



Sen. Mattie Hunter

**Filed: 1/5/2021**

10100HB3840sam001

LRB101 12454 CPF 74517 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3840

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend House Bill 3840 by replacing  
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Title I. General Provisions

5 Article 1.

6 Section 1-1. This Act may be referred to as the Illinois  
7 Health Care and Human Service Reform Act.

8 Section 1-5. Findings.

9 "We, the People of the State of Illinois - grateful to  
10 Almighty God for the civil, political and religious liberty  
11 which He has permitted us to enjoy and seeking His blessing  
12 upon our endeavors - in order to provide for the health, safety  
13 and welfare of the people; maintain a representative and  
14 orderly government; eliminate poverty and inequality; assure

1 legal, social and economic justice; provide opportunity for the  
2 fullest development of the individual; insure domestic  
3 tranquility; provide for the common defense; and secure the  
4 blessings of freedom and liberty to ourselves and our posterity  
5 - do ordain and establish this Constitution for the State of  
6 Illinois."

7 The Illinois Legislative Black Caucus finds that, in order  
8 to improve the health outcomes of Black residents in the State  
9 of Illinois, it is essential to dramatically reform the State's  
10 health and human service system. For over 3 decades, multiple  
11 health studies have found that health inequities at their very  
12 core are due to racism. As early as 1998 research demonstrated  
13 that Black Americans received less health care than white  
14 Americans because doctors treated patients differently on the  
15 basis of race. Yet, Illinois' health and human service system  
16 disappointingly continues to perpetuate health disparities  
17 among Black Illinoisans of all ages, genders, and socioeconomic  
18 status.

19 In July 2020, Trinity Health announced its plans to close  
20 Mercy Hospital, an essential resource serving the Chicago South  
21 Side's predominantly Black residents. Trinity Health argued  
22 that this closure would have no impact on health access but  
23 failed to understand the community's needs. Closure of Mercy  
24 Hospital would only serve to create a health access desert and  
25 exacerbate existing health disparities. On December 15, 2020,  
26 after hearing from community members and advocates, the Health

1 Facilities and Services Review Board unanimously voted to deny  
2 closure efforts, yet Trinity still seeks to cease Mercy's  
3 operations.

4 Prior to COVID-19, much of the social and political  
5 attention surrounding the nationwide opioid epidemic focused  
6 on the increase in overdose deaths among white, middle-class,  
7 suburban and rural users; the impact of the epidemic in Black  
8 communities was largely unrecognized. Research has shown rates  
9 of opioid use at the national scale are higher for whites than  
10 they are for Blacks, yet rates of opioid deaths are higher  
11 among Blacks (43%) than whites (22%). The COVID-19 pandemic  
12 will likely exacerbate this situation due to job loss,  
13 stay-at-home orders, and ongoing mitigation efforts creating a  
14 lack of physical access to addiction support and harm reduction  
15 groups.

16 In 2018, the Illinois Department of Public Health reported  
17 that Black women were about 6 times as likely to die from a  
18 pregnancy-related cause as white women. Of those, 72% of  
19 pregnancy-related deaths and 93% of violent  
20 pregnancy-associated deaths were deemed preventable. Between  
21 2016 and 2017, Black women had the highest rate of severe  
22 maternal morbidity with a rate of 101.5 per 10,000 deliveries,  
23 which is almost 3 times as high as the rate for white women.

24 In the City of Chicago, African American and Latinx  
25 populations are suffering from higher rates of AIDS/HIV  
26 compared to the general population. Recent data places HIV as

1 one of the top 5 leading causes of death in African American  
2 women between the ages of 35 to 44 and the seventh ranking  
3 cause in African American women between the ages of 20 to 34.  
4 Among the Latinx population, nearly 20% with HIV exclusively  
5 depend on indigenous-led and staffed organizations for  
6 services.

7 Cardiovascular disease (CVD) accounts for more deaths in  
8 Illinois than any other cause of death, according to the  
9 Illinois Department of Public Health; CVD is the leading cause  
10 of death among Black residents. According to the Kaiser Family  
11 Foundation (KFF), for every 100,000 people, 224 Black  
12 Illinoisans die of CVD compared to 158 white Illinoisans.  
13 Cancer, the second leading cause of death in Illinois, too is  
14 pervasive among African Americans. In 2019, an estimated  
15 606,880 Americans, or 1,660 people a day, died of cancer; the  
16 American Cancer Society estimated 24,410 deaths occurred in  
17 Illinois. KFF estimates that, out of every 100,000 people, 191  
18 Black Illinoisans die of cancer compared to 152 white  
19 Illinoisans.

20 Black Americans suffer at much higher rates from chronic  
21 diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, heart disease,  
22 asthma, and many cancers. Utilizing community health workers in  
23 patient education and chronic disease management is needed to  
24 close these health disparities. Studies have shown that  
25 diabetes patients in the care of a community health worker  
26 demonstrate improved knowledge and lifestyle and

1 self-management behaviors, as well as decreases in the use of  
2 the emergency department. A study of asthma control among black  
3 adolescents concluded that asthma control was reduced by 35%  
4 among adolescents working with community health workers,  
5 resulting in a savings of \$5.58 per dollar spent on the  
6 intervention. A study of the return on investment for community  
7 health workers employed in Colorado showed that, after a  
8 9-month period, patients working with community health workers  
9 had an increased number of primary care visits and a decrease  
10 in urgent and inpatient care. Utilization of community health  
11 workers led to a \$2.38 return on investment for every dollar  
12 invested in community health workers.

13 Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) are traumatic  
14 experiences occurring during childhood that have been found to  
15 have a profound effect on a child's developing brain structure  
16 and body which may result in poor health during a person's  
17 adulthood. ACEs studies have found a strong correlation between  
18 the number of ACEs and a person's risk for disease and negative  
19 health behaviors, including suicide, depression, cancer,  
20 stroke, ischemic heart disease, diabetes, autoimmune disease,  
21 smoking, substance abuse, interpersonal violence, obesity,  
22 unplanned pregnancies, lower educational achievement,  
23 workplace absenteeism, and lower wages. Data also shows that  
24 approximately 20% of African American and Hispanic adults in  
25 Illinois reported 4 or more ACEs, compared to 13% of  
26 non-Hispanic whites. Long-standing ACE interventions include

1 tools such as trauma-informed care. Trauma-informed care has  
2 been promoted and established in communities across the country  
3 on a bipartisan basis, including in the states of California,  
4 Florida, Massachusetts, Missouri, Oregon, Pennsylvania,  
5 Washington, and Wisconsin. Several federal agencies have  
6 integrated trauma-informed approaches in their programs and  
7 grants which should be leveraged by the State.

8 According to a 2019 Rush University report, a Black  
9 person's life expectancy on average is less when compared to a  
10 white person's life expectancy. For instance, when comparing  
11 life expectancy in Chicago's Austin neighborhood to the Chicago  
12 Loop, there is a difference of 11 years between Black life  
13 expectancy (71 years) and white life expectancy (82 years).

14 In a 2015 literature review of implicit racial and ethnic  
15 bias among medical professionals, it was concluded that there  
16 is a moderate level of implicit bias in most medical  
17 professionals. Further, the literature review showed that  
18 implicit bias has negative consequences for patients,  
19 including strained patient relationships and negative health  
20 outcomes. It is critical for medical professionals to be aware  
21 of implicit racial and ethnic bias and work to eliminate bias  
22 through training.

23 In the field of medicine, a historically racist profession,  
24 Black medical professionals have commonly been ostracized. In  
25 1934, Dr. Roland B. Scott was the first African American to  
26 pass the pediatric board exam, yet when he applied for

1 membership with the American Academy of Pediatrics he was  
2 rejected multiple times. Few medical organizations have  
3 confronted the roles they played in blocking opportunities for  
4 Black advancement in the medical profession until the formal  
5 apologies of the American Medical Association in 2008. For  
6 decades, organizations like the AMA predicated their  
7 membership on joining a local state medical society, several of  
8 which excluded Black physicians.

9 In 2010, the General Assembly, in partnership with  
10 Treatment Alternatives for Safe Communities, published the  
11 Disproportionate Justice Impact Study. The study examined the  
12 impact of Illinois drug laws on racial and ethnic groups and  
13 the resulting over-representation of racial and ethnic minority  
14 groups in the Illinois criminal justice system. Unsurprisingly  
15 and disappointingly, the study confirmed decades long  
16 injustices, such as nonwhites being arrested at a higher rate  
17 than whites relative to their representation in the general  
18 population throughout Illinois.

19 All together, the above mentioned only begins to capture a  
20 part of a larger system of racial injustices and inequities.  
21 The General Assembly and the people of Illinois are urged to  
22 recognize while racism is a core fault of the current health  
23 and human service system, that it is a pervasive disease  
24 affecting a multiplitude of institutions which truly drive  
25 systematic health inequities: education, child care, criminal  
26 justice, affordable housing, environmental justice, and job

1 security and so forth. For persons to live up to their full  
2 human potential, their rights to quality of life, health care,  
3 a quality job, a fair wage, housing, and education must not be  
4 inhibited.

5 Therefore, the Illinois Legislative Black Caucus, as  
6 informed by the Senate's Health and Human Service Pillar  
7 subject matter hearings, seeks to remedy a fraction of a much  
8 larger broken system by addressing access to health care,  
9 hospital closures, managed care organization reform, community  
10 health worker certification, maternal and infant mortality,  
11 mental and substance abuse treatment, hospital reform, and  
12 medical implicit bias in the Illinois Health Care and Human  
13 Service Reform Act. This Act shall achieve needed change  
14 through the use of, but not limited to, the Medicaid Managed  
15 Care Oversight Commission, the Health and Human Services Task  
16 Force, and a hospital closure moratorium, in order to address  
17 Illinois' long-standing health inequities.

18 Title II. Community Health Workers

19 Article 5.

20 Section 5-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
21 Community Health Worker Certification and Reimbursement Act.  
22 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.



1           Section 5-5. Definition. In this Act, "community health  
2 worker" means a frontline public health worker who is a trusted  
3 member or has an unusually close understanding of the community  
4 served. This trusting relationship enables the community  
5 health worker to serve as a liaison, link, and intermediary  
6 between health and social services and the community to  
7 facilitate access to services and improve the quality and  
8 cultural competence of service delivery. A community health  
9 worker also builds individual and community capacity by  
10 increasing health knowledge and self-sufficiency through a  
11 range of activities, including outreach, community education,  
12 informal counseling, social support, and advocacy. A community  
13 health worker shall have the following core competencies:

14           (1) communication;

15           (2) interpersonal skills and relationship building;

16           (3) service coordination and navigation skills;

17           (4) capacity-building;

18           (5) advocacy;

19           (6) presentation and facilitation skills;

20           (7) organizational skills; cultural competency;

21           (8) public health knowledge;

22           (9) understanding of health systems and basic  
23 diseases;

24           (10) behavioral health issues; and

25           (11) field experience.

26           Nothing in this definition shall be construed to authorize

1 a community health worker to provide direct care or treatment  
2 to any person or to perform any act or service for which a  
3 license issued by a professional licensing board is required.

4 Section 5-10. Community health worker training.

5 (a) Community health workers shall be provided with  
6 multi-tiered academic and community-based training  
7 opportunities that lead to the mastery of community health  
8 worker core competencies.

9 (b) For academic-based training programs, the Department  
10 of Public Health shall collaborate with the Illinois State  
11 Board of Education, the Illinois Community College Board, and  
12 the Illinois Board of Higher Education to adopt a process to  
13 certify academic-based training programs that students can  
14 attend to obtain individual community health worker  
15 certification. Certified training programs shall reflect the  
16 approved core competencies and roles for community health  
17 workers.

18 (c) For community-based training programs, the Department  
19 of Public Health shall collaborate with a statewide association  
20 representing community health workers to adopt a process to  
21 certify community-based programs that students can attend to  
22 obtain individual community health worker certification.

23 (d) Community health workers may need to undergo additional  
24 training, including, but not limited to, asthma, diabetes,  
25 maternal child health, behavioral health, and social

1 determinants of health training. Multi-tiered training  
2 approaches shall provide opportunities that build on each other  
3 and prepare community health workers for career pathways both  
4 within the community health worker profession and within allied  
5 professions.

6 Section 5-15. Illinois Community Health Worker  
7 Certification Board.

8 (a) There is created within the Department of Public  
9 Health, in shared leadership with a statewide association  
10 representing community health workers, the Illinois Community  
11 Health Worker Certification Board. The Board shall serve as the  
12 regulatory body that develops and has oversight of initial  
13 community health workers certification and certification  
14 renewals for both individuals and academic and community-based  
15 training programs

16 (b) A representative from the Department of Public Health,  
17 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and the  
18 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall serve on the  
19 Board. At least one full-time professional shall be assigned to  
20 staff the Board with additional administrative support  
21 available as needed. The Board shall have balanced  
22 representation from the community health worker workforce,  
23 community health worker employers, community health worker  
24 training and educational organizations, and other engaged  
25 stakeholders.

1           (c) The Board shall propose a certification process for and  
2 be authorized to approve training from community-based  
3 organizations, in conjunction with a statewide organization  
4 representing community health workers, and academic  
5 institutions, in consultation with the Illinois State Board of  
6 Education, the Illinois Community College Board and the  
7 Illinois Board of Higher Education. The Board shall base  
8 training approval on core competencies, best practices, and  
9 affordability. In addition, the Board shall maintain a registry  
10 of certification records for individually certified community  
11 health workers.

12           (d) All training programs that are deemed certifiable by  
13 the Board shall go through a renewal process, which will be  
14 determined by the Board once established. The Board shall  
15 establish criteria to grandfather in any community health  
16 workers who were practicing prior to the establishment of a  
17 certification program.

18           Section 5-20. Reimbursement. Community health worker  
19 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program  
20 for persons who are otherwise eligible for medical assistance.  
21 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop  
22 services, including but not limited to, care coordination and  
23 diagnostic-related patient education services, for which  
24 community health workers will be eligible for reimbursement and  
25 shall submit a State Plan Amendment (SPA) to the Centers for

1 Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) to amend the agreement  
2 between Illinois and the Federal government to include  
3 community health workers as practitioners under Medicaid.  
4 Certification shall not be required for reimbursement. In  
5 addition, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
6 shall amend its contracts with managed care entities to allow  
7 managed care entities to employ community health workers or  
8 subcontract with community-based organizations that employ  
9 community health workers.

10 Title III. Hospital Reform

11 Article 10.

12 Section 10-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is  
13 amended by adding Section 12 as follows:

14 (110 ILCS 330/12 new)

15 Sec. 12. Credentials and certificates. The University of  
16 Illinois Hospital shall require an intern, resident, or  
17 physician who provides medical services at the University of  
18 Illinois Hospital to have proper credentials and any required  
19 certificates for ongoing training at the time the intern,  
20 resident, or physician renews his or her license.

21 Section 10-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by

1 adding Section 10.12 as follows:

2 (210 ILCS 85/10.12 new)

3 Sec. 10.12. Credentials and certificates. A hospital  
4 licensed under this Act shall require an intern, resident, or  
5 physician who provides medical services at the hospital to have  
6 proper credentials and any required certificates for ongoing  
7 training at the time the intern, resident, or physician renews  
8 his or her license.

9 Section 10-15. The Hospital Report Card Act is amended by  
10 changing Section 25 as follows:

11 (210 ILCS 86/25)

12 Sec. 25. Hospital reports.

13 (a) Individual hospitals shall prepare a quarterly report  
14 including all of the following:

15 (1) Nursing hours per patient day, average daily  
16 census, and average daily hours worked for each clinical  
17 service area.

18 (2) Infection-related measures for the facility for  
19 the specific clinical procedures and devices determined by  
20 the Department by rule under 2 or more of the following  
21 categories:

22 (A) Surgical procedure outcome measures.

23 (B) Surgical procedure infection control process

1 measures.

2 (C) Outcome or process measures related to  
3 ventilator-associated pneumonia.

4 (D) Central vascular catheter-related bloodstream  
5 infection rates in designated critical care units.

6 (3) Information required under paragraph (4) of  
7 Section 2310-312 of the Department of Public Health Powers  
8 and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of  
9 Illinois.

10 (4) Additional infection measures mandated by the  
11 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services that are  
12 reported by hospitals to the Centers for Disease Control  
13 and Prevention's National Healthcare Safety Network  
14 surveillance system, or its successor, and deemed relevant  
15 to patient safety by the Department.

16 (5) Each instance of preterm birth and infant mortality  
17 within the reporting period, including the racial and  
18 ethnic information of the mothers of those infants.

19 (6) Each instance of maternal mortality within the  
20 reporting period, including the racial and ethnic  
21 information of those mothers.

22 (7) The number of female patients who have died within  
23 the reporting period.

24 (8) The number of female patients who have died of a  
25 preventable cause within the reporting period and the  
26 number of those preventable deaths that the hospital has

1        otherwise reported within the reporting period.

2        (9) The number of physicians, as that term is defined  
3        in the Medical Practice Act of 1987, required by the  
4        hospital to undergo any amount or type of retraining during  
5        the reporting period.

6        The infection-related measures developed by the Department  
7        shall be based upon measures and methods developed by the  
8        Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Centers for  
9        Medicare and Medicaid Services, the Agency for Healthcare  
10       Research and Quality, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of  
11       Healthcare Organizations, or the National Quality Forum. The  
12       Department may align the infection-related measures with the  
13       measures and methods developed by the Centers for Disease  
14       Control and Prevention, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid  
15       Services, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the  
16       Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations,  
17       and the National Quality Forum by adding reporting measures  
18       based on national health care strategies and measures deemed  
19       scientifically reliable and valid for public reporting. The  
20       Department shall receive approval from the State Board of  
21       Health to retire measures deemed no longer scientifically valid  
22       or valuable for informing quality improvement or infection  
23       prevention efforts. The Department shall notify the Chairs and  
24       Minority Spokespersons of the House Human Services Committee  
25       and the Senate Public Health Committee of its intent to have  
26       the State Board of Health take action to retire measures no



1 later than 7 business days before the meeting of the State  
2 Board of Health.

3 The Department shall include interpretive guidelines for  
4 infection-related indicators and, when available, shall  
5 include relevant benchmark information published by national  
6 organizations.

7 The Department shall collect the information reported  
8 under paragraphs (5) and (6) and shall use it to illustrate the  
9 disparity of those occurrences across different racial and  
10 ethnic groups.

11 (b) Individual hospitals shall prepare annual reports  
12 including vacancy and turnover rates for licensed nurses per  
13 clinical service area.

14 (c) None of the information the Department discloses to the  
15 public may be made available in any form or fashion unless the  
16 information has been reviewed, adjusted, and validated  
17 according to the following process:

18 (1) The Department shall organize an advisory  
19 committee, including representatives from the Department,  
20 public and private hospitals, direct care nursing staff,  
21 physicians, academic researchers, consumers, health  
22 insurance companies, organized labor, and organizations  
23 representing hospitals and physicians. The advisory  
24 committee must be meaningfully involved in the development  
25 of all aspects of the Department's methodology for  
26 collecting, analyzing, and disclosing the information

1 collected under this Act, including collection methods,  
2 formatting, and methods and means for release and  
3 dissemination.

4 (2) The entire methodology for collecting and  
5 analyzing the data shall be disclosed to all relevant  
6 organizations and to all hospitals that are the subject of  
7 any information to be made available to the public before  
8 any public disclosure of such information.

9 (3) Data collection and analytical methodologies shall  
10 be used that meet accepted standards of validity and  
11 reliability before any information is made available to the  
12 public.

13 (4) The limitations of the data sources and analytic  
14 methodologies used to develop comparative hospital  
15 information shall be clearly identified and acknowledged,  
16 including but not limited to the appropriate and  
17 inappropriate uses of the data.

18 (5) To the greatest extent possible, comparative  
19 hospital information initiatives shall use standard-based  
20 norms derived from widely accepted provider-developed  
21 practice guidelines.

22 (6) Comparative hospital information and other  
23 information that the Department has compiled regarding  
24 hospitals shall be shared with the hospitals under review  
25 prior to public dissemination of such information and these  
26 hospitals have 30 days to make corrections and to add

1 helpful explanatory comments about the information before  
2 the publication.

3 (7) Comparisons among hospitals shall adjust for  
4 patient case mix and other relevant risk factors and  
5 control for provider peer groups, when appropriate.

6 (8) Effective safeguards to protect against the  
7 unauthorized use or disclosure of hospital information  
8 shall be developed and implemented.

9 (9) Effective safeguards to protect against the  
10 dissemination of inconsistent, incomplete, invalid,  
11 inaccurate, or subjective hospital data shall be developed  
12 and implemented.

13 (10) The quality and accuracy of hospital information  
14 reported under this Act and its data collection, analysis,  
15 and dissemination methodologies shall be evaluated  
16 regularly.

17 (11) Only the most basic identifying information from  
18 mandatory reports shall be used, and information  
19 identifying a patient, employee, or licensed professional  
20 shall not be released. None of the information the  
21 Department discloses to the public under this Act may be  
22 used to establish a standard of care in a private civil  
23 action.

24 (d) Quarterly reports shall be submitted, in a format set  
25 forth in rules adopted by the Department, to the Department by  
26 April 30, July 31, October 31, and January 31 each year for the

1 previous quarter. Data in quarterly reports must cover a period  
2 ending not earlier than one month prior to submission of the  
3 report. Annual reports shall be submitted by December 31 in a  
4 format set forth in rules adopted by the Department to the  
5 Department. All reports shall be made available to the public  
6 on-site and through the Department.

7 (e) If the hospital is a division or subsidiary of another  
8 entity that owns or operates other hospitals or related  
9 organizations, the annual public disclosure report shall be for  
10 the specific division or subsidiary and not for the other  
11 entity.

12 (f) The Department shall disclose information under this  
13 Section in accordance with provisions for inspection and  
14 copying of public records required by the Freedom of  
15 Information Act provided that such information satisfies the  
16 provisions of subsection (c) of this Section.

17 (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, under no  
18 circumstances shall the Department disclose information  
19 obtained from a hospital that is confidential under Part 21 of  
20 Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure.

21 (h) No hospital report or Department disclosure may contain  
22 information identifying a patient, employee, or licensed  
23 professional.

24 (Source: P.A. 101-446, eff. 8-23-19.)

1 Section 15-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
2 adding Section 6.30 as follows:

3 (210 ILCS 85/6.30 new)

4 Sec. 6.30. Posting charity care policy, financial  
5 counselor. A hospital that receives a property tax exemption  
6 under Section 15-86 of the Property Tax Code must post the  
7 hospital's charity care policy and the contact information of a  
8 financial counselor in a reasonably viewable area in the  
9 hospital's emergency room.

10 Article 20.

11 Section 20-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is  
12 amended by adding Section 8d as follows:

13 (110 ILCS 330/8d new)

14 Sec. 8d. N95 masks. The University of Illinois Hospital  
15 shall provide N95 masks to all physicians licensed under the  
16 Medical Practice Act of 1987 and registered nurses and advanced  
17 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing  
18 Act if the physician, registered nurse, or advanced practice  
19 registered nurse is employed by or providing services for  
20 another employer at the University of Illinois Hospital.

1 Section 20-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
2 adding Section 6.28 as follows:

3 (210 ILCS 85/6.28 new)

4 Sec. 6.28. N95 masks. A hospital licensed under this Act  
5 shall provide N95 masks to all physicians licensed under the  
6 Medical Practice Act of 1987 and registered nurses and advanced  
7 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing  
8 Act if the physician, registered nurse, or advanced practice  
9 registered nurse is employed by or providing services for  
10 another employer at the hospital.

11 Article 25.

12 Section 25-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is  
13 amended by adding Section 11 as follows:

14 (110 ILCS 330/11 new)

15 Sec. 11. Demographic data; release of individuals with  
16 symptoms of COVID-19. The University of Illinois Hospital shall  
17 report to the Department of Public Health the demographic data  
18 of individuals who have symptoms of COVID-19 and are released  
19 from, not admitted to, the University of Illinois Hospital.

20 Section 25-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
21 adding Section 6.31 as follows:

1 (210 ILCS 85/6.31 new)

2 Sec. 6.31. Demographic data; release of individuals with  
3 symptoms of COVID-19. A hospital licensed under this Act shall  
4 report to the Department the demographic data of individuals  
5 who have symptoms of COVID-19 and are released from, not  
6 admitted to, the hospital.

7 Article 35.

8 Section 35-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
9 adding Section 5-1.6 and changing Section 5-5.05 as follows:

10 (305 ILCS 5/5-1.6 new)

11 Sec. 5-1.6. Community safety-net hospitals. Due to the  
12 inequitable distribution of hospital assessment payments and  
13 the continued lack of investment by the State of Illinois in  
14 under-resourced, minority communities, the Department of  
15 Healthcare and Family Services shall create a new  
16 classification of hospitals known as community safety-net  
17 hospitals. Community safety-net hospitals shall receive  
18 priority hospital assessment distribution funding and other  
19 funding considerations from the Department and the General  
20 Assembly. In order to be defined as a community safety-net  
21 hospital, a hospital must meet at least one of the following  
22 criteria:

1       (1) a stand-alone safety-net hospital;

2       (2) a safety-net hospital inside a system of safety-net  
3 hospitals; or

4       (3) a safety-net hospital inside a system that contains  
5 safety-net hospitals and other hospitals, so long as the  
6 majority of hospitals in the system are safety-net hospitals.

7       (305 ILCS 5/5-5.05)

8       Sec. 5-5.05. Hospitals; psychiatric services.

9       (a) On and after July 1, 2008, the inpatient, per diem rate  
10 to be paid to a hospital for inpatient psychiatric services  
11 shall be \$363.77.

12       (b) For purposes of this Section, "hospital" means the  
13 following:

14           (1) Advocate Christ Hospital, Oak Lawn, Illinois.

15           (2) Barnes-Jewish Hospital, St. Louis, Missouri.

16           (3) BroMenn Healthcare, Bloomington, Illinois.

17           (4) Jackson Park Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

18           (5) Katherine Shaw Bethea Hospital, Dixon, Illinois.

19           (6) Lawrence County Memorial Hospital, Lawrenceville,  
20 Illinois.

21           (7) Advocate Lutheran General Hospital, Park Ridge,  
22 Illinois.

23           (8) Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, Chicago,  
24 Illinois.

25           (9) Methodist Medical Center of Illinois, Peoria,



1 Illinois.

2 (10) Provena United Samaritans Medical Center,  
3 Danville, Illinois.

4 (11) Rockford Memorial Hospital, Rockford, Illinois.

