

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

SB0121

Introduced 1/29/2019, by Sen. Julie A. Morrison - Jacqueline Y. Collins

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

30 ILCS 105	/5.891 new					
30 ILCS 105	/6z-107 new					
35 ILCS 105	/3-10					
35 ILCS 105	/9	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.9
35 ILCS 110	/3-10	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.33-10
35 ILCS 110	/9	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.39
35 ILCS 115	/3-10	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.103-10
35 ILCS 115	/9	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.109
35 ILCS 120	/2-10					
35 ILCS 120	/3	from	Ch.	120,	par.	442

Amends the State Finance Act to create the Community Mental Health Services Fund as a special fund in the State treasury. Provides that moneys in the Community Mental Health Services Fund shall be used to assist, support, and establish community-based mental health providers and programs. Amends the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Imposes a surcharge of \$0.01 per cartridge or shell on firearm ammunition. Provides that moneys from the surcharge shall be deposited into the Community Mental Health Services Fund. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY SB0121

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AN ACT concerning education.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
 Sections 5.891 and 6z-107 as follows:
- 6 (30 ILCS 105/5.891 new)
- 7 <u>Sec. 5.891. The Community Mental Health Services Fund.</u>
- 8 (30 ILCS 105/6z-107 new)

9 <u>Sec. 6z-107. The Community Mental Health Services Fund;</u> 10 <u>creation. The Community Mental Health Services Fund is created</u> 11 <u>as a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys in the Fund</u> 12 <u>shall be used, subject to appropriation, to assist, support,</u> 13 <u>and establish community-based mental health providers and</u> 14 <u>programs. Moneys appropriated from the Fund shall supplement</u> 15 <u>and not supplant the current level of human services funding.</u>

Section 10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

18 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of

either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of 1 2 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property 3 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling 4 5 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally 6 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been 7 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at 8 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market 9 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State 10 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the 11 12 price at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion 13 14 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the 15 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by 16 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that 17 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of 18 like kind and character in Illinois. 19

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

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With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act 1 2 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the 3 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or 4 5 before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales 6 made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then 7 8 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of 9 sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

15 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and 16 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies 17 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the 18 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, 19 20 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the 21 22 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% 23 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time. 24

25 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with 26 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed

by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 4 5 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 6 7 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 8 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 9 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States 10 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment 11 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and 12 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor 13 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with 14 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, 15 and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is 16 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, 17 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether 18 19 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 20 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 21 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever 22 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed 23 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated 24 25 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks 26

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containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

8 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 9 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 10 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 11 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 12 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 13 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 14 15 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 16 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 17 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 18 regardless of the location of the vending machine. 19

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 21 22 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 23 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 24 25 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 26

pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of 3 this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 4 5 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 6 7 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 8 9 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 10 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 11 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 12 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 13 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 14 15 label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

25 <u>Beginning July 1, 2019, in addition to all other rates of</u> 26 <u>tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of \$0.01 per cartridge</u>

or shell is imposed on the selling price of firearm ammunition. "Firearm ammunition" has the meaning given to that term under Section 31A-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

11 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 12 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

13 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)

14 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, 15 and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency 16 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the 17 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time 18 19 when he is required to file his return for the period during which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to 20 21 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 22 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the 23 24 tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting 25 the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. In the

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1 case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction 2 by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead 3 of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount 4 5 allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may 6 7 disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of 8 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but 9 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 10 registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that 11 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is 12 required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the 13 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the 14 same property.

15 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 16 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 17 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is 18 19 filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor 20 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required 21 to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for 22 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of 23 the selling price actually received during such tax return 24 period.

Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file

a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be 1 2 filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish 3 such information as the Department may reasonably require. On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor 4 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required 5 to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to 6 7 retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, 8 all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be 9 filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do 10 not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in 11 filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the 12 electronic filing requirement.

13 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 14 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 15 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 16 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 17 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 18 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 19 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

2. The address of the principal place of business from
which he engages in the business of selling tangible
personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
personal property by him during such preceding calendar

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- 1 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but
 2 less all deductions allowed by law;
- 3 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this4 Act;
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5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

6. Such other reasonable information as the Departmentmay require.

9 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 10 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 11 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 12 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

13 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 14 15 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 16 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 17 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 18 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 19 20 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 21 22 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 23 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 24 25 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 26 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all

other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 1 2 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 3 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 4 5 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 6 7 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 8 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 9 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 10 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 11 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 1 2 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service 3 Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete 4 5 calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department 6 each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall 7 8 make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 9 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's 10 11 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, 12 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the 13 14 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 15 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month 16 next following the month during which such tax liability is 17 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such 18 19 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 20 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's 21 22 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the 23 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 24 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 25 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and 26 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the

month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 1 2 after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 3 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 4 5 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 6 7 or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 8 9 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 10 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 11 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 12 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 13 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 14 15 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 16 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 17 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 18 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 19 20 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's 21 22 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The 23 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 24 25 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the 26 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the

1 Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average 2 monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest 3 liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than 4 5 \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to 6 the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than 7 8 \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a 9 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 10 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 11 12 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such 13 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once 14 15 applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly 16 payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's 17 average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of 18 highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less 19 20 than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 21 22 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than 23 \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 24 25 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 26

1 will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such 2 taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such 3 taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is 4 5 seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the 6 amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be 7 8 liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the 9 minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly 10 payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the 11 taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the 12 Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as 13 provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable 14 rules and regulations to govern the guarter monthly payment 15 amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file 16 on other than a calendar monthly basis.

