

Rep. Jehan Gordon-Booth

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	10000SB1607ham002 LRB100 11093 RLC 304	79 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1607	
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1607 by repla	cing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:	
4	"Section 5. The Illinois Criminal Justice Information	Act
5	is amended by changing Section 7 as follows:	
6	(20 ILCS 3930/7) (from Ch. 38, par. 210-7)	
7	Sec. 7. Powers and Duties. The Authority shall have	the
8	following powers, duties, and responsibilities:	
9	(a) To develop and operate comprehensive informa	tior
10	systems for the improvement and coordination of all asp	ects
11	of law enforcement, prosecution, and corrections;	
12	(b) To define, develop, evaluate, and correlate S	tate
13	and local programs and projects associated with	the
14	improvement of law enforcement and the administration	n of
15	criminal justice;	

(c) To act as a central repository and clearing house

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for federal, state, and local research studies, plans,
projects, proposals $_{\underline{\prime}}$ and other information relating to all
aspects of criminal justice system improvement and to
encourage educational programs for citizen support of
State and local efforts to make such improvements;

- (d) To undertake research studies to aid in accomplishing its purposes;
- (e) To monitor the operation of existing criminal justice information systems in order to protect the constitutional rights and privacy of individuals about whom criminal history record information has been collected;
- (f) To provide an effective administrative forum for the protection of the rights of individuals concerning criminal history record information;
- (g) To issue regulations, guidelines, and procedures which ensure the privacy and security of criminal history record information consistent with State and federal laws;
- (h) To act as the sole administrative appeal body in the State of Illinois to conduct hearings and make final determinations concerning individual challenges to the completeness and accuracy of criminal history record information;
- (i) To act as the sole, official, criminal justice body in the State of Illinois to conduct annual and periodic audits of the procedures, policies, and practices of the

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State central repositories for criminal history record information to verify compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing such information;

- (j) To advise the Authority's Statistical Analysis Center;
- (k) To apply for, receive, establish priorities for, allocate, disburse, and spend grants of funds that are made available by and received on or after January 1, 1983 from private sources or from the United States pursuant to the federal Crime Control Act of 1973, as amended, and similar federal legislation, and to enter into agreements with the United States government to further the purposes of this Act, or as may be required as a condition of obtaining federal funds;
- (1) To receive, expend, and account for such funds of the State of Illinois as may be made available to further the purposes of this Act;
- (m) To enter into contracts and to cooperate with units of general local government or combinations of such units, State agencies, and criminal justice system agencies of other states for the purpose of carrying out the duties of the Authority imposed by this Act or by the federal Crime Control Act of 1973, as amended;
- (n) To enter into contracts and cooperate with units of general local government outside of Illinois, other states' agencies, and private organizations outside of

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Illinois to provide computer software or design that has been developed for the Illinois criminal justice system, or to participate in the cooperative development or design of new software or systems to be used by the Illinois criminal justice system. Revenues received as a result of such arrangements shall be deposited in the Criminal Justice Information Systems Trust Fund;

- (o) To establish general policies concerning criminal justice information systems and to promulgate such rules, regulations, and procedures as are necessary to the operation of the Authority and to the uniform consideration of appeals and audits;
- (p) To advise and to make recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly on policies relating to criminal justice information systems;
- (q) To direct all other agencies under the jurisdiction of the Governor to provide whatever assistance and information the Authority may lawfully require to carry out its functions;
- (r) To exercise any other powers that are reasonable and necessary to fulfill the responsibilities of the Authority under this Act and to comply with the requirements of applicable federal law or regulation;
- (s) To exercise the rights, powers, and duties which have been vested in the Authority by the "Illinois Uniform Conviction Information Act", enacted by the 85th General

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Assembly, as hereafter amended;

- (t) (Blank);
- (u) To exercise the rights, powers, and duties vested in the Authority by the Illinois Public Safety Agency Network Act;
- (v) To provide technical assistance in the form of training to local governmental entities within Illinois requesting such assistance for the purposes of procuring grants for gang intervention and gang prevention programs or other criminal justice programs from the United States Department of Justice; and
- (w) To conduct strategic planning and provide technical assistance to implement comprehensive trauma recovery services for violent crime victims in underserved communities with high levels of violent crime, with the goal of providing a safe, community-based, culturally competent environment in which to access services necessary to facilitate recovery from the effects of chronic and repeat exposure to trauma. Services may include, but are not limited to, behavioral health treatment, financial recovery, family support and relocation assistance, and support in navigating the legal system; and.
- (x) To coordinate statewide violence prevention efforts and assist in the implementation of trauma recovery centers and analyze trauma recovery services. The

- Authority shall develop, publish, and facilitate the 1 implementation of a 4-year statewide violence prevention 2 3 plan, which shall incorporate public health, public 4 safety, victim services, and trauma recovery centers and
- 5 services.
- The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall 6 be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker, 7 the Minority Leader, and the Clerk of the House 8 9 Representatives, and the President, the Minority Leader, and 10 the Secretary of the Senate, and the Legislative Research Unit, 11 as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act "An Act to revise the law in relation to the General 12 13 Assembly", approved February 25, 1874, as amended, and filing 14 such additional copies with the State Government Report 15 Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required
- (Source: P.A. 99-938, eff. 1-1-18; 100-373, eff. 1-1-18; 17

under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

18 revised 10-2-17.)

- 19 Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by 20 changing Section 6-303 as follows:
- 21 (625 ILCS 5/6-303) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-303)
- 22 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-149)
- 23 Sec. 6-303. Driving while driver's license, permit or
- 24 privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended or revoked.

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- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5), any person who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle on any highway of this State at a time when such person's driver's license, permit or privilege to do so or the privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit is revoked or suspended as provided by this Code or the law of another state, except as may be specifically allowed by a judicial driving permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, monitoring device driving permit, family financial responsibility driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or under the law of another state, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (a-3) A second or subsequent violation of subsection (a) of this Section is a Class 4 felony if committed by a person whose driving or operation of a motor vehicle is the proximate cause of a motor vehicle accident that causes personal injury or death to another. For purposes of this subsection, a personal injury includes any Type A injury as indicated on the traffic accident report completed by a law enforcement officer that requires immediate professional attention in either a doctor's office or a medical facility. A Type A injury includes severe bleeding wounds, distorted extremities, and injuries that require the injured party to be carried from the scene.
- (a-5) Any person who violates this Section as provided in subsection (a) while his or her driver's license, permit or privilege is revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of

the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar provision of a law of another state, is guilty of a Class 4 felony. The person shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation, as provided in Section 11-501 of this Code, to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound problem exists and the extent of the problem, and to undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate.

(a-10) A person's driver's license, permit, or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit may be subject to multiple revocations, multiple suspensions, or any combination of both simultaneously. No revocation or suspension shall serve to negate, invalidate, cancel, postpone, or in any way lessen the effect of any other revocation or suspension entered prior or subsequent to any other revocation or suspension.

(b) (Blank).

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(b-1) Upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle during the time when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was suspended by the Secretary of State or the driver's licensing administrator of another state, except as specifically allowed by a probationary license, judicial driving permit, restricted driving permit or monitoring device driving permit the Secretary shall extend the suspension for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension unless the suspension has already expired, in which case the

- 1 Secretary shall be authorized to suspend the person's driving
- 2 privileges for the same period of time as the originally
- 3 imposed suspension.
- 4 (b-2) Except as provided in subsection (b-6), upon
- 5 receiving a report of the conviction of any violation
- 6 indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle when the
- 7 person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked by
- 8 the Secretary of State or the driver's license administrator of
- 9 any other state, except as specifically allowed by a restricted
- 10 driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of
- another state, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license
- for an additional period of one year from the date of such
- 13 conviction indicating such person was operating a vehicle
- during such period of revocation.
- 15 (b-3) (Blank).
- 16 (b-4) When the Secretary of State receives a report of a
- 17 conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a
- 18 motor vehicle that was not equipped with an ignition interlock
- 19 device during a time when the person was prohibited from
- operating a motor vehicle not equipped with such a device, the
- 21 Secretary shall not issue a driver's license to that person for
- 22 an additional period of one year from the date of the
- 23 conviction.
- 24 (b-5) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall
- 25 serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 consecutive days or
- 26 300 hours of community service when the person's driving

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privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services.

- (b-6) Upon receiving a report of a first conviction of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of three years from the date of such conviction.
- (c) Except as provided in subsections (c-3) and (c-4), any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service when the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:
 - (1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug or any combination thereof; or
 - (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of

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1	this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance
2	relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a motor
3	vehicle accident involving personal injury or death; or

(3) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.

Such sentence of imprisonment or community service shall not be subject to suspension in order to reduce such sentence.

- (c-1) Except as provided in subsections (c-5) and (d), any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be ordered by the court to serve a minimum of 100 hours of community service. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services.
- (c-2) In addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, the court may impose on any person convicted a fourth time of violating this Section any of the following:
- (1) Seizure of the license plates of the person's 17 vehicle. 18
 - (2) Immobilization of the person's vehicle for a period of time to be determined by the court.
 - (c-3) Any person convicted of a violation of this Section during a period of summary suspension imposed pursuant to Section 11-501.1 when the person was eligible for a MDDP shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
- 26 (c-4) Any person who has been issued a MDDP or a restricted

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- driving permit which requires the person to operate only motor vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device and who is convicted of a violation of this Section as a result of operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device at the time of the offense shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
 - (c-5) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and shall serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense; and
 - (2) the prior conviction under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or was suspended or revoked for a violation of 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar Section out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.

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- (d) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and
 - (2) the prior conviction under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
 - (3) The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services.
- (d-1) Except as provided in subsections (d-2), (d-2.5), and (d-3), any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the

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- 1 court. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and 2 3 treatment as determined by court services.
 - (d-2) Any person convicted of a third violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and
 - (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
 - (d-2.5) Any person convicted of a third violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 1 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and must serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred while the person's

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driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of the person's life; and

- (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
- (d-3) Any person convicted of a fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, or ninth violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and

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- (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
- (d-3.5) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of this Section is quilty of a Class 1 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and must serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, and is eligible for an extended term, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense; and
 - (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar

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- out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local 1 ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation 2 under Section 11-501.1 of this Code. 3
 - (d-4) Any person convicted of a tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, or fourteenth violation of this Section is quilty of a Class 3 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and
 - (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
 - (d-5) Any person convicted of a fifteenth or subsequent violation of this Section is quilty of a Class 2 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's

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driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and

- (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
- (e) Any person in violation of this Section who is also in violation of Section 7-601 of this Code relating to mandatory insurance requirements, in addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, shall have his or her motor vehicle immediately impounded by the arresting law enforcement officer. The motor vehicle may be released to any licensed driver upon a showing of proof of insurance for the vehicle that was impounded and the notarized written consent for the release by the vehicle owner.
- (f) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction.

1 (q) The motor vehicle used in a violation of this Section is subject to seizure and forfeiture as provided in Sections 36-1 and 36-2 of the Criminal Code of 2012 if the person's 3

driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:

- 5 (1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar 6 provision of a law of another state; 7
 - (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar provision of a law of another state;
 - (3) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code or a similar provision of a law of another state; or
- (4) a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 14 15 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of 16 17 another state.
- (Source: P.A. 98-285, eff. 1-1-14; 98-418, eff. 8-16-13; 18
- 98-573, eff. 8-27-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-290, eff. 19
- 20 1-1-16.

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- 21 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-149)
- 22 Sec. 6-303. Driving while driver's license, permit or 23 privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended or revoked.
- 24 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5), any 25 person who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor

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vehicle on any highway of this State at a time when such person's driver's license, permit or privilege to do so or the privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit is revoked or suspended as provided by this Code or the law of another state, except as may be specifically allowed by a judicial driving permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, monitoring device driving permit, family financial responsibility driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or under the law of another state, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(a-3) A second or subsequent violation of subsection (a) of this Section is a Class 4 felony if committed by a person whose driving or operation of a motor vehicle is the proximate cause of a motor vehicle accident that causes personal injury or death to another. For purposes of this subsection, a personal injury includes any Type A injury as indicated on the traffic accident report completed by a law enforcement officer that requires immediate professional attention in either a doctor's office or a medical facility. A Type A injury includes severe bleeding wounds, distorted extremities, and injuries that require the injured party to be carried from the scene.

(a-5) Any person who violates this Section as provided in subsection (a) while his or her driver's license, permit or privilege is revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of

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subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar provision of a law of another state, is quilty of a Class 4 felony. The person shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation, as provided in Section 11-501 of this Code, to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound problem exists and the extent of the problem, and to undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate.

(a-10) A person's driver's license, permit, or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit may be subject to multiple revocations, multiple suspensions, or any combination of both simultaneously. No revocation or suspension shall serve to negate, invalidate, cancel, postpone, or in any way lessen the effect of any other revocation or suspension entered prior or subsequent to any other revocation or suspension.

(b) (Blank).

(b-1) Upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle during the time when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was suspended by the Secretary of State or the driver's licensing administrator of another state, except as specifically allowed by a probationary license, judicial driving permit, restricted driving permit or monitoring device

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1 driving permit the Secretary shall extend the suspension for 2 the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension unless the suspension has already expired, in which case the 3 4 Secretary shall be authorized to suspend the person's driving 5 privileges for the same period of time as the originally 6 imposed suspension.

(b-2) Except as provided in subsection (b-6), report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked by the Secretary of State or the driver's license administrator of any other state, except as specifically allowed by a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of one year from the date of such conviction indicating such person was operating a vehicle during such period of revocation.

(b-3) (Blank).

(b-4) When the Secretary of State receives a report of a conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle that was not equipped with an ignition interlock device during a time when the person was prohibited from operating a motor vehicle not equipped with such a device, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license to that person for an additional period of one year from the date of the conviction.

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(b-5) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 consecutive days or 300 hours of community service when the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar provision of a law of another state. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services.

(b-6) Upon receiving a report of a first conviction of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense,

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- 1 the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of three years from the date of such 2 conviction. 3
 - (c) Except as provided in subsections (c-3) and (c-4), any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service when the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:
 - (1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug or any combination thereof; or
 - (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident involving personal injury or death; or
 - (3) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
 - Such sentence of imprisonment or community service shall not be subject to suspension in order to reduce such sentence.
 - (c-1) Except as provided in subsections (c-5) and (d), any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be ordered by the court to serve a minimum of 100 hours of community service. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in

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activities and treatment as determined by court services.

- (c-2) In addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, the court may impose on any person convicted a fourth time of violating this Section any of the following:
- 5 (1) Seizure of the license plates of the person's vehicle. 6
- (2) Immobilization of the person's vehicle for a period 7 8 of time to be determined by the court.
 - (c-3) Any person convicted of a violation of this Section during a period of summary suspension imposed pursuant to Section 11-501.1 when the person was eliqible for a MDDP shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
 - (c-4) Any person who has been issued a MDDP or a restricted driving permit which requires the person to operate only motor vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device and who is convicted of a violation of this Section as a result of operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device at the time of the offense shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
 - (c-5) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and shall serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's

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driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense; and

(2) the prior conviction under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the reckless homicide, or а violation offense of of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense, or was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.

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- (d) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and
 - (2) the prior conviction under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense.
 - (3) The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of

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1 community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services. 2

- (d-1) Except as provided in subsections (d-2), (d-2.5), and (d-3), any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services.
- (d-2) Any person convicted of a third violation of this Section is quilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and
 - (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of

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reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense.

- (d-2.5) Any person convicted of a third violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 1 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and must serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of the person's life; and
 - (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code

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of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation ofsubparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense, or was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.

- (d-3) Any person convicted of a fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, or ninth violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and
 - (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this

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Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense.

(d-3.5) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of this Section is quilty of a Class 1 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and must serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, and is eligible for an extended term, if:

(1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation

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was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense: and

- (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the of reckless homicide, or a violation subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense, or was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
- (d-4) Any person convicted of a tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, or fourteenth violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 3 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local

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ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and

- (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense.
- (d-5) Any person convicted of a fifteenth or subsequent violation of this Section is quilty of a Class 2 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if:
 - (1) the current violation occurred when the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code; and

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- (2) the prior convictions under this Section occurred while the person's driver's license was suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar out-of-state offense.
- (e) Any person in violation of this Section who is also in violation of Section 7-601 of this Code relating to mandatory insurance requirements, in addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, shall have his or her motor vehicle immediately impounded by the arresting law enforcement officer. The motor vehicle may be released to any licensed driver upon a showing of proof of insurance for the vehicle that was impounded and the notarized written consent for the release by the vehicle owner.
- (f) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted

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- as proof of any prior conviction. 1
 - (g) The motor vehicle used in a violation of this Section is subject to seizure and forfeiture as provided in Sections 36-1 and 36-2 of the Criminal Code of 2012 if the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:
 - (1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar provision of a law of another state;
 - (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar provision of a law of another state;
 - (3) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code or a similar provision of a law of another state; or
 - (4) a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, relating to the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof when the violation was a proximate cause of a death, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
- (Source: P.A. 99-290, eff. 1-1-16; 100-149, eff. 1-1-18.) 24

Section 10 as follows:

- 2 (720 ILCS 550/10) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 710)
- 3 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-3)
 - Sec. 10. (a) Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of, or placed on probation or court supervision for, any offense under this Act or any law of the United States or of any State relating to cannabis, or controlled substances as defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, pleads guilty to or is found guilty of violating Sections 4(a), 4(b), 4(c), 5(a), 5(b), 5(c) or 8 of this Act, the court may, without entering a judgment and with the consent of such person, sentence him to probation.
 - (b) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months, and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.
 - (c) The conditions of probation shall be that the person:

 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction; (2) refrain from possession of a firearm or other dangerous weapon;

 (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times during the period of the probation, with the cost of the testing to be paid by the probationer; and (4) perform no less than 30 hours of community service, provided community service is available

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- 2 board. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of
- 3 community service hours for participation in activities and
- 4 treatment as determined by court services.
- 5 (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require 6 that the person:
 - (1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of probation;
 - (2) pay a fine and costs;
- (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational 12 13 training;
 - (4)undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
 - (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
 - (6) support his dependents;
 - refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon;
 - (7-5) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the

1	presence	of	any	illicit	drug;

- (8) and in addition, if a minor: 2
- 3 (i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;
- 4 (ii) attend school;
- 5 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
- (iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a 6
- 7 foster home.

