101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

SB3618

Introduced 2/14/2020, by Sen. Celina Villanueva

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 30 ILCS 105/5.930 new

Creates the Access to Legal Services Act. Provides that a covered individual has the right to legal services: in a covered proceeding in an immigration court in the State; or who is facing a covered proceeding in a covered venue other than an immigration court in the State and is found by a legal services provider to have a viable application for appeal, challenge to a court order, or other form of relief from removal from the United States. Provides for circumstances in which the right to legal services is applicable. Provides for the termination of the right to legal services, and exceptions to termination. Charges the Governor's Office of New Americans with implementing the requirements of the Act no later than January 1, 2021. Provides for the Office's power and responsibility under the Act. Creates the Access to Legal Services Fund. Provides that all money in the Fund shall be used by the Office to enable it to carry out the requirements of the Act. Creates the Advisory Committee for Access to Legal Services. Provides for: duties; appointment; term limits; compensation; meetings; and reporting requirements. Provides that nothing in the Act shall be construed to create a private right of action on the part of any individual or entity against the State or any agency, instrumentality, official, or employee of the State. Contains other provisions. Makes a corresponding change in the State Finances Act. Limits home rule. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOME RULE NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning courts.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Access
to Legal Services Act.

6 Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

7 "Committee" means the Advisory Committee for Access to8 Legal Services.

9 "Covered individual" means any income-eligible individual 10 subject to removal under 8 U.S.C. 1229a or 8 U.S.C. 1225, or a 11 final order of removal under 8 CFR 1241.1, regardless of age, 12 in a covered proceeding who is:

13 (1) a domiciliary of this State who is a non-United
14 States citizen;

(2) a domiciliary of this State who is a United States
citizen or whose United States citizenship is in dispute;
or

(3) an individual who is not a domiciliary of this
State if his or her nondomiciliary and the proceedings have
a significant nexus to this State that he or she should be
provided relief under this Act, as determined by the Office
on a case-by-case basis.

23 "Covered proceeding" means any proceeding in a covered

venue in which a covered individual is seeking an avenue of 1 2 relief from removal from the United States, or is challenging his or her arrest or detention under the Immigration and 3 Nationality Act. "Covered proceeding" includes: 4 (i) a 5 proceeding or hearing in immigration court; (ii) a proceeding in family court for purposes of obtaining a special findings 6 7 order; (iii) a habeas corpus petition in a federal district 8 court located in this State challenging detention under the 9 Immigration and Nationality Act; (iv) a motion to reopen or 10 reconsider challenging detention under the Immigration and Nationality Act; (v) a petition for review under 8 U.S.C. 1252; 11 12 (vi) a remand to a federal district court in this State from 13 the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for fact-finding purposes; and (vii) any appeal related to any of the foregoing 14 15 to the Board of Immigration Appeals, the United States Circuit 16 Court of Appeals, or the United States Supreme Court.

17 "Covered venue" means: (i) any tribunal located within this State, including family court, immigration court, and federal 18 district court; (ii) any location within this State where 19 20 expedited removals are processed; (iii) the Board of Immigration Appeals; (iv) the United States Circuit Court of 21 22 Appeals; and (v) the United States Supreme Court.

23 "Domicile" means a fixed, permanent, and principal home to 24 which an individual, wherever temporarily located, always 25 intends to return.

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"Domiciliary" means an individual that has established a

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1 domicile with respect to a particular jurisdiction.

2 "Immigration court" means a tribunal of the Executive 3 Office for Immigration Review, or a successor entity, tasked 4 with deciding the inadmissibility or deportability of a 5 noncitizen of the United States that is presided over by an 6 immigration judge as defined by 8 U.S.C. 1101(b)(4).

7 "Income-eligible individual" means an individual who is 8 deemed eligible for legal services in a covered proceeding 9 based on preset income-related criteria adopted by the Office, 10 but shall, at a minimum, include any individual whose annual 11 gross household income is not in excess of 200% of the federal 12 poverty guidelines as set forth in the Federal Register by the 13 United States Department of Health and Human Services.

14 "Legal services" means individualized legal assistance in 15 a single consultation or ongoing legal representation provided 16 by a legal services provider to a covered individual, and all 17 legal advice, advocacy, and assistance associated with the 18 service.

19 "Legal services provider" means an individual, 20 organization, or association that has the authority to provide 21 legal services and is designated by the Office to provide legal 22 services.