5 (12) Sarah Bush Lincoln Health Center, Mattoon,  
6 Illinois.

7 (13) Provena Covenant Medical Center, Urbana,  
8 Illinois.

9 (14) Rush-Presbyterian-St. Luke's Medical Center,  
10 Chicago, Illinois.

11 (15) Mt. Sinai Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

12 (16) Gateway Regional Medical Center, Granite City,  
13 Illinois.

14 (17) St. Mary of Nazareth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

15 (18) Provena St. Mary's Hospital, Kankakee, Illinois.

16 (19) St. Mary's Hospital, Decatur, Illinois.

17 (20) Memorial Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

18 (21) Swedish Covenant Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

19 (22) Trinity Medical Center, Rock Island, Illinois.

20 (23) St. Elizabeth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

21 (24) Richland Memorial Hospital, Olney, Illinois.

22 (25) St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

23 (26) Samaritan Health System, Clinton, Iowa.

24 (27) St. John's Hospital, Springfield, Illinois.

25 (28) St. Mary's Hospital, Centralia, Illinois.

26 (29) Loretto Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

1           (30) Kenneth Hall Regional Hospital, East St. Louis,  
2 Illinois.

3           (31) Hinsdale Hospital, Hinsdale, Illinois.

4           (32) Pekin Hospital, Pekin, Illinois.

5           (33) University of Chicago Medical Center, Chicago,  
6 Illinois.

7           (34) St. Anthony's Health Center, Alton, Illinois.

8           (35) OSF St. Francis Medical Center, Peoria, Illinois.

9           (36) Memorial Medical Center, Springfield, Illinois.

10          (37) A hospital with a distinct part unit for  
11 psychiatric services that begins operating on or after July  
12 1, 2008.

13          For purposes of this Section, "inpatient psychiatric  
14 services" means those services provided to patients who are in  
15 need of short-term acute inpatient hospitalization for active  
16 treatment of an emotional or mental disorder.

17          (b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section,  
18 the inpatient, per diem rate to be paid to all community  
19 safety-net hospitals for inpatient psychiatric services on and  
20 after January 1, 2021 shall be at least \$630.

21          (c) No rules shall be promulgated to implement this  
22 Section. For purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the  
23 meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois  
24 Administrative Procedure Act.

25          (d) This Section shall not be in effect during any period  
26 of time that the State has in place a fully operational

1 hospital assessment plan that has been approved by the Centers  
2 for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of  
3 Health and Human Services.

4 (e) On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce  
5 any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or  
6 alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any  
7 rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in  
8 accordance with Section 5-5e.

9 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12.)

10 Article 40.

11 Section 40-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
12 changing Section 5A-12.7 as follows:

13 (305 ILCS 5/5A-12.7)

14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2022)

15 Sec. 5A-12.7. Continuation of hospital access payments on  
16 and after July 1, 2020.

17 (a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services,  
18 for hospital services rendered on and after July 1, 2020, the  
19 Department shall, except for hospitals described in subsection  
20 (b) of Section 5A-3, make payments to hospitals or require  
21 capitated managed care organizations to make payments as set  
22 forth in this Section. Payments under this Section are not due  
23 and payable, however, until: (i) the methodologies described in

1 this Section are approved by the federal government in an  
2 appropriate State Plan amendment or directed payment preprint;  
3 and (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is  
4 determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the  
5 Social Security Act. In determining the hospital access  
6 payments authorized under subsection (g) of this Section, if a  
7 hospital ceases to qualify for payments from the pool, the  
8 payments for all hospitals continuing to qualify for payments  
9 from such pool shall be uniformly adjusted to fully expend the  
10 aggregate net amount of the pool, with such adjustment being  
11 effective on the first day of the second month following the  
12 date the hospital ceases to receive payments from such pool.

13 (b) Amounts moved into claims-based rates and distributed  
14 in accordance with Section 14-12 shall remain in those  
15 claims-based rates.

16 (c) Graduate medical education.

17 (1) The calculation of graduate medical education  
18 payments shall be based on the hospital's Medicare cost  
19 report ending in Calendar Year 2018, as reported in the  
20 Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, release  
21 date September 30, 2019. An Illinois hospital reporting  
22 intern and resident cost on its Medicare cost report shall  
23 be eligible for graduate medical education payments.

24 (2) Each hospital's annualized Medicaid Intern  
25 Resident Cost is calculated using annualized intern and  
26 resident total costs obtained from Worksheet B Part I,

1 Columns 21 and 22 the sum of Lines 30-43, 50-76, 90-93,  
2 96-98, and 105-112 multiplied by the percentage that the  
3 hospital's Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7,  
4 Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of the  
5 hospital's total days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 8, Lines  
6 14, 16-18, and 32).

7 (3) An annualized Medicaid indirect medical education  
8 (IME) payment is calculated for each hospital using its IME  
9 payments (Worksheet E Part A, Line 29, Column 1) multiplied  
10 by the percentage that its Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part  
11 I, Column 7, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of  
12 its Medicare days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 6, Lines 2,  
13 3, 4, 14, and 16-18).

14 (4) For each hospital, its annualized Medicaid Intern  
15 Resident Cost and its annualized Medicaid IME payment are  
16 summed, and, except as capped at 120% of the average cost  
17 per intern and resident for all qualifying hospitals as  
18 calculated under this paragraph, is multiplied by 22.6% to  
19 determine the hospital's final graduate medical education  
20 payment. Each hospital's average cost per intern and  
21 resident shall be calculated by summing its total  
22 annualized Medicaid Intern Resident Cost plus its  
23 annualized Medicaid IME payment and dividing that amount by  
24 the hospital's total Full Time Equivalent Residents and  
25 Interns. If the hospital's average per intern and resident  
26 cost is greater than 120% of the same calculation for all

1           qualifying hospitals, the hospital's per intern and  
2           resident cost shall be capped at 120% of the average cost  
3           for all qualifying hospitals.

4           (d) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. Each Illinois  
5           hospital shall receive an annual payment equal to the amounts  
6           below, to be paid in 12 equal installments on or before the  
7           seventh State business day of each month, except that no  
8           payment shall be due within 30 days after the later of the date  
9           of notification of federal approval of the payment  
10          methodologies required under this Section or any waiver  
11          required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which time the sum of amounts  
12          required under this Section prior to the date of notification  
13          is due and payable.

14           (1) For critical access hospitals, \$385 per covered  
15          inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and  
16          \$530 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
17          service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
18          Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

19           (2) For safety-net hospitals, \$960 per covered  
20          inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and  
21          \$625 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
22          service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
23          Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

24           (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$295 per  
25          covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
26          claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the

1 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

2 (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$125 per  
3 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
4 claims and \$130 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim  
5 for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the  
6 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

7 (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$355  
8 per covered inpatient day contained in paid  
9 fee-for-service claims for dates of service in Calendar  
10 Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as  
11 of May 11, 2020.

12 (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high  
13 Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$350 per  
14 covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar Year  
15 2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and \$620 per  
16 paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the Department's  
17 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

18 (7) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each  
19 Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as  
20 defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified  
21 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional  
22 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by  
23 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in  
24 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease  
25 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an  
26 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product

1 of the qualifying hospital's State Fiscal Year 2018 total  
2 inpatient fee-for-service days multiplied by the  
3 applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$226.30 for  
4 hospitals located in Cook County and \$116.21 for hospitals  
5 located outside Cook County.

6 (e) The Department shall require managed care  
7 organizations (MCOs) to make directed payments and  
8 pass-through payments according to this Section. Each calendar  
9 year, the Department shall require MCOs to pay the maximum  
10 amount out of these funds as allowed as pass-through payments  
11 under federal regulations. The Department shall require MCOs to  
12 make such pass-through payments as specified in this Section.  
13 The Department shall require the MCOs to pay the remaining  
14 amounts as directed Payments as specified in this Section. The  
15 Department shall issue payments to the Comptroller by the  
16 seventh business day of each month for all MCOs that are  
17 sufficient for MCOs to make the directed payments and  
18 pass-through payments according to this Section. The  
19 Department shall require the MCOs to make pass-through payments  
20 and directed payments using electronic funds transfers (EFT),  
21 if the hospital provides the information necessary to process  
22 such EFTs, in accordance with directions provided monthly by  
23 the Department, within 7 business days of the date the funds  
24 are paid to the MCOs, as indicated by the "Paid Date" on the  
25 website of the Office of the Comptroller if the funds are paid  
26 by EFT and the MCOs have received directed payment



1 instructions. If funds are not paid through the Comptroller by  
2 EFT, payment must be made within 7 business days of the date  
3 actually received by the MCO. The MCO will be considered to  
4 have paid the pass-through payments when the payment remittance  
5 number is generated or the date the MCO sends the check to the  
6 hospital, if EFT information is not supplied. If an MCO is late  
7 in paying a pass-through payment or directed payment as  
8 required under this Section (including any extensions granted  
9 by the Department), it shall pay a penalty, unless waived by  
10 the Department for reasonable cause, to the Department equal to  
11 5% of the amount of the pass-through payment or directed  
12 payment not paid on or before the due date plus 5% of the  
13 portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day of each 30-day  
14 period thereafter. Payments to MCOs that would be paid  
15 consistent with actuarial certification and enrollment in the  
16 absence of the increased capitation payments under this Section  
17 shall not be reduced as a consequence of payments made under  
18 this subsection. The Department shall publish and maintain on  
19 its website for a period of no less than 8 calendar quarters,  
20 the quarterly calculation of directed payments and  
21 pass-through payments owed to each hospital from each MCO. All  
22 calculations and reports shall be posted no later than the  
23 first day of the quarter for which the payments are to be  
24 issued.

25 (f)(1) For purposes of allocating the funds included in  
26 capitation payments to MCOs, Illinois hospitals shall be

1 divided into the following classes as defined in administrative  
2 rules:

3 (A) Critical access hospitals.

4 (B) Safety-net hospitals, except that stand-alone  
5 children's hospitals that are not specialty children's  
6 hospitals will not be included.

7 (C) Long term acute care hospitals.

8 (D) Freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

9 (E) Freestanding rehabilitation hospitals.

10 (F) High Medicaid hospitals. As used in this Section,  
11 "high Medicaid hospital" means a general acute care  
12 hospital that is not a safety-net hospital or critical  
13 access hospital and that has a Medicaid Inpatient  
14 Utilization Rate above 30% or a hospital that had over  
15 35,000 inpatient Medicaid days during the applicable  
16 period. For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
17 2020, the applicable period for the Medicaid Inpatient  
18 Utilization Rate (MIUR) is the rate year 2020 MIUR and for  
19 the number of inpatient days it is State fiscal year 2018.  
20 Beginning in calendar year 2021, the Department shall use  
21 the most recently determined MIUR, as defined in subsection  
22 (h) of Section 5-5.02, and for the inpatient day threshold,  
23 the State fiscal year ending 18 months prior to the  
24 beginning of the calendar year. For purposes of calculating  
25 MIUR under this Section, children's hospitals and  
26 affiliated general acute care hospitals shall be

1 considered a single hospital.

2 (G) General acute care hospitals. As used under this  
3 Section, "general acute care hospitals" means all other  
4 Illinois hospitals not identified in subparagraphs (A)  
5 through (F).

6 (2) Hospitals' qualification for each class shall be  
7 assessed prior to the beginning of each calendar year and the  
8 new class designation shall be effective January 1 of the next  
9 year. The Department shall publish by rule the process for  
10 establishing class determination.

11 (g) Fixed pool directed payments. Beginning July 1, 2020,  
12 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
13 to issue directed payments to qualified Illinois safety-net  
14 hospitals and critical access hospitals on a monthly basis in  
15 accordance with this subsection. Prior to the beginning of each  
16 Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department shall use  
17 encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter, accepted  
18 by the Department's Medicaid Management Information System for  
19 inpatient and outpatient services rendered by safety-net  
20 hospitals and critical access hospitals to determine a  
21 quarterly uniform per unit add-on for each hospital class.

22 (1) Inpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
23 diem add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
24 Inpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
25 applicable hospital class by the total inpatient days  
26 contained on all encounter claims received during the

1 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

2 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
3 quarterly inpatient directed payment calculated that  
4 is equal to the product of the number of inpatient days  
5 attributable to the hospital used in the calculation of  
6 the quarterly uniform class per diem add-on,  
7 multiplied by the calculated applicable quarterly  
8 uniform class per diem add-on of the hospital class.

9 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
10 quarterly inpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
11 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
12 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

13 (2) Outpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
14 claim add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
15 Outpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
16 applicable hospital class by the total outpatient  
17 encounter claims received during the Determination  
18 Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

19 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
20 quarterly outpatient directed payment calculated that  
21 is equal to the product of the number of outpatient  
22 encounter claims attributable to the hospital used in  
23 the calculation of the quarterly uniform class per  
24 claim add-on, multiplied by the calculated applicable  
25 quarterly uniform class per claim add-on of the  
26 hospital class.

1           (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
2           quarterly outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
3           months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
4           directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

5           (3) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
6           Directed Payment as identified by the Department on its  
7           quarterly determination report.

8           (4) Definitions. As used in this subsection:

9           (A) "Payout Quarter" means each 3 month calendar  
10          quarter, beginning July 1, 2020.

11          (B) "Determination Quarter" means each 3 month  
12          calendar quarter, which ends 3 months prior to the  
13          first day of each Payout Quarter.

14          (5) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020,  
15          the following amounts shall be allocated to the following  
16          hospital class directed payment pools for the quarterly  
17          development of a uniform per unit add-on:

18          (A) \$2,894,500 for hospital inpatient services for  
19          critical access hospitals.

20          (B) \$4,294,374 for hospital outpatient services  
21          for critical access hospitals.

22          (C) \$29,109,330 for hospital inpatient services  
23          for safety-net hospitals.

24          (D) \$35,041,218 for hospital outpatient services  
25          for safety-net hospitals.

26          (h) Fixed rate directed payments. Effective July 1, 2020,

1 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
2 to issue directed payments to Illinois hospitals not identified  
3 in paragraph (g) on a monthly basis. Prior to the beginning of  
4 each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department  
5 shall use encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter,  
6 accepted by the Department's Medicaid Management Information  
7 System for inpatient and outpatient services rendered by  
8 hospitals in each hospital class identified in paragraph (f)  
9 and not identified in paragraph (g). For the period July 1,  
10 2020 through December 2020, the Department shall direct MCOs to  
11 make payments as follows:

12 (1) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
13 \$1,750 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
14 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
15 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
16 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

17 (2) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
18 \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21  
19 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
20 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
21 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

22 (3) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
23 \$80 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22  
24 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
25 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
26 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

1           (4) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
2           \$375 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
3           case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
4           the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid  
5           EAPG (EAPGs) for the determination quarter.

6           (5) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
7           \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
8           and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
9           multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
10          service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

11          (6) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
12          \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
13          case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
14          the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
15          EAPGs for the determination quarter.

16          (7) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
17          \$1,800 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
18          case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
19          the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
20          category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

21          (8) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$160  
22          multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21 case  
23          mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
24          hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
25          category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

26          (9) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$80

1 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22 case  
2 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
3 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
4 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

5 (10) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
6 \$400 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
7 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
8 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid  
9 EAPG outpatient claims for the determination quarter.

10 (11) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
11 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
12 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
13 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
14 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

15 (12) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
16 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
17 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
18 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
19 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

20 (13) For long term acute care hospitals the amount of  
21 \$495 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient  
22 days for the determination quarter.

23 (14) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$210  
24 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
25 for category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

26 (15) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$250



1 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
2 claims for category of service 27 and 28 for the  
3 determination quarter.

4 (16) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$410  
5 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
6 for category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

7 (17) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$100  
8 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
9 claims for category of service 29 for the determination  
10 quarter.

11 (18) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of their quarterly  
12 inpatient and outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
13 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with directions  
14 provided to each MCO by the Department.

15 (19) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
16 Directed Payment amount as identified by the Department on  
17 its quarterly determination report.

18 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if  
19 the Department determines that the actual total hospital  
20 utilization data that is used to calculate the fixed rate  
21 directed payments is substantially different than anticipated  
22 when the rates in this subsection were initially determined  
23 (for unforeseeable circumstances such as the COVID-19  
24 pandemic), the Department may adjust the rates specified in  
25 this subsection so that the total directed payments approximate  
26 the total spending amount anticipated when the rates were

1 initially established.

2 Definitions. As used in this subsection:

3 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each calendar quarter,  
4 beginning July 1, 2020.

5 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each calendar  
6 quarter which ends 3 months prior to the first day of  
7 each Payout Quarter.

8 (C) "Case mix index" means a hospital specific  
9 calculation. For inpatient claims the case mix index is  
10 calculated each quarter by summing the relative weight  
11 of all inpatient Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG) claims  
12 for a category of service in the applicable  
13 Determination Quarter and dividing the sum by the  
14 number of sum total of all inpatient DRG admissions for  
15 the category of service for the associated claims. The  
16 case mix index for outpatient claims is calculated each  
17 quarter by summing the relative weight of all paid  
18 EAPGs in the applicable Determination Quarter and  
19 dividing the sum by the sum total of paid EAPGs for the  
20 associated claims.

21 (i) Beginning January 1, 2021, the rates for directed  
22 payments shall be recalculated in order to spend the additional  
23 funds for directed payments that result from reduction in the  
24 amount of pass-through payments allowed under federal  
25 regulations. The additional funds for directed payments shall  
26 be allocated proportionally to each class of hospitals based on

1 that class' proportion of services.

2 (j) Pass-through payments.

3 (1) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
4 2020, the Department shall assign quarterly pass-through  
5 payments to each class of hospitals equal to one-fourth of  
6 the following annual allocations:

7 (A) \$390,487,095 to safety-net hospitals.

8 (B) \$62,553,886 to critical access hospitals.

9 (C) \$345,021,438 to high Medicaid hospitals.

10 (D) \$551,429,071 to general acute care hospitals.

11 (E) \$27,283,870 to long term acute care hospitals.

12 (F) \$40,825,444 to freestanding psychiatric  
13 hospitals.

14 (G) \$9,652,108 to freestanding rehabilitation  
15 hospitals.

16 (2) The pass-through payments shall at a minimum ensure  
17 hospitals receive a total amount of monthly payments under  
18 this Section as received in calendar year 2019 in  
19 accordance with this Article and paragraph (1) of  
20 subsection (d-5) of Section 14-12, exclusive of amounts  
21 received through payments referenced in subsection (b).

22 (3) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2021,  
23 and each calendar year thereafter, each hospital's  
24 pass-through payment amount shall be reduced  
25 proportionally to the reduction of all pass-through  
26 payments required by federal regulations; however, the

1       Department shall take all steps necessary to minimize the  
2       impact of any reduction in pass-through payments on  
3       community safety-net hospitals and each individual  
4       community safety-net hospital shall be held harmless if the  
5       recalculation of directed payments results in a loss of  
6       revenue during the calendar year.

7       (k) At least 30 days prior to each calendar year, the  
8       Department shall notify each hospital of changes to the payment  
9       methodologies in this Section, including, but not limited to,  
10      changes in the fixed rate directed payment rates, the aggregate  
11      pass-through payment amount for all hospitals, and the  
12      hospital's pass-through payment amount for the upcoming  
13      calendar year.

14      (l) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,  
15      the Department may adopt rules to change the methodology for  
16      directed and pass-through payments as set forth in this  
17      Section, but only to the extent necessary to obtain federal  
18      approval of a necessary State Plan amendment or Directed  
19      Payment Preprint or to otherwise conform to federal law or  
20      federal regulation.

21      (m) As used in this subsection, "managed care organization"  
22      or "MCO" means an entity which contracts with the Department to  
23      provide services where payment for medical services is made on  
24      a capitated basis, excluding contracted entities for dual  
25      eligible or Department of Children and Family Services youth  
26      populations.

1 (Source: P.A. 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

2 Title IV. Medical Implicit Bias

3 Article 45.

4 Section 45-1. Findings. The General Assembly finds and  
5 declares all of the following:

6 (a) Implicit bias, meaning the attitudes or internalized  
7 stereotypes that affect our perceptions, actions, and  
8 decisions in an unconscious manner, exists and often  
9 contributes to unequal treatment of people based on race,  
10 ethnicity, gender identity, sexual orientation, age,  
11 disability, and other characteristics.

12 (b) Implicit bias contributes to health disparities by  
13 affecting the behavior of physicians and surgeons, nurses,  
14 physician assistants, and other healing arts licensees.

15 (c) African American women are 3 to 4 times more likely  
16 than white women to die from pregnancy-related causes  
17 nationwide. African American patients often are prescribed  
18 less pain medication than white patients who present the same  
19 complaints. African American patients with signs of heart  
20 problems are not referred for advanced cardiovascular  
21 procedures as often as white patients with the same symptoms.

22 (d) Implicit gender bias also impacts treatment decisions  
23 and outcomes. Women are less likely to survive a heart attack

1 when they are treated by a male physician and surgeon. LGBTQ  
2 and gender-nonconforming patients are less likely to seek  
3 timely medical care because they experience disrespect and  
4 discrimination from health care staff, with one out of 5  
5 transgender patients nationwide reporting that they were  
6 outright denied medical care due to bias.

7 (e) The General Assembly intends to reduce disparate  
8 outcomes and ensure that all patients receive fair treatment  
9 and quality health care.

10 Section 45-5. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended  
11 by changing Section 20 as follows:

12 (225 ILCS 60/20) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-20)

13 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2022)

14 Sec. 20. Continuing education.

15 (a) The Department shall promulgate rules of continuing  
16 education for persons licensed under this Act that require an  
17 average of 50 hours of continuing education per license year.  
18 These rules shall be consistent with requirements of relevant  
19 professional associations, specialty societies, or boards. The  
20 rules shall also address variances in part or in whole for good  
21 cause, including, but not limited to, temporary illness or  
22 hardship. In establishing these rules, the Department shall  
23 consider educational requirements for medical staffs,  
24 requirements for specialty society board certification or for

1 continuing education requirements as a condition of membership  
2 in societies representing the 2 categories of licensee under  
3 this Act. These rules shall assure that licensees are given the  
4 opportunity to participate in those programs sponsored by or  
5 through their professional associations or hospitals which are  
6 relevant to their practice.

7 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the  
8 rules adopted under this Section shall require that, on and  
9 after January 1, 2022, all continuing education courses for  
10 persons licensed under this Act contain curriculum that  
11 includes the understanding of implicit bias. Beginning January  
12 1, 2023, continuing education providers shall ensure  
13 compliance with this Section. Beginning January 1, 2023, the  
14 Department shall audit continuing education providers at least  
15 once every 5 years to ensure adherence to regulatory  
16 requirements and shall withhold or rescind approval from any  
17 provider that is in violation of the requirements of this  
18 subsection.

19 A continuing education course dedicated solely to research  
20 or other issues that does not include a direct patient care  
21 component is not required to contain curriculum that includes  
22 implicit bias in the practice of medicine.

23 To satisfy the requirements of this subsection, continuing  
24 education courses shall address at least one of the following:

25 (1) examples of how implicit bias affects perceptions  
26 and treatment decisions, leading to disparities in health

1        outcomes; or

2            (2) strategies to address how unintended biases in  
3        decision making may contribute to health care disparities  
4        by shaping behavior and producing differences in medical  
5        treatment along lines of race, ethnicity, gender identity,  
6        sexual orientation, age, socioeconomic status, or other  
7        characteristics.

8        (c) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
9        completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
10       produce the records when requested by the Department.

11       (Source: P.A. 97-622, eff. 11-23-11.)

12            Section 45-10. The Nurse Practice Act is amended by  
13       changing Sections 55-35, 60-40, and 65-60 as follows:

14            (225 ILCS 65/55-35)

15            (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

16            Sec. 55-35. Continuing education for LPN licensees.

17            (a) The Department may adopt rules of continuing education  
18       for licensed practical nurses that require 20 hours of  
19       continuing education per 2-year license renewal cycle. The  
20       rules shall address variances in part or in whole for good  
21       cause, including without limitation illness or hardship. The  
22       continuing education rules must ensure that licensees are given  
23       the opportunity to participate in programs sponsored by or  
24       through their State or national professional associations,



1 hospitals, or other providers of continuing education.

2 (b) For license renewals occurring on or after January 1,  
3 2022, all licensed practical nurses must complete at least one  
4 hour of implicit bias training per 2-year license renewal  
5 cycle. The Department may adopt rules for the implementation of  
6 this subsection.

7 (c) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
8 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
9 produce the records when requested by the Department.

10 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)

11 (225 ILCS 65/60-40)

12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

13 Sec. 60-40. Continuing education for RN licensees.

14 (a) The Department may adopt rules of continuing education  
15 for registered professional nurses licensed under this Act that  
16 require 20 hours of continuing education per 2-year license  
17 renewal cycle. The rules shall address variances in part or in  
18 whole for good cause, including without limitation illness or  
19 hardship. The continuing education rules must ensure that  
20 licensees are given the opportunity to participate in programs  
21 sponsored by or through their State or national professional  
22 associations, hospitals, or other providers of continuing  
23 education.

24 (b) For license renewals occurring on or after January 1,  
25 2022, all registered professional nurses must complete at least

1 one hour of implicit bias training per 2-year license renewal  
2 cycle. The Department may adopt rules for the implementation of  
3 this subsection.

4 (c) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
5 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
6 produce the records when requested by the Department.

7 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)

8 (225 ILCS 65/65-60) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-45)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

10 Sec. 65-60. Continuing education.

11 (a) The Department shall adopt rules of continuing  
12 education for persons licensed under this Article as advanced  
13 practice registered nurses that require 80 hours of continuing  
14 education per 2-year license renewal cycle. Completion of the  
15 80 hours of continuing education shall be deemed to satisfy the  
16 continuing education requirements for renewal of a registered  
17 professional nurse license as required by this Act.

18 The 80 hours of continuing education required under this  
19 Section shall be completed as follows:

20 (1) A minimum of 50 hours of the continuing education  
21 shall be obtained in continuing education programs as  
22 determined by rule that shall include no less than 20 hours  
23 of pharmacotherapeutics, including 10 hours of opioid  
24 prescribing or substance abuse education. Continuing  
25 education programs may be conducted or endorsed by

1 educational institutions, hospitals, specialist  
2 associations, facilities, or other organizations approved  
3 to offer continuing education under this Act or rules and  
4 shall be in the advanced practice registered nurse's  
5 specialty.

6 (2) A maximum of 30 hours of credit may be obtained by  
7 presentations in the advanced practice registered nurse's  
8 clinical specialty, evidence-based practice, or quality  
9 improvement projects, publications, research projects, or  
10 preceptor hours as determined by rule.