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- 8 (e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the 9 court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and 10 proceed as otherwise provided.
- 11 (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge such person and dismiss 12 13 the proceedings against him.
 - (q) A disposition of probation is considered to be a conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal, however, discharge and dismissal under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of disqualification or disabilities imposed by law conviction of a crime (including the additional penalty imposed for subsequent offenses under Section 4(c), 4(d), 5(c) or 5(d) of this Act).
 - (h) Discharge and dismissal under this Section, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 5-6-3.3 or 5-6-3.4 of the Unified Code of Corrections, or subsection (c) of Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or

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- 1 the Criminal Code of 2012 may occur only once with respect to 2 any person.
 - (i) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that conviction as a factor in aggravation.
 - (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), before a person is sentenced to probation under this Section, the court may refer the person to the drug court established in that judicial circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment Act. The drug court team shall evaluate the person's likelihood of successfully completing a sentence of probation under this Section and shall report the results of its evaluation to the court. If the drug court team finds that the person suffers from a substance abuse problem that makes him or her substantially unlikely to successfully complete a sentence of probation under this Section, then the drug court shall set forth its findings in the form of a written order, and the person shall not be sentenced to probation under this Section, but may be considered for the drug court program.
- (Source: P.A. 98-164, eff. 1-1-14; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15.) 24
 - (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-3)

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- Sec. 10. (a) Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any felony offense under this Act or any law of the United States or of any State relating to cannabis, or controlled substances as defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, pleads guilty to or is found guilty of violating Sections 4(a), 4(b), 4(c), 5(a), 5(b), 5(c) or 8 of this Act, the court may, without entering a judgment and with the consent of such person, sentence him to probation.
 - (b) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months, and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.
- (c) The conditions of probation shall be that the person: (1) not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction; (2) refrain from possession of a firearm or other dangerous weapon; (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times during the period of the probation, with the cost of the testing to be paid by the probationer; and (4) perform no less than 30 hours of community service, provided community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services.
 - (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require

1	that the person:
2	(1) make a report to and appear in person before or
3	participate with the court or such courts, person, or
4	social service agency as directed by the court in the order
5	of probation;
6	(2) pay a fine and costs;
7	(3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
8	training;
9	(4) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; or
10	treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
11	(5) attend or reside in a facility established for the
12	instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
13	(6) support his dependents;
14	(7) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
15	dangerous weapon;
16	(7-5) refrain from having in his or her body the
17	presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis
18	Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the
19	Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,
20	unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his
21	or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the
22	presence of any illicit drug;

(8) and in addition, if a minor:

(ii) attend school;

(i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;

(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;

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- 1 (iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a foster home. 2
 - (e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.
 - (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge such person and dismiss the proceedings against him.
 - (q) A disposition of probation is considered to be a conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal, however, discharge and dismissal under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of disqualification or disabilities imposed by law conviction of a crime (including the additional penalty imposed for subsequent offenses under Section 4(c), 4(d), 5(c) or 5(d) of this Act).
 - (h) A person may not have more than one discharge and dismissal under this Section within a 4-year period.
 - (i) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that conviction as a factor in aggravation.
 - (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), before a person is

- 1 sentenced to probation under this Section, the court may refer 2 the person to the drug court established in that judicial 3 circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment Act. 4 The drug court team shall evaluate the person's likelihood of 5 successfully completing a sentence of probation under this Section and shall report the results of its evaluation to the 6 court. If the drug court team finds that the person suffers 7 8 from a substance abuse problem that makes him or 9 substantially unlikely to successfully complete a sentence of 10 probation under this Section, then the drug court shall set 11 forth its findings in the form of a written order, and the person shall not be sentenced to probation under this Section, 12
- (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.) 14

but shall be considered for the drug court program.

- 15 Section 20. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is 16 amended by changing Section 410 as follows:
- (720 ILCS 570/410) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1410) 17
- 18 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-3)
- 19 Sec. 410. (a) Whenever any person who has not previously 20 been convicted of, or placed on probation or court supervision 21 for any offense under this Act or any law of the United States 22 or of any State relating to cannabis or controlled substances, 23 pleads guilty to or is found guilty of possession of a controlled or counterfeit substance under subsection (c) of 24

- 1 Section 402 or of unauthorized possession of prescription form
- under Section 406.2, the court, without entering a judgment and 2
- with the consent of such person, may sentence him or her to 3
- 4 probation.
- 5 (b) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall
- 6 enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months
- and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the 7
- conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition 8
- 9 alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.
- 10 (c) The conditions of probation shall be that the person:
- 11 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction; (2)
- refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon; 12
- 13 (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a manner
- 14 as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times during the
- 15 period of the probation, with the cost of the testing to be
- 16 paid by the probationer; and (4) perform no less than 30 hours
- of community service, provided community service is available 17
- 18 in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county
- 19 board. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of
- 20 community service hours for participation in activities and
- 21 treatment as determined by court services.
- 22 (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require
- 23 that the person:
- 24 (1) make a report to and appear in person before or
- 25 participate with the court or such courts, person, or
- 26 social service agency as directed by the court in the order

1	of probation;
2	(2) pay a fine and costs;
3	(3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
4	training;
5	(4) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; or
6	treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois
7	Department of Human Services;
8	(5) attend or reside in a facility established for the
9	instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
10	(6) support his or her dependents;
11	(6-5) refrain from having in his or her body the
12	presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis
13	Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the
14	Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,
15	unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his
16	or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the
17	presence of any illicit drug;
18	(7) and in addition, if a minor:
19	(i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster
20	home;
21	(ii) attend school;
22	(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
23	(iv) contribute to his or her own support at home
24	or in a foster home.
25	(e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the
26	court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and

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- proceed as otherwise provided. 1
 - Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him or her.
 - (g) A disposition of probation is considered to be a conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal, however, discharge and dismissal under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this Act or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime.
 - (h) There may be only one discharge and dismissal under this Section, Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 5-6-3.3 or 5-6-3.4 of the Unified Code of Corrections, or subsection (c) of Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 with respect to any person.
 - (i) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that conviction as evidence in aggravation.
 - (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), before a person is sentenced to probation under this Section, the court may refer the person to the drug court established in that judicial

- 1 circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment Act.
- 2 The drug court team shall evaluate the person's likelihood of
- successfully completing a sentence of probation under this 3
- 4 Section and shall report the results of its evaluation to the
- 5 court. If the drug court team finds that the person suffers
- from a substance abuse problem that makes him or her 6
- substantially unlikely to successfully complete a sentence of 7
- probation under this Section, then the drug court shall set 8
- 9 forth its findings in the form of a written order, and the
- 10 person shall not be sentenced to probation under this Section,
- 11 but may be considered for the drug court program.
- (Source: P.A. 98-164, eff. 1-1-14; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15.) 12
- 13 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-3)

sentence him or her to probation.

- 14 Sec. 410. (a) Whenever any person who has not previously 15 been convicted of any felony offense under this Act or any law of the United States or of any State relating to cannabis or 16 controlled substances, pleads guilty to or is found guilty of 17 possession of a controlled or counterfeit substance under 18 19 subsection (c) of Section 402 or of unauthorized possession of prescription form under Section 406.2, the court, without 20 21 entering a judgment and with the consent of such person, may
- 23 (b) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall 24 enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the 25

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(c) The conditions of probation shall be that the person:

- 1 conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of probation. 2
- 4 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction; (2) 5 refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon; (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a manner 6 as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times during the 7 period of the probation, with the cost of the testing to be 8 9 paid by the probationer; and (4) perform no less than 30 hours 10 of community service, provided community service is available
- board. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of 12

in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county

- 13 community service hours for participation in activities and
- 14 treatment as determined by court services.
- 15 (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require 16 that the person:
 - (1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of probation;
 - (2) pay a fine and costs;
- 22 (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational 23 training;
- 24 (4) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; or 25 treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois 26 Department of Human Services;

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1	(5)	attend	or	reside	in	a	facility	established	for	the
2	instruc	tion or	res	sidence	of	de	fendants	on probation	;	

- (6) support his or her dependents;
- (6-5) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;
- (7) and in addition, if a minor:
- 12 (i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster
 13 home;
- 14 (ii) attend school;
- 15 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
- 16 (iv) contribute to his or her own support at home or in a foster home.
 - (e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.
 - (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him or her.
 - (g) A disposition of probation is considered to be a conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal, however, discharge and dismissal

- 1 under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this Act
- or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by 2
- 3 law upon conviction of a crime.
- 4 (h) A person may not have more than one discharge and
- 5 dismissal under this Section within a 4-year period.
- (i) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act, 6
- the Cannabis Control Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and 7
- 8 Community Protection Act within 5 years subsequent to a
- 9 discharge and dismissal under this Section, the discharge and
- 10 dismissal under this Section shall be admissible in the
- 11 sentencing proceeding for that conviction as evidence in
- aggravation. 12
- 13 (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), before a person is
- 14 sentenced to probation under this Section, the court may refer
- 15 the person to the drug court established in that judicial
- 16 circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment Act.
- The drug court team shall evaluate the person's likelihood of 17
- successfully completing a sentence of probation under this 18
- Section and shall report the results of its evaluation to the 19
- 20 court. If the drug court team finds that the person suffers
- from a substance abuse problem that makes him or her 2.1
- 22 substantially unlikely to successfully complete a sentence of
- 23 probation under this Section, then the drug court shall set
- 24 forth its findings in the form of a written order, and the
- 25 person shall not be sentenced to probation under this Section,
- 26 but shall be considered for the drug court program.

- (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.) 1
- 2 Section 25. The Methamphetamine Control and Community
- 3 Protection Act is amended by changing Section 70 as follows:
- (720 ILCS 646/70) 4
- (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-3) 5
- 6 Sec. 70. Probation.

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- 7 Whenever any person who has not previously been 8 convicted of, or placed on probation or court supervision for 9 any offense under this Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or any law of the United States 10 11 or of any state relating to cannabis or controlled substances, 12 pleads quilty to or is found quilty of possession of less than 13 15 grams of methamphetamine under paragraph (1) or (2) of 14 subsection (b) of Section 60 of this Act, the court, without entering a judgment and with the consent of the person, may 15 16 sentence him or her to probation.
 - (b) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.
- 22 (c) The conditions of probation shall be that the person:
- 23 (1)not violate any criminal statute of 24 jurisdiction;

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L	(2)	refrain	from	possessing	a	firearm	or	other
2	dangerou	s weapon;						

- (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times during the period of the probation, with the cost of the testing to be paid by the probationer; and
- (4) perform no less than 30 hours of community service, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services.
- (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require that the person take one or more of the following actions:
 - (1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of probation;
 - (2) pay a fine and costs;
 - (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational training;
 - (4) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; or treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois Department of Human Services;
 - (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of defendants on probation;

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- (6) support his or her dependents; 1
 - (7) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by this Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug; or

(8) if a minor:

- (i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster home;
- 11 (ii) attend school;
- (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth; 12 13 or
- 14 (iv) contribute to his or her own support at home 15 or in a foster home.
 - (e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.
 - Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.
 - (g) A disposition of probation is considered to be a conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal, however, discharge and dismissal under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this Act or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by

- 1 law upon conviction of a crime.
- (h) There may be only one discharge and dismissal under 2
- this Section, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances 3
- 4 Act, Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 5-6-3.3 or
- 5 5-6-3.4 of the Unified Code of Corrections, or subsection (c)
- of Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 6
- 7 Code of 2012 with respect to any person.
- (i) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act,
- 9 the Cannabis Control Act, or the Illinois Controlled Substances
- 10 Act within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal
- under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this 11
- Section are admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that 12
- 13 conviction as evidence in aggravation.
- 14 (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), before a person is
- 15 sentenced to probation under this Section, the court may refer
- 16 the person to the drug court established in that judicial
- circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment Act. 17
- 18 The drug court team shall evaluate the person's likelihood of
- successfully completing a sentence of probation under this 19
- 20 Section and shall report the results of its evaluation to the
- 2.1 court. If the drug court team finds that the person suffers
- 22 from a substance abuse problem that makes him or
- 23 substantially unlikely to successfully complete a sentence of
- 24 probation under this Section, then the drug court shall set
- 25 forth its findings in the form of a written order, and the
- 26 person shall not be sentenced to probation under this Section,

- 1 but may be considered for the drug court program.
- (Source: P.A. 98-164, eff. 1-1-14; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15.) 2
- 3 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-3)
- 4 Sec. 70. Probation.

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- (a) Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any felony offense under this Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or any law of the United States or of any state relating to cannabis or controlled substances, pleads quilty to or is found quilty of possession of less than 15 grams of methamphetamine under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of Section 60 of this Act, the court, without entering a judgment and with the consent of the person, may sentence him or her to probation.
 - (b) When a person is placed on probation, the court shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of 24 months and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.
 - (c) The conditions of probation shall be that the person:
- 20 (1)violate any criminal statute of not any 21 jurisdiction;
- 22 refrain from possessing a firearm or other 23 dangerous weapon;
- 24 (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a 25 manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times

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L	during	the	period	of	the	probation,	with	the	cost	of	the
2	testing	r to	be paid	by	the	probationer	; and				

- (4) perform no less than 30 hours of community service, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board. The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services.
- (d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require that the person take one or more of the following actions:
 - (1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of probation;
 - (2) pay a fine and costs;
- (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational training;
 - (4) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment; or treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois Department of Human Services;
 - (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
 - (6) support his or her dependents;
 - (7) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by this Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,

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1	unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his
2	or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the
3	presence of any illicit drug; or

- (8) if a minor:
- 5 (i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster 6 home;
- 7 (ii) attend school;
- 8 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
 9 or
- 10 (iv) contribute to his or her own support at home
 11 or in a foster home.
- 12 (e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the 13 court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and 14 proceed as otherwise provided.
 - (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.
 - (g) A disposition of probation is considered to be a conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal, however, discharge and dismissal under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this Act or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime.
- 24 (h) A person may not have more than one discharge and dismissal under this Section within a 4-year period.
 - (i) If a person is convicted of an offense under this Act,

- the Cannabis Control Act, or the Illinois Controlled Substances 1
- Act within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal 2
- under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this 3
- 4 Section are admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that
- 5 conviction as evidence in aggravation.
- (i) Notwithstanding subsection (a), before a person is 6
- sentenced to probation under this Section, the court may refer 7
- 8 the person to the drug court established in that judicial
- 9 circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment Act.
- 10 The drug court team shall evaluate the person's likelihood of
- 11 successfully completing a sentence of probation under this
- Section and shall report the results of its evaluation to the 12
- 13 court. If the drug court team finds that the person suffers
- 14 from a substance abuse problem that makes him or her
- 15 substantially unlikely to successfully complete a sentence of
- 16 probation under this Section, then the drug court shall set
- forth its findings in the form of a written order, and the 17
- 18 person shall not be sentenced to probation under this Section,
- 19 but shall be considered for the drug court program.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.)
- Section 30. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by 21
- changing Sections 3-3-7, 3-6-3, 5-5-3, 5-6-3, 5-6-3.3, 22
- 5-6-3.4, and 5-8A-3 and by adding Section 5-8A-4.2 as follows: 23
- 24 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-7)

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1 (Text (٦f	Section	hefore	amendment	h tz	$P \Delta$	1 ()	0-261	()

- 2 Sec. 3-3-7. Conditions of parole or mandatory supervised 3 release.
- 4 (a) The conditions of parole or mandatory supervised 5 release shall be such as the Prisoner Review Board deems necessary to assist the subject in leading a law-abiding life. 6 The conditions of every parole and mandatory supervised release 7
- 8 are that the subject:

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- (1)not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction during the parole or release term;
 - refrain from possessing a firearm or other (2) dangerous weapon;
 - report to an agent of the Department Corrections;
 - (4) permit the agent to visit him or her at his or her home, employment, or elsewhere to the extent necessary for the agent to discharge his or her duties;
 - (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on parole or mandatory supervised release;
 - (6) secure permission before visiting or writing a committed person in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility;
- (7) report all arrests to an agent of the Department of Corrections as soon as permitted by the arresting authority but in no event later than 24 hours after release from

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custody and immediately report service or notification of an order of protection, a civil no contact order, or a stalking no contact order to an agent of the Department of Corrections;

- (7.5) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the individual shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment conducted in conformance with the standards developed by the Sex Offender Management Board Act by a treatment provider approved by the Board;
- (7.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; the provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders, or is in any facility operated or licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services or by the Department of Human Services, or is in any licensed medical facility;
- (7.7) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sexual predator under the Sex Offender

