

1 AN ACT concerning courts.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Circuit Courts Act is amended by changing  
5 Sections 2f, 2f-2, 2f-4, 2f-5, 2f-6, and 2f-9 as follows:

6 (705 ILCS 35/2f) (from Ch. 37, par. 72.2f)

7 Sec. 2f. (a) The Circuit of Cook County shall be divided  
8 into 15 units to be known as subcircuits. The subcircuits shall  
9 be compact, contiguous, and substantially equal in population.  
10 The General Assembly shall create the subcircuits by law on or  
11 before July 1, 1991, using population data as determined by the  
12 1990 Federal census.

13 (a-5) In 2021, the General Assembly shall redraw the  
14 boundaries of the subcircuits to reflect the results of the  
15 2020 federal decennial census. The General Assembly shall  
16 redraw the subcircuit boundaries after every federal decennial  
17 census. The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
18 substantially equal in population. In accordance with  
19 subsection (d), a resident judgeship assigned to a subcircuit  
20 shall continue to be assigned to that subcircuit. Any vacancy  
21 in a resident judgeship existing on or occurring after the  
22 effective date of a law redrawing the boundaries of the  
23 subcircuits shall be filled by a resident of the redrawn

1 subcircuit.

2 (b) The 165 resident judges to be elected from the Circuit  
3 of Cook County shall be determined under paragraph (4) of  
4 subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Judicial Vacancies Act.

5 (c) The Supreme Court shall allot (i) the additional  
6 resident judgeships provided by paragraph (4) of subsection (a)  
7 of Section 2 of the Judicial Vacancies Act and (ii) all  
8 vacancies in resident judgeships existing on or occurring on or  
9 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1990, with  
10 respect to the other resident judgeships of the Circuit of Cook  
11 County, for election from the various subcircuits until there  
12 are 11 resident judges to be elected from each of the 15  
13 subcircuits (for a total of 165). A resident judgeship  
14 authorized before the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
15 1990 that became vacant and was filled by appointment by the  
16 Supreme Court before that effective date shall be filled by  
17 election at the general election in November of 1992 from the  
18 unit of the Circuit of Cook County within Chicago or the unit  
19 of that Circuit outside Chicago, as the case may be, in which  
20 the vacancy occurred.

21 (d) As soon as practicable after the subcircuits are  
22 created by law, the Supreme Court shall determine by lot a  
23 numerical order for the 15 subcircuits. That numerical order  
24 shall be the basis for the order in which resident judgeships  
25 are assigned to the subcircuits. After the first round of  
26 assignments, the second and all later rounds shall be based on

1 the same numerical order. Once a resident judgeship is assigned  
2 to a subcircuit, it shall continue to be assigned to that  
3 subcircuit for all purposes.

4 (e) A resident judge elected from a subcircuit shall  
5 continue to reside in that subcircuit as long as he or she  
6 holds that office. A resident judge elected from a subcircuit  
7 after January 1, 2008, must retain residency as a registered  
8 voter in the subcircuit to run for retention from the circuit  
9 at large thereafter.

10 (Source: P.A. 95-610, eff. 9-11-07.)

11 (705 ILCS 35/2f-2)

12 Sec. 2f-2. 19th judicial circuit; subcircuits; additional  
13 judges.

14 (a) The 19th circuit shall be divided into 6 subcircuits.  
15 The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
16 substantially equal in population. The General Assembly by law  
17 shall create the subcircuits, using population data as  
18 determined by the 2000 federal census, and shall determine a  
19 numerical order for the 6 subcircuits. That numerical order  
20 shall be the basis for the order in which resident judgeships  
21 are assigned to the subcircuits. The 6 resident judgeships to  
22 be assigned that are not added by or converted from at large  
23 judgeships as provided in this amendatory Act of the 96th  
24 General Assembly shall be assigned to the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th,  
25 5th, and 6th subcircuits, in that order. The 6 resident

1 judgeships to be assigned that are added by or converted from  
2 at large judgeships as provided in this amendatory Act of the  
3 96th General Assembly shall be assigned to the 6th, 5th, 4th,  
4 3rd, 2nd, and 1st subcircuits, in that order. Once a resident  
5 judgeship is assigned to a subcircuit, it shall continue to be  
6 assigned to that subcircuit for all purposes.

