

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2019 and 2020 HB4284

Introduced 1/28/2020, by Rep. Robyn Gabel

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act

Creates the Electric Vehicle Charging Act. Provides that the Act applies to new or renovated residential or nonresidential buildings with parking. Provides that a new or renovated residential building is required to have a certain percentage, based on the number of units in the residential building, of its total parking spaces either electric vehicle ready or electric vehicle capable. Provides that a new or renovated nonresidential building is required to have 30% of its total parking spaces electric vehicle ready. Provides various requirements related to electric vehicle charging stations for unit owners. Provides various requirements related to electric vehicle charging systems for renters.

LRB101 15830 LNS 66224 b

1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Electric Vehicle Charging Act.
- Section 5. Legislative intent. Electric vehicles are an 6 7 important tool to fight the climate crisis, tackle air pollution, and provide safe, clean, and affordable personal 8 9 transportation. The State should encourage urgent widespread adoption of electric vehicles. Since most current 10 11 electric vehicle owners are single-family homeowners who 12 charge at home, providing access to home charging for those in multi-unit dwellings is crucial to wider electric vehicle 13 14 adoption. This includes condominium unit owners and renters, regardless of parking space ownership and regardless of income. 15 16 Therefore, a significant portion of parking spaces in new and 17 renovated residential and commercial developments must be capable of electric vehicle charging. Additionally, renters 18 19 and condominium unit owners must be able to install charging 20 equipment for their cars under reasonable conditions.
- Section 10. Applicability. This Act applies to new or renovated residential or nonresidential buildings that have

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- 1 parking spaces and are constructed or renovated after the
- 2 effective date of this Act.
- 3 Section 15. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- "Electric vehicle" means a vehicle that is powered by an electric motor, runs on a rechargeable battery, and must be plugged in to charge.
- 7 "Electric vehicle capable" means an installed electrical 8 panel capacity with a dedicated branch circuit and a continuous 9 raceway from the panel to the future electric vehicle parking 10 space.

"Electric vehicle charging station" means a station that is designed in compliance with the relevant building code and delivers electricity from a source outside an electric vehicle into one or more electric vehicles. "Electric vehicle charging station" includes several charging points simultaneously connecting several electric vehicles to the electric vehicle charging station and any related equipment needed to facilitate charging an electric vehicle.

"Electric vehicle charging system" means a device that is:

- (1) used to provide electricity to an electric vehicle;
- (2) designed to ensure that a safe connection has been made between the electric grid and the electric vehicle; and
- (3) able to communicate with the vehicle's control system so that electricity flows at an appropriate voltage

1 and current level.

An electric vehicle charging system may be wall mounted or pedestal style, may provide multiple cords to connect with electric vehicles, and shall: (i) be certified by underwriters laboratories or have been granted an equivalent certification; and (ii) comply with the current version of Article 625 of the National Electrical Code.

"Electric vehicle charging supply equipment" means a conductor, including an ungrounded, grounded, and equipment grounding conductor, and electric vehicle connectors, attachment plugs, and all other fittings, devices, power outlets, and apparatuses installed specifically for the purpose of transferring energy between the premises wirings and the electric vehicle.

"Electric vehicle ready" means a parking space that is designed and constructed to include a fully-wired circuit with a 208-volt to 250-volt, 40-ampere electric vehicle charging receptacle outlet or termination point, including the conduit, wiring, and electrical service capacity necessary to serve that receptacle, to allow for future electric vehicle charging supply equipment.

"Level 1" means a charging system that provides charging through a 120-volt AC plug with a cord connector that meets the SAE International J1772 standard or successor standard.

"Level 2" means a charging system that provides charging through a 208-volt to 240-volt AC plug with a cord connector

- 1 that meets the SAE International J1772 standard or a successor
- 2 standard.
- 3 "New" means any newly constructed building and associated
- 4 newly constructed parking facility.
- 5 "Reasonable restriction" means a restriction that does not
- 6 significantly increase the cost of the electric vehicle
- 7 charging station or electric vehicle charging system or
- 8 significantly decrease its efficiency or specified
- 9 performance.
- 10 "Renovated" means any building with alterations and
- 11 additions involving the removal of interior finishes and
- 12 significant proposed upgrades to structural, mechanical,
- 13 electrical, or plumbing systems.
- 14 Section 20. Residential requirements. A new or renovated
- 15 residential building shall have:
- 16 (1) 100% of its total parking spaces electric vehicle
- 17 ready, if there are one to 6 parking spaces;
- 18 (2) 100% of its total parking spaces electric vehicle
- 19 capable, of which at least 20% shall be electric vehicle
- ready, if there are 6 to 23 parking spaces; or
- 21 (3) 100% of its total parking spaces electric vehicle
- capable, if there are 24 or more parking spaces.
- 23 Additionally, a new or renovated residential building
- shall provide at least one parking space with electric vehicle
- 25 charging supply equipment installed, and for each additional