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Registration Act on or after January 1, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 94-988), wear an approved electronic monitoring device as defined in Section 5-8A-2 for the duration of the person's parole, mandatory supervised release term, or extended mandatory supervised release term and if convicted for an offense of criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, or ritualized abuse of a child committed on or after August 11, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-236) when the victim was under 18 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense and the defendant used force or the threat of force in the commission of the offense wear an approved electronic monitoring device as defined in Section 5-8A-2 that has Global Positioning System (GPS) capability for duration of the person's parole, mandatory supervised release term, or extended mandatory supervised release term;

(7.8) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain or communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom the

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accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (7.8), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

(7.9) if convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, consent to search of computers, PDAs, cellular phones, and other devices under his or her control that are capable of accessing the Internet or storing electronic files, in order to confirm Internet protocol addresses reported in accordance with the Sex Offender Registration Act and compliance with conditions in this Act:

(7.10) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sex offender or sexual predator under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-640), not possess prescription drugs for erectile dysfunction;

(7.11) if convicted for an offense under Section 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-14.4 that involves soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012,

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L	or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed
2	on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act
3	95-983):

- (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the Department;
- (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of the offender's computer or any other device with Internet capability by the offender's supervising agent, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer or information technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or device and any internal or external peripherals and removal of such information, equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough inspection;
- (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's computer or device with Internet capability, at the offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software systems to monitor the Internet use; and
- (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the Board, the Department or the offender's supervising agent;
- (7.12) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January

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1, 2010 (the effe	ective date	of Public Act	96-262), refrain
from accessing of	or using a	social network	cking website as
defined in Section	n 17-0 5 of	the Criminal (ode of 2012:

- (7.13) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-362) that requires the person to register as a sex offender under that Act, may not knowingly use any computer scrub software on any computer that the sex offender uses;
- (8) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before leaving the State of Illinois;
- (9) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before changing his or her residence or employment;
- (10) consent to a search of his or her person, property, or residence under his or her control;
- (11) refrain from the use or possession of narcotics or other controlled substances in any form, or both, or any paraphernalia related to those substances and submit to a urinalysis test as instructed by a parole agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (12) not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- (13) not knowingly associate with other persons on parole or mandatory supervised release without prior written permission of his or her parole agent, except when

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the association involves activities related to community programs, worship services, volunteering, and engaging families, and not associate with persons who are members of an organized gang as that term is defined in the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act;

- (14) provide true and accurate information, as it relates to his or her adjustment in the community while on parole or mandatory supervised release or to his or her conduct while incarcerated, in response to inquiries by his or her parole agent or of the Department of Corrections;
- (15) follow any specific instructions provided by the parole agent that are consistent with furthering conditions set and approved by the Prisoner Review Board or by law, exclusive of placement on electronic detention, to achieve the goals and objectives of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release or to protect the public. These instructions by the parole agent may be modified at any time, as the agent deems appropriate;
- (16) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as

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1	а	department	store	Santa	Claus,	or	wearing	an	Easter	Bunny
2	C	ostume on or	prece	ding E	aster;					

- (17) if convicted of a violation of an order of protection under Section 12-3.4 or Section 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, be placed under electronic surveillance as provided in Section 5-8A-7 of this Code;
- (18) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986; an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory; a no contact order issued pursuant to the Civil No Contact Order Act; or a no contact order issued pursuant to the Stalking No Contact Order Act; and
- (19) if convicted of a violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act, or a methamphetamine related offense, be:
 - (A) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing pseudoephedrine unless prescribed by a physician; and
 - (B) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing ammonium nitrate; and
- (20) be evaluated by the Department of Corrections prior to release using a validated risk assessment and be

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subject to a corresponding level of supervision. In accordance with the findings of that evaluation:

> (A) All subjects found to be at a moderate or high risk to recidivate, or on parole or mandatory supervised release for first degree murder, a Class X felony, or a Class 1 felony violation of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any felony that requires registration as a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration Act, shall be subject to high level supervision. The Department shall define high level supervision based upon evidence-based and research-based practices. Notwithstanding this placement on high level supervision, placement of the subject on electronic monitoring or detention shall not occur unless it is required by law or expressly ordered or approved by the Prisoner Review Board.

> (B) All subjects found to be at a low risk to recidivate shall be subject to low-level supervision, except for those subjects on parole or mandatory supervised release for first degree murder, a Class X felony, or a Class 1 felony violation of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any felony that requires registration as a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration Act. Low level supervision shall require the subject to check in with

1		the supervising officer via phone or other electronic
2		means. Notwithstanding this placement on low level
3		supervision, placement of the subject on electronic
4		monitoring or detention shall not occur unless it is
5		required by law or expressly ordered or approved by the
6		Prisoner Review Board.
7	(h)	
1	(D)	The Board may in addition to other conditions require

- that the subject:
 - (1) work or pursue a course of study or vocational training;
 - (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
 - (3) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on probation or parole;
 - (4) support his or her dependents;
- 16 (5) (blank);

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- (6) (blank);
- 18 (7) (blank);

(7.5) if convicted for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of

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age; for purposes of this paragraph (7.5), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is related to the accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

- (7.6) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983) that would qualify as a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the Department;
 - (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of the offender's computer or any other device with Internet capability by the offender's supervising agent, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer or information technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or device and any internal or external peripherals and removal of such information, equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough inspection;
 - (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's computer or device with Internet capability, at the offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software

systems to monitor the Internet use; and

2	(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions
3	concerning the offender's use of or access to a
4	computer or any other device with Internet capability
5	imposed by the Board, the Department or the offender's
6	supervising agent; and
7	(8) in addition, if a minor:
8	(i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster
9	home;
10	(ii) attend school;
11	(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
12	or
13	(iv) contribute to his or her own support at home
14	or in a foster home.
15	(b-1) In addition to the conditions set forth in
16	subsections (a) and (b), persons required to register as sex
17	offenders pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration Act, upor
18	release from the custody of the Illinois Department of
19	Corrections, may be required by the Board to comply with the
20	following specific conditions of release:
21	(1) reside only at a Department approved location;
22	(2) comply with all requirements of the Sex Offender
23	Registration Act;
24	(3) notify third parties of the risks that may be
25	occasioned by his or her criminal record;
26	(4) obtain the approval of an agent of the Department

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of Corrections prior to accepting employment or pursuing a course of study or vocational training and notify the Department prior to any change in employment, study, or training;

- (5) not be employed or participate in any volunteer activity that involves contact with children, except under circumstances approved in advance and in writing by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (6) be electronically monitored for a minimum of 12 months from the date of release as determined by the Board;
- (7) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon terms approved in advance by an agent of the Department of Corrections. The terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, and others accompanying the person;
- (8) refrain from having any contact, including written or oral communications, directly or indirectly, personally or by telephone, letter, or through a third party with certain specified persons including, but not limited to, the victim or the victim's family without the prior written approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (9) refrain from all contact, directly or indirectly, personally, by telephone, letter, or through a third party, with minor children without prior identification and approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
 - (10) neither possess or have under his or her control

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is sexually oriented, sexually any material that stimulating, or that shows male or female sex organs or any pictures depicting children under 18 years of age nude or written or audio material describing sexual intercourse or that depicts or alludes to sexual activity, including but not limited to visual, auditory, telephonic, or electronic media, or any matter obtained through access to any computer or material linked to computer access use;

- (11) not patronize any business providing sexually stimulating or sexually oriented entertainment nor utilize "900" or adult telephone numbers;
- (12) not reside near, visit, or be in or about parks, schools, day care centers, swimming pools, beaches, theaters, or any other places where minor children congregate without advance approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections and immediately report any incidental contact with minor children to the Department;
- (13) not possess or have under his or her control certain specified items of contraband related to the incidence of sexually offending as determined by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (14) may be required to provide a written daily log of activities if directed by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (15) comply with all other special conditions that the Department may impose that restrict the person from

- 1 high-risk situations and limit access to potential victims: 2
- 3 (16) take an annual polygraph exam;
- 4 (17) maintain a log of his or her travel; or
- 5 (18) obtain prior approval of his or her parole officer before driving alone in a motor vehicle. 6
- (c) The conditions under which the parole or mandatory 7 8 supervised release is to be served shall be communicated to the 9 person in writing prior to his or her release, and he or she 10 shall sign the same before release. A signed copy of these 11 conditions, including a copy of an order of protection where one had been issued by the criminal court, shall be retained by 12 the person and another copy forwarded to the officer in charge 13 14 of his or her supervision.
 - (d) After a hearing under Section 3-3-9, the Prisoner Review Board may modify or enlarge the conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release.
- (e) The Department shall inform all offenders committed to 18 the Department of the optional services available to them upon 19 20 release and shall assist inmates in availing themselves of such 2.1 optional services upon their release on a voluntary basis.
- 22 (f) (Blank).

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- (Source: P.A. 99-628, eff. 1-1-17; 99-698, eff. 7-29-16; 23
- 24 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)
- 25 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-260)

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1	Sec.	3-3-7.	Conditions	of	parole	or	mandatory	supervised
2	release							

- (a) The conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release shall be such as the Prisoner Review Board deems necessary to assist the subject in leading a law-abiding life. The conditions of every parole and mandatory supervised release are that the subject:
 - (1)not violate any criminal statute any jurisdiction during the parole or release term;
 - refrain from possessing a firearm or other (2) dangerous weapon;
 - report to an agent of the Department of Corrections;
 - (4) permit the agent to visit him or her at his or her home, employment, or elsewhere to the extent necessary for the agent to discharge his or her duties;
 - (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on parole or mandatory supervised release;
 - (6) secure permission before visiting or writing a committed person in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility;
 - (7) report all arrests to an agent of the Department of Corrections as soon as permitted by the arresting authority but in no event later than 24 hours after release from custody and immediately report service or notification of

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an order of protection, a civil no contact order, or a stalking no contact order to an agent of the Department of Corrections;

- (7.5) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the individual shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment conducted in conformance with the standards developed by the Sex Offender Management Board Act by a treatment provider approved by the Board;
- (7.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; the provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders, or is in any facility operated or licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services or by the Department of Human Services, or is in any licensed medical facility;
- (7.7) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sexual predator under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after January 1, 2007 (the effective

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date of Public Act 94-988), wear an approved electronic monitoring device as defined in Section 5-8A-2 for the duration of the person's parole, mandatory supervised release term, or extended mandatory supervised release term and if convicted for an offense of criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, or ritualized abuse of a child committed on or after August 11, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-236) when the victim was under 18 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense and the defendant used force or the threat of force in the commission of the offense wear an approved electronic monitoring device as defined in Section 5-8A-2 that has Global Positioning System (GPS) capability for the duration of the person's parole, mandatory supervised release term, or extended mandatory supervised release term;

(7.8) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age;

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for purposes of this paragraph (7.8), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

(7.9) if convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, consent to search of computers, PDAs, cellular phones, and other devices under his or her control that are capable of accessing the Internet or storing electronic files, in order to confirm Internet protocol addresses reported in accordance with the Sex Offender Registration Act and compliance with conditions in this Act:

(7.10) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sex offender or sexual predator under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-640), not possess prescription drugs for erectile dysfunction;

(7.11) if convicted for an offense under Section 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-14.4 that involves soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed

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1	on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act
2	95-983):
3	(i) not access or use a computer or any other
4	device with Internet capability without the prior
5	written approval of the Department;
6	(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations
7	of the offender's computer or any other device with
8	Internet capability by the offender's supervising
9	agent, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer
10	or information technology specialist, including the
11	retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or
12	device and any internal or external peripherals and
13	removal of such information, equipment, or device to
14	conduct a more thorough inspection;
15	(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's
16	computer or device with Internet capability, at the
17	offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software
18	systems to monitor the Internet use; and
19	(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions
20	concerning the offender's use of or access to a
21	computer or any other device with Internet capability
22	imposed by the Board, the Department or the offender's
23	supervising agent;

(7.12) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the

Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January

1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-262), refrain

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1 from accessing or using a social networking website as defined in Section 17-0.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012; 2

- (7.13) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-362) that requires the person to register as a sex offender under that Act, may not knowingly use any computer scrub software on any computer that the sex offender uses;
- (8) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before leaving the State of Illinois;
- (9) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before changing his or her residence or employment;
- (10) consent to a search of his or her person, property, or residence under his or her control;
- (11) refrain from the use or possession of narcotics or other controlled substances in any form, or both, or any paraphernalia related to those substances and submit to a urinalysis test as instructed by a parole agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (12) not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- (13) not knowingly associate with other persons on parole or mandatory supervised release without prior written permission of his or her parole agent, except when the association involves activities related to community

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programs, worship services, volunteering, and engaging families, and not associate with persons who are members of an organized gang as that term is defined in the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act;

- (14) provide true and accurate information, as it relates to his or her adjustment in the community while on parole or mandatory supervised release or to his or her conduct while incarcerated, in response to inquiries by his or her parole agent or of the Department of Corrections;
- (15) follow any specific instructions provided by the are consistent with parole agent that furthering conditions set and approved by the Prisoner Review Board or by law, exclusive of placement on electronic detention, to achieve the goals and objectives of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release or to protect the public. These instructions by the parole agent may be modified at any time, as the agent deems appropriate;
- (16) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny

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costume on or preceding Easter;

- (17) if convicted of a violation of an order of protection under Section 12-3.4 or Section 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, be placed under electronic surveillance as provided in Section 5-8A-7 of this Code;
- (18) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986; an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory; a no contact order issued pursuant to the Civil No Contact Order Act; or a no contact order issued pursuant to the Stalking No Contact Order Act;
- (19) if convicted of a violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act, or a methamphetamine related offense, be:
 - (A) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing pseudoephedrine unless prescribed by a physician; and
 - (B) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing ammonium nitrate; and
- (20) if convicted of a hate crime under Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012, perform public or community service of no less than 200 hours and enroll in an

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educational program discouraging hate crimes involving the protected class identified in subsection (a) of Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 that gave rise to the offense the offender committed ordered by the court; and

(21) be evaluated by the Department of Corrections prior to release using a validated risk assessment and be subject to a corresponding level of supervision. In accordance with the findings of that evaluation:

(A) All subjects found to be at a moderate or high risk to recidivate, or on parole or mandatory supervised release for first degree murder, a Class X felony, or a Class 1 felony violation of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any felony that requires registration as a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration Act, shall be subject to high level supervision. The Department shall define high level supervision based upon evidence-based and research-based practices. Notwithstanding this placement on high level supervision, placement of the subject on electronic monitoring or detention shall not occur unless it is required by law or expressly ordered or approved by the Prisoner Review Board.

(B) All subjects found to be at a low risk to recidivate shall be subject to low-level supervision, except for those subjects on parole or mandatory

1	supervised release for first degree murder, a Class >
2	felony, or a Class 1 felony violation of the Criminal
3	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any
4	felony that requires registration as a sex offender
5	under the Sex Offender Registration Act. Low level
6	supervision shall require the subject to check in with
7	the supervising officer via phone or other electronic
8	means. Notwithstanding this placement on low level
9	supervision, placement of the subject on electronic
10	monitoring or detention shall not occur unless it is
11	required by law or expressly ordered or approved by the
12	Prisoner Review Board.
13	(b) The Board may in addition to other conditions require
14	that the subject:
15	(1) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
16	training;
17	(2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or
18	treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
19	(3) attend or reside in a facility established for the
20	instruction or residence of persons on probation or parole;
21	(4) support his or her dependents;
22	(5) (blank);
23	(6) (blank);
24	(7) (blank);
25	(7.5) if convicted for an offense committed on or after

26 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th

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General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (7.5), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is related to the accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

- (7.6) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983) that would qualify as a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the Department;
 - (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of the offender's computer or any other device with Internet capability by the offender's supervising agent, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer or information technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or

1	device and any internal or external peripherals and
2	removal of such information, equipment, or device to
3	conduct a more thorough inspection;
4	(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's
5	computer or device with Internet capability, at the
6	offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software
7	systems to monitor the Internet use; and
8	(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions
9	concerning the offender's use of or access to a
10	computer or any other device with Internet capability
11	imposed by the Board, the Department or the offender's
12	supervising agent; and
13	(8) in addition, if a minor:
14	(i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster
15	home;
16	(ii) attend school;
17	(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
18	or
19	(iv) contribute to his or her own support at home
20	or in a foster home.
21	(b-1) In addition to the conditions set forth in
22	subsections (a) and (b), persons required to register as sex
23	offenders pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration Act, upon
24	release from the custody of the Illinois Department of
25	Corrections, may be required by the Board to comply with the
26	following specific conditions of release:

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(1)	reside on	lv	at	а	Department	approved	location;

- (2) comply with all requirements of the Sex Offender Registration Act;
- (3) notify third parties of the risks that may be occasioned by his or her criminal record;
- (4) obtain the approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections prior to accepting employment or pursuing a course of study or vocational training and notify the Department prior to any change in employment, study, or training;
- (5) not be employed or participate in any volunteer activity that involves contact with children, except under circumstances approved in advance and in writing by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (6) be electronically monitored for a minimum of 12 months from the date of release as determined by the Board;
- (7) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon terms approved in advance by an agent of the Department of Corrections. The terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, and others accompanying the person;
- (8) refrain from having any contact, including written or oral communications, directly or indirectly, personally or by telephone, letter, or through a third party with certain specified persons including, but not limited to, the victim or the victim's family without the prior written