7 (a-3) In 2021, the General Assembly shall redraw the  
8 boundaries of the subcircuits to reflect the results of the  
9 2020 federal decennial census. The General Assembly shall  
10 redraw the subcircuit boundaries after every federal decennial  
11 census. The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
12 substantially equal in population. In accordance with  
13 subsection (a), a resident judgeship assigned to a subcircuit  
14 shall continue to be assigned to that subcircuit. Any vacancy  
15 in a resident judgeship existing on or occurring after the  
16 effective date of a law redrawing the boundaries of the  
17 subcircuits shall be filled by a resident of the redrawn  
18 subcircuit.

19 (a-5) Of the at large judgeships of the 19th judicial  
20 circuit, the first 3 that are or become vacant on or after the  
21 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General  
22 Assembly shall become resident judgeships of the 19th judicial  
23 circuit to be allotted by the Supreme Court under subsection  
24 (c) and filled by election, except that the Supreme Court may  
25 fill those judgeships by appointment for any remainder of a  
26 vacated term until the resident judgeships are filled initially

1 by election. As used in this subsection, a vacancy does not  
2 include the expiration of a term of an at large judge who seeks  
3 retention in that office at the next term.

4 (a-10) The 19th judicial circuit shall have 3 additional  
5 resident judgeships to be allotted by the Supreme Court under  
6 subsection (c). One of the additional resident judgeships shall  
7 be filled by election beginning at the 2010 general election.  
8 Two of the additional resident judgeships shall be filled by  
9 election beginning at the 2012 general election.

10 (b) The 19th circuit shall have a total of 12 resident  
11 judgeships (6 resident judgeships existing on the effective  
12 date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, 3  
13 formerly at large judgeships as provided in subsection (a-5),  
14 and 3 resident judgeships added by subsection (a-10)). The  
15 number of resident judgeships allotted to subcircuits of the  
16 19th judicial circuit pursuant to this Section shall constitute  
17 all the resident judgeships of the 19th judicial circuit.

18 (c) The Supreme Court shall allot (i) all vacancies in  
19 resident judgeships of the 19th circuit existing on or  
20 occurring on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act  
21 of the 93rd General Assembly and not filled at the 2004 general  
22 election, (ii) the resident judgeships of the 19th circuit  
23 filled at the 2004 general election as those judgeships  
24 thereafter become vacant, (iii) the 3 formerly at large  
25 judgeships described in subsection (a-5) as they become  
26 available, and (iv) the 3 resident judgeships added by

1 subsection (a-10), for election from the various subcircuits  
2 until there are 2 resident judges to be elected from each  
3 subcircuit. No resident judge of the 19th circuit serving on  
4 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General  
5 Assembly shall be required to change his or her residency in  
6 order to continue serving in office or to seek retention in  
7 office as resident judgeships are allotted by the Supreme Court  
8 in accordance with this Section.

9 (d) A resident judge elected from a subcircuit shall  
10 continue to reside in that subcircuit as long as he or she  
11 holds that office. A resident judge elected from a subcircuit  
12 after January 1, 2008, must retain residency as a registered  
13 voter in the subcircuit to run for retention from the circuit  
14 at large thereafter.

15 (e) Vacancies in resident judgeships of the 19th circuit  
16 shall be filled in the manner provided in Article VI of the  
17 Illinois Constitution.

18 (Source: P.A. 95-610, eff. 9-11-07; 96-108, eff. 7-30-09.)

19 (705 ILCS 35/2f-4)

20 Sec. 2f-4. 12th circuit; subcircuits; additional judges.

21 (a) The 12th circuit shall be divided into 5 subcircuits.  
22 The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
23 substantially equal in population. The General Assembly by law  
24 shall create the subcircuits, using population data as  
25 determined by the 2000 federal census, and shall determine a

1 numerical order for the 5 subcircuits. That numerical order  
2 shall be the basis for the order in which resident judgeships  
3 are assigned to the subcircuits. The 5 resident judgeships to  
4 be assigned after the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
5 the 96th General Assembly shall be assigned to the 3rd, 4th,  
6 5th, 1st, and 2nd subcircuits, in that order. Once a resident  
7 judgeship is assigned to a subcircuit, it shall continue to be  
8 assigned to that subcircuit for all purposes.

