

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2019 and 2020 SB2332

Introduced 1/8/2020, by Sen. Kimberly A. Lightford

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/26-7 from Ch. 122, par. 26-7 105 ILCS 5/26-8 from Ch. 122, par. 26-8 105 ILCS 5/34-4.5 705 ILCS 405/3-33.5

Amends the School Code and the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Eliminates the requirement that the Chicago Board of Education establish an Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication. Requires the Chicago Board of Education to implement a socio-emotional focused attendance policy that targets the underlying causes of chronic truancy. Makes changes concerning the Chicago school district's truancy intervention services for a pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian. Revises language to make certain actions permissible rather than mandatory with respect to truancy. Makes other changes, including changes concerning penalties.

LRB101 16271 CMG 65728 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 26-7, 26-8, and 34-4.5 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/26-7) (from Ch. 122, par. 26-7)

Sec. 26-7. Notice to custodian-Notice of non-compliance. If any person fails to send any child under his custody or 8 9 control to some lawful school, the truant officer or, in a school district that does not have a truant officer, the 10 regional superintendent of schools or his or her designee may 11 shall, as soon as practicable after he is notified thereof, 12 give notice in person or by mail to such person that such child 13 14 shall be present at the proper public school on the day following the receipt of such notice. The notice shall state 15 the date that attendance at school must begin and that such 16 attendance must be continuous and consecutive in the district 17 during the remainder of the school year. The truant officer or, 18 19 in a school district that does not have a truant officer, the regional superintendent of schools or his or her designee may 20 21 shall at the same time that such notice is given notify the 22 teacher or superintendent of the proper public school thereof and the teacher or superintendent may shall notify the truant 23

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- 1 officer or regional superintendent of schools of any
- 2 non-compliance therewith.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 93-858, eff. 1-1-05.)
- 4 (105 ILCS 5/26-8) (from Ch. 122, par. 26-8)

Sec. 26-8. Determination as to compliance - Complaint in circuit court. A truant officer or, in a school district that does not have a truant officer, the regional superintendent of schools or his or her designee, after giving the notice provided in Section 26-7, may shall determine whether the notice has been complied with. If 3 notices have been given and the notices have not been complied with, and if the persons having custody or control have knowingly and willfully wilfully permitted the truant behavior to continue, the regional superintendent of schools, or his or her designee, of the school district where the child resides may shall conduct a truancy hearing. If the regional superintendent determines as a result of the hearing that the child is truant, the regional superintendent shall, if age appropriate at the discretion of the regional superintendent, require the student to complete 20 to 40 hours of community service over a period of 90 days. If the truancy persists, the regional superintendent may shall (i) make complaint against the persons having custody or control to the state's attorney or in the circuit court in the county where such person resides for failure to comply with the provisions of this Article or (ii) conduct truancy mediation

- 1 and encourage the student to enroll in a graduation incentives
- 2 program under Section 26-16 of this Code. If, however, after
- 3 giving the notice provided in Section 26-7 the truant behavior
- 4 has continued, and the child is beyond the control of the
- 5 parents, guardians or custodians, a truancy petition may shall
- 6 be filed under the provisions of Article III of the Juvenile
- 7 Court Act of 1987.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 93-858, eff. 1-1-05; 93-1079, eff. 1-21-05.)
- 9 (105 ILCS 5/34-4.5)
- 10 Sec. 34-4.5. Chronic truants.
- 11 (a) <u>Socio-emotional focused attendance policy</u> Office of
- 12 Chronic Truant Adjudication. The board shall <u>implement a</u>
- 13 <u>socio-emotional focused attendance policy that targets the</u>
- 14 <u>underlying causes of chronic truancy. For each pupil identified</u>
- as a chronic truant, as defined in Section 26-2a of this Code,
- the board may establish an individualized student attendance
- 17 plan to identify and resolve the underlying cause of the
- 18 <u>pupil's chronic truancy.</u> establish and implement an Office of
- 19 Chronic Truant Adjudication, which shall be responsible for
- 20 administratively adjudicating cases of chronic truancy and
- 21 imposing appropriate sanctions. The board shall appoint or
- 22 employ hearing officers to perform the adjudicatory functions
- 23 of that Office. Principals and other appropriate personnel may
- 24 refer pupils suspected of being chronic truants, as defined in
- 25 Section 26 2a of this Code, to the Office of Chronic Truant

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Adjudication.

