

LRB100 19847 MJP 36496 a

Sen. Jacqueline Y. Collins

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AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2996

10000SB2996sam001

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 2996 by replacing

3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Lead Poisoning Prevention Act is amended by

5 changing Sections 2 and 7 as follows:

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6 (410 ILCS 45/2) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1302)
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7 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act:

8 "Child care facility" means any structure used by a child

9 care provider licensed by the Department of Children and Family

10 Services or public or private school structure frequented by

11 children 6 years of age or younger.

12 "Childhood Lead Risk Questionnaire" means the

questionnaire developed by the Department for use by physicians

and other health care providers to determine risk factors for

children 6 years of age or younger residing in areas designated

16 as low risk for lead exposure.

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1 "Delegate agency" means a unit of local government or 2 health department approved by the Department to carry out the provisions of this Act. 3

"Department" means the Department of Public Health.

"Director" means the Director of Public Health.

"Dwelling unit" means an individual unit within a residential building used as living quarters for one household.

"Elevated blood lead level" means a <u>level of lead in the</u> bloodstream that necessitates the undertaking of responsive action and equals or exceeds the lower of: (1) 5 micrograms of lead per deciliter of blood; or (2) an amount identified in the most recent recommendations from the federal Centers for <u>Disease Control</u> and <u>Prevention</u> blood lead level in excess of those considered within the permissible limits as established under State and federal rules.

"Exposed surface" means any interior or exterior surface of a regulated facility.

"High risk area" means an area in the State determined by the Department to be high risk for lead exposure for children 6 years of age or younger. The Department may consider, but is not limited to, the following factors to determine a high risk area: age and condition (using Department of Housing and Urban Development definitions of "slum" and "blighted") of housing, proximity to highway traffic or heavy local traffic or both, percentage of housing determined as rental or vacant, proximity to industry using lead, established incidence of elevated blood

- 1 lead levels in children, percentage of population living below
- 200% of federal poverty guidelines, and number of children 2
- residing in the area who are 6 years of age or younger. 3
- "Lead abatement" means any approved work practices that 4
- 5 will permanently eliminate lead exposure or remove the
- lead-bearing substances in a regulated facility. 6 The
- Department shall establish by rule which work practices are 7
- 8 approved or prohibited for lead abatement.
- "Lead abatement contractor" means any person or entity 9
- 10 licensed by the Department to perform lead abatement and
- 11 mitigation.
- "Lead abatement supervisor" means any person employed by a 12
- 13 lead abatement contractor and licensed by the Department to
- 14 perform lead abatement and lead mitigation and to supervise
- 15 lead workers who perform lead abatement and lead mitigation.
- 16 "Lead abatement worker" means any person employed by a lead
- abatement contractor and licensed by the Department to perform 17
- 18 lead abatement and mitigation.
- "Lead activities" means the conduct of any lead services, 19
- 20 including, lead inspection, lead risk assessment, lead
- 2.1 mitigation, or lead abatement work or supervision in a
- 22 regulated facility.
- 23 "Lead-bearing substance" means any item containing or
- 24 coated with lead such that the lead content is more than
- 25 six-hundredths of one percent (0.06%) lead by total weight; or
- any dust on surfaces or in furniture or other nonpermanent 26

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elements of the regulated facility; or any paint or other surface coating material containing more than five-tenths of one percent (0.5%) lead by total weight (calculated as lead metal) in the total non-volatile content of liquid paint; or lead-bearing substances containing greater than one milligram per square centimeter or any lower standard for lead content in residential paint as may be established by federal law or rule; or more than 1 milligram per square centimeter in the dried film of paint or previously applied substance; or item or dust on item containing lead in excess of the amount specified in the rules authorized by this Act or a lower standard for lead content as may be established by federal law or rule. "Lead-bearing substance" does not include firearm ammunition or components as defined by the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

"Lead hazard" means a lead-bearing substance that poses an immediate health hazard to humans.

"Lead hazard screen" means a lead risk assessment that involves limited dust and paint sampling for lead-bearing substances and lead hazards. This service is used as a screening tool designed to determine if further investigative services are required for the regulated facility.

24 "Lead inspection" means a surface-by-surface investigation 25 to determine the presence of lead-based paint.