9 (a-5) In 2021, the General Assembly shall redraw the  
10 boundaries of the subcircuits to reflect the results of the  
11 2020 federal decennial census. The General Assembly shall  
12 redraw the subcircuit boundaries after every federal decennial  
13 census. The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
14 substantially equal in population. In accordance with  
15 subsection (a), a resident judgeship assigned to a subcircuit  
16 shall continue to be assigned to that subcircuit. Any vacancy  
17 in a resident judgeship existing on or occurring after the  
18 effective date of a law redrawing the boundaries of the  
19 subcircuits shall be filled by a resident of the redrawn  
20 subcircuit.

21 (a-10) The first vacancy in the 12th judicial circuit's 10  
22 existing circuit judgeships (8 at large and 2 resident), but  
23 not in the additional judgeships described in subsections (b)  
24 and (b-5), that exists on or after the effective date of this  
25 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly shall not be  
26 filled, by appointment or election, and that judgeship is

1 eliminated. Of the 12th judicial circuit's 10 existing circuit  
2 judgeships (8 at large and 2 resident), but not the additional  
3 judgeships described in subsections (b) and (b-5), the second  
4 to be vacant or become vacant on or after the effective date of  
5 this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly shall be  
6 allotted as a 12th circuit resident judgeship under subsection  
7 (c).

8 (a-15) Of the at large judgeships of the 12th judicial  
9 circuit not affected by subsection (a-10), the first 2 that are  
10 or become vacant on or after the effective date of this  
11 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall become  
12 resident judgeships of the 12th judicial circuit to be allotted  
13 by the Supreme Court under subsection (c) and filled by  
14 election, except that the Supreme Court may fill those  
15 judgeships by appointment for any remainder of a vacated term  
16 until the resident judgeships are filled initially by election.

17 (a-20) As used in subsections (a-10) and (a-15), a vacancy  
18 does not include the expiration of a term of an at large or  
19 resident judge who seeks retention in that office at the next  
20 term.

21 (b) The 12th circuit shall have 6 additional resident  
22 judgeships, as well as its existing resident judgeship as  
23 established in subsection (a-10), and existing at large  
24 judgeships, for a total of 15 judgeships available to be  
25 allotted under subsection (c) to the 10 subcircuit resident  
26 judgeships. The additional resident judgeship created by



1 Public Act 93-541 shall be filled by election beginning at the  
2 general election in 2006. The 2 additional resident judgeships  
3 created by this amendatory Act of 2004 shall be filled by  
4 election beginning at the general election in 2008. The  
5 additional resident judgeships created by this amendatory Act  
6 of the 96th General Assembly shall be filled by election  
7 beginning at the general election in 2010. After the  
8 subcircuits are created by law, the Supreme Court may fill by  
9 appointment the additional resident judgeships created by  
10 Public Act 93-541, this amendatory Act of 2004, and this  
11 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly until the 2006,  
12 2008, or 2010 general election, as the case may be.

13 (b-5) In addition to the number of circuit judges and  
14 resident judges otherwise authorized by law, and  
15 notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning on April  
16 1, 2006 there shall be one additional resident judge who is a  
17 resident of and elected from the fourth judicial subcircuit of  
18 the 12th judicial circuit. That additional resident judgeship  
19 may be filled by appointment by the Supreme Court until filled  
20 by election at the general election in 2008, regardless of  
21 whether the judgeships for subcircuits 1, 2, and 3 have been  
22 filled.

