) The shortage of behavioral health practitioners
19 affects every Illinois county, every group of people with
20 behavioral health needs, including children and
21 adolescents, justice-involved populations, working
22 adults, people experiencing homelessness, veterans, and
23 older adults, and every health care and social service
24 setting, from residential facilities and hospitals to
25 community-based organizations and primary care clinics.

26 (6) Estimates of unmet needs consistently highlight

1 the dire situation in Illinois. Mental Health America
2 ranks Illinois 29th in the country in mental health
3 workforce availability based on its 480-to-1 ratio of
4 population to mental health professionals, and the Kaiser
5 Family Foundation estimates that only 23.3% of
6 Illinoisans' mental health needs can be met with its
7 current workforce.

8 (7) Shortages are especially acute in rural areas and
9 among low-income and under-insured individuals and
10 families. 30.3% of Illinois' rural hospitals are in
11 designated primary care shortage areas and 93.7% are in
12 designated mental health shortage areas. Nationally, 40%
13 of psychiatrists work in cash-only practices, limiting
14 access for those who cannot afford high out-of-pocket
15 costs, especially Medicaid eligible individuals and
16 families.

17 (8) Spanish-speaking therapists in suburban Cook
18 County, as well as in immigrant new growth communities
19 throughout the State, for example, and master's-prepared
20 social workers in rural communities are especially
21 difficult to recruit and retain.

22 (9) Illinois' shortage of psychiatrists specializing
23 in serving children and adolescents is also severe.
24 Eighty-one out of 102 Illinois counties have no child and
25 adolescent psychiatrists, and the remaining 21 counties
26 have only 310 child and adolescent psychiatrists for a

1 population of 2,450,000 children.

2 (10) Only 38.9% of the 121,000 Illinois youth aged 12
3 through 17 who experienced a major depressive episode
4 received care.

5 (11) An annual average of 799,000 people in Illinois
6 aged 12 and older need but do not receive substance use
7 disorder treatment at specialty facilities.

8 (12) According to the Statewide Semiannual Opioid
9 Report, Illinois Department of Public Health, September
10 2020, the number of opioid deaths in Illinois has
11 increased 3% from 2,167 deaths in 2018 to 2,233 deaths in
12 2019.

13 (13) Behavioral health workforce shortages have led to
14 well-documented problems of long wait times for
15 appointments with psychiatrists (4 to 6 months in some
16 cases), high turnover, and unfilled vacancies for social
17 workers and other behavioral health professionals that
18 have eroded the gains in insurance coverage for mental
19 illness and substance use disorder under the federal
20 Affordable Care Act and parity laws.

21 (14) As a result, individuals with mental illness or
22 substance use disorders end up in hospital emergency
23 rooms, which are the most expensive level of care, or are
24 incarcerated and do not receive adequate care, if any.

25 (15) There are many organizations and institutions
26 that are affected by behavioral health workforce

1 shortages, but no one entity is responsible for monitoring
2 the workforce supply and intervening to ensure it can
3 effectively meet behavioral health needs throughout the
4 State.

5 (16) Workforce shortages are more complex than simple
6 numerical shortfalls. Identifying the optimal number,
7 type, and location of behavioral health professionals to
8 meet the differing needs of Illinois' diverse regions and
9 populations across the lifespan is a difficult logistical
10 problem at the system and practice level that requires
11 coordinated efforts in research, education, service
12 delivery, and policy.

13 (17) This State has a compelling and substantial
14 interest in building a pipeline for behavioral health
15 professionals and to anchor research and education for
16 behavioral health workforce development. Beginning with
17 the proposed Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center
18 of Illinois, Illinois has the chance to develop a
19 blueprint to be a national leader in behavioral health
20 workforce development.

21 (18) The State must act now to improve the ability of
22 its residents to achieve their human potential and to live
23 healthy, productive lives by reducing the misery and
24 suffering with unmet behavioral health needs.

25 Section 65-10. Behavioral Health Workforce Education

1 Center of Illinois.

2 (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
3 Illinois is created and shall be administered by a teaching,
4 research, or both teaching and research public institution of
5 higher education in this State. Subject to appropriation, the
6 Center shall be operational on or before July 1, 2022.

7 (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
8 Illinois shall leverage workforce and behavioral health
9 resources, including, but not limited to, State, federal, and
10 foundation grant funding, federal Workforce Investment Act of
11 1998 programs, the National Health Service Corps and other
12 nongraduate medical education physician workforce training
13 programs, and existing behavioral health partnerships, and
14 align with reforms in Illinois.

15 Section 65-15. Structure.

16 (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
17 Illinois shall be structured as a multisite model, and the
18 administering public institution of higher education shall
19 serve as the hub institution, complemented by secondary
20 regional hubs, namely academic institutions, that serve rural
21 and small urban areas and at least one academic institution
22 serving a densely urban municipality with more than 1,000,000
23 inhabitants.

24 (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
25 Illinois shall be located within one academic institution and

1 shall be tasked with a convening and coordinating role for
2 workforce research and planning, including monitoring progress
3 toward Center goals.

4 (c) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
5 Illinois shall also coordinate with key State agencies
6 involved in behavioral health, workforce development, and
7 higher education in order to leverage disparate resources from
8 health care, workforce, and economic development programs in
9 Illinois government.

10 Section 65-20. Duties. The Behavioral Health Workforce
11 Education Center of Illinois shall perform the following
12 duties:

13 (1) Organize a consortium of universities in
14 partnerships with providers, school districts, law
15 enforcement, consumers and their families, State agencies,
16 and other stakeholders to implement workforce development
17 concepts and strategies in every region of this State.

18 (2) Be responsible for developing and implementing a
19 strategic plan for the recruitment, education, and
20 retention of a qualified, diverse, and evolving behavioral
21 health workforce in this State. Its planning and
22 activities shall include:

23 (A) convening and organizing vested stakeholders
24 spanning government agencies, clinics, behavioral
25 health facilities, prevention programs, hospitals,

1 schools, jails, prisons and juvenile justice, police
2 and emergency medical services, consumers and their
3 families, and other stakeholders;

4 (B) collecting and analyzing data on the
5 behavioral health workforce in Illinois, with detailed
6 information on specialties, credentials, additional
7 qualifications (such as training or experience in
8 particular models of care), location of practice, and
9 demographic characteristics, including age, gender,
10 race and ethnicity, and languages spoken;

11 (C) building partnerships with school districts,
12 public institutions of higher education, and workforce
13 investment agencies to create pipelines to behavioral
14 health careers from high schools and colleges,
15 pathways to behavioral health specialization among
16 health professional students, and expanded behavioral
17 health residency and internship opportunities for
18 graduates;

19 (D) evaluating and disseminating information about
20 evidence-based practices emerging from research
21 regarding promising modalities of treatment, care
22 coordination models, and medications;

23 (E) developing systems for tracking the
24 utilization of evidence-based practices that most
25 effectively meet behavioral health needs; and

26 (F) providing technical assistance to support

1 professional training and continuing education
2 programs that provide effective training in
3 evidence-based behavioral health practices.

4 (3) Coordinate data collection and analysis, including
5 systematic tracking of the behavioral health workforce and
6 datasets that support workforce planning for an
7 accessible, high-quality behavioral health system. In the
8 medium to long-term, the Center shall develop Illinois
9 behavioral workforce data capacity by:

10 (A) filling gaps in workforce data by collecting
11 information on specialty, training, and qualifications
12 for specific models of care, demographic
13 characteristics, including gender, race, ethnicity,
14 and languages spoken, and participation in public and
15 private insurance networks;

16 (B) identifying the highest priority geographies,
17 populations, and occupations for recruitment and
18 training;

19 (C) monitoring the incidence of behavioral health
20 conditions to improve estimates of unmet need; and

21 (D) compiling up-to-date, evidence-based
22 practices, monitoring utilization, and aligning
23 training resources to improve the uptake of the most
24 effective practices.

25 (4) Work to grow and advance peer and parent-peer
26 workforce development by:

1 (A) assessing the credentialing and reimbursement
2 processes and recommending reforms;

3 (B) evaluating available peer-parent training
4 models, choosing a model that meets Illinois' needs,
5 and working with partners to implement it universally
6 in child-serving programs throughout this State; and

7 (C) including peer recovery specialists and
8 parent-peer support professionals in interdisciplinary
9 training programs.

10 (5) Focus on the training of behavioral health
11 professionals in telehealth techniques, including taking
12 advantage of a telehealth network that exists, and other
13 innovative means of care delivery in order to increase
14 access to behavioral health services for all persons
15 within this State.

16 (6) No later than December 1 of every odd-numbered
17 year, prepare a report of its activities under this Act.
18 The report shall be filed electronically with the General
19 Assembly, as provided under Section 3.1 of the General
20 Assembly Organization Act, and shall be provided
21 electronically to any member of the General Assembly upon
22 request.

23 Section 65-25. Selection process.

24 (a) No later than 90 days after the effective date of this
25 Act, the Board of Higher Education shall select a public

1 institution of higher education, with input and assistance
2 from the Division of Mental Health of the Department of Human
3 Services, to administer the Behavioral Health Workforce
4 Education Center of Illinois.

5 (b) The selection process shall articulate the principles
6 of the Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
7 Illinois, not inconsistent with this Act.

8 (c) The Board of Higher Education, with input and
9 assistance from the Division of Mental Health of the
10 Department of Human Services, shall make its selection of a
11 public institution of higher education based on its ability
12 and willingness to execute the following tasks:

13 (1) Convening academic institutions providing
14 behavioral health education to:

15 (A) develop curricula to train future behavioral
16 health professionals in evidence-based practices that
17 meet the most urgent needs of Illinois' residents;

18 (B) build capacity to provide clinical training
19 and supervision; and

20 (C) facilitate telehealth services to every region
21 of the State.

22 (2) Functioning as a clearinghouse for research,
23 education, and training efforts to identify and
24 disseminate evidence-based practices across the State.

25 (3) Leveraging financial support from grants and
26 social impact loan funds.

1 (4) Providing infrastructure to organize regional
2 behavioral health education and outreach. As budgets
3 allow, this shall include conference and training space,
4 research and faculty staff time, telehealth, and distance
5 learning equipment.

6 (5) Working with regional hubs that assess and serve
7 the workforce needs of specific, well-defined regions and
8 specialize in specific research and training areas, such
9 as telehealth or mental health-criminal justice
10 partnerships, for which the regional hub can serve as a
11 statewide leader.

12 (d) The Board of Higher Education may adopt such rules as
13 may be necessary to implement and administer this Section.

14 Title VI. Access to Health Care

15 Article 70.

16 Section 70-5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing
17 Section 3-10 as follows:

18 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

19 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
20 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
21 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of
22 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property

1 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that
2 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling
3 price of the property. In all cases where property
4 functionally used or consumed is a by-product or waste product
5 that has been refined, manufactured, or produced from property
6 purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of
7 the fair market value, if any, of the specific property so used
8 in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased
9 at retail. For purposes of this Section "fair market value"
10 means the price at which property would change hands between a
11 willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any
12 compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge
13 of the relevant facts. The fair market value shall be
14 established by Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same
15 property as that functionally used or consumed, or if there
16 are no such sales by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or
17 purchases of property of like kind and character in Illinois.

18 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
19 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
20 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
21 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

22 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
23 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of
24 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

25 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act
26 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after

1 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the
2 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
3 before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales
4 made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this
5 Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then
6 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of
7 sales of gasohol made during that time.

8 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax
9 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales
10 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
11 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made
12 thereafter.

13 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and
14 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies
15 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,
16 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the
17 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
18 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no
19 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the
20 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%
21 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than
22 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

23 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with
24 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
25 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
26 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but

1 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

2 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
3 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
4 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
5 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
6 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription
7 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as
8 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
9 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to
10 a prescription, as well as any accessories and components
11 related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for
12 the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a
13 disability, and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials,
14 syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use,~~
15 the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this
16 Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means
17 any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink,
18 whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda
19 water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water,
20 and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of
21 whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed
22 or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of
23 size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
24 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
25 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
26 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable

1 juice.

2 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
3 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
4 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
5 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
6 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
7 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

8 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
9 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
10 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
11 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
12 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
13 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
14 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
15 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
16 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
17 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
18 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
19 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
21 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
22 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
23 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
24 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
25 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or
26 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or

1 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
2 flour or requires refrigeration.

3 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
4 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
5 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
6 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
7 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
8 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
9 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
10 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
11 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
12 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
13 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
14 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
15 label includes:

- 16 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or
17 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
18 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
19 substance or preparation.

20 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
21 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
22 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from
23 a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate
24 Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

25 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
26 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation

1 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
2 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
3 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

4 If the property that is purchased at retail from a
5 retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside
6 Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is
7 taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is
8 computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a
9 reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior
10 out-of-state use.

11 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
12 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

13 Section 70-10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by
14 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

15 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

16 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
17 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
18 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as
19 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of
20 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less
21 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

22 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
23 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
24 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of

1 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

2 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
3 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price
4 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
5 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%
6 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
7 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
8 July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter.
9 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
10 gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate
11 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
12 the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

13 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
14 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
15 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
16 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
17 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price
18 thereafter.

19 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use
20 Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel,
21 the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling
22 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
23 service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
24 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price
25 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
26 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with

1 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at
2 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
3 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
4 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

5 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
6 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
7 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
8 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price
9 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
10 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but
11 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

12 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
13 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
14 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
15 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
16 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
17 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the
18 aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of
19 service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the
20 serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property
21 transferred as an incident to the sale of those services.

22 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
23 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale
24 of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax
25 Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act,
26 the Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the

1 MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of
2 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be
3 imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is
4 to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
5 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
6 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
7 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
8 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
9 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III
10 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
11 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to
12 a prescription, as well as any accessories and components
13 related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for
14 the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a
15 disability, and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials,
16 syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~.
17 For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the
18 term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,
19 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but
20 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,
21 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as
22 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained
23 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container,
24 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee,
25 tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk
26 products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk

1 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit
2 or vegetable juice.

3 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
4 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
5 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
6 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
7 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
8 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

9 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
10 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
11 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
12 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
13 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
14 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
15 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
16 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
17 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
18 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
19 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
20 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
22 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
23 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
24 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
25 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
26 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or

1 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
2 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
3 flour or requires refrigeration.

4 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
5 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
6 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
7 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
8 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
9 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
10 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
11 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
12 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
13 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
14 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
15 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
16 label includes:

17 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

18 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
19 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
20 substance or preparation.

21 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
22 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
23 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
24 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
25 Cannabis Program Act.

26 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means

1 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
2 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
3 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
4 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

5 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is
6 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
7 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
8 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
9 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
10 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior
11 out-of-state use.

12 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
13 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

14 Section 70-15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended
15 by changing Section 3-10 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

17 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
18 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
19 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use
20 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of
21 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be
22 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible
23 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item
24 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a

1 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on
2 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the
3 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the
4 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the
5 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,
6 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and
7 produce special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed
8 by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of
9 the tangible personal property transferred incident to the
10 completion of the contract.

11 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
12 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
13 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
14 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

15 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
16 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost
17 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
18 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,
19 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an
20 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on
21 or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price
22 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
23 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at
24 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
25 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

26 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined

1 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
2 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
3 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
4 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price
5 thereafter.

6 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use
7 Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel,
8 the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling
9 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
10 service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
11 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price
12 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
13 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
14 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at
15 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
16 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
17 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

18 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
19 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
20 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax
21 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the
22 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the
23 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
24 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price
25 thereafter.

26 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each

1 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
2 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
3 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
4 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
5 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the
6 aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of
7 service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the
8 serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property
9 transferred incident to the sale of those services.

10 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
11 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale
12 of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax
13 Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act,
14 the Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the
15 MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of
16 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be
17 imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is
18 to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
19 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
20 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
21 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
22 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
23 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III
24 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
25 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to
26 a prescription, as well as any accessories and components

1 related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for
2 the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a
3 disability, and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials,
4 syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~.
5 For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the
6 term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,
7 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but
8 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,
9 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as
10 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained
11 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless
12 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
13 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
14 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
15 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
16 juice.

17 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
18 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
19 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
20 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
21 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
22 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

23 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
24 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
25 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
26 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and

1 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
2 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
3 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
4 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
5 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
6 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
7 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
8 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

9 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
10 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
11 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
12 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
13 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
14 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or
15 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
16 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
17 flour or requires refrigeration.

18 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
19 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
20 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
21 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
22 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
23 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
24 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
25 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
26 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of

1 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
2 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
3 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
4 label includes:

5 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

6 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
7 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
8 substance or preparation.

9 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
10 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
11 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
12 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
13 Cannabis Program Act.

14 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
15 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
16 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
17 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
18 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

19 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
20 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

21 Section 70-20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is
22 amended by changing Section 2-10 as follows:

23 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

24 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this

1 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
2 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made
3 in the course of business.

4 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
5 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
6 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
7 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

8 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
9 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of
10 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

11 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory
12 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel
13 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a
14 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device
15 that is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of
16 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has
17 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and
18 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump
19 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall
20 be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4
21 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to
22 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a
23 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty
24 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each
25 retail premises where a violation occurs.

26 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the

1 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of
2 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,
3 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July
4 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the
5 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
6 the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the
7 Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax
8 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of
9 gasohol made during that time.

10 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
11 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
12 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on
13 or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds
14 of sales made thereafter.