"Lead inspector" means an individual who has been trained

- by a Department-approved training program and is licensed by 1
- the Department to conduct lead inspections; to sample for the 2
- presence of lead in paint, dust, soil, and water; and to 3
- 4 conduct compliance investigations.
- 5 "Lead mitigation" means the remediation, in a manner
- described in Section 9, of a lead hazard so that the 6
- lead-bearing substance does not pose an immediate health hazard 7
- 8 to humans.
- 9 "Lead poisoning" means the poisoning of the bloodstream
- 10 that results from exposure to lead or lead-based substances in
- 11 water, paint, building materials, or the environment, and that
- causes uncorrectable developmental delay and decreased mental 12
- 13 functioning capacity in children and, in severe cases, can lead
- to a child's premature death the condition of having blood lead 14
- 15 levels in excess of those considered safe under State and
- 16 federal rules.
- "Lead risk assessment" means an on-site investigation to 17
- determine the existence, nature, severity, and location of lead 18
- hazards. "Lead risk assessment" includes any lead sampling and 19
- 20 visual assessment associated with conducting a lead risk
- assessment and lead hazard screen and all lead sampling 2.1
- 22 associated with compliance investigations.
- "Lead risk assessor" means an individual who has been 23
- 24 trained by a Department-approved training program and is
- 25 licensed by the Department to conduct lead risk assessments,
- 26 lead inspections, and lead hazard screens; to sample for the

- presence of lead in paint, dust, soil, water, and sources for 1
- 2 lead-bearing substances; and to conduct compliance
- 3 investigations.
- 4 "Lead training program provider" means any
- 5 providing Department-approved lead training in Illinois to
- individuals seeking licensure in accordance with the Act. 6
- "Low risk area" means an area in the State determined by 7
- 8 the Department to be low risk for lead exposure for children 6
- 9 years of age or younger. The Department may consider the
- 10 factors named in "high risk area" to determine low risk areas.
- 11 "Owner" means any person, who alone, jointly, or severally
- with others: 12
- 13 (a) Has legal title to any regulated facility, with or
- 14 without actual possession of the regulated facility, or
- 15 (b) Has charge, care, or control of the regulated
- 16 facility as owner or agent of the owner, or as executor,
- administrator, trustee, or guardian of the estate of the 17
- 18 owner.
- "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, company, 19
- 20 limited liability company, corporation, association, joint
- stock company, trust, estate, political subdivision, State 2.1
- 22 agency, or any other legal entity, or their legal
- 23 representative, agent, or assign.
- 24 "Regulated facility" means a residential building or child
- 25 care facility.
- 26 "Residential building" means any room, group of rooms, or

- 1 other interior areas of a structure designed or used for human
- habitation; common areas accessible by inhabitants; and the 2
- 3 surrounding property or structures.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 98-690, eff. 1-1-15.)
- 5 (410 ILCS 45/7) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1307)

Sec. 7. Reports of lead poisoning required; 6 information to remain confidential; disclosure prohibited. 7 Every physician who diagnoses, or a health care provider, 8 9 nurse, hospital administrator, or public health officer who has verified information of the existence of a blood lead test 10 11 result for any child or pregnant person shall report the result 12 to the Department. An elevated blood lead level Results in excess of the permissible limits set forth in rules adopted by 13 14 the Department shall be reported to the Department within 48 15 hours of receipt of verification. Reports shall include the name, address, laboratory results, date of birth, and any other 16 information about the child or pregnant person deemed essential 17 by the Department. Directors of clinical laboratories must 18 19 report to the Department, within 48 hours of receipt of verification, all blood lead analyses that show an elevated 20 blood lead level above permissible limits set forth in rule 21 performed in their facility. The information included in the 22 23 clinical laboratories report shall include, but not be limited 24 to, the child's name, address, date of birth, name of physician 25 ordering analysis, and specimen type. All blood lead level

1 analyses that do not show an elevated blood lead level levels less than the permissible limits set forth in rule must be 2 3 reported to the Department in accordance with rules adopted by 4 the Department. These rules shall not require reporting in less 5 than 30 days after the end of the month in which the results 6 are obtained. All information obtained by the Department from any source and all information, data, reports, e-mails, 7 8 letters, and other documents generated by the Department or any of its delegate agencies concerning any person subject to this 9 10 Act receiving a blood lead test shall be treated in the same 11 manner as information subject to the provisions of Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure and shall not be 12 13 disclosed. This prohibition on disclosure extends to all 14 information and reports obtained or created by the Department 15 or any of its delegate agencies concerning any regulated 16 facility that has been identified as a potential lead hazard or a source of lead poisoning. This prohibition on disclosure does 17 18 not prevent the Department or its delegates from using any 19 information it obtains civilly, criminally, 20 administratively to prosecute any person who violates this Act, 2.1 nor does it prevent the Department or its delegates from 22 any certificate of compliance, notice, 23 mitigation order issued pursuant to this Act. Any physician, 24 nurse, hospital administrator, director of a clinical 25 laboratory, public health officer, or allied 26 professional making a report in good faith shall be immune from

- 1 any civil or criminal liability that otherwise might be
- 2 incurred from the making of a report.
- (Source: P.A. 98-690, eff. 1-1-15.) 3
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 4
- 1, 2019.". 5