11 The rules adopted regarding continuing education shall be  
12 consistent to the extent possible with requirements of relevant  
13 national certifying bodies or State or national professional  
14 associations.

15 (b) The rules shall not be inconsistent with requirements  
16 of relevant national certifying bodies or State or national  
17 professional associations. The rules shall also address  
18 variances in part or in whole for good cause, including but not  
19 limited to illness or hardship. The continuing education rules  
20 shall assure that licensees are given the opportunity to  
21 participate in programs sponsored by or through their State or  
22 national professional associations, hospitals, or other  
23 providers of continuing education.

24 (c) For license renewals occurring on or after January 1,  
25 2022, all advanced practice registered nurses must complete at  
26 least one hour of implicit bias training per 2-year license

1 renewal cycle. The Department may adopt rules for the  
2 implementation of this subsection.

3 (d) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
4 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
5 produce the records when requested by the Department.

6 (Source: P.A. 100-513, eff. 1-1-18.)

7 Section 45-15. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987  
8 is amended by changing Section 11.5 as follows:

9 (225 ILCS 95/11.5)

10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

11 Sec. 11.5. Continuing education.

12 (a) The Department shall adopt rules for continuing  
13 education for persons licensed under this Act that require 50  
14 hours of continuing education per 2-year license renewal cycle.  
15 Completion of the 50 hours of continuing education shall be  
16 deemed to satisfy the continuing education requirements for  
17 renewal of a physician assistant license as required by this  
18 Act. The rules shall not be inconsistent with requirements of  
19 relevant national certifying bodies or State or national  
20 professional associations. The rules shall also address  
21 variances in part or in whole for good cause, including, but  
22 not limited to, illness or hardship. The continuing education  
23 rules shall ensure that licensees are given the opportunity to  
24 participate in programs sponsored by or through their State or

1 national professional associations, hospitals, or other  
2 providers of continuing education.

3 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the  
4 rules adopted under this Section shall require that, on and  
5 after January 1, 2022, all continuing education courses for  
6 persons licensed under this Act contain curriculum that  
7 includes the understanding of implicit bias. Beginning January  
8 1, 2023, continuing education providers shall ensure  
9 compliance with this Section. Beginning January 1, 2023, the  
10 Department shall audit continuing education providers at least  
11 once every 5 years to ensure adherence to regulatory  
12 requirements and shall withhold or rescind approval from any  
13 provider that is in violation of the regulatory requirements.

14 A continuing education course dedicated solely to research  
15 or other issues that does not include a direct patient care  
16 component is not required to contain curriculum that includes  
17 implicit bias in the practice of medicine.

18 To satisfy the requirements of subsection (a) of this  
19 Section, continuing education courses shall address at least  
20 one of the following:

21 (1) examples of how implicit bias affects perceptions  
22 and treatment decisions, leading to disparities in health  
23 outcomes; or

24 (2) strategies to address how unintended biases in  
25 decision making may contribute to health care disparities  
26 by shaping behavior and producing differences in medical

1       treatment along lines of race, ethnicity, gender identity,  
2       sexual orientation, age, socioeconomic status, or other  
3       characteristics.

4       (c) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
5 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
6 produce the records when requested by the Department.

7 (Source: P.A. 100-453, eff. 8-25-17.)

8               Title V. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Treatment

9                               Article 50.

10               Section 50-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is  
11 amended by changing Section 414 as follows:

12               (720 ILCS 570/414)

13               Sec. 414. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

14               (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a  
15 controlled substance-induced physiological event that results  
16 in a life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,  
17 inhaled, injected or otherwise bodily absorbed a controlled,  
18 counterfeit, or look-alike substance or a controlled substance  
19 analog.

20               (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency  
21 medical assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall  
22 not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of

1 Section 401 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,  
2 Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 55  
3 or 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection  
4 Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph  
5 (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code  
6 of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony possession of a controlled, counterfeit,~~  
7 ~~or look alike substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if  
8 evidence for the violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was  
9 acquired as a result of the person seeking or obtaining  
10 emergency medical assistance and providing the amount of  
11 substance recovered is within the amount identified in  
12 subsection (d) of this Section. The violations listed in this  
13 subsection (b) must not serve as the sole basis of a violation  
14 of parole, mandatory supervised release, probation, or  
15 conditional discharge, a Department of Children and Family  
16 Services investigation, or any seizure of property under any  
17 State law authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence  
18 for the violation was acquired as a result of the person  
19 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event  
20 of an overdose.

21 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be  
22 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 401  
23 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 3.5  
24 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the  
25 Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of  
26 Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony~~

1 ~~possession of a controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike~~  
2 ~~substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if evidence for the  
3 violation Class 4 felony possession charge was acquired as a  
4 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
5 assistance and providing the amount of substance recovered is  
6 within the amount identified in subsection (d) of this Section.  
7 The violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as  
8 the sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised  
9 release, probation, or conditional discharge, a Department of  
10 Children and Family Services investigation, or any seizure of  
11 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so  
12 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result  
13 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance  
14 in the event of an overdose.

15 (d) For the purposes of subsections (b) and (c), the  
16 limited immunity shall only apply to a person possessing the  
17 following amount:

18 (1) less than 3 grams of a substance containing heroin;

19 (2) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
20 cocaine;

21 (3) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
22 morphine;

23 (4) less than 40 grams of a substance containing  
24 peyote;

25 (5) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a  
26 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a



1 derivative of barbituric acid;

2 (6) less than 40 grams of a substance containing  
3 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of  
4 amphetamine;

5 (7) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
6 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

7 (8) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
8 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
9 isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;

10 (9) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
11 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
12 isomers of methaqualone;

13 (10) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
14 phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
15 isomers of phencyclidine (PCP);

16 (11) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
17 ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers  
18 of ketamine;

19 (12) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a  
20 substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedules I or  
21 II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included  
22 in this subsection.

23 (e) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and  
24 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement  
25 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,  
26 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this

1 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or  
2 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or  
3 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or  
4 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical  
5 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of  
6 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in  
7 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the  
8 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the  
9 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other  
10 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other  
11 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a  
12 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
13 assistance in the event of an overdose.

14 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

15 Section 50-10. The Methamphetamine Control and Community  
16 Protection Act is amended by changing Section 115 as follows:

17 (720 ILCS 646/115)

18 Sec. 115. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

19 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a  
20 methamphetamine-induced physiological event that results in a  
21 life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,  
22 inhaled, injected, or otherwise bodily absorbed  
23 methamphetamine.

24 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks emergency medical

1 assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall not be  
2 arrested, charged or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55  
3 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia  
4 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or  
5 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the  
6 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~  
7 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the violation ~~Class 3 felony~~  
8 ~~possession charge~~ was acquired as a result of the person  
9 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance and  
10 providing the amount of substance recovered is less than 3  
11 grams ~~one gram~~ of methamphetamine or a substance containing  
12 methamphetamine. The violations listed in this subsection (b)  
13 must not serve as the sole basis of a violation of parole,  
14 mandatory supervised release, probation, or conditional  
15 discharge, a Department of Children and Family Services  
16 investigation, or any seizure of property under any State law  
17 authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence for the  
18 violation was acquired as a result of the person seeking or  
19 obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event of an  
20 overdose.

21 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be  
22 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55  
23 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia  
24 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or  
25 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the  
26 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~

1 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the Class 3 felony possession  
2 charge was acquired as a result of the person seeking or  
3 obtaining emergency medical assistance and providing the  
4 amount of substance recovered is less than one gram of  
5 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine. The  
6 violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as the  
7 sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised  
8 release, probation, or conditional discharge, a Department of  
9 Children and Family Services investigation, or any seizure of  
10 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so  
11 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result  
12 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance  
13 in the event of an overdose.

14 (d) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and  
15 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement  
16 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,  
17 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this  
18 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or  
19 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or  
20 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or  
21 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical  
22 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of  
23 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in  
24 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the  
25 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the  
26 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other

1 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other  
2 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a  
3 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
4 assistance in the event of an overdose.

5 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

6 Article 55.

7 Section 55-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is  
8 amended by changing Section 316 as follows:

9 (720 ILCS 570/316)

10 Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

11 (a) The Department must provide for a Prescription  
12 Monitoring Program for Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled  
13 substances that includes the following components and  
14 requirements:

15 (1) The dispenser must transmit to the central  
16 repository, in a form and manner specified by the  
17 Department, the following information:

18 (A) The recipient's name and address.

19 (B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

20 (C) The national drug code number of the controlled  
21 substance dispensed.

22 (D) The date the controlled substance is  
23 dispensed.

1           (E) The quantity of the controlled substance  
2 dispensed and days supply.

3           (F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement  
4 Administration registration number.

5           (G) The prescriber's United States Drug  
6 Enforcement Administration registration number.

7           (H) The dates the controlled substance  
8 prescription is filled.

9           (I) The payment type used to purchase the  
10 controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party  
11 insurance).

12           (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing  
13 home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances  
14 other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

15           (K) Any additional information that may be  
16 required by the department by administrative rule,  
17 including but not limited to information required for  
18 compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting  
19 of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or  
20 its successor.

21           (2) The information required to be transmitted under  
22 this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of  
23 the next business day after the date on which a controlled  
24 substance is dispensed, or at such other time as may be  
25 required by the Department by administrative rule.

26           (3) A dispenser must transmit the information required

1 under this Section by:

2 (A) an electronic device compatible with the  
3 receiving device of the central repository;

4 (B) a computer diskette;

5 (C) a magnetic tape; or

6 (D) a pharmacy universal claim form or Pharmacy  
7 Inventory Control form.

8 (3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)  
9 of this subsection (a) also apply to opioid treatment  
10 programs that prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V  
11 controlled substances for the treatment of opioid use  
12 disorder.

13 (4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to  
14 \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled  
15 substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring  
16 Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the  
17 number of days from the time the report was required to be  
18 made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be  
19 payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

20 (a-5) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a licensed  
21 veterinarian is exempt from the reporting requirements of this  
22 Section. If a person who is presenting an animal for treatment  
23 is suspected of fraudulently obtaining any controlled  
24 substance or prescription for a controlled substance, the  
25 licensed veterinarian shall report that information to the  
26 local law enforcement agency.

1           (b) The Department, by rule, may include in the  
2 Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs  
3 that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The  
4 Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled  
5 substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

6           (c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled  
7 substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used  
8 as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term  
9 care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372. Long-term  
10 care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication profiles to  
11 the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or more frequently  
12 as established by administrative rule.

13           (d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a  
14 full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring  
15 Program.

16           (e) (Blank).

17           (f) Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date  
18 of Public Act 100-564), the Department shall adopt rules  
19 requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface  
20 with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program  
21 on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have  
22 access to specific patient records during the treatment of  
23 their patients. These rules shall also address the electronic  
24 integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription  
25 Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the  
26 information required under this Section. The Department shall



1 establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic  
2 Health Records System does not effectively interface with the  
3 Prescription Monitoring Program within the required timeline.

4 (g) The Department, in consultation with the Advisory  
5 Committee, shall adopt rules allowing licensed prescribers or  
6 pharmacists who have registered to access the Prescription  
7 Monitoring Program to authorize a licensed or non-licensed  
8 designee employed in that licensed prescriber's office or a  
9 licensed designee in a licensed pharmacist's pharmacy who has  
10 received training in the federal Health Insurance Portability  
11 and Accountability Act to consult the Prescription Monitoring  
12 Program on their behalf. The rules shall include reasonable  
13 parameters concerning a practitioner's authority to authorize  
14 a designee, and the eligibility of a person to be selected as a  
15 designee. In this subsection (g), "pharmacist" shall include a  
16 clinical pharmacist employed by and designated by a Medicaid  
17 Managed Care Organization providing services under Article V of  
18 the Illinois Public Aid Code under a contract with the  
19 Department of Healthcare and Family Services for the sole  
20 purpose of clinical review of services provided to persons  
21 covered by the entity under the contract to determine  
22 compliance with subsections (a) and (b) of Section 314.5 of  
23 this Act. A managed care entity pharmacist shall notify  
24 prescribers of review activities.

25 (Source: P.A. 100-564, eff. 1-1-18; 100-861, eff. 8-14-18;  
26 100-1005, eff. 8-21-18; 100-1093, eff. 8-26-18; 101-81, eff.

1 7-12-19; 101-414, eff. 8-16-19.)

2 Article 60.

3 Section 60-5. The Adult Protective Services Act is amended  
4 by adding Section 3.1 as follows:

5 (320 ILCS 20/3.1 new)

6 Sec. 3.1. Adult protective services dementia training.

7 (a) This Section shall apply to any person who is employed  
8 by the Department in the Adult Protective Services division who  
9 works on the development and implementation of social services  
10 to respond to and prevent adult abuse, neglect, or  
11 exploitation.

12 (b) The Department shall develop and implement a dementia  
13 training program that must include instruction on the  
14 identification of people with dementia, risks such as  
15 wandering, communication impairments, elder abuse, and the  
16 best practices for interacting with people with dementia.

17 (c) Initial training of 4 hours shall be completed at the  
18 start of employment with the Adult Protective Services division  
19 and shall cover the following:

20 (1) Dementia, psychiatric, and behavioral symptoms.

21 (2) Communication issues, including how to communicate  
22 respectfully and effectively.

23 (3) Techniques for understanding and approaching

1 behavioral symptoms.

2 (4) Information on how to address specific aspects of  
3 safety, for example tips to prevent wandering.

4 (5) When it is necessary to alert law enforcement  
5 agencies of potential criminal behavior involving a family  
6 member, caretaker, or institutional abuse; neglect or  
7 exploitation of a person with dementia; and what types of  
8 abuse that are most common to people with dementia.

9 (6) Identifying incidents of self-neglect for people  
10 with dementia who live alone as well as neglect by a  
11 caregiver.

12 (7) Protocols for connecting people living with  
13 dementia to local care resources and professionals who are  
14 skilled in dementia care to encourage cross-referral and  
15 reporting regarding incidents of abuse.

16 (d) Annual continuing education shall include 2 hours of  
17 dementia training covering the subjects described in  
18 subsection (c).

19 (e) This Section is designed to address gaps in current  
20 dementia training requirements for Adult Protective Services  
21 officials and improve the quality of training. If currently  
22 existing law or rules contain more rigorous training  
23 requirements for Adult Protective Service officials, those  
24 laws or rules shall apply. Where there is overlap between this  
25 Section and other laws and rules, the Department shall  
26 interpret this Section to avoid duplication of requirements

1 while ensuring that the minimum requirements set in this  
2 Section are met.

3 (f) The Department may adopt rules for the administration  
4 of this Section.

5 Article 65.

6 Section 65-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
7 Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of Illinois Act.  
8 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

9 Section 65-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds as  
10 follows:

11 (1) There are insufficient behavioral health  
12 professionals in this State's behavioral health workforce  
13 and further that there are insufficient behavioral health  
14 professionals trained in evidence-based practices.

15 (2) The Illinois behavioral health workforce situation  
16 is at a crisis state and the lack of a behavioral health  
17 strategy is exacerbating the problem.

18 (3) In 2019, the Journal of Community Health found that  
19 suicide rates are disproportionately higher among African  
20 American adolescents. From 2001 to 2017, the rate for  
21 African American teen boys rose 60%, according to the  
22 study. Among African American teen girls, rates nearly  
23 tripled, rising by an astounding 182%. Illinois was among

1 the 10 states with the greatest number of African American  
2 adolescent suicides (2015-2017).

3 (4) Workforce shortages are evident in all behavioral  
4 health professions, including, but not limited to,  
5 psychiatry, psychiatric nursing, psychiatric physician  
6 assistant, social work (licensed social work, licensed  
7 clinical social work), counseling (licensed professional  
8 counseling, licensed clinical professional counseling),  
9 marriage and family therapy, licensed clinical psychology,  
10 occupational therapy, prevention, substance use disorder  
11 counseling, and peer support.

12 (5) The shortage of behavioral health practitioners  
13 affects every Illinois county, every group of people with  
14 behavioral health needs, including children and  
15 adolescents, justice-involved populations, working adults,  
16 people experiencing homelessness, veterans, and older  
17 adults, and every health care and social service setting,  
18 from residential facilities and hospitals to  
19 community-based organizations and primary care clinics.

20 (6) Estimates of unmet needs consistently highlight  
21 the dire situation in Illinois. Mental Health America ranks  
22 Illinois 29th in the country in mental health workforce  
23 availability based on its 480-to-1 ratio of population to  
24 mental health professionals, and the Kaiser Family  
25 Foundation estimates that only 23.3% of Illinoisans'  
26 mental health needs can be met with its current workforce.

1           (7) Shortages are especially acute in rural areas and  
2 among low-income and under-insured individuals and  
3 families. 30.3% of Illinois' rural hospitals are in  
4 designated primary care shortage areas and 93.7% are in  
5 designated mental health shortage areas. Nationally, 40%  
6 of psychiatrists work in cash-only practices, limiting  
7 access for those who cannot afford high out-of-pocket  
8 costs, especially Medicaid eligible individuals and  
9 families.

10           (8) Spanish-speaking therapists in suburban Cook  
11 County, as well as in immigrant new growth communities  
12 throughout the State, for example, and master's-prepared  
13 social workers in rural communities are especially  
14 difficult to recruit and retain.

15           (9) Illinois' shortage of psychiatrists specializing  
16 in serving children and adolescents is also severe.  
17 Eighty-one out of 102 Illinois counties have no child and  
18 adolescent psychiatrists, and the remaining 21 counties  
19 have only 310 child and adolescent psychiatrists for a  
20 population of 2,450,000 children.

21           (10) Only 38.9% of the 121,000 Illinois youth aged 12  
22 through 17 who experienced a major depressive episode  
23 received care.

24           (11) An annual average of 799,000 people in Illinois  
25 aged 12 and older need but do not receive substance use  
26 disorder treatment at specialty facilities.

1           (12) According to the Statewide Semiannual Opioid  
2 Report, Illinois Department of Public Health, September  
3 2020, the number of opioid deaths in Illinois has increased  
4 3% from 2,167 deaths in 2018 to 2,233 deaths in 2019.

5           (13) Behavioral health workforce shortages have led to  
6 well-documented problems of long wait times for  
7 appointments with psychiatrists (4 to 6 months in some  
8 cases), high turnover, and unfilled vacancies for social  
9 workers and other behavioral health professionals that  
10 have eroded the gains in insurance coverage for mental  
11 illness and substance use disorder under the federal  
12 Affordable Care Act and parity laws.

13           (14) As a result, individuals with mental illness or  
14 substance use disorders end up in hospital emergency rooms,  
15 which are the most expensive level of care, or are  
16 incarcerated and do not receive adequate care, if any.

17           (15) There are many organizations and institutions  
18 that are affected by behavioral health workforce  
19 shortages, but no one entity is responsible for monitoring  
20 the workforce supply and intervening to ensure it can  
21 effectively meet behavioral health needs throughout the  
22 State.

23           (16) Workforce shortages are more complex than simple  
24 numerical shortfalls. Identifying the optimal number,  
25 type, and location of behavioral health professionals to  
26 meet the differing needs of Illinois' diverse regions and

1 populations across the lifespan is a difficult logistical  
2 problem at the system and practice level that requires  
3 coordinated efforts in research, education, service  
4 delivery, and policy.

5 (17) This State has a compelling and substantial  
6 interest in building a pipeline for behavioral health  
7 professionals and to anchor research and education for  
8 behavioral health workforce development. Beginning with  
9 the proposed Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center  
10 of Illinois, Illinois has the chance to develop a blueprint  
11 to be a national leader in behavioral health workforce  
12 development.

13 (18) The State must act now to improve the ability of  
14 its residents to achieve their human potential and to live  
15 healthy, productive lives by reducing the misery and  
16 suffering with unmet behavioral health needs.

17 Section 65-10. Behavioral Health Workforce Education  
18 Center of Illinois.

19 (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
20 Illinois is created and shall be administered by a teaching,  
21 research, or both teaching and research public institution of  
22 higher education in this State. Subject to appropriation, the  
23 Center shall be operational on or before July 1, 2022.

24 (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
25 Illinois shall leverage workforce and behavioral health



1 resources, including, but not limited to, State, federal, and  
2 foundation grant funding, federal Workforce Investment Act of  
3 1998 programs, the National Health Service Corps and other  
4 nongraduate medical education physician workforce training  
5 programs, and existing behavioral health partnerships, and  
6 align with reforms in Illinois.

7 Section 65-15. Structure.

8 (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
9 Illinois shall be structured as a multisite model, and the  
10 administering public institution of higher education shall  
11 serve as the hub institution, complemented by secondary  
12 regional hubs, namely academic institutions, that serve rural  
13 and small urban areas and at least one academic institution  
14 serving a densely urban municipality with more than 1,000,000  
15 inhabitants.

16 (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
17 Illinois shall be located within one academic institution and  
18 shall be tasked with a convening and coordinating role for  
19 workforce research and planning, including monitoring progress  
20 toward Center goals.

21 (c) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
22 Illinois shall also coordinate with key State agencies involved  
23 in behavioral health, workforce development, and higher  
24 education in order to leverage disparate resources from health  
25 care, workforce, and economic development programs in Illinois

1 government.

2 Section 65-20. Duties. The Behavioral Health Workforce  
3 Education Center of Illinois shall perform the following  
4 duties:

5 (1) Organize a consortium of universities in  
6 partnerships with providers, school districts, law  
7 enforcement, consumers and their families, State agencies,  
8 and other stakeholders to implement workforce development  
9 concepts and strategies in every region of this State.

10 (2) Be responsible for developing and implementing a  
11 strategic plan for the recruitment, education, and  
12 retention of a qualified, diverse, and evolving behavioral  
13 health workforce in this State. Its planning and activities  
14 shall include:

15 (A) convening and organizing vested stakeholders  
16 spanning government agencies, clinics, behavioral  
17 health facilities, prevention programs, hospitals,  
18 schools, jails, prisons and juvenile justice, police  
19 and emergency medical services, consumers and their  
20 families, and other stakeholders;

21 (B) collecting and analyzing data on the  
22 behavioral health workforce in Illinois, with detailed  
23 information on specialties, credentials, additional  
24 qualifications (such as training or experience in  
25 particular models of care), location of practice, and

1 demographic characteristics, including age, gender,  
2 race and ethnicity, and languages spoken;

3 (C) building partnerships with school districts,  
4 public institutions of higher education, and workforce  
5 investment agencies to create pipelines to behavioral  
6 health careers from high schools and colleges,  
7 pathways to behavioral health specialization among  
8 health professional students, and expanded behavioral  
9 health residency and internship opportunities for  
10 graduates;

11 (D) evaluating and disseminating information about  
12 evidence-based practices emerging from research  
13 regarding promising modalities of treatment, care  
14 coordination models, and medications;

15 (E) developing systems for tracking the  
16 utilization of evidence-based practices that most  
17 effectively meet behavioral health needs; and

18 (F) providing technical assistance to support  
19 professional training and continuing education  
20 programs that provide effective training in  
21 evidence-based behavioral health practices.

22 (3) Coordinate data collection and analysis, including  
23 systematic tracking of the behavioral health workforce and  
24 datasets that support workforce planning for an  
25 accessible, high-quality behavioral health system. In the  
26 medium to long-term, the Center shall develop Illinois

1 behavioral workforce data capacity by:

2 (A) filling gaps in workforce data by collecting  
3 information on specialty, training, and qualifications  
4 for specific models of care, demographic  
5 characteristics, including gender, race, ethnicity,  
6 and languages spoken, and participation in public and  
7 private insurance networks;

8 (B) identifying the highest priority geographies,  
9 populations, and occupations for recruitment and  
10 training;

11 (C) monitoring the incidence of behavioral health  
12 conditions to improve estimates of unmet need; and

13 (D) compiling up-to-date, evidence-based  
14 practices, monitoring utilization, and aligning  
15 training resources to improve the uptake of the most  
16 effective practices.

17 (4) Work to grow and advance peer and parent-peer  
18 workforce development by:

19 (A) assessing the credentialing and reimbursement  
20 processes and recommending reforms;

21 (B) evaluating available peer-parent training  
22 models, choosing a model that meets Illinois' needs,  
23 and working with partners to implement it universally  
24 in child-serving programs throughout this State; and

25 (C) including peer recovery specialists and  
26 parent-peer support professionals in interdisciplinary

1 training programs.

2 (5) Focus on the training of behavioral health  
3 professionals in telehealth techniques, including taking  
4 advantage of a telehealth network that exists, and other  
5 innovative means of care delivery in order to increase  
6 access to behavioral health services for all persons within  
7 this State.

8 (6) No later than December 1 of every odd-numbered  
9 year, prepare a report of its activities under this Act.  
10 The report shall be filed electronically with the General  
11 Assembly, as provided under Section 3.1 of the General  
12 Assembly Organization Act, and shall be provided  
13 electronically to any member of the General Assembly upon  
14 request.

15 Section 65-25. Selection process.

16 (a) No later than 90 days after the effective date of this  
17 Act, the Board of Higher Education shall select a public  
18 institution of higher education, with input and assistance from  
19 the Division of Mental Health of the Department of Human  
20 Services, to administer the Behavioral Health Workforce  
21 Education Center of Illinois.

22 (b) The selection process shall articulate the principles  
23 of the Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
24 Illinois, not inconsistent with this Act.

25 (c) The Board of Higher Education, with input and

1 assistance from the Division of Mental Health of the Department  
2 of Human Services, shall make its selection of a public  
3 institution of higher education based on its ability and  
4 willingness to execute the following tasks:

5 (1) Convening academic institutions providing  
6 behavioral health education to:

7 (A) develop curricula to train future behavioral  
8 health professionals in evidence-based practices that  
9 meet the most urgent needs of Illinois' residents;

10 (B) build capacity to provide clinical training  
11 and supervision; and

12 (C) facilitate telehealth services to every region  
13 of the State.

14 (2) Functioning as a clearinghouse for research,  
15 education, and training efforts to identify and  
16 disseminate evidence-based practices across the State.

17 (3) Leveraging financial support from grants and  
18 social impact loan funds.

19 (4) Providing infrastructure to organize regional  
20 behavioral health education and outreach. As budgets  
21 allow, this shall include conference and training space,  
22 research and faculty staff time, telehealth, and distance  
23 learning equipment.

24 (5) Working with regional hubs that assess and serve  
25 the workforce needs of specific, well-defined regions and  
26 specialize in specific research and training areas, such as

1 telehealth or mental health-criminal justice partnerships,  
2 for which the regional hub can serve as a statewide leader.

