

HB2747



101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

HB2747

by Rep. Thomas Morrison

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

50 ILCS 722/10

Amends the Missing Persons Identification Act. Provides that no later than 30 days after a responding law enforcement agency has received a missing person report, that agency shall transmit the report to the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System. Effective immediately.

LRB101 07793 SLF 52844 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning local government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Missing Persons Identification Act is
5 amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

6 (50 ILCS 722/10)

7 Sec. 10. Law enforcement analysis and reporting of missing
8 person information.

9 (a) Prompt determination of high-risk missing person.

10 (1) Definition. "High-risk missing person" means a
11 person whose whereabouts are not currently known and whose
12 circumstances indicate that the person may be at risk of
13 injury or death. The circumstances that indicate that a
14 person is a high-risk missing person include, but are not
15 limited to, any of the following:

16 (A) the person is missing as a result of a stranger
17 abduction;

18 (B) the person is missing under suspicious
19 circumstances;

20 (C) the person is missing under unknown
21 circumstances;

22 (D) the person is missing under known dangerous
23 circumstances;

1 (E) the person is missing more than 30 days;

2 (F) the person has already been designated as a
3 high-risk missing person by another law enforcement
4 agency;

5 (G) there is evidence that the person is at risk
6 because:

7 (i) the person is in need of medical attention,
8 including but not limited to persons with
9 dementia-like symptoms, or prescription
10 medication;

11 (ii) the person does not have a pattern of
12 running away or disappearing;

13 (iii) the person may have been abducted by a
14 non-custodial parent;

15 (iv) the person is mentally impaired,
16 including, but not limited to, a person having a
17 developmental disability, as defined in Section
18 1-106 of the Mental Health and Developmental
19 Disabilities Code, or a person having an
20 intellectual disability, as defined in Section
21 1-116 of the Mental Health and Developmental
22 Disabilities Code;

23 (v) the person is under the age of 21;

24 (vi) the person has been the subject of past
25 threats or acts of violence;

26 (vii) the person has eloped from a nursing

1 home;

2 (G-5) the person is a veteran or active duty member
3 of the United States Armed Forces, the National Guard,
4 or any reserve component of the United States Armed
5 Forces who is believed to have a physical or mental
6 health condition that is related to his or her service;
7 or

8 (H) any other factor that may, in the judgment of
9 the law enforcement official, indicate that the
10 missing person may be at risk.

11 (2) Law enforcement risk assessment.

12 (A) Upon initial receipt of a missing person
13 report, the law enforcement agency shall immediately
14 determine whether there is a basis to determine that
15 the missing person is a high-risk missing person.

16 (B) If a law enforcement agency has previously
17 determined that a missing person is not a high-risk
18 missing person, but obtains new information, it shall
19 immediately determine whether the information
20 indicates that the missing person is a high-risk
21 missing person.

22 (C) Law enforcement agencies are encouraged to
23 establish written protocols for the handling of
24 missing person cases to accomplish the purposes of this
25 Act.

26 (3) Law enforcement agency reports.

1 (A) The responding local law enforcement agency
2 shall immediately enter all collected information
3 relating to the missing person case in the Law
4 Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS) and the
5 National Crime Information Center (NCIC) databases.
6 The information shall be provided in accordance with
7 applicable guidelines relating to the databases. The
8 information shall be entered as follows:

9 (i) All appropriate DNA profiles, as
10 determined by the Department of State Police,
11 shall be uploaded into the missing person
12 databases of the State DNA Index System (SDIS) and
13 National DNA Index System (NDIS) after completion
14 of the DNA analysis and other procedures required
15 for database entry.

16 (ii) Information relevant to the Federal
17 Bureau of Investigation's Violent Criminal
18 Apprehension Program shall be entered as soon as
19 possible.

20 (iii) The Department of State Police shall
21 ensure that persons entering data relating to
22 medical or dental records in State or federal
23 databases are specifically trained to understand
24 and correctly enter the information sought by
25 these databases. The Department of State Police
26 shall either use a person with specific expertise

1 in medical or dental records for this purpose or
2 consult with a chief medical examiner, forensic
3 anthropologist, or odontologist to ensure the
4 accuracy and completeness of information entered
5 into the State and federal databases.

6 (B) The Department of State Police shall
7 immediately notify all law enforcement agencies within
8 this State and the surrounding region of the
9 information that will aid in the prompt location and
10 safe return of the high-risk missing person.

11 (C) The local law enforcement agencies that
12 receive the notification from the Department of State
13 Police shall notify officers to be on the lookout for
14 the missing person or a suspected abductor.

15 (D) Pursuant to any applicable State criteria,
16 local law enforcement agencies shall also provide for
17 the prompt use of an Amber Alert in cases involving
18 abducted children; or use of the Endangered Missing
19 Person Advisory in appropriate high risk cases.

20 (4) No later than 30 days after a responding law
21 enforcement agency has received a missing person report,
22 that agency shall transmit the report to the National
23 Missing and Unidentified Persons System.

24 (Source: P.A. 100-631, eff. 1-1-19; 100-662, eff. 1-1-19;
25 100-835, eff. 1-1-19; revised 9-28-18.)

26 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.