101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

HB3026

Introduced 2/15/2019, by Rep. Jehan Gordon-Booth

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/228
35 ILCS 31/5
35 ILCS 31/10
35 ILCS 31/20

Amends the Historic Preservation Tax Credit Act. Provides that the aggregate amount of credits awarded under the Act to a particular taxpayer may not exceed \$3,000,000. Provides that the total amount of expenditures must equal at least \$5,000 and (currently, "or") exceed the adjusted basis of the structure. Provides that the taxpayer may not receive a credit under the Act and a River Edge redevelopment credit for the same qualified expenditures or rehabilitation plan. Makes changes concerning the allocation of credits. Makes various technical changes. Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Makes changes to the historic preservation credit to include limited liability companies. Effective immediately.

LRB101 10296 HLH 55401 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1

AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 renumbering and changing Section 228, as added by Public Act 6 100-629, as follows:

7 (35 ILCS 5/228)

Sec. 228 227. Historic preservation credit. For tax years 8 9 beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and ending on or before December 31, 2023, a taxpayer who qualifies for a credit under 10 the Historic Preservation Tax Credit Act is entitled to a 11 credit against the taxes imposed under subsections (a) and (b) 12 of Section 201 of this Act as provided in that Act. If the 13 14 taxpayer is a partnership, or Subchapter S corporation, or a limited liability company, the credit shall be allowed to the 15 16 partners or shareholders in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 17 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, provided 18 19 that credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership, or other multiple owners of 20 21 property shall be passed through to the partners, members, or 22 owners respectively on a pro rata basis or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members, or owners 23

documenting any alternate distribution method. If the amount of any tax credit awarded under this Section exceeds the qualified taxpayer's income tax liability for the year in which the qualified rehabilitation plan was placed in service, the excess amount may be carried forward as provided in the Historic Preservation Tax Credit Act.

7 (Source: P.A. 100-629, eff. 1-1-19; revised 10-9-18.)

8 Section 10. The Historic Preservation Tax Credit Act is 9 amended by changing Sections 5, 10, and 20 as follows:

10 (35 ILCS 31/5)

11 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the 12 context clearly indicates otherwise:

13 <u>"Director" means the Director of Natural Resources or his</u>
14 <u>or her designee.</u>

15 "Division" means the State Historic Preservation Office16 within the Department of Natural Resources.

17 "Phased rehabilitation" means a project that is completed 18 in phases, as defined under Section 47 of the federal Internal 19 Revenue Code and pursuant to National Park Service regulations 20 at 36 C.F.R. 67.

21 "Placed in service" means the date when the property is 22 placed in a condition or state of readiness and availability 23 for a specifically assigned function as defined under Section 24 47 of the federal Internal Revenue Code and federal Treasury HB3026 - 3 - LRB101 10296 HLH 55401 b

1 Regulation Sections 1.46 and 1.48.

2 "Qualified expenditures" means all the costs and expenses 3 defined as qualified rehabilitation expenditures under Section 4 47 of the federal Internal Revenue Code that were incurred in 5 connection with a qualified <u>rehabilitation plan</u> historic 6 structure.

7 "Qualified historic structure" means any structure that is 8 located in Illinois and is defined as a certified historic 9 structure under Section 47(c)(3) of the federal Internal 10 Revenue Code.

"Qualified rehabilitation plan" means a project that is approved by the Department of Natural Resources and the National Park Service as being consistent with the United States Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation.

16 "Qualified taxpayer" means the owner of the qualified 17 historic structure or any other person <u>or entity</u> who may 18 qualify for the federal rehabilitation credit allowed by 19 Section 47 of the federal Internal Revenue Code.