3 (d) The Board of Higher Education may adopt such rules as  
4 may be necessary to implement and administer this Section.

5 Title VI. Access to Health Care

6 Article 70.

7 Section 70-5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing  
8 Section 3-10 as follows:

9 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

10 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
11 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
12 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of  
13 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property  
14 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that  
15 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling  
16 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally  
17 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been  
18 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at  
19 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market  
20 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State  
21 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail.  
22 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the

1 price at which property would change hands between a willing  
2 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion  
3 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the  
4 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by  
5 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that  
6 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by  
7 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of  
8 like kind and character in Illinois.

9 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
10 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
11 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
12 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

13 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with  
14 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of  
15 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

16 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act  
17 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after  
18 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the  
19 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or  
20 before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales  
21 made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this  
22 Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then  
23 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of  
24 sales of gasohol made during that time.

25 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax  
26 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales



1 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,  
2 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made  
3 thereafter.

4 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and  
5 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies  
6 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,  
7 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the  
8 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,  
9 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no  
10 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the  
11 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%  
12 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than  
13 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

14 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with  
15 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
16 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or  
17 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
18 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

19 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be  
20 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
21 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
22 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
23 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription  
24 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as  
25 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
26 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a

1 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
2 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
3 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
4 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
5 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~, the tax is  
6 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,  
7 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any  
8 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether  
9 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,  
10 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all  
11 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever  
12 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed  
13 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but  
14 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated  
15 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the  
16 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks  
17 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

18 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
19 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
20 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
21 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
22 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
23 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

24 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
25 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
26 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all

1 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
2 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
3 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
4 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
5 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
6 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
7 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
8 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
9 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
11 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
12 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
13 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
14 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
15 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
16 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
17 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
18 flour or requires refrigeration.

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
20 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
21 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
22 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
23 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
24 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
25 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
26 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the

1 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
2 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
3 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
4 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
5 label includes:

6 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

7 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
8 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
9 substance or preparation.

10 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
11 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription  
12 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a  
13 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use  
14 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

15 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
16 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
17 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
18 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
19 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

20 If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer  
21 is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before  
22 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under  
23 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed  
24 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable  
25 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state  
26 use.

1 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
2 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

3 Section 70-10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by  
4 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

5 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

6 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
7 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
8 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as  
9 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of  
10 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less  
11 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

12 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
13 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
14 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
15 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

16 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
17 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price  
18 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
19 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%  
20 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
21 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
22 July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter.  
23 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
24 gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate

1 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
2 the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

3 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
4 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
5 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
6 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
7 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
8 thereafter.

9 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
10 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
11 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price  
12 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
13 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and  
14 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,  
15 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
16 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less  
17 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate  
18 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
19 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%  
20 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

21 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
22 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
23 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
24 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price  
25 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
26 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but

1 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

2 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each  
3 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual  
4 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an  
5 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in  
6 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or  
7 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate  
8 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax  
9 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost  
10 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an  
11 incident to the sale of those services.

12 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared  
13 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of  
14 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act  
15 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the  
16 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD  
17 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,  
18 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at  
19 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be  
20 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
21 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
22 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
23 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this  
24 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,  
25 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III  
26 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug

1 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
2 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
3 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
4 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
5 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
6 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the  
7 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term  
8 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,  
9 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but  
10 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,  
11 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as  
12 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained  
13 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container,  
14 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee,  
15 tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk  
16 products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk  
17 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or  
18 vegetable juice.

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
20 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
21 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
22 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
23 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
24 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

25 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
26 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to



1 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
2 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
3 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
4 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
5 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
6 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
7 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
8 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
9 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
10 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
12 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
13 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
14 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
15 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
16 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
17 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
18 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
19 flour or requires refrigeration.

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
21 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
22 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
23 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
24 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
25 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
26 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by

1 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
2 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
3 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
4 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
5 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
6 label includes:

7 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

8 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
9 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
10 substance or preparation.

11 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
12 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and  
13 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered  
14 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical  
15 Cannabis Program Act.

16 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
17 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
18 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
19 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
20 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

21 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is  
22 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before  
23 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under  
24 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed  
25 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable  
26 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state

1 use.

2 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
3 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

4 Section 70-15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by  
5 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

7 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
8 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
9 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use  
10 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of  
11 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be  
12 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible  
13 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item  
14 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a  
15 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on  
16 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the  
17 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the  
18 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the  
19 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,  
20 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce  
21 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this  
22 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the  
23 tangible personal property transferred incident to the  
24 completion of the contract.

1           Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
2 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
3 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
4 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

5           With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
6 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost  
7 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of  
8 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,  
9 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an  
10 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on  
11 or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price  
12 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on  
13 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at  
14 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to  
15 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

16           With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
17 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
18 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
19 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
20 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
21 thereafter.

22           With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
23 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
24 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price  
25 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
26 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and

1 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,  
2 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
3 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less  
4 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate  
5 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
6 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%  
7 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

8 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
9 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
10 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax  
11 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the  
12 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the  
13 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
14 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
15 thereafter.

16 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each  
17 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual  
18 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an  
19 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in  
20 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or  
21 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate  
22 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax  
23 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost  
24 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to  
25 the sale of those services.

26 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared

1 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of  
2 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act  
3 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the  
4 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD  
5 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,  
6 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at  
7 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be  
8 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
9 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
10 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
11 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this  
12 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,  
13 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III  
14 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
15 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
16 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
17 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
18 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
19 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
20 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the  
21 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term  
22 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,  
23 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but  
24 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,  
25 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as  
26 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained

1 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless  
2 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,  
3 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as  
4 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,  
5 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable  
6 juice.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
8 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
9 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
10 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
11 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
12 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

13 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
14 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
15 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
16 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
17 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
18 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
19 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
20 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
21 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
22 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
23 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
24 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

25 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
26 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that

1 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
2 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
3 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
4 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
5 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
6 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
7 flour or requires refrigeration.

8 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
9 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
10 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
11 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
12 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
13 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
14 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
15 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
16 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
17 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
18 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
19 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
20 label includes:

21 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

22 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
23 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
24 substance or preparation.

25 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
26 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and



1 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered  
2 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical  
3 Cannabis Program Act.

4 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
5 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
6 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
7 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
8 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

9 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
10 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

11 Section 70-20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended  
12 by changing Section 2-10 as follows:

13 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

14 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
15 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
16 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in  
17 the course of business.

18 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
19 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
20 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
21 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

22 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with  
23 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of  
24 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

1           Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory  
2 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel  
3 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a  
4 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that  
5 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of  
6 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has  
7 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and  
8 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump  
9 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be  
10 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4  
11 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to  
12 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a  
13 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty  
14 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each  
15 retail premises where a violation occurs.

16           With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
17 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of  
18 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,  
19 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July  
20 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the  
21 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,  
22 the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the  
23 Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax  
24 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of  
25 gasohol made during that time.

26           With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined

1 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
2 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or  
3 before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of  
4 sales made thereafter.

5 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
6 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
7 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of  
8 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December  
9 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made  
10 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on  
11 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
12 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at  
13 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to  
14 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less  
15 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

16 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
17 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
18 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
19 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or  
20 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
21 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

22 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be  
23 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
24 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
25 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
26 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription

1 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as  
2 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
3 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
4 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
5 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
6 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
7 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
8 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~, the tax is  
9 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,  
10 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any  
11 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether  
12 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,  
13 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all  
14 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever  
15 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed  
16 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but  
17 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated  
18 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the  
19 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks  
20 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
22 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
23 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
24 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
25 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
26 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

1           Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
2 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
3 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
4 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
5 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
6 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
7 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
8 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
9 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
10 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
11 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
12 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

13           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
14 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
15 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
16 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
17 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
18 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
19 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
20 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
21 flour or requires refrigeration.

22           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
23 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
24 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
25 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
26 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,

1 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
2 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
3 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
4 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
5 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
6 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
7 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
8 label includes:

9 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

10 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
11 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
12 substance or preparation.

13 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
14 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription  
15 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a  
16 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use  
17 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

18 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
19 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
20 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
21 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
22 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

23 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
24 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

1           Section 75-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
2 changing Section 9A-11 as follows:

3           (305 ILCS 5/9A-11) (from Ch. 23, par. 9A-11)

4           Sec. 9A-11. Child care.

5           (a) The General Assembly recognizes that families with  
6 children need child care in order to work. Child care is  
7 expensive and families with low incomes, including those who  
8 are transitioning from welfare to work, often struggle to pay  
9 the costs of day care. The General Assembly understands the  
10 importance of helping low-income working families become and  
11 remain self-sufficient. The General Assembly also believes  
12 that it is the responsibility of families to share in the costs  
13 of child care. It is also the preference of the General  
14 Assembly that all working poor families should be treated  
15 equally, regardless of their welfare status.

16           (b) To the extent resources permit, the Illinois Department  
17 shall provide child care services to parents or other relatives  
18 as defined by rule who are working or participating in  
19 employment or Department approved education or training  
20 programs. At a minimum, the Illinois Department shall cover the  
21 following categories of families:

22           (1) recipients of TANF under Article IV participating  
23 in work and training activities as specified in the  
24 personal plan for employment and self-sufficiency;

- 1 (2) families transitioning from TANF to work;
- 2 (3) families at risk of becoming recipients of TANF;
- 3 (4) families with special needs as defined by rule;
- 4 (5) working families with very low incomes as defined
- 5 by rule;
- 6 (6) families that are not recipients of TANF and that
- 7 need child care assistance to participate in education and
- 8 training activities; and
- 9 (7) families with children under the age of 5 who have
- 10 an open intact family services case with the Department of
- 11 Children and Family Services. Any family that receives
- 12 child care assistance in accordance with this paragraph
- 13 shall remain eligible for child care assistance 6 months
- 14 after the child's intact family services case is closed,
- 15 regardless of whether the child's parents or other
- 16 relatives as defined by rule are working or participating
- 17 in Department approved employment or education or training
- 18 programs. The Department of Human Services, in
- 19 consultation with the Department of Children and Family
- 20 Services, shall adopt rules to protect the privacy of
- 21 families who are the subject of an open intact family
- 22 services case when such families enroll in child care
- 23 services. Additional rules shall be adopted to offer
- 24 children who have an open intact family services case the
- 25 opportunity to receive an Early Intervention screening and
- 26 other services that their families may be eligible for as



1 provided by the Department of Human Services.

2 The Department shall specify by rule the conditions of  
3 eligibility, the application process, and the types, amounts,  
4 and duration of services. Eligibility for child care benefits  
5 and the amount of child care provided may vary based on family  
6 size, income, and other factors as specified by rule.

7 The Department shall update the Child Care Assistance  
8 Program Eligibility Calculator posted on its website to include  
9 a question on whether a family is applying for child care  
10 assistance for the first time or is applying for a  
11 redetermination of eligibility.

12 A family's eligibility for child care services shall be  
13 redetermined no sooner than 12 months following the initial  
14 determination or most recent redetermination. During the  
15 12-month periods, the family shall remain eligible for child  
16 care services regardless of (i) a change in family income,  
17 unless family income exceeds 85% of State median income, or  
18 (ii) a temporary change in the ongoing status of the parents or  
19 other relatives, as defined by rule, as working or attending a  
20 job training or educational program.

21 In determining income eligibility for child care benefits,  
22 the Department annually, at the beginning of each fiscal year,  
23 shall establish, by rule, one income threshold for each family  
24 size, in relation to percentage of State median income for a  
25 family of that size, that makes families with incomes below the  
26 specified threshold eligible for assistance and families with

1 incomes above the specified threshold ineligible for  
2 assistance. Through and including fiscal year 2007, the  
3 specified threshold must be no less than 50% of the  
4 then-current State median income for each family size.  
5 Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the specified threshold must be  
6 no less than 185% of the then-current federal poverty level for  
7 each family size. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or  
8 administrative rule to the contrary, beginning in fiscal year  
9 2019, the specified threshold for working families with very  
10 low incomes as defined by rule must be no less than 185% of the  
11 then-current federal poverty level for each family size.

12 In determining eligibility for assistance, the Department  
13 shall not give preference to any category of recipients or give  
14 preference to individuals based on their receipt of benefits  
15 under this Code.

16 Nothing in this Section shall be construed as conferring  
17 entitlement status to eligible families.

18 The Illinois Department is authorized to lower income  
19 eligibility ceilings, raise parent co-payments, create waiting  
20 lists, or take such other actions during a fiscal year as are  
21 necessary to ensure that child care benefits paid under this  
22 Article do not exceed the amounts appropriated for those child  
23 care benefits. These changes may be accomplished by emergency  
24 rule under Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative  
25 Procedure Act, except that the limitation on the number of  
26 emergency rules that may be adopted in a 24-month period shall

1 not apply.

2 The Illinois Department may contract with other State  
3 agencies or child care organizations for the administration of  
4 child care services.

5 (c) Payment shall be made for child care that otherwise  
6 meets the requirements of this Section and applicable standards  
7 of State and local law and regulation, including any  
8 requirements the Illinois Department promulgates by rule in  
9 addition to the licensure requirements promulgated by the  
10 Department of Children and Family Services and Fire Prevention  
11 and Safety requirements promulgated by the Office of the State  
12 Fire Marshal, and is provided in any of the following:

13 (1) a child care center which is licensed or exempt  
14 from licensure pursuant to Section 2.09 of the Child Care  
15 Act of 1969;

16 (2) a licensed child care home or home exempt from  
17 licensing;

18 (3) a licensed group child care home;

19 (4) other types of child care, including child care  
20 provided by relatives or persons living in the same home as  
21 the child, as determined by the Illinois Department by  
22 rule.

23 (c-5) Solely for the purposes of coverage under the  
24 Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, child and day care home  
25 providers, including licensed and license exempt,  
26 participating in the Department's child care assistance

1 program shall be considered to be public employees and the  
2 State of Illinois shall be considered to be their employer as  
3 of January 1, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-320),  
4 but not before. The State shall engage in collective bargaining  
5 with an exclusive representative of child and day care home  
6 providers participating in the child care assistance program  
7 concerning their terms and conditions of employment that are  
8 within the State's control. Nothing in this subsection shall be  
9 understood to limit the right of families receiving services  
10 defined in this Section to select child and day care home  
11 providers or supervise them within the limits of this Section.  
12 The State shall not be considered to be the employer of child  
13 and day care home providers for any purposes not specifically  
14 provided in Public Act 94-320, including, but not limited to,  
15 purposes of vicarious liability in tort and purposes of  
16 statutory retirement or health insurance benefits. Child and  
17 day care home providers shall not be covered by the State  
18 Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971.

19 In according child and day care home providers and their  
20 selected representative rights under the Illinois Public Labor  
21 Relations Act, the State intends that the State action  
22 exemption to application of federal and State antitrust laws be  
23 fully available to the extent that their activities are  
24 authorized by Public Act 94-320.

25 (d) The Illinois Department shall establish, by rule, a  
26 co-payment scale that provides for cost sharing by families

1 that receive child care services, including parents whose only  
2 income is from assistance under this Code. The co-payment shall  
3 be based on family income and family size and may be based on  
4 other factors as appropriate. Co-payments may be waived for  
5 families whose incomes are at or below the federal poverty  
6 level.

7 (d-5) The Illinois Department, in consultation with its  
8 Child Care and Development Advisory Council, shall develop a  
9 plan to revise the child care assistance program's co-payment  
10 scale. The plan shall be completed no later than February 1,  
11 2008, and shall include:

12 (1) findings as to the percentage of income that the  
13 average American family spends on child care and the  
14 relative amounts that low-income families and the average  
15 American family spend on other necessities of life;

16 (2) recommendations for revising the child care  
17 co-payment scale to assure that families receiving child  
18 care services from the Department are paying no more than  
19 they can reasonably afford;

20 (3) recommendations for revising the child care  
21 co-payment scale to provide at-risk children with complete  
22 access to Preschool for All and Head Start; and

23 (4) recommendations for changes in child care program  
24 policies that affect the affordability of child care.

25 (e) (Blank).

26 (f) The Illinois Department shall, by rule, set rates to be

1 paid for the various types of child care. Child care may be  
2 provided through one of the following methods:

3 (1) arranging the child care through eligible  
4 providers by use of purchase of service contracts or  
5 vouchers;

6 (2) arranging with other agencies and community  
7 volunteer groups for non-reimbursed child care;

8 (3) (blank); or

9 (4) adopting such other arrangements as the Department  
10 determines appropriate.

11 (f-1) Within 30 days after June 4, 2018 (the effective date  
12 of Public Act 100-587), the Department of Human Services shall  
13 establish rates for child care providers that are no less than  
14 the rates in effect on January 1, 2018 increased by 4.26%.

15 (f-5) (Blank).

16 (g) Families eligible for assistance under this Section  
17 shall be given the following options:

18 (1) receiving a child care certificate issued by the  
19 Department or a subcontractor of the Department that may be  
20 used by the parents as payment for child care and  
21 development services only; or

22 (2) if space is available, enrolling the child with a  
23 child care provider that has a purchase of service contract  
24 with the Department or a subcontractor of the Department  
25 for the provision of child care and development services.

26 The Department may identify particular priority

1 populations for whom they may request special  
2 consideration by a provider with purchase of service  
3 contracts, provided that the providers shall be permitted  
4 to maintain a balance of clients in terms of household  
5 incomes and families and children with special needs, as  
6 defined by rule.

7 (Source: P.A. 100-387, eff. 8-25-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;  
8 100-860, eff. 2-14-19; 100-909, eff. 10-1-18; 100-916, eff.  
9 8-17-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

10 Article 80.

11 Section 80-5. The Employee Sick Leave Act is amended by  
12 changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

13 (820 ILCS 191/5)

14 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:

15 "Department" means the Department of Labor.

16 "Personal sick leave benefits" means any paid or unpaid  
17 time available to an employee as provided through an employment  
18 benefit plan or paid time off policy to be used as a result of  
19 absence from work due to personal illness, injury, or medical  
20 appointment or for the personal care of a parent,  
21 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandparent, or stepparent. An  
22 employment benefit plan or paid time off policy does not  
23 include long term disability, short term disability, an

1 insurance policy, or other comparable benefit plan or policy.

2 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

3 (820 ILCS 191/10)

4 Sec. 10. Use of leave; limitations.

5 (a) An employee may use personal sick leave benefits  
6 provided by the employer for absences due to an illness,  
7 injury, or medical appointment of the employee's child,  
8 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
9 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
10 stepparent, or for the personal care of a parent,  
11 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandparent, or stepparent on  
12 the same terms upon which the employee is able to use personal  
13 sick leave benefits for the employee's own illness or injury.  
14 An employer may request written verification of the employee's  
15 absence from a health care professional if such verification is  
16 required under the employer's employment benefit plan or paid  
17 time off policy.

18 (b) An employer may limit the use of personal sick leave  
19 benefits provided by the employer for absences due to an  
20 illness, injury, or medical appointment of the employee's  
21 child, stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
22 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
23 stepparent to an amount not less than the personal sick leave  
24 that would be earned or accrued during 6 months at the  
25 employee's then current rate of entitlement. For employers who



1 base personal sick leave benefits on an employee's years of  
2 service instead of annual or monthly accrual, such employer may  
3 limit the amount of sick leave to be used under this Act to  
4 half of the employee's maximum annual grant.

5 (c) An employer who provides personal sick leave benefits  
6 or a paid time off policy that would otherwise provide benefits  
7 as required under subsections (a) and (b) shall not be required  
8 to modify such benefits.

9 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

10 Article 85.

11 Section 85-5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing  
12 Section 5.666 as follows:

13 (30 ILCS 105/5.666)

14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)

15 Sec. 5.666. The African-American and Latinx HIV/AIDS  
16 Response Fund. This Section is repealed on July 1, 2026.

17 (Source: P.A. 99-54, eff. 1-1-16.)

18 Section 85-10. The African-American HIV/AIDS Response Act  
19 is amended by changing Sections 1, 5, 10, 15, 25, 27, and 30 as  
20 follows:

21 (410 ILCS 303/1)

1           Sec. 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the  
2 African-American and Latinx HIV/AIDS Response Act.

3           (Source: P.A. 94-629, eff. 1-1-06.)

4           (410 ILCS 303/5)

5           Sec. 5. Legislative finding. The General Assembly finds  
6 that HIV/AIDS in the African-American and Latinx communities  
7 ~~community~~ is a crisis separate and apart from the overall issue  
8 of HIV/AIDS in other communities.

9           (Source: P.A. 94-629, eff. 1-1-06.)

10          (410 ILCS 303/10)

11          Sec. 10. African-American and Latinx HIV/AIDS Response  
12 Officer. An African-American and Latinx HIV/AIDS Response  
13 Officer, responsible for coordinating efforts to address the  
14 African-American and Latinx AIDS crisis within his or her  
15 respective Office or Department and serving as a liaison to  
16 governmental and non-governmental entities beyond his or her  
17 respective Office or Department regarding the same, shall be  
18 designated in each of the following:

- 19               (1) The Office of the Governor.  
20               (2) The Department of Human Services.  
21               (3) The Department of Public Health.  
22               (4) The Department of Corrections.

23          (Source: P.A. 94-629, eff. 1-1-06.)

1 (410 ILCS 303/15)

2 Sec. 15. State agencies; HIV testing.

3 (a) In this Section:

4 "High-risk community" means a community designated as  
5 high-risk by the Department of Public Health in rules.

6 "High-traffic facility" means a high-traffic facility as  
7 defined by the State agency operating the facility.

8 "State agency" means (i) any department of State government  
9 created under Section 5-15 of the Departments of State  
10 Government Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois or  
11 (ii) the Office of the Secretary of State.

12 (b) The Department of Public Health shall coordinate the  
13 response to HIV/AIDS in the African-American and Latinx  
14 communities ~~community~~.

15 (c) A State agency that operates a facility that (i) is  
16 accessible to the public, (ii) is a high-traffic facility, and  
17 (iii) serves a high-risk community must provide the following  
18 in each such facility where space and security reasonably  
19 permit: space for free HIV counseling and antibody testing to a  
20 community-based organization licensed to do testing, in  
21 accordance with the AIDS Confidentiality Act and rules adopted  
22 by the Department of Public Health. The State agency or its  
23 employees shall not conduct any counseling or testing required  
24 to be provided under this subsection, but the agency shall make  
25 appropriate arrangements with one or more certified  
26 community-based organizations to conduct the counseling or

1 testing. The testing required to be provided under this  
2 subsection is the rapid testing authorized under Section 5.5 of  
3 the AIDS Confidentiality Act.

4 (d) Neither the State of Illinois nor any State agency  
5 supplying space for services authorized by this Section shall  
6 be liable for damages based on the provision of such space or  
7 claimed to result from any services performed in such space,  
8 except that this immunity does not apply in the case of willful  
9 and wanton misconduct.

10 (Source: P.A. 94-629, eff. 1-1-06.)

11 (410 ILCS 303/25)

12 Sec. 25. HIV/AIDS Response Review Panel.

13 (a) The HIV/AIDS Response Review Panel is established  
14 within the Office of the Governor. The Panel shall consist of  
15 the following members:

16 (1) One member appointed by the Governor. This member  
17 shall serve as the Chair of the Panel.

18 (2) One representative of each of the following,  
19 appointed by the head of the department: the Department of  
20 Corrections; the Department of Human Services; and the  
21 Department of Public Health.

22 (3) Two ex-offenders who are familiar with the issue of  
23 HIV/AIDS as it relates to incarceration, appointed by the  
24 Governor. One of these members must be from Cook County,  
25 and the other must be from a county other than Cook. Both

1 of these members must have received a final discharge from  
2 the Department of Corrections.

3 (4) Three representatives of HIV/AIDS organizations  
4 that have been in business for at least 2 years, appointed  
5 by the Governor. In the case of such an organization that  
6 represents a constituency the majority of whom are  
7 African-American or Latinx, the organization's  
8 representative who is a member of the Panel must be  
9 African-American or Latinx.

10 (b) The Panel shall review the implementation of this Act  
11 within the Department of Corrections and shall file a report  
12 with the General Assembly and with the Governor every January 1  
13 stating the results of its review.

14 (Source: P.A. 94-629, eff. 1-1-06.)

15 (410 ILCS 303/27)

16 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)

17 Sec. 27. African-American and Latinx HIV/AIDS Response  
18 Fund.

19 (a) The African-American and Latinx HIV/AIDS Response Fund  
20 is created as a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys  
21 deposited into the Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be  
22 used for grants for programs to prevent the transmission of HIV  
23 and other programs and activities consistent with the purposes  
24 of this Act, including, but not limited to, preventing and  
25 treating HIV/AIDS, the creation of an HIV/AIDS service delivery

1 system, and the administration of the Act. Moneys for the Fund  
2 shall come from appropriations by the General Assembly, federal  
3 funds, and other public resources.

4 (b) The Fund shall provide resources for communities in  
5 Illinois to create an HIV/AIDS service delivery system that  
6 reduces the disparity of HIV infection and AIDS cases between  
7 African-Americans and Latinxs and other population groups in  
8 Illinois that may be impacted by the disease by, including but,  
9 not limited to:

10 (1) developing, implementing, and maintaining a  
11 comprehensive, culturally sensitive HIV Prevention Plan  
12 targeting communities that are identified as high-risk in  
13 terms of the impact of the disease on African-Americans and  
14 Latinxs;

15 (2) developing, implementing, and maintaining a stable  
16 HIV/AIDS service delivery infrastructure in Illinois  
17 communities that will meet the needs of African-Americans  
18 and Latinxs;

19 (3) developing, implementing, and maintaining a  
20 statewide HIV/AIDS testing program;

21 (4) providing funding for HIV/AIDS social and  
22 scientific research to improve prevention and treatment;

23 (5) providing comprehensive technical and other  
24 assistance to African-American and Latinx community  
25 service organizations that are involved in HIV/AIDS  
26 prevention and treatment;

1           (6) developing, implementing, and maintaining an  
2           infrastructure for African-American and Latinx community  
3           service organizations to make them less dependent on  
4           government resources; and

5           (7) creating and maintaining at least 17 one-stop  
6           shopping HIV/AIDS facilities across the State.

7           (c) When providing grants pursuant to this Fund, the  
8           Department of Public Health shall give priority to the  
9           development of comprehensive medical and social services to  
10          African-Americans and Latinxs at risk of infection from or  
11          infected with HIV/AIDS in areas of the State determined to have  
12          the greatest geographic prevalence of HIV/AIDS in the  
13          African-American and Latinx population.