15 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use
16 Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel,
17 the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds
18 of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
19 December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made
20 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
21 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
22 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at
23 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
24 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
25 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

26 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax

1 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
2 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
3 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
4 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but
5 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

6 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
7 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
8 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
9 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
10 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription
11 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as
12 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
13 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to
14 a prescription, as well as any accessories and components
15 related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for
16 the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a
17 disability, and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials,
18 syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use,~~
19 the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this
20 Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means
21 any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink,
22 whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda
23 water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water,
24 and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of
25 whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed
26 or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of

1 size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
2 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
3 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
4 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
5 juice.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
8 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
9 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
10 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
11 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

12 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
13 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
14 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
15 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
16 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
17 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
18 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
19 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
20 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
21 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
22 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
23 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

24 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
25 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
26 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not

1 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
2 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
3 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or
4 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
5 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
6 flour or requires refrigeration.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
8 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
9 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
10 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
11 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
12 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
13 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
14 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
15 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
16 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
17 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
18 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
19 label includes:

20 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

21 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
22 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
23 substance or preparation.

24 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
25 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
26 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from

1 a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate
2 Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

3 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
4 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
5 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
6 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
7 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

8 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
9 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

10 Article 72.

11 Section 72-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
12 the Underlying Causes of Crime and Violence Study Act.

13 Section 72-5. Legislative findings. In the State of
14 Illinois, two-thirds of gun violence is related to suicide,
15 and one-third is related to homicide, claiming approximately
16 12,000 lives a year. Violence has plagued communities,
17 predominantly poor and distressed communities in urban
18 settings, which have always treated violence as a criminal
19 justice issue, instead of a public health issue. On February
20 21, 2018, Pastor Anthony Williams was informed that his son,
21 Nehemiah William, had been shot to death. Due to this
22 disheartening event, Pastor Anthony Williams reached out to
23 State Representative Elizabeth "Lisa" Hernandez, urging that

1 the issue of violence be treated as a disease. In 2018, elected
2 officials from all levels of government started a coalition to
3 address violence as a disease, with the assistance of
4 faith-based organizations, advocates, and community members
5 and held a statewide listening tour from August 2018 to April
6 2019. The listening tour consisted of stops on the South Side
7 and West Side of Chicago, Maywood, Springfield, and East St.
8 Louis, with a future scheduled visit in Danville. During the
9 statewide listening sessions, community members actively
10 discussed neighborhood safety, defining violence and how and
11 why violence occurs in their communities. The listening
12 sessions provided different solutions to address violence,
13 however, all sessions confirmed a disconnect from the
14 priorities of government and the needs of these communities.

15 Section 72-10. Study. The Department of Public Health and
16 the Department of Human Services shall study how to create a
17 process to identify high violence communities, also known as
18 R3 (Restore, Reinvest, and Renew) areas, and prioritize State
19 dollars to go to these communities to fund programs as well as
20 community and economic development projects that would address
21 the underlying causes of crime and violence.

22 Due to a variety of reasons, including in particular the
23 State's budget impasse, funds were unavailable to establish
24 such a comprehensive policy. Policies like R3 are needed in
25 order to provide communities that have historically suffered

1 from divestment, poverty, and incarceration with smart
2 solutions that can solve the plague of violence. It is clear
3 that violence is a public health problem that needs to be
4 treated as such, a disease. Research has shown that when
5 violence is treated in such a way, then its effects can be
6 slowed or even halted.

7 Section 72-15. Report. The Department of Public Health
8 and the Department of Human Services are required to report
9 their findings to the General Assembly by December 31, 2021.

10 Article 75.

11 Section 75-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
12 changing Section 9A-11 as follows:

13 (305 ILCS 5/9A-11) (from Ch. 23, par. 9A-11)

14 Sec. 9A-11. Child care.

15 (a) The General Assembly recognizes that families with
16 children need child care in order to work. Child care is
17 expensive and families with low incomes, including those who
18 are transitioning from welfare to work, often struggle to pay
19 the costs of day care. The General Assembly understands the
20 importance of helping low-income working families become and
21 remain self-sufficient. The General Assembly also believes
22 that it is the responsibility of families to share in the costs

1 of child care. It is also the preference of the General
2 Assembly that all working poor families should be treated
3 equally, regardless of their welfare status.

4 (b) To the extent resources permit, the Illinois
5 Department shall provide child care services to parents or
6 other relatives as defined by rule who are working or
7 participating in employment or Department approved education
8 or training programs. At a minimum, the Illinois Department
9 shall cover the following categories of families:

10 (1) recipients of TANF under Article IV participating
11 in work and training activities as specified in the
12 personal plan for employment and self-sufficiency;

13 (2) families transitioning from TANF to work;

14 (3) families at risk of becoming recipients of TANF;

15 (4) families with special needs as defined by rule;

16 (5) working families with very low incomes as defined
17 by rule;

18 (6) families that are not recipients of TANF and that
19 need child care assistance to participate in education and
20 training activities; and

21 (7) families with children under the age of 5 who have
22 an open intact family services case with the Department of
23 Children and Family Services. Any family that receives
24 child care assistance in accordance with this paragraph
25 shall remain eligible for child care assistance 6 months
26 after the child's intact family services case is closed,

1 regardless of whether the child's parents or other
2 relatives as defined by rule are working or participating
3 in Department approved employment or education or training
4 programs. The Department of Human Services, in
5 consultation with the Department of Children and Family
6 Services, shall adopt rules to protect the privacy of
7 families who are the subject of an open intact family
8 services case when such families enroll in child care
9 services. Additional rules shall be adopted to offer
10 children who have an open intact family services case the
11 opportunity to receive an Early Intervention screening and
12 other services that their families may be eligible for as
13 provided by the Department of Human Services.

14 The Department shall specify by rule the conditions of
15 eligibility, the application process, and the types, amounts,
16 and duration of services. Eligibility for child care benefits
17 and the amount of child care provided may vary based on family
18 size, income, and other factors as specified by rule.

19 The Department shall update the Child Care Assistance
20 Program Eligibility Calculator posted on its website to
21 include a question on whether a family is applying for child
22 care assistance for the first time or is applying for a
23 redetermination of eligibility.

24 A family's eligibility for child care services shall be
25 redetermined no sooner than 12 months following the initial
26 determination or most recent redetermination. During the

1 12-month periods, the family shall remain eligible for child
2 care services regardless of (i) a change in family income,
3 unless family income exceeds 85% of State median income, or
4 (ii) a temporary change in the ongoing status of the parents or
5 other relatives, as defined by rule, as working or attending a
6 job training or educational program.

7 In determining income eligibility for child care benefits,
8 the Department annually, at the beginning of each fiscal year,
9 shall establish, by rule, one income threshold for each family
10 size, in relation to percentage of State median income for a
11 family of that size, that makes families with incomes below
12 the specified threshold eligible for assistance and families
13 with incomes above the specified threshold ineligible for
14 assistance. Through and including fiscal year 2007, the
15 specified threshold must be no less than 50% of the
16 then-current State median income for each family size.
17 Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the specified threshold must be
18 no less than 185% of the then-current federal poverty level
19 for each family size. Notwithstanding any other provision of
20 law or administrative rule to the contrary, beginning in
21 fiscal year 2019, the specified threshold for working families
22 with very low incomes as defined by rule must be no less than
23 185% of the then-current federal poverty level for each family
24 size.

25 In determining eligibility for assistance, the Department
26 shall not give preference to any category of recipients or

1 give preference to individuals based on their receipt of
2 benefits under this Code.

3 Nothing in this Section shall be construed as conferring
4 entitlement status to eligible families.

5 The Illinois Department is authorized to lower income
6 eligibility ceilings, raise parent co-payments, create waiting
7 lists, or take such other actions during a fiscal year as are
8 necessary to ensure that child care benefits paid under this
9 Article do not exceed the amounts appropriated for those child
10 care benefits. These changes may be accomplished by emergency
11 rule under Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative
12 Procedure Act, except that the limitation on the number of
13 emergency rules that may be adopted in a 24-month period shall
14 not apply.

15 The Illinois Department may contract with other State
16 agencies or child care organizations for the administration of
17 child care services.

18 (c) Payment shall be made for child care that otherwise
19 meets the requirements of this Section and applicable
20 standards of State and local law and regulation, including any
21 requirements the Illinois Department promulgates by rule in
22 addition to the licensure requirements promulgated by the
23 Department of Children and Family Services and Fire Prevention
24 and Safety requirements promulgated by the Office of the State
25 Fire Marshal, and is provided in any of the following:

26 (1) a child care center which is licensed or exempt

1 from licensure pursuant to Section 2.09 of the Child Care
2 Act of 1969;

3 (2) a licensed child care home or home exempt from
4 licensing;

5 (3) a licensed group child care home;

6 (4) other types of child care, including child care
7 provided by relatives or persons living in the same home
8 as the child, as determined by the Illinois Department by
9 rule.

10 (c-5) Solely for the purposes of coverage under the
11 Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, child and day care home
12 providers, including licensed and license exempt,
13 participating in the Department's child care assistance
14 program shall be considered to be public employees and the
15 State of Illinois shall be considered to be their employer as
16 of January 1, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-320),
17 but not before. The State shall engage in collective
18 bargaining with an exclusive representative of child and day
19 care home providers participating in the child care assistance
20 program concerning their terms and conditions of employment
21 that are within the State's control. Nothing in this
22 subsection shall be understood to limit the right of families
23 receiving services defined in this Section to select child and
24 day care home providers or supervise them within the limits of
25 this Section. The State shall not be considered to be the
26 employer of child and day care home providers for any purposes

1 not specifically provided in Public Act 94-320, including, but
2 not limited to, purposes of vicarious liability in tort and
3 purposes of statutory retirement or health insurance benefits.
4 Child and day care home providers shall not be covered by the
5 State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971.

6 In according child and day care home providers and their
7 selected representative rights under the Illinois Public Labor
8 Relations Act, the State intends that the State action
9 exemption to application of federal and State antitrust laws
10 be fully available to the extent that their activities are
11 authorized by Public Act 94-320.

12 (d) The Illinois Department shall establish, by rule, a
13 co-payment scale that provides for cost sharing by families
14 that receive child care services, including parents whose only
15 income is from assistance under this Code. The co-payment
16 shall be based on family income and family size and may be
17 based on other factors as appropriate. Co-payments may be
18 waived for families whose incomes are at or below the federal
19 poverty level.

20 (d-5) The Illinois Department, in consultation with its
21 Child Care and Development Advisory Council, shall develop a
22 plan to revise the child care assistance program's co-payment
23 scale. The plan shall be completed no later than February 1,
24 2008, and shall include:

25 (1) findings as to the percentage of income that the
26 average American family spends on child care and the

1 relative amounts that low-income families and the average
2 American family spend on other necessities of life;

3 (2) recommendations for revising the child care
4 co-payment scale to assure that families receiving child
5 care services from the Department are paying no more than
6 they can reasonably afford;

7 (3) recommendations for revising the child care
8 co-payment scale to provide at-risk children with complete
9 access to Preschool for All and Head Start; and

10 (4) recommendations for changes in child care program
11 policies that affect the affordability of child care.

12 (e) (Blank).

13 (f) The Illinois Department shall, by rule, set rates to
14 be paid for the various types of child care. Child care may be
15 provided through one of the following methods:

16 (1) arranging the child care through eligible
17 providers by use of purchase of service contracts or
18 vouchers;

19 (2) arranging with other agencies and community
20 volunteer groups for non-reimbursed child care;

21 (3) (blank); or

22 (4) adopting such other arrangements as the Department
23 determines appropriate.

24 (f-1) Within 30 days after June 4, 2018 (the effective
25 date of Public Act 100-587), the Department of Human Services
26 shall establish rates for child care providers that are no

1 less than the rates in effect on January 1, 2018 increased by
2 4.26%.

3 (f-5) (Blank).

4 (g) Families eligible for assistance under this Section
5 shall be given the following options:

6 (1) receiving a child care certificate issued by the
7 Department or a subcontractor of the Department that may
8 be used by the parents as payment for child care and
9 development services only; or

10 (2) if space is available, enrolling the child with a
11 child care provider that has a purchase of service
12 contract with the Department or a subcontractor of the
13 Department for the provision of child care and development
14 services. The Department may identify particular priority
15 populations for whom they may request special
16 consideration by a provider with purchase of service
17 contracts, provided that the providers shall be permitted
18 to maintain a balance of clients in terms of household
19 incomes and families and children with special needs, as
20 defined by rule.

21 (Source: P.A. 100-387, eff. 8-25-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
22 100-860, eff. 2-14-19; 100-909, eff. 10-1-18; 100-916, eff.
23 8-17-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

24 Article 80.

1 Section 80-5. The Employee Sick Leave Act is amended by
2 changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

3 (820 ILCS 191/5)

4 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:

5 "Covered family member" means an employee's child,
6 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,
7 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or
8 stepparent.

9 "Department" means the Department of Labor.

10 "Personal care" means activities to ensure that a covered
11 family member's basic medical, hygiene, nutritional, or safety
12 needs are met, or to provide transportation to medical
13 appointments, for a covered family member who is unable to
14 meet those needs himself or herself. "Personal care" also
15 means being physically present to provide emotional support to
16 a covered family member with a serious health condition who is
17 receiving inpatient or home care.

18 "Personal sick leave benefits" means any paid or unpaid
19 time available to an employee as provided through an
20 employment benefit plan or paid time off policy to be used as a
21 result of absence from work due to personal illness, injury,
22 or medical appointment or for personal care of a covered
23 family member. An employment benefit plan or paid time off
24 policy does not include long term disability, short term
25 disability, an insurance policy, or other comparable benefit

1 plan or policy.

2 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

3 (820 ILCS 191/10)

4 Sec. 10. Use of leave; limitations.

5 (a) An employee may use personal sick leave benefits
6 provided by the employer for absences due to an illness,
7 injury, or medical appointment of the employee's child,
8 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,
9 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or
10 stepparent, or for personal care of a covered family member on
11 the same terms upon which the employee is able to use personal
12 sick leave benefits for the employee's own illness or injury.
13 An employer may request written verification of the employee's
14 absence from a health care professional if such verification
15 is required under the employer's employment benefit plan or
16 paid time off policy.

17 (b) An employer may limit the use of personal sick leave
18 benefits provided by the employer for absences due to an
19 illness, injury, or medical appointment of the employee's
20 child, stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,
21 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or
22 stepparent to an amount not less than the personal sick leave
23 that would be earned or accrued during 6 months at the
24 employee's then current rate of entitlement. For employers who
25 base personal sick leave benefits on an employee's years of

1 service instead of annual or monthly accrual, such employer
2 may limit the amount of sick leave to be used under this Act to
3 half of the employee's maximum annual grant.

4 (c) An employer who provides personal sick leave benefits
5 or a paid time off policy that would otherwise provide
6 benefits as required under subsections (a) and (b) shall not
7 be required to modify such benefits.

8 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

9 Article 90.

10 Section 90-5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by
11 adding Section 3-206.06 as follows:

12 (210 ILCS 45/3-206.06 new)

13 Sec. 3-206.06. Testing for Legionella bacteria. A facility
14 shall develop a policy for testing its water supply for
15 Legionella bacteria. The policy shall include the frequency
16 with which testing is conducted. The policy and the results of
17 any tests shall be made available to the Department upon
18 request.

19 Section 90-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
20 adding Section 6.29 as follows:

21 (210 ILCS 85/6.29 new)

1 Sec. 6.29. Testing for Legionella bacteria. A hospital
2 shall develop a policy for testing its water supply for
3 Legionella bacteria. The policy shall include the frequency
4 with which testing is conducted. The policy and the results of
5 any tests shall be made available to the Department upon
6 request.

7 Article 95.

8 Section 95-5. The Child Care Act of 1969 is amended by
9 changing Section 7 as follows:

10 (225 ILCS 10/7) (from Ch. 23, par. 2217)

11 Sec. 7. (a) The Department must prescribe and publish
12 minimum standards for licensing that apply to the various
13 types of facilities for child care defined in this Act and that
14 are equally applicable to like institutions under the control
15 of the Department and to foster family homes used by and under
16 the direct supervision of the Department. The Department shall
17 seek the advice and assistance of persons representative of
18 the various types of child care facilities in establishing
19 such standards. The standards prescribed and published under
20 this Act take effect as provided in the Illinois
21 Administrative Procedure Act, and are restricted to
22 regulations pertaining to the following matters and to any
23 rules and regulations required or permitted by any other

1 Section of this Act:

2 (1) The operation and conduct of the facility and
3 responsibility it assumes for child care;

4 (2) The character, suitability and qualifications of
5 the applicant and other persons directly responsible for
6 the care and welfare of children served. All child day
7 care center licensees and employees who are required to
8 report child abuse or neglect under the Abused and
9 Neglected Child Reporting Act shall be required to attend
10 training on recognizing child abuse and neglect, as
11 prescribed by Department rules;

12 (3) The general financial ability and competence of
13 the applicant to provide necessary care for children and
14 to maintain prescribed standards;

15 (4) The number of individuals or staff required to
16 insure adequate supervision and care of the children
17 received. The standards shall provide that each child care
18 institution, maternity center, day care center, group
19 home, day care home, and group day care home shall have on
20 its premises during its hours of operation at least one
21 staff member certified in first aid, in the Heimlich
22 maneuver and in cardiopulmonary resuscitation by the
23 American Red Cross or other organization approved by rule
24 of the Department. Child welfare agencies shall not be
25 subject to such a staffing requirement. The Department may
26 offer, or arrange for the offering, on a periodic basis in

1 each community in this State in cooperation with the
2 American Red Cross, the American Heart Association or
3 other appropriate organization, voluntary programs to
4 train operators of foster family homes and day care homes
5 in first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation;

6 (5) The appropriateness, safety, cleanliness, and
7 general adequacy of the premises, including maintenance of
8 adequate fire prevention and health standards conforming
9 to State laws and municipal codes to provide for the
10 physical comfort, care, and well-being of children
11 received;

12 (6) Provisions for food, clothing, educational
13 opportunities, program, equipment and individual supplies
14 to assure the healthy physical, mental, and spiritual
15 development of children served;

16 (7) Provisions to safeguard the legal rights of
17 children served;

18 (8) Maintenance of records pertaining to the
19 admission, progress, health, and discharge of children,
20 including, for day care centers and day care homes,
21 records indicating each child has been immunized as
22 required by State regulations. The Department shall
23 require proof that children enrolled in a facility have
24 been immunized against Haemophilus Influenzae B (HIB);

25 (9) Filing of reports with the Department;

26 (10) Discipline of children;

1 (11) Protection and fostering of the particular
2 religious faith of the children served;

3 (12) Provisions prohibiting firearms on day care
4 center premises except in the possession of peace
5 officers;

6 (13) Provisions prohibiting handguns on day care home
7 premises except in the possession of peace officers or
8 other adults who must possess a handgun as a condition of
9 employment and who reside on the premises of a day care
10 home;

11 (14) Provisions requiring that any firearm permitted
12 on day care home premises, except handguns in the
13 possession of peace officers, shall be kept in a
14 disassembled state, without ammunition, in locked storage,
15 inaccessible to children and that ammunition permitted on
16 day care home premises shall be kept in locked storage
17 separate from that of disassembled firearms, inaccessible
18 to children;

19 (15) Provisions requiring notification of parents or
20 guardians enrolling children at a day care home of the
21 presence in the day care home of any firearms and
22 ammunition and of the arrangements for the separate,
23 locked storage of such firearms and ammunition;

24 (16) Provisions requiring all licensed child care
25 facility employees who care for newborns and infants to
26 complete training every 3 years on the nature of sudden

1 unexpected infant death (SUID), sudden infant death
2 syndrome (SIDS), and the safe sleep recommendations of the
3 American Academy of Pediatrics; and

4 (17) With respect to foster family homes, provisions
5 requiring the Department to review quality of care
6 concerns and to consider those concerns in determining
7 whether a foster family home is qualified to care for
8 children.