20 "Recapture event" means any of the following events 21 occurring during the recapture period:

(1) failure to place in service the rehabilitated portions of the qualified historic structure, or failure to maintain the rehabilitated portions of the qualified historic structure in service after they are placed in service; provided that a recapture event under this paragraph (1) shall not include a removal from service for a reasonable period of time to conduct maintenance and repairs that are reasonably necessary to protect the health and safety of the public or to protect the structural integrity of the qualified historic structure or a neighboring structure;

7 (2) demolition or other alteration of the qualified 8 historic structure in a manner that is inconsistent with 9 the qualified rehabilitation plan or the Secretary of the 10 Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation;

(3) disposition of the rehabilitated qualified historic structure in whole or a proportional disposition of a partnership interest therein, except as otherwise permitted by this Section; or

(4) use of the qualified historic structure in a manner
that is inconsistent with the qualified rehabilitation
plan or that is otherwise inconsistent with the provisions
and intent of this Section.

A recapture event occurring in one taxable year shall be deemed continuing to subsequent taxable years unless and until corrected.

The following dispositions of a qualified historic structure shall not be deemed to be a recapture event for purposes of this Section:

- 25
- a transfer by reason of death;

26 (2) a transfer between spouses incident to divorce;

1 (3) a sale by and leaseback to an entity that, when the 2 rehabilitated portions of the qualified historic structure 3 are placed in service, will be a lessee of the qualified 4 historic structure, but only for so long as the entity 5 continues to be a lessee; and

6 (4) a mere change in the form of conducting the trade 7 or business by the owner (or, if applicable, the lessee) of 8 the qualified historic structure, so long as the property 9 interest in such qualified historic structure is retained 10 in such trade or business and the owner or lessee retains a 11 substantial interest in such trade or business.

12 "Recapture period" means the 5-year period beginning on the 13 date that the qualified historic structure or rehabilitated 14 portions of the qualified historic structure are placed in 15 service.

16 "Substantial rehabilitation" means that the qualified 17 rehabilitation expenditures during the 24 month period selected by the taxpayer at the time and in the manner 18 19 prescribed by rule and ending with or within the taxable year 20 exceed the greater of (i) the adjusted basis of the building and its structural components or (ii) \$5,000. The adjusted 21 22 basis of the building and its structural components shall be 23 determined as of the beginning of the first day of such 24-month period or as of the beginning of the first day of the 24 25 holding period of the building, whichever is later. For 26 purposes of determining the adjusted basis, the determination

of the beginning of the holding period shall be made without 1 2 regard to any reconstruction by the taxpayer in connection with the rehabilitation. In the case of any phased rehabilitation, 3 with phases set forth in architectural plans and specifications 4 5 completed before the rehabilitation begins, this definition shall be applied by substituting "60 month period" 6 7 "24 month period" wherever that term occurs in the definition. (Source: P.A. 100-629, eff. 1-1-19.) 8

9 (35 ILCS 31/10)

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Sec. 10. Allowable credit.

11 (a) To the extent authorized by this Act, for taxable years 12 beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and ending on or before December 31, 2023, there shall be allowed a tax credit to the 13 <u>qualified taxpayer</u> against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 14 15 and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act in an aggregate amount equal to the lesser of (i) 25% of qualified 16 expenditures incurred in by a qualified taxpayer undertaking a 17 qualified rehabilitation plan or (ii) \$3,000,000 of a qualified 18 19 historic structure, provided that the total amount of such 20 expenditures must (i) equal \$5,000 or more and or (ii) exceed 21 the adjusted basis of the qualified historic structure on the 22 first day the qualified rehabilitation plan commenced. If the qualified rehabilitation plan spans multiple years, the 23 24 aggregate credit for the entire project shall be allowed in the 25 last taxable year.

1 (b) To obtain a tax credit certificate pursuant to this 2 Section, the qualified taxpayer must apply with the Division. 3 The Division shall determine the amount of eligible rehabilitation expenditures within 45 days after receipt of a 4 5 complete application. The taxpayer must provide to the Division a third-party cost certification conducted by a certified 6 7 accountant verifying (i) the qualified public and 8 non-qualified rehabilitation expenses and (ii) that the 9 qualified expenditures exceed the adjusted basis of the 10 qualified historic structure on the first day the qualified 11 rehabilitation plan commenced. The accountant shall provide 12 appropriate review and testing of invoices. The Division is 13 authorized, but not required, to accept this third-party cost determine the 14 certification to amount of qualified 15 expenditures. The Division and the National Park Service shall determine whether the rehabilitation is consistent with the 16 17 Standards of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior. 18