- (b) Notices. Prior to the implementation of any truancy intervention services pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section Before any hearing may be held under subsection (c), the principal of the school attended by the pupil or the principal's designee shall notify the pupil's parent or guardian by personal visit, letter, or telephone of each unexcused absence of the pupil. After giving the parent or quardian notice of the tenth unexcused absence of the pupil, the principal or the principal's designee shall send the pupil's parent or guardian a letter, by certified mail, return receipt requested, notifying the parent or guardian that he or she is subjecting himself or herself to truancy intervention services a hearing procedure as provided under subsection (d) (c) and clearly describing any and all possible penalties that may be imposed as provided for in subsections (d) and (e) of this Section.
- (c) (Blank). Hearing. Once a pupil has been referred to the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, a hearing shall be scheduled before an appointed hearing officer, and the pupil and the pupil's parents or guardian shall be notified by certified mail, return receipt requested stating the time, place, and purpose of the hearing. The hearing officer shall hold a hearing and render a written decision within 14 days determining whether the pupil is a chronic truant as defined in Section 26 2a of this Code and whether the parent or guardian

took reasonable steps to assure the pupil's attendance at school. The hearing shall be private unless a public hearing is requested by the pupil's parent or guardian, and the pupil may be present at the hearing with a representative in addition to the pupil's parent or guardian. The board shall present evidence of the pupil's truancy, and the pupil and the parent or guardian or representative of the pupil may cross examine witnesses, present witnesses and evidence, and present defenses to the charges. All testimony at the hearing shall be taken under oath administered by the hearing officer. The decision of the hearing officer shall constitute an "administrative decision" for purposes of judicial review under the Administrative Review Law.

(d) Truancy intervention services Penaltics. The chief executive officer or the chief executive officer's designee hearing officer may require the pupil or the pupil's parent or guardian or both the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian to do any or all of the following: perform reasonable school or community services for a period not to exceed 30 days; complete a parenting education program; obtain counseling or other supportive services; and comply with an individualized educational plan or service plan as provided by appropriate school officials. If the parent or guardian of the chronic truant shows that he or she took reasonable steps to insure attendance of the pupil at school, he or she shall not be required to perform services.

- 1 (e) Non-compliance with services sanctions. 2 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if If a pupil determined by the chief executive officer or the 3 chief executive officer's designee a hearing officer to be a 4 5 chronic truant or the parent or quardian of the pupil fails to 6 fully participate in the services offered comply with the 7 sanctions ordered by the hearing officer under subsection (d) 8 (c) of this Section, the chief executive officer or the chief 9 executive officer's designee Office of Chronic Truant 10 Adjudication may refer the matter to the Department of Human 11 Services or to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services 12 for socio-emotional based intervention and prevention 13 services. Additionally, if the circumstances regarding a pupil 14 identified as a chronic truant reasonably indicate that the pupil may be subject to abuse or neglect, the chief executive 15 16 officer or the chief executive officer's designee must report 17 any findings supporting the possibility of abuse or neglect to the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the 18 Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act the State's Attorney 19 20 for prosecution under Section 3-33.5 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. 21
- 22 (f) Limitation on applicability. Nothing in this Section 23 shall be construed to apply to a parent or guardian of a pupil 24 not required to attend a public school pursuant to Section 25 26-1.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 94-1011, eff. 7-7-06.)

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Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 3-33.5 as follows:

3 (705 ILCS 405/3-33.5)

Sec. 3-33.5. Truant minors in need of supervision.