14          (d) The Section is repealed on July 1, 2026.

15          (Source: P.A. 99-54, eff. 1-1-16.)

16          (410 ILCS 303/30)

17          Sec. 30. Rules.

18          (a) No later than March 15, 2006, the Department of Public  
19          Health shall issue proposed rules for designating high-risk  
20          communities and for implementing subsection (c) of Section 15.  
21          The rules must include, but may not be limited to, a standard  
22          testing protocol, training for staff, community-based  
23          organization experience, and the removal and proper disposal of  
24          hazardous waste.

25          (b) The Department of Human Services, the Department of

1 Public Health, and the Department of Corrections shall adopt  
2 rules as necessary to ensure that this Act is implemented  
3 within 6 months after the effective date of this Act.

4 (c) The Department of Public Health shall adopt rules  
5 necessary to implement and administer the African-American and  
6 Latinx HIV/AIDS Response Fund.

7 (Source: P.A. 94-629, eff. 1-1-06; 94-797, eff. 1-1-07.)

8 Article 90.

9 Section 90-5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by  
10 adding Section 3-206.06 as follows:

11 (210 ILCS 45/3-206.06 new)

12 Sec. 3-206.06. Testing for Legionnaires' disease. A  
13 facility licensed under this Act must prove upon inspection by  
14 the Department that it has provided testing for Legionnaires'  
15 disease. The facility must also provide the results of that  
16 testing to the Department.

17 Section 90-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
18 adding Section 6.29 as follows:

19 (210 ILCS 85/6.29 new)

20 Sec. 6.29. Testing for Legionnaires' disease. A hospital  
21 licensed under this Act must prove upon inspection by the



1 Department that it has provided testing for Legionnaires'  
2 disease. The hospital must also provide the results of that  
3 testing to the Department.

4 Article 95.

5 Section 95-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
6 Child Trauma Counseling Act. References in this Article to  
7 "this Act" mean this Article.

8 Section 95-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

9 "Day care center" has the meaning given to that term in  
10 Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

11 "School" means a public or nonpublic elementary school.

12 "Trauma counselor" means a licensed professional  
13 counselor, as that term is defined in Section 10 of the  
14 Professional Counselor and Clinical Professional Counselor  
15 Licensing and Practice Act, who has experience in treating  
16 childhood trauma or who has a certification relating to  
17 treating childhood trauma.

18 Section 95-10. Trauma counseling through fifth grade.

19 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

20 (1) a day care center shall provide the services of a  
21 trauma counselor to a child, from birth through the fifth  
22 grade, enrolled and attending the day care center who has

1           been identified as needing trauma counseling; and

2           (2) a school shall provide the services of a trauma  
3           counselor to a child who is enrolled and attending  
4           kindergarten through the fifth grade at that school and has  
5           been identified as needing trauma counseling.

6           There shall be no cost for such trauma counseling to the  
7           parents or guardians of the child.

8           (b) A child is identified as needing trauma counseling  
9           under subsection (a) if the child reports trauma to a day care  
10          center or a school or a parent or guardian of the child or  
11          employee of a day care center or a school reports that the  
12          child has experienced trauma.

13          Section 95-15. Rules.

14          (a) The Department of Children and Family Services shall  
15          adopt rules to implement this Act. The Department shall seek  
16          recommendations and advice from the State Board of Education as  
17          to adoption of the Department's rules as they relate to  
18          schools.

19          (b) The Department of Financial and Professional  
20          Regulation may adopt rules regarding the qualifications of  
21          trauma counselors working with children under this Act.

22          Section 95-90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding  
23          Section 8.45 as follows:

1 (30 ILCS 805/8.45 new)

2 Sec. 8.45. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8  
3 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the  
4 implementation of any mandate created by the Child Trauma  
5 Counseling Act.

6 Article 100.

7 Section 100-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
8 the Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers Act.

9 Section 100-5. Creation; members; duties; report.

10 (a) The Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers is  
11 created. Membership of the Commission shall be as follows:

12 (1) A representative of the Illinois Comprehensive  
13 Cancer Control Program, appointed by the Director of Public  
14 Health;

15 (2) The Director of Insurance, or his or her designee;  
16 and

17 (3) 20 members who shall be appointed as follows:

18 (A) three members appointed by the Speaker of  
19 the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a  
20 survivor of ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a  
21 survivor of cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine  
22 cancer, and one of whom shall be a medical specialist  
23 in gynecologic cancers;

1           (B) three members appointed by the Senate  
2           President, one of whom shall be a survivor of ovarian  
3           cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of cervical,  
4           vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one of whom  
5           shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic cancers;

6           (C) three members appointed by the House  
7           Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
8           ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
9           cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one  
10          of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic  
11          cancers;

12          (D) three members appointed by the Senate  
13          Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
14          ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
15          cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one  
16          of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic  
17          cancers; and

18          (E) eight members appointed by the Governor,  
19          one of whom shall be a caregiver of a woman diagnosed  
20          with a gynecologic cancer, one of whom shall be a  
21          medical specialist in gynecologic cancers, one of whom  
22          shall be an individual with expertise in community  
23          based health care and issues affecting underserved and  
24          vulnerable populations, 2 of whom shall be individuals  
25          representing gynecologic cancer awareness and support  
26          groups in the State, one of whom shall be a researcher

1 specializing in gynecologic cancers, and 2 of whom  
2 shall be members of the public with demonstrated  
3 expertise in issues relating to the work of the  
4 Commission.

5 (b) Members of the Commission shall serve without  
6 compensation or reimbursement from the Commission. Members  
7 shall select a Chair from among themselves and the Chair shall  
8 set the meeting schedule.

9 (c) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall provide  
10 administrative support to the Commission.

11 (d) The Commission is charged with the study of the  
12 following:

13 (1) establishing a mechanism to ascertain the  
14 prevalence of gynecologic cancers in the State and, to the  
15 extent possible, to collect statistics relative to the  
16 timing of diagnosis and risk factors associated with  
17 gynecologic cancers;

18 (2) determining how to best effectuate early diagnosis  
19 and treatment for gynecologic cancer patients;

20 (3) determining best practices for closing disparities  
21 in outcomes for gynecologic cancer patients and innovative  
22 approaches to reaching underserved and vulnerable  
23 populations;

24 (4) determining any unmet needs of persons with  
25 gynecologic cancers and those of their families; and

26 (5) providing recommendations for additional



1 this Section are approved by the federal government in an  
2 appropriate State Plan amendment or directed payment preprint;  
3 and (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is  
4 determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the  
5 Social Security Act. In determining the hospital access  
6 payments authorized under subsection (g) of this Section, if a  
7 hospital ceases to qualify for payments from the pool, the  
8 payments for all hospitals continuing to qualify for payments  
9 from such pool shall be uniformly adjusted to fully expend the  
10 aggregate net amount of the pool, with such adjustment being  
11 effective on the first day of the second month following the  
12 date the hospital ceases to receive payments from such pool.

13 (b) Amounts moved into claims-based rates and distributed  
14 in accordance with Section 14-12 shall remain in those  
15 claims-based rates.

16 (c) Graduate medical education.

17 (1) The calculation of graduate medical education  
18 payments shall be based on the hospital's Medicare cost  
19 report ending in Calendar Year 2018, as reported in the  
20 Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, release  
21 date September 30, 2019. An Illinois hospital reporting  
22 intern and resident cost on its Medicare cost report shall  
23 be eligible for graduate medical education payments.

24 (2) Each hospital's annualized Medicaid Intern  
25 Resident Cost is calculated using annualized intern and  
26 resident total costs obtained from Worksheet B Part I,

1 Columns 21 and 22 the sum of Lines 30-43, 50-76, 90-93,  
2 96-98, and 105-112 multiplied by the percentage that the  
3 hospital's Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7,  
4 Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of the  
5 hospital's total days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 8, Lines  
6 14, 16-18, and 32).

7 (3) An annualized Medicaid indirect medical education  
8 (IME) payment is calculated for each hospital using its IME  
9 payments (Worksheet E Part A, Line 29, Column 1) multiplied  
10 by the percentage that its Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part  
11 I, Column 7, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of  
12 its Medicare days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 6, Lines 2,  
13 3, 4, 14, and 16-18).

14 (4) For each hospital, its annualized Medicaid Intern  
15 Resident Cost and its annualized Medicaid IME payment are  
16 summed, and, except as capped at 120% of the average cost  
17 per intern and resident for all qualifying hospitals as  
18 calculated under this paragraph, is multiplied by 22.6% to  
19 determine the hospital's final graduate medical education  
20 payment. Each hospital's average cost per intern and  
21 resident shall be calculated by summing its total  
22 annualized Medicaid Intern Resident Cost plus its  
23 annualized Medicaid IME payment and dividing that amount by  
24 the hospital's total Full Time Equivalent Residents and  
25 Interns. If the hospital's average per intern and resident  
26 cost is greater than 120% of the same calculation for all



1           qualifying hospitals, the hospital's per intern and  
2           resident cost shall be capped at 120% of the average cost  
3           for all qualifying hospitals.

4           (d) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. Each Illinois  
5           hospital shall receive an annual payment equal to the amounts  
6           below, to be paid in 12 equal installments on or before the  
7           seventh State business day of each month, except that no  
8           payment shall be due within 30 days after the later of the date  
9           of notification of federal approval of the payment  
10          methodologies required under this Section or any waiver  
11          required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which time the sum of amounts  
12          required under this Section prior to the date of notification  
13          is due and payable.

14           (1) For critical access hospitals, \$385 per covered  
15          inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and  
16          \$530 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
17          service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
18          Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

19           (2) For safety-net hospitals, \$960 per covered  
20          inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and  
21          \$625 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
22          service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
23          Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

24           (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$295 per  
25          covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
26          claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the

1 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

2 (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$125 per  
3 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
4 claims and \$130 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim  
5 for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the  
6 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

7 (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$355  
8 per covered inpatient day contained in paid  
9 fee-for-service claims for dates of service in Calendar  
10 Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as  
11 of May 11, 2020.

12 (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high  
13 Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$350 per  
14 covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar Year  
15 2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and \$620 per  
16 paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the Department's  
17 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

18 (7) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each  
19 Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as  
20 defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified  
21 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional  
22 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by  
23 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in  
24 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease  
25 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an  
26 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product

1 of the qualifying hospital's State Fiscal Year 2018 total  
2 inpatient fee-for-service days multiplied by the  
3 applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$226.30 for  
4 hospitals located in Cook County and \$116.21 for hospitals  
5 located outside Cook County.

6 (e) The Department shall require managed care  
7 organizations (MCOs) to make directed payments and  
8 pass-through payments according to this Section. Each calendar  
9 year, the Department shall require MCOs to pay the maximum  
10 amount out of these funds as allowed as pass-through payments  
11 under federal regulations. The Department shall require MCOs to  
12 make such pass-through payments as specified in this Section.  
13 The Department shall require the MCOs to pay the remaining  
14 amounts as directed Payments as specified in this Section. The  
15 Department shall issue payments to the Comptroller by the  
16 seventh business day of each month for all MCOs that are  
17 sufficient for MCOs to make the directed payments and  
18 pass-through payments according to this Section. The  
19 Department shall require the MCOs to make pass-through payments  
20 and directed payments using electronic funds transfers (EFT),  
21 if the hospital provides the information necessary to process  
22 such EFTs, in accordance with directions provided monthly by  
23 the Department, within 7 business days of the date the funds  
24 are paid to the MCOs, as indicated by the "Paid Date" on the  
25 website of the Office of the Comptroller if the funds are paid  
26 by EFT and the MCOs have received directed payment

1 instructions. If funds are not paid through the Comptroller by  
2 EFT, payment must be made within 7 business days of the date  
3 actually received by the MCO. The MCO will be considered to  
4 have paid the pass-through payments when the payment remittance  
5 number is generated or the date the MCO sends the check to the  
6 hospital, if EFT information is not supplied. If an MCO is late  
7 in paying a pass-through payment or directed payment as  
8 required under this Section (including any extensions granted  
9 by the Department), it shall pay a penalty, unless waived by  
10 the Department for reasonable cause, to the Department equal to  
11 5% of the amount of the pass-through payment or directed  
12 payment not paid on or before the due date plus 5% of the  
13 portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day of each 30-day  
14 period thereafter. Payments to MCOs that would be paid  
15 consistent with actuarial certification and enrollment in the  
16 absence of the increased capitation payments under this Section  
17 shall not be reduced as a consequence of payments made under  
18 this subsection. The Department shall publish and maintain on  
19 its website for a period of no less than 8 calendar quarters,  
20 the quarterly calculation of directed payments and  
21 pass-through payments owed to each hospital from each MCO. All  
22 calculations and reports shall be posted no later than the  
23 first day of the quarter for which the payments are to be  
24 issued.

25 (f) (1) For purposes of allocating the funds included in  
26 capitation payments to MCOs, Illinois hospitals shall be

1 divided into the following classes as defined in administrative  
2 rules:

3 (A) Critical access hospitals.

4 (B) Safety-net hospitals, except that stand-alone  
5 children's hospitals that are not specialty children's  
6 hospitals will not be included.

7 (C) Long term acute care hospitals.

8 (D) Freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

9 (E) Freestanding rehabilitation hospitals.

10 (F) High Medicaid hospitals. As used in this Section,  
11 "high Medicaid hospital" means a general acute care  
12 hospital that is not a safety-net hospital or critical  
13 access hospital and that has a Medicaid Inpatient  
14 Utilization Rate above 30% or a hospital that had over  
15 35,000 inpatient Medicaid days during the applicable  
16 period. For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
17 2020, the applicable period for the Medicaid Inpatient  
18 Utilization Rate (MIUR) is the rate year 2020 MIUR and for  
19 the number of inpatient days it is State fiscal year 2018.  
20 Beginning in calendar year 2021, the Department shall use  
21 the most recently determined MIUR, as defined in subsection  
22 (h) of Section 5-5.02, and for the inpatient day threshold,  
23 the State fiscal year ending 18 months prior to the  
24 beginning of the calendar year. For purposes of calculating  
25 MIUR under this Section, children's hospitals and  
26 affiliated general acute care hospitals shall be

1 considered a single hospital.

2 (G) General acute care hospitals. As used under this  
3 Section, "general acute care hospitals" means all other  
4 Illinois hospitals not identified in subparagraphs (A)  
5 through (F).

6 (2) Hospitals' qualification for each class shall be  
7 assessed prior to the beginning of each calendar year and the  
8 new class designation shall be effective January 1 of the next  
9 year. The Department shall publish by rule the process for  
10 establishing class determination.

11 (g) Fixed pool directed payments. Beginning July 1, 2020,  
12 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
13 to issue directed payments to qualified Illinois safety-net  
14 hospitals and critical access hospitals on a monthly basis in  
15 accordance with this subsection. Prior to the beginning of each  
16 Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department shall use  
17 encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter, accepted  
18 by the Department's Medicaid Management Information System for  
19 inpatient and outpatient services rendered by safety-net  
20 hospitals and critical access hospitals to determine a  
21 quarterly uniform per unit add-on for each hospital class.

22 (1) Inpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
23 diem add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
24 Inpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
25 applicable hospital class by the total inpatient days  
26 contained on all encounter claims received during the

1 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

2 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
3 quarterly inpatient directed payment calculated that  
4 is equal to the product of the number of inpatient days  
5 attributable to the hospital used in the calculation of  
6 the quarterly uniform class per diem add-on,  
7 multiplied by the calculated applicable quarterly  
8 uniform class per diem add-on of the hospital class.

9 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
10 quarterly inpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
11 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
12 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

13 (2) Outpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
14 claim add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
15 Outpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
16 applicable hospital class by the total outpatient  
17 encounter claims received during the Determination  
18 Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

19 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
20 quarterly outpatient directed payment calculated that  
21 is equal to the product of the number of outpatient  
22 encounter claims attributable to the hospital used in  
23 the calculation of the quarterly uniform class per  
24 claim add-on, multiplied by the calculated applicable  
25 quarterly uniform class per claim add-on of the  
26 hospital class.

1           (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
2           quarterly outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
3           months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
4           directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

5           (3) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
6           Directed Payment as identified by the Department on its  
7           quarterly determination report.

8           (4) Definitions. As used in this subsection:

9           (A) "Payout Quarter" means each 3 month calendar  
10          quarter, beginning July 1, 2020.

11          (B) "Determination Quarter" means each 3 month  
12          calendar quarter, which ends 3 months prior to the  
13          first day of each Payout Quarter.

14          (5) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020,  
15          the following amounts shall be allocated to the following  
16          hospital class directed payment pools for the quarterly  
17          development of a uniform per unit add-on:

18          (A) \$2,894,500 for hospital inpatient services for  
19          critical access hospitals.

20          (B) \$4,294,374 for hospital outpatient services  
21          for critical access hospitals.

22          (C) \$29,109,330 for hospital inpatient services  
23          for safety-net hospitals.

24          (D) \$35,041,218 for hospital outpatient services  
25          for safety-net hospitals.

26          (h) Fixed rate directed payments. Effective July 1, 2020,



1 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
2 to issue directed payments to Illinois hospitals not identified  
3 in paragraph (g) on a monthly basis. Prior to the beginning of  
4 each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department  
5 shall use encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter,  
6 accepted by the Department's Medicaid Management Information  
7 System for inpatient and outpatient services rendered by  
8 hospitals in each hospital class identified in paragraph (f)  
9 and not identified in paragraph (g). For the period July 1,  
10 2020 through December 2020, the Department shall direct MCOs to  
11 make payments as follows:

12 (1) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
13 \$1,750 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
14 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
15 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
16 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

17 (2) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
18 \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21  
19 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
20 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
21 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

22 (3) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
23 \$80 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22  
24 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
25 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
26 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

1           (4) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
2           \$375 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
3           case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
4           the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid  
5           EAPG (EAPGs) for the determination quarter.

6           (5) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
7           \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
8           and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
9           multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
10          service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

11          (6) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
12          \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
13          case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
14          the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
15          EAPGs for the determination quarter.

16          (7) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
17          \$1,800 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
18          case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
19          the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
20          category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

21          (8) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$160  
22          multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21 case  
23          mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
24          hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
25          category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

26          (9) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$80

1 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22 case  
2 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
3 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
4 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

5 (10) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
6 \$400 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
7 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
8 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid  
9 EAPG outpatient claims for the determination quarter.

10 (11) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
11 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
12 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
13 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
14 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

15 (12) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
16 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
17 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
18 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
19 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

20 (13) For long term acute care hospitals the amount of  
21 \$495 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient  
22 days for the determination quarter.

23 (14) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$210  
24 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
25 for category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

26 (15) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$250

1 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
2 claims for category of service 27 and 28 for the  
3 determination quarter.

4 (16) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$410  
5 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
6 for category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

7 (17) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$100  
8 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
9 claims for category of service 29 for the determination  
10 quarter.

11 (18) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of their quarterly  
12 inpatient and outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
13 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with directions  
14 provided to each MCO by the Department.

15 (19) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
16 Directed Payment amount as identified by the Department on  
17 its quarterly determination report.

18 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if  
19 the Department determines that the actual total hospital  
20 utilization data that is used to calculate the fixed rate  
21 directed payments is substantially different than anticipated  
22 when the rates in this subsection were initially determined  
23 (for unforeseeable circumstances such as the COVID-19  
24 pandemic), the Department may adjust the rates specified in  
25 this subsection so that the total directed payments approximate  
26 the total spending amount anticipated when the rates were

1 initially established.

2 Definitions. As used in this subsection:

3 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each calendar quarter,  
4 beginning July 1, 2020.

5 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each calendar  
6 quarter which ends 3 months prior to the first day of  
7 each Payout Quarter.

8 (C) "Case mix index" means a hospital specific  
9 calculation. For inpatient claims the case mix index is  
10 calculated each quarter by summing the relative weight  
11 of all inpatient Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG) claims  
12 for a category of service in the applicable  
13 Determination Quarter and dividing the sum by the  
14 number of sum total of all inpatient DRG admissions for  
15 the category of service for the associated claims. The  
16 case mix index for outpatient claims is calculated each  
17 quarter by summing the relative weight of all paid  
18 EAPGs in the applicable Determination Quarter and  
19 dividing the sum by the sum total of paid EAPGs for the  
20 associated claims.

21 (i) Beginning January 1, 2021, the rates for directed  
22 payments shall be recalculated in order to spend the additional  
23 funds for directed payments that result from reduction in the  
24 amount of pass-through payments allowed under federal  
25 regulations. The additional funds for directed payments shall  
26 be allocated proportionally to each class of hospitals based on

1 that class' proportion of services.

2 (j) Pass-through payments.

3 (1) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
4 2020, the Department shall assign quarterly pass-through  
5 payments to each class of hospitals equal to one-fourth of  
6 the following annual allocations:

7 (A) \$390,487,095 to safety-net hospitals.

8 (B) \$62,553,886 to critical access hospitals.

9 (C) \$345,021,438 to high Medicaid hospitals.

10 (D) \$551,429,071 to general acute care hospitals.

11 (E) \$27,283,870 to long term acute care hospitals.

12 (F) \$40,825,444 to freestanding psychiatric  
13 hospitals.

14 (G) \$9,652,108 to freestanding rehabilitation  
15 hospitals.

16 (2) The pass-through payments shall at a minimum ensure  
17 hospitals receive a total amount of monthly payments under  
18 this Section as received in calendar year 2019 in  
19 accordance with this Article and paragraph (1) of  
20 subsection (d-5) of Section 14-12, exclusive of amounts  
21 received through payments referenced in subsection (b).

22 (3) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2021,  
23 and each calendar year thereafter, each hospital's  
24 pass-through payment amount shall be reduced  
25 proportionally to the reduction of all pass-through  
26 payments required by federal regulations.

1 (k) At least 30 days prior to each calendar year, the  
2 Department shall notify each hospital of changes to the payment  
3 methodologies in this Section, including, but not limited to,  
4 changes in the fixed rate directed payment rates, the aggregate  
5 pass-through payment amount for all hospitals, and the  
6 hospital's pass-through payment amount for the upcoming  
7 calendar year.

8 (l) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,  
9 the Department may adopt rules to change the methodology for  
10 directed and pass-through payments as set forth in this  
11 Section, but only to the extent necessary to obtain federal  
12 approval of a necessary State Plan amendment or Directed  
13 Payment Preprint or to otherwise conform to federal law or  
14 federal regulation.

15 (m) As used in this subsection, "managed care organization"  
16 or "MCO" means an entity which contracts with the Department to  
17 provide services where payment for medical services is made on  
18 a capitated basis, excluding contracted entities for dual  
19 eligible or Department of Children and Family Services youth  
20 populations.

21 (n) In order to address the escalating infant mortality  
22 rates among minority communities in Illinois, the State shall  
23 create a pool of funding of at least \$50,000,000 annually to be  
24 dispersed among community safety-net hospitals that maintain  
25 perinatal designation from the Department of Public Health.

26 (Source: P.A. 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

1 Article 110.

2 Section 110-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
3 the Racial Impact Note Act.

4 Section 110-5. Racial impact note.

5 (a) Every bill which has or could have a disparate impact  
6 on racial and ethnic minorities, upon the request of any  
7 member, shall have prepared for it, before second reading in  
8 the house of introduction, a brief explanatory statement or  
9 note that shall include a reliable estimate of the anticipated  
10 impact on those racial and ethnic minorities likely to be  
11 impacted by the bill. Each racial impact note must include, for  
12 racial and ethnic minorities for which data are available: (i)  
13 an estimate of how the proposed legislation would impact racial  
14 and ethnic minorities; (ii) a statement of the methodologies  
15 and assumptions used in preparing the estimate; (iii) an  
16 estimate of the racial and ethnic composition of the population  
17 who may be impacted by the proposed legislation, including  
18 those persons who may be negatively impacted and those persons  
19 who may benefit from the proposed legislation; and (iv) any  
20 other matter that a responding agency considers appropriate in  
21 relation to the racial and ethnic minorities likely to be  
22 affected by the bill.



1 Section 110-10. Preparation.

2 (a) The sponsor of each bill for which a request under  
3 Section 110-5 has been made shall present a copy of the bill  
4 with the request for a racial impact note to the appropriate  
5 responding agency or agencies under subsection (b). The  
6 responding agency or agencies shall prepare and submit the note  
7 to the sponsor of the bill within 5 calendar days, except that  
8 whenever, because of the complexity of the measure, additional  
9 time is required for the preparation of the racial impact note,  
10 the responding agency or agencies may inform the sponsor of the  
11 bill, and the sponsor may approve an extension of the time  
12 within which the note is to be submitted, not to extend,  
13 however, beyond June 15, following the date of the request. If,  
14 in the opinion of the responding agency or agencies, there is  
15 insufficient information to prepare a reliable estimate of the  
16 anticipated impact, a statement to that effect can be filed and  
17 shall meet the requirements of this Act.

18 (b) If a bill concerns arrests, convictions, or law  
19 enforcement, a statement shall be prepared by the Illinois  
20 Criminal Justice Information Authority specifying the impact  
21 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns  
22 corrections, sentencing, or the placement of individuals  
23 within the Department of Corrections, a statement shall be  
24 prepared by the Department of Corrections specifying the impact  
25 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns local  
26 government, a statement shall be prepared by the Department of

1 Commerce and Economic Opportunity specifying the impact on  
2 racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns education, one  
3 of the following agencies shall prepare a statement specifying  
4 the impact on racial and ethnic minorities: (i) the Illinois  
5 Community College Board, if the bill affects community  
6 colleges; (ii) the Illinois State Board of Education, if the  
7 bill affects primary and secondary education; or (iii) the  
8 Illinois Board of Higher Education, if the bill affects State  
9 universities. Any other State agency impacted or responsible  
10 for implementing all or part of this bill shall prepare a  
11 statement of the racial and ethnic impact of the bill as it  
12 relates to that agency.

13 Section 110-15. Requisites and contents. The note shall be  
14 factual in nature, as brief and concise as may be, and, in  
15 addition, it shall include both the immediate effect and, if  
16 determinable or reasonably foreseeable, the long range effect  
17 of the measure on racial and ethnic minorities. If, after  
18 careful investigation, it is determined that such an effect is  
19 not ascertainable, the note shall contain a statement to that  
20 effect, setting forth the reasons why no ascertainable effect  
21 can be given.

22 Section 110-20. Comment or opinion; technical or  
23 mechanical defects. No comment or opinion shall be included in  
24 the racial impact note with regard to the merits of the measure

1 for which the racial impact note is prepared; however,  
2 technical or mechanical defects may be noted.