23 (c) The Supreme Court shall allot (i) the additional  
24 resident judgeships of the 12th circuit created by Public Act  
25 93-541, this amendatory Act of 2004, and this amendatory Act of  
26 the 96th General Assembly, (ii) the second vacancy in the at

1 large and resident judgeships of the 12th circuit as provided  
2 in subsection (a-10), and (iii) the 2 formerly at large  
3 judgeships described in subsection (a-15) as they become  
4 available, for election from the various subcircuits until,  
5 with the additional judge of the fourth subcircuit described in  
6 subsection (b-5), there are 2 resident judges to be elected  
7 from each subcircuit. No at large or resident judge of the 12th  
8 circuit serving on August 18, 2003 shall be required to change  
9 his or her residency in order to continue serving in office or  
10 to seek retention in office as at large or resident judgeships  
11 are allotted by the Supreme Court in accordance with this  
12 Section.

13 (d) A resident judge elected from a subcircuit shall  
14 continue to reside in that subcircuit as long as he or she  
15 holds that office. A resident judge elected from a subcircuit  
16 after January 1, 2008, must retain residency as a registered  
17 voter in the subcircuit to run for retention from the circuit  
18 at large thereafter.

19 (e) Vacancies in resident judgeships of the 12th circuit  
20 shall be filled in the manner provided in Article VI of the  
21 Illinois Constitution, except as otherwise provided in this  
22 Section.

23 (Source: P.A. 95-610, eff. 9-11-07; 96-108, eff. 7-30-09.)

24 (705 ILCS 35/2f-5)

25 Sec. 2f-5. 22nd circuit; subcircuits; additional resident

1 judgeship.

2 (a) The 22nd circuit shall be divided into 4 subcircuits.  
3 The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
4 substantially equal in population. The General Assembly by law  
5 shall create the subcircuits, using population data as  
6 determined by the 2000 federal census, and shall determine a  
7 numerical order for the 4 subcircuits. That numerical order  
8 shall be the basis for the order in which resident judgeships  
9 are assigned to the subcircuits. Once a resident judgeship is  
10 assigned to a subcircuit, it shall continue to be assigned to  
11 that subcircuit for all purposes.

12 (a-5) In 2021, the General Assembly shall redraw the  
13 boundaries of the subcircuits to reflect the results of the  
14 2020 federal decennial census. The General Assembly shall  
15 redraw the subcircuit boundaries after every federal decennial  
16 census. The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
17 substantially equal in population. In accordance with  
18 subsection (a), a resident judgeship assigned to a subcircuit  
19 shall continue to be assigned to that subcircuit. Any vacancy  
20 in a resident judgeship existing on or occurring after the  
21 effective date of a law redrawing the boundaries of the  
22 subcircuits shall be filled by a resident of the redrawn  
23 subcircuit.

24 (b) Other than the resident judgeship added by this  
25 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the 22nd circuit  
26 shall have one additional resident judgeship, as well as its 3

1 existing resident judgeships, for a total of 4 resident  
2 judgeships to be allotted to the 4 subcircuit resident  
3 judgeships. The additional resident judgeship created by this  
4 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly shall be filled by  
5 election beginning at the general election in 2006 and shall  
6 not be filled by appointment before the general election in  
7 2006. The number of resident judgeships allotted to subcircuits  
8 of the 22nd judicial circuit pursuant to this Section, and the  
9 resident judgeship added by this amendatory Act of the 96th  
10 General Assembly, shall constitute all the resident judgeships  
11 of the 22nd judicial circuit.

12 (c) The Supreme Court shall allot (i) all eligible  
13 vacancies in resident judgeships of the 22nd circuit existing  
14 on or occurring on or after August 18, 2003 and not filled at  
15 the 2004 general election, (ii) the resident judgeships of the  
16 22nd circuit filled at the 2004 general election as those  
17 judgeships thereafter become vacant, and (iii) the additional  
18 resident judgeship of the 22nd circuit created by this  
19 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, for election from  
20 the various subcircuits until there is one resident judge to be  
21 elected from each subcircuit. No resident judge of the 22nd  
22 circuit serving on August 18, 2003 shall be required to change  
23 his or her residency in order to continue serving in office or  
24 to seek retention in office as resident judgeships are allotted  
25 by the Supreme Court in accordance with this Section.