9 By July 1, 2022, all licensed day care home providers,
10 licensed group day care home providers, and licensed day care
11 center directors and classroom staff shall participate in at
12 least one training that includes the topics of early childhood
13 social emotional learning, infant and early childhood mental
14 health, early childhood trauma, or adverse childhood
15 experiences. Current licensed providers, directors, and
16 classroom staff shall complete training by July 1, 2022 and
17 shall participate in training that includes the above topics
18 at least once every 3 years.

19 (b) If, in a facility for general child care, there are
20 children diagnosed as mentally ill or children diagnosed as
21 having an intellectual or physical disability, who are
22 determined to be in need of special mental treatment or of
23 nursing care, or both mental treatment and nursing care, the
24 Department shall seek the advice and recommendation of the
25 Department of Human Services, the Department of Public Health,
26 or both Departments regarding the residential treatment and

1 nursing care provided by the institution.

2 (c) The Department shall investigate any person applying
3 to be licensed as a foster parent to determine whether there is
4 any evidence of current drug or alcohol abuse in the
5 prospective foster family. The Department shall not license a
6 person as a foster parent if drug or alcohol abuse has been
7 identified in the foster family or if a reasonable suspicion
8 of such abuse exists, except that the Department may grant a
9 foster parent license to an applicant identified with an
10 alcohol or drug problem if the applicant has successfully
11 participated in an alcohol or drug treatment program,
12 self-help group, or other suitable activities and if the
13 Department determines that the foster family home can provide
14 a safe, appropriate environment and meet the physical and
15 emotional needs of children.

16 (d) The Department, in applying standards prescribed and
17 published, as herein provided, shall offer consultation
18 through employed staff or other qualified persons to assist
19 applicants and licensees in meeting and maintaining minimum
20 requirements for a license and to help them otherwise to
21 achieve programs of excellence related to the care of children
22 served. Such consultation shall include providing information
23 concerning education and training in early childhood
24 development to providers of day care home services. The
25 Department may provide or arrange for such education and
26 training for those providers who request such assistance.

1 (e) The Department shall distribute copies of licensing
2 standards to all licensees and applicants for a license. Each
3 licensee or holder of a permit shall distribute copies of the
4 appropriate licensing standards and any other information
5 required by the Department to child care facilities under its
6 supervision. Each licensee or holder of a permit shall
7 maintain appropriate documentation of the distribution of the
8 standards. Such documentation shall be part of the records of
9 the facility and subject to inspection by authorized
10 representatives of the Department.

11 (f) The Department shall prepare summaries of day care
12 licensing standards. Each licensee or holder of a permit for a
13 day care facility shall distribute a copy of the appropriate
14 summary and any other information required by the Department,
15 to the legal guardian of each child cared for in that facility
16 at the time when the child is enrolled or initially placed in
17 the facility. The licensee or holder of a permit for a day care
18 facility shall secure appropriate documentation of the
19 distribution of the summary and brochure. Such documentation
20 shall be a part of the records of the facility and subject to
21 inspection by an authorized representative of the Department.

22 (g) The Department shall distribute to each licensee and
23 holder of a permit copies of the licensing or permit standards
24 applicable to such person's facility. Each licensee or holder
25 of a permit shall make available by posting at all times in a
26 common or otherwise accessible area a complete and current set

1 of licensing standards in order that all employees of the
2 facility may have unrestricted access to such standards. All
3 employees of the facility shall have reviewed the standards
4 and any subsequent changes. Each licensee or holder of a
5 permit shall maintain appropriate documentation of the current
6 review of licensing standards by all employees. Such records
7 shall be part of the records of the facility and subject to
8 inspection by authorized representatives of the Department.

9 (h) Any standards involving physical examinations,
10 immunization, or medical treatment shall include appropriate
11 exemptions for children whose parents object thereto on the
12 grounds that they conflict with the tenets and practices of a
13 recognized church or religious organization, of which the
14 parent is an adherent or member, and for children who should
15 not be subjected to immunization for clinical reasons.

16 (i) The Department, in cooperation with the Department of
17 Public Health, shall work to increase immunization awareness
18 and participation among parents of children enrolled in day
19 care centers and day care homes by publishing on the
20 Department's website information about the benefits of
21 immunization against vaccine preventable diseases, including
22 influenza and pertussis. The information for vaccine
23 preventable diseases shall include the incidence and severity
24 of the diseases, the availability of vaccines, and the
25 importance of immunizing children and persons who frequently
26 have close contact with children. The website content shall be

1 reviewed annually in collaboration with the Department of
2 Public Health to reflect the most current recommendations of
3 the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). The
4 Department shall work with day care centers and day care homes
5 licensed under this Act to ensure that the information is
6 annually distributed to parents in August or September.

7 (j) Any standard adopted by the Department that requires
8 an applicant for a license to operate a day care home to
9 include a copy of a high school diploma or equivalent
10 certificate with his or her application shall be deemed to be
11 satisfied if the applicant includes a copy of a high school
12 diploma or equivalent certificate or a copy of a degree from an
13 accredited institution of higher education or vocational
14 institution or equivalent certificate.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-779, eff. 1-1-17;
16 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

17 Article 100.

18 Section 100-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
19 the Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers Act.

20 Section 100-5. Creation; members; duties; report.

21 (a) The Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers is
22 created. Membership of the Commission shall be as follows:

23 (1) A representative of the Illinois Comprehensive

1 Cancer Control Program, appointed by the Director of
2 Public Health;

3 (2) The Director of Insurance, or his or her designee;
4 and

5 (3) 20 members who shall be appointed as follows:

6 (A) three members appointed by the Speaker of
7 the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a
8 survivor of ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a
9 survivor of cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine
10 cancer, and one of whom shall be a medical specialist
11 in gynecologic cancers;

12 (B) three members appointed by the Senate
13 President, one of whom shall be a survivor of ovarian
14 cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of cervical,
15 vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one of whom
16 shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic cancers;

17 (C) three members appointed by the House
18 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of
19 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of
20 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one
21 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic
22 cancers;

23 (D) three members appointed by the Senate
24 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of
25 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of
26 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one

1 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic
2 cancers; and

3 (E) eight members appointed by the Governor,
4 one of whom shall be a caregiver of a woman diagnosed
5 with a gynecologic cancer, one of whom shall be a
6 medical specialist in gynecologic cancers, one of whom
7 shall be an individual with expertise in community
8 based health care and issues affecting underserved and
9 vulnerable populations, 2 of whom shall be individuals
10 representing gynecologic cancer awareness and support
11 groups in the State, one of whom shall be a researcher
12 specializing in gynecologic cancers, and 2 of whom
13 shall be members of the public with demonstrated
14 expertise in issues relating to the work of the
15 Commission.

16 (b) Members of the Commission shall serve without
17 compensation or reimbursement from the Commission. Members
18 shall select a Chair from among themselves and the Chair shall
19 set the meeting schedule.

20 (c) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall provide
21 administrative support to the Commission.

22 (d) The Commission is charged with the study of the
23 following:

24 (1) establishing a mechanism to ascertain the
25 prevalence of gynecologic cancers in the State and, to the
26 extent possible, to collect statistics relative to the

1 timing of diagnosis and risk factors associated with
2 gynecologic cancers;

3 (2) determining how to best effectuate early diagnosis
4 and treatment for gynecologic cancer patients;

5 (3) determining best practices for closing disparities
6 in outcomes for gynecologic cancer patients and innovative
7 approaches to reaching underserved and vulnerable
8 populations;

9 (4) determining any unmet needs of persons with
10 gynecologic cancers and those of their families; and

11 (5) providing recommendations for additional
12 legislation, support programs, and resources to meet the
13 unmet needs of persons with gynecologic cancers and their
14 families.

15 (e) The Commission shall file its final report with the
16 General Assembly no later than December 31, 2021 and, upon the
17 filing of its report, is dissolved.

18 Section 100-90. Repeal. This Article is repealed on
19 January 1, 2023.

20 Article 105.

21 Section 105-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
22 changing Section 5A-12.7 as follows:

1 (305 ILCS 5/5A-12.7)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2022)

3 Sec. 5A-12.7. Continuation of hospital access payments on
4 and after July 1, 2020.

5 (a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services,
6 for hospital services rendered on and after July 1, 2020, the
7 Department shall, except for hospitals described in subsection
8 (b) of Section 5A-3, make payments to hospitals or require
9 capitated managed care organizations to make payments as set
10 forth in this Section. Payments under this Section are not due
11 and payable, however, until: (i) the methodologies described
12 in this Section are approved by the federal government in an
13 appropriate State Plan amendment or directed payment preprint;
14 and (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is
15 determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the
16 Social Security Act. In determining the hospital access
17 payments authorized under subsection (g) of this Section, if a
18 hospital ceases to qualify for payments from the pool, the
19 payments for all hospitals continuing to qualify for payments
20 from such pool shall be uniformly adjusted to fully expend the
21 aggregate net amount of the pool, with such adjustment being
22 effective on the first day of the second month following the
23 date the hospital ceases to receive payments from such pool.

24 (b) Amounts moved into claims-based rates and distributed
25 in accordance with Section 14-12 shall remain in those
26 claims-based rates.

1 (c) Graduate medical education.

2 (1) The calculation of graduate medical education
3 payments shall be based on the hospital's Medicare cost
4 report ending in Calendar Year 2018, as reported in the
5 Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, release
6 date September 30, 2019. An Illinois hospital reporting
7 intern and resident cost on its Medicare cost report shall
8 be eligible for graduate medical education payments.

9 (2) Each hospital's annualized Medicaid Intern
10 Resident Cost is calculated using annualized intern and
11 resident total costs obtained from Worksheet B Part I,
12 Columns 21 and 22 the sum of Lines 30-43, 50-76, 90-93,
13 96-98, and 105-112 multiplied by the percentage that the
14 hospital's Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7,
15 Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of the
16 hospital's total days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 8,
17 Lines 14, 16-18, and 32).

18 (3) An annualized Medicaid indirect medical education
19 (IME) payment is calculated for each hospital using its
20 IME payments (Worksheet E Part A, Line 29, Column 1)
21 multiplied by the percentage that its Medicaid days
22 (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18,
23 and 32) comprise of its Medicare days (Worksheet S3 Part
24 I, Column 6, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, and 16-18).

25 (4) For each hospital, its annualized Medicaid Intern
26 Resident Cost and its annualized Medicaid IME payment are

1 summed, and, except as capped at 120% of the average cost
2 per intern and resident for all qualifying hospitals as
3 calculated under this paragraph, is multiplied by 22.6% to
4 determine the hospital's final graduate medical education
5 payment. Each hospital's average cost per intern and
6 resident shall be calculated by summing its total
7 annualized Medicaid Intern Resident Cost plus its
8 annualized Medicaid IME payment and dividing that amount
9 by the hospital's total Full Time Equivalent Residents and
10 Interns. If the hospital's average per intern and resident
11 cost is greater than 120% of the same calculation for all
12 qualifying hospitals, the hospital's per intern and
13 resident cost shall be capped at 120% of the average cost
14 for all qualifying hospitals.

15 (d) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. Each Illinois
16 hospital shall receive an annual payment equal to the amounts
17 below, to be paid in 12 equal installments on or before the
18 seventh State business day of each month, except that no
19 payment shall be due within 30 days after the later of the date
20 of notification of federal approval of the payment
21 methodologies required under this Section or any waiver
22 required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which time the sum of amounts
23 required under this Section prior to the date of notification
24 is due and payable.

25 (1) For critical access hospitals, \$385 per covered
26 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and

1 \$530 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates
2 of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's
3 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

4 (2) For safety-net hospitals, \$960 per covered
5 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and
6 \$625 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates
7 of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's
8 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

9 (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$295 per
10 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
11 claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
12 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

13 (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$125 per
14 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
15 claims and \$130 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim
16 for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
17 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

18 (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$355
19 per covered inpatient day contained in paid
20 fee-for-service claims for dates of service in Calendar
21 Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as
22 of May 11, 2020.

23 (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high
24 Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$350 per
25 covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar
26 Year 2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and

1 \$620 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the
2 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

3 (7) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each
4 Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as
5 defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified
6 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional
7 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by
8 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in
9 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease
10 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an
11 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product
12 of the qualifying hospital's State Fiscal Year 2018 total
13 inpatient fee-for-service days multiplied by the
14 applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$226.30 for
15 hospitals located in Cook County and \$116.21 for hospitals
16 located outside Cook County.

17 (e) The Department shall require managed care
18 organizations (MCOs) to make directed payments and
19 pass-through payments according to this Section. Each calendar
20 year, the Department shall require MCOs to pay the maximum
21 amount out of these funds as allowed as pass-through payments
22 under federal regulations. The Department shall require MCOs
23 to make such pass-through payments as specified in this
24 Section. The Department shall require the MCOs to pay the
25 remaining amounts as directed Payments as specified in this
26 Section. The Department shall issue payments to the

1 Comptroller by the seventh business day of each month for all
2 MCOs that are sufficient for MCOs to make the directed
3 payments and pass-through payments according to this Section.
4 The Department shall require the MCOs to make pass-through
5 payments and directed payments using electronic funds
6 transfers (EFT), if the hospital provides the information
7 necessary to process such EFTs, in accordance with directions
8 provided monthly by the Department, within 7 business days of
9 the date the funds are paid to the MCOs, as indicated by the
10 "Paid Date" on the website of the Office of the Comptroller if
11 the funds are paid by EFT and the MCOs have received directed
12 payment instructions. If funds are not paid through the
13 Comptroller by EFT, payment must be made within 7 business
14 days of the date actually received by the MCO. The MCO will be
15 considered to have paid the pass-through payments when the
16 payment remittance number is generated or the date the MCO
17 sends the check to the hospital, if EFT information is not
18 supplied. If an MCO is late in paying a pass-through payment or
19 directed payment as required under this Section (including any
20 extensions granted by the Department), it shall pay a penalty,
21 unless waived by the Department for reasonable cause, to the
22 Department equal to 5% of the amount of the pass-through
23 payment or directed payment not paid on or before the due date
24 plus 5% of the portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day
25 of each 30-day period thereafter. Payments to MCOs that would
26 be paid consistent with actuarial certification and enrollment

1 in the absence of the increased capitation payments under this
2 Section shall not be reduced as a consequence of payments made
3 under this subsection. The Department shall publish and
4 maintain on its website for a period of no less than 8 calendar
5 quarters, the quarterly calculation of directed payments and
6 pass-through payments owed to each hospital from each MCO. All
7 calculations and reports shall be posted no later than the
8 first day of the quarter for which the payments are to be
9 issued.

10 (f)(1) For purposes of allocating the funds included in
11 capitation payments to MCOs, Illinois hospitals shall be
12 divided into the following classes as defined in
13 administrative rules:

14 (A) Critical access hospitals.

15 (B) Safety-net hospitals, except that stand-alone
16 children's hospitals that are not specialty children's
17 hospitals will not be included.

18 (C) Long term acute care hospitals.

19 (D) Freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

20 (E) Freestanding rehabilitation hospitals.

21 (F) High Medicaid hospitals. As used in this Section,
22 "high Medicaid hospital" means a general acute care
23 hospital that is not a safety-net hospital or critical
24 access hospital and that has a Medicaid Inpatient
25 Utilization Rate above 30% or a hospital that had over
26 35,000 inpatient Medicaid days during the applicable

1 period. For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,
2 2020, the applicable period for the Medicaid Inpatient
3 Utilization Rate (MIUR) is the rate year 2020 MIUR and for
4 the number of inpatient days it is State fiscal year 2018.
5 Beginning in calendar year 2021, the Department shall use
6 the most recently determined MIUR, as defined in
7 subsection (h) of Section 5-5.02, and for the inpatient
8 day threshold, the State fiscal year ending 18 months
9 prior to the beginning of the calendar year. For purposes
10 of calculating MIUR under this Section, children's
11 hospitals and affiliated general acute care hospitals
12 shall be considered a single hospital.

13 (G) General acute care hospitals. As used under this
14 Section, "general acute care hospitals" means all other
15 Illinois hospitals not identified in subparagraphs (A)
16 through (F).