17 If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers' 18 19 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, 20 the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum 21 22 no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which 23 memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the 24 25 taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax 26

Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, 1 2 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 3 prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made 4 5 after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made, 6 the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax 7 8 liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the 9 Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 10 the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in 11 accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by 12 the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that 13 all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall 14 15 be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the 16 credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be 17 liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 18 19 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 20 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 21 22 with the return for January, February, and March of a given 23 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such 24 25 year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return 26

1 for October, November and December of a given year being due by 2 January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

9 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 10 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 11 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

19 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 20 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 21 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of 22 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 23 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible personal 24 25 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 26

vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 1 2 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose 3 of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 4 5 vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as 6 7 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this 8 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the 9 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in 10 that transaction to the Department on the same uniform 11 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of 12 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 13 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped 14 15 with an inboard motor.

16 The transaction reporting return in the case of motor 17 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform 18 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle 19 20 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name 21 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price 22 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in 23 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the 24 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to 25 which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value 26 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such

trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of 1 2 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the 3 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not 4 5 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the the place and date of the sale; a sufficient 6 fact); 7 identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and 8 9 such other information as the Department may reasonably 10 require.

11 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft 12 and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 13 14 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for 15 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer 16 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the 17 extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after 18 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 19 20 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 21 22 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that 23 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 24 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a 25 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other 26 information as the Department may reasonably require.

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Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later 1 2 than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is 3 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting 4 5 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the 6 7 Department by way of the State agency with which, or State 8 officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be 9 titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) 10 if the Department and such agency or State officer determine 11 that this procedure will expedite the processing of 12 applications for title or registration.

13 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 14 15 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 16 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 17 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied 18 19 that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with 20 21 whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property 22 that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in 23 support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such 24 25 tangible personal property.

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No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this

Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

8 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 9 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of 10 tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the 11 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not 12 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 13 of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 14 15 the information required by the transaction reporting return 16 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 17 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the transaction reporting return 18 19 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be 20 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount 21 22 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays 23 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted 24 25 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer. 26 Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the

selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and 1 2 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to 3 the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the 4 5 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the 6 7 purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so 8 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which 9 such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the 10 Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax 11 to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by 12 such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the 13 amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no 14 deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the 15 purchaser.

16 Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also 17 include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible 18 personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer, 19 20 but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected 21 from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall 22 remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such 23 return.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable retailers, who are required to file

returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax
 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both
 Acts on the one form.

Where the retailer has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration under this Act, such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

9 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 10 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special 11 fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net 12 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on 13 sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off 14 the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 15 soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 16 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 17 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III United medical devices by the 18 States Food and Drua 19 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a 20 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials, 21 22 syringes and needles used by diabetics.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 4 5 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for 6 7 the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 8 price of tangible personal property, other than tangible 9 personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail 10 from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency 11 of this State's government.

12 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 13 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 14 15 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 16 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the 17 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 18 selling price of sales tax holiday items. 19

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

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Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

8 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay 9 into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue 10 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 11 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process 12 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total 13 payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and 14 15 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 16 in any fiscal year.

17 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 18 19 collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service 20 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an 21 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 22 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually 23 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 24 25 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and 26 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000

in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the waverage monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys
received by the Department under this Act, the Service Use Tax
Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers'
Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit
\$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Beginning July 1, 2019, the Department shall pay into the Community Mental Health Services Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the \$0.01 surcharge on the selling price of firearm ammunition.

15 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 16 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 17 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 18 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 19 20 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 21 22 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 23 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 24 25 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called 26 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 1 2 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 3 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 4 5 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 6 7 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 8 9 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 10 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account 11 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 12 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 13 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 14 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 15 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 16 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 17 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 18 19 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 20 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual 21 22 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 23 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 24 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 25 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing 26 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois

is sufficient, taking into account any future 1 Bond Act 2 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 3 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 4 5 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 6 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 7 8 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on 9 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 10 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 11 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond 12 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 13 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 14 15 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 16 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 17 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 18 19 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 20 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 21 22 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise 23 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the 24 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 25 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the 26 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge

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set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

2 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 3 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 4 5 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 6 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 7 8 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 9 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 10 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 11 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 12 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 13 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

Fiscal Year 14 Total Deposit 1993 \$0 15 16 1994 53,000,000 17 1995 58,000,000 18 1996 61,000,000 64,000,000 19 1997 20 1998 68,000,000 21 1999 71,000,000 22 2000 75,000,000 23 2001 80,000,000 24 2002 93,000,000 25 2003 99,000,000 26 2004 103,000,000