3 Section 110-25. Appearance of State officials and  
4 employees in support or opposition of measure. The fact that a  
5 racial impact note is prepared for any bill shall not preclude  
6 or restrict the appearance before any committee of the General  
7 Assembly of any official or authorized employee of the  
8 responding agency or agencies, or any other impacted State  
9 agency, who desires to be heard in support of or in opposition  
10 to the measure.

11 Article 115.

12 Section 115-5. The Department of Healthcare and Family  
13 Services Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is  
14 amended by adding Section 2205-35 as follows:

15 (20 ILCS 2205/2205-35 new)

16 Sec. 2205-35. Increasing access to primary care in  
17 hospitals. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
18 shall develop a program to increase the presence of Federally  
19 Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) in hospitals, including, but  
20 not limited to, safety-net hospitals, with the goal of  
21 increasing care coordination, managing chronic diseases, and  
22 addressing the social determinants of health on or before

1 December 31, 2021. In addition, the Department shall develop a  
2 payment methodology to allow FQHCs to provide care coordination  
3 services, including, but not limited to, chronic disease  
4 management and behavioral health services. The Department of  
5 Healthcare and Family Services shall develop a payment  
6 methodology to allow for care coordination services in FQHCs by  
7 no later than December 31, 2021.

8 Article 120.

9 Section 120-5. The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is  
10 amended by changing Section 5-565 as follows:

11 (20 ILCS 5/5-565) (was 20 ILCS 5/6.06)

12 Sec. 5-565. In the Department of Public Health.

13 (a) The General Assembly declares it to be the public  
14 policy of this State that all residents ~~citizens~~ of Illinois  
15 are entitled to lead healthy lives. Governmental public health  
16 has a specific responsibility to ensure that a public health  
17 system is in place to allow the public health mission to be  
18 achieved. The public health system is the collection of public,  
19 private, and voluntary entities as well as individuals and  
20 informal associations that contribute to the public's health  
21 within the State. To develop a public health system requires  
22 certain core functions to be performed by government. The State  
23 Board of Health is to assume the leadership role in advising

1 the Director in meeting the following functions:

2 (1) Needs assessment.

3 (2) Statewide health objectives.

4 (3) Policy development.

5 (4) Assurance of access to necessary services.

6 There shall be a State Board of Health composed of 20  
7 persons, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, with  
8 the advice and consent of the Senate for those appointed by the  
9 Governor on and after June 30, 1998, and one of whom shall be a  
10 senior citizen age 60 or over. Five members shall be physicians  
11 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, one  
12 representing a medical school faculty, one who is board  
13 certified in preventive medicine, and one who is engaged in  
14 private practice. One member shall be a chiropractic physician.  
15 One member shall be a dentist; one an environmental health  
16 practitioner; one a local public health administrator; one a  
17 local board of health member; one a registered nurse; one a  
18 physical therapist; one an optometrist; one a veterinarian; one  
19 a public health academician; one a health care industry  
20 representative; one a representative of the business  
21 community; one a representative of the non-profit public  
22 interest community; and 2 shall be citizens at large.

23 The terms of Board of Health members shall be 3 years,  
24 except that members shall continue to serve on the Board of  
25 Health until a replacement is appointed. Upon the effective  
26 date of Public Act 93-975 (January 1, 2005) ~~this amendatory Act~~

1 ~~of the 93rd General Assembly,~~ in the appointment of the Board  
2 of Health members appointed to vacancies or positions with  
3 terms expiring on or before December 31, 2004, the Governor  
4 shall appoint up to 6 members to serve for terms of 3 years; up  
5 to 6 members to serve for terms of 2 years; and up to 5 members  
6 to serve for a term of one year, so that the term of no more  
7 than 6 members expire in the same year. All members shall be  
8 legal residents of the State of Illinois. The duties of the  
9 Board shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

10 (1) To advise the Department of ways to encourage  
11 public understanding and support of the Department's  
12 programs.

13 (2) To evaluate all boards, councils, committees,  
14 authorities, and bodies advisory to, or an adjunct of, the  
15 Department of Public Health or its Director for the purpose  
16 of recommending to the Director one or more of the  
17 following:

18 (i) The elimination of bodies whose activities are  
19 not consistent with goals and objectives of the  
20 Department.

21 (ii) The consolidation of bodies whose activities  
22 encompass compatible programmatic subjects.

23 (iii) The restructuring of the relationship  
24 between the various bodies and their integration  
25 within the organizational structure of the Department.

26 (iv) The establishment of new bodies deemed

1           essential to the functioning of the Department.

2           (3) To serve as an advisory group to the Director for  
3 public health emergencies and control of health hazards.

4           (4) To advise the Director regarding public health  
5 policy, and to make health policy recommendations  
6 regarding priorities to the Governor through the Director.

7           (5) To present public health issues to the Director and  
8 to make recommendations for the resolution of those issues.

9           (6) To recommend studies to delineate public health  
10 problems.

11           (7) To make recommendations to the Governor through the  
12 Director regarding the coordination of State public health  
13 activities with other State and local public health  
14 agencies and organizations.

15           (8) To report on or before February 1 of each year on  
16 the health of the residents of Illinois to the Governor,  
17 the General Assembly, and the public.

18           (9) To review the final draft of all proposed  
19 administrative rules, other than emergency or peremptory  
20 ~~preemptory~~ rules and those rules that another advisory body  
21 must approve or review within a statutorily defined time  
22 period, of the Department after September 19, 1991 (the  
23 effective date of Public Act 87-633). The Board shall  
24 review the proposed rules within 90 days of submission by  
25 the Department. The Department shall take into  
26 consideration any comments and recommendations of the

1 Board regarding the proposed rules prior to submission to  
2 the Secretary of State for initial publication. If the  
3 Department disagrees with the recommendations of the  
4 Board, it shall submit a written response outlining the  
5 reasons for not accepting the recommendations.

6 In the case of proposed administrative rules or  
7 amendments to administrative rules regarding immunization  
8 of children against preventable communicable diseases  
9 designated by the Director under the Communicable Disease  
10 Prevention Act, after the Immunization Advisory Committee  
11 has made its recommendations, the Board shall conduct 3  
12 public hearings, geographically distributed throughout the  
13 State. At the conclusion of the hearings, the State Board  
14 of Health shall issue a report, including its  
15 recommendations, to the Director. The Director shall take  
16 into consideration any comments or recommendations made by  
17 the Board based on these hearings.

18 (10) To deliver to the Governor for presentation to the  
19 General Assembly a State Health Assessment (SHA) and a  
20 State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP). The first 5 ~~3~~ such  
21 plans shall be delivered to the Governor on January 1,  
22 2006, January 1, 2009, ~~and~~ January 1, 2016, January 1,  
23 2021, and June 30, 2022, and then every 5 years thereafter.

24 The State Health Assessment and State Health  
25 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall assess and recommend  
26 priorities and strategies to improve the public health



1 system, ~~and~~ the health status of Illinois residents, reduce  
2 health disparities and inequities, and promote health  
3 equity. The State Health Assessment and State Health  
4 Improvement Plan development and implementation shall  
5 conform to national Public Health Accreditation Board  
6 Standards. The State Health Assessment and State Health  
7 Improvement Plan development and implementation process  
8 shall be carried out with the administrative and  
9 operational support of the Department of Public Health  
10 ~~taking into consideration national health objectives and~~  
11 ~~system standards as frameworks for assessment.~~

12 The State Health Assessment shall include  
13 comprehensive, broad-based data and information from a  
14 variety of sources on health status and the public health  
15 system including:

16 (i) quantitative data on the demographics and  
17 health status of the population, including data over  
18 time on health by gender, sex, race, ethnicity, age,  
19 socio-economic factors, geographic region, and other  
20 indicators of disparity;

21 (ii) quantitative data on social and structural  
22 issues affecting health (social and structural  
23 determinants of health), including, but not limited  
24 to, housing, transportation, educational attainment,  
25 employment, and income inequality;

26 (iii) priorities and strategies developed at the

1           community level through the Illinois Project for Local  
2           Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and other local and  
3           regional community health needs assessments;

4           (iv) qualitative data representing the  
5           population's input on health concerns and well-being,  
6           including the perceptions of people experiencing  
7           disparities and health inequities;

8           (v) information on health disparities and health  
9           inequities; and

10           (vi) information on public health system strengths  
11           and areas for improvement.

12           ~~The Plan shall also take into consideration priorities~~  
13           ~~and strategies developed at the community level through the~~  
14           ~~Illinois Project for Local Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and~~  
15           ~~any regional health improvement plans that may be~~  
16           ~~developed.~~

17           The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall focus on  
18           prevention, social determinants of health, and promoting  
19           health equity as key strategies ~~as a key strategy~~ for  
20           long-term health improvement in Illinois.

21           The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall identify  
22           priority State health issues and social issues affecting  
23           health, and shall examine and make recommendations on the  
24           contributions and strategies of the public and private  
25           sectors for improving health status and the public health  
26           system in the State. In addition to recommendations on

1 health status improvement priorities and strategies for  
2 the population of the State as a whole, the State Health  
3 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall make recommendations regarding  
4 priorities and strategies for reducing and eliminating  
5 health disparities and health inequities in Illinois;  
6 including racial, ethnic, gender, sex, age,  
7 socio-economic, and geographic disparities. The State  
8 Health Improvement Plan shall make recommendations  
9 regarding social determinants of health, such as housing,  
10 transportation, educational attainment, employment, and  
11 income inequality.

12 The development and implementation of the State Health  
13 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan shall be a  
14 collaborative public-private cross-agency effort overseen  
15 by the SHA and SHIP Partnership. The Director of Public  
16 Health shall consult with the Governor to ensure  
17 participation by the head of State agencies with public  
18 health responsibilities (or their designees) in the SHA and  
19 SHIP Partnership, including, but not limited to, the  
20 Department of Public Health, the Department of Human  
21 Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family  
22 Services, the Department of Children and Family Services,  
23 the Environmental Protection Agency, the Illinois State  
24 Board of Education, the Department on Aging, the Illinois  
25 Housing Development Authority, the Illinois Criminal  
26 Justice Information Authority, the Department of

1 Agriculture, the Department of Transportation, the  
2 Department of Corrections, the Department of Commerce and  
3 Economic Opportunity, and the Chair of the State Board of  
4 Health to also serve on the Partnership. A member of the  
5 Governors' staff shall participate in the Partnership and  
6 serve as a liaison to the Governors' office.

7 The Director of ~~the Illinois Department of Public~~  
8 Health shall appoint a minimum of 20 other members of the  
9 SHA and SHIP Partnership representing a Planning Team that  
10 ~~includes~~ a range of public, private, and voluntary sector  
11 stakeholders and participants in the public health system.  
12 For the first SHA and SHIP Partnership after the effective  
13 date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly,  
14 one-half of the members shall be appointed for a 3-year  
15 term, and one-half of the members shall be appointed for a  
16 5-year term. Subsequently, members shall be appointed to  
17 5-year terms. Should any member not be able to fulfill his  
18 or her term, the Director may appoint a replacement to  
19 complete that term. The Director, in consultation with the  
20 SHA and SHIP Partnership, may engage additional  
21 individuals and organizations to serve on subcommittees  
22 and ad hoc efforts to conduct the State Health Assessment  
23 and develop and implement the State Health Improvement  
24 Plan. Members of the SHA and SHIP Partnership shall receive  
25 no compensation for serving as members, but may be  
26 reimbursed for their necessary expenses.

1           The SHA and SHIP Partnership ~~This Team~~ shall include:  
2           ~~the directors of State agencies with public health~~  
3           ~~responsibilities (or their designees), including but not~~  
4           ~~limited to the Illinois Departments of Public Health and~~  
5           ~~Department of Human Services,~~ representatives of local  
6           health departments, ~~representatives of local community~~  
7           ~~health partnerships,~~ and individuals with expertise who  
8           represent an array of organizations and constituencies  
9           engaged in public health improvement and prevention, such  
10          as non-profit public interest groups, groups serving  
11          populations that experience health disparities and health  
12          inequities, groups addressing social determinants of  
13          health, health issue groups, faith community groups,  
14          health care providers, businesses and employers, academic  
15          institutions, and community-based organizations.

16          The Director shall endeavor to make the membership of  
17          the Partnership diverse and inclusive of the racial,  
18          ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity  
19          of the State. The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall be chaired  
20          by the Director of Public Health or his or her designee.

21          The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall develop and  
22          implement a community engagement process that facilitates  
23          input into the development of the State Health Assessment  
24          and State Health Improvement Plan. This engagement process  
25          shall ensure that individuals with lived experience in the  
26          issues addressed in the State Health Assessment and State

1       Health Improvement Plan are meaningfully engaged in the  
2       development and implementation of the State Health  
3       Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan.

4           The State Board of Health shall hold at least 3 public  
5       hearings addressing a draft of the State Health Improvement  
6       Plan ~~drafts of the Plan~~ in representative geographic areas  
7       of the State. ~~Members of the Planning Team shall receive no~~  
8       ~~compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for~~  
9       ~~their necessary expenses.~~

10           ~~Upon the delivery of each State Health Improvement~~  
11       ~~Plan, the Governor shall appoint a SHIP Implementation~~  
12       ~~Coordination Council that includes a range of public,~~  
13       ~~private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and~~  
14       ~~participants in the public health system. The Council shall~~  
15       ~~include the directors of State agencies and entities with~~  
16       ~~public health system responsibilities (or their~~  
17       ~~designees), including but not limited to the Department of~~  
18       ~~Public Health, Department of Human Services, Department of~~  
19       ~~Healthcare and Family Services, Environmental Protection~~  
20       ~~Agency, Illinois State Board of Education, Department on~~  
21       ~~Aging, Illinois Violence Prevention Authority, Department~~  
22       ~~of Agriculture, Department of Insurance, Department of~~  
23       ~~Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of~~  
24       ~~Transportation, and Department of Commerce and Economic~~  
25       ~~Opportunity and the Chair of the State Board of Health. The~~  
26       ~~Council shall include representatives of local health~~

1 ~~departments and individuals with expertise who represent~~  
2 ~~an array of organizations and constituencies engaged in~~  
3 ~~public health improvement and prevention, including~~  
4 ~~non-profit public interest groups, health issue groups,~~  
5 ~~faith community groups, health care providers, businesses~~  
6 ~~and employers, academic institutions, and community based~~  
7 ~~organizations. The Governor shall endeavor to make the~~  
8 ~~membership of the Council representative of the racial,~~  
9 ~~ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity~~  
10 ~~of the State. The Governor shall designate one State agency~~  
11 ~~representative and one other non-governmental member as~~  
12 ~~co-chairs of the Council. The Governor shall designate a~~  
13 ~~member of the Governor's office to serve as liaison to the~~  
14 ~~Council and one or more State agencies to provide or~~  
15 ~~arrange for support to the Council. The members of the SHIP~~  
16 ~~Implementation Coordination Council for each State Health~~  
17 ~~Improvement Plan shall serve until the delivery of the~~  
18 ~~subsequent State Health Improvement Plan, whereupon a new~~  
19 ~~Council shall be appointed. Members of the SHIP Planning~~  
20 ~~Team may serve on the SHIP Implementation Coordination~~  
21 ~~Council if so appointed by the Governor.~~

22 Upon the delivery of each State Health Assessment and  
23 State Health Improvement Plan, the SHA and SHIP Partnership  
24 The SHIP Implementation Coordination Council shall  
25 coordinate the efforts and engagement of the public,  
26 private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and

1 participants in the public health system to implement each  
2 SHIP. The Partnership Council shall serve as a forum for  
3 collaborative action; coordinate existing and new  
4 initiatives; develop detailed implementation steps, with  
5 mechanisms for action; implement specific projects;  
6 identify public and private funding sources at the local,  
7 State and federal level; promote public awareness of the  
8 SHIP; and advocate for the implementation of the SHIP. The  
9 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall implement strategies to  
10 ensure that individuals and communities affected by health  
11 disparities and health inequities are engaged in the  
12 process throughout the 5-year cycle. The SHA and SHIP  
13 Partnership shall not have the authority to direct any  
14 public or private entity to take specific action to  
15 implement the SHIP.  ~~; and develop an annual report to the~~  
16 ~~Governor, General Assembly, and public regarding the~~  
17 ~~status of implementation of the SHIP. The Council shall~~  
18 ~~not, however, have the authority to direct any public or~~  
19 ~~private entity to take specific action to implement the~~  
20 ~~SHIP.~~

21 The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall regularly evaluate  
22 and update the State Health Assessment and track  
23 implementation of the State Health Improvement Plan with  
24 revisions as necessary. The State Board of Health shall  
25 submit a report by January 31 of each year on the status of  
26 State Health Improvement Plan implementation and community



1       engagement activities to the Governor, General Assembly,  
2       and public. In the fifth year, the report may be  
3       consolidated into the new State Health Assessment and State  
4       Health Improvement Plan.

5           (11) Upon the request of the Governor, to recommend to  
6       the Governor candidates for Director of Public Health when  
7       vacancies occur in the position.

8           (12) To adopt bylaws for the conduct of its own  
9       business, including the authority to establish ad hoc  
10      committees to address specific public health programs  
11      requiring resolution.

12           (13) (Blank).

13      Upon appointment, the Board shall elect a chairperson from  
14      among its members.

15      Members of the Board shall receive compensation for their  
16      services at the rate of \$150 per day, not to exceed \$10,000 per  
17      year, as designated by the Director for each day required for  
18      transacting the business of the Board and shall be reimbursed  
19      for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their  
20      duties. The Board shall meet from time to time at the call of  
21      the Department, at the call of the chairperson, or upon the  
22      request of 3 of its members, but shall not meet less than 4  
23      times per year.

24           (b) (Blank).

25           (c) An Advisory Board on Necropsy Service to Coroners,  
26      which shall counsel and advise with the Director on the

1 administration of the Autopsy Act. The Advisory Board shall  
2 consist of 11 members, including a senior citizen age 60 or  
3 over, appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be  
4 designated as chairman by a majority of the members of the  
5 Board. In the appointment of the first Board the Governor shall  
6 appoint 3 members to serve for terms of 1 year, 3 for terms of 2  
7 years, and 3 for terms of 3 years. The members first appointed  
8 under Public Act 83-1538 shall serve for a term of 3 years. All  
9 members appointed thereafter shall be appointed for terms of 3  
10 years, except that when an appointment is made to fill a  
11 vacancy, the appointment shall be for the remaining term of the  
12 position vacant. The members of the Board shall be citizens of  
13 the State of Illinois. In the appointment of members of the  
14 Advisory Board the Governor shall appoint 3 members who shall  
15 be persons licensed to practice medicine and surgery in the  
16 State of Illinois, at least 2 of whom shall have received  
17 post-graduate training in the field of pathology; 3 members who  
18 are duly elected coroners in this State; and 5 members who  
19 shall have interest and abilities in the field of forensic  
20 medicine but who shall be neither persons licensed to practice  
21 any branch of medicine in this State nor coroners. In the  
22 appointment of medical and coroner members of the Board, the  
23 Governor shall invite nominations from recognized medical and  
24 coroners organizations in this State respectively. Board  
25 members, while serving on business of the Board, shall receive  
26 actual necessary travel and subsistence expenses while so

1 serving away from their places of residence.

2 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-527, eff. 1-1-17;  
3 revised 7-17-19.)

4 Article 125.

5 Section 125-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
6 the Health and Human Services Task Force and Study Act.  
7 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

8 Section 125-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

9 (1) The State is committed to improving the health and  
10 well-being of Illinois residents and families.

11 (2) According to data collected by the Kaiser  
12 Foundation, Illinois had over 905,000 uninsured residents  
13 in 2019, with a total uninsured rate of 7.3%.

14 (3) Many Illinois residents and families who have  
15 health insurance cannot afford to use it due to high  
16 deductibles and cost sharing.

17 (4) Lack of access to affordable health care services  
18 disproportionately affects minority communities throughout  
19 the State, leading to poorer health outcomes among those  
20 populations.

21 (5) Illinois Medicaid beneficiaries are not receiving  
22 the coordinated and effective care they need to support  
23 their overall health and well-being.

1           (6) Illinois has an opportunity to improve the health  
2           and well-being of a historically underserved and  
3           vulnerable population by providing more coordinated and  
4           higher quality care to its Medicaid beneficiaries.

5           (7) The State of Illinois has a responsibility to help  
6           crime victims access justice, assistance, and the support  
7           they need to heal.

8           (8) Research has shown that people who are repeatedly  
9           victimized are more likely to face mental health problems  
10          such as depression, anxiety, and symptoms related to  
11          post-traumatic stress disorder and chronic trauma.

12          (9) Trauma-informed care has been promoted and  
13          established in communities across the country on a  
14          bipartisan basis, and numerous federal agencies have  
15          integrated trauma-informed approaches into their programs  
16          and grants, which should be leveraged by the State of  
17          Illinois.

18          (10) Infants, children, and youth and their families  
19          who have experienced or are at risk of experiencing trauma,  
20          including those who are low-income, homeless, involved  
21          with the child welfare system, involved in the juvenile or  
22          adult justice system, unemployed, or not enrolled in or at  
23          risk of dropping out of an educational institution and live  
24          in a community that has faced acute or long-term exposure  
25          to substantial discrimination, historical oppression,  
26          intergenerational poverty, a high rate of violence or drug

1 overdose deaths, should have an opportunity for improved  
2 outcomes; this means increasing access to greater  
3 opportunities to meet educational, employment, health,  
4 developmental, community reentry, permanency from foster  
5 care, or other key goals.

6 Section 125-10. Health and Human Services Task Force. The  
7 Health and Human Services Task Force is created within the  
8 Department of Human Services to undertake a systematic review  
9 of health and human service departments and programs with the  
10 goal of improving health and human service outcomes for  
11 Illinois residents.

12 Section 125-15. Study.

13 (1) The Task Force shall review all health and human  
14 service departments and programs and make recommendations for  
15 achieving a system that will improve interagency  
16 interoperability with respect to improving access to  
17 healthcare, healthcare disparities, workforce competency and  
18 diversity, social determinants of health, and data sharing and  
19 collection. These recommendations shall include, but are not  
20 limited to, the following elements:

- 21 (i) impact on infant and maternal mortality;
- 22 (ii) impact of hospital closures, including safety-net  
23 hospitals, on local communities; and
- 24 (iii) impact on Medicaid Managed Care Organizations.

1           (2) The Task Force shall review and make recommendations on  
2 ways the Medicaid program can partner and cooperate with other  
3 agencies, including but not limited to the Department of  
4 Agriculture, the Department of Insurance, the Department of  
5 Human Services, the Department of Labor, the Environmental  
6 Protection Agency, and the Department of Public Health, to  
7 better address social determinants of public health,  
8 including, but not limited to, food deserts, affordable  
9 housing, environmental pollutions, employment, education, and  
10 public support services. This shall include a review and  
11 recommendations on ways Medicaid and the agencies can share  
12 costs related to better health outcomes.

13           (3) The Task Force shall review the current partnership,  
14 communication, and cooperation between Federally Qualified  
15 Health Centers (FQHCs) and safety-net hospitals in Illinois and  
16 make recommendations on public policies that will improve  
17 interoperability and cooperations between these entities in  
18 order to achieve improved coordinated care and better health  
19 outcomes for vulnerable populations in the State.

20           (4) The Task Force shall review and examine public policies  
21 affecting trauma and social determinants of health, including  
22 trauma-informed care, and make recommendations on ways to  
23 improve and integrate trauma-informed approaches into programs  
24 and agencies in the State, including, but not limited to,  
25 Medicaid and other health care programs administered by the  
26 State, and increase awareness of trauma and its effects on

1 communities across Illinois.

2 (5) The Task Force shall review and examine the connection  
3 between access to education and health outcomes particularly in  
4 African American and minority communities and make  
5 recommendations on public policies to address any gaps or  
6 deficiencies.

7 Section 125-20. Membership; appointments; meetings;  
8 support.

9 (1) The Task Force shall include representation from both  
10 public and private organizations, and its membership shall  
11 reflect regional, racial, and cultural diversity to ensure  
12 representation of the needs of all Illinois citizens. Task  
13 Force members shall include one member appointed by the  
14 President of the Senate, one member appointed by the Minority  
15 Leader of the Senate, one member appointed by the Speaker of  
16 the House of Representatives, one member appointed by the  
17 Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and other  
18 members appointed by the Governor. The Governor's appointments  
19 shall include, without limitation, the following:

20 (A) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
21 President, who shall serve as Co-Chair;

22 (B) One member of the House of Representatives,  
23 appointed by the Speaker of the House, who shall serve as  
24 Co-Chair;

25 (C) Eight members of the General Assembly representing

1 each of the majority and minority caucuses of each chamber.

2 (D) The Directors or Secretaries of the following State  
3 agencies or their designees:

4 (i) Department of Human Services.

5 (ii) Department of Children and Family Services.

6 (iii) Department of Healthcare and Family  
7 Services.

8 (iv) State Board of Education.

9 (v) Department on Aging.

10 (vi) Department of Public Health.

11 (vii) Department of Veterans' Affairs.

12 (viii) Department of Insurance.

13 (E) Local government stakeholders and nongovernmental  
14 stakeholders with an interest in human services, including  
15 representation among the following private-sector fields  
16 and constituencies:

17 (i) Early childhood education and development.

18 (ii) Child care.

19 (iii) Child welfare.

20 (iv) Youth services.

21 (v) Developmental disabilities.

22 (vi) Mental health.

23 (vii) Employment and training.

24 (viii) Sexual and domestic violence.

25 (ix) Alcohol and substance abuse.

26 (x) Local community collaborations among human



1 services programs.

2 (xi) Immigrant services.

3 (xii) Affordable housing.

4 (xiii) Food and nutrition.

5 (xiv) Homelessness.

6 (xv) Older adults.

7 (xvi) Physical disabilities.

8 (xvii) Maternal and child health.

9 (xviii) Medicaid managed care organizations.

10 (xix) Healthcare delivery.

11 (xx) Health insurance.

12 (2) Members shall serve without compensation for the  
13 duration of the Task Force.

14 (3) In the event of a vacancy, the appointment to fill the  
15 vacancy shall be made in the same manner as the original  
16 appointment.

17 (4) The Task Force shall convene within 60 days after the  
18 effective date of this Act. The initial meeting of the Task  
19 Force shall be convened by the co-chair selected by the  
20 Governor. Subsequent meetings shall convene at the call of the  
21 co-chairs. The Task Force shall meet on a quarterly basis, or  
22 more often if necessary.

23 (5) The Department of Human Services shall provide  
24 administrative support to the Task Force.