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approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;

- (9) refrain from all contact, directly or indirectly, personally, by telephone, letter, or through a third party, with minor children without prior identification and approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (10) neither possess or have under his or her control material that is sexually oriented, sexually stimulating, or that shows male or female sex organs or any pictures depicting children under 18 years of age nude or audio material describing any written or sexual intercourse or that depicts or alludes to sexual activity, including but not limited to visual, auditory, telephonic, or electronic media, or any matter obtained through access to any computer or material linked to computer access use;
- (11) not patronize any business providing sexually stimulating or sexually oriented entertainment nor utilize "900" or adult telephone numbers;
- (12) not reside near, visit, or be in or about parks, schools, day care centers, swimming pools, beaches, theaters, or any other places where minor children congregate without advance approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections and immediately report any incidental contact with minor children to the Department;
- (13) not possess or have under his or her control certain specified items of contraband related to the incidence of sexually offending as determined by an agent

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- of the Department of Corrections; 1
- (14) may be required to provide a written daily log of activities if directed by an agent of the Department of 3 4 Corrections;
 - (15) comply with all other special conditions that the Department may impose that restrict the person from high-risk situations and limit access to potential victims;
 - (16) take an annual polygraph exam;
 - (17) maintain a log of his or her travel; or
- 11 (18) obtain prior approval of his or her parole officer before driving alone in a motor vehicle. 12
 - (c) The conditions under which the parole or mandatory supervised release is to be served shall be communicated to the person in writing prior to his or her release, and he or she shall sign the same before release. A signed copy of these conditions, including a copy of an order of protection where one had been issued by the criminal court, shall be retained by the person and another copy forwarded to the officer in charge of his or her supervision.
 - (d) After a hearing under Section 3-3-9, the Prisoner Review Board may modify or enlarge the conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release.
 - (e) The Department shall inform all offenders committed to the Department of the optional services available to them upon release and shall assist inmates in availing themselves of such

- 1 optional services upon their release on a voluntary basis.
- 2 (f) (Blank).
- (Source: P.A. 99-628, eff. 1-1-17; 99-698, eff. 7-29-16; 3
- 4 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-260, eff. 1-1-18.)
- 5 (730 ILCS 5/3-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-6-3)
- (Text of Section from P.A. 99-642) 6
- 7 Sec. 3-6-3. Rules and regulations for sentence credit.
- 8 (a) (1) The Department of Corrections shall prescribe rules
- 9 and regulations for awarding and revoking sentence credit for
- 10 persons committed to the Department which shall be subject to
- review by the Prisoner Review Board. 11
- 12 (1.5) As otherwise provided by law, sentence credit may be
- 13 awarded for the following:
- 14 (A) successful completion of programming while in
- 15 custody of the Department or while in custody prior to
- 16 sentencing;
- 17 (B) compliance with the rules and regulations of the
- 18 Department; or
- 19 (C) service to the institution, service to a community,
- or service to the State. 2.0
- (2) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall 21
- 22 provide, with respect to offenses listed in clause (i), (ii),
- 23 or (iii) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after June 19,
- 2.4 1998 or with respect to the offense listed in clause (iv) of
- 25 this paragraph (2) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the

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effective date of Public Act 94-71) or with respect to offense listed in clause (vi) committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-625) or with respect to the offense of being an armed habitual criminal committed on or after August 2, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-398) or with respect to the offenses listed in clause (v) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) or with respect to the offense of aggravated domestic battery committed on or after July 23, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1224) or with respect to the offense of attempt to commit terrorism committed on or after January 1, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 97-990), the following:

- that a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment for first degree murder or for the offense of terrorism shall receive no sentence credit and shall serve the entire sentence imposed by the court;
- (ii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for attempt to commit terrorism, attempt to commit first degree murder, solicitation of murder, solicitation of murder for hire, intentional homicide of an unborn child, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, kidnapping, aggravated battery with a firearm as described in Section 12-4.2 or subdivision (e) (1), (e) (2), (e) (3), or (e)(4) of Section 12-3.05, heinous battery as described in

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Section 12-4.1 or subdivision (a)(2) of Section 12-3.05, being an armed habitual criminal, aggravated battery of a senior citizen as described in Section 12 - 4.6subdivision (a) (4) of Section 12-3.05, or aggravated battery of a child as described in Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05 shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

- (iii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, when the court has made and entered a finding, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of Section 5-4-1 of this Code, that the conduct leading to conviction for the enumerated offense resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;
- (iv) that a prisoner serving a sentence for aggravated discharge of a firearm, whether or not the conduct leading to conviction for the offense resulted in great bodily harm to the victim, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;
- (v) that a person serving a sentence for gunrunning, narcotics racketeering, controlled substance trafficking,

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trafficking, drug-induced methamphetamine homicide, aggravated methamphetamine-related child endangerment, money laundering pursuant to clause (c) (4) or (5) of Section 29B-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a Class X felony conviction for delivery of a controlled substance, possession of a controlled substance with intent to manufacture ordeliver. calculated criminal drug conspiracy, criminal conspiracy, street gang criminal drug conspiracy, participation in methamphetamine manufacturing, aggravated participation in methamphetamine manufacturing, delivery of methamphetamine, possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, aggravated delivery of methamphetamine, aggravated possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, methamphetamine conspiracy when containing the controlled substance substance methamphetamine is 100 grams or more shall receive no more than 7.5 days sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

(vi) that a prisoner serving a sentence for a second or subsequent offense of luring a minor shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment; and

(vii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for aggravated domestic battery shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of

1 imprisonment.

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(2.1) For all offenses, other than those enumerated in subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) committed on or after June 19, 1998 or subdivision (a)(2)(iv) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or subdivision (a)(2)(v) committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) or subdivision (a)(2)(vi) committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-625) or subdivision (a) (2) (vii) committed on or after July 23, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1224), and other than the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and other than the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or any combination thereof compounds, or as defined subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1230), the rules and regulations shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment shall receive one day of sentence credit for each day of his or her sentence of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9. Each day of sentence credit shall reduce by one day the prisoner's period

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- 1 of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9.
- 2 (2.2)Α prisoner serving a term of natural imprisonment or a prisoner who has been sentenced to death 3
- 4 shall receive no sentence credit.
 - (2.3) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
 - (2.4) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide with respect to the offenses of aggravated battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm or aggravated discharge of a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm, committed on or after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), that a prisoner serving a sentence for any of these offenses shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
 - (2.5) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence aggravated arson committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the

- 1 effective date of Public Act 92-176) shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her 2
- sentence of imprisonment. 3

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- (2.6) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds or combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1230) shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
- (3) The rules and regulations shall also provide that the Director may award up to 180 days additional sentence credit for good conduct in specific instances as the Director deems proper. The good conduct may include, but is not limited to, compliance with the rules and regulations of the Department, service to the Department, service to a community, or service to the State. However, the Director shall not award more than 90 days of sentence credit for good conduct to any prisoner who is serving a sentence for conviction of first degree murder, reckless homicide while under the influence of alcohol or any other drug, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in

1 subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 2 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, aggravated kidnapping, 3 kidnapping, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, 4 5 deviate sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, 6 aggravated indecent liberties with a child, indecent liberties with a child, child pornography, heinous battery as described 7 in Section 12-4.1 or subdivision (a)(2) of Section 12-3.05, 8 9 aggravated battery of a spouse, aggravated battery of a spouse 10 with a firearm, stalking, aggravated stalking, aggravated 11 battery of a child as described in Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05, endangering the life or 12 13 health of a child, or cruelty to a child. Notwithstanding the 14 foregoing, sentence credit for good conduct shall not be 15 awarded on a sentence of imprisonment imposed for conviction 16 (i) one of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) when the offense is committed on or 17 after June 19, 1998 or subdivision (a) (2) (iv) when the offense 18 is committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of 19 20 Public Act 94-71) or subdivision (a)(2)(v) when the offense is committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of 2.1 22 Public Act 95-134) or subdivision (a)(2)(vi) when the offense is committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of 23 24 Public Act 95-625) or subdivision (a)(2)(vii) when the offense 25 is committed on or after July 23, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1224), (ii) aggravated driving under the 26

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influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, (iii) one of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a) (2.4) when the offense is committed on or after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), (iv) aggravated arson when the offense is committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-176), (v) offenses that may subject the offender to commitment under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act, or (vi) aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1230).

Eligible inmates for an award of sentence credit under this paragraph (3) may be selected to receive the credit at the Director's or his or her designee's sole discretion. Consideration may be based on, but not limited to, any available risk assessment analysis on the inmate, any history of conviction for violent crimes as defined by the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act, facts and circumstances of the inmate's holding offense or offenses, and the potential for rehabilitation.

The Director shall not award sentence credit under this

- paragraph (3) to an inmate unless the inmate has served a 1
- minimum of 60 days of the sentence; except nothing in this 2
- 3 paragraph shall be construed to permit the Director to extend
- 4 an inmate's sentence beyond that which was imposed by the
- 5 court. Prior to awarding credit under this paragraph (3), the
- Director shall make a written determination that the inmate: 6
 - (A) is eligible for the sentence credit;
- 8 (B) has served a minimum of 60 days, or as close to 60 9 days as the sentence will allow; and
- 10 (C) has met the eligibility criteria established by 11 rule.
- The Director shall determine the form and content of the 12 13 written determination required in this subsection.
- 14 (3.5) The Department shall provide annual written reports 15 to the Governor and the General Assembly on the award of 16 sentence credit for good conduct, with the first report due January 1, 2014. The Department must publish both reports on 17 its website within 48 hours of transmitting the reports to the 18 19 Governor and the General Assembly. The reports must include:
- 20 (A) the number of inmates awarded sentence credit for 2.1 good conduct;
- 22 (B) the average amount of sentence credit for good conduct awarded; 23
- 24 (C) the holding offenses of inmates awarded sentence credit for good conduct; and 25
- 26 (D) the number of sentence credit for good conduct

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(4) The rules and regulations shall also provide that the sentence credit accumulated and retained under paragraph (2.1) of subsection (a) of this Section by any inmate during specific periods of time in which such inmate is engaged full-time in substance abuse programs, correctional industry assignments, educational programs, behavior modification programs, life skills courses, or re-entry planning provided by the Department under this paragraph (4) and satisfactorily completes the assigned program as determined by the standards of the Department, shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 for program participation before August 11, 1993 and 1.50 for program participation on or after that date. The rules and regulations shall also provide that sentence credit, subject to the same offense limits and multiplier provided in this paragraph, may be provided to an inmate who was held in pre-trial detention prior to his or her current commitment to the Department of Corrections and successfully completed a full-time, 60-day or longer substance abuse program, educational program, behavior modification program, life skills course, or re-entry planning provided by the county department of corrections or county jail. Calculation of this county program credit shall be done at sentencing as provided in Section 5-4.5-100 of this Code and shall be included in the sentencing order. However, no inmate shall be eliqible for the additional sentence credit under this paragraph (4) or (4.1) of this subsection (a) while assigned to

1 a boot camp or electronic detention, or if convicted of an 2 offense enumerated in subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this Section that is committed on or after June 19, 1998 or 3 4 subdivision (a)(2)(iv) of this Section that is committed on or 5 after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or 6 subdivision (a)(2)(v) of this Section that is committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) 7 8 or subdivision (a)(2)(vi) when the offense is committed on or 9 after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-625) or 10 subdivision (a)(2)(vii) when the offense is committed on or 11 after July 23, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1224), or if convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of 12 13 alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph 14 15 (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the 16 Illinois Vehicle Code, or if convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or 17 18 intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection 19 20 (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed on 2.1 or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 22 96-1230), or if convicted of an offense enumerated in paragraph 23 (a) (2.4) of this Section that is committed on or after July 15, 24 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), or first degree 25 murder, a Class X felony, criminal sexual assault, felony 26 criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse,

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aggravated battery with a firearm as described in Section 12-4.2 or subdivision (e) (1), (e) (2), (e) (3), or (e) (4) of Section 12-3.05, or any predecessor or successor offenses with the same or substantially the same elements, or any inchoate offenses relating to the foregoing offenses. No inmate shall be eligible for the additional good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) who (i) has previously received increased good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) and has subsequently been convicted of a felony, or (ii) has previously served more than one prior sentence of imprisonment for a felony in an adult correctional facility.

Educational, vocational, substance abuse, behavior modification programs, life skills courses, re-entry planning, and correctional industry programs under which sentence credit may be increased under this paragraph (4) and paragraph (4.1) of this subsection (a) shall be evaluated by the Department on the basis of documented standards. The Department shall report the results of these evaluations to the Governor and the General Assembly by September 30th of each year. The reports shall include data relating to the recidivism rate among program participants.

Availability of these programs shall be subject to the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these purposes. Eliqible inmates who are denied immediate admission shall be placed on a waiting list under criteria established by the Department. The inability of any inmate to

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become engaged in any such programs by reason of insufficient program resources or for any other reason established under the rules and regulations of the Department shall not be deemed a cause of action under which the Department or any employee or agent of the Department shall be liable for damages to the inmate.

(4.1) The rules and regulations shall also provide that an additional 90 days of sentence credit shall be awarded to any prisoner who passes high school equivalency testing while the prisoner is committed to the Department of Corrections. The sentence credit awarded under this paragraph (4.1) shall be in addition to, and shall not affect, the award of sentence credit under any other paragraph of this Section, but shall also be pursuant to the quidelines and restrictions set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of this Section. The sentence credit provided for in this paragraph shall be available only to those prisoners who have not previously earned a high school diploma or a high school equivalency certificate. If, after an award of the high school equivalency testing sentence credit has been made, the Department determines that the prisoner was not eligible, then the award shall be revoked. The Department may also award 90 days of sentence credit to any committed person who passed high school equivalency testing while he or she was held in pre-trial detention prior to the current commitment to the Department of Corrections.

(4.5) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall

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also provide that when the court's sentencing order recommends a prisoner for substance abuse treatment and the crime was committed on or after September 1, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-354), the prisoner shall receive no sentence credit awarded under clause (3) of this subsection (a) unless he or she participates in and completes a substance abuse treatment program. The Director may waive the requirement to participate in or complete a substance abuse treatment program and award the sentence credit in specific instances if the prisoner is not a good candidate for a substance abuse treatment program for medical, programming, or operational reasons. Availability of substance abuse treatment shall be subject to the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these purposes. If treatment is not available and the requirement to participate and complete the treatment has not been waived by the Director, the prisoner shall be placed on a waiting list under criteria established by the Department. The Director may allow a prisoner placed on a waiting list to participate in and complete a substance abuse education class or attend substance abuse self-help meetings in lieu of a substance abuse treatment program. A prisoner on a waiting list who is not placed in a substance abuse program prior to release may be eligible for a waiver and receive sentence credit under clause (3) of this subsection (a) at the discretion of the Director.

(4.6) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall

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also provide that a prisoner who has been convicted of a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act shall receive no sentence credit unless he or she either has successfully completed or is participating in sex offender treatment as defined by the Sex Offender Management Board. However, prisoners who are waiting to receive treatment, but who are unable to do so due solely to the lack of resources on the part of the Department, may, at the Director's sole discretion, be awarded sentence credit at a rate as the Director shall determine.

Whenever the Department is to release any inmate earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant of sentence credit for good conduct under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this Section given at any time during the term, the Department shall give reasonable notice of the impending release not less than 14 days prior to the date of the release to the State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution of the inmate took place, and if applicable, the State's Attorney of the county into which the inmate will be released. The Department must also make identification information and a recent photo of the inmate being released accessible on the hyperlink labeled by means of а Notification of Inmate Early Release" on the Department's World The identification information shall Web homepage. include the inmate's: name, any known alias, date of birth, physical characteristics, commitment offense and county where

- 1 conviction was imposed. The identification information shall
- be placed on the website within 3 days of the inmate's release 2
- 3 and the information may not be removed until either: completion
- 4 of the first year of mandatory supervised release or return of
- 5 the inmate to custody of the Department.
- (b) Whenever a person is or has been committed under 6
- several convictions, with separate sentences, the sentences 7
- shall be construed under Section 5-8-4 in granting and 8
- 9 forfeiting of sentence credit.
- 10 (c) The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations
- 11 for revoking sentence credit, including revoking sentence
- credit awarded for good conduct under paragraph (3) of 12
- subsection (a) of this Section. The Department shall prescribe 13
- 14 rules and regulations for suspending or reducing the rate of
- 15 accumulation of sentence credit for specific rule violations,
- 16 during imprisonment. These rules and regulations shall provide
- 17 that no inmate may be penalized more than one year of sentence
- 18 credit for any one infraction.
- 19 When the Department seeks to revoke, suspend or reduce the
- 20 rate of accumulation of any sentence credits for an alleged
- infraction of its rules, it shall bring charges therefor 2.1
- 22 against the prisoner sought to be so deprived of sentence
- 23 credits before the Prisoner Review Board as provided in
- 24 subparagraph (a)(4) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code, if the
- 25 amount of credit at issue exceeds 30 days or when during any 12
- 26 month period, the cumulative amount of credit revoked exceeds

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30 days except where the infraction is committed or discovered within 60 days of scheduled release. In those cases, the Department of Corrections may revoke up to 30 days of sentence credit. The Board may subsequently approve the revocation of additional sentence credit, if the Department seeks to revoke sentence credit in excess of 30 days. However, the Board shall not be empowered to review the Department's decision with respect to the loss of 30 days of sentence credit within any calendar year for any prisoner or to increase any penalty beyond the length requested by the Department.