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1		2005			108,000,000
2		2006			113,000,000
3		2007			119,000,000
4		2008			126,000,000
5		2009			132,000,000
6		2010			139,000,000
7		2011			146,000,000
8		2012			153,000,000
9		2013			161,000,000
10		2014			170,000,000
11		2015			179,000,000
12		2016			189,000,000
13		2017			199,000,000
14		2018			210,000,000
15		2019			221,000,000
16		2020			233,000,000
17		2021			246,000,000
18		2022			260,000,000
19		2023			275,000,000
20		2024			275,000,000
21		2025			275,000,000
22		2026			279,000,000
23		2027			292,000,000
24		2028			307,000,000
25		2029			322,000,000
26		2030			338,000,000

1	2031	350,000,000
2	2032	350,000,000
3	and	
4	each fiscal year	
5	thereafter that bonds	
6	are outstanding under	
7	Section 13.2 of the	
8	Metropolitan Pier and	
9	Exposition Authority Act,	

10 but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 11 12 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 13 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 14 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 15 16 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 17 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 18 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 19 required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 20 21 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 22 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 23 has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
price of tangible personal property.

6 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 7 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 8 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 9 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 10 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 11 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 12 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 13 14 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 15 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 16 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 17 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 18

19 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 20 21 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 22 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section 23 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the 24 25 effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 26

of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 1 2 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 3 Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and the Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to 4 5 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of 6 7 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by 8 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the 9 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the 10 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation 11 and use taxes administered by the Department.

12 Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois 13 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois 14 Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 15 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month 16 17 into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate 18 19 Public Transportation Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon

certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

18 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 19 99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 20 7-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)

Section 15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

23 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)
 24 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this

Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

10 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 11 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price 12 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% 13 14 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 15 16 July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter. 17 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate 18 19 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 20 the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

21 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 22 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 23 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 24 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 25 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price 26 thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 1 2 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 3 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 4 5 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 6 7 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 8 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 9 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 10 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 11 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 12 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax

1 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 2 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an 3 incident to the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 4 5 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 6 7 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 8 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD 9 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, 10 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at 11 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be 12 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 13 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 14 prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise 15 included in this paragraph) and prescription and 16 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 17 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment 18 19 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and 20 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor 21 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with 22 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, 23 and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes 24 of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft 25 drinks" complete, finished, ready-to-use, means any 26 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but

not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, 1 2 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained 3 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, 4 5 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk 6 7 products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk 8 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or 9 vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

16 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 17 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 18 19 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 20 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 21 22 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 23 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 24 25 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 26 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,

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1 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

2 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 3 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 4 5 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 6 7 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 8 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 9 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 10 flour or requires refrigeration.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 12 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 13 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 14 15 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 16 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 17 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 18 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 19 20 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 21 22 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 23 label includes:

24

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,

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1 substance or preparation.

Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

Beginning July 1, 2019, in addition to all other rates of
tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of \$0.01 per cartridge
or shell is imposed on the selling price of firearm ammunition.
"Firearm ammunition" has the meaning given to that term under
Section 31A-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

12 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is 13 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before 14 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under 15 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed 16 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable 17 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state 18 use.

19 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-180, eff. 7-29-15; 20 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 100-22, eff. 21 7-6-17.)

22 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)

23 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect 24 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount 25 of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he

is required to file his return for the period during which such 1 2 tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar 3 year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 4 5 serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and 6 supplying data to the Department on request. The discount 7 8 allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are 9 filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may 10 disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of 11 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but 12 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 13 registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is 14 15 required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service 16 Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service 17 involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or 18 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such 19 20 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be 21 22 promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a 23 form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such 24 information as the Department may reasonably require. On and 25 after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose annual 26 gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to

be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically.
Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not have access to the
Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may
petition the Department to waive the electronic filing
requirement.

6 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 7 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 8 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 9 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 10 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 11 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 12 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

13

1. The name of the seller;

The address of the principal place of business from
 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

20 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this21 Act;

22 23 5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

24 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department25 may require.

26 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after

the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 4 5 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 6 7 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 8 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 9 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 10 11 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 12 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 13 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 14 15 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 16 17 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 18 19 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 20 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 21 22 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 23 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 24 25 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 26 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make

all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

8 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 9 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 10 with the permission of the Department.

11 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds 12 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make 13 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 14 in the manner authorized by the Department.

15 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 16 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 17 requirements of this Section.

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly 18 19 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to 20 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 21 22 with the return for January, February and March of a given year 23 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 24 25 with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 26

October, November and December of a given year being due by
 January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

9 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 10 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 11 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

19 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 20 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser 21 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds the 22 selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall 23 also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the 24 purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct 25 26 the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from

any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers' 1 2 occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required 3 to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall 4 5 previously have been remitted to the Department by such the serviceman shall not previously have 6 serviceman. If 7 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be 8 entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to 9 the purchaser.

Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

15 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 16 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 17 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file 18 returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax 19 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both 20 Acts on the one form.

21 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered 22 with the Department under separate registration hereunder, 23 such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a 24 single return covering all such registered businesses, but 25 shall file separate returns for each such registered business. 26 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall

pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in 1 2 the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption 3 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold 4 5 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has 6 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 7 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 8 classified as Class III medical devices, by the United States 9 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment 10 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and 11 components related to those devices, and insulin, urine testing 12 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the

net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

5 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 6 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 7 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service 8 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an 9 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 10 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually 11 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 12 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 13 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the 14 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in 15 any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average 16 monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the 17 average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments 18 19 made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, this Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

25 <u>Beginning July 1, 2019, the Department shall pay into the</u> 26 <u>Community Mental Health Services Fund 100% of the net revenue</u>

1 realized for the preceding month from the \$0.01 surcharge on 2 the selling price of firearm ammunition.