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"Office" means the Governor's Office of New Americans.

Section 10. Right to counsel in immigration proceedings.(a) A covered individual has the right to legal services:

1 (1) in a covered proceeding in an immigration court in 2 this State; or

3 (2) who is facing a covered proceeding in a covered 4 venue other than an immigration court in this State and is 5 found by a legal services provider, after consultation with 6 the legal services provider, to have a viable application 7 for appeal, challenge to a court order, or other form of 8 relief from removal from the United States.

9 (b) The right to legal services under subsection (a) 10 applies in:

(1) Proceedings for removal under 8 U.S.C. 1229a, upon
receipt of a Notice to Appear, as defined in 8 U.S.C. 1229.
The obligations under this paragraph are satisfied if legal
services are provided to a covered individual no later than
his or her first appearance in a covered proceeding, or as
soon thereafter as is practicable.

17 (2) Removal proceedings under 8 U.S.C. 1225, upon the
 18 commencement of the proceedings, or as soon thereafter as
 19 is practicable.

(3) A referral to an immigration judge for a hearing
under 8 U.S.C. 1231(b)(3) or 8 U.S.C. 1158, upon receipt of
a Notice of Referral to Immigration Judge, or as soon
thereafter as is practicable.

24 (4) A reinstatement of a final order of removal, upon
25 the reinstatement, or as soon as is practicable.

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(5) All other cases, as soon as is practicable.

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(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the right to legal services under subsection (a) shall terminate:

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(1) upon the termination or dismissal of removal proceedings, or any related appellate matter concerning a 4 5 covered individual, by the immigration court or other 6 competent tribunal or authority;

(2) upon the issuance of a final order or judgment in 7 8 respect to a covered individual's removal proceedings from 9 which there remains no opportunity for appeal or other 10 avenue for relief, including, but not limited to, motions 11 to reopen, motions to reconsider, and petitions for review; 12 however, the legal services provider is not required to 13 pursue appeals or other avenues for relief that are 14 speculative or frivolous;

15 (3) if a covered individual ceases to be a domiciliary 16 of this State and establishes domicile in a jurisdiction 17 outside of this State;

(4) if it is discovered that the initial determination 18 19 that an individual was an income-eligible individual was 20 erroneous at the time that the determination was made, as 21 soon as the discovery occurs; however, that individual will 22 continue to be provided with legal services under this Act 23 for a reasonable amount of time to enable the individual to obtain alternative legal services so as not to materially 24 25 prejudice the individual's chance of success in any covered 26 proceeding;

(5) if a covered individual knowingly and voluntarily
 waives the right to legal services on the record in the
 presence of the legal services provider; or

4 (6) upon a determination by a legal services provider
5 after consultation under paragraph (2) of subsection (a)
6 that a covered individual facing a covered proceeding in a
7 covered venue other than an immigration court in this State
8 has no viable application for appeal, challenge to a court
9 order, nor other form of relief from removal from the
10 United States.

(d) Notwithstanding the requirements under subsection (c), the right to legal services established under subsection (a) shall not terminate if:

(1) an immigration judge declines to allow a legal
 services provider to withdraw from providing legal
 services to a covered individual; or

17 (2) a legal services provider is prohibited from
18 ceasing to provide legal services under the Illinois Rules
19 of Professional Conduct or the Executive Office for
20 Immigration Review's Practice Manual.

Section 15. Powers and duties of the Office. The Office is charged with implementing the requirements of this Act no later than January 1, 2021, and may adopt any rules, policies, and procedures necessary to implement this Act. The Office shall:

(1) ensure that each covered individual is advised of

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his or her right to legal services under subsection (a) of
 Section 10;

3 (2) ensure independent, competent, and zealous legal
 4 representation of a covered individual receiving legal
 5 services;

6 (3) examine, evaluate, and monitor legal services
7 provided under this Act;

8 (4) collect and receive information and data regarding 9 the provision of legal services that is not protected by 10 attorney-client privilege, work-product privilege, or any 11 other applicable privilege or that can be disclosed by a 12 legal service provider without violating the Illinois 13 Rules of Professional Conduct, including, but not limited 14 to:

(i) the type and combination of legal services
being used across this State;

(ii) the salary and other compensation paid to an
individual administrator, attorney, and staff member
in connection with the provision of legal services;