19 (c) If the amount of any tax credit awarded under this Act 20 exceeds the qualified taxpayer's income tax liability for the 21 year in which the qualified rehabilitation plan was placed in 22 service, the excess amount may be carried forward for deduction 23 from the taxpayer's income tax liability in the next succeeding year or years until the total amount of the credit has been 24 used, except that a credit may not be carried forward for 25 26 deduction after the tenth taxable year after the taxable year

in which the qualified rehabilitation plan was placed in 1 service. Upon completion and review of the project and approval 2 of the complete application, the Division shall issue a single 3 certificate in the amount of the eligible credits equal to 25% 4 5 of the qualified expenditures incurred during the eligible 6 taxable years, not to exceed the lesser of the allocated amount 7 or \$3,000,000 per single qualified rehabilitation plan. Prior 8 to the issuance of the tax credit certificate, the qualified 9 taxpayer must provide to the Division verification that the 10 rehabilitated structure is a gualified historic structure. At 11 the time the certificate is issued, an issuance fee up to the 12 maximum amount of 2% of the amount of the credits issued by the certificate may be collected from the qualified taxpayer 13 applicant to administer the Act. If collected, this issuance 14 15 fee shall be directed to the Division Historic Property 16 Administrative Fund or other such fund as appropriate for use 17 the Division in the administration of the Historic of Preservation Tax Credit Program. The taxpayer must attach the 18 certificate or legal documentation of her or his proportional 19 20 share of the certificate to the tax return on which the credits are to be claimed. The tax credit under this Section may not 21 22 reduce the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. If the 23 amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for the year, 24 the excess credit may be carried forward and applied to the tax 25 liability of the 10 taxable years following the first excess credit year. The taxpayer may not receive credits under this 26

Section and Section 221 of the Illinois Income Tax Act for the same qualified expenditures or qualified rehabilitation plan.

3 (d) If the taxpayer is (i) a corporation having an election in effect under Subchapter S of the federal Internal Revenue 4 5 Code, (ii) a partnership, or (iii) a limited liability company, the credit provided under this Act may be claimed by the 6 7 shareholders of the corporation, the partners of the 8 partnership, or the members of the limited liability company in 9 the same manner as those shareholders, partners, or members 10 account for their proportionate shares of the income or losses 11 of the corporation, partnership, or limited liability company, 12 or as provided in the bylaws or other executed agreement of the 13 corporation, partnership, or limited liability company. 14 Credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company 15 taxed as a partnership, or other multiple owners of property 16 shall be passed through to the partners, members, or owners 17 respectively on a pro rata basis or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members, or owners documenting 18 any alternate distribution method. 19

(e) If a recapture event occurs during the recapture period with respect to a qualified historic structure, then for any taxable year in which the credits are allowed as specified in this Act, the tax under the applicable Section of this Act shall be increased by applying the recapture percentage set forth below to the tax decrease resulting from the <u>allocation</u> application of credits allowed under this Act to the taxable

1 year in question.

2 For the purposes of this subsection, the recapture 3 percentage shall be determined as follows:

4 (1) if the recapture event occurs within the first year
5 after commencement of the recapture period, then the
6 recapture percentage is 100%;

7 (2) if the recapture event occurs within the second
8 year after commencement of the recapture period, then the
9 recapture percentage is 80%;

10 (3) if the recapture event occurs within the third year 11 after commencement of the recapture period, then the 12 recapture percentage is 60%;

13 (4) if the recapture event occurs within the fourth 14 year after commencement of the recapture period, then the 15 recapture percentage is 40%; and

16 (5) if the recapture event occurs within the fifth year
17 after commencement of the recapture period, then the
18 recapture percentage is 20%.

19 In the case of any recapture event, the carryforwards under 20 this Act shall be adjusted by reason of such event.

<u>(f)</u> (d) The Division may adopt rules to implement this
 Section in addition to the rules expressly authorized herein.
 (Source: P.A. 100-629, eff. 1-1-19; revised 10-1-18.)