(a) Definition. A minor who is reported by the office of the regional superintendent of schools, or, in cities of over 500,000 inhabitants, by the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, as a chronic truant may be subject to a petition for adjudication and adjudged a truant minor in need of supervision, provided that prior to the filing of the petition, the office of the regional superintendent of schools, the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, or a community truancy review board certifies that the local school has provided appropriate truancy intervention services to the truant minor and his or her family. For purposes of this Section, "truancy intervention services" means services designed to assist the minor's return to an educational program, and includes but is limited to: assessments, counseling, mental services, shelter, optional and alternative education programs, tutoring, and educational advocacy. If, after review by the regional office of education, the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, or community truancy review board, it is determined the local school did not provide the appropriate interventions, then the minor shall be referred to

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comprehensive community based youth service agency for truancy intervention services. If the comprehensive community based youth service agency is incapable to provide intervention services, then this requirement for services is not applicable. The comprehensive community based youth service agency shall submit reports to the office of the regional superintendent of schools, the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, or truancy review board within 20, 40, and 80 school days of the initial referral or at any other time requested by the office of the regional superintendent of schools, the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, or truancy review board, which reports each shall certify the date of the minor's referral and the extent of the minor's progress and participation in truancy intervention services provided by the comprehensive community based youth service agency. In addition, if, after referral by the office of the regional superintendent of schools, the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, or community truancy review board, the minor declines or refuses to fullv participate in truancy intervention services provided by the comprehensive community based youth service agency, then the agency shall immediately certify such facts to the office of the regional superintendent of schools, the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, or community truancy review board.

- (a-1) There is a rebuttable presumption that a chronic truant is a truant minor in need of supervision.
- 26 (a-2) There is a rebuttable presumption that school records

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of a minor's attendance at school are authentic.

- (a-3) For purposes of this Section, "chronic truant" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 26-2a of the School Code.
- (a-4) For purposes of this Section, a "community truancy review board" is a local community based board comprised of but not limited to: representatives from local comprehensive community based youth service agencies, representatives from court service agencies, representatives from local schools, representatives from health service agencies, representatives from local professional and community organizations as deemed appropriate by the office of the regional superintendent of schools, or, in cities of over 500,000 inhabitants, by the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication. The regional superintendent of schools, or, in cities of over 500,000 inhabitants, the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, must approve the establishment and organization of a community truancy review board, and the regional superintendent of schools or his or her designee, or, in cities of over 500,000 inhabitants, the general superintendent of schools or his or her designee, shall chair the board.
 - (a-5) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to create a private cause of action or right of recovery against a regional office of education or the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, its superintendent, or its staff with respect to truancy intervention services where the determination to

1	provide	the	services	is	made	in	good	faith

- (b) Kinds of dispositional orders. A minor found to be a truant minor in need of supervision may be:
 - (1) committed to the appropriate regional superintendent of schools for a student assistance team staffing, a service plan, or referral to a comprehensive community based youth service agency;
 - (2) required to comply with a service plan as specifically provided by the appropriate regional superintendent of schools;
 - (3) ordered to obtain counseling or other supportive services;
 - (4) (blank); subject to a fine in an amount in excess of \$5, but not exceeding \$100, and each day of absence without valid cause as defined in Section 26-2a of The School Code is a separate offense;
 - (5) required to perform some reasonable public service work such as, but not limited to, the picking up of litter in public parks or along public highways or the maintenance of public facilities; or
 - (6) (blank). subject to having his or her driver's license or driving privilege suspended for a period of time as determined by the court but only until he or she attains 18 years of age.
- A dispositional order may include a fine, public service, or suspension of a driver's license or privilege only if the

- 1 court has made an express written finding that a truancy
- 2 prevention program has been offered by the school, regional
- 3 superintendent of schools, or a comprehensive community based
- 4 youth service agency to the truant minor in need of
- 5 supervision.
- 6 (c) Orders entered under this Section may be enforced by
- 7 contempt proceedings.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 97-975, eff. 8-17-12.)