17 (2) Hospitals' qualification for each class shall be
18 assessed prior to the beginning of each calendar year and the
19 new class designation shall be effective January 1 of the next
20 year. The Department shall publish by rule the process for
21 establishing class determination.

22 (g) Fixed pool directed payments. Beginning July 1, 2020,
23 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be
24 used to issue directed payments to qualified Illinois
25 safety-net hospitals and critical access hospitals on a
26 monthly basis in accordance with this subsection. Prior to the

1 beginning of each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the
2 Department shall use encounter claims data from the
3 Determination Quarter, accepted by the Department's Medicaid
4 Management Information System for inpatient and outpatient
5 services rendered by safety-net hospitals and critical access
6 hospitals to determine a quarterly uniform per unit add-on for
7 each hospital class.

8 (1) Inpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per
9 diem add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly
10 Inpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the
11 applicable hospital class by the total inpatient days
12 contained on all encounter claims received during the
13 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

14 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a
15 quarterly inpatient directed payment calculated that
16 is equal to the product of the number of inpatient days
17 attributable to the hospital used in the calculation
18 of the quarterly uniform class per diem add-on,
19 multiplied by the calculated applicable quarterly
20 uniform class per diem add-on of the hospital class.

21 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its
22 quarterly inpatient directed payment in each of the 3
23 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with
24 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

25 (2) Outpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform
26 per claim add-on shall be derived by dividing the

1 quarterly Outpatient Directed Payments Pool amount
2 allocated to the applicable hospital class by the total
3 outpatient encounter claims received during the
4 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

5 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a
6 quarterly outpatient directed payment calculated that
7 is equal to the product of the number of outpatient
8 encounter claims attributable to the hospital used in
9 the calculation of the quarterly uniform class per
10 claim add-on, multiplied by the calculated applicable
11 quarterly uniform class per claim add-on of the
12 hospital class.

13 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its
14 quarterly outpatient directed payment in each of the 3
15 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with
16 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

17 (3) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly
18 Directed Payment as identified by the Department on its
19 quarterly determination report.

20 (4) Definitions. As used in this subsection:

21 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each 3 month calendar
22 quarter, beginning July 1, 2020.

23 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each 3 month
24 calendar quarter, which ends 3 months prior to the
25 first day of each Payout Quarter.

26 (5) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020,

1 the following amounts shall be allocated to the following
2 hospital class directed payment pools for the quarterly
3 development of a uniform per unit add-on:

4 (A) \$2,894,500 for hospital inpatient services for
5 critical access hospitals.

6 (B) \$4,294,374 for hospital outpatient services
7 for critical access hospitals.

8 (C) \$29,109,330 for hospital inpatient services
9 for safety-net hospitals.

10 (D) \$35,041,218 for hospital outpatient services
11 for safety-net hospitals.

12 (h) Fixed rate directed payments. Effective July 1, 2020,
13 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be
14 used to issue directed payments to Illinois hospitals not
15 identified in paragraph (g) on a monthly basis. Prior to the
16 beginning of each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the
17 Department shall use encounter claims data from the
18 Determination Quarter, accepted by the Department's Medicaid
19 Management Information System for inpatient and outpatient
20 services rendered by hospitals in each hospital class
21 identified in paragraph (f) and not identified in paragraph
22 (g). For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020, the
23 Department shall direct MCOs to make payments as follows:

24 (1) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
25 to \$1,750 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
26 20 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied

1 by the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
2 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

3 (2) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
4 to \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
5 21 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied
6 by the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
7 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

8 (3) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
9 to \$80 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22
10 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
11 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
12 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

13 (4) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
14 to \$375 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
15 24 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied
16 by the hospital's total number of category of service 24
17 paid EAPG (EAPGs) for the determination quarter.

18 (5) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
19 to \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
20 27 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter
21 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of
22 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination
23 quarter.

24 (6) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
25 to \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
26 29 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied

1 by the hospital's total number of category of service 29
2 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

3 (7) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
4 \$1,800 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20
5 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
6 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
7 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

8 (8) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
9 \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21
10 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
11 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
12 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

13 (9) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$80
14 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22 case
15 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the
16 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
17 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

18 (10) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
19 \$400 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24
20 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
21 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid
22 EAPG outpatient claims for the determination quarter.

23 (11) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
24 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27
25 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter
26 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of

1 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination
2 quarter.

3 (12) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
4 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29
5 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
6 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid
7 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

8 (13) For long term acute care hospitals the amount of
9 \$495 multiplied by the hospital's total number of
10 inpatient days for the determination quarter.

11 (14) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$210
12 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient
13 days for category of service 21 for the determination
14 quarter.

15 (15) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$250
16 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient
17 claims for category of service 27 and 28 for the
18 determination quarter.

19 (16) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$410
20 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient
21 days for category of service 22 for the determination
22 quarter.

23 (17) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$100
24 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient
25 claims for category of service 29 for the determination
26 quarter.

1 (18) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of their
2 quarterly inpatient and outpatient directed payment in
3 each of the 3 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance
4 with directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

5 (19) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly
6 Directed Payment amount as identified by the Department on
7 its quarterly determination report.

8 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if
9 the Department determines that the actual total hospital
10 utilization data that is used to calculate the fixed rate
11 directed payments is substantially different than anticipated
12 when the rates in this subsection were initially determined
13 (for unforeseeable circumstances such as the COVID-19
14 pandemic), the Department may adjust the rates specified in
15 this subsection so that the total directed payments
16 approximate the total spending amount anticipated when the
17 rates were initially established.

18 Definitions. As used in this subsection:

19 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each calendar quarter,
20 beginning July 1, 2020.

21 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each calendar
22 quarter which ends 3 months prior to the first day of
23 each Payout Quarter.

24 (C) "Case mix index" means a hospital specific
25 calculation. For inpatient claims the case mix index
26 is calculated each quarter by summing the relative

1 weight of all inpatient Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG)
2 claims for a category of service in the applicable
3 Determination Quarter and dividing the sum by the
4 number of sum total of all inpatient DRG admissions
5 for the category of service for the associated claims.
6 The case mix index for outpatient claims is calculated
7 each quarter by summing the relative weight of all
8 paid EAPGs in the applicable Determination Quarter and
9 dividing the sum by the sum total of paid EAPGs for the
10 associated claims.

11 (i) Beginning January 1, 2021, the rates for directed
12 payments shall be recalculated in order to spend the
13 additional funds for directed payments that result from
14 reduction in the amount of pass-through payments allowed under
15 federal regulations. The additional funds for directed
16 payments shall be allocated proportionally to each class of
17 hospitals based on that class' proportion of services.

18 (j) Pass-through payments.

19 (1) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,
20 2020, the Department shall assign quarterly pass-through
21 payments to each class of hospitals equal to one-fourth of
22 the following annual allocations:

23 (A) \$390,487,095 to safety-net hospitals.

24 (B) \$62,553,886 to critical access hospitals.

25 (C) \$345,021,438 to high Medicaid hospitals.

26 (D) \$551,429,071 to general acute care hospitals.

1 (E) \$27,283,870 to long term acute care hospitals.

2 (F) \$40,825,444 to freestanding psychiatric
3 hospitals.

4 (G) \$9,652,108 to freestanding rehabilitation
5 hospitals.

6 (2) The pass-through payments shall at a minimum
7 ensure hospitals receive a total amount of monthly
8 payments under this Section as received in calendar year
9 2019 in accordance with this Article and paragraph (1) of
10 subsection (d-5) of Section 14-12, exclusive of amounts
11 received through payments referenced in subsection (b).

12 (3) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2021,
13 and each calendar year thereafter, each hospital's
14 pass-through payment amount shall be reduced
15 proportionally to the reduction of all pass-through
16 payments required by federal regulations.

17 (k) At least 30 days prior to each calendar year, the
18 Department shall notify each hospital of changes to the
19 payment methodologies in this Section, including, but not
20 limited to, changes in the fixed rate directed payment rates,
21 the aggregate pass-through payment amount for all hospitals,
22 and the hospital's pass-through payment amount for the
23 upcoming calendar year.

24 (l) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,
25 the Department may adopt rules to change the methodology for
26 directed and pass-through payments as set forth in this

1 Section, but only to the extent necessary to obtain federal
2 approval of a necessary State Plan amendment or Directed
3 Payment Preprint or to otherwise conform to federal law or
4 federal regulation.

5 (m) As used in this subsection, "managed care
6 organization" or "MCO" means an entity which contracts with
7 the Department to provide services where payment for medical
8 services is made on a capitated basis, excluding contracted
9 entities for dual eligible or Department of Children and
10 Family Services youth populations.

11 (n) In order to address the escalating infant mortality
12 rates among minority communities in Illinois, the State shall,
13 subject to appropriation, create a pool of funding of at least
14 \$50,000,000 annually to be dispersed among safety-net
15 hospitals that maintain perinatal designation from the
16 Department of Public Health. The funding shall be used to
17 preserve or enhance OB/GYN services or other specialty
18 services at the receiving hospital.

19 (Source: P.A. 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

20 Article 110.

21 Section 110-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
22 the Racial Impact Note Act.

23 Section 110-5. Racial impact note.

1 (a) Every bill which has or could have a disparate impact
2 on racial and ethnic minorities, upon the request of any
3 member, shall have prepared for it, before second reading in
4 the house of introduction, a brief explanatory statement or
5 note that shall include a reliable estimate of the anticipated
6 impact on those racial and ethnic minorities likely to be
7 impacted by the bill. Each racial impact note must include,
8 for racial and ethnic minorities for which data are available:
9 (i) an estimate of how the proposed legislation would impact
10 racial and ethnic minorities; (ii) a statement of the
11 methodologies and assumptions used in preparing the estimate;
12 (iii) an estimate of the racial and ethnic composition of the
13 population who may be impacted by the proposed legislation,
14 including those persons who may be negatively impacted and
15 those persons who may benefit from the proposed legislation;
16 and (iv) any other matter that a responding agency considers
17 appropriate in relation to the racial and ethnic minorities
18 likely to be affected by the bill.

19 Section 110-10. Preparation.

20 (a) The sponsor of each bill for which a request under
21 Section 110-5 has been made shall present a copy of the bill
22 with the request for a racial impact note to the appropriate
23 responding agency or agencies under subsection (b). The
24 responding agency or agencies shall prepare and submit the
25 note to the sponsor of the bill within 5 calendar days, except

1 that whenever, because of the complexity of the measure,
2 additional time is required for the preparation of the racial
3 impact note, the responding agency or agencies may inform the
4 sponsor of the bill, and the sponsor may approve an extension
5 of the time within which the note is to be submitted, not to
6 extend, however, beyond June 15, following the date of the
7 request. If, in the opinion of the responding agency or
8 agencies, there is insufficient information to prepare a
9 reliable estimate of the anticipated impact, a statement to
10 that effect can be filed and shall meet the requirements of
11 this Act.

12 (b) If a bill concerns arrests, convictions, or law
13 enforcement, a statement shall be prepared by the Illinois
14 Criminal Justice Information Authority specifying the impact
15 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns
16 corrections, sentencing, or the placement of individuals
17 within the Department of Corrections, a statement shall be
18 prepared by the Department of Corrections specifying the
19 impact on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns
20 local government, a statement shall be prepared by the
21 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity specifying the
22 impact on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns
23 education, one of the following agencies shall prepare a
24 statement specifying the impact on racial and ethnic
25 minorities: (i) the Illinois Community College Board, if the
26 bill affects community colleges; (ii) the Illinois State Board

1 of Education, if the bill affects primary and secondary
2 education; or (iii) the Illinois Board of Higher Education, if
3 the bill affects State universities. Any other State agency
4 impacted or responsible for implementing all or part of this
5 bill shall prepare a statement of the racial and ethnic impact
6 of the bill as it relates to that agency.

7 Section 110-15. Requisites and contents. The note shall be
8 factual in nature, as brief and concise as may be, and, in
9 addition, it shall include both the immediate effect and, if
10 determinable or reasonably foreseeable, the long range effect
11 of the measure on racial and ethnic minorities. If, after
12 careful investigation, it is determined that such an effect is
13 not ascertainable, the note shall contain a statement to that
14 effect, setting forth the reasons why no ascertainable effect
15 can be given.

16 Section 110-20. Comment or opinion; technical or
17 mechanical defects. No comment or opinion shall be included
18 in the racial impact note with regard to the merits of the
19 measure for which the racial impact note is prepared; however,
20 technical or mechanical defects may be noted.

21 Section 110-25. Appearance of State officials and
22 employees in support or opposition of measure. The fact that a
23 racial impact note is prepared for any bill shall not preclude

1 or restrict the appearance before any committee of the General
2 Assembly of any official or authorized employee of the
3 responding agency or agencies, or any other impacted State
4 agency, who desires to be heard in support of or in opposition
5 to the measure.

6 Article 115.

7 Section 115-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
8 adding Section 14-14 as follows:

9 (305 ILCS 5/14-14 new)

10 Sec. 14-14. Increasing access to primary care in
11 hospitals. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services
12 shall develop a program to encourage coordination between
13 Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) and hospitals,
14 including, but not limited to, safety-net hospitals, with the
15 goal of increasing care coordination, managing chronic
16 diseases, and addressing the social determinants of health on
17 or before December 31, 2021. In addition, the Department shall
18 develop a payment methodology to allow FQHCs to provide care
19 coordination services, including, but not limited to, chronic
20 disease management and behavioral health services. The
21 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop a
22 payment methodology to allow for care coordination services in
23 FQHCs by no later than December 31, 2021.

1 Article 120.

2 Section 120-5. The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois
3 is amended by changing Section 5-565 as follows:

4 (20 ILCS 5/5-565) (was 20 ILCS 5/6.06)

5 Sec. 5-565. In the Department of Public Health.

6 (a) The General Assembly declares it to be the public
7 policy of this State that all residents ~~citizens~~ of Illinois
8 are entitled to lead healthy lives. Governmental public health
9 has a specific responsibility to ensure that a public health
10 system is in place to allow the public health mission to be
11 achieved. The public health system is the collection of
12 public, private, and voluntary entities as well as individuals
13 and informal associations that contribute to the public's
14 health within the State. To develop a public health system
15 requires certain core functions to be performed by government.
16 The State Board of Health is to assume the leadership role in
17 advising the Director in meeting the following functions:

18 (1) Needs assessment.

19 (2) Statewide health objectives.

20 (3) Policy development.

21 (4) Assurance of access to necessary services.

22 There shall be a State Board of Health composed of 20
23 persons, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, with

1 the advice and consent of the Senate for those appointed by the
2 Governor on and after June 30, 1998, and one of whom shall be a
3 senior citizen age 60 or over. Five members shall be
4 physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches,
5 one representing a medical school faculty, one who is board
6 certified in preventive medicine, and one who is engaged in
7 private practice. One member shall be a chiropractic
8 physician. One member shall be a dentist; one an environmental
9 health practitioner; one a local public health administrator;
10 one a local board of health member; one a registered nurse; one
11 a physical therapist; one an optometrist; one a veterinarian;
12 one a public health academician; one a health care industry
13 representative; one a representative of the business
14 community; one a representative of the non-profit public
15 interest community; and 2 shall be citizens at large.

16 The terms of Board of Health members shall be 3 years,
17 except that members shall continue to serve on the Board of
18 Health until a replacement is appointed. Upon the effective
19 date of Public Act 93-975 (January 1, 2005) ~~this amendatory~~
20 ~~Act of the 93rd General Assembly,~~ in the appointment of the
21 Board of Health members appointed to vacancies or positions
22 with terms expiring on or before December 31, 2004, the
23 Governor shall appoint up to 6 members to serve for terms of 3
24 years; up to 6 members to serve for terms of 2 years; and up to
25 5 members to serve for a term of one year, so that the term of
26 no more than 6 members expire in the same year. All members

1 shall be legal residents of the State of Illinois. The duties
2 of the Board shall include, but not be limited to, the
3 following:

4 (1) To advise the Department of ways to encourage
5 public understanding and support of the Department's
6 programs.

7 (2) To evaluate all boards, councils, committees,
8 authorities, and bodies advisory to, or an adjunct of, the
9 Department of Public Health or its Director for the
10 purpose of recommending to the Director one or more of the
11 following:

12 (i) The elimination of bodies whose activities are
13 not consistent with goals and objectives of the
14 Department.

15 (ii) The consolidation of bodies whose activities
16 encompass compatible programmatic subjects.

17 (iii) The restructuring of the relationship
18 between the various bodies and their integration
19 within the organizational structure of the Department.

20 (iv) The establishment of new bodies deemed
21 essential to the functioning of the Department.

22 (3) To serve as an advisory group to the Director for
23 public health emergencies and control of health hazards.

24 (4) To advise the Director regarding public health
25 policy, and to make health policy recommendations
26 regarding priorities to the Governor through the Director.

1 (5) To present public health issues to the Director
2 and to make recommendations for the resolution of those
3 issues.

4 (6) To recommend studies to delineate public health
5 problems.

6 (7) To make recommendations to the Governor through
7 the Director regarding the coordination of State public
8 health activities with other State and local public health
9 agencies and organizations.

10 (8) To report on or before February 1 of each year on
11 the health of the residents of Illinois to the Governor,
12 the General Assembly, and the public.

13 (9) To review the final draft of all proposed
14 administrative rules, other than emergency or peremptory
15 ~~preemptory~~ rules and those rules that another advisory
16 body must approve or review within a statutorily defined
17 time period, of the Department after September 19, 1991
18 (the effective date of Public Act 87-633). The Board shall
19 review the proposed rules within 90 days of submission by
20 the Department. The Department shall take into
21 consideration any comments and recommendations of the
22 Board regarding the proposed rules prior to submission to
23 the Secretary of State for initial publication. If the
24 Department disagrees with the recommendations of the
25 Board, it shall submit a written response outlining the
26 reasons for not accepting the recommendations.