- 1 parking space with electric vehicle charging supply equipment
- 2 installed, the electric vehicle ready requirement is decreased
- 3 by 2%.
- 4 Each parking space shall be marked and signed for common
- 5 use by residents. A resident shall use an electric vehicle
- 6 parking space only when he or she is charging his or her
- 7 electric vehicle.
- 8 Section 25. Nonresidential requirements. A new or
- 9 renovated nonresidential building shall have 30% of its total
- 10 parking spaces electric vehicle ready.
- 11 Section 30. Electric vehicle station policy for unit
- 12 owners.
- 13 (a) Any covenant, restriction, or condition contained in
- 14 any deed, contract, security interest, or other instrument
- affecting the transfer or sale of any interest in a condominium
- or common interest community, and any provision of a governing
- document that effectively prohibits or unreasonably restricts
- 18 the installation or use of an electric vehicle charging station
- 19 within a unit owner's unit or a designated parking space,
- 20 including, but not limited to, a deeded parking space, a
- 21 parking space in a unit owner's exclusive use common area, or a
- 22 parking space that is specifically designated for use by a
- 23 particular unit owner, or is in conflict with this Section, is
- void and unenforceable.

- (b) This Section does not apply to provisions that impose a reasonable restriction on an electric vehicle charging station. However, it is the policy of this State to promote, encourage, and remove obstacles to the use of an electric vehicle charging station.
- (c) An electric vehicle charging station shall meet applicable health and safety standards and requirements imposed by State and local authorities, and all other applicable zoning, land use, or other ordinances or land use permits.
- (d) If approval is required for the installation or use of an electric vehicle charging station, the association shall process and approve the application in the same manner as an application for approval of an architectural modification to the property, and the association shall not willfully avoid or delay the adjudication of the application. The approval or denial of an application shall be in writing. If an application is not denied in writing within 60 days from the date of the receipt of the application, the application shall be deemed approved unless the delay is the result of a reasonable request for additional information.
- (e) If the electric vehicle charging station is to be placed in a common area or exclusive use common area, as designated by the condominium or common interest community association, the following applies:
 - (1) The unit owner shall first obtain approval from the

1	association to install the electric vehicle charging
2	station and the association shall approve the installation
3	if the unit owner agrees, in writing, to:
4	(i) comply with the association's architectural
5	standards for the installation of the electric vehicle
6	charging station;
7	(ii) engage a licensed contractor to install the
8	electric vehicle charging station;
9	(iii) within 14 days of approval, provide a
10	certificate of insurance that names the association as
11	an additional insured party under the unit owner's
12	insurance policy as required under paragraph (3); and
13	(iv) pay for both the costs associated with the
14	installation of and the electricity usage associated
15	with the electric vehicle charging station.
16	(2) The unit owner, and each successive unit owner of
17	the electric vehicle charging station, is responsible for:
18	(i) costs for damage to the electric vehicle
19	charging station, common area, exclusive use common
20	area, or separate interests resulting from the
21	installation, maintenance, repair, removal, or
22	replacement of the electric vehicle charging station;
23	(ii) costs for the maintenance, repair, and
24	replacement of the electric vehicle charging station
25	until it has been removed, and for the restoration of

the common area after removal;

_	(iii)	costs	of e	lectricity	associated	with	the
2	charging s	station,	whic	h shall be i	based on:		

- (A) an inexpensive submetering device; or
- (B) a reasonable calculation of cost, based on the average miles driven, efficiency of the electric vehicle calculated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, and the cost of electricity for the common area; and
- (iv) disclosing to a prospective buyer the existence of any electric vehicle charging station of the unit owner and the related responsibilities of the unit owner under this Section.
- (3) The purpose of the costs under paragraph (2) is for the reasonable reimbursement of electricity usage, and shall not be set to deliberately exceed the reasonable reimbursement.
- (4) The unit owner of the electric vehicle charging station, whether the electric vehicle charging station is located within the common area or exclusive use common area, shall, at all times, maintain a liability coverage policy. The unit owner that submitted the application to install the electric vehicle charging station shall provide the association with the corresponding certificate of insurance with 14 days of approval of the application. The unit owner, and each successive unit owner, shall provide the association with the certificate of insurance

- 1 annually thereafter.
- 2 (5) A unit owner is not required to maintain a
 3 homeowner liability coverage policy for an existing
 4 National Electrical Manufacturers Association standard
 5 alternating current power plug.
 - (f) Except as provided in subsection (g), the installation of an electric vehicle charging station for the exclusive use of a unit owner in a common area that is not an exclusive use common area shall be authorized by the association only if installation in the unit owner's designated parking space is impossible or unreasonably expensive. In such an event, the association shall enter into a license agreement with the unit owner for the use of the space in a common area, and the unit owner shall comply with all of the requirements in subsection (e).
 - (g) An association may install an electric vehicle charging station in the common area for the use of all unit owners and members of the association. The association shall develop appropriate terms of use for the electric vehicle charging station.
 - (h) An association may create a new parking space where one did not previously exist to facilitate the installation of an electric vehicle charging station.
 - (i) An association that willfully violates this Section shall be liable to the unit owner for actual damages and shall pay a civil penalty to the unit owner not to exceed \$1,000.

