

Sen. Kimberly A. Lightford

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10100SB2114sam001

LRB101 11222 RLC 70668 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2114 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 2114 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by 4 5 changing Section 3-3-5 and adding Section 3-3-14 as follows: 6 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-5) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-5) 7 Sec. 3-3-5. Hearing and determination. (a) The Prisoner Review Board shall meet as often as need 8 requires to consider the cases of persons eligible for parole. 10 Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-2 or Section 3-3-14 of this Act, the Prisoner 11 12 Review Board may meet and order its actions in panels of 3 or 13 more members. The action of a majority of the panel shall be the action of the Board. 14

(b) If the person under consideration for parole is in the

custody of the Department, at least one member of the Board

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shall interview him or her, and a report of that interview shall be available for the Board's consideration. However, in the discretion of the Board, the interview need not be conducted if a psychiatric examination determines that the person could not meaningfully contribute to the Board's consideration. The Board may in its discretion parole a person who is then outside the jurisdiction on his or her record without an interview. The Board need not hold a hearing or interview a person who is paroled under paragraphs (d) or (e) of this Section or released on Mandatory release under Section 3-3-10.

- 12 (c) The Board shall not parole a person eligible for parole 13 if it determines that:
- (1) there is a substantial risk that he or she will not 14 15 conform to reasonable conditions of parole or aftercare 16 release; or
 - (2) his or her release at that time would deprecate the seriousness of his or her offense or promote disrespect for the law; or
- 20 (3) his or her release would have a substantially 2.1 adverse effect on institutional discipline.
- 22 (d) (Blank).
- 23 A person who has served the maximum term of 24 imprisonment imposed at the time of sentencing less time credit 25 for good behavior shall be released on parole to serve a period 26 of parole under Section 5-8-1.

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- (f) The Board shall render its decision within a reasonable time after hearing and shall state the basis therefor both in the records of the Board and in written notice to the person on whose application it has acted. In its decision, the Board shall set the person's time for parole, or if it denies parole it shall provide for a rehearing not less frequently than once every year, except that the Board may, after denying parole, schedule a rehearing no later than 5 years from the date of the parole denial, if the Board finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a hearing prior to the scheduled rehearing date. If the Board shall parole a person, and, if he or she is not released within 90 days from the effective date of the order granting parole, the matter shall be returned to the Board for review.
- (f-1) If the Board paroles a person who is eligible for commitment as a sexually violent person, the effective date of the Board's order shall be stayed for 90 days for the purpose of evaluation and proceedings under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act.
- (g) The Board shall maintain a registry of decisions in which parole has been granted, which shall include the name and case number of the prisoner, the highest charge for which the prisoner was sentenced, the length of sentence imposed, the date of the sentence, the date of the parole, and the basis for the decision of the Board to grant parole and the vote of the Board on any such decisions. The registry shall be made

- available for public inspection and copying during business 1
- hours and shall be a public record pursuant to the provisions 2
- of the Freedom of Information Act. 3
- 4 (h) The Board shall promulgate rules regarding the exercise
- 5 of its discretion under this Section.
- (Source: P.A. 98-558, eff. 1-1-14; 99-268, eff. 1-1-16; 99-628, 6
- 7 eff. 1-1-17.)
- 8 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-14 new)
- 9 Sec. 3-3-14. Long term imprisonment; petition for parole.
- 10 (a) A committed person who has attained the age of 60 years
- and served at least 20 consecutive years of imprisonment or a 11
- 12 committed person who has served 30 consecutive years of
- 13 imprisonment may submit a petition to the Prisoner Review Board
- 14 seeking parole.
- (b) The petition shall contain: 15
- (1) a statement by the petitioner as to the reasons why 16
- the petitioner believes he or she should be paroled, 17
- 18 including estimated costs of continuing imprisonment;
- 19 (2) documentation of the petitioner's rehabilitation
- during the period of the petitioner's incarceration, 20
- 21 including remorse for his or her criminal behavior, if
- 22 applicable, and his or her commitment not to recidivate;
- 23 (3) character references and community support for the
- 24 petitioner's release;
- (4) evidence of the petitioner's participation in 25

1	educational, vocational, substance abuse, behavior
2	modification programs, life skills courses, re-entry
3	planning, or correctional industry programs and
4	independent efforts at rehabilitation;
5	(5) evidence of the petitioner's employment history in
6	the correctional institution;
7	(6) the petitioner's criminal history;
8	(7) the petitioner's disciplinary history while
9	incarcerated in the correctional institution; and
10	(8) the petitioner's plans for housing upon release
11	from incarceration.
12	If the programs described in paragraph (4) of this
13	subsection (b) or employment opportunities were not available
14	in the correctional institution, the Board shall not penalize
15	the committed person in his or her petition for parole under
16	this Section.
17	(c) Victims' families shall be notified in a timely manner
18	and provided opportunity to participate at the parole hearing
19	concerning the petitioner's application for parole under this
20	Section in accordance with the Rights of Crime Victims and
21	Witnesses Act, the Open Parole Hearings Act, and this Article.
22	(d) Prisoner Review Board hearings under this Section shall
23	be conducted by a panel of at least 8 members of the Board and a
24	majority vote of the panel is required to grant the petition
25	and release the petitioner on parole.
26	(e) When parole is denied under this Section a written

- 1 statement shall be submitted by the Board that shall include
- when the petitioner is eligible to reapply for parole under 2
- 3 this Section; which hearing shall be held no later than 3 years
- after denial of parole.". 4