1 In the case of proposed administrative rules or
2 amendments to administrative rules regarding immunization
3 of children against preventable communicable diseases
4 designated by the Director under the Communicable Disease
5 Prevention Act, after the Immunization Advisory Committee
6 has made its recommendations, the Board shall conduct 3
7 public hearings, geographically distributed throughout the
8 State. At the conclusion of the hearings, the State Board
9 of Health shall issue a report, including its
10 recommendations, to the Director. The Director shall take
11 into consideration any comments or recommendations made by
12 the Board based on these hearings.

13 (10) To deliver to the Governor for presentation to
14 the General Assembly a State Health Assessment (SHA) and a
15 State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP). The first 5 ~~3~~ such
16 plans shall be delivered to the Governor on January 1,
17 2006, January 1, 2009, ~~and~~ January 1, 2016, January 1,
18 2021, and June 30, 2022, and then every 5 years
19 thereafter.

20 The State Health Assessment and State Health
21 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall assess and recommend
22 priorities and strategies to improve the public health
23 system, ~~and~~ the health status of Illinois residents,
24 reduce health disparities and inequities, and promote
25 health equity. The State Health Assessment and State
26 Health Improvement Plan development and implementation

1 shall conform to national Public Health Accreditation
2 Board Standards. The State Health Assessment and State
3 Health Improvement Plan development and implementation
4 process shall be carried out with the administrative and
5 operational support of the Department of Public Health
6 ~~taking into consideration national health objectives and~~
7 ~~system standards as frameworks for assessment.~~

8 The State Health Assessment shall include
9 comprehensive, broad-based data and information from a
10 variety of sources on health status and the public health
11 system including:

12 (i) quantitative data on the demographics and
13 health status of the population, including data over
14 time on health by gender identity, sexual orientation,
15 race, ethnicity, age, socio-economic factors,
16 geographic region, disability status, and other
17 indicators of disparity;

18 (ii) quantitative data on social and structural
19 issues affecting health (social and structural
20 determinants of health), including, but not limited
21 to, housing, transportation, educational attainment,
22 employment, and income inequality;

23 (iii) priorities and strategies developed at the
24 community level through the Illinois Project for Local
25 Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and other local and
26 regional community health needs assessments;

1 (iv) qualitative data representing the
2 population's input on health concerns and well-being,
3 including the perceptions of people experiencing
4 disparities and health inequities;

5 (v) information on health disparities and health
6 inequities; and

7 (vi) information on public health system strengths
8 and areas for improvement.

9 ~~The Plan shall also take into consideration priorities~~
10 ~~and strategies developed at the community level through~~
11 ~~the Illinois Project for Local Assessment of Needs (IPLAN)~~
12 ~~and any regional health improvement plans that may be~~
13 ~~developed.~~

14 The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall focus on
15 prevention, social determinants of health, and promoting
16 health equity as key strategies ~~as a key strategy~~ for
17 long-term health improvement in Illinois.

18 The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall identify
19 priority State health issues and social issues affecting
20 health, and shall examine and make recommendations on the
21 contributions and strategies of the public and private
22 sectors for improving health status and the public health
23 system in the State. In addition to recommendations on
24 health status improvement priorities and strategies for
25 the population of the State as a whole, the State Health
26 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall make recommendations regarding

1 priorities and strategies for reducing and eliminating
2 health disparities and health inequities in Illinois;
3 including racial, ethnic, gender, sex, age,
4 socio-economic, and geographic disparities. The State
5 Health Improvement Plan shall make recommendations
6 regarding social determinants of health, such as housing,
7 transportation, educational attainment, employment, and
8 income inequality.

9 The development and implementation of the State Health
10 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan shall be a
11 collaborative public-private cross-agency effort overseen
12 by the SHA and SHIP Partnership. The Director of Public
13 Health shall consult with the Governor to ensure
14 participation by the head of State agencies with public
15 health responsibilities (or their designees) in the SHA
16 and SHIP Partnership, including, but not limited to, the
17 Department of Public Health, the Department of Human
18 Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family
19 Services, the Department of Children and Family Services,
20 the Environmental Protection Agency, the Illinois State
21 Board of Education, the Department on Aging, the Illinois
22 Housing Development Authority, the Illinois Criminal
23 Justice Information Authority, the Department of
24 Agriculture, the Department of Transportation, the
25 Department of Corrections, the Department of Commerce and
26 Economic Opportunity, and the Chair of the State Board of

1 Health to also serve on the Partnership. A member of the
2 Governors' staff shall participate in the Partnership and
3 serve as a liaison to the Governors' office.

4 The Director of ~~the Illinois Department of Public~~
5 Health shall appoint a minimum of 15 other members of the
6 SHA and SHIP Partnership representing a Planning Team that
7 ~~includes~~ a range of public, private, and voluntary sector
8 stakeholders and participants in the public health system.
9 For the first SHA and SHIP Partnership after the effective
10 date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly,
11 one-half of the members shall be appointed for a 3-year
12 term, and one-half of the members shall be appointed for a
13 5-year term. Subsequently, members shall be appointed to
14 5-year terms. Should any member not be able to fulfill his
15 or her term, the Director may appoint a replacement to
16 complete that term. The Director, in consultation with the
17 SHA and SHIP Partnership, may engage additional
18 individuals and organizations to serve on subcommittees
19 and ad hoc efforts to conduct the State Health Assessment
20 and develop and implement the State Health Improvement
21 Plan. Members of the SHA and SHIP Partnership shall
22 receive no compensation for serving as members, but may be
23 reimbursed for their necessary expenses if departmental
24 resources allow.

25 The SHA and SHIP Partnership ~~This Team~~ shall include:
26 ~~the directors of State agencies with public health~~

1 ~~responsibilities (or their designees), including but not~~
2 ~~limited to the Illinois Departments of Public Health and~~
3 ~~Department of Human Services,~~ representatives of local
4 health departments, ~~representatives of local community~~
5 ~~health partnerships,~~ and individuals with expertise who
6 represent an array of organizations and constituencies
7 engaged in public health improvement and prevention, such
8 as non-profit public interest groups, groups serving
9 populations that experience health disparities and health
10 inequities, groups addressing social determinants of
11 health, health issue groups, faith community groups,
12 health care providers, businesses and employers, academic
13 institutions, and community-based organizations.

14 The Director shall endeavor to make the membership of
15 the Partnership diverse and inclusive of the racial,
16 ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity
17 of the State. The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall be
18 chaired by the Director of Public Health or his or her
19 designee.

20 The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall develop and
21 implement a community engagement process that facilitates
22 input into the development of the State Health Assessment
23 and State Health Improvement Plan. This engagement process
24 shall ensure that individuals with lived experience in the
25 issues addressed in the State Health Assessment and State
26 Health Improvement Plan are meaningfully engaged in the

1 development and implementation of the State Health
2 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan.

3 The State Board of Health shall hold at least 3 public
4 hearings addressing a draft of the State Health
5 Improvement Plan ~~drafts of the Plan~~ in representative
6 geographic areas of the State. ~~Members of the Planning~~
7 ~~Team shall receive no compensation for their services, but~~
8 ~~may be reimbursed for their necessary expenses.~~

9 ~~Upon the delivery of each State Health Improvement~~
10 ~~Plan, the Governor shall appoint a SHIP Implementation~~
11 ~~Coordination Council that includes a range of public,~~
12 ~~private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and~~
13 ~~participants in the public health system. The Council~~
14 ~~shall include the directors of State agencies and entities~~
15 ~~with public health system responsibilities (or their~~
16 ~~designees), including but not limited to the Department of~~
17 ~~Public Health, Department of Human Services, Department of~~
18 ~~Healthcare and Family Services, Environmental Protection~~
19 ~~Agency, Illinois State Board of Education, Department on~~
20 ~~Aging, Illinois Violence Prevention Authority, Department~~
21 ~~of Agriculture, Department of Insurance, Department of~~
22 ~~Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of~~
23 ~~Transportation, and Department of Commerce and Economic~~
24 ~~Opportunity and the Chair of the State Board of Health.~~
25 ~~The Council shall include representatives of local health~~
26 ~~departments and individuals with expertise who represent~~

1 ~~an array of organizations and constituencies engaged in~~
2 ~~public health improvement and prevention, including~~
3 ~~non-profit public interest groups, health issue groups,~~
4 ~~faith community groups, health care providers, businesses~~
5 ~~and employers, academic institutions, and community based~~
6 ~~organizations. The Governor shall endeavor to make the~~
7 ~~membership of the Council representative of the racial,~~
8 ~~ethnic, gender, socio economic, and geographic diversity~~
9 ~~of the State. The Governor shall designate one State~~
10 ~~agency representative and one other non governmental~~
11 ~~member as co chairs of the Council. The Governor shall~~
12 ~~designate a member of the Governor's office to serve as~~
13 ~~liaison to the Council and one or more State agencies to~~
14 ~~provide or arrange for support to the Council. The members~~
15 ~~of the SHIP Implementation Coordination Council for each~~
16 ~~State Health Improvement Plan shall serve until the~~
17 ~~delivery of the subsequent State Health Improvement Plan,~~
18 ~~whereupon a new Council shall be appointed. Members of the~~
19 ~~SHIP Planning Team may serve on the SHIP Implementation~~
20 ~~Coordination Council if so appointed by the Governor.~~

21 Upon the delivery of each State Health Assessment and
22 State Health Improvement Plan, the SHA and SHIP
23 Partnership ~~The SHIP Implementation Coordination Council~~
24 shall coordinate the efforts and engagement of the public,
25 private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and
26 participants in the public health system to implement each

1 SHIP. The Partnership Council shall serve as a forum for
2 collaborative action; coordinate existing and new
3 initiatives; develop detailed implementation steps, with
4 mechanisms for action; implement specific projects;
5 identify public and private funding sources at the local,
6 State and federal level; promote public awareness of the
7 SHIP; and advocate for the implementation of the SHIP. The
8 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall implement strategies to
9 ensure that individuals and communities affected by health
10 disparities and health inequities are engaged in the
11 process throughout the 5-year cycle. The SHA and SHIP
12 Partnership shall regularly evaluate and update the State
13 Health Assessment and track implementation of the State
14 Health Improvement Plan with revisions as necessary. The
15 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall not have the authority to
16 direct any public or private entity to take specific
17 action to implement the SHIP. ; and develop an annual
18 report to the Governor, General Assembly, and public
19 regarding the status of implementation of the SHIP. The
20 Council shall not, however, have the authority to direct
21 any public or private entity to take specific action to
22 implement the SHIP.

23 The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall regularly evaluate
24 and update the State Health Assessment and track
25 implementation of the State Health Improvement Plan with
26 revisions as necessary. The State Board of Health shall

1 submit a report by January 31 of each year on the status of
2 State Health Improvement Plan implementation and community
3 engagement activities to the Governor, General Assembly,
4 and public. In the fifth year, the report may be
5 consolidated into the new State Health Assessment and
6 State Health Improvement Plan.

7 (11) Upon the request of the Governor, to recommend to
8 the Governor candidates for Director of Public Health when
9 vacancies occur in the position.

10 (12) To adopt bylaws for the conduct of its own
11 business, including the authority to establish ad hoc
12 committees to address specific public health programs
13 requiring resolution.

14 (13) (Blank).

15 Upon appointment, the Board shall elect a chairperson from
16 among its members.

17 Members of the Board shall receive compensation for their
18 services at the rate of \$150 per day, not to exceed \$10,000 per
19 year, as designated by the Director for each day required for
20 transacting the business of the Board and shall be reimbursed
21 for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their
22 duties. The Board shall meet from time to time at the call of
23 the Department, at the call of the chairperson, or upon the
24 request of 3 of its members, but shall not meet less than 4
25 times per year.

26 (b) (Blank).

1 (c) An Advisory Board on Necropsy Service to Coroners,
2 which shall counsel and advise with the Director on the
3 administration of the Autopsy Act. The Advisory Board shall
4 consist of 11 members, including a senior citizen age 60 or
5 over, appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be
6 designated as chairman by a majority of the members of the
7 Board. In the appointment of the first Board the Governor
8 shall appoint 3 members to serve for terms of 1 year, 3 for
9 terms of 2 years, and 3 for terms of 3 years. The members first
10 appointed under Public Act 83-1538 shall serve for a term of 3
11 years. All members appointed thereafter shall be appointed for
12 terms of 3 years, except that when an appointment is made to
13 fill a vacancy, the appointment shall be for the remaining
14 term of the position vacant. The members of the Board shall be
15 citizens of the State of Illinois. In the appointment of
16 members of the Advisory Board the Governor shall appoint 3
17 members who shall be persons licensed to practice medicine and
18 surgery in the State of Illinois, at least 2 of whom shall have
19 received post-graduate training in the field of pathology; 3
20 members who are duly elected coroners in this State; and 5
21 members who shall have interest and abilities in the field of
22 forensic medicine but who shall be neither persons licensed to
23 practice any branch of medicine in this State nor coroners. In
24 the appointment of medical and coroner members of the Board,
25 the Governor shall invite nominations from recognized medical
26 and coroners organizations in this State respectively. Board

1 members, while serving on business of the Board, shall receive
2 actual necessary travel and subsistence expenses while so
3 serving away from their places of residence.

4 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-527, eff. 1-1-17;
5 revised 7-17-19.)

6 Article 125.

7 Section 125-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
8 the Health and Human Services Task Force and Study Act.
9 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

10 Section 125-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

11 (1) The State is committed to improving the health and
12 well-being of Illinois residents and families.

13 (2) According to data collected by the Kaiser
14 Foundation, Illinois had over 905,000 uninsured residents
15 in 2019, with a total uninsured rate of 7.3%.

16 (3) Many Illinois residents and families who have
17 health insurance cannot afford to use it due to high
18 deductibles and cost sharing.

19 (4) Lack of access to affordable health care services
20 disproportionately affects minority communities
21 throughout the State, leading to poorer health outcomes
22 among those populations.

23 (5) Illinois Medicaid beneficiaries are not receiving

1 the coordinated and effective care they need to support
2 their overall health and well-being.

3 (6) Illinois has an opportunity to improve the health
4 and well-being of a historically underserved and
5 vulnerable population by providing more coordinated and
6 higher quality care to its Medicaid beneficiaries.

7 (7) The State of Illinois has a responsibility to help
8 crime victims access justice, assistance, and the support
9 they need to heal.

10 (8) Research has shown that people who are repeatedly
11 victimized are more likely to face mental health problems
12 such as depression, anxiety, and symptoms related to
13 post-traumatic stress disorder and chronic trauma.

14 (9) Trauma-informed care has been promoted and
15 established in communities across the country on a
16 bipartisan basis, and numerous federal agencies have
17 integrated trauma-informed approaches into their programs
18 and grants, which should be leveraged by the State of
19 Illinois.

20 (10) Infants, children, and youth and their families
21 who have experienced or are at risk of experiencing
22 trauma, including those who are low-income, homeless,
23 involved with the child welfare system, involved in the
24 juvenile or adult justice system, unemployed, or not
25 enrolled in or at risk of dropping out of an educational
26 institution and live in a community that has faced acute

1 or long-term exposure to substantial discrimination,
2 historical oppression, intergenerational poverty, a high
3 rate of violence or drug overdose deaths, should have an
4 opportunity for improved outcomes; this means increasing
5 access to greater opportunities to meet educational,
6 employment, health, developmental, community reentry,
7 permanency from foster care, or other key goals.

8 Section 125-10. Health and Human Services Task Force. The
9 Health and Human Services Task Force is created within the
10 Department of Human Services to undertake a systematic review
11 of health and human service departments and programs with the
12 goal of improving health and human service outcomes for
13 Illinois residents.

14 Section 125-15. Study.

15 (1) The Task Force shall review all health and human
16 service departments and programs and make recommendations for
17 achieving a system that will improve interagency
18 interoperability with respect to improving access to
19 healthcare, healthcare disparities, workforce competency and
20 diversity, social determinants of health, and data sharing and
21 collection. These recommendations shall include, but are not
22 limited to, the following elements:

23 (i) impact on infant and maternal mortality;

24 (ii) impact of hospital closures, including safety-net

1 hospitals, on local communities; and

2 (iii) impact on Medicaid Managed Care Organizations.

3 (2) The Task Force shall review and make recommendations
4 on ways the Medicaid program can partner and cooperate with
5 other agencies, including but not limited to the Department of
6 Agriculture, the Department of Insurance, the Department of
7 Human Services, the Department of Labor, the Environmental
8 Protection Agency, and the Department of Public Health, to
9 better address social determinants of public health,
10 including, but not limited to, food deserts, affordable
11 housing, environmental pollutions, employment, education, and
12 public support services. This shall include a review and
13 recommendations on ways Medicaid and the agencies can share
14 costs related to better health outcomes.

15 (3) The Task Force shall review the current partnership,
16 communication, and cooperation between Federally Qualified
17 Health Centers (FQHCs) and safety-net hospitals in Illinois
18 and make recommendations on public policies that will improve
19 interoperability and cooperations between these entities in
20 order to achieve improved coordinated care and better health
21 outcomes for vulnerable populations in the State.

22 (4) The Task Force shall review and examine public
23 policies affecting trauma and social determinants of health,
24 including trauma-informed care, and make recommendations on
25 ways to improve and integrate trauma-informed approaches into
26 programs and agencies in the State, including, but not limited

1 to, Medicaid and other health care programs administered by
2 the State, and increase awareness of trauma and its effects on
3 communities across Illinois.

4 (5) The Task Force shall review and examine the connection
5 between access to education and health outcomes particularly
6 in African American and minority communities and make
7 recommendations on public policies to address any gaps or
8 deficiencies.