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1	(j) In any action by a unit owner requesting to have an
2	electric vehicle charging station installed and seeking to
3	enforce compliance with this Section, the court shall award
4	reasonable attorney's fees to a prevailing plaintiff.

- 5 Section 35. Electric vehicle charging system policy for 6 renters.
 - (a) Notwithstanding any provision in the lease to the contrary, and subject to subsection (b):
 - (1) A tenant may install, at the tenant's expense for the tenant's own use, a level 1 or level 2 electric vehicle charging system on or in the leased premises.
 - (2) A landlord shall not assess or charge a tenant any fee for the placement or use of an electric vehicle charging system, except that:
 - (i) The landlord may:
 - (A) require reimbursement for the actual cost of electricity provided by the landlord that was used by the electric vehicle charging system; or
 - (B) charge a reasonable fee for access.

If the electric vehicle charging system is part of a network for which a network fee is charged, the landlord's reimbursement may include the amount of the network fee. Nothing in this subparagraph requires a landlord to impose upon a tenant a fee or charge other than the rental payments specified in the lease.

(ii) The landlord may require reimbursement for
the cost of the installation of the electric vehicle
charging system, including any additions or upgrades
to existing wiring directly attributable to the
requirements of the electric vehicle charging system,
if the landlord places or causes the electric vehicle
charging system to be placed at the request of the
tenant.

- (iii) If the tenant desires to place an electric vehicle charging system in an area accessible to other tenants, the landlord may assess or charge the tenant a reasonable fee to reserve a specific parking space in which to install the electric vehicle charging system.
- (b) A landlord may require a tenant to comply with:
- (1) bona fide safety requirements consistent with an applicable building code or recognized safety standard for the protection of persons and property;
- (2) a requirement that the electric vehicle charging system be registered with the landlord within 30 days after installation; or
- (3) reasonable aesthetic provisions that govern the dimensions, placement, or external appearance of an electric vehicle charging system.
- (c) A tenant may place an electric vehicle charging system in an area accessible to other tenants if:
- (1) the electric vehicle charging system is in

compliance with all applicable requirements adopted by a landlord under subsection (b); and

- (2) the tenant agrees, in writing, to:
- (i) comply with the landlord's design specifications for the installation of an electric vehicle charging system;
- (ii) engage the services of a duly licensed and registered electrical contractor familiar with the installation and code requirements of an electric vehicle charging system; and
- (iii) provide, within 14 days after receiving the landlord's consent for the installation, a certificate of insurance naming the landlord as an additional insured party on the tenant's renter's insurance policy for any claim related to the installation, maintenance, or use of the electric vehicle charging system or, at the landlord's option, reimbursement to the landlord for the actual cost of any increased insurance premium amount attributable to the electric vehicle charging system, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the lease. The tenant shall provide reimbursement for an increased insurance premium amount within 14 days after the tenant receives the landlord's invoice for the amount attributable to the electric vehicle charging system.
- (d) If the landlord consents to a tenant's installation of

- an electric vehicle charging system on property accessible to other tenants, including a parking space, carport, or garage stall, then, unless otherwise specified in a written agreement with the landlord:
 - (1) The tenant, and each successive tenant with exclusive rights to the area where the electric vehicle charging system is installed, is responsible for costs for damages to the electric vehicle charging system and to any other property of the landlord or another tenant resulting from the installation, maintenance, repair, removal, or replacement of the electric vehicle charging system.
 - (i) Costs under this paragraph shall be based on:
 - (A) an inexpensive submetering device; or
 - (B) a reasonable calculation of cost, based on the average miles driven, efficiency of the electric vehicle calculated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, and the cost of electricity for the common area.
 - (ii) The purpose of the costs under this paragraph is for reasonable reimbursement of electricity usage and shall not be set to deliberately exceed that reasonable reimbursement.
 - (2) Each successive tenant with exclusive rights to the area where the electric vehicle charging system is installed shall assume responsibility for the repair, maintenance, removal, and replacement of the electric

vehicle charging system until the electric vehicle charging system is removed.

- (3) The tenant, and each successive tenant with exclusive rights to the area where the electric vehicle charging system is installed, shall, at all times, have and maintain an insurance policy covering the obligations of the tenant under this subsection and shall name the landlord as an additional insured party under the policy.
- (4) The tenant, and each successive tenant with exclusive rights to the area where the electric vehicle charging system is installed, is responsible for removing the system if reasonably necessary or convenient for the repair, maintenance, or replacement of any property of the landlord, whether or not leased to another tenant.
- (e) An electric vehicle charging system installed at the tenant's cost is the property of the tenant. Upon termination of the lease, if the electric vehicle charging system is removable, the tenant may either remove it or sell it to the landlord or another tenant for an agreed price. Nothing in this subsection requires the landlord or another tenant to purchase the electric vehicle charging system.
- (f) A landlord that willfully violates this Section shall be liable to the tenant for actual damages, and shall pay a civil penalty to the tenant in an amount not to exceed \$1,000.
- (g) In any action by a tenant requesting to have an electric vehicle charging system installed and seeking to

- 1 enforce compliance with this Section, the court shall award
- 2 reasonable attorney's fees to a prevailing plaintiff.