26 (d) A resident judge elected from a subcircuit shall

1 continue to reside in that subcircuit as long as he or she  
2 holds that office. A resident judge elected from a subcircuit  
3 after January 1, 2008, must retain residency as a registered  
4 voter in the subcircuit to run for retention from the circuit  
5 at large thereafter.

6 (e) Vacancies in resident judgeships of the 22nd circuit  
7 shall be filled in the manner provided in Article VI of the  
8 Illinois Constitution.

9 (Source: P.A. 95-610, eff. 9-11-07; 96-108, eff. 7-30-09.)

10 (705 ILCS 35/2f-6)

11 Sec. 2f-6. 17th judicial circuit; subcircuits.

12 (a) The 17th circuit shall be divided into 4 subcircuits.  
13 The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
14 substantially equal in population. The General Assembly by law  
15 shall create the subcircuits, using population data as  
16 determined by the 2000 federal census, and shall determine a  
17 numerical order for the 4 subcircuits. That numerical order  
18 shall be the basis for the order in which resident judgeships  
19 are assigned to the subcircuits. Once a resident judgeship is  
20 assigned to a subcircuit, it shall continue to be assigned to  
21 that subcircuit for all purposes.

22 (a-5) In 2021, the General Assembly shall redraw the  
23 boundaries of the subcircuits to reflect the results of the  
24 2020 federal decennial census. The General Assembly shall  
25 redraw the subcircuit boundaries after every federal decennial

1 census. The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
2 substantially equal in population. In accordance with  
3 subsection (a), a resident judgeship assigned to a subcircuit  
4 shall continue to be assigned to that subcircuit. Any vacancy  
5 in a resident judgeship existing on or occurring after the  
6 effective date of a law redrawing the boundaries of the  
7 subcircuits shall be filled by a resident of the redrawn  
8 subcircuit.

9 (a-10) Of the 17th circuit's 9 circuit judgeships existing  
10 on April 7, 2005 (6 at large and 3 resident), but not including  
11 the one resident judgeship added by this amendatory Act of the  
12 96th General Assembly, the 3 resident judgeships shall be  
13 allotted as 17th circuit resident judgeships under subsection  
14 (c) as those resident judgeships are or become vacant on or  
15 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd  
16 General Assembly. Of the 17th circuit's associate judgeships,  
17 the first associate judgeship that is or becomes vacant on or  
18 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd  
19 General Assembly shall become a resident judgeship of the 17th  
20 circuit to be allotted by the Supreme Court under subsection  
21 (c) as a resident subcircuit judgeship. These resident  
22 judgeships, and the one resident judgeship added by this  
23 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, shall constitute  
24 all of the resident judgeships of the 17th circuit. As used in  
25 this subsection, a vacancy does not include the expiration of a  
26 term of a resident judge who seeks retention in that office at

1 the next term. A vacancy does not exist or occur at the  
2 expiration of an associate judge's term if the associate judge  
3 is reappointed.

4 (b) The 17th circuit shall have a total of 4 judgeships (3  
5 resident judgeships existing on April 7, 2005 and one associate  
6 judgeship), but not including the one resident judgeship added  
7 by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, available  
8 to be allotted to the 4 subcircuit resident judgeships.

9 (c) The Supreme Court shall allot (i) the 3 resident  
10 judgeships of the 17th circuit existing on April 7, 2005 as  
11 they are or become vacant as provided in subsection (a-10) and  
12 (ii) the one associate judgeship converted into a resident  
13 judgeship of the 17th circuit as it is or becomes vacant as  
14 provided in subsection (a-10), for election from the various  
15 subcircuits until there is one resident judge to be elected  
16 from each subcircuit. No resident or associate judge of the  
17 17th circuit serving on the effective date of this amendatory  
18 Act of the 93rd General Assembly shall be required to change  
19 his or her residency in order to continue serving in office or  
20 to seek retention or reappointment in office as resident  
21 judgeships are allotted by the Supreme Court in accordance with  
22 this Section.