9 Section 125-20. Membership; appointments; meetings;
10 support.

11 (1) The Task Force shall include representation from both
12 public and private organizations, and its membership shall
13 reflect regional, racial, and cultural diversity to ensure
14 representation of the needs of all Illinois citizens. Task
15 Force members shall include one member appointed by the
16 President of the Senate, one member appointed by the Minority
17 Leader of the Senate, one member appointed by the Speaker of
18 the House of Representatives, one member appointed by the
19 Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and other
20 members appointed by the Governor. The Governor's appointments
21 shall include, without limitation, the following:

22 (A) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
23 President, who shall serve as Co-Chair;

24 (B) One member of the House of Representatives,
25 appointed by the Speaker of the House, who shall serve as

1 Co-Chair;

2 (C) Eight members of the General Assembly representing
3 each of the majority and minority caucuses of each
4 chamber.

5 (D) The Directors or Secretaries of the following
6 State agencies or their designees:

7 (i) Department of Human Services.

8 (ii) Department of Children and Family Services.

9 (iii) Department of Healthcare and Family
10 Services.

11 (iv) State Board of Education.

12 (v) Department on Aging.

13 (vi) Department of Public Health.

14 (vii) Department of Veterans' Affairs.

15 (viii) Department of Insurance.

16 (E) Local government stakeholders and nongovernmental
17 stakeholders with an interest in human services, including
18 representation among the following private-sector fields
19 and constituencies:

20 (i) Early childhood education and development.

21 (ii) Child care.

22 (iii) Child welfare.

23 (iv) Youth services.

24 (v) Developmental disabilities.

25 (vi) Mental health.

26 (vii) Employment and training.

- 1 (viii) Sexual and domestic violence.
- 2 (ix) Alcohol and substance abuse.
- 3 (x) Local community collaborations among human
4 services programs.
- 5 (xi) Immigrant services.
- 6 (xii) Affordable housing.
- 7 (xiii) Food and nutrition.
- 8 (xiv) Homelessness.
- 9 (xv) Older adults.
- 10 (xvi) Physical disabilities.
- 11 (xvii) Maternal and child health.
- 12 (xviii) Medicaid managed care organizations.
- 13 (xix) Healthcare delivery.
- 14 (xx) Health insurance.

15 (2) Members shall serve without compensation for the
16 duration of the Task Force.

17 (3) In the event of a vacancy, the appointment to fill the
18 vacancy shall be made in the same manner as the original
19 appointment.

20 (4) The Task Force shall convene within 60 days after the
21 effective date of this Act. The initial meeting of the Task
22 Force shall be convened by the co-chair selected by the
23 Governor. Subsequent meetings shall convene at the call of the
24 co-chairs. The Task Force shall meet on a quarterly basis, or
25 more often if necessary.

26 (5) The Department of Human Services shall provide

1 administrative support to the Task Force.

2 Section 125-25. Report. The Task Force shall report to the
3 Governor and the General Assembly on the Task Force's progress
4 toward its goals and objectives by June 30, 2021, and every
5 June 30 thereafter.

6 Section 125-30. Transparency. In addition to whatever
7 policies or procedures it may adopt, all operations of the
8 Task Force shall be subject to the provisions of the Freedom of
9 Information Act and the Open Meetings Act. This Section shall
10 not be construed so as to preclude other State laws from
11 applying to the Task Force and its activities.

12 Section 125-40. Repeal. This Article is repealed June 30,
13 2023.

14 Article 130.

15 Section 130-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
16 the Anti-Racism Commission Act. References in this Article to
17 "this Act" mean this Article.

18 Section 130-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds and
19 declares all of the following:

20 (1) Public health is the science and art of preventing

1 disease, of protecting and improving the health of people,
2 entire populations, and their communities; this work is
3 achieved by promoting healthy lifestyles and choices,
4 researching disease, and preventing injury.

5 (2) Public health professionals try to prevent
6 problems from happening or recurring through implementing
7 educational programs, recommending policies,
8 administering services, and limiting health disparities
9 through the promotion of equitable and accessible
10 healthcare.

11 (3) According to the Centers for Disease Control and
12 Prevention, racism and segregation in the State of
13 Illinois have exacerbated a health divide, resulting in
14 Black residents having lower life expectancies than white
15 citizens of this State and being far more likely than
16 other races to die prematurely (before the age of 75) and
17 to die of heart disease or stroke; Black residents of
18 Illinois have a higher level of infant mortality, lower
19 birth weight babies, and are more likely to be overweight
20 or obese as adults, have adult diabetes, and have
21 long-term complications from diabetes that exacerbate
22 other conditions, including the susceptibility to
23 COVID-19.

24 (4) Black and Brown people are more likely to
25 experience poor health outcomes as a consequence of their
26 social determinants of health, health inequities stemming

1 from economic instability, education, physical
2 environment, food, and access to health care systems.

3 (5) Black residents in Illinois are more likely than
4 white residents to experience violence-related trauma as a
5 result of socioeconomic conditions resulting from systemic
6 racism.

7 (6) Racism is a social system with multiple dimensions
8 in which individual racism is internalized or
9 interpersonal and systemic racism is institutional or
10 structural and is a system of structuring opportunity and
11 assigning value based on the social interpretation of how
12 one looks; this unfairly disadvantages specific
13 individuals and communities, while unfairly giving
14 advantages to other individuals and communities; it saps
15 the strength of the whole society through the waste of
16 human resources.

17 (7) Racism causes persistent racial discrimination
18 that influences many areas of life, including housing,
19 education, employment, and criminal justice; an emerging
20 body of research demonstrates that racism itself is a
21 social determinant of health.

22 (8) More than 100 studies have linked racism to worse
23 health outcomes.

24 (9) The American Public Health Association launched a
25 National Campaign against Racism.

26 (10) Public health's responsibilities to address

1 racism include reshaping our discourse and agenda so that
2 we all actively engage in racial justice work.

3 Section 130-10. Anti-Racism Commission.

4 (a) The Anti-Racism Commission is hereby created to
5 identify and propose statewide policies to eliminate systemic
6 racism and advance equitable solutions for Black and Brown
7 people in Illinois.

8 (b) The Anti-Racism Commission shall consist of the
9 following members, who shall serve without compensation:

10 (1) one member of the House of Representatives,
11 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
12 who shall serve as co-chair;

13 (2) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
14 President, who shall serve as co-chair;

15 (3) one member of the House of Representatives,
16 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of
17 Representatives;

18 (4) one member of the Senate, appointed by the
19 Minority Leader of the Senate;

20 (5) the Director of Public Health, or his or her
21 designee;

22 (6) the Chair of the House Black Caucus;

23 (7) the Chair of the Senate Black Caucus;

24 (8) the Chair of the Joint Legislative Black Caucus;

25 (9) the director of a statewide association

1 representing public health departments, appointed by the
2 Speaker of the House of Representatives;

3 (10) the Chair of the House Latino Caucus;

4 (11) the Chair of the Senate Latino Caucus;

5 (12) one community member appointed by the House Black
6 Caucus Chair;

7 (13) one community member appointed by the Senate
8 Black Caucus Chair;

9 (14) one community member appointed by the House
10 Latino Caucus Chair; and

11 (15) one community member appointed by the Senate
12 Latino Caucus Chair.

13 (c) The Department of Public Health shall provide
14 administrative support for the Commission.

15 (d) The Commission is charged with, but not limited to,
16 the following tasks:

17 (1) Working to create an equity and justice-oriented
18 State government.

19 (2) Assessing the policy and procedures of all State
20 agencies to ensure racial equity is a core element of
21 State government.

22 (3) Developing and incorporating into the
23 organizational structure of State government a plan for
24 educational efforts to understand, address, and dismantle
25 systemic racism in government actions.

26 (4) Recommending and advocating for policies that

1 improve health in Black and Brown people and support
2 local, State, regional, and federal initiatives that
3 advance efforts to dismantle systemic racism.

4 (5) Working to build alliances and partnerships with
5 organizations that are confronting racism and encouraging
6 other local, State, regional, and national entities to
7 recognize racism as a public health crisis.

8 (6) Promoting community engagement, actively engaging
9 citizens on issues of racism and assisting in providing
10 tools to engage actively and authentically with Black and
11 Brown people.

12 (7) Reviewing all portions of codified State laws
13 through the lens of racial equity.

14 (8) Working with the Department of Central Management
15 Services to update policies that encourage diversity in
16 human resources, including hiring, board appointments, and
17 vendor selection by agencies, and to review all grant
18 management activities with an eye toward equity and
19 workforce development.

20 (9) Recommending policies that promote racially
21 equitable economic and workforce development practices.

22 (10) Promoting and supporting all policies that
23 prioritize the health of all people, especially people of
24 color, by mitigating exposure to adverse childhood
25 experiences and trauma in childhood and ensuring
26 implementation of health and equity in all policies.

1 Section 131-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
2 the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program Act.
3 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

4 Section 131-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

5 "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

6 "Program" means the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and
7 Treatment Program.

8 Section 131-10. Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and
9 Treatment Program. The Department shall establish a grant
10 program for the purpose of providing for the prevention, care,
11 and treatment of sickle cell disease and for educational
12 programs concerning the disease.

13 Section 131-15. Grants; eligibility standards.

14 (a) The Department shall do the following:

15 (1) (A) Develop application criteria and standards of
16 eligibility for groups or organizations who apply for
17 funds under the program.

18 (B) Make available grants to groups and organizations
19 who meet the eligibility standards set by the Department.

20 However:

21 (i) the highest priority for grants shall be
22 accorded to established sickle cell disease
23 community-based organizations throughout Illinois; and

1 (ii) priority shall also be given to ensuring the
2 establishment of sickle cell disease centers in
3 underserved areas that have a higher population of
4 sickle cell disease patients.

5 (2) Determine the maximum amount available for each
6 grant provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

7 (3) Determine policies for the expiration and renewal
8 of grants provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph
9 (1).

10 (4) Require that all grant funds be used for the
11 purpose of prevention, care, and treatment of sickle cell
12 disease or for educational programs concerning the
13 disease. Grant funds shall be used for one or more of the
14 following purposes:

15 (A) Assisting in the development and expansion of
16 care for the treatment of individuals with sickle cell
17 disease, particularly for adults, including the
18 following types of care:

19 (i) Self-administered care.

20 (ii) Preventive care.

21 (iii) Home care.

22 (iv) Other evidence-based medical procedures
23 and techniques designed to provide maximum control
24 over sickling episodes typical of occurring to an
25 individual with the disease.

26 (B) Increasing access to health care for

1 individuals with sickle cell disease.

2 (C) Establishing additional sickle cell disease
3 infusion centers.

4 (D) Increasing access to mental health resources
5 and pain management therapies for individuals with
6 sickle cell disease.

7 (E) Providing counseling to any individual, at no
8 cost, concerning sickle cell disease and sickle cell
9 trait, and the characteristics, symptoms, and
10 treatment of the disease.

11 (i) The counseling described in this
12 subparagraph (E) may consist of any of the
13 following:

14 (I) Genetic counseling for an individual
15 who tests positive for the sickle cell trait.

16 (II) Psychosocial counseling for an
17 individual who tests positive for sickle cell
18 disease, including any of the following:

19 (aa) Social service counseling.

20 (bb) Psychological counseling.

21 (cc) Psychiatric counseling.

22 (5) Develop a sickle cell disease educational outreach
23 program that includes the dissemination of educational
24 materials to the following concerning sickle cell disease
25 and sickle cell trait:

26 (A) Medical residents.

1 (B) Immigrants.

2 (C) Schools and universities.

3 (6) Adopt any rules necessary to implement the
4 provisions of this Act.

5 (b) The Department may contract with an entity to
6 implement the sickle cell disease educational outreach program
7 described in paragraph (5) of subsection (a).

8 Section 131-20. Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

9 (a) The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund is created as a
10 special fund in the State treasury for the purpose of carrying
11 out the provisions of this Act and for no other purpose. The
12 Fund shall be administered by the Department.

13 (b) The Fund shall consist of:

14 (1) Any moneys appropriated to the Department for the
15 Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program.

16 (2) Gifts, bequests, and other sources of funding.

17 (3) All interest earned on moneys in the Fund.

18 Section 131-25. Study.

19 (a) Before July 1, 2022, and on a biennial basis
20 thereafter, the Department, with the assistance of:

21 (1) the Center for Minority Health Services;

22 (2) health care providers that treat individuals with
23 sickle cell disease;

24 (3) individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease;

1 (4) representatives of community-based organizations
2 that serve individuals with sickle cell disease; and

3 (5) data collected via newborn screening for sickle
4 cell disease;

5 shall perform a study to determine the prevalence, impact, and
6 needs of individuals with sickle cell disease and the sickle
7 cell trait in Illinois.

8 (b) The study must include the following:

9 (1) The prevalence, by geographic location, of
10 individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease in
11 Illinois.

12 (2) The prevalence, by geographic location, of
13 individuals diagnosed as sickle cell trait carriers in
14 Illinois.

15 (3) The availability and affordability of screening
16 services in Illinois for the sickle cell trait.

17 (4) The location and capacity of the following for the
18 treatment of sickle cell disease and sickle cell trait
19 carriers:

20 (A) Treatment centers.

21 (B) Clinics.

22 (C) Community-based social service organizations.

23 (D) Medical specialists.

24 (5) The unmet medical, psychological, and social needs
25 encountered by individuals in Illinois with sickle cell
26 disease.

1 (6) The underserved areas of Illinois for the
2 treatment of sickle cell disease.

3 (7) Recommendations for actions to address any
4 shortcomings in the State identified under this Section.

5 (c) The Department shall submit a report on the study
6 performed under this Section to the General Assembly.

7 Section 131-30. Implementation subject to appropriation.
8 Implementation of this Act is subject to appropriation.

9 Section 131-90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
10 Section 5.936 as follows:

11 (30 ILCS 105/5.936 new)

12 Sec. 5.936. The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

13 Title VII. Hospital Closure

14 Article 135.

15 Section 135-5. The Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act
16 is amended by changing Sections 4, 5.4, and 8.7 as follows:

17 (20 ILCS 3960/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1154)

18 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

19 Sec. 4. Health Facilities and Services Review Board;

1 membership; appointment; term; compensation; quorum.

2 (a) There is created the Health Facilities and Services
3 Review Board, which shall perform the functions described in
4 this Act. The Department shall provide operational support to
5 the Board as necessary, including the provision of office
6 space, supplies, and clerical, financial, and accounting
7 services. The Board may contract for functions or operational
8 support as needed. The Board may also contract with experts
9 related to specific health services or facilities and create
10 technical advisory panels to assist in the development of
11 criteria, standards, and procedures used in the evaluation of
12 applications for permit and exemption.

13 (b) The State Board shall consist of 11 ~~9~~ voting members.
14 All members shall be residents of Illinois and at least 4 shall
15 reside outside the Chicago Metropolitan Statistical Area.
16 Consideration shall be given to potential appointees who
17 reflect the ethnic and cultural diversity of the State.
18 Neither Board members nor Board staff shall be convicted
19 felons or have pled guilty to a felony.

20 Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the
21 practice, procedures and principles of the health care
22 delivery system in Illinois, including at least 5 members who
23 shall be knowledgeable about health care delivery systems,
24 health systems planning, finance, or the management of health
25 care facilities currently regulated under the Act. One member
26 shall be a representative of a non-profit health care consumer

1 advocacy organization. One member shall be a representative
2 from the community with experience on the effects of
3 discontinuing health care services or the closure of health
4 care facilities on the surrounding community; provided,
5 however, that all other members of the Board shall be
6 appointed before this member shall be appointed. A spouse,
7 parent, sibling, or child of a Board member cannot be an
8 employee, agent, or under contract with services or facilities
9 subject to the Act. Prior to appointment and in the course of
10 service on the Board, members of the Board shall disclose the
11 employment or other financial interest of any other relative
12 of the member, if known, in service or facilities subject to
13 the Act. Members of the Board shall declare any conflict of
14 interest that may exist with respect to the status of those
15 relatives and recuse themselves from voting on any issue for
16 which a conflict of interest is declared. No person shall be
17 appointed or continue to serve as a member of the State Board
18 who is, or whose spouse, parent, sibling, or child is, a member
19 of the Board of Directors of, has a financial interest in, or
20 has a business relationship with a health care facility.

21 Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the
22 contrary, the term of office of each member of the State Board
23 serving on the day before the effective date of this
24 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly is abolished on
25 the date upon which members of the ~~9-member~~ Board, as
26 established by this amendatory Act of the 96th General

1 Assembly, have been appointed and can begin to take action as a
2 Board.

3 (c) The State Board shall be appointed by the Governor,
4 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Not more than 6 ~~5~~ of
5 the appointments shall be of the same political party at the
6 time of the appointment.

7 The Secretary of Human Services, the Director of
8 Healthcare and Family Services, and the Director of Public
9 Health, or their designated representatives, shall serve as
10 ex-officio, non-voting members of the State Board.

11 (d) Of those ~~9~~ members initially appointed by the Governor
12 following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
13 96th General Assembly, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July
14 1, 2011, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2012, and 3
15 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2013. Thereafter, each
16 appointed member shall hold office for a term of 3 years,
17 provided that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring
18 prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her
19 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder
20 of such term and the term of office of each successor shall
21 commence on July 1 of the year in which his predecessor's term
22 expires. Each member shall hold office until his or her
23 successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor may
24 reappoint a member for additional terms, but no member shall
25 serve more than 3 terms, subject to review and re-approval
26 every 3 years.

1 (e) State Board members, while serving on business of the
2 State Board, shall receive actual and necessary travel and
3 subsistence expenses while so serving away from their places
4 of residence. Until March 1, 2010, a member of the State Board
5 who experiences a significant financial hardship due to the
6 loss of income on days of attendance at meetings or while
7 otherwise engaged in the business of the State Board may be
8 paid a hardship allowance, as determined by and subject to the
9 approval of the Governor's Travel Control Board.

10 (f) The Governor shall designate one of the members to
11 serve as the Chairman of the Board, who shall be a person with
12 expertise in health care delivery system planning, finance or
13 management of health care facilities that are regulated under
14 the Act. The Chairman shall annually review Board member
15 performance and shall report the attendance record of each
16 Board member to the General Assembly.