3 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 4 5 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 6 7 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 8 9 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 10 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 11 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 12 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called 13 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 14 15 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 16 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 17 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 18 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the 19 20 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 21 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 22 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 23 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account 24 25 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 26 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from

the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 1 2 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 3 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 4 5 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 6 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 7 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 8 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of 9 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual 10 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 11 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 12 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing 13 14 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future 15 16 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 17 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 18 19 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 20 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 21 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 22 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on 23 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 24 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 25 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 26

than the amount required to be transferred in such month from 1 2 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 3 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 4 5 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 6 7 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 8 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be 9 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 10 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise 11 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the 12 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 13 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the 14 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge 15 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

16 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 17 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 18 19 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 20 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 21 22 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 23 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 24 25 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 26 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place

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1	Expansion Project Fund in	the specified fiscal years.
2		Total
	Fiscal Year	Deposit
3	1993	\$0
4	1994	53,000,000
5	1995	58,000,000
6	1996	61,000,000
7	1997	64,000,000
8	1998	68,000,000
9	1999	71,000,000
10	2000	75,000,000
11	2001	80,000,000
12	2002	93,000,000
13	2003	99,000,000
14	2004	103,000,000
15	2005	108,000,000
16	2006	113,000,000
17	2007	119,000,000
18	2008	126,000,000
19	2009	132,000,000
20	2010	139,000,000
21	2011	146,000,000
22	2012	153,000,000
23	2013	161,000,000
24	2014	170,000,000
25	2015	179,000,000

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1	2016 189,000,000		
2	2017 199,000,000		
3	2018 210,000,000		
4	2019 221,000,000		
5	2020 233,000,000		
6	2021 246,000,000		
7	2022 260,000,000		
8	2023 275,000,000		
9	2024 275,000,000		
10	2025 275,000,000		
11	2026 279,000,000		
12	2027 292,000,000		
13	2028 307,000,000		
14	2029 322,000,000		
15	2030 338,000,000		
16	2031 350,000,000		
17	2032 350,000,000		
18	and		
19	each fiscal year		
20	thereafter that bonds		
21	are outstanding under		
22	Section 13.2 of the		
23	Metropolitan Pier and		
24	Exposition Authority Act,		
25	but not after fiscal year 2060.		
26	Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal		

year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 1 2 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 3 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 4 5 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 6 (q) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 7 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 8 required under this Section for previous months and years, 9 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 10 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 11 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 12 has been deposited.

13 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 14 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 15 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 16 17 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 18 19 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 20 price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy

Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

8 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, 9 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 10 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 11 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section 12 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 13 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the 14 15 collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 16 17 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and the 18 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to 19 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the 20 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of 21 22 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by 23 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the 24 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the 25 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation 26 and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois 1 2 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois 3 Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 4 5 beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys 6 7 required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate 8 Public Transportation Act.

9 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 10 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the 11 General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be 12 reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to 13 the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the 14 General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State 15 Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

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1 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 2 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 7-1-18; 100-863, eff. 3 8-14-18.)

Section 20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

7 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 8 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of 9 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use 10 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of 11 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be 12 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible personal property transferred. The selling price of each item 13 14 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a 15 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the 16 17 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of 18 the serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, 19 20 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce 21 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the 22 tangible personal property transferred incident 23 to the 24 completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

5 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost 6 7 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, 8 9 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an 10 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price 11 12 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at 13 14 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 15 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and

(ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

8 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax 9 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 10 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax 11 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the 12 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the 13 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price 14 15 thereafter.

16 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 17 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 18 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 19 20 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 21 22 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 23 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 24 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to 25 the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared

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for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 1 2 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 3 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD 4 5 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at 6 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be 7 8 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 9 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 10 prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise 11 included in this paragraph) and prescription and 12 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 13 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States 14 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment 15 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and 16 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor 17 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, 18 19 and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes 20 of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 21 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, 22 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but 23 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, 24 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as 25 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained 26 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless

of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

12 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 13 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 14 15 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 16 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 17 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 18 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 19 20 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 21 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 22 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 23 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not

include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 8 9 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 10 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 11 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 12 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 13 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 14 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 15 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 16 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 17 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 18 label includes: 19

20

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered

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dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

Beginning July 1, 2019, in addition to all other rates of
tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of \$0.01 per cartridge
or shell is imposed on the selling price of firearm ammunition.
"Firearm ammunition" has the meaning given to that term under
Section 31A-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

8 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-180, eff. 7-29-15;
9 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 100-22, eff.
10 7-6-17.)

11 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

12 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect 13 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount 14 of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return 15 for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a 16 discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is 17 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for 18 19 expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 20 21 data to the Department on request. The discount allowed under 22 this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the 23 24 discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration is 25 revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the

Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
 registration has become final.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 3 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 4 5 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is 6 filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for 7 8 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of 9 the selling price actually received during such tax return 10 period.