24 (35 ILCS 31/20)

25 Sec. 20. Limitations, reporting, and monitoring.

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1 (a) In every calendar year that this program is in effect, 2 the Division is authorized to allocate \$15,000,000 worth of tax credits in addition to any unallocated, returned, or rescinded 3 allocations from previous years, pursuant to qualified 4 5 rehabilitation plans. The Division shall award not more than an aggregate of \$15,000,000 in total annual tax credits pursuant 6 7 to qualified rehabilitation plans for qualified historic 8 structures. The Division shall allocate and award not more than 9 \$3,000,000 in tax credits with regard to a single qualified rehabilitation plan. In allocating awarding tax credits under 10 11 this Act, the Division must prioritize applications projects 12 that meet one or more of the following:

(1) the qualified historic structure is located in a
county that borders a State with a historic
<u>income-producing</u> property rehabilitation credit;

16 (2) the qualified historic structure was previously
17 owned by a federal, state, or local governmental entity for
18 no less than 6 months;

19 (3) the qualified historic structure is located in a 20 census tract that has a median family income at or below 21 the State median family income; data from the most recent 22 5-year estimate from the American Community Survey (ACS), 23 published by the U.S. Census Bureau, shall be used to 24 determine eligibility;

(4) the qualified rehabilitation plan includes in thedevelopment partnership a Community Development Entity or

a low-profit (B Corporation) or not-for-profit
 organization, as defined by Section 501(c)(3) of the
 Internal Revenue Code; or

4 (5) the qualified historic structure is located in an
5 area declared under an Emergency Declaration or Major
6 Disaster Declaration under the federal Robert T. Stafford
7 Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. <u>The</u>
8 <u>declaration must be no older than 3 years old at the time</u>
9 of application.

10 (b) The annual aggregate authorization program allocation 11 of \$15,000,000 set forth in subsection (a) shall be allocated 12 by the Division, in such proportion as determined by the Director Department, on a per calendar basis twice in each year 13 that the program is in effect, provided that: (i) the amount 14 15 initially allocated by the Division for the first any one 16 calendar year application period shall not exceed 65% of the 17 total allowable amount available for allocation. Any unallocated and (ii) any portion of the allocated allowable 18 19 amount remaining unused as of the end of any of the second 20 calendar application period of a given calendar year shall be rolled over into and added to the total authorized allocated 21 22 amount for the next available calendar year. The qualified 23 rehabilitation plan must meet a readiness test, as defined in the rules created by the Division, in order for the application 24 25 Applicant to qualify. In any given application period, applications Applicants that qualify under this Act and are 26

prioritized as set forth in subsection (a) will be placed in a queue based on the date and time the application is received until such time as the application period total allowable amount is reached. Applications that qualify but do not receive an allocation Applicants must reapply to be considered in subsequent for each application periods period.

(c) <u>Subject</u> On or before December 31, 2019, and on or 7 8 before December 31 of each odd numbered year thereafter through 9 2023, subject to appropriation and prior to equal disbursement 10 to the Division, moneys in the Historic Property Administrative 11 Fund shall be used, on a biennial basis beginning at the end of 12 the second first fiscal year after the effective date of this Act, to hire a qualified third party to prepare a biennial 13 14 report to assess the overall impact effectiveness of this Act 15 from the qualified rehabilitation plans projects under this Act 16 completed in that year and in previous years. Baseline data of 17 the metrics in the report shall be collected at the initiation of a qualified rehabilitation plan project. The overall 18 19 economic impact shall include at least:

(1) the number of applications, project locations, and
 proposed use of qualified historic structures;

(2) the amount of credits awarded and the number and
 location of projects receiving credit allocations;

(3) the status of ongoing projects and projected
 qualifying expenditures for ongoing projects;

26 (4) for completed projects, the total amount of

1 qualifying rehabilitation expenditures and non-qualifying 2 expenditures, the number of housing units created and the 3 number of housing units that qualify as affordable, and the 4 total square footage rehabilitated and developed;

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(5) direct, indirect, and induced economic impacts;

6 (6) temporary, permanent, and construction jobs 7 created; and

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(7) sales, income, and property tax generation before construction, during construction, and after completion.