17 (g) The State Board, through the Chairman, shall prepare a
18 separate and distinct budget approved by the General Assembly
19 and shall hire and supervise its own professional staff
20 responsible for carrying out the responsibilities of the
21 Board.

22 (h) The State Board shall meet at least every 45 days, or
23 as often as the Chairman of the State Board deems necessary, or
24 upon the request of a majority of the members.

25 (i) Six ~~Five~~ members of the State Board shall constitute a
26 quorum. The affirmative vote of 6 ~~5~~ of the members of the State

1 Board shall be necessary for any action requiring a vote to be
2 taken by the State Board. A vacancy in the membership of the
3 State Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise
4 all the rights and perform all the duties of the State Board as
5 provided by this Act.

6 (j) A State Board member shall disqualify himself or
7 herself from the consideration of any application for a permit
8 or exemption in which the State Board member or the State Board
9 member's spouse, parent, sibling, or child: (i) has an
10 economic interest in the matter; or (ii) is employed by,
11 serves as a consultant for, or is a member of the governing
12 board of the applicant or a party opposing the application.

13 (k) The Chairman, Board members, and Board staff must
14 comply with the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-527, eff. 1-1-17; 100-681, eff. 8-3-18.)

16 (20 ILCS 3960/5.4)

17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

18 Sec. 5.4. Safety Net Impact Statement.

19 (a) General review criteria shall include a requirement
20 that all health care facilities, with the exception of skilled
21 and intermediate long-term care facilities licensed under the
22 Nursing Home Care Act, provide a Safety Net Impact Statement,
23 which shall be filed with an application for a substantive
24 project or when the application proposes to discontinue a
25 category of service.

1 (b) For the purposes of this Section, "safety net
2 services" are services provided by health care providers or
3 organizations that deliver health care services to persons
4 with barriers to mainstream health care due to lack of
5 insurance, inability to pay, special needs, ethnic or cultural
6 characteristics, or geographic isolation. Safety net service
7 providers include, but are not limited to, hospitals and
8 private practice physicians that provide charity care,
9 school-based health centers, migrant health clinics, rural
10 health clinics, federally qualified health centers, community
11 health centers, public health departments, and community
12 mental health centers.

13 (c) As developed by the applicant, a Safety Net Impact
14 Statement shall describe all of the following:

15 (1) The project's material impact, if any, on
16 essential safety net services in the community, including
17 the impact on racial and health care disparities in the
18 community, to the extent that it is feasible for an
19 applicant to have such knowledge.

20 (2) The project's impact on the ability of another
21 provider or health care system to cross-subsidize safety
22 net services, if reasonably known to the applicant.

23 (3) How the discontinuation of a facility or service
24 might impact the remaining safety net providers in a given
25 community, if reasonably known by the applicant.

26 (d) Safety Net Impact Statements shall also include all of

1 the following:

2 (1) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a
3 certification describing the amount of charity care
4 provided by the applicant. The amount calculated by
5 hospital applicants shall be in accordance with the
6 reporting requirements for charity care reporting in the
7 Illinois Community Benefits Act. Non-hospital applicants
8 shall report charity care, at cost, in accordance with an
9 appropriate methodology specified by the Board.

10 (2) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a
11 certification of the amount of care provided to Medicaid
12 patients. Hospital and non-hospital applicants shall
13 provide Medicaid information in a manner consistent with
14 the information reported each year to the State Board
15 regarding "Inpatients and Outpatients Served by Payor
16 Source" and "Inpatient and Outpatient Net Revenue by Payor
17 Source" as required by the Board under Section 13 of this
18 Act and published in the Annual Hospital Profile.

19 (3) Any information the applicant believes is directly
20 relevant to safety net services, including information
21 regarding teaching, research, and any other service.

22 (e) The Board staff shall publish a notice, that an
23 application accompanied by a Safety Net Impact Statement has
24 been filed, in a newspaper having general circulation within
25 the area affected by the application. If no newspaper has a
26 general circulation within the county, the Board shall post

1 the notice in 5 conspicuous places within the proposed area.

2 (f) Any person, community organization, provider, or
3 health system or other entity wishing to comment upon or
4 oppose the application may file a Safety Net Impact Statement
5 Response with the Board, which shall provide additional
6 information concerning a project's impact on safety net
7 services in the community.

8 (g) Applicants shall be provided an opportunity to submit
9 a reply to any Safety Net Impact Statement Response.

10 (h) The State Board Staff Report shall include a statement
11 as to whether a Safety Net Impact Statement was filed by the
12 applicant and whether it included information on charity care,
13 the amount of care provided to Medicaid patients, and
14 information on teaching, research, or any other service
15 provided by the applicant directly relevant to safety net
16 services. The report shall also indicate the names of the
17 parties submitting responses and the number of responses and
18 replies, if any, that were filed.

19 (Source: P.A. 100-518, eff. 6-1-18.)

20 (20 ILCS 3960/8.7)

21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

22 Sec. 8.7. Application for permit for discontinuation of a
23 health care facility or category of service; public notice and
24 public hearing.

25 (a) Upon a finding that an application to close a health

1 care facility or discontinue a category of service is
2 complete, the State Board shall publish a legal notice on 3
3 consecutive days in a newspaper of general circulation in the
4 area or community to be affected and afford the public an
5 opportunity to request a hearing. If the application is for a
6 facility located in a Metropolitan Statistical Area, an
7 additional legal notice shall be published in a newspaper of
8 limited circulation, if one exists, in the area in which the
9 facility is located. If the newspaper of limited circulation
10 is published on a daily basis, the additional legal notice
11 shall be published on 3 consecutive days. The legal notice
12 shall also be posted on the Health Facilities and Services
13 Review Board's website and sent to the State Representative
14 and State Senator of the district in which the health care
15 facility is located. In addition, the health care facility
16 shall provide notice of closure to the local media that the
17 health care facility would routinely notify about facility
18 events.

19 An application to close a health care facility shall only
20 be deemed complete if it includes evidence that the health
21 care facility provided written notice at least 30 days prior
22 to filing the application of its intent to do so to the
23 municipality in which it is located, the State Representative
24 and State Senator of the district in which the health care
25 facility is located, the State Board, the Director of Public
26 Health, and the Director of Healthcare and Family Services.

1 The changes made to this subsection by this amendatory Act of
2 the 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications
3 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
4 the 101st General Assembly.

5 (b) No later than 30 days after issuance of a permit to
6 close a health care facility or discontinue a category of
7 service, the permit holder shall give written notice of the
8 closure or discontinuation to the State Senator and State
9 Representative serving the legislative district in which the
10 health care facility is located.

11 (c) (1) If there is a pending lawsuit that challenges an
12 application to discontinue a health care facility that either
13 names the Board as a party or alleges fraud in the filing of
14 the application, the Board may defer action on the application
15 for up to 6 months after the date of the initial deferral of
16 the application.

17 (2) The Board may defer action on an application to
18 discontinue a hospital that is pending before the Board as of
19 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
20 Assembly for up to 60 days from the effective date of this
21 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

22 (3) The Board may defer taking final action on an
23 application to discontinue a hospital that is filed on or
24 after January 12, 2021 until the earlier to occur of: (i) the
25 expiration of the statewide disaster declaration proclaimed by
26 the Governor of the State of Illinois due to the COVID-19

1 pandemic that is in effect on January 12, 2021, or any
2 extension thereof, or July 1, 2021, whichever occurs later; or
3 (ii) the expiration of the declaration of a public health
4 emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic as declared by the
5 Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
6 that is in effect on January 12, 2021, or any extension
7 thereof, or July 1, 2021, whichever occurs later. This
8 paragraph (3) is inoperative as of the date of the expiration
9 of the statewide disaster declaration proclaimed by the
10 Governor of the State of Illinois due to the COVID-19 pandemic
11 that is in effect on January 12, 2021, or any extension
12 thereof, or July 1, 2021, whichever occurs later.

13 (d) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory
14 Act of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to all
15 applications submitted after the effective date of this
16 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

17 (Source: P.A. 101-83, eff. 7-15-19; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

18 Title VIII. Managed Care Organization Reform

19 Article 150.

20 Section 150-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
21 changing Section 5-30.1 as follows:

22 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

1 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.

2 (a) As used in this Section:

3 "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity
4 which contracts with the Department to provide services where
5 payment for medical services is made on a capitated basis.

6 "Emergency services" include:

7 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of
8 the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

9 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as
10 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and
11 Patient Rights Act;

12 (3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by
13 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights
14 Act; and

15 (4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by
16 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights
17 Act.

18 (b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care
19 organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed
20 Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.

21 (c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services
22 that does not have in effect a contract with the contracted
23 Medicaid MCO. The default rate of reimbursement shall be the
24 rate paid under Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program
25 methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not
26 limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid

1 Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments,
2 and all outlier add-on adjustments to the extent such
3 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the
4 applicable MCO capitated rates.

5 (d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services
6 as a covered service in any of the following situations:

7 (1) the MCO authorized such services;

8 (2) such services were administered to maintain the
9 enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a
10 request to the MCO for authorization of further
11 post-stabilization services;

12 (3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize
13 such services within one hour;

14 (4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

15 (5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating
16 provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an
17 agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated
18 provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case
19 the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the
20 treating non-affiliated provider until an affiliated
21 provider was reached and either concurred with the
22 treating non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed
23 responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall
24 be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under
25 Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,
26 including all policy adjusters, including but not limited

1 to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage
2 Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all
3 outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such
4 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the
5 applicable MCO capitated rates.

6 (e) The following requirements apply to MCOs in
7 determining payment for all emergency services:

8 (1) MCOs shall not impose any requirements for prior
9 approval of emergency services.

10 (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to
11 enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence
12 and outside the contracting area to the extent that the
13 enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if
14 they still were within the contracting area.

15 (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover medical
16 services provided on an emergency basis that are not
17 covered services under the contract.

18 (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency
19 services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the
20 enrollee's screening and treatment within 10 days after
21 presentation for emergency services.

22 (5) The determination of the attending emergency
23 physician, or the provider actually treating the enrollee,
24 of whether an enrollee is sufficiently stabilized for
25 discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be
26 binding on the MCO. The MCO shall cover emergency services

1 for all enrollees whether the emergency services are
2 provided by an affiliated or non-affiliated provider.

3 (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for
4 post-stabilization care services it has not pre-approved
5 ends when:

6 (A) a plan physician with privileges at the
7 treating hospital assumes responsibility for the
8 enrollee's care;

9 (B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for
10 the enrollee's care through transfer;

11 (C) a contracting entity representative and the
12 treating physician reach an agreement concerning the
13 enrollee's care; or

14 (D) the enrollee is discharged.

15 (f) Network adequacy and transparency.

16 (1) The Department shall:

17 (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in
18 place, taking into consideration health professional
19 shortage areas and medically underserved areas;

20 (B) publicly release an explanation of its process
21 for analyzing network adequacy;

22 (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to
23 have an adequate network in place; ~~and~~

24 (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care
25 Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet
26 provider directory requirements under Section 5-30.3;

1 and -

2 (E) require MCOs to ensure that any provider under
3 contract with an MCO on the date of service is paid for
4 any medically necessary service rendered to any of the
5 MCO's enrollees, regardless of inclusion on the MCO's
6 published and publicly available roster of available
7 providers.

8 (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information
9 submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or
10 physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider
11 network within 3 days after receiving all required
12 information from contracted physicians or dentists, and
13 electronic physician and dental directories must be
14 updated consistent with current rules as published by the
15 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its
16 successor agency.

17 (g) Timely payment of claims.

18 (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of
19 receiving a claim that contains all the essential
20 information needed to adjudicate the claim.

21 (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its
22 inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of
23 receiving that claim.

24 (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal
25 to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under
26 Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims

1 not timely paid.

2 (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment
3 interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate
4 and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is
5 due to the provider within 30 days after the payment of
6 the claim. In no event shall a provider be required to
7 request or apply for payment of any owed timely
8 payment interest penalties.

9 (B) Such payments shall be reported separately
10 from the claim payment for services rendered to the
11 MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest
12 payments.

13 (4) (A) The Department shall require MCOs to expedite
14 payments to providers identified on the Department's
15 expedited provider list, determined in accordance with 89
16 Ill. Adm. Code 140.71(b), on a schedule at least as
17 frequently as the providers are paid under the
18 Department's fee-for-service expedited provider schedule.

19 (B) Compliance with the expedited provider
20 requirement may be satisfied by an MCO through the use
21 of a Periodic Interim Payment (PIP) program that has
22 been mutually agreed to and documented between the MCO
23 and the provider, if ~~and~~ the PIP program ensures that
24 any expedited provider receives regular and periodic
25 payments based on prior period payment experience from
26 that MCO. Total payments under the PIP program may be

1 reconciled against future PIP payments on a schedule
2 mutually agreed to between the MCO and the provider.

3 (C) The Department shall share at least monthly
4 its expedited provider list and the frequency with
5 which it pays providers on the expedited list.

6 (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the
7 Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational
8 challenges for both payers and providers:

9 (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered
10 service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility
11 information documented by the provider, be denied coverage
12 or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or
13 coverage information available at the time the service was
14 rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment
15 of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the
16 fee-for-service system, except for instances when an
17 individual is deemed to have not been eligible for
18 coverage under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

19 (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt
20 rules establishing policies that shall be included in the
21 Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual
22 addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a
23 provider renders services based upon information obtained
24 after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan
25 through either the Department's current enrollment system
26 or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by

1 the patient presenting for services:

2 (A) such medically necessary covered services
3 shall be considered rendered in good faith;

4 (B) such policies and procedures shall be
5 developed in consultation with industry
6 representatives of the Medicaid managed care health
7 plans and representatives of provider associations
8 representing the majority of providers within the
9 identified provider industry; and

10 (C) such rules shall be published for a review and
11 comment period of no less than 30 days on the
12 Department's website with final rules remaining
13 available on the Department's website.

14 The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be
15 limited to:

16 (A) the extension of the timely filing period;

17 (B) retroactive prior authorizations; and

18 (C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less than
19 the current, as of the date of service, fee-for-service
20 rate, plus all applicable add-ons, when the resulting
21 service relationship is out of network.

22 The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage and
23 fee-for-service coverage.

24 If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to
25 have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the
26 Department shall provide for an extended period for claims

1 submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.

2 (g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.

3 (1) The Department shall publish, on at least a
4 quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,
5 including, but not limited to, the following categories of
6 metrics:

7 (A) claims payment, including timeliness and
8 accuracy;

9 (B) prior authorizations;

10 (C) grievance and appeals;

11 (D) utilization statistics;

12 (E) provider disputes;

13 (F) provider credentialing; and

14 (G) member and provider customer service.

15 (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics
16 report is accessible to providers online by January 1,
17 2017.

18 (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation
19 with industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care
20 health plans and representatives of associations
21 representing the majority of providers within the
22 identified industry.

23 (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the
24 applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the
25 Department.

26 (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In

1 order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant
2 to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the
3 Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and
4 payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such
5 analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a
6 representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and
7 denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for
8 such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which
9 identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60,
10 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with
11 those claims. The Department shall post the contracted claims
12 report required by HealthChoice Illinois on its website every
13 3 months.

14 (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall
15 maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider
16 can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO.
17 An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in
18 whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for
19 health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee
20 of the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall
21 not be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed
22 itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process.
23 Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute
24 resolution process may be submitted to the Department of
25 Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner
26 than 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process

1 and not later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution
2 of the internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the
3 dispute to the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes
4 involving the same MCO may be submitted in one complaint,
5 regardless of whether the claims are for different enrollees,
6 when the specific reason for non-payment of the claims
7 involves a common question of fact or policy. Within 10
8 business days of receipt of a complaint, the Department shall
9 present such disputes to the appropriate MCO, which shall then
10 have 30 days to issue its written proposal to resolve the
11 dispute. The Department may grant one 30-day extension of this
12 time frame to one of the parties to resolve the dispute. If the
13 dispute remains unresolved at the end of this time frame or the
14 provider is not satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to
15 resolve the dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request
16 the Department to review the dispute and make a final
17 determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department
18 review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall
19 present all relevant information to the Department for
20 resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues
21 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed.
22 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the
23 dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such
24 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on
25 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider
26 and the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the

1 Department of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable
2 Medicaid policy. The decision of the Department shall be
3 final. By January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by
4 rule further details of this dispute resolution process.
5 Disputes between MCOs and providers presented to the
6 Department for resolution are not contested cases, as defined
7 in Section 1-30 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act,
8 conferring any right to an administrative hearing.

9 (g-9) (1) The Department shall publish annually on its
10 website a report on the calculation of each managed care
11 organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:

12 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.

13 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate
14 amount spent for the following:

15 (i) Direct paid claims.

16 (ii) Subcapitation payments.

17 (iii) Other claim payments.

18 (iv) Direct reserves.

19 (v) Gross recoveries.

20 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health
21 care quality as allowed by the Department.

22 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent
23 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout
24 period determined by the Department.

25 (g-10) (1) "Liability effective date" means the date on
26 which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically

1 necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one
2 of its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between
3 the MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall
4 be the later of:

5 (A) The execution date of a network participation
6 contract agreement.

7 (B) The date the provider or its representative
8 submits to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized
9 roster form for the provider in the format approved by the
10 Department.

11 (C) The provider effective date contained within the
12 Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the
13 Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology
14 (IMPACT) System.

15 (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the
16 MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment
17 application to the Department through IMPACT.

18 (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all
19 MCOs to update their provider directory with information for
20 new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30
21 days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster
22 template in the format approved by the Department provided
23 that the provider is effective in the Department's provider
24 enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider
25 directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of
26 selecting an approved health care provider and comply with all

1 other federal and State requirements.