20 (iii) the caseload of a legal services provider 21 providing legal services in connection with the 22 provision of those legal services;

(iv) the type, nature, and timing of a disposition
of a case handled by a legal service provider providing
legal services;

(v) the actual expenditures currently being made

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in connection with the provision of legal services; and

(vi) the time, funds, and resources currently being spent on providing the legal services and the amount being spent on ancillary services, such as support staff and expert witnesses;

6 (5) analyze and evaluate collected data, and undertake 7 any necessary research and studies, in order to consider recommend measures to enhance the provision of 8 and 9 effective legal services and to ensure that a recipient of 10 legal services is provided with quality legal services from 11 a fiscally responsible legal services provider, which 12 shall include, but not be limited to, standards, criteria, and a process for qualifying and requalifying a legal 13 14 service provider to provide legal services under this Act;

(6) establish measures of performance, which programs
shall regularly report to the Office to assist the Office
in monitoring the quality of legal services;

18 (7) establish the standards and criteria used in
19 programs to determine whether an individual legal services
20 provider is qualified to provide legal services;

(8) establish the criteria and procedures used to determine whether an individual is eligible to receive legal services, including requirements related to income and domicile, and to track the number of individuals considered for and applicants denied legal services, the reasons for a denial, and the results of any review of a

1 denial;

2 (9) establish standards and criteria for the provision
3 of legal services in cases involving a conflict of
4 interest;

5 (10) develop recommendations to improve the delivery
6 of legal services;

7 (11) target grants in support of innovative and 8 cost-effective solutions that enhance the provision of 9 legal services, including collaborative efforts serving 10 multiple jurisdictions within this State;

(12) investigate and monitor any other matter relevant to the provision of legal services that the Office deems important;

14 (13) request and receive, from any department, 15 division, board, bureau, commission, or other agency of 16 this State, any political subdivision of this State, or any 17 public authority assistance, information, and data to enable the Office to properly carry out its functions, 18 19 powers, and duties, subject to limitations on the 20 disclosure of information provided on a privileged basis to a legal services provider, as well as limitations on the 21 22 disclosure of information by a legal service provider under 23 the Illinois Rules of Professional Conduct;

(14) apply for and accept any grant or other source of
 funding for purposes of carrying out the requirements of
 this Act;

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1 (15) develop, publish, and implement a written plan, 2 and monitor and periodically report on the implementation 3 and compliance with the plan, that establishes numerical 4 caseload or workload standards for a legal services 5 provider, with the plan to be completed and published 6 within 180 days after the effective date of this Act;

7 (16) develop and implement a written plan, and monitor 8 and periodically report on the implementation of and 9 compliance with the plan, to improve the quality of legal 10 services provided to a covered individual, and to ensure 11 that a legal services provider providing the legal services 12 receives effective supervision and training, has access to and appropriately uses interpreters and expert witnesses 13 14 on behalf of clients, communicates effectively with his or 15 her clients, and has the necessary qualifications and 16 experience; and

(17) beginning September 15, 2022, and every September 18 15 of each year thereafter, submit a report to the 19 Governor, the Speaker of the House, and the President of 20 the Senate describing compliance with the requirements of 21 this Act, including, but not limited to:

(i) the criteria used to determine whether an individual is eligible for legal services;

(ii) the procedures used to determine whether an
individual is eligible to receive legal services;
(iii) the number of individuals deemed eligible

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and ineligible for legal services;

2 (iv) the number of cases started and completed and 3 the outcomes of those cases; and

4 (v) qualitative review of the legal services
 5 provided.

6 The report shall also include the report of the 7 Advisory Committee for Access to Legal Services required 8 under subsection (f) of Section 25.

9 Section 20. Funding.

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10 (a) The Access to Legal Services Fund is created as a 11 special fund in the State treasury. All money in the Fund shall 12 be used by the Office to enable it to carry out the 13 requirements of this Act. The General Assembly shall 14 appropriate money to the Fund as it deems necessary for the 15 Office to carry out the requirements of this Act.

16 (b) The Office is charged with ensuring that appropriated 17 funds are timely distributed to a legal service provider for 18 the provision of legal services.