10 The report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the 11 Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the 12 Senate in electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk 13 and the Secretary shall direct.

(d) Any time prior to issuance of a tax credit certificate, the Director of the Division, the State Historic Preservation Officer, or staff of the Division may, upon reasonable notice to the project owner of not less than 3 business days, conduct a site visit to the project to inspect and evaluate the project.

(e) Any time prior to the issuance of a tax credit certificate and for a period of 4 years following the effective date of a project tax credit certificate, the Director may, upon reasonable notice of not less than 30 calendar days, request a status report from the Applicant consisting of information and updates relevant to the status of the project. Status reports shall not be requested more than twice yearly.

1 (f) In order to demonstrate sufficient evidence of 2 reviewable progress within 12 months after the date the 3 Applicant received notification of <u>allocation</u> approval from 4 the Division, the <u>Director may require the</u> Applicant <u>to shall</u> 5 provide all of the following:

6 (1) a viable financial plan which demonstrates by way 7 of an executed agreement that all financing has been 8 secured for the project; such financing shall include, but 9 not be limited to, equity investment as demonstrated by 10 letters of commitment from the owner of the property, 11 investment partners, and equity investors;

(2) (blank); final construction drawings or approved
 building permits that demonstrate the complete
 rehabilitation of the full scope of the application; and

(3) all historic approvals, including all federal and
State rehabilitation documents required by the Division.

The Director shall review the submitted evidence and may request additional documentation from the Applicant if necessary. The Applicant will have 30 calendar days to provide the information requested, otherwise the <u>allocation</u> approval may be rescinded at the discretion of the Director.

(g) In order to demonstrate sufficient evidence of reviewable progress within <u>24</u> 18 months after the date the application received notification of approval from the Division, <u>the Director may require</u> the Applicant is required to provide detailed evidence that the Applicant has secured and

closed on financing for the complete scope of rehabilitation 1 2 for the project. To demonstrate evidence that the Applicant has 3 secured and closed on financing, the Applicant will need to provide signed and processed loan agreements, bank financing 4 5 documents or other legal and contractual evidence to demonstrate that adequate financing is available to complete 6 7 the project. The Director shall review the submitted evidence 8 and may request additional documentation from the Applicant if 9 necessary. The Applicant will have 30 calendar days to provide 10 the information requested, otherwise the allocation approval 11 may be rescinded at the discretion of the Director.

12 If the Applicant fails to document reviewable progress within 24 18 months of approval, the Director may notify the 13 14 Applicant that the allocation application is rescinded. 15 However, should financing and construction be imminent, the 16 Director may elect to grant the Applicant no more than 5 months 17 to close on financing and commence construction. If the Applicant fails to meet these conditions in the required 18 19 timeframe, the Director shall notify the Applicant that the 20 allocation application is rescinded. Any such rescinded 21 allocation shall be added to the aggregate amount of credits 22 available for allocation for the year in which the forfeiture 23 occurred.

The amount of the qualified expenditures identified in the qualified taxpayer's Applicant's certification of completion and reflected on the Historic Preservation Tax Credit

certificate issued by the Director is subject to inspection,
 examination, and audit by the Department of Revenue.

3 qualified taxpayer Applicant shall establish and The maintain for a period of 4 years following the effective date 4 5 on a project tax credit certificate such records as required by the Director. Such records include, but are not limited to, 6 7 records documenting project expenditures and compliance with 8 the U.S. Secretary of the Interior's Standards. The qualified 9 taxpayer Applicant shall make such records available for review and verification by 10 the Director, the State Historic 11 Preservation Officer, the Department of Revenue, or 12 appropriate staff, as well as other appropriate State agencies. 13 In the event the Director determines an Applicant has submitted 14 a status an annual report containing erroneous information or 15 data not supported by records established and maintained under 16 this Act, the Director may, after providing notice, require the 17 Applicant to resubmit corrected reports.

18 (Source: P.A. 100-629, eff. 1-1-19.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
 becoming law.