Director of the Department of Corrections, The appropriate cases, may restore up to 30 days of sentence credits which have been revoked, suspended or reduced. Any restoration of sentence credits in excess of 30 days shall be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board. However, the Board may not restore sentence credit in excess of the amount requested by the Director.

Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the Prisoner Review Board from ordering, pursuant to Section 3-3-9(a)(3)(i)(B), that a prisoner serve up to one year of the sentence imposed by the court that was not served due to the accumulation of sentence credit.

(d) If a lawsuit is filed by a prisoner in an Illinois or federal court against the State, the Department of Corrections, or the Prisoner Review Board, or against any of their officers or employees, and the court makes a specific finding that a

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pleading, motion, or other paper filed by the prisoner is frivolous, the Department of Corrections shall conduct a hearing to revoke up to 180 days of sentence credit by bringing charges against the prisoner sought to be deprived of the sentence credits before the Prisoner Review Board as provided in subparagraph (a)(8) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code. If the prisoner has not accumulated 180 days of sentence credit at the time of the finding, then the Prisoner Review Board may revoke all sentence credit accumulated by the prisoner.

For purposes of this subsection (d):

- (1) "Frivolous" means that a pleading, motion, or other filing which purports to be a legal document filed by a prisoner in his or her lawsuit meets any or all of the following criteria:
 - (A) it lacks an arguable basis either in law or in fact:
 - (B) it is being presented for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation;
 - (C) the claims, defenses, and other contentions therein are not warranted by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the establishment of new law;
 - (D) the allegations and other factual contentions do not have evidentiary support or, if specifically so

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- identified, are not likely to have evidentiary support 1 2 after а reasonable opportunity for further 3 investigation or discovery; or
 - (E) the denials of factual contentions are not warranted on the evidence, or if specifically so identified, are not reasonably based on a lack of information or belief.
 - (2) "Lawsuit" means a motion pursuant to Section 116-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, a habeas corpus action under Article X of the Code of Civil Procedure or under federal law (28 U.S.C. 2254), a petition for claim under the Court of Claims Act, an action under the federal Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 1983), or a second or subsequent petition for post-conviction relief under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 whether filed with or without leave of court or a second or subsequent petition for relief from judgment under Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
 - (e) Nothing in Public Act 90-592 or 90-593 affects the validity of Public Act 89-404.
 - (f) Whenever the Department is to release any inmate who has been convicted of a violation of an order of protection under Section 12-3.4 or 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant of sentence credit, the Department, as a condition of release, shall require that the person, upon

- 1 release, be placed under electronic surveillance as provided in
- Section 5-8A-7 of this Code. 2
- (Source: P.A. 99-241, eff. 1-1-16; 99-275, eff. 1-1-16; 99-642, 3
- 4 eff. 7-28-16; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.)
- 5 (Text of Section from P.A. 99-938 and 100-3)
- Sec. 3-6-3. Rules and regulations for sentence credit. 6
- 7 (a) (1) The Department of Corrections shall prescribe rules
- 8 and regulations for awarding and revoking sentence credit for
- 9 persons committed to the Department which shall be subject to
- 10 review by the Prisoner Review Board.
- (1.5) As otherwise provided by law, sentence credit may be 11
- 12 awarded for the following:
- (A) successful completion of programming while in 13
- 14 custody of the Department or while in custody prior to
- sentencing; 15
- (B) compliance with the rules and regulations of the 16
- 17 Department; or
- 18 (C) service to the institution, service to a community,
- 19 or service to the State.
- 20 Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this
- 21 subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit
- 22 shall provide, with respect to offenses listed in clause (i),
- 23 (ii), or (iii) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after June
- 24 19, 1998 or with respect to the offense listed in clause (iv)
- 25 of this paragraph (2) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the

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effective date of Public Act 94-71) or with respect to offense listed in clause (vi) committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-625) or with respect to the offense of being an armed habitual criminal committed on or after August 2, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-398) or with respect to the offenses listed in clause (v) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) or with respect to the offense of aggravated domestic battery committed on or after July 23, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1224) or with respect to the offense of attempt to commit terrorism committed on or after January 1, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 97-990), the following:

- that a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment for first degree murder or for the offense of terrorism shall receive no sentence credit and shall serve the entire sentence imposed by the court;
- (ii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for attempt to commit terrorism, attempt to commit first degree murder, solicitation of murder, solicitation of murder for hire, intentional homicide of an unborn child, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, kidnapping, aggravated battery with a firearm as described in Section 12-4.2 or subdivision (e) (1), (e) (2), (e) (3), or (e)(4) of Section 12-3.05, heinous battery as described in

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Section 12-4.1 or subdivision (a) (2) of Section 12-3.05, being an armed habitual criminal, aggravated battery of a senior citizen as described in Section 12 - 4.6subdivision (a) (4) of Section 12-3.05, or aggravated battery of a child as described in Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05 shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

- (iii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, when the court has made and entered a finding, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of Section 5-4-1 of this Code, that the conduct leading to conviction for the enumerated offense resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;
- (iv) that a prisoner serving a sentence for aggravated discharge of a firearm, whether or not the conduct leading to conviction for the offense resulted in great bodily harm to the victim, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;
- (v) that a person serving a sentence for gunrunning, narcotics racketeering, controlled substance trafficking,

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trafficking, drug-induced methamphetamine homicide, aggravated methamphetamine-related child endangerment, money laundering pursuant to clause (c) (4) or (5) of Section 29B-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a Class X felony conviction for delivery of a controlled substance, possession of a controlled substance with intent to manufacture ordeliver. calculated criminal drug conspiracy, criminal conspiracy, street gang criminal drug conspiracy, participation in methamphetamine manufacturing, aggravated participation in methamphetamine manufacturing, delivery of methamphetamine, possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, aggravated delivery of methamphetamine, aggravated possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, methamphetamine conspiracy when containing the controlled substance substance methamphetamine is 100 grams or more shall receive no more than 7.5 days sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

(vi) that a prisoner serving a sentence for a second or subsequent offense of luring a minor shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment; and

(vii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for aggravated domestic battery shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of

1 imprisonment.

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(2.1) For all offenses, other than those enumerated in subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) committed on or after June 19, 1998 or subdivision (a)(2)(iv) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or subdivision (a)(2)(v) committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) or subdivision (a)(2)(vi) committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-625) or subdivision (a) (2) (vii) committed on or after July 23, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1224), and other than the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and other than the offense of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or any combination thereof compounds, or as defined subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1230), the rules and regulations shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment shall receive one day of sentence credit for each day of his or her sentence of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9. Each day of sentence credit shall reduce by one day the prisoner's period

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- 1 of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9.
- 2 prisoner serving (2.2)а term of natural imprisonment or a prisoner who has been sentenced to death 3
- 4 shall receive no sentence credit.
 - (2.3) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
 - (2.4) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide with respect to the offenses of aggravated battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm or aggravated discharge of a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm, committed on or after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), that a prisoner serving a sentence for any of these offenses shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
- 26 (2.5) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this

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- 1 subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit 2 shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for aggravated arson committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the 3 4 effective date of Public Act 92-176) shall receive no more than 5 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her 6 sentence of imprisonment.
 - (2.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this subsection (a), the rules and regulations on sentence credit shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1230) shall receive no more than 4.5 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
 - (3) In addition to the sentence credits earned under paragraphs (2.1), (4), (4.1), and Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this subsection (a), the rules and regulations shall also provide that the Director may award up to 180 days of earned sentence credit for good conduct in specific instances as the Director deems proper. The good conduct may include, but is not limited to, compliance with the rules and regulations of the Department, service to the Department, service to a community, or service to the State.

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Eliqible inmates for an award of earned sentence credit under this paragraph (3) may be selected to receive the credit at the Director's or his or her designee's sole discretion. Eliqibility for the additional earned sentence credit under this paragraph (3) shall be based on, but is not limited to, the results of any available risk/needs assessment or other relevant assessments or evaluations administered by the Department using a validated instrument, the circumstances of the crime, any history of conviction for a forcible felony enumerated in Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 2012, the inmate's behavior and disciplinary history while incarcerated, and the inmate's commitment to rehabilitation, including participation in programming offered by the Department.

The Director shall not award sentence credit under this paragraph (3) to an inmate unless the inmate has served a minimum of 60 days of the sentence; except nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to permit the Director to extend an inmate's sentence beyond that which was imposed by the court. Prior to awarding credit under this paragraph (3), the Director shall make a written determination that the inmate:

- (A) is eligible for the earned sentence credit;
- (B) has served a minimum of 60 days, or as close to 60 days as the sentence will allow;
 - (B-1) has received a risk/needs assessment or other relevant evaluation or assessment administered by the Department using a validated instrument; and

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1	(C) has met the eligibility criteria established under
2	paragraph (4) of this subsection (a) and by rule for earned
3	sentence credit.

The Director shall determine the form and content of the written determination required in this subsection.

- (3.5) The Department shall provide annual written reports to the Governor and the General Assembly on the award of earned sentence credit no later than February 1 of each year. The Department must publish both reports on its website within 48 hours of transmitting the reports to the Governor and the General Assembly. The reports must include:
- (A) the number of inmates awarded earned sentence 12 13 credit;
- 14 (B) the average amount of earned sentence credit 15 awarded;
 - (C) the holding offenses of inmates awarded earned sentence credit; and
 - (D) the number of earned sentence credit revocations.
 - (4)Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this subsection (a), the rules and regulations shall also provide that the sentence credit accumulated and retained under paragraph (2.1) of subsection (a) of this Section by any inmate during specific periods of time in which such inmate is engaged full-time in substance abuse programs, correctional industry assignments, educational programs, behavior modification programs, life skills courses, or re-entry planning provided by

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the Department under this paragraph (4) and satisfactorily completes the assigned program as determined by the standards of the Department, shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 for program participation before August 11, 1993 and 1.50 for program participation on or after that date. The rules and regulations shall also provide that sentence credit, subject to the same offense limits and multiplier provided in this paragraph, may be provided to an inmate who was held in pre-trial detention prior to his or her current commitment to the Department of Corrections and successfully completed a full-time, 60-day or longer substance abuse program, educational program, behavior modification program, skills course, or re-entry planning provided by the county department of corrections or county jail. Calculation of this county program credit shall be done at sentencing as provided in Section 5-4.5-100 of this Code and shall be included in the sentencing order. However, no inmate shall be eligible for the additional sentence credit under this paragraph (4) or (4.1) of this subsection (a) while assigned to a boot camp or electronic detention.

Educational, vocational, substance abuse, behavior modification programs, life skills courses, re-entry planning, and correctional industry programs under which sentence credit may be increased under this paragraph (4) and paragraph (4.1) of this subsection (a) shall be evaluated by the Department on the basis of documented standards. The Department shall report

program participants.

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1 the results of these evaluations to the Governor and the General Assembly by September 30th of each year. The reports 2 shall include data relating to the recidivism rate among 3

Availability of these programs shall be subject to the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these purposes. Eliqible inmates who are denied immediate admission shall be placed on a waiting list under criteria established by the Department. The inability of any inmate to become engaged in any such programs by reason of insufficient program resources or for any other reason established under the rules and regulations of the Department shall not be deemed a cause of action under which the Department or any employee or agent of the Department shall be liable for damages to the

(4.1) Except as provided in paragraph (4.7) of this subsection (a), the rules and regulations shall also provide that an additional 90 days of sentence credit shall be awarded to any prisoner who passes high school equivalency testing while the prisoner is committed to the Department of Corrections. The sentence credit awarded under this paragraph (4.1) shall be in addition to, and shall not affect, the award of sentence credit under any other paragraph of this Section, but shall also be pursuant to the guidelines and restrictions set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of this Section. The sentence credit provided for in this paragraph shall be

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available only to those prisoners who have not previously earned a high school diploma or a high school equivalency certificate. If, after an award of the high school equivalency testing sentence credit has been made, the Department determines that the prisoner was not eligible, then the award shall be revoked. The Department may also award 90 days of sentence credit to any committed person who passed high school equivalency testing while he or she was held in pre-trial detention prior to the current commitment to the Department of Corrections.

(4.5) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall also provide that when the court's sentencing order recommends a prisoner for substance abuse treatment and the crime was committed on or after September 1, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-354), the prisoner shall receive no sentence credit awarded under clause (3) of this subsection (a) unless he or she participates in and completes a substance abuse treatment program. The Director may waive the requirement to participate in or complete a substance abuse treatment program in specific instances if the prisoner is not a good candidate substance abuse treatment program for medical, programming, or operational reasons. Availability of substance abuse treatment shall be subject to the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these purposes. If treatment is not available and the requirement to participate and complete the treatment has not been waived by

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the Director, the prisoner shall be placed on a waiting list under criteria established by the Department. The Director may allow a prisoner placed on a waiting list to participate in and complete a substance abuse education class or attend substance abuse self-help meetings in lieu of a substance abuse treatment program. A prisoner on a waiting list who is not placed in a substance abuse program prior to release may be eligible for a waiver and receive sentence credit under clause (3) of this subsection (a) at the discretion of the Director.

(4.6) The rules and regulations on sentence credit shall also provide that a prisoner who has been convicted of a sex defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender offense as Registration Act shall receive no sentence credit unless he or she either has successfully completed or is participating in sex offender treatment as defined by the Sex Offender Management Board. However, prisoners who are waiting to receive treatment, but who are unable to do so due solely to the lack of resources on the part of the Department, may, at the Director's sole discretion, be awarded sentence credit at a rate as the Director shall determine.

(4.7) On or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, sentence credit under paragraph (3), (4), or (4.1) of this subsection (a) may be awarded to a prisoner who is serving a sentence for an offense described in paragraph (2), (2.3), (2.4), (2.5), or (2.6) for credit earned on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the

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- 1 100th General Assembly; provided, the award of the credits
- under this paragraph (4.7) shall not reduce the sentence of the 2
- 3 prisoner to less than the following amounts:
- 4 (i) 85% of his or her sentence if the prisoner is 5 required to serve 85% of his or her sentence; or
- (ii) 60% of his or her sentence if the prisoner is 6 required to serve 75% of his or her sentence, except if the 7 8 prisoner is serving a sentence for gunrunning his or her 9 sentence shall not be reduced to less than 75%.
 - This paragraph (4.7) shall not apply to a prisoner serving a sentence for an offense described in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (a).
 - (5) Whenever the Department is to release any inmate earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant of earned sentence credit under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this Section given at any time during the term, the Department shall give reasonable notice of the impending release not less than 14 days prior to the date of the release to the State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution of the inmate took place, and if applicable, the State's Attorney of the county into which the inmate will be released. The Department must also make identification information and a recent photo of the inmate being released accessible on the Internet by means of a hyperlink labeled "Community Notification of Inmate Early Release" on the Department's World Wide Web homepage. The identification information shall include the inmate's: name,

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- 1 any known alias, date of birth, physical characteristics, commitment offense and county where conviction was imposed. The 2 3 identification information shall be placed on the website 4 within 3 days of the inmate's release and the information may 5 not be removed until either: completion of the first year of mandatory supervised release or return of the inmate to custody 6 7 of the Department.
 - (b) Whenever a person is or has been committed under several convictions, with separate sentences, the sentences shall be construed under Section 5-8-4 in granting and forfeiting of sentence credit.
 - (c) The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations for revoking sentence credit, including revoking sentence credit awarded under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this Section. The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations for suspending or reducing the rate of accumulation of sentence credit for specific rule violations, during imprisonment. These rules and regulations shall provide that no inmate may be penalized more than one year of sentence credit for any one infraction.

When the Department seeks to revoke, suspend or reduce the rate of accumulation of any sentence credits for an alleged infraction of its rules, it shall bring charges therefor against the prisoner sought to be so deprived of sentence credits before the Prisoner Review Board as provided in subparagraph (a)(4) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code, if the

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amount of credit at issue exceeds 30 days or when during any 12 month period, the cumulative amount of credit revoked exceeds 30 days except where the infraction is committed or discovered within 60 days of scheduled release. In those cases, the Department of Corrections may revoke up to 30 days of sentence credit. The Board may subsequently approve the revocation of additional sentence credit, if the Department seeks to revoke sentence credit in excess of 30 days. However, the Board shall not be empowered to review the Department's decision with respect to the loss of 30 days of sentence credit within any calendar year for any prisoner or to increase any penalty beyond the length requested by the Department.

Director of the Department of Corrections, appropriate cases, may restore up to 30 days of sentence credits which have been revoked, suspended or reduced. Any restoration of sentence credits in excess of 30 days shall be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board. However, the Board may not restore sentence credit in excess of the amount requested by the Director.

Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the Prisoner Review Board from ordering, pursuant to Section 3-3-9(a)(3)(i)(B), that a prisoner serve up to one year of the sentence imposed by the court that was not served due to the accumulation of sentence credit.

(d) If a lawsuit is filed by a prisoner in an Illinois or federal court against the State, the Department of Corrections,

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or the Prisoner Review Board, or against any of their officers or employees, and the court makes a specific finding that a pleading, motion, or other paper filed by the prisoner is frivolous, the Department of Corrections shall conduct a hearing to revoke up to 180 days of sentence credit by bringing charges against the prisoner sought to be deprived of the sentence credits before the Prisoner Review Board as provided in subparagraph (a)(8) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code. If the prisoner has not accumulated 180 days of sentence credit at the time of the finding, then the Prisoner Review Board may revoke all sentence credit accumulated by the prisoner.