25 Section 125-25. Report. The Task Force shall report to the

1 Governor and the General Assembly on the Task Force's progress  
2 toward its goals and objectives by June 30, 2021, and every  
3 June 30 thereafter.

4 Section 125-30. Transparency. In addition to whatever  
5 policies or procedures it may adopt, all operations of the Task  
6 Force shall be subject to the provisions of the Freedom of  
7 Information Act and the Open Meetings Act. This Section shall  
8 not be construed so as to preclude other State laws from  
9 applying to the Task Force and its activities.

10 Section 125-40. Repeal. This Article is repealed June 30,  
11 2023.

12 Article 130.

13 Section 130-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
14 the Anti-Racism Commission Act. References in this Article to  
15 "this Act" mean this Article.

16 Section 130-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds and  
17 declares all of the following:

18 (1) Public health is the science and art of preventing  
19 disease, of protecting and improving the health of people,  
20 entire populations, and their communities; this work is  
21 achieved by promoting healthy lifestyles and choices,

1 researching disease, and preventing injury.

2 (2) Public health professionals try to prevent  
3 problems from happening or recurring through implementing  
4 educational programs, recommending policies, administering  
5 services, and limiting health disparities through the  
6 promotion of equitable and accessible healthcare.

7 (3) According to the Centers for Disease Control and  
8 Prevention, racism and segregation in the State of Illinois  
9 have exacerbated a health divide, resulting in Black  
10 residents having lower life expectancies than white  
11 citizens of this State and being far more likely than other  
12 races to die prematurely (before the age of 75) and to die  
13 of heart disease or stroke; Black residents of Illinois  
14 have a higher level of infant mortality, lower birth weight  
15 babies, and are more likely to be overweight or obese as  
16 adults, have adult diabetes, and have long-term  
17 complications from diabetes that exacerbate other  
18 conditions, including the susceptibility to COVID-19.

19 (4) Black and Brown people are more likely to  
20 experience poor health outcomes as a consequence of their  
21 social determinants of health, health inequities stemming  
22 from economic instability, education, physical  
23 environment, food, and access to health care systems.

24 (5) Black residents in Illinois are more likely than  
25 white residents to experience violence-related trauma as a  
26 result of socioeconomic conditions resulting from systemic

1 racism.

2 (6) Racism is a social system with multiple dimensions  
3 in which individual racism is internalized or  
4 interpersonal and systemic racism is institutional or  
5 structural and is a system of structuring opportunity and  
6 assigning value based on the social interpretation of how  
7 one looks; this unfairly disadvantages specific  
8 individuals and communities, while unfairly giving  
9 advantages to other individuals and communities; it saps  
10 the strength of the whole society through the waste of  
11 human resources.

12 (7) Racism causes persistent racial discrimination  
13 that influences many areas of life, including housing,  
14 education, employment, and criminal justice; an emerging  
15 body of research demonstrates that racism itself is a  
16 social determinant of health.

17 (8) More than 100 studies have linked racism to worse  
18 health outcomes.

19 (9) The American Public Health Association launched a  
20 National Campaign against Racism.

21 (10) Public health's responsibilities to address  
22 racism include reshaping our discourse and agenda so that  
23 we all actively engage in racial justice work.

24 Section 130-10. Anti-Racism Commission.

25 (a) The Anti-Racism Commission is hereby created to

1 identify and propose statewide policies to eliminate systemic  
2 racism and advance equitable solutions for Black and Brown  
3 people in Illinois.

4 (b) The Anti-Racism Commission shall consist of the  
5 following members, who shall serve without compensation:

6 (1) one member of the House of Representatives,  
7 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,  
8 who shall serve as co-chair;

9 (2) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
10 President, who shall serve as co-chair;

11 (3) one member of the House of Representatives,  
12 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of  
13 Representatives;

14 (4) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Minority  
15 Leader of the Senate;

16 (5) the Director of Public Health, or his or her  
17 designee;

18 (6) the Chair of the House Black Caucus;

19 (7) the Chair of the Senate Black Caucus;

20 (8) the Chair of the Joint Legislative Black Caucus;

21 (9) the director of a statewide association  
22 representing public health departments, appointed by the  
23 Speaker of the House of Representatives;

24 (10) the Chair of the House Latino Caucus;

25 (11) the Chair of the Senate Latino Caucus;

26 (12) one community member appointed by the House Black

1 Caucus Chair;

2 (13) one community member appointed by the Senate Black  
3 Caucus Chair;

4 (14) one community member appointed by the House Latino  
5 Caucus Chair; and

6 (15) one community member appointed by the Senate  
7 Latino Caucus Chair.

8 (c) The Department of Public Health shall provide  
9 administrative support for the Commission.

10 (d) The Commission is charged with, but not limited to, the  
11 following tasks:

12 (1) Working to create an equity and justice-oriented  
13 State government.

14 (2) Assessing the policy and procedures of all State  
15 agencies to ensure racial equity is a core element of State  
16 government.

17 (3) Developing and incorporating into the  
18 organizational structure of State government a plan for  
19 educational efforts to understand, address, and dismantle  
20 systemic racism in government actions.

21 (4) Recommending and advocating for policies that  
22 improve health in Black and Brown people and support local,  
23 State, regional, and federal initiatives that advance  
24 efforts to dismantle systemic racism.

25 (5) Working to build alliances and partnerships with  
26 organizations that are confronting racism and encouraging

1 other local, State, regional, and national entities to  
2 recognize racism as a public health crisis.

3 (6) Promoting community engagement, actively engaging  
4 citizens on issues of racism and assisting in providing  
5 tools to engage actively and authentically with Black and  
6 Brown people.

7 (7) Reviewing all portions of codified State laws  
8 through the lens of racial equity.

9 (8) Working with the Department of Central Management  
10 Services to update policies that encourage diversity in  
11 human resources, including hiring, board appointments, and  
12 vendor selection by agencies, and to review all grant  
13 management activities with an eye toward equity and  
14 workforce development.

15 (9) Recommending policies that promote racially  
16 equitable economic and workforce development practices.

17 (10) Promoting and supporting all policies that  
18 prioritize the health of all people, especially people of  
19 color, by mitigating exposure to adverse childhood  
20 experiences and trauma in childhood and ensuring  
21 implementation of health and equity in all policies.

22 (11) Encouraging community partners and stakeholders  
23 in the education, employment, housing, criminal justice,  
24 and safety arenas to recognize racism as a public health  
25 crisis and to implement policy recommendations.

26 (12) Identifying clear goals and objectives, including

1 specific benchmarks, to assess progress.

2 (13) Holding public hearings across Illinois to  
3 continue to explore and to recommend needed action by the  
4 General Assembly.

5 (14) Working with the Governor and the General Assembly  
6 to identify the necessary funds to support the Anti-Racism  
7 Commission and its endeavors.

8 (15) Identifying resources to allocate to Black and  
9 Brown communities on an annual basis.

10 (16) Encouraging corporate investment in anti-racism  
11 policies in Black and Brown communities.

12 (e) The Commission shall submit its final report to the  
13 Governor and the General Assembly no later than December 31,  
14 2021. The Commission is dissolved upon the filing of its  
15 report.

16 Section 130-15. Repeal. This Article is repealed on January  
17 1, 2023.

18 Title VII. Hospital Closure

19 Article 135.

20 Section 135-5. The Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act  
21 is amended by changing Sections 4 and 8.7 and by adding Section  
22 5.5 as follows:



1 (20 ILCS 3960/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1154)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

3 Sec. 4. Health Facilities and Services Review Board;  
4 membership; appointment; term; compensation; quorum.

5 (a) There is created the Health Facilities and Services  
6 Review Board, which shall perform the functions described in  
7 this Act. The Department shall provide operational support to  
8 the Board as necessary, including the provision of office  
9 space, supplies, and clerical, financial, and accounting  
10 services. The Board may contract for functions or operational  
11 support as needed. The Board may also contract with experts  
12 related to specific health services or facilities and create  
13 technical advisory panels to assist in the development of  
14 criteria, standards, and procedures used in the evaluation of  
15 applications for permit and exemption.

16 (b) The State Board shall consist of 11 ~~9~~ voting members.  
17 All members shall be residents of Illinois and at least 4 shall  
18 reside outside the Chicago Metropolitan Statistical Area.  
19 Consideration shall be given to potential appointees who  
20 reflect the ethnic and cultural diversity of the State. Neither  
21 Board members nor Board staff shall be convicted felons or have  
22 pled guilty to a felony.

23 Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the  
24 practice, procedures and principles of the health care delivery  
25 system in Illinois, including at least 5 members who shall be

1 knowledgeable about health care delivery systems, health  
2 systems planning, finance, or the management of health care  
3 facilities currently regulated under the Act. One member shall  
4 be a representative of a non-profit health care consumer  
5 advocacy organization. Two members shall be representatives  
6 from the community with experience on the effects of  
7 discontinuing health care services or the closure of health  
8 care facilities on the surrounding community. A spouse, parent,  
9 sibling, or child of a Board member cannot be an employee,  
10 agent, or under contract with services or facilities subject to  
11 the Act. Prior to appointment and in the course of service on  
12 the Board, members of the Board shall disclose the employment  
13 or other financial interest of any other relative of the  
14 member, if known, in service or facilities subject to the Act.  
15 Members of the Board shall declare any conflict of interest  
16 that may exist with respect to the status of those relatives  
17 and recuse themselves from voting on any issue for which a  
18 conflict of interest is declared. No person shall be appointed  
19 or continue to serve as a member of the State Board who is, or  
20 whose spouse, parent, sibling, or child is, a member of the  
21 Board of Directors of, has a financial interest in, or has a  
22 business relationship with a health care facility.

23 Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the  
24 contrary, the term of office of each member of the State Board  
25 serving on the day before the effective date of this amendatory  
26 Act of the 96th General Assembly is abolished on the date upon

1 which members of the 9-member Board, as established by this  
2 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, have been  
3 appointed and can begin to take action as a Board.

4 (c) The State Board shall be appointed by the Governor,  
5 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Not more than 5 of  
6 the appointments shall be of the same political party at the  
7 time of the appointment.

8 The Secretary of Human Services, the Director of Healthcare  
9 and Family Services, and the Director of Public Health, or  
10 their designated representatives, shall serve as ex-officio,  
11 non-voting members of the State Board.

12 (d) Of those 9 members initially appointed by the Governor  
13 following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th  
14 General Assembly, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1,  
15 2011, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2012, and 3  
16 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2013. Thereafter, each  
17 appointed member shall hold office for a term of 3 years,  
18 provided that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring  
19 prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her  
20 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder  
21 of such term and the term of office of each successor shall  
22 commence on July 1 of the year in which his predecessor's term  
23 expires. Each member shall hold office until his or her  
24 successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor may  
25 reappoint a member for additional terms, but no member shall  
26 serve more than 3 terms, subject to review and re-approval

1 every 3 years.

2 (e) State Board members, while serving on business of the  
3 State Board, shall receive actual and necessary travel and  
4 subsistence expenses while so serving away from their places of  
5 residence. Until March 1, 2010, a member of the State Board who  
6 experiences a significant financial hardship due to the loss of  
7 income on days of attendance at meetings or while otherwise  
8 engaged in the business of the State Board may be paid a  
9 hardship allowance, as determined by and subject to the  
10 approval of the Governor's Travel Control Board.

11 (f) The Governor shall designate one of the members to  
12 serve as the Chairman of the Board, who shall be a person with  
13 expertise in health care delivery system planning, finance or  
14 management of health care facilities that are regulated under  
15 the Act. The Chairman shall annually review Board member  
16 performance and shall report the attendance record of each  
17 Board member to the General Assembly.

18 (g) The State Board, through the Chairman, shall prepare a  
19 separate and distinct budget approved by the General Assembly  
20 and shall hire and supervise its own professional staff  
21 responsible for carrying out the responsibilities of the Board.

22 (h) The State Board shall meet at least every 45 days, or  
23 as often as the Chairman of the State Board deems necessary, or  
24 upon the request of a majority of the members.

25 (i) Five members of the State Board shall constitute a  
26 quorum. The affirmative vote of 5 of the members of the State

1 Board shall be necessary for any action requiring a vote to be  
2 taken by the State Board. A vacancy in the membership of the  
3 State Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise  
4 all the rights and perform all the duties of the State Board as  
5 provided by this Act.

6 (j) A State Board member shall disqualify himself or  
7 herself from the consideration of any application for a permit  
8 or exemption in which the State Board member or the State Board  
9 member's spouse, parent, sibling, or child: (i) has an economic  
10 interest in the matter; or (ii) is employed by, serves as a  
11 consultant for, or is a member of the governing board of the  
12 applicant or a party opposing the application.

13 (k) The Chairman, Board members, and Board staff must  
14 comply with the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-527, eff. 1-1-17; 100-681, eff. 8-3-18.)

16 (20 ILCS 3960/5.5 new)

17 Sec. 5.5. Moratorium on hospital closures.

18 Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, due to the  
19 COVID-19 pandemic, the State shall institute a moratorium on  
20 the closure of hospitals until December 31, 2023. As such, no  
21 hospital shall close or reduce capacity below the hospital's  
22 capacity as of January 1, 2020 before the end of such  
23 moratorium.

24 (b) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2024.

1 (20 ILCS 3960/8.7)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

3 Sec. 8.7. Application for permit for discontinuation of a  
4 health care facility or category of service; public notice and  
5 public hearing.

6 (a) Upon a finding that an application to close a health  
7 care facility or discontinue a category of service is complete,  
8 the State Board shall publish a legal notice on 3 consecutive  
9 days in a newspaper of general circulation in the area or  
10 community to be affected and afford the public an opportunity  
11 to request a hearing. If the application is for a facility  
12 located in a Metropolitan Statistical Area, an additional legal  
13 notice shall be published in a newspaper of limited  
14 circulation, if one exists, in the area in which the facility  
15 is located. If the newspaper of limited circulation is  
16 published on a daily basis, the additional legal notice shall  
17 be published on 3 consecutive days. The legal notice shall also  
18 be posted on the Health Facilities and Services Review Board's  
19 website and sent to the State Representative and State Senator  
20 of the district in which the health care facility is located.  
21 In addition, the health care facility shall provide notice of  
22 closure to the local media that the health care facility would  
23 routinely notify about facility events.

24 Upon the completion of an application to close a health  
25 care facility or discontinue a category of service, the State  
26 Board shall conduct a racial equity impact assessment to

1 determine the effect of the closure or discontinuation of  
2 service on racial and ethnic minorities. The results of the  
3 racial equity impact assessment shall be made available to the  
4 public.

5 An application to close a health care facility shall only  
6 be deemed complete if it includes evidence that the health care  
7 facility provided written notice at least 30 days prior to  
8 filing the application of its intent to do so to the  
9 municipality in which it is located, the State Representative  
10 and State Senator of the district in which the health care  
11 facility is located, the State Board, the Director of Public  
12 Health, and the Director of Healthcare and Family Services. The  
13 changes made to this subsection by this amendatory Act of the  
14 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications  
15 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
16 the 101st General Assembly.

17 (b) No later than 30 days after issuance of a permit to  
18 close a health care facility or discontinue a category of  
19 service, the permit holder shall give written notice of the  
20 closure or discontinuation to the State Senator and State  
21 Representative serving the legislative district in which the  
22 health care facility is located.

23 (c) If there is a pending lawsuit that challenges an  
24 application to discontinue a health care facility that either  
25 names the Board as a party or alleges fraud in the filing of  
26 the application, the Board may defer action on the application

1 for up to 6 months after the date of the initial deferral of  
2 the application.

3 (d) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act  
4 of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications  
5 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
6 the 101st General Assembly.

7 (Source: P.A. 101-83, eff. 7-15-19; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

8 Title VIII. Managed Care Organization Reform

9 Article 145.

10 Section 145-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
11 changing Section 5-30.1 as follows:

12 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

13 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.

14 (a) As used in this Section:

15 "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity which  
16 contracts with the Department to provide services where payment  
17 for medical services is made on a capitated basis.

18 "Emergency services" include:

19 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of the  
20 Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

21 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as  
22 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and



1 Patient Rights Act;

2 (3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by  
3 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
4 Act; and

5 (4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by  
6 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
7 Act.

8 (b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care  
9 organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed Care  
10 Reform and Patient Rights Act.

11 (c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services  
12 that does not have in effect a contract with the contracted  
13 Medicaid MCO. The default rate of reimbursement shall be the  
14 rate paid under Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program  
15 methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not  
16 limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid  
17 Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments,  
18 and all outlier add-on adjustments to the extent such  
19 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
20 applicable MCO capitated rates.

21 (d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services as  
22 a covered service in any of the following situations:

23 (1) the MCO authorized such services;

24 (2) such services were administered to maintain the  
25 enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a  
26 request to the MCO for authorization of further

1 post-stabilization services;

2 (3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize  
3 such services within one hour;

4 (4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

5 (5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating  
6 provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an  
7 agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated  
8 provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case  
9 the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the treating  
10 non-affiliated provider until an affiliated provider was  
11 reached and either concurred with the treating  
12 non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed  
13 responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall  
14 be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under  
15 Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,  
16 including all policy adjusters, including but not limited  
17 to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage  
18 Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all  
19 outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such  
20 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
21 applicable MCO capitated rates.

22 (e) The following requirements apply to MCOs in determining  
23 payment for all emergency services:

24 (1) MCOs shall not impose any requirements for prior  
25 approval of emergency services.

26 (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to

1           enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence and  
2           outside the contracting area to the extent that the  
3           enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if  
4           they still were within the contracting area.

5           (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover medical  
6           services provided on an emergency basis that are not  
7           covered services under the contract.

8           (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency  
9           services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the  
10          enrollee's screening and treatment within 10 days after  
11          presentation for emergency services.

12          (5) The determination of the attending emergency  
13          physician, or the provider actually treating the enrollee,  
14          of whether an enrollee is sufficiently stabilized for  
15          discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be binding  
16          on the MCO. The MCO shall cover emergency services for all  
17          enrollees whether the emergency services are provided by an  
18          affiliated or non-affiliated provider.

19          (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for  
20          post-stabilization care services it has not pre-approved  
21          ends when:

22                 (A) a plan physician with privileges at the  
23                 treating hospital assumes responsibility for the  
24                 enrollee's care;

25                 (B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for  
26                 the enrollee's care through transfer;

1 (C) a contracting entity representative and the  
2 treating physician reach an agreement concerning the  
3 enrollee's care; or

4 (D) the enrollee is discharged.

5 (f) Network adequacy and transparency.

6 (1) The Department shall:

7 (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in  
8 place, taking into consideration health professional  
9 shortage areas and medically underserved areas;

10 (B) publicly release an explanation of its process  
11 for analyzing network adequacy;

12 (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to  
13 have an adequate network in place; and

14 (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care  
15 Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet provider  
16 directory requirements under Section 5-30.3.

17 (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information  
18 submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or  
19 physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider  
20 network within 3 days after receiving all required  
21 information from contracted physicians or dentists, and  
22 electronic physician and dental directories must be  
23 updated consistent with current rules as published by the  
24 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its successor  
25 agency.

26 (g) Timely payment of claims.

1           (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of  
2 receiving a claim that contains all the essential  
3 information needed to adjudicate the claim.

4           (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its  
5 inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of receiving  
6 that claim.

7           (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal  
8 to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under  
9 Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims  
10 not timely paid.

11           (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment  
12 interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate  
13 and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is due  
14 to the provider within 30 days after the payment of the  
15 claim. In no event shall a provider be required to  
16 request or apply for payment of any owed timely payment  
17 interest penalties.

18           (B) Such payments shall be reported separately  
19 from the claim payment for services rendered to the  
20 MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest  
21 payments.

22           (4) (A) The Department shall require MCOs to expedite  
23 payments to providers identified on the Department's  
24 expedited provider list, determined in accordance with 89  
25 Ill. Adm. Code 140.71(b), on a schedule at least as  
26 frequently as the providers are paid under the Department's

1 fee-for-service expedited provider schedule.

2 (B) Compliance with the expedited provider requirement  
3 may be satisfied by an MCO through the use of a Periodic  
4 Interim Payment (PIP) program that has been mutually agreed  
5 to and documented between the MCO and the provider, and the  
6 PIP program ensures that any expedited provider receives  
7 regular and periodic payments based on prior period payment  
8 experience from that MCO. Total payments under the PIP  
9 program may be reconciled against future PIP payments on a  
10 schedule mutually agreed to between the MCO and the  
11 provider.

12 (C) The Department shall share at least monthly its  
13 expedited provider list and the frequency with which it  
14 pays providers on the expedited list.

15 (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the  
16 Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational  
17 challenges for both payers and providers:

18 (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered  
19 service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility  
20 information documented by the provider, be denied coverage  
21 or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or  
22 coverage information available at the time the service was  
23 rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment  
24 of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the  
25 fee-for-service system, except for instances when an  
26 individual is deemed to have not been eligible for coverage

1 under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

2 (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt  
3 rules establishing policies that shall be included in the  
4 Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual  
5 addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a  
6 provider renders services based upon information obtained  
7 after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan  
8 through either the Department's current enrollment system  
9 or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by the  
10 patient presenting for services:

11 (A) such medically necessary covered services  
12 shall be considered rendered in good faith;

13 (B) such policies and procedures shall be  
14 developed in consultation with industry  
15 representatives of the Medicaid managed care health  
16 plans and representatives of provider associations  
17 representing the majority of providers within the  
18 identified provider industry; and

19 (C) such rules shall be published for a review and  
20 comment period of no less than 30 days on the  
21 Department's website with final rules remaining  
22 available on the Department's website.

23 The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be  
24 limited to:

25 (A) the extension of the timely filing period;

26 (B) retroactive prior authorizations; and

1 (C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less than the  
2 current, as of the date of service, fee-for-service rate,  
3 plus all applicable add-ons, when the resulting service  
4 relationship is out of network.

5 The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage and  
6 fee-for-service coverage.

7 If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to  
8 have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the  
9 Department shall provide for an extended period for claims  
10 submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.

11 (g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.

12 (1) The Department shall publish, on at least a  
13 quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,  
14 including, but not limited to, the following categories of  
15 metrics:

16 (A) claims payment, including timeliness and  
17 accuracy;

18 (B) prior authorizations;

19 (C) grievance and appeals;

20 (D) utilization statistics;

21 (E) provider disputes;

22 (F) provider credentialing; and

23 (G) member and provider customer service.

24 (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics report  
25 is accessible to providers online by January 1, 2017.

26 (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation with



1 industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care  
2 health plans and representatives of associations  
3 representing the majority of providers within the  
4 identified industry.

5 (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the  
6 applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the  
7 Department.

8 (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In  
9 order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant  
10 to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the  
11 Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and  
12 payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such  
13 analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a  
14 representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and  
15 denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for  
16 such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which  
17 identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60,  
18 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with  
19 those claims. The Department shall post the contracted claims  
20 report required by HealthChoice Illinois on its website every 3  
21 months.

22 (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall  
23 maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider  
24 can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO.  
25 An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in  
26 whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for

1 health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee of  
2 the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall not  
3 be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed  
4 itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process.  
5 Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute  
6 resolution process may be submitted to the Department of  
7 Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner than  
8 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process and not  
9 later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution of the  
10 internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the dispute to  
11 the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes involving the  
12 same MCO may be submitted in one complaint, regardless of  
13 whether the claims are for different enrollees, when the  
14 specific reason for non-payment of the claims involves a common  
15 question of fact or policy. Within 10 business days of receipt  
16 of a complaint, the Department shall present such disputes to  
17 the appropriate MCO, which shall then have 30 days to issue its  
18 written proposal to resolve the dispute. The Department may  
19 grant one 30-day extension of this time frame to one of the  
20 parties to resolve the dispute. If the dispute remains  
21 unresolved at the end of this time frame or the provider is not  
22 satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to resolve the  
23 dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request the  
24 Department to review the dispute and make a final  
25 determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department  
26 review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall

1 present all relevant information to the Department for  
2 resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues  
3 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed.  
4 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the  
5 dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such  
6 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on  
7 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider and  
8 the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the Department  
9 of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable Medicaid  
10 policy. The decision of the Department shall be final. By  
11 January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by rule further  
12 details of this dispute resolution process. Disputes between  
13 MCOs and providers presented to the Department for resolution  
14 are not contested cases, as defined in Section 1-30 of the  
15 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, conferring any right to  
16 an administrative hearing.

17 (g-9)(1) The Department shall publish annually on its  
18 website a report on the calculation of each managed care  
19 organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:

20 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.

21 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate  
22 amount spent for the following:

23 (i) Direct paid claims.

24 (ii) Subcapitation payments.

25 (iii) Other claim payments.

26 (iv) Direct reserves.

1 (v) Gross recoveries.

2 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health  
3 care quality as allowed by the Department.

4 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent  
5 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout  
6 period determined by the Department.

7 (g-10)(1) "Liability effective date" means the date on  
8 which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically  
9 necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one of  
10 its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between the  
11 MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall be the  
12 later of:

13 (A) The execution date of a network participation  
14 contract agreement.

15 (B) The date the provider or its representative submits  
16 to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized roster  
17 form for the provider in the format approved by the  
18 Department.

19 (C) The provider effective date contained within the  
20 Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the  
21 Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology  
22 (IMPACT) System.

23 (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the  
24 MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment  
25 application to the Department through IMPACT.

26 (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all

1 MCOs to update their provider directory with information for  
2 new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30  
3 days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster  
4 template in the format approved by the Department provided that  
5 the provider is effective in the Department's provider  
6 enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider  
7 directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of selecting  
8 an approved health care provider and comply with all other  
9 federal and State requirements.

10 (g-11) The Department shall work with relevant  
11 stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to  
12 enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois'  
13 Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to,  
14 improving provider billing practices, reducing claim  
15 rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and  
16 standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response  
17 timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO  
18 administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall  
19 include a report on the progress of these program improvements  
20 and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the  
21 General Assembly.

22 (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO  
23 enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already  
24 designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the  
25 individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not the  
26 seniors or people with disabilities population until the

1 Department provides an opportunity for accountable care  
2 entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated  
3 counties.

4 (h-5) MCOs shall be required to publish, at least quarterly  
5 for the preceding quarter, on their websites:

6 (1) the total number of claims received by the MCO;

7 (2) the number and monetary amount of claims payments  
8 made to a service provider as defined in Section 2-16 of  
9 this Code;

10 (3) the dates of services rendered for the claims  
11 payments made under paragraph (2);

12 (4) the dates the claims were received by the MCO for  
13 the claims payments made under paragraph (2); and

14 (5) the dates on which claims payments under paragraph  
15 (2) were released.