(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (a) and (b), funds appropriated to carry out the requirements of this Act shall be used to supplement and not supplant any State, local, or private funding that is, or is anticipated to be, expended for the provision of legal services to a covered individual, and the General Assembly is not required to appropriate any funds for legal services to the extent that obligations associated with the provision of legal services are otherwise fully satisfied by funds received from State, local, or private sources, or by the United States government in satisfaction of any legal obligation.

5 Section 25. Advisory Committee for Access to Legal
6 Services.

7 (a) The Advisory Committee for Access to Legal Services is created. The Committee shall work, as necessary and in 8 9 collaboration with the Office, to develop programs, policies, 10 training, and procedures necessary to effectuate the 11 requirements of this Act. The matters the Committee shall 12 consider include, but are not limited to:

13 (1) the rates of compensation for legal services;

14 (2) community engagement efforts;

15 (3) the sufficiency of access to legal services in a 16 covered venue;

17 (4) the sufficiency of space available for a designated18 legal service provider in a covered venue;

19 (5) ensuring an individual with limited English 20 proficiency has access to appropriate translation 21 services; and

(6) other efforts by other states to supportindividuals facing deportation.

(b) The Committee shall be comprised of the followingmembers, appointed as follows:

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1 (1) the Governor shall appoint 5 members that offer 2 legal services to an individual in a covered proceeding, 3 including at least one representative of a private bar and 4 2 representatives of a designated legal services provider 5 and 2 representatives of a community-based organization;

6 (2) the Speaker of the House shall appoint 2 members;

7 (3) the President of the Senate shall appoint 2
 8 members; and

9 (4) the Office shall appoint one member to serve ex 10 officio.

11 The Governor shall designate one member to serve as Chair 12 of the Committee.

13 (c) Each member, other than the member serving in an ex 14 officio capacity, shall serve for a term of 2 years with 15 initial terms for each seat commencing on January 1, 2021 and 16 expiring on December 31, 2022. Initial appointments shall be 17 made within 20 days of the effective date of this Act. Any vacancies shall be filled promptly and in the same manner as 18 19 the original appointment, and the appointee filling the vacancy 20 shall serve for the unexpired portion of the term of the 21 succeeded member. Any member may be reappointed for additional 22 terms. A member shall continue in the position upon the 23 expiration of his or her term and until the time as he or she is 24 reappointed or his or her successor is appointed.

25 (d) Members shall serve without compensation, but shall be 26 reimbursed by the Office for their reasonable and necessary

1 expenses incurred in the performance of their functions under 2 this Section.

(e) The Committee's initial meeting shall take place within 3 30 days of the appointment of all required members, or within 4 5 60 days of the effective date of this Act, whichever is sooner. The Committee shall meet at least 4 times per year. 6 The 7 Committee may establish its own procedures with respect to the 8 conduct of its meetings and its other affairs, except that all 9 actions taken by the Committee shall be done by the affirmative 10 vote of a majority of the members.

11 (f) Membership on the Committee shall not constitute the 12 holding of an office. The Committee shall not have the power to exercise any portion of the sovereign power of this State. 13 14 Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, no member of 15 the Committee shall be disgualified from holding any public 16 office or employment, nor shall he or she forfeit any public 17 office or employment by reason of his or her appointment to the Committee. 18

(g) Beginning in 2022, the Committee shall produce a report concerning its duties under this Act and any related recommendations, and the report shall be included in the report submitted under paragraph (17) of Section 15.

23 Section 30. No private right of action. Nothing in this Act 24 shall be construed to create a private right of action on the 25 part of any individual or entity against this State or any

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agency, instrumentality, official, or employee of this State.

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Section 35. Other law or policy.

(a) Any legal services performed by a legal services
provider under this Act shall not supplant, replace, or satisfy
any obligations or responsibilities of the legal services
provider pursuant to any other program, agreement, or contract.

7 (b) Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted or applied to
8 create any power, duty, or obligation prohibited by federal
9 law.

10 (c) Except to the extent that the provisions of a State or 11 local law, rule, policy, procedure, or practice may provide any 12 additional or greater right or protection, the provisions of 13 this Act supersede conflicting State or local laws, rules, 14 policies, procedures, and practices. This Section is a 15 limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of the Illinois 16 Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State. 17

Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

20 Section 100. The State Finance Act is amended by adding 21 Section 5.930 as follows:

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(30 ILCS 105/5.930 new)

1 Sec. 5.930. The Access to Legal Services Fund.

2 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon3 becoming law.