For purposes of this subsection (d):

- (1) "Frivolous" means that a pleading, motion, or other filing which purports to be a legal document filed by a prisoner in his or her lawsuit meets any or all of the following criteria:
- (A) it lacks an arguable basis either in law or in fact;
 - (B) it is being presented for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation;
 - the claims, defenses, and other contentions therein are not warranted by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the establishment of new law;

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- (D) the allegations and other factual contentions do not have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, are not likely to have evidentiary support after а reasonable opportunity for investigation or discovery; or
 - (E) the denials of factual contentions are not warranted on the evidence, or if specifically so identified, are not reasonably based on a lack of information or belief.
 - (2) "Lawsuit" means a motion pursuant to Section 116-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, a habeas corpus action under Article X of the Code of Civil Procedure or under federal law (28 U.S.C. 2254), a petition for claim under the Court of Claims Act, an action under the federal Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 1983), or a second or subsequent petition for post-conviction relief under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 whether filed with or without leave of court or a second or subsequent petition for relief from judgment under Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (e) Nothing in Public Act 90-592 or 90-593 affects the validity of Public Act 89-404.
- (f) Whenever the Department is to release any inmate who has been convicted of a violation of an order of protection under Section 12-3.4 or 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, earlier than it otherwise would

- 1 because of a grant of sentence credit, the Department, as a
- condition of release, shall require that the person, upon 2
- 3 release, be placed under electronic surveillance as provided in
- 4 Section 5-8A-7 of this Code.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 99-241, eff. 1-1-16; 99-275, eff. 1-1-16; 99-642,
- eff. 7-28-16; 99-938, eff. 1-1-18; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.) 6
- (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3) 7
- 8 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 99-938)
- 9 Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.
- 10 (a) (Blank).
- 11 (b) (Blank).
- 12 (c) (1) (Blank).
- 13 (2) A period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment
- 14 or conditional discharge shall not be imposed for the following
- 15 offenses. The court shall sentence the offender to not less
- 16 than the minimum term of imprisonment set forth in this Code
- 17 for the following offenses, and may order a fine or restitution
- 18 or both in conjunction with such term of imprisonment:
- 19 (A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not
- 2.0 imposed.
- 21 (B) Attempted first degree murder.
- 22 (C) A Class X felony.
- 23 (D) A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the Illinois
- 24 Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of subdivision
- 25 (c) (1.5) or (c) (2) of Section 401 of that Act which relates

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to more than 5 grams of a substance containing cocaine, 1 2 fentanyl, or an analog thereof.

- (D-5) A violation of subdivision (c)(1) of Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act which relates to 3 or more grams of a substance containing heroin or an analog thereof.
- (E) A violation of Section 5.1 or 9 of the Cannabis Control Act.
- (F) A Class 2 or greater felony if the offender had been convicted of a Class 2 or greater felony, including any state or federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after the prior Class 2 or greater felony) classified as a Class 2 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.
- (F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 for which imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.
- (G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.
 - (H) Criminal sexual assault.

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(I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen as described
in Section 12-4.6 or subdivision (a)(4) of Section 12-3.05
of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to the activities of an organized gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or persons, with an established hierarchy, that encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

- (K) Vehicular hijacking.
- (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony mob action.
- (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property exceeds \$300.
- (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

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- (O) A violation of Section 12-6.1 or 12-6.5 of the 1 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. 2
 - (P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (Q) A violation of subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section 20-1, Section 20-1.2, or Section 20-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (S) (Blank).
 - (T)second or subsequent violation the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
 - (U) A second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
 - (V) A violation of paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Section 11-20.1B or paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 when the victim is under 13 years of age and the defendant has previously been convicted under the laws

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of this State or any other state of the offense of child pornography, aggravated child pornography, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or any of the offenses formerly known as rape, deviate sexual assault, indecent liberties with a child, or aggravated indecent liberties with a child where the victim was under the age of 18 years or an offense that is substantially equivalent to those offenses.

- (W) A violation of Section 24-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (X) A violation of subsection (a) of Section 31-1a of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (Y) A conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm by a street gang member when the firearm was loaded or contained firearm ammunition.
- (Z) A Class 1 felony committed while he or she was serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a felony.
- (AA) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and not exceeding \$1,000,000 in value.
- (BB) Laundering of criminally derived property of a value exceeding \$500,000.
- (CC) Knowingly selling, offering for sale, holding for sale, or using 2,000 or more counterfeit items or counterfeit items having a retail value in the aggregate of

- 1 \$500,000 or more.
- (DD) A conviction for aggravated assault under 2 3 paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Section 12-2 of the 4 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the 5 firearm is aimed toward the person against whom the firearm 6 is being used.
- 7 (EE) A conviction for a violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 24-3B of the Criminal Code of 8 9 2012.
- 10 (3) (Blank).
- 11 (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be 12 13 imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 14
- 15 (4.1) (Blank).
- 16 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.3) and (4.8) of this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community 17 service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section 18 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 19
- 20 (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 2.1 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall 22 be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 23
- 24 (4.4) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.5), (4.6), and 25 (4.9) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 26 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the

- 1 court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent violation of
- 2 Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The court may give
- credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for 3
- 4 participation in activities and treatment as determined by
- 5 court services.
- (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be 6
- imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section 7
- 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 8
- 9 (4.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.10) of this
- 10 subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days
- 11 shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of
- subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 12
- (4.7) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30 13
- consecutive days, or 300 hours of community service, shall be 14
- imposed for a violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of 15
- 16 the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (b-5) of
- 17 that Section.
- 18 (4.8) A mandatory prison sentence shall be imposed for a
- second violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the 19
- 20 Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (c-5) of that
- Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for a 2.1
- 22 period of not less than 5 years from the date of his or her
- 23 release from prison.
- 24 (4.9) A mandatory prison sentence of not less than 4 and
- 25 not more than 15 years shall be imposed for a third violation
- of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle 26

- 1 Code, as provided in subsection (d-2.5) of that Section. The
- person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder 2
- of his or her life. 3
- 4 (4.10) A mandatory prison sentence for a Class 1 felony
- 5 shall be imposed, and the person shall be eligible for an
- extended term sentence, for a fourth or subsequent violation of 6
- subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 7
- as provided in subsection (d-3.5) of that Section. The person's 8
- 9 driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or
- 10 her life.
- 11 (5) The court may sentence a corporation or unincorporated
- association convicted of any offense to: 12
- 13 (A) a period of conditional discharge;
- 14 (B) a fine;
- 15 (C) make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6
- 16 of this Code.
- (5.1) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and 17
- 18 except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person
- convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the 19
- 20 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license,
- 2.1 permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not
- 22 more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the
- 23 property of another person.
- 24 (5.2) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and
- 25 except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of
- violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois 26

- 1 Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or
- privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 2 2
- 3 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another person.
- 4 (5.3) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person
- 5 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the
- Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 6
- permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation 7
- 8 resulted in the death of another person.
- (5.4) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person 9
- 10 convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle
- 11 Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or
- privileges suspended for 3 months and until he or she has paid 12
- 13 a reinstatement fee of \$100.
- 14 (5.5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person
- 15 convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle
- 16 Code during a period in which his or her driver's license,
- permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation 17
- of that Section shall have his or her driver's license, permit, 18
- or privileges suspended for an additional 6 months after the 19
- 20 expiration of the original 3-month suspension and until he or
- 2.1 she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.
- 22 (6) (Blank).
- 23 (7) (Blank).
- 24 (8) (Blank).
- 25 (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense
- 26 of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a term of

- 1 natural life imprisonment.
- 2 (10) (Blank).

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- (11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a 3 4 first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense 5 upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision for battery 6 when the individual harmed was a sports official or coach at any level of competition and the act causing harm to the sports 7 official or coach occurred within an athletic facility or 8 9 within the immediate vicinity of the athletic facility at which 10 the sports official or coach was an active participant of the 11 athletic contest held at the athletic facility. For the purposes of this paragraph (11), "sports official" means a 12 person at an athletic contest who enforces the rules of the 13 contest, such as an umpire or referee; "athletic facility" 14 15 means an indoor or outdoor playing field or recreational area 16 where sports activities are conducted; and "coach" means a person recognized as a coach by the sanctioning authority that 17 18 conducted the sporting event.
 - (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of that Section.
 - (13) A person convicted of or placed on court supervision for an assault or aggravated assault when the victim and the offender are family or household members as defined in Section

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- 1 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or convicted of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery may be 3 required to attend a Partner Abuse Intervention Program under 4 protocols set forth by the Illinois Department of Human 5 Services under such terms and conditions imposed by the court.
- The costs of such classes shall be paid by the offender. 6
 - (d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections which may include evidence of the defendant's life, moral character and occupation during the time since the original sentence was passed. The trial court shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The trial court may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on collateral attack due to the failure of the trier of fact at trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction) necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond the statutory maximum otherwise applicable, either the defendant may be re-sentenced to a term within the range otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its intention to again seek the extended sentence, the defendant shall be afforded a new trial.
 - (e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal sexual abuse under Section 11-1.60 or 12-16 of the Criminal

Τ.	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 results in conviction
2	of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the
3	time of the commission of the offense, the court shall consider
4	the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence
5	of probation only where:
6	(1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are appropriate:
7	(A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court
8	approved counseling program for a minimum duration of 2
9	years; or
10	(B) the defendant is willing to participate in a
11	court approved plan including but not limited to the
12	defendant's:
13	(i) removal from the household;
14	(ii) restricted contact with the victim;
15	(iii) continued financial support of the
16	family;
17	(iv) restitution for harm done to the victim;
18	and
19	(v) compliance with any other measures that
20	the court may deem appropriate; and
21	(2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the
22	victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court
23	finds, after considering the defendant's income and
24	assets, that the defendant is financially capable of paying
25	for such services, if the victim was under 18 years of age
26	at the time the offense was committed and requires

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1 counseling as a result of the offense.

> Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation restricting contact with the victim or other family members or commits another offense with the victim or other family members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and impose a term of imprisonment.

> For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and "victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 11-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

- 12 (f) (Blank).
- 13 (q) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-14, 14 15 11-14.3, 11-14.4 except for an offense that involves keeping a 16 place of juvenile prostitution, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 17 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 18 Criminal Code of 2012, the defendant shall undergo medical 19 20 testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually transmissible disease, including a test for infection with 2.1 22 human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified 23 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). 24 Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately 25 licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of 26 any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's

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person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal quardian, the court shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of the test results. The court shall provide information availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is in order to prosecute a charge of transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against

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the convicted defendant.

- (q-5) When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable disease, as determined by the Illinois Department of Public Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in camera if requested by the judge. Acting in accordance with the best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.
- (h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an infection with the human

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immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The shall provide court information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

- (i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
- (i) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 22 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 23 24 11-11, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 25 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-30, 11-40, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 26

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12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, any violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act of a defendant, the court shall determine whether the defendant is employed by a facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public or private elementary or secondary school, or otherwise works with children under 18 years of age on a daily basis. When a defendant is so employed, the court shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to the defendant's employer by certified mail. If the employer of the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court shall direct the mailing of a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to the appropriate regional superintendent of schools. The regional superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board of Education of any notification under this subsection.

(j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall as

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a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work toward completing a vocational training program offered by the Department of Corrections. If a defendant fails to complete the educational training required by his or her sentence during the term of incarceration, the Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high school diploma or passage of high school equivalency testing. The Prisoner Review Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the educational training shall not be deemed a wilful failure to comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section 3-3-9. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who has a high has successfully passed high school diploma or school equivalency testing. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who is determined by the court to be a person with a

- 1 developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program. 2
- 3 (k) (Blank).

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- (1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any felony or misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent to be deported when:
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
- Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in this Chapter V.
 - (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to suspend the sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the custody of the

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- 1 Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated 2 agent when:
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
 - (C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who are subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3.
 - (D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible for additional sentence credit for good conduct as provided under Section 3-6-3.
 - (m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, in which the property damage exceeds \$300 and the property damaged is a school building, shall be ordered to perform community service that may include cleanup,

- removal, or painting over the defacement. 1
- 2 The court may sentence a person convicted of a
- violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, 16-1.3, or 17-56, or 3
- 4 subsection (a) or (b) of Section 12-4.4a, of the Criminal Code
- 5 of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (i) to an impact
- incarceration program if the person is otherwise eligible for 6
- that program under Section 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service, 7
- 8 or (iii) if the person is an addict or alcoholic, as defined in
- 9 the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, to a
- 10 substance or alcohol abuse program licensed under that Act.
- 11 (o) Whenever a person is convicted of a sex offense as
- defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, the 12
- 13 defendant's driver's license or permit shall be subject to
- renewal on an annual basis in accordance with the provisions of 14
- 15 license renewal established by the Secretary of State.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;
- 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-885, eff. 8-23-16.) 17
- 18 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 99-938)
- 19 Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.
- 20 (a) (Blank).
- 21 (b) (Blank).
- 22 (c) (1) (Blank).
- 23 (2) A period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment
- 24 or conditional discharge shall not be imposed for the following
- offenses. The court shall sentence the offender to not less 25

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- than the minimum term of imprisonment set forth in this Code 1
- for the following offenses, and may order a fine or restitution
- 3 or both in conjunction with such term of imprisonment:
- 4 (A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not 5 imposed.
 - (B) Attempted first degree murder.
 - (C) A Class X felony.
 - (D) A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of subdivision (c) (1.5) of Section 401 of that Act which relates to more than 5 grams of a substance containing fentanyl or an analog thereof.
 - (D-5) A violation of subdivision (c) (1) of Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act which relates to 3 or more grams of a substance containing heroin or an analog thereof.
 - (E) (Blank).
 - (F) A Class 1 or greater felony if the offender had been convicted of a Class 1 or greater felony, including any state or federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after the prior Class 1 or greater felony) classified as a Class 1 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section

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1 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency 2 Act.

- (F-3) A Class 2 or greater felony sex offense or felony firearm offense if the offender had been convicted of a Class 2 or greater felony, including any state or federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after the prior Class 2 or greater felony) classified as a Class 2 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.
- (F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 for which imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.
- (G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.
 - (H) Criminal sexual assault.
- (I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen as described in Section 12-4.6 or subdivision (a) (4) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to the activities of an organized gang.

26 Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this

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paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or more persons, with an established hierarchy, encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

- (K) Vehicular hijacking.
- (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony mob action.
- (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property exceeds \$300.
- (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
- (O) A violation of Section 12-6.1 or 12-6.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (Q) A violation of subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section

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- 20-1, Section 20-1.2, or Section 20-1.3 of the Criminal 1 Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. 2
 - (R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (S) (Blank).
 - (T) (Blank).
 - (U) A second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
 - (V) A violation of paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Section 11-20.1B or paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 when the victim is under 13 years of age and the defendant has previously been convicted under the laws of this State or any other state of the offense of child pornography, aggravated child pornography, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or any of the offenses formerly known as rape, deviate sexual assault, indecent liberties with a child, or aggravated indecent liberties with a child where the victim was under the age

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1	of 18 years or an offense that is substantially equivalent
2.	to those offenses.

- (W) A violation of Section 24-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (X) A violation of subsection (a) of Section 31-1a of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (Y) A conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm by a street gang member when the firearm was loaded or contained firearm ammunition.
- (Z) A Class 1 felony committed while he or she was serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a felony.
- (AA) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and not exceeding \$1,000,000 in value.
- (BB) Laundering of criminally derived property of a value exceeding \$500,000.
- (CC) Knowingly selling, offering for sale, holding for sale, or using 2,000 or more counterfeit items or counterfeit items having a retail value in the aggregate of \$500,000 or more.
- A conviction for aggravated assault under paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Section 12-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the firearm is aimed toward the person against whom the firearm is being used.
- (EE) A conviction for a violation of paragraph (2) of

- 1 subsection (a) of Section 24-3B of the Criminal Code of
- 2012. 2
- 3 (3) (Blank).
- 4 (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10
- 5 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be
- imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of 6
- the Illinois Vehicle Code. 7
- 8 (4.1) (Blank).
- 9 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.3) and (4.8) of
- 10 this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community
- 11 service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section
- 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 12
- 13 (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300
- 14 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall
- 15 be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section
- 16 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (4.4) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.5), (4.6), and 17
- (4.9) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 18
- 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the 19
- 20 court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent violation of
- 2.1 Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The court may give
- 22 credit toward the fulfillment of community service hours for
- participation in activities and treatment as determined by 23
- 24 court services.
- 25 (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be
- 26 imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section

- 1 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (4.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.10) of this 2 subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days 3 4 shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of
- 5 subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 6 (4.7) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30 consecutive days, or 300 hours of community service, shall be
- imposed for a violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of 8
- the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (b-5) of 9
- 10 that Section.