11 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such 12 13 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 14 15 promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be 16 filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain 17 such information as the Department may reasonably require. On and after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose 18 19 annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns 20 required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not 21 22 have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing 23 electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement. 24

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar

quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

9 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him 10 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts 11 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed 12 by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 Act;

15

16

5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

17 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department18 may require.

19 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 20 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 21 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 22 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 24 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 25 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use 26 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if

the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as 1 2 required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior 3 to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a 4 5 serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service 6 Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the 7 certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to 8 9 tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase 10 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under 11 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 12 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase 13 Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. 14 15 No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability 16 17 imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the 18 19 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize 20 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the 21 return for January, February and March of a given year being 22 due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May 23 and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being 24 25 due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 26 October, November and December of a given year being due by 1 January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

6 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 7 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 8 returns.

9 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning 10 the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the 11 case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of 12 business which makes him responsible for filing returns under 13 this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this 14 Act with the Department not more than 1 month after 15 discontinuing such business.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 16 17 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 18 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 19 20 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 21 22 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 23 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 24 25 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 26

payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 1 2 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 3 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 4 5 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 6 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 7 8 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 9 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 10 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 11 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 12 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 13 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. 14

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department. 1 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 2 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 3 requirements of this Section.

Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 4 5 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 6 7 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof 8 to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the 9 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing 10 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the 11 purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so 12 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service 13 Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or 14 Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit 15 to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the 16 amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been 17 remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of 18 19 such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no 20 deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by all said Acts on the one

1 form.

2 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered 3 with the Department under separate registrations hereunder, 4 such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered 5 business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 6 7 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for 8 the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human 9 consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it 10 is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food 11 which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and 12 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 13 appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by 14 the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used 15 for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any 16 accessories and components related to those devices, and 17 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. 18

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. SB0121

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property.

5 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 6 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue 7 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 8 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

9 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall 10 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to 11 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the 12 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of 13 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had 14 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that 15 are now taxed at 6.25%.

16 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 17 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax 18 Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to 19 20 the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the 21 22 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 23 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' 24 25 Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State 26 fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys
received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service
Use Tax Act, this Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act,
each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State
Crime Laboratory Fund.

Beginning July 1, 2019, the Department shall pay into the Community Mental Health Services Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the \$0.01 surcharge on the selling price of firearm ammunition.

14 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 15 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 16 17 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 18 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 19 20 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 21 22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 23 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called 24 25 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 26

Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 1 2 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 3 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the 4 5 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 6 7 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 8 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 9 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 10 11 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 12 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 13 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 14 15 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 16 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 17 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 18 19 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of 20 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 21 22 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 23 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing 24 25 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 26 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future

investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 1 2 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 3 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 4 5 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 6 7 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on 8 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 9 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 10 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond 11 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 12 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from 13 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 14 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 15 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 16 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 17 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 18 19 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be 20 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise 21 22 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the 23 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 24 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the 25 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act. 26

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1 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 2 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 3 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 4 5 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 6 7 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 8 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 9 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 10 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 11 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 12 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

13

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Total

	Fiscal Year	Deposit
14	1993	\$0
15	1994	53,000,000
16	1995	58,000,000
17	1996	61,000,000
18	1997	64,000,000
19	1998	68,000,000
20	1999	71,000,000
21	2000	75,000,000
22	2001	80,000,000
23	2002	93,000,000
24	2003	99,000,000
25	2004	103,000,000

1	2005	108,000,000
2	2006	113,000,000
3	2007	119,000,000
4	2008	126,000,000
5	2009	132,000,000
6	2010	139,000,000
7	2011	146,000,000
8	2012	153,000,000
9	2013	161,000,000
10	2014	170,000,000
11	2015	179,000,000
12	2016	189,000,000
13	2017	199,000,000
14	2018	210,000,000
15	2019	221,000,000
16	2020	233,000,000
17	2021	246,000,000
18	2022	260,000,000
19	2023	275,000,000
20	2024	275,000,000
21	2025	275,000,000
22	2026	279,000,000
23	2027	292,000,000
24	2028	307,000,000
25	2029	322,000,000
26	2030	338,000,000

1	2031	350,000,000
2	2032	350,000,000
3	and	
4	each fiscal year	
5	thereafter that bonds	
6	are outstanding under	
7	Section 13.2 of the	
8	Metropolitan Pier and	
9	Exposition Authority Act,	

10 but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 11 12 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 13 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 14 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 15 16 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 17 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 18 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 19 required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 20 21 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 22 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 23 has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

6 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 7 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 8 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 9 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 10 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 11 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 12 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 13 14 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 15 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 16 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 17 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 18

19 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 20 21 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 22 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section 23 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the 24 25 effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 26

of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 1 2 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 3 Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and the Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to 4 5 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of 6 7 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by 8 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the 9 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the 10 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation 11 and use taxes administered by the Department.

12 Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois 13 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois 14 Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 15 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 16 beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month 17 into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate 18 19 Public Transportation Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

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The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 1 2 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 3 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 4 5 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement 6 7 of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal 8 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as 9 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 10 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 11 same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a 12 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 13 reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the 14 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the 15 taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and 16 closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods 17 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the 18 19 taxpayer's business during such year and any additional 20 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 21 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 22 or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore 23 provided for in this Section.