2 (g-11) The Department shall work with relevant
3 stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to
4 enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois'
5 Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to,
6 improving provider billing practices, reducing claim
7 rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and
8 standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response
9 timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO
10 administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall
11 include a report on the progress of these program improvements
12 and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the
13 General Assembly.

14 (g-12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the
15 Department or an MCO requires submission of a claim for
16 payment in a non-electronic format, a provider shall always be
17 afforded a period of no less than 90 business days, as a
18 correction period, following any notification of rejection by
19 either the Department or the MCO to correct errors or
20 omissions in the original submission.

21 Under no circumstances, either by an MCO or under the
22 State's fee-for-service system, shall a provider be denied
23 payment for failure to comply with any timely submission
24 requirements under this Code or under any existing contract,
25 unless the non-electronic format claim submission occurs after
26 the initial 180 days following the latest date of service on

1 the claim, or after the 90 business days correction period
2 following notification to the provider of rejection or denial
3 of payment.

4 (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO
5 enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already
6 designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the
7 individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not
8 the seniors or people with disabilities population until the
9 Department provides an opportunity for accountable care
10 entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated
11 counties.

12 (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts
13 with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended,
14 or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public
15 Act 98-651).

16 (j) Health care information released to managed care
17 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a
18 Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject
19 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of
20 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health
21 information, the health care information of the MCO's
22 enrollee, if the enrollee has completed and signed a general
23 release form that grants to the health care provider
24 permission to release the recipient's health care information
25 to the recipient's insurance carrier.

26 (k) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services,

1 managed care organizations, a statewide organization
2 representing a majority of hospitals, and a statewide
3 organization representing safety-net hospitals shall explore
4 ways to support billing departments in safety-net hospitals.

5 (1) The requirements of this Section added by this
6 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly shall apply to
7 services provided on or after the first day of the month that
8 begins 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act
9 of the 102nd General Assembly.

10 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-580, eff. 3-12-18;
11 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

12 Article 155.

13 Section 155-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
14 adding Section 5-30.17 as follows:

15 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.17 new)

16 Sec. 5-30.17. Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission.

17 (a) The Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission is
18 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family
19 Services to evaluate the effectiveness of Illinois' managed
20 care program.

21 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

22 (1) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
23 President, who shall serve as co-chair.

1 (2) One member of the House of Representatives,
2 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
3 who shall serve as co-chair.

4 (3) One member of the House of Representatives,
5 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of
6 Representatives.

7 (4) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
8 Minority Leader.

9 (5) One member representing the Department of
10 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

11 (6) One member representing the Department of Public
12 Health, appointed by the Governor.

13 (7) One member representing the Department of Human
14 Services, appointed by the Governor.

15 (8) One member representing the Department of Children
16 and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

17 (9) One member of a statewide association representing
18 Medicaid managed care plans.

19 (10) One member of a statewide association
20 representing a majority of hospitals.

21 (11) Two academic experts on Medicaid managed care
22 programs.

23 (12) One member of a statewide association
24 representing primary care providers.

25 (13) One member of a statewide association
26 representing behavioral health providers.

1 (14) Members representing Federally Qualified Health
2 Centers, a long-term care association, pharmacies and
3 pharmacists, a developmental disability association, a
4 Medicaid consumer advocate, a Medicaid consumer, an
5 association representing physicians, a behavioral health
6 association, a dental association, and an association
7 representing pediatricians.

8 (15) A member of a statewide association representing
9 only safety-net hospitals.

10 The Commission has the discretion to determine other
11 membership.

12 (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and
13 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the
14 Commission's executive administrators in providing
15 administrative support, research support, and other
16 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.
17 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and
18 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing
19 budget.

20 (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no
21 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

22 (e) The Commission shall meet quarterly beginning as soon
23 as is practicable after the effective date of this amendatory
24 Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

25 (f) The Commission shall:

26 (1) review data on health outcomes of Medicaid managed

1 care members;

2 (2) review current care coordination and case
3 management efforts and make recommendations on expanding
4 care coordination to additional populations with a focus
5 on the social determinants of health;

6 (3) review and assess the appropriateness of metrics
7 used in the Pay-for-Performance programs;

8 (4) review the Department's prior authorization and
9 utilization management requirements and recommend
10 adaptations for the Medicaid population;

11 (5) review managed care performance in meeting
12 diversity contracting goals and the use of funds dedicated
13 to meeting such goals, including, but not limited to,
14 contracting requirements set forth in the Business
15 Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with
16 Disabilities Act; recommend strategies to increase
17 compliance with diversity contracting goals in
18 collaboration with the Chief Procurement Officer for
19 General Services and the Business Enterprise Council for
20 Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities; and
21 recoup any misappropriated funds for diversity
22 contracting;

23 (6) review data on the effectiveness of claims
24 processing to medical providers;

25 (7) review member access to health care services in
26 the Medicaid Program, including specialty care services;

1 (8) review value-based and other alternative payment
2 methodologies to make recommendations to enhance program
3 efficiency and improve health outcomes;

4 (9) review the compliance of all managed care entities
5 in State contracts and recommend reasonable financial
6 penalties for any noncompliance;

7 (10) produce an annual report detailing the
8 Commission's findings based upon its review of research
9 conducted under this Section, including specific
10 recommendations, if any, and any other information the
11 Commission may deem proper in furtherance of its duties
12 under this Section;

13 (11) review provider availability and make
14 recommendations to increase providers where needed,
15 including reviewing the regulatory environment and making
16 recommendations for reforms;

17 (12) review capacity for culturally competent
18 services, including translation services among providers;
19 and

20 (13) review and recommend changes to the safety-net
21 hospital definition to create different classifications of
22 safety-net hospitals.

23 (f-5) The Department shall make available upon request the
24 analytics of Medicaid managed care clearinghouse data
25 regarding claims processing.

26 (g) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall

1 impose financial penalties on any managed care entity that is
2 found to not be in compliance with any provision of a State
3 contract. In addition to any financial penalties imposed under
4 this subsection, the Department shall recoup any
5 misappropriated funds identified by the Commission for the
6 purpose of meeting the Business Enterprise Program
7 requirements set forth in contracts with managed care
8 entities. Any financial penalty imposed or funds recouped in
9 accordance with this Section shall be deposited into the
10 Managed Care Oversight Fund.

11 When recommending reasonable financial penalties upon a
12 finding of noncompliance under this subsection, the Commission
13 shall consider the scope and nature of the noncompliance and
14 whether or not it was intentional or unreasonable. In imposing
15 a financial penalty on any managed care entity that is found to
16 not be in compliance, the Department of Healthcare and Family
17 Services shall consider the recommendations of the Commission.

18 Upon conclusion by the Department of Healthcare and Family
19 Services that any managed care entity is not in compliance
20 with its contract with the State based on the findings of the
21 Commission, it shall issue the managed care entity a written
22 notification of noncompliance. The written notice shall
23 specify any financial penalty to be imposed and whether this
24 penalty is consistent with the recommendation of the
25 Commission. If the specified financial penalty differs from
26 the Commission's recommendation, the Department of Healthcare

1 and Family Services shall specify why the Department did not
2 impose the recommended penalty and how the Department arrived
3 at its determination of the reasonableness of the financial
4 penalty imposed.

5 Within 14 calendar days after receipt of the notification
6 of noncompliance, the managed care entity shall submit a
7 written response to the Department of Healthcare and Family
8 Services. The response shall indicate whether the managed care
9 entity: (i) disputes the determination of noncompliance,
10 including any facts or conduct to show compliance; (ii) agrees
11 to the determination of noncompliance and any financial
12 penalty imposed; or (iii) agrees to the determination of
13 noncompliance but disputes the financial penalty imposed.

14 Failure to respond to the notification of noncompliance
15 shall be deemed acceptance of the Department of Healthcare and
16 Family Services' determination of noncompliance.

17 If a managed care entity disputes any part of the
18 Department of Healthcare and Family Services' determination of
19 noncompliance, within 30 calendar days of receipt of the
20 managed care entity's response the Department shall respond in
21 writing whether it (i) agrees to review its determination of
22 noncompliance or (ii) disagrees with the entity's disputation.

23 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall
24 issue a written notice to the Commission of the dispute and its
25 chosen response at the same time notice is made to the managed
26 care entity.

1 Nothing in this Section limits or alters a person or
2 entity's existing rights or protections under State or federal
3 law.

4 (h) A decision of the Department of Healthcare and Family
5 Services to impose a financial penalty on a managed care
6 entity for noncompliance under subsection (g) is subject to
7 judicial review under the Administrative Review Law.

8 (i) The Department shall issue quarterly reports to the
9 Governor and the General Assembly indicating: (i) the number
10 of determinations of noncompliance since the last quarter;
11 (ii) the number of financial penalties imposed; and (iii) the
12 outcome or status of each determination.

13 (j) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year
14 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its
15 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The
16 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of
17 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate
18 in electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the
19 Secretary shall direct.

20 Article 160.

21 Section 160-5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
22 Sections 5.935 and 6z-124 as follows:

23 (30 ILCS 105/5.935 new)

1 Sec. 5.935. The Managed Care Oversight Fund.

2 (30 ILCS 105/6z-124 new)

3 Sec. 6z-124. Managed Care Oversight Fund. The Managed Care
4 Oversight Fund is created as a special fund in the State
5 treasury. Subject to appropriation, available annual moneys in
6 the Fund shall be used by the Department of Healthcare and
7 Family Services to support contracting with women and
8 minority-owned businesses as part of the Department's Business
9 Enterprise Program requirements. The Department shall
10 prioritize contracts for care coordination services, workforce
11 development, and other services that support the Department's
12 mission to promote health equity. Funds may not be used for any
13 administrative costs of the Department.

14 Article 170.

15 Section 170-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
16 adding Section 5-30.16 as follows:

17 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.16 new)

18 Sec. 5-30.16. Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission.

19 (a) The Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission is
20 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family
21 Services to develop a program to support and grow minority,
22 women, and persons with disability owned businesses.

1 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

2 (1) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative
3 Black Caucus.

4 (2) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative
5 Latino Caucus.

6 (3) Two members appointed by the Conference of Women
7 Legislators of the Illinois General Assembly.

8 (4) Two members representing a statewide Medicaid
9 health plan association, appointed by the Governor.

10 (5) One member representing the Department of
11 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

12 (6) Three members representing businesses currently
13 registered with the Business Enterprise Program, appointed
14 by the Governor.

15 (7) One member representing the disability community,
16 appointed by the Governor.

17 (8) One member representing the Business Enterprise
18 Council, appointed by the Governor.

19 (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and
20 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the
21 Commission's executive administrators in providing
22 administrative support, research support, and other
23 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.
24 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and
25 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing
26 budget.

1 (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no
2 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

3 (e) The members of the Commission shall designate
4 co-chairs of the Commission to lead their efforts at the first
5 meeting of the Commission.

6 (f) The Commission shall meet at least monthly beginning
7 as soon as is practicable after the effective date of this
8 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

9 (g) The Commission shall:

10 (1) Develop a recommendation on a Medicaid Business
11 Opportunity Program which will set requirements for
12 Minority, Women, and Persons with Disability Owned
13 business contracting requirements. Such requirements shall
14 include contracting goals to be included in the contracts
15 between the Department of Healthcare and Family Services
16 and the Managed Care entities for the provision of
17 Medicaid Services.

18 (2) Make recommendations on the process by which
19 vendors or providers would be certified as eligible to be
20 included in the program and appropriate eligibility
21 standards relative to the healthcare industry.

22 (3) Make a recommendation on whether to include not
23 for profit organizations, diversity councils, or diversity
24 chambers as eligible for certification.

25 (4) Make a recommendation on identifying whether
26 providers included in the provider enrollment system are

1 qualified for certification.

2 (5) Make a recommendation on reasonable penalties or
3 sanctions for plans that fail to meet their goals and
4 remedies for these sanctions and penalties. This
5 recommendation shall also include suggestions on how
6 penalties shall be used by the Department.

7 (6) Make a recommendation on whether diverse staff
8 shall be considered within the goals set for managed care
9 entities.

10 (7) Make a recommendation on whether a new platform
11 for certification is necessary to administer this program
12 or if the existing platform for the Business Enterprise
13 Program is capable of including recommended changes coming
14 from this Commission.

15 (8) Make a recommendation on the ongoing activity of
16 the Commission including structure, frequency of meetings,
17 and agendas to ensure ongoing oversight of the program by
18 the Commission.

19 (h) The Commission shall provide recommendations to the
20 Department and the General assembly by April 15, 2021 in order
21 to ensure prompt implementation of the Medicaid Business
22 Opportunity Program.

23 (i) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year
24 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its
25 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The
26 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of

1 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate
2 in electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the
3 Secretary shall direct.

4 Article 172.

5 Section 172-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
6 changing Section 14-13 as follows:

7 (305 ILCS 5/14-13)

8 Sec. 14-13. Reimbursement for inpatient stays extended
9 beyond medical necessity.

10 (a) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall by rule
11 implement a methodology effective for dates of service July 1,
12 2019 and later to reimburse hospitals for inpatient stays
13 extended beyond medical necessity due to the inability of the
14 Department or the managed care organization in which a
15 recipient is enrolled or the hospital discharge planner to
16 find an appropriate placement after discharge from the
17 hospital. The Department shall evaluate the effectiveness of
18 the current reimbursement rate for inpatient hospital stays
19 beyond medical necessity.

20 (b) The methodology shall provide reasonable compensation
21 for the services provided attributable to the days of the
22 extended stay for which the prevailing rate methodology
23 provides no reimbursement. The Department may use a day

1 outlier program to satisfy this requirement. The reimbursement
2 rate shall be set at a level so as not to act as an incentive
3 to avoid transfer to the appropriate level of care needed or
4 placement, after discharge.

5 (c) The Department shall require managed care
6 organizations to adopt this methodology or an alternative
7 methodology that pays at least as much as the Department's
8 adopted methodology unless otherwise mutually agreed upon
9 contractual language is developed by the provider and the
10 managed care organization for a risk-based or innovative
11 payment methodology.

12 (d) Days beyond medical necessity shall not be eligible
13 for per diem add-on payments under the Medicaid High Volume
14 Adjustment (MHVA) or the Medicaid Percentage Adjustment (MPA)
15 programs.

16 (e) For services covered by the fee-for-service program,
17 reimbursement under this Section shall only be made for days
18 beyond medical necessity that occur after the hospital has
19 notified the Department of the need for post-discharge
20 placement. For services covered by a managed care
21 organization, hospitals shall notify the appropriate managed
22 care organization of an admission within 24 hours of
23 admission. For every 24-hour period beyond the initial 24
24 hours after admission that the hospital fails to notify the
25 managed care organization of the admission, reimbursement
26 under this subsection shall be reduced by one day.

1 (Source: P.A. 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

2 Title IX. Maternal and Infant Mortality

3 Article 175.

4 Section 175-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
5 adding Section 5-18.5 as follows:

6 (305 ILCS 5/5-18.5 new)

7 Sec. 5-18.5. Perinatal doula and evidence-based home
8 visiting services.

9 (a) As used in this Section:

10 "Home visiting" means a voluntary, evidence-based strategy
11 used to support pregnant people, infants, and young children
12 and their caregivers to promote infant, child, and maternal
13 health, to foster educational development and school
14 readiness, and to help prevent child abuse and neglect. Home
15 visitors are trained professionals whose visits and activities
16 focus on promoting strong parent-child attachment to foster
17 healthy child development.

18 "Perinatal doula" means a trained provider who provides
19 regular, voluntary physical, emotional, and educational
20 support, but not medical or midwife care, to pregnant and
21 birthing persons before, during, and after childbirth,
22 otherwise known as the perinatal period.

1 "Perinatal doula training" means any doula training that
2 focuses on providing support throughout the prenatal, labor
3 and delivery, or postpartum period, and reflects the type of
4 doula care that the doula seeks to provide.

5 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article,
6 perinatal doula services and evidence-based home visiting
7 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program
8 for persons who are otherwise eligible for medical assistance
9 under this Article. Perinatal doula services include regular
10 visits beginning in the prenatal period and continuing into
11 the postnatal period, inclusive of continuous support during
12 labor and delivery, that support healthy pregnancies and
13 positive birth outcomes. Perinatal doula services may be
14 embedded in an existing program, such as evidence-based home
15 visiting. Perinatal doula services provided during the
16 prenatal period may be provided weekly, services provided
17 during the labor and delivery period may be provided for the
18 entire duration of labor and the time immediately following
19 birth, and services provided during the postpartum period may
20 be provided up to 12 months postpartum.

21 (c) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall
22 adopt rules to administer this Section. In this rulemaking,
23 the Department shall consider the expertise of and consult
24 with doula program experts, doula training providers,
25 practicing doulas, and home visiting experts, along with State
26 agencies implementing perinatal doula services and relevant

1 bodies under the Illinois Early Learning Council. This body of
2 experts shall inform the Department on the credentials
3 necessary for perinatal doula and home visiting services to be
4 eligible for Medicaid reimbursement and the rate of
5 reimbursement for home visiting and perinatal doula services
6 in the prenatal, labor and delivery, and postpartum periods.
7 Every 2 years, the Department shall assess the rates of
8 reimbursement for perinatal doula and home visiting services
9 and adjust rates accordingly.

10 (d) The Department shall seek such State plan amendments
11 or waivers as may be necessary to implement this Section and
12 shall secure federal financial participation for expenditures
13 made by the Department in accordance with this Section.

14 Title X. Miscellaneous

15 Article 999.

16 Section 999-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
17 becoming law.

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20 ILCS 2215/4-4

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210 ILCS 85/6

from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 147

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210 ILCS 85/6.14c

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20 ILCS 2105/2105-15.7 new

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2 35 ILCS 105/3-10
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