- 11 (4.8) A mandatory prison sentence shall be imposed for a
- second violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the 12
- 13 Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (c-5) of that
- Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for a 14
- 15 period of not less than 5 years from the date of his or her
- 16 release from prison.
- (4.9) A mandatory prison sentence of not less than 4 and 17
- 18 not more than 15 years shall be imposed for a third violation
- of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle 19
- 20 Code, as provided in subsection (d-2.5) of that Section. The
- 2.1 person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder
- of his or her life. 22
- 23 (4.10) A mandatory prison sentence for a Class 1 felony
- 24 shall be imposed, and the person shall be eliqible for an
- 25 extended term sentence, for a fourth or subsequent violation of
- 26 subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code,

- 1 as provided in subsection (d-3.5) of that Section. The person's
- 2 driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or
- her life. 3

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- 4 (5) The court may sentence a corporation or unincorporated
- 5 association convicted of any offense to:
 - (A) a period of conditional discharge;
- 7 (B) a fine;
- (C) make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6 8 9 of this Code.
- 10 (5.1) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and 11 except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the 12 13 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not 14 15 more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the 16 property of another person.
 - (5.2) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 2 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another person.
 - (5.3) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation

- 1 resulted in the death of another person.
- 2 (5.4) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person
- convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle 3
- 4 Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or
- 5 privileges suspended for 3 months and until he or she has paid
- a reinstatement fee of \$100. 6
- (5.5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person 7
- convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle 8
- 9 Code during a period in which his or her driver's license,
- 10 permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation
- 11 of that Section shall have his or her driver's license, permit,
- or privileges suspended for an additional 6 months after the 12
- 13 expiration of the original 3-month suspension and until he or
- she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100. 14
- 15 (6) (Blank).
- 16 (7) (Blank).
- 17 (8) (Blank).
- (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense 18
- of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a term of 19
- 20 natural life imprisonment.
- 2.1 (10) (Blank).
- 22 (11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a
- 23 first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense
- 24 upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision for battery
- 25 when the individual harmed was a sports official or coach at
- 26 any level of competition and the act causing harm to the sports

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official or coach occurred within an athletic facility or within the immediate vicinity of the athletic facility at which the sports official or coach was an active participant of the athletic contest held at the athletic facility. For the purposes of this paragraph (11), "sports official" means a person at an athletic contest who enforces the rules of the contest, such as an umpire or referee; "athletic facility" means an indoor or outdoor playing field or recreational area where sports activities are conducted; and "coach" means a person recognized as a coach by the sanctioning authority that conducted the sporting event.

- (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of that Section.
- (13) A person convicted of or placed on court supervision for an assault or aggravated assault when the victim and the offender are family or household members as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or convicted of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery may be required to attend a Partner Abuse Intervention Program under protocols set forth by the Illinois Department of Human Services under such terms and conditions imposed by the court. The costs of such classes shall be paid by the offender.
 - (d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is

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vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections which may include evidence of the defendant's life, moral character and occupation during the time since the original sentence was passed. The trial court shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The trial court may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on collateral attack due to the failure of the trier of fact at trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction) necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond the statutory maximum otherwise applicable, either the defendant may be re-sentenced to a term within the range otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its intention to again seek the extended sentence, the defendant shall be afforded a new trial.

- (e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal sexual abuse under Section 11-1.60 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 results in conviction of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, the court shall consider the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence of probation only where:
 - (1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are appropriate:
 - (A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court

1	approved counseling program for a minimum duration of 2
2	years; or
3	(B) the defendant is willing to participate in a
4	court approved plan including but not limited to the
5	defendant's:
6	(i) removal from the household;
7	(ii) restricted contact with the victim;
8	(iii) continued financial support of the
9	family;
10	(iv) restitution for harm done to the victim;
11	and
12	(v) compliance with any other measures that
13	the court may deem appropriate; and
14	(2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the
15	victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court
16	finds, after considering the defendant's income and
17	assets, that the defendant is financially capable of paying
18	for such services, if the victim was under 18 years of age
19	at the time the offense was committed and requires
20	counseling as a result of the offense.
21	Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section
22	5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that
23	the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation
24	restricting contact with the victim or other family members or
25	commits another offense with the victim or other family
26	members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and

- 1 impose a term of imprisonment.
- For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and 2
- "victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 3
- 4 11-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.
- 5 (f) (Blank).
- 6 (q) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under
- Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-14, 7
- 11-14.3, 11-14.4 except for an offense that involves keeping a 8
- 9 place of juvenile prostitution, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17,
- 10 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13,
- 11 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
- Criminal Code of 2012, the defendant shall undergo medical 12
- 13 testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually
- transmissible disease, including a test for infection with 14
- 15 human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified
- 16 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS).
- Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately 17
- 18 licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of
- any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's 19
- 20 person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of
- such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical 2.1
- 22 personnel involved in the testing and must be personally
- 23 delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in
- 24 which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in
- 25 camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the
- 26 victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to

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determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal guardian, the court shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of the test provide The court shall information availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

(q-5) When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable disease, as determined by the Illinois Department of Public Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in

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1 camera if requested by the judge. Acting in accordance with the best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have 2 3 the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be 4 taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.

(h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall provide information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this

1 Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the 2 State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 3 4 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 5 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost 6 of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as

costs against the convicted defendant.

- 8 (i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for 9 any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois 10 Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and 11 any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and 12 13 disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act. 14
- 15 (j) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 16 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 11-11, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 17 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 18 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-30, 11-40, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 19 20 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, any violation of the Illinois Controlled 2.1 22 Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or 23 any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 24 Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court 25 supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois 26

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Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act of a defendant, the court shall determine whether the defendant is employed by a facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public or private elementary or secondary school, or otherwise works with children under 18 years of age on a daily basis. When a defendant is so employed, the court shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to the defendant's employer by certified mail. If the employer of the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court shall direct the mailing of a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to the appropriate regional superintendent of schools. The regional superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board of Education of any notification under this subsection.

(j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall as a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work toward completing a vocational training program offered by the Department of Corrections. If a defendant fails to complete the educational training required

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by his or her sentence during the term of incarceration, the Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high school diploma or passage of high school equivalency testing. The Prisoner Review Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the educational training shall not be deemed a wilful failure to comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section 3-3-9. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who has a high successfully passed high school diploma or has equivalency testing. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who is determined by the court to be a person with a developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program.

(k) (Blank).

(1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any felony or misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant

- 1 may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the 2 3 Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated
- 4 agent to be deported when:

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- (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - the deportation of the defendant would deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
- 11 Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in this Chapter V. 12
 - (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to suspend the sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent when:
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and

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- 1 would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
- (C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who are 2 3 subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of 4 Section 3-6-3.
 - (D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of initial sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible for additional earned sentence credit as provided under Section 3-6-3.
 - (m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, in which the property damage exceeds \$300 and the property damaged is a school building, shall be ordered to perform community service that may include cleanup, removal, or painting over the defacement.
 - The court may sentence a person convicted of a violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, 16-1.3, or 17-56, or subsection (a) or (b) of Section 12-4.4a, of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (i) to an impact incarceration program if the person is otherwise eligible for that program under Section 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service,

- or (iii) if the person is an addict or alcoholic, as defined in 1
- the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, to a 2
- 3 substance or alcohol abuse program licensed under that Act.
- 4 (o) Whenever a person is convicted of a sex offense as
- 5 defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, the
- defendant's driver's license or permit shall be subject to 6
- renewal on an annual basis in accordance with the provisions of 7
- 8 license renewal established by the Secretary of State.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;
- 10 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-885, eff. 8-23-16; 99-938, eff.
- 1-1-18.11
- 12 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3)
- Sec. 5-6-3. Conditions of probation and of conditional 13
- 14 discharge.
- 15 The conditions of probation and of conditional
- 16 discharge shall be that the person:
- 17 (1)not violate any criminal statute of any
- 18 jurisdiction;
- 19 (2) report to or appear in person before such person or
- 20 agency as directed by the court;
- refrain from possessing a firearm or other 21
- 22 dangerous weapon where the offense is a felony or, if a
- 23 misdemeanor, the offense involved the intentional or
- 24 knowing infliction of bodily harm or threat of bodily harm;
- 25 (4) not leave the State without the consent of the

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court or, in circumstances in which the reason for the absence is of such an emergency nature that prior consent court is not possible, without the prior notification and approval of the person's probation officer. Transfer of a person's probation or conditional discharge supervision to another state is subject to acceptance by the other state pursuant to the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision;

- (5) permit the probation officer to visit him at his home or elsewhere to the extent necessary to discharge his duties:
- (6) perform no less than 30 hours of community service and not more than 120 hours of community service, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board where the offense was committed, where the offense was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang and was motivated by the offender's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang. The community service shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 and similar damage to property located within the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. When possible and reasonable, the community service should be performed in the offender's neighborhood. For purposes

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of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act. The court may give credit toward fulfillment of community service hours participation in activities and treatment as determined by court services;

(7) if he or she is at least 17 years of age and has been sentenced to probation or conditional discharge for a misdemeanor or felony in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony, may be required by the sentencing court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work toward completing a vocational training program approved by the court. The person on probation or conditional discharge must attend a public institution of education to obtain the educational or vocational training required by this paragraph clause (7). The court shall revoke the probation or conditional discharge of a person who wilfully fails to comply with this paragraph clause (7). The person on probation or conditional discharge shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or high school equivalency testing if a fee is charged for those courses or testing. The court shall resentence the offender whose probation or

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conditional discharge has been revoked as provided in Section 5-6-4. This paragraph clause (7) does not apply to a person who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed high school equivalency testing. This paragraph clause (7) does not apply to a person who is determined by the court to be a person with a developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program;

- (8) if convicted of possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act or after a sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act and upon a finding by the court that the person is addicted, undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by the court;
- (8.5) if convicted of a felony sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the person shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment by a treatment provider approved by the Board and conducted in conformance with the standards developed under the Sex

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Offender Management Board Act;

(8.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders:

(8.7) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (8.7), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child

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or adopted child of the accused; 1

- (8.8) if convicted for an offense under Section 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-14.4 that involves soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983):
 - (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the offender's probation officer, except in connection with the offender's employment or search for employment with the prior approval of the offender's probation officer;
 - (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of the offender's computer or any other device with Internet capability by the offender's probation officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer or information technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or device and any internal or external peripherals and removal of such information. equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough inspection;
 - (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's computer or device with Internet capability, at the

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offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software systems to monitor the Internet use; and

- (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the offender's probation officer;
- (8.9) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-262), refrain from accessing or using a social networking website as defined in Section 17-0.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012;
- (9) if convicted of a felony or of any misdemeanor violation of Section 12-1, 12-2, 12-3, 12-3.2, 12-3.4, or 12-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 that was determined, pursuant to Section 112A-11.1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, to trigger the prohibitions of 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(9), physically surrender at a time and place designated by the court, his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card and any and all firearms in his or her possession. The Court shall return the Department of State Police Firearm Owner's Identification Card Office the person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card;
- (10) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18

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years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter;

- (11) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-362) that requires the person to register as a sex offender under that Act, may not knowingly use any computer scrub software on any computer that the sex offender uses;
- (12) if convicted of a violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act, or a methamphetamine related offense:
 - (A) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing pseudoephedrine unless prescribed by a physician; and
 - (B) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or having under his or her control any product containing ammonium nitrate; and
- (13) if convicted of a hate crime involving the protected class identified in subsection (a) of Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 that gave rise to the

1	offense the offender committed, perform public or
2	community service of no less than 200 hours and enroll in
3	an educational program discouraging hate crimes that
4	includes racial, ethnic, and cultural sensitivity training
5	ordered by the court.
6	(b) The Court may in addition to other reasonable
7	conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the
8	rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each
9	defendant in the proper discretion of the Court require that
10	the person:
11	(1) serve a term of periodic imprisonment under Article
12	7 for a period not to exceed that specified in paragraph
13	(d) of Section 5-7-1;
14	(2) pay a fine and costs;
15	(3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
16	training;
17	(4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric
18	treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
19	(5) attend or reside in a facility established for the
20	instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
21	(6) support his dependents;
22	(7) and in addition, if a minor:
23	(i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;
24	(ii) attend school;
25	(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;

(iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a

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1	foster home;
2	(v) with the consent of the superintendent of the
3	facility, attend an educational program at a facility
4	other than the school in which the offense was
5	committed if he or she is convicted of a crime of
6	violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime Victims
7	Compensation Act committed in a school, on the real
8	property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of
9	the real property comprising a school;
10	(8) make restitution as provided in Section 5-5-6 of
11	this Code;
12	(9) perform some reasonable public or community
13	service;
14	(10) serve a term of home confinement. In addition to
15	any other applicable condition of probation or conditional
16	discharge, the conditions of home confinement shall be that
17	the offender:
18	(i) remain within the interior premises of the
19	place designated for his confinement during the hours
20	designated by the court;
21	(ii) admit any person or agent designated by the
22	court into the offender's place of confinement at any
23	time for purposes of verifying the offender's

compliance with the conditions of his confinement; and

the Probation or Court Services Department, be placed

(iii) if further deemed necessary by the court or

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on an approved electronic monitoring device, subject to Article 8A of Chapter V;

for persons convicted of any cannabis or controlled substance violation who are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the device, as established by the county board subsection (q) of this Section, unless after determining the inability of the offender to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to the fees imposed under subsections (g) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the substance abuse services fund under Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic

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monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or damage to any device; and

(v) for persons convicted of offenses other than those referenced in clause (iv) above and who are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the device, as established by the county board of this Section, unless subsection (a) determining the inability of the defendant to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to the fees imposed under subsections (q) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer who shall use the monies collected to defray the costs of corrections. The county treasurer shall deposit the

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fee collected in the probation and court services fund. The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or damage to any device.

- (11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, as now or hereafter amended, or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory. A copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the probation officer or agency having responsibility for the case;
- (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced;

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- (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced, (i) to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act, or (ii) for offenses under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources, to the fund established by the Department of Natural Resources for the purchase of evidence for investigation purposes and to conduct investigations as outlined in Section 805-105 of the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law;
- (14) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a probation officer, if the defendant has been placed on probation or advance approval by the court, if the defendant was placed on conditional discharge;
- (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of persons, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
- (16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,

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unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;

- (17) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (17), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is related to the accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;
- (18) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983) that would qualify as a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the offender's probation officer, except in connection with the offender's employment or

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1	search for employment with the prior approval of the
2	offender's probation officer;
3	(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations
4	of the offender's computer or any other device with
5	Internet capability by the offender's probation
6	officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned
7	computer or information technology specialist,
8	including the retrieval and copying of all data from
9	the computer or device and any internal or external
10	peripherals and removal of such information,
11	equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough
12	inspection;
13	(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's
14	computer or device with Internet capability, at the
15	subject's expense, of one or more hardware or software
16	systems to monitor the Internet use; and
17	(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions
18	concerning the offender's use of or access to a
19	computer or any other device with Internet capability
20	imposed by the offender's probation officer; and
21	(19) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
22	dangerous weapon where the offense is a misdemeanor that

(c) The court may as a condition of probation or of conditional discharge require that a person under 18 years of

bodily harm or threat of bodily harm.

did not involve the intentional or knowing infliction of

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- age found quilty of any alcohol, cannabis or controlled substance violation, refrain from acquiring a driver's license during the period of probation or conditional discharge. If such person is in possession of a permit or license, the court may require that the minor refrain from driving or operating any motor vehicle during the period of probation or conditional discharge, except as may be necessary in the course of the minor's lawful employment.
 - (d) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional discharge shall be given a certificate setting forth the conditions thereof.
 - (e) Except where the offender has committed a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the court shall not require as a condition of the sentence of probation or conditional discharge that the offender be committed to a period of imprisonment in excess of 6 months. This 6-month 6-month limit shall not include periods of confinement given pursuant to a sentence of county impact incarceration under Section 5-8-1.2.
- Persons committed to imprisonment as a condition of probation or conditional discharge shall not be committed to the Department of Corrections.
- The court may combine a sentence of (f) periodic imprisonment under Article 7 or a sentence to a county impact incarceration program under Article 8 with a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.

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(q) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional discharge and who during the term of either undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay all costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to such approved electronic monitoring in accordance with the defendant's ability to pay those costs. The county board with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall establish reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to approved electronic monitoring, involved successful probation program for the county. concurrence of the Chief Judge shall be in the form of an administrative order. The fees shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall use the moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, alcohol testing, and electronic monitoring. The county treasurer shall deposit the fees collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case may be. The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic

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1 monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and 2 collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall 3 4 include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of 5 unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge. 6

The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or damage to any device.

- (h) Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred from the sentencing court to the court of another circuit with the concurrence of both courts. Further transfers or retransfers of jurisdiction are also authorized in the same manner. The court to which jurisdiction has been transferred shall have the same powers as the sentencing court. The probation department within the circuit to which jurisdiction has been transferred, or which has agreed to provide supervision, may impose probation fees upon receiving the transferred offender, as provided in subsection (i). For all transfer cases, as defined in Section 9b of the Probation and Probation Officers Act, the probation department from the original sentencing court shall retain all probation fees collected prior to the transfer. After the transfer, all probation fees shall be paid to the probation department within the circuit to which jurisdiction has been transferred.
 - (i) The court shall impose upon an offender sentenced to

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probation after January 1, 1989 or to conditional discharge after January 1, 1992 or to community service under the supervision of a probation or court services department after January 1, 2004, as a condition of such probation or conditional discharge or supervised community service, a fee of \$50 for each month of probation or conditional discharge supervision or supervised community service ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability of the person sentenced to probation or conditional discharge or supervised community service to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. The court may not impose the fee on a minor who is placed in the quardianship or custody of the Department of Children and Family Services under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon an offender who is actively supervised by the probation and court services department. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund under Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probation Officers Act.

A circuit court may not impose a probation fee under this subsection (i) in excess of \$25 per month unless the circuit court has adopted, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard probation fee guide determining an offender's ability to pay Of the amount collected as a probation fee, up to \$5 of that fee collected per month may be used to provide

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services to crime victims and their families.