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable as follows: - 81 - LRB101 04745 HLH 49754 b

1 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable 2 for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such 3 taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by 4 the annual return for each month or fraction of a month 5 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be 6 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other 7 penalty provided for in this Act.

8 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall 9 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the 10 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

11 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest 12 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who 13 14 willfully signs the annual return containing false or 15 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished 16 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the 17 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the return may be liable for perjury. 18

19 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing 20 of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman 21 who is not required to file an income tax return with the 22 United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount

equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

4 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 5 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 6 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 7 overpayment of liability.

8 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be 9 permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose 10 products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who 11 wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and 12 paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with 13 respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do 14 make written objection to the Department to this not. 15 arrangement.

16 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 17 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 7-1-18; 100-863, eff. 18 8-14-18.)

Section 25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 2-10 and 3 as follows:

21 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in

1 the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of
this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

9 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory 10 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel 11 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a 12 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that 13 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has 14 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and 15 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump 16 17 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 18 19 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to 20 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty 21 22 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 23 retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,

1 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July
2 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the
3 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
4 the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the
5 Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax
6 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of
7 gasohol made during that time.

8 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 9 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 10 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or 11 before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of 12 sales made thereafter.

13 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 14 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 15 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of 16 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 17 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 18 19 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 20 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 21 22 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less 23 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed

by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 4 5 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 6 7 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 8 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 9 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States 10 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment 11 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and 12 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor 13 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with 14 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, 15 and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is 16 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, 17 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether 18 19 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 20 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 21 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever 22 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed 23 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated 24 25 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks 26

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containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

8 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 9 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 10 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 11 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 12 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 13 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 14 15 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 16 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 17 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 18 regardless of the location of the vending machine. 19

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 21 22 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 23 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 24 25 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 26

pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of 3 this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 4 5 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 6 7 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 8 9 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 10 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 11 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 12 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 13 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 14 15 label includes:

16

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

25 <u>Beginning July 1, 2019, in addition to all other rates of</u> 26 <u>tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of \$0.01 per cartridge</u>

or shell is imposed on the selling price of firearm ammunition.
 "Firearm ammunition" has the meaning given to that term under
 Section 31A-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

4 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 5 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

6 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)

Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating:

12

1. The name of the seller;

13 2. His residence address and the address of his 14 principal place of business and the address of the 15 principal place of business (if that is a different 16 address) from which he engages in the business of selling 17 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be, from sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or quarter;

4. Total amount received by him during the preceding
calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of
tangible personal property, and from services furnished,

- by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return is filed;
- 3

5. Deductions allowed by law;

6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the
preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of
which the tax is imposed;

7 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this8 Act;

9

10

8. The amount of tax due;

9. The signature of the taxpayer; and

11 10. Such other reasonable information as the12 Department may require.

13 On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor 14 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required 15 to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to 16 retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, 17 all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do 18 19 not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in 20 filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the 21 electronic filing requirement.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

26 Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of

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1 prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is 2 claimed.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 3 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 4 5 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser 6 7 provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 8 9 certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003 10 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85 11 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy 12 Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in 13 the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase 14 15 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under 16 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 17 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's September Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after 18 January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to 19 20 September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to 21 22 satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any 23 audit liability.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 1 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 2 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 3 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 4 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

5

1. The name of the seller;

6 2. The address of the principal place of business from
7 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
8 personal property at retail in this State;

9 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him 10 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible 11 personal property by him during such preceding calendar 12 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but 13 less all deductions allowed by law;

The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 Act;

16

5. The amount of tax due; and

17 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department18 may require.

Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a 19 licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer, 20 as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in 21 22 the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file 23 a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at 24 a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount 25 paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month 26 and such other information as is reasonably required by the

Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the Liquor Control Act of 1934.

7 Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in 8 9 the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the 10 Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month 11 for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by 12 electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during 13 14 the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to whom it was 15 sold or distributed; the purchaser's tax 16 registration number; and such other information reasonably 17 required by the Department. A distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer of alcoholic 18 liquor must personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to 19 20 each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing 21 22 distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic 23 liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month 24 for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred. 25 The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall 26 notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor,

importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales 1 2 information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales information by electronic means, the distributor, importing 3 distributor, or manufacturer shall furnish the 4 sales 5 information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is 6 7 not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail, 8 or facsimile.

9 If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or 10 creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than 11 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more.

12 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 13 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 14 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 15 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 16 17 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 18 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 19 20 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 21 22 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 23 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 24 25 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 26 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered

by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 1 2 The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 3 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 4 5 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 6 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 7 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 8 9 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 10 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

16 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 17 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 18 with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any

return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is less than 50 cents.

7 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 8 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to 9 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 10 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year 11 12 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, 13 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 14 with the return for July, August and September of a given year 15 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 16 October, November and December of a given year being due by 17 January 20 of the following year.

18 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or 19 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax 20 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the 21 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual 22 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 23 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

8 Where the same person has more than one business registered 9 with the Department under separate registrations under this 10 Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a 11 single return covering all such registered businesses, but 12 shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

13 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 14 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 15 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of 16 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 17 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible personal 18 19 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same 20 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 21 22 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, 23 watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, 24 25 motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 26 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as

a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this 1 2 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that 3 transaction the Department on the uniform 4 to same 5 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 6 7 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration 8 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped 9 with an inboard motor.