23 (d) A resident judge elected from a subcircuit shall  
24 continue to reside in that subcircuit as long as he or she  
25 holds that office. A resident judge elected from a subcircuit  
26 after January 1, 2008, must retain residency as a registered

1 voter in the subcircuit to run for retention from the circuit  
2 at large thereafter.

3 (e) Vacancies in resident judgeships of the 17th circuit  
4 shall be filled in the manner provided in Article VI of the  
5 Illinois Constitution.

6 (Source: P.A. 95-610, eff. 9-11-07; 96-108, eff. 7-30-09.)

7 (705 ILCS 35/2f-9)

8 Sec. 2f-9. 16th judicial circuit; subcircuits.

9 (a) The 16th circuit shall be divided into 4 subcircuits.  
10 Subcircuits 1, 2, and 4 of the 16th circuit in existence on  
11 April 15, 2011 shall continue to use their established  
12 boundaries in the new 16th circuit as of December 3, 2012.  
13 Subcircuit 3 in existence on April 15, 2011 shall continue to  
14 use its established boundary until December 3, 2012. For a  
15 judge elected to subcircuit 3 as of April 15, 2011, the current  
16 boundaries in existence as of April 15, 2011 shall continue  
17 until the conclusion of the existing term of office, following  
18 the 2012 general election, and upon the conclusion of the  
19 existing term of office, the new boundary shall go into effect.  
20 The new boundary for subcircuit 3 shall contain and be made up  
21 of the following townships in the County of Kane, excluding the  
22 portions of the townships currently served by subcircuit 1, 2,  
23 or 4: Aurora, Blackberry, Big Rock, Burlington, Campton,  
24 Dundee, Elgin, Hampshire, Kaneville, Plato, Rutland, Sugar  
25 Grove, and Virgil. The subcircuits shall be compact,



1 contiguous, and substantially equal in population. The General  
2 Assembly by law shall create the subcircuits, using population  
3 data as determined by the 2000 federal census, and shall  
4 determine a numerical order for the 4 subcircuits. That  
5 numerical order shall be the basis for the order in which  
6 resident judgeships are assigned to the subcircuits. Once a  
7 resident judgeship is assigned to a subcircuit, it shall  
8 continue to be assigned to that subcircuit for all purposes.

9 (a-5) In 2021, the General Assembly shall redraw the  
10 boundaries of the subcircuits to reflect the results of the  
11 2020 federal decennial census. The General Assembly shall  
12 redraw the subcircuit boundaries after every federal decennial  
13 census. The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and  
14 substantially equal in population. In accordance with  
15 subsection (a), a resident judgeship assigned to a subcircuit  
16 shall continue to be assigned to that subcircuit. Any vacancy  
17 in a resident judgeship existing on or occurring after the  
18 effective date of a law redrawing the boundaries of the  
19 subcircuits shall be filled by a resident of the redrawn  
20 subcircuit.

21 (b) (Blank).

22 (c) No resident judge of the 16th circuit serving on the  
23 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General  
24 Assembly shall be required to change his or her residency in  
25 order to continue serving in office or to seek retention in  
26 office as judgeships are allotted by the Supreme Court in

1 accordance with this Section. No resident judge elected from a  
2 subcircuit serving on the effective date of this amendatory Act  
3 of the 97th General Assembly shall be required to change his or  
4 her residency in order to continue serving in or to seek  
5 retention in office until the 2012 general election, or until  
6 the conclusion of the existing term.

7 (d) A resident judge elected from a subcircuit shall  
8 continue to reside in that subcircuit as long as he or she  
9 holds that office. A resident judge elected from a subcircuit  
10 after January 1, 2008, must retain residency as a registered  
11 voter in the subcircuit to run for retention from the circuit  
12 at large thereafter. A resident judge elected from a subcircuit  
13 after January 1, 2011, must retain residency as a registered  
14 voter in the subcircuit to run for retention from the circuit  
15 at large thereafter.

16 (e) Vacancies in resident judgeships of the 16th circuit  
17 shall be filled in the manner provided in Article VI of the  
18 Illinois Constitution.

19 (Source: P.A. 96-108, eff. 7-30-09; 97-585, eff. 8-26-11.)