The Court may only waive probation fees based on an offender's ability to pay. The probation department may re-evaluate an offender's ability to pay every 6 months, and, with the approval of the Director of Court Services or the Chief Probation Officer, adjust the monthly fee amount. An offender may elect to pay probation fees due in a lump sum. Any offender that has been assigned to the supervision of a probation department, or has been transferred either under subsection (h) of this Section or under any interstate compact, shall be required to pay probation fees to the department supervising the offender, based on the offender's ability to pay.

Public Act 93-970 This amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly deletes the \$10 increase in the fee under this subsection that was imposed by Public Act 93-616. This deletion is intended to control over any other Act of the 93rd General Assembly that retains or incorporates that fee increase.

(i-5) In addition to the fees imposed under subsection (i) of this Section, in the case of an offender convicted of a felony sex offense (as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act) or an offense that the court or probation department has determined to be sexually motivated (as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act), the court or the probation department shall assess additional fees to pay for all costs of treatment, assessment, evaluation for risk and treatment, and

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- 1 monitoring the offender, based on that offender's ability to pay those costs either as they occur or under a payment plan. 2
 - (j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
 - Any offender who is sentenced to probation or conditional discharge for a felony sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act or any offense that the court or probation department has determined to be sexually motivated as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act shall be required to refrain from any contact, directly or indirectly, with any persons specified by the court and shall be available for all evaluations and treatment programs required by the court or the probation department.
 - (1) The court may order an offender who is sentenced to probation or conditional discharge for a violation of an order of protection be placed under electronic surveillance as provided in Section 5-8A-7 of this Code.
- (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-797, eff. 8-12-16; 23
- 24 100-159, eff. 8-18-17; 100-260, eff. 1-1-18; revised 10-5-17.)

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- 1 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-3)
- Sec. 5-6-3.3. Offender Initiative Program. 2
- (a) Statement of purpose. The General Assembly seeks to continue other successful programs that promote public safety, conserve valuable resources, and reduce recidivism defendants who can lead productive lives by creating the 7 Offender Initiative Program.
 - (a-1) Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of, or placed on probation or conditional discharge for, any felony offense under the laws of this State, the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States, is arrested for and charged with a probationable felony offense of theft, retail theft, forgery, possession of a stolen motor vehicle, burglary, possession of burglary tools, possession of cannabis, possession of a controlled substance, or possession of methamphetamine, the court, with the consent of the defendant and the State's Attorney, may continue this matter to allow a defendant to participate and complete the Offender Initiative Program.
 - (a-2) Exemptions. A defendant shall not be eligible for this Program if the offense he or she has been arrested for and charged with is a violent offense. For purposes of this Program, a "violent offense" is any offense where bodily harm was inflicted or where force was used against any person or threatened against any person, any offense involving sexual conduct, sexual penetration, or sexual exploitation, any

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- 1 offense of domestic violence, domestic battery, violation of an order of protection, stalking, hate crime, driving under the 2 influence of drugs or alcohol, and any offense involving the 3 4 possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon. A defendant shall 5 not be eligible for this Program if he or she has previously been adjudicated a delinquent minor for the commission of a 6 violent offense as defined in this subsection. 7
 - (b) When a defendant is placed in the Program, after both the defendant and State's Attorney waive preliminary hearing pursuant to Section 109-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, the court shall enter an order specifying that the suspended while the defendant proceedings shall be participating in a Program of not less 12 months.
- 14 The conditions of the Program shall be that the 15 defendant:
 - (1) not violate any criminal statute of this State or any other jurisdiction;
 - refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon;
 - (3) make full restitution to the victim or property owner pursuant to Section 5-5-6 of this Code;
 - (4) obtain employment or perform not less than 30 hours community service, provided community service is available in the county and is funded and approved by the county board; and
 - (5) attend educational courses designed to prepare the

defendant for obtaining a high school diploma or to work
toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work
toward completing a vocational training program.
(c-1) The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of
community service hours for participation in activities and
treatment as determined by court services.
(d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require
that the defendant:
(1) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or
treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois
Department of Human Services;
(2) refrain from having in his or her body the presence
of any illicit drug prohibited by the Methamphetamine
Control and Community Protection Act, the Cannabis Control
Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless
prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her
blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence
of any illicit drug;
(3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time, manner,
and frequency as ordered by the court;
(4) pay fines, fees and costs; and
(5) in addition, if a minor:
(i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster
home;
(ii) attend school;
(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;

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- (iv) contribute to his or her own support at home 2 or in a foster home. 3
 - (e) When the State's Attorney makes a factually specific offer of proof that the defendant has failed to successfully complete the Program or has violated any of the conditions of the Program, the court shall enter an order that the defendant has not successfully completed the Program and continue the case for arraignment pursuant to Section 113-1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for further proceedings as if the defendant had not participated in the Program.
 - (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the Program, the State's Attorney shall dismiss the case or the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.
 - (g) There may be only one discharge and dismissal under this Section with respect to any person.
 - (h) Notwithstanding subsection (a-1), if the court finds that the defendant suffers from a substance abuse problem, then before the person participates in the Program under this Section, the court may refer the person to the drug court established in that judicial circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment Act. The drug court team shall evaluate the person's likelihood of successfully fulfilling the terms and conditions of the Program under this Section and shall report the results of its evaluation to the court. If the

- 1 drug court team finds that the person suffers from a substance
- 2 abuse problem that makes him or her substantially unlikely to
- 3 successfully fulfill the terms and conditions of the Program,
- 4 then the drug court shall set forth its findings in the form of
- 5 a written order, and the person shall be ineligible to
- participate in the Program under this Section, but may be 6
- considered for the drug court program. 7
- (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15.) 8
- 9 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-3)
- 10 Sec. 5-6-3.3. Offender Initiative Program.
- (a) Statement of purpose. The General Assembly seeks to 11
- 12 continue other successful programs that promote public safety,
- 13 conserve valuable resources, and reduce recidivism
- 14 defendants who can lead productive lives by creating the
- 15 Offender Initiative Program.
- 16 (a-1) Whenever any person who has not previously been
- 17 convicted of any felony offense under the laws of this State,
- the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States, 18
- 19 is arrested for and charged with a probationable felony offense
- 20 of theft, retail theft, forgery, possession of a stolen motor
- 21 vehicle, burglary, possession of burglary tools, deceptive
- 22 practices, disorderly conduct, criminal damage or trespass to
- 23 property under Article 21 of the Criminal Code of 2012,
- 24 criminal trespass to a residence, obstructing justice, or an
- 25 offense involving fraudulent identification, or possession of

- 1 cannabis, possession of a controlled substance, or possession 2 of methamphetamine, the court, with the consent of the defendant and the State's Attorney, may continue this matter to 3 4 allow a defendant to participate and complete the Offender
- 5 Initiative Program.

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- (a-2) Exemptions. A defendant shall not be eligible for this Program if the offense he or she has been arrested for and charged with is a violent offense. For purposes of this Program, a "violent offense" is any offense where bodily harm was inflicted or where force was used against any person or threatened against any person, any offense involving sexual conduct, sexual penetration, or sexual exploitation, any offense of domestic violence, domestic battery, violation of an order of protection, stalking, hate crime, and any offense involving the possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon. A defendant shall not be eligible for this Program if he or she has previously been adjudicated a delinquent minor for the commission of a violent offense as defined in this subsection.
 - (b) When a defendant is placed in the Program, after both the defendant and State's Attorney waive preliminary hearing pursuant to Section 109-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, the court shall enter an order specifying that the proceedings shall be suspended while the defendant is participating in a Program of not less 12 months.
- 25 (c) The conditions of the Program shall be that the 26 defendant:

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1 (1) no	ot violate any criminal statute of this State or
2 any other	jurisdiction;
3 (2)	refrain from possessing a firearm or other
4 dangerous	weapon;
5 (3) m	ake full restitution to the victim or property
6 owner purs	suant to Section 5-5-6 of this Code;
7 (4) ok	otain employment or perform not less than 30 hours
8 of commu	nity service, provided community service is
9 available	in the county and is funded and approved by the
10 county boa	ard; and
11 (5) at	ttend educational courses designed to prepare the
12 defendant	for obtaining a high school diploma or to work
13 toward pa	ssing high school equivalency testing or to work
14 toward con	mpleting a vocational training program.
15 <u>(c-1) The</u>	court may give credit toward the fulfillment of
16 <u>community ser</u>	vice hours for participation in activities and
17 <u>treatment as c</u>	determined by court services.
18 (d) The co	ourt may, in addition to other conditions, require
19 that the defer	ndant:
20 (1)	undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or
21 treatment	or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois
22 Departmen	t of Human Services;
23 (2) re	efrain from having in his or her body the presence
24 of any i	llicit drug prohibited by the Methamphetamine

Control and Community Protection Act, the Cannabis Control

Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless

1	prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her
2	blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence
3	of any illicit drug;

- (3) submit to periodic drug testing at a time, manner, and frequency as ordered by the court;
 - (4) pay fines, fees and costs; and
- (5) in addition, if a minor:
- 8 (i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster 9 home;
- 10 (ii) attend school;
- 11 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
- 12 or

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- 13 (iv) contribute to his or her own support at home or in a foster home. 14
 - (e) When the State's Attorney makes a factually specific offer of proof that the defendant has failed to successfully complete the Program or has violated any of the conditions of the Program, the court shall enter an order that the defendant has not successfully completed the Program and continue the case for arraignment pursuant to Section 113-1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for further proceedings as if the defendant had not participated in the Program.
 - (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the Program, the State's Attorney shall dismiss the case or the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.

- 1 (q) A person may only have one discharge and dismissal under this Section within a 4-year period. 2
- (h) Notwithstanding subsection (a-1), if the court finds 3 4 that the defendant suffers from a substance abuse problem, then 5 before the person participates in the Program under this Section, the court may refer the person to the drug court 6 established in that judicial circuit pursuant to Section 15 of 7 the Drug Court Treatment Act. The drug court team shall 8 9 evaluate the person's likelihood of successfully fulfilling 10 the terms and conditions of the Program under this Section and 11 shall report the results of its evaluation to the court. If the drug court team finds that the person suffers from a substance 12 13 abuse problem that makes him or her substantially unlikely to 14 successfully fulfill the terms and conditions of the Program, 15 then the drug court shall set forth its findings in the form of 16 a written order, and the person shall be ineligible to participate in the Program under this Section, but shall be 17 18 considered for the drug court program.
- (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.) 19
- 2.0 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.4)
- 21 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-3)
- Sec. 5-6-3.4. Second Chance Probation. 22
- 23 Whenever any person who has not previously been 24 convicted of, or placed on probation or conditional discharge 25 for, any felony offense under the laws of this State, the laws

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of any other state, or the laws of the United States, including probation under Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, subsection (c) of Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 2012, Treatment Alternatives for Criminal Justice Clients (TASC) under Article 40 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, or prior successful completion of the Offender Initiative Program under Section 5-6-3.3 of this Code, and pleads quilty to, or is found quilty of, a probationable felony offense of possession of a controlled substance that is punishable as a Class 4 felony; possession of methamphetamine that is punishable as a Class 4 felony; theft that is punishable as a Class 3 felony based on the value of the property or punishable as a Class 4 felony if the theft was committed in a school or place of worship or if the theft was of governmental property; retail theft that is punishable as a Class 3 felony based on the value of the property; criminal damage to property that is punishable as a Class 4 felony; criminal damage to government supported property that is punishable as a Class 4 felony; or possession of cannabis which is punishable as a Class 4 felony, the court, with the consent of the defendant and the State's Attorney, may, without entering a judgment, sentence the defendant to probation under this Section.

(a-1) Exemptions. A defendant is not eligible for this

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- probation if the offense he or she pleads quilty to, or is found quilty of, is a violent offense, or he or she has previously been convicted of a violent offense. For purposes of this probation, a "violent offense" is any offense where bodily harm was inflicted or where force was used against any person or threatened against any person, any offense involving sexual conduct, sexual penetration, or sexual exploitation, any offense of domestic violence, domestic battery, violation of an order of protection, stalking, hate crime, driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol, and any offense involving the possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon. A defendant shall not be eliqible for this probation if he or she has previously been adjudicated a delinquent minor for the commission of a violent offense as defined in this subsection.
 - (b) When a defendant is placed on probation, the court shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of not less than 24 months and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.
- 2.1 The conditions of probation shall be that the 22 defendant:
- 23 (1) not violate any criminal statute of this State or 24 any other jurisdiction;
- refrain from possessing a firearm or other 25 26 dangerous weapon;

Τ.	(3) make full restriction to the victim of property
2	owner under Section 5-5-6 of this Code;
3	(4) obtain or attempt to obtain employment;
4	(5) pay fines and costs;
5	(6) attend educational courses designed to prepare the
6	defendant for obtaining a high school diploma or to work
7	toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work
8	toward completing a vocational training program;
9	(7) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a
10	manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times
11	during the period of probation, with the cost of the
12	testing to be paid by the defendant; and
13	(8) perform a minimum of 30 hours of community service.
14	The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of
15	community service hours for participation in activities
16	and treatment as determined by court services.
17	(d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require
18	that the defendant:
19	(1) make a report to and appear in person before or
20	participate with the court or such courts, person, or
21	social service agency as directed by the court in the order
22	of probation;
23	(2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or
24	treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois
25	Department of Human Services;

(3) attend or reside in a facility established for the

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1 instruction or residence of defendants on probation;

- (4) support his or her dependents; or
- (5) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug.
- (e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of quilt and proceed as otherwise provided by law.
 - (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.
 - (q) A disposition of probation is considered to be a conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal; however, a discharge and dismissal under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this Code or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime.
 - (h) There may be only one discharge and dismissal under this Section, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Treatment Alternatives for Criminal Justice Clients (TASC)

- 1 under Article 40 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and
- Dependency Act, the Offender Initiative Program under Section 2
- 5-6-3.3 of this Code, and subsection (c) of Section 11-14 of 3
- 4 the Criminal Code of 2012 with respect to any person.
- 5 (i) If a person is convicted of any offense which occurred
- within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under 6
- this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section 7
- shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that 8
- 9 conviction as evidence in aggravation.
- 10 (j) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if the court finds that
- 11 the defendant suffers from a substance abuse problem, then
- before the person is placed on probation under this Section, 12
- 13 the court may refer the person to the drug court established in
- 14 that judicial circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court
- 15 Treatment Act. The drug court team shall evaluate the person's
- 16 likelihood of successfully fulfilling the terms and conditions
- of probation under this Section and shall report the results of 17
- its evaluation to the court. If the drug court team finds that 18
- the person suffers from a substance abuse problem that makes 19
- 20 him or her substantially unlikely to successfully fulfill the
- terms and conditions of probation under this Section, then the 2.1
- 22 drug court shall set forth its findings in the form of a
- 23 written order, and the person shall be ineligible to be placed
- 24 on probation under this Section, but may be considered for the
- 25 drug court program.
- (Source: P.A. 98-164, eff. 1-1-14; 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 99-480, 26

1 eff. 9-9-15.)

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- 2 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-3)
- 3 Sec. 5-6-3.4. Second Chance Probation.
- 4 (a) Whenever any person who has not previously been 5 convicted of any felony offense under the laws of this State, the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States, 6 7 and pleads quilty to, or is found quilty of, possession of less 8 than 15 grams of a controlled substance; possession of less 9 than 15 grams of methamphetamine; or a probationable felony 10 offense of possession of cannabis, theft, retail theft, forgery, deceptive practices, possession of a stolen motor 11 12 vehicle, burglary, possession of burglary tools, disorderly 13 conduct, criminal damage or trespass to property under Article 14 21 of the Criminal Code of 2012, criminal trespass to a 15 residence, an offense involving fraudulent identification, or obstructing justice; or possession of cannabis, the court, with 16 the consent of the defendant and the State's Attorney, may, 17 18 without entering a judgment, sentence the defendant to 19 probation under this Section.
 - (a-1) Exemptions. A defendant is not eligible for this probation if the offense he or she pleads guilty to, or is found guilty of, is a violent offense, or he or she has previously been convicted of a violent offense. For purposes of this probation, a "violent offense" is any offense where bodily harm was inflicted or where force was used against any person

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- 1 or threatened against any person, any offense involving sexual conduct, sexual penetration, or sexual exploitation, any 2 offense of domestic violence, domestic battery, violation of an 3 4 order of protection, stalking, hate crime, and any offense 5 involving the possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon. A defendant shall not be eliqible for this probation if he or she 6 has previously been adjudicated a delinquent minor for the 7 commission of a violent offense as defined in this subsection. 8
 - (b) When a defendant is placed on probation, the court shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of not less than 24 months and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of probation.
 - (c) The conditions of probation shall be that the defendant:
 - (1) not violate any criminal statute of this State or any other jurisdiction;
 - refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon;
 - (3) make full restitution to the victim or property owner under Section 5-5-6 of this Code;
 - (4) obtain or attempt to obtain employment;
- 24 (5) pay fines and costs;
- 2.5 (6) attend educational courses designed to prepare the 26 defendant for obtaining a high school diploma or to work

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1	toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work
2	toward completing a vocational training program;
3	(7) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a
4	manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times
5	during the period of probation, with the cost of the
6	testing to be paid by the defendant; and
7	(8) perform a minimum of 30 hours of community service.
8	The court may give credit toward the fulfillment of
9	community service hours for participation in activities
10	and treatment as determined by court services.
11	(d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require
12	that the defendant:
13	(1) make a report to and appear in person before or
14	participate