10 Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, 11 aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with 12 an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such 13 14 transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required 15 to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or 16 quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required 17 to file returns on an annual basis.

The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor 18 19 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an 20 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle 21 22 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name 23 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in 24 25 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the 26 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to

which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value 1 2 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such 3 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the 4 5 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on 6 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not 7 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the 8 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient 9 identification of the property sold; such other information as 10 is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and 11 such other information as the Department may reasonably 12 require.

13 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft 14 or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the 15 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 16 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for 17 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the 18 extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for 19 20 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after 21 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 22 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such 23 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 24 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that 25 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 26 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a

sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other
 information as the Department may reasonably require.

3 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is 4 5 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner 6 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting 7 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the 8 Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of 9 the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the 10 tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if 11 titling or registration is required) if the Department and such 12 agency or State officer determine that this procedure will 13 processing of applications expedite the for title or 14 registration.

15 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 16 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 17 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 18 19 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax 20 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such 21 22 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer 23 with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal 24 property that is involved (if titling or registration is 25 required) in support of such purchaser's application for an 26 Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration

1 to such tangible personal property.

2 No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this 3 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other 4 5 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has 6 7 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The 8 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the 9 mandate of this paragraph.

10 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 11 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of 12 the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the 13 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not 14 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 15 of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department 16 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 17 the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 18 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption 19 20 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be 21 22 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account 23 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays 24 25 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted 26

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if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

2 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property 3 returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under 4 5 subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the 6 receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a 7 return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act 8 9 with respect to such receipts.

10 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on 11 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, 12 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly 13 accredited agent of such corporation.

Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of the limited liability company.

Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the 18 return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such 19 20 return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% 21 22 on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, 23 whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 24 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 25 26 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant

to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on 1 2 which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of 3 retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount 4 5 shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount allowed 6 under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed 7 8 in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow 9 the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is 10 revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the 11 Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 12 registration has become final.

13 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 14 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax 15 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax 16 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be 17 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar guarters, he 18 19 shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th 20 day of the month next following the month during which such tax 21 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department 22 on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month 23 during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the 24 25 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service 26 Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any

liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance 1 2 with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 3 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month 4 5 next following the month during which such tax liability is 6 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before 7 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such 8 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 9 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each 10 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or an amount set by the 11 12 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 13 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 14 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and 15 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 16 17 after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 18 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 19 20 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 21 22 or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each 23 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 24 25 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 26 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on

or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or 1 2 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 3 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 4 5 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 6 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 7 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 8 9 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 10 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's 11 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The 12 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 13 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the 14 15 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the 16 Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability 17 of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability 18 to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar 19 20 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 21 22 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as 23 computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a 24 25 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in 26 the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer

to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the 1 2 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the 3 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On 4 5 and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 6 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by 7 taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue 8 9 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the 10 Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 11 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 12 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 13 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 14 15 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can 16 show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's 17 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably 18 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated 19 20 above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a 21 change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department 22 shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds 23 that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at 24 25 the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the 26

1 difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the 2 amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely 3 paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the 4 5 minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. 6 The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly 7 8 payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar 9 monthly basis.

10 The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1, 11 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make 12 quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who 13 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 14 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete 15 16 calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as 17 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the 18 month during which such liability is incurred. If the month 19 during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to 20 September 1, 1985 (the effective date of Public Act 84-221), 21 22 each payment shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the 23 taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 24 25 January 1, 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 26 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5%

of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 1 2 preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each 3 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 4 5 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 6 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. 7 The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 8 9 that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case 10 may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of 11 quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this 12 paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly 13 prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter 14 15 monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount 16 required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 17 interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in excess of the 18 19 minimum payments previously due.

The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as

required by Section 2f and shall make payments to 1 the 2 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment 3 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual 4 5 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for 6 the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of 7 the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the 8 final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month 9 filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. 10 Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter 11 monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph 12 shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax 13 collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 14 15 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 16 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for 17 each calendar guarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly 18 19 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the 20 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such 21 difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made 22 payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments 23 previously due.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as

shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if 1 2 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit 3 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by 4 5 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, 6 7 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 8 prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the 9 taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability 10 subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, 11 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service 12 Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules Use and 13 regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department 14 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit 15 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% 16 and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% 17 of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 18 interest on such difference. 19

If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability to the Department under this Act for the month which the taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

25 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall26 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the

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State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue 1 2 realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the 3 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 4 5 drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 6 7 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III 8 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug 9 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a 10 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related 11 to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials, 12 syringes and needles used by diabetics.