16 (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts  
17 with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended,  
18 or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
19 Act 98-651).

20 (j) Health care information released to managed care  
21 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a  
22 Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject  
23 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of  
24 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health  
25 information, the health care information of the MCO's enrollee,  
26 if the enrollee has completed and signed a general release form

1 that grants to the health care provider permission to release  
2 the recipient's health care information to the recipient's  
3 insurance carrier.

4 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-580, eff. 3-12-18;  
5 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

6 Article 150.

7 Section 150-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
8 changing Section 5-30.1 and by adding Section 5-30.15 as  
9 follows:

10 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

11 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.

12 (a) As used in this Section:

13 "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity which  
14 contracts with the Department to provide services where payment  
15 for medical services is made on a capitated basis.

16 "Emergency services" include:

17 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of the  
18 Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

19 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as  
20 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and  
21 Patient Rights Act;

22 (3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by  
23 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights

1 Act; and

2 (4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by  
3 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
4 Act.

5 (b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care  
6 organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed Care  
7 Reform and Patient Rights Act.

8 (c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services  
9 that does not have in effect a contract with the contracted  
10 Medicaid MCO. The default rate of reimbursement shall be the  
11 rate paid under Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program  
12 methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not  
13 limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid  
14 Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments,  
15 and all outlier add-on adjustments to the extent such  
16 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
17 applicable MCO capitated rates.

18 (d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services as  
19 a covered service in any of the following situations:

20 (1) the MCO authorized such services;

21 (2) such services were administered to maintain the  
22 enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a  
23 request to the MCO for authorization of further  
24 post-stabilization services;

25 (3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize  
26 such services within one hour;



1 (4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

2 (5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating  
3 provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an  
4 agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated  
5 provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case  
6 the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the treating  
7 non-affiliated provider until an affiliated provider was  
8 reached and either concurred with the treating  
9 non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed  
10 responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall  
11 be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under  
12 Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,  
13 including all policy adjusters, including but not limited  
14 to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage  
15 Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all  
16 outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such  
17 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
18 applicable MCO capitated rates.

19 (e) The following requirements apply to MCOs in determining  
20 payment for all emergency services:

21 (1) MCOs shall not impose any requirements for prior  
22 approval of emergency services.

23 (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to  
24 enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence and  
25 outside the contracting area to the extent that the  
26 enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if

1           they still were within the contracting area.

2           (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover medical  
3 services provided on an emergency basis that are not  
4 covered services under the contract.

5           (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency  
6 services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the  
7 enrollee's screening and treatment within 10 days after  
8 presentation for emergency services.

9           (5) The determination of the attending emergency  
10 physician, or the provider actually treating the enrollee,  
11 of whether an enrollee is sufficiently stabilized for  
12 discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be binding  
13 on the MCO. The MCO shall cover emergency services for all  
14 enrollees whether the emergency services are provided by an  
15 affiliated or non-affiliated provider.

16           (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for  
17 post-stabilization care services it has not pre-approved  
18 ends when:

19           (A) a plan physician with privileges at the  
20 treating hospital assumes responsibility for the  
21 enrollee's care;

22           (B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for  
23 the enrollee's care through transfer;

24           (C) a contracting entity representative and the  
25 treating physician reach an agreement concerning the  
26 enrollee's care; or

1 (D) the enrollee is discharged.

2 (f) Network adequacy and transparency.

3 (1) The Department shall:

4 (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in  
5 place, taking into consideration health professional  
6 shortage areas and medically underserved areas;

7 (B) publicly release an explanation of its process  
8 for analyzing network adequacy;

9 (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to  
10 have an adequate network in place; ~~and~~

11 (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care  
12 Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet provider  
13 directory requirements under Section 5-30.3; ~~and~~ -

14 (E) require MCOs to: (i) ensure that any provider  
15 under contract with an MCO on the date of service is  
16 paid for any medically necessary service rendered to  
17 any of the MCO's enrollees, regardless of inclusion on  
18 the MCO's published and publicly available roster of  
19 available providers; and (ii) ensure that all  
20 contracted providers are listed on an updated roster  
21 within 7 days of entering into a contract with the MCO  
22 and that such roster is readily accessible to all  
23 medical assistance enrollees for purposes of selecting  
24 an approved healthcare provider.

25 (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information  
26 submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or

1 physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider  
2 network within 3 days after receiving all required  
3 information from contracted physicians or dentists, and  
4 electronic physician and dental directories must be  
5 updated consistent with current rules as published by the  
6 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its successor  
7 agency.

8 (g) Timely payment of claims.

9 (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of  
10 receiving a claim that contains all the essential  
11 information needed to adjudicate the claim.

12 (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its  
13 inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of receiving  
14 that claim.

15 (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal  
16 to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under  
17 Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims  
18 not timely paid.

19 (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment  
20 interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate  
21 and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is due  
22 to the provider within 30 days after the payment of the  
23 claim. In no event shall a provider be required to  
24 request or apply for payment of any owed timely payment  
25 interest penalties.

26 (B) Such payments shall be reported separately

1 from the claim payment for services rendered to the  
2 MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest  
3 payments.

4 (4) ~~(A)~~ The Department shall require MCOs to expedite  
5 payments to providers based on criteria that include, but  
6 are not limited to:

7 (A) At a minimum, each MCO shall ensure that  
8 providers identified on the Department's expedited  
9 provider list, determined in accordance with 89 Ill.  
10 Adm. Code 140.71(b), are paid by the MCO on a schedule  
11 at least as frequently as the providers are paid under  
12 the Department's fee-for-service expedited provider  
13 schedule.

14 (B) Compliance with the expedited provider  
15 requirement may be satisfied by an MCO through the use  
16 of a Periodic Interim Payment (PIP) program that has  
17 been mutually agreed to and documented between the MCO  
18 and the provider, if ~~and~~ the PIP program ensures that  
19 any expedited provider receives regular and periodic  
20 payments based on prior period payment experience from  
21 that MCO. Total payments under the PIP program may be  
22 reconciled against future PIP payments on a schedule  
23 mutually agreed to between the MCO and the provider.

24 (C) The Department shall share at least monthly its  
25 expedited provider list and the frequency with which it  
26 pays providers on the expedited list.

1 (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the  
2 Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational  
3 challenges for both payers and providers:

4 (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered  
5 service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility  
6 information documented by the provider, be denied coverage  
7 or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or  
8 coverage information available at the time the service was  
9 rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment  
10 of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the  
11 fee-for-service system, except for instances when an  
12 individual is deemed to have not been eligible for coverage  
13 under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

14 (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt  
15 rules establishing policies that shall be included in the  
16 Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual  
17 addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a  
18 provider renders services based upon information obtained  
19 after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan  
20 through either the Department's current enrollment system  
21 or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by the  
22 patient presenting for services:

23 (A) such medically necessary covered services  
24 shall be considered rendered in good faith;

25 (B) such policies and procedures shall be  
26 developed in consultation with industry

1           representatives of the Medicaid managed care health  
2           plans and representatives of provider associations  
3           representing the majority of providers within the  
4           identified provider industry; and

5           (C) such rules shall be published for a review and  
6           comment period of no less than 30 days on the  
7           Department's website with final rules remaining  
8           available on the Department's website.

9           The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be  
10          limited to:

11           (A) the extension of the timely filing period;

12           (B) retroactive prior authorizations; and

13           (C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less than the  
14          current, as of the date of service, fee-for-service rate,  
15          plus all applicable add-ons, when the resulting service  
16          relationship is out of network.

17          The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage and  
18          fee-for-service coverage.

19          If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to  
20          have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the  
21          Department shall provide for an extended period for claims  
22          submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.

23          (g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.

24           (1) The Department shall publish, on at least a  
25          quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,  
26          including, but not limited to, the following categories of

1 metrics:

2 (A) claims payment, including timeliness and  
3 accuracy;

4 (B) prior authorizations;

5 (C) grievance and appeals;

6 (D) utilization statistics;

7 (E) provider disputes;

8 (F) provider credentialing; and

9 (G) member and provider customer service.

10 (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics report  
11 is accessible to providers online by January 1, 2017.

12 (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation with  
13 industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care  
14 health plans and representatives of associations  
15 representing the majority of providers within the  
16 identified industry.

17 (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the  
18 applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the  
19 Department.

20 (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In  
21 order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant  
22 to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the  
23 Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and  
24 payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such  
25 analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a  
26 representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and



1 denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for  
2 such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which  
3 identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60,  
4 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with  
5 those claims. The Department shall post the contracted claims  
6 report required by HealthChoice Illinois on its website every 3  
7 months.

8 (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall  
9 maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider  
10 can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO.  
11 An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in  
12 whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for  
13 health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee of  
14 the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall not  
15 be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed  
16 itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process.  
17 Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute  
18 resolution process may be submitted to the Department of  
19 Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner than  
20 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process and not  
21 later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution of the  
22 internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the dispute to  
23 the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes involving the  
24 same MCO may be submitted in one complaint, regardless of  
25 whether the claims are for different enrollees, when the  
26 specific reason for non-payment of the claims involves a common

1 question of fact or policy. Within 10 business days of receipt  
2 of a complaint, the Department shall present such disputes to  
3 the appropriate MCO, which shall then have 30 days to issue its  
4 written proposal to resolve the dispute. The Department may  
5 grant one 30-day extension of this time frame to one of the  
6 parties to resolve the dispute. If the dispute remains  
7 unresolved at the end of this time frame or the provider is not  
8 satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to resolve the  
9 dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request the  
10 Department to review the dispute and make a final  
11 determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department  
12 review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall  
13 present all relevant information to the Department for  
14 resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues  
15 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed.  
16 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the  
17 dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such  
18 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on  
19 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider and  
20 the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the Department  
21 of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable Medicaid  
22 policy. The decision of the Department shall be final. By  
23 January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by rule further  
24 details of this dispute resolution process. Disputes between  
25 MCOs and providers presented to the Department for resolution  
26 are not contested cases, as defined in Section 1-30 of the

1 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, conferring any right to  
2 an administrative hearing.

3 (g-9) (1) The Department shall publish annually on its  
4 website a report on the calculation of each managed care  
5 organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:

6 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.

7 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate  
8 amount spent for the following:

9 (i) Direct paid claims.

10 (ii) Subcapitation payments.

11 (iii) Other claim payments.

12 (iv) Direct reserves.

13 (v) Gross recoveries.

14 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health  
15 care quality as allowed by the Department.

16 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent  
17 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout  
18 period determined by the Department.

19 (g-10) (1) "Liability effective date" means the date on  
20 which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically  
21 necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one of  
22 its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between the  
23 MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall be the  
24 later of:

25 (A) The execution date of a network participation  
26 contract agreement.

1           (B) The date the provider or its representative submits  
2           to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized roster  
3           form for the provider in the format approved by the  
4           Department.

5           (C) The provider effective date contained within the  
6           Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the  
7           Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology  
8           (IMPACT) System.

9           (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the  
10          MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment  
11          application to the Department through IMPACT.

12          (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all  
13          MCOs to update their provider directory with information for  
14          new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30  
15          days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster  
16          template in the format approved by the Department provided that  
17          the provider is effective in the Department's provider  
18          enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider  
19          directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of selecting  
20          an approved health care provider and comply with all other  
21          federal and State requirements.

22          (g-11) The Department shall work with relevant  
23          stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to  
24          enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois'  
25          Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to,  
26          improving provider billing practices, reducing claim

1 rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and  
2 standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response  
3 timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO  
4 administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall  
5 include a report on the progress of these program improvements  
6 and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the  
7 General Assembly.

8 (g-12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the  
9 Department or an MCO requires submission of a claim for payment  
10 in a non-electronic format, a provider shall always be afforded  
11 a period of no less than 90 business days, as a correction  
12 period, following any notification of rejection by either the  
13 Department or the MCO to correct errors or omissions in the  
14 original submission.

15 Under no circumstances, either by an MCO or under the  
16 State's fee-for-service system, shall a provider be denied  
17 payment for failure to comply with any timely claims submission  
18 requirements under this Code or under any existing contract,  
19 unless the non-electronic format claim submission occurs after  
20 the initial 180 days following the latest date of service on  
21 the claim, or after the 90 business days correction period  
22 following notification to the provider of rejection or denial  
23 of payment.

24 (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO  
25 enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already  
26 designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the

1 individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not the  
2 seniors or people with disabilities population until the  
3 Department provides an opportunity for accountable care  
4 entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated  
5 counties.

6 (h-5) MCOs shall be required to publish, at least quarterly  
7 for the preceding quarter, on their websites:

8 (1) the total number of claims received by the MCO;

9 (2) the number and monetary amount of claims payments  
10 made to a service provider as defined in Section 2-16 of  
11 this Code;

12 (3) the dates of services rendered for the claims  
13 payments made under paragraph (2);

14 (4) the dates the claims were received by the MCO for  
15 the claims payments made under paragraph (2); and

16 (5) the dates on which claims payments under paragraph  
17 (2) were released.

18 (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts  
19 with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended,  
20 or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
21 Act 98-651).

22 (j) Health care information released to managed care  
23 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a  
24 Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject  
25 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of  
26 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health

1 information, the health care information of the MCO's enrollee,  
2 if the enrollee has completed and signed a general release form  
3 that grants to the health care provider permission to release  
4 the recipient's health care information to the recipient's  
5 insurance carrier.

6 (k) The requirements of this Section added by this  
7 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to  
8 services provided on or after the first day of the month that  
9 begins 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act  
10 of the 101st General Assembly.

11 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-580, eff. 3-12-18;  
12 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

13 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.15 new)

14 Sec. 5-30.15. Discharge notification and facility  
15 placement of individuals; managed care. Whenever a hospital  
16 provides notice to a managed care organization (MCO) that an  
17 individual covered under the State's medical assistance  
18 program has received a discharge order from the attending  
19 physician and is ready for discharge from an inpatient hospital  
20 stay to another level of care, the MCO shall secure the  
21 individual's placement in or transfer to another facility  
22 within 24 hours of receiving the hospital's notification, or  
23 shall pay the hospital a daily rate equal to the hospital's  
24 daily rate associated with the stay ending, including all  
25 applicable add-on adjustment payments.

1 Article 155.

2 Section 155-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
3 adding Section 5-30.17 as follows:

4 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.17 new)

5 Sec. 5-30.17. Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission.

6 (a) The Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission is  
7 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
8 to evaluate the effectiveness of Illinois' managed care  
9 program.

10 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

11 (1) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
12 President, who shall serve as co-chair.

13 (2) One member of the House of Representatives,  
14 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,  
15 who shall serve as co-chair.

16 (3) One member of the House of Representatives,  
17 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of  
18 Representatives.

19 (4) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
20 Minority Leader.

21 (5) One member representing the Department of  
22 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

23 (6) One member representing the Department of Public



1 Health, appointed by the Governor.

2 (7) One member representing the Department of Human  
3 Services, appointed by the Governor.

4 (8) One member representing the Department of Children  
5 and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

6 (9) One member of a statewide association representing  
7 Medicaid managed care plans.

8 (10) One member of a statewide association  
9 representing hospitals.

10 (11) Two academic experts on Medicaid managed care  
11 programs.

12 (12) One member of a statewide association  
13 representing primary care providers.

14 (13) One member of a statewide association  
15 representing behavioral health providers.

16 (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and  
17 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the  
18 Commission's executive administrators in providing  
19 administrative support, research support, and other  
20 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.  
21 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and  
22 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing budget.

23 (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no  
24 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

25 (e) The Commission shall meet quarterly beginning as soon  
26 as is practicable after the effective date of this amendatory

1 Act of the 101st General Assembly.

2 (f) The Commission shall:

3 (1) review data on health outcomes of Medicaid managed  
4 care members;

5 (2) review current care coordination and case  
6 management efforts and make recommendations on expanding  
7 care coordination to additional populations with a focus on  
8 the social determinants of health;

9 (3) review and assess the appropriateness of metrics  
10 used in the Pay-for-Performance programs;

11 (4) review the Department's prior authorization and  
12 utilization management requirements and recommend  
13 adaptations for the Medicaid population;

14 (5) review managed care performance in meeting  
15 diversity contracting goals and the use of funds dedicated  
16 to meeting such goals, including, but not limited to,  
17 contracting requirements set forth in the Business  
18 Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with  
19 Disabilities Act; recommend strategies to increase  
20 compliance with diversity contracting goals in  
21 collaboration with the Chief Procurement Officer for  
22 General Services and the Business Enterprise Council for  
23 Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities; and  
24 recoup any misappropriated funds for diversity  
25 contracting;

26 (6) review data on the effectiveness of claims

1 processing to medical providers;

2 (7) review the adequacy of the Medicaid managed care  
3 network and member access to health care services,  
4 including specialty care services;

5 (8) review value-based and other alternative payment  
6 methodologies to enhance program efficiency and improve  
7 health outcomes;

8 (9) review the compliance of all managed care entities  
9 in State contracts and recommend reasonable financial  
10 penalties for any noncompliance; and

11 (10) produce an annual report detailing the  
12 Commission's findings based upon its review of research  
13 conducted under this Section, including specific  
14 recommendations, if any, and any other information the  
15 Commission may deem proper in furtherance of its duties  
16 under this Section.

17 (g) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
18 impose financial penalties on any managed care entity that is  
19 found to not be in compliance with any provision of a State  
20 contract. In addition to any financial penalties imposed under  
21 this subsection, the Department shall recoup any  
22 misappropriated funds identified by the Commission for the  
23 purpose of meeting the Business Enterprise Program  
24 requirements set forth in contracts with managed care entities.  
25 Any financial penalty imposed or funds recouped in accordance  
26 with this Section shall be deposited into the Managed Care

1 Oversight Fund.

2 When recommending reasonable financial penalties upon a  
3 finding of noncompliance under this subsection, the Commission  
4 shall consider the scope and nature of the noncompliance and  
5 whether or not it was intentional or unreasonable. In imposing  
6 a financial penalty on any managed care entity that is found to  
7 not be in compliance, the Department of Healthcare and Family  
8 Services shall consider the recommendations of the Commission.

9 Upon conclusion by the Department of Healthcare and Family  
10 Services that any managed care entity is not in compliance with  
11 its contract with the State based on the findings of the  
12 Commission, it shall issue the managed care entity a written  
13 notification of noncompliance. The written notice shall  
14 specify any financial penalty to be imposed and whether this  
15 penalty is consistent with the recommendation of the  
16 Commission. If the specified financial penalty differs from the  
17 Commission's recommendation, the Department of Healthcare and  
18 Family Services shall specify why the Department did not impose  
19 the recommended penalty and how the Department arrived at its  
20 determination of the reasonableness of the financial penalty  
21 imposed.

22 Within 14 calendar days after receipt of the notification  
23 of noncompliance, the managed care entity shall submit a  
24 written response to the Department of Healthcare and Family  
25 Services. The response shall indicate whether the managed care  
26 entity: (i) disputes the determination of noncompliance,

1 including any facts or conduct to show compliance; (ii) agrees  
2 to the determination of noncompliance and any financial penalty  
3 imposed; or (iii) agrees to the determination of noncompliance  
4 but disputes the financial penalty imposed.

5 Failure to respond to the notification of noncompliance  
6 shall be deemed acceptance of the Department of Healthcare and  
7 Family Services' determination of noncompliance.

8 If a managed care entity disputes any part of the  
9 Department of Healthcare and Family Services' determination of  
10 noncompliance, within 30 calendar days of receipt of the  
11 managed care entity's response the Department shall respond in  
12 writing whether it (i) agrees to review its determination of  
13 noncompliance or (ii) disagrees with the entity's disputation.

14 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
15 issue a written notice to the Commission of the dispute and its  
16 chosen response at the same time notice is made to the managed  
17 care entity.

18 Nothing in this Section limits or alters a person or  
19 entity's existing rights or protections under State or federal  
20 law.

21 (h) A decision of the Department of Healthcare and Family  
22 Services to impose a financial penalty on a managed care entity  
23 for noncompliance under subsection (g) is subject to judicial  
24 review under the Administrative Review Law.

25 (i) The Department shall issue quarterly reports to the  
26 Governor and the General Assembly indicating: (i) the number of

1 determinations of noncompliance since the last quarter; (ii)  
2 the number of financial penalties imposed; and (iii) the  
3 outcome or status of each determination.

4 (j) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year  
5 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its  
6 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The  
7 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of  
8 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in  
9 electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the  
10 Secretary shall direct.

11 Article 160.

12 Section 160-5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding  
13 Sections 5.935 and 6z-124 as follows:

14 (30 ILCS 105/5.935 new)

15 Sec. 5.935. The Managed Care Oversight Fund.

16 (30 ILCS 105/6z-124 new)

17 Sec. 6z-124. Managed Care Oversight Fund. The Managed Care  
18 Oversight Fund is created as a special fund in the State  
19 treasury. Subject to appropriation, available annual moneys in  
20 the Fund shall be used by the Department of Healthcare and  
21 Family Services to support emergency procurement and sole  
22 source contracting with women and minority-owned businesses as

1 part of the Department's Business Enterprise Program  
2 requirements. The Department shall prioritize contracts for  
3 care coordination services in allocating funds. Funds may not  
4 be used for institutional overhead costs, indirect costs, or  
5 other organizational levies.

6 Article 165.

7 Section 165-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
8 adding Section 5-45 as follows:

9 (305 ILCS 5/5-45 new)

10 Sec. 5-45. Termination of managed care. On and after  
11 January 1, 2021, the Department of Healthcare and Family  
12 Services shall not enter into any new contract or agreement  
13 with a managed care organization as defined in Section 5-30.1  
14 or with any other entity to provide services where payment for  
15 medical services is made on a capitated basis. The Department  
16 of Healthcare and Family Services shall not renew, re-enter,  
17 renegotiate, change orders, or amend any contract or agreement  
18 it entered with a managed care organization, as defined in  
19 Section 5-30.1, that was solicited under the State of Illinois  
20 Medicaid Managed Care Organization Request for Proposals  
21 (2018-24-001). Any care health plan administered by a managed  
22 care organization that entered a contract with the Department  
23 under the State of Illinois Medicaid Managed Care Organization

1 Request for Proposals 2018-24-001) shall be transitioned to the  
2 State's fee-for-service medical assistance program upon the  
3 expiration of the managed care organization's contract with the  
4 Department until such time the Department enters a new contract  
5 in accordance with Section 5-30.6. Any new contract entered  
6 into by the Department with a Managed Care Organization in  
7 accordance with Section 5-30.6 shall specify the patient  
8 diseases that require care planning and assessment, including,  
9 but not limited to, social determinants of health as determined  
10 by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

11 Article 170.

12 Section 170-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
13 adding Section 5-30.16 as follows:

14 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.16 new)

15 Sec. 5-30.16. Managed care organizations; subcontracting  
16 diversity requirements.

17 (a) In this Section, "managed care organization" has the  
18 meaning given to that term in Section 5-30.1.

19 (b) The Illinois Department shall require each managed care  
20 organization participating in the medical assistance program  
21 established under this Article to satisfy any minority-owned or  
22 women-owned business subcontracting requirements to which the  
23 managed care organization is subject under the contract.



1       (c) The Illinois Department shall terminate its contract  
2 with any managed care organization that does not meet the  
3 minority-owned or women-owned business subcontracting  
4 requirements under its contract with the State. The Illinois  
5 Department shall terminate the contract no later than 60 days  
6 after receiving a contractually required report indicating  
7 that the managed care organization has not met the  
8 subcontracting goals.

9                   Title IX. Maternal and Infant Mortality

10                                   Article 175.

11           Section 175-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
12 adding Section 5-18.5 as follows:

13           (305 ILCS 5/5-18.5 new)

14           Sec. 5-18.5. Perinatal doula and evidence-based home  
15 visiting services.

16           (a) As used in this Section:

17           "Home visiting" means a voluntary, evidence-based strategy  
18 used to support pregnant people, infants, and young children  
19 and their caregivers to promote infant, child, and maternal  
20 health, to foster educational development and school  
21 readiness, and to help prevent child abuse and neglect. Home  
22 visitors are trained professionals whose visits and activities

1 focus on promoting strong parent-child attachment to foster  
2 healthy child development.

3 "Perinatal doula" means a trained provider who provides  
4 regular, voluntary physical, emotional, and educational  
5 support, but not medical or midwife care, to pregnant and  
6 birthing persons before, during, and after childbirth,  
7 otherwise known as the perinatal period.

8 "Perinatal doula training" means any doula training that  
9 focuses on providing support throughout the prenatal, labor and  
10 delivery, or postpartum period, and reflects the type of doula  
11 care that the doula seeks to provide.

12 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article,  
13 perinatal doula services and evidence-based home visiting  
14 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program  
15 for persons who are otherwise eligible for medical assistance  
16 under this Article. Perinatal doula services include regular  
17 visits beginning in the prenatal period and continuing into the  
18 postnatal period, inclusive of continuous support during labor  
19 and delivery, that support healthy pregnancies and positive  
20 birth outcomes. Perinatal doula services may be embedded in an  
21 existing program, such as evidence-based home visiting.  
22 Perinatal doula services provided during the prenatal period  
23 may be provided weekly, services provided during the labor and  
24 delivery period may be provided for the entire duration of  
25 labor and the time immediately following birth, and services  
26 provided during the postpartum period may be provided up to 12

1 months postpartum.

2 (c) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
3 adopt rules to administer this Section. In this rulemaking, the  
4 Department shall consider the expertise of and consult with  
5 doula program experts, doula training providers, practicing  
6 doulas, and home visiting experts, along with State agencies  
7 implementing perinatal doula services and relevant bodies  
8 under the Illinois Early Learning Council. This body of experts  
9 shall inform the Department on the credentials necessary for  
10 perinatal doula and home visiting services to be eligible for  
11 Medicaid reimbursement and the rate of reimbursement for home  
12 visiting and perinatal doula services in the prenatal, labor  
13 and delivery, and postpartum periods. Every 2 years, the  
14 Department shall assess the rates of reimbursement for  
15 perinatal doula and home visiting services and adjust rates  
16 accordingly.

17 {d) The Department shall seek such State plan amendments or  
18 waivers as may be necessary to implement this Section and shall  
19 secure federal financial participation for expenditures made  
20 by the Department in accordance with this Section.

21 Title X. Miscellaneous

22 Article 999.

23 Section 999-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.".