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Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 18 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the 19 20 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 21 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 22 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the 23 County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 24 25 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

26 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall

pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 4 5 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 6 7 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 8 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local 9 Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the 10 preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of 11 sales tax holiday items.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

19 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay 20 into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 21 22 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process 23 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total 24 25 payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year. 26

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 1 2 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax 3 Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the 4 5 average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois 6 Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the 7 Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, 8 9 the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act 10 shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used 11 in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal 12 to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited 13 14 into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this 15 paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

21 <u>Beginning July 1, 2019, the Department shall pay into the</u> 22 <u>Community Mental Health Services Fund 100% of the net revenue</u> 23 <u>realized for the preceding month from the \$0.01 surcharge on</u> 24 <u>the selling price of firearm ammunition.</u>

25 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 26 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the

Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 1 2 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 3 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 4 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 5 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, 6 Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax 7 8 Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts 9 being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 10 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter 11 called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to 12 the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax 13 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as 14 hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall 15 be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 16 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the 17 "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for fiscal years 1986 through 1993: 18

19	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
20	1986	\$54,800,000
21	1987	\$76,650,000
22	1988	\$80,480,000
23	1989	\$88,510,000
24	1990	\$115,330,000
25	1991	\$145,470,000
26	1992	\$182,730,000

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\$206,520,000;

2 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the 3 Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and 4 5 each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on 6 the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act 7 Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) 8 the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the 9 10 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the 11 12 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 13 the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 14 15 payments required under the preceding proviso result in 16 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to 17 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of 18 (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois 19 20 Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph 21 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount 22 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and 23 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 24 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 25 26 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if

any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on 1 2 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and 3 costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of 4 5 Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build 6 7 Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such 8 9 month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred 10 in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build 11 Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 12 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received 13 14 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build 15 Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the 16 Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this 17 sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall 18 reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year 19 20 pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited 21 22 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim 23 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 24 Act.

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 26 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment

1 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 2 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 3 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 4 5 in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 6 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 7 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 8 9 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 10 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

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Total

	Fiscal Year	Deposit
12	1993	\$0
13	1994	53,000,000
14	1995	58,000,000
15	1996	61,000,000
16	1997	64,000,000
17	1998	68,000,000
18	1999	71,000,000
19	2000	75,000,000
20	2001	80,000,000
21	2002	93,000,000
22	2003	99,000,000
23	2004	103,000,000
24	2005	108,000,000
25	2006	113,000,000

1	2007	119,000,000
2	2008	126,000,000
3	2009	132,000,000
4	2010	139,000,000
5	2011	146,000,000
6	2012	153,000,000
7	2013	161,000,000
8	2014	170,000,000
9	2015	179,000,000
10	2016	189,000,000
11	2017	199,000,000
12	2018	210,000,000
13	2019	221,000,000
14	2020	233,000,000
15	2021	246,000,000
16	2022	260,000,000
17	2023	275,000,000
18	2024	275,000,000
19	2025	275,000,000
20	2026	279,000,000
21	2027	292,000,000
22	2028	307,000,000
23	2029	322,000,000
24	2030	338,000,000
25	2031	350,000,000
26	2032	350,000,000

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1 and 2 each fiscal year thereafter that bonds 3 are outstanding under 4 5 Section 13.2 of the Metropolitan Pier and 6 7 Exposition Authority Act, 8 but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 9 10 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 11 12 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 13 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 14 15 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 16 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 17 required under this Section for previous months and years, 18 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 19 20 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 21 has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 4 5 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 6 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 7 8 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 9 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 10 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 11 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 12 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 13 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 14 15 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 16 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

17 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 18 19 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 20 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 21 22 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the 23 effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 24 25 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 26

Department shall pay into the 1 the Tax Compliance and 2 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to 3 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of 4 5 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the 6 7 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the 8 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation 9 and use taxes administered by the Department.

10 Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois 11 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois 12 Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 13 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 14 beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month 15 into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys 16 required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate 17 Public Transportation Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not

less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 1 2 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. 3 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal 4 5 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as 6 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 7 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 8 same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a 9 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 10 reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the 11 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the 12 retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and 13 closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the 14 15 retailer during such year, payroll information of the 16 retailer's business during such year and any additional 17 reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 18 or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in 19 20 this Section.

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by

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the annual return for each month or fraction of a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.

5 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall 6 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the 7 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

8 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest 9 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 10 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who 11 willfully signs the annual return containing false or 12 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished annual return form prescribed by the 13 accordingly. The 14 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the 15 return may be liable for perjury.

16 The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an 17 annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not 18 required to file an income tax return with the United States 19 Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made. 1 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 2 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 3 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 4 overpayment of liability.

5 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, 6 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in 7 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may 8 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the 9 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such 10 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written 11 objection to the Department to this arrangement.

12 Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail 13 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at 14 the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, 15 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or 16 events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 17 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's 18 19 business, the name of the person or persons engaged in 20 merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant, 21 22 the dates and location of the event and other reasonable 23 information that the Department may require. The report must be filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following 24 25 the month during which the event with retail sales was held. 26 Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section

1 commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to 2 exceed \$250.

3 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type 4 5 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or 6 anv 7 transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient 8 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of 9 the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily 10 payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall 11 impose this requirement when it finds that there is a 12 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an 13 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers 14 who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the 15 16 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the 17 exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify 18 19 concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of 20 this requirement. In the absence of notification by the Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file 21 22 their returns as otherwise required in this Section.

23 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16;
24 99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff.
25 7-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)

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Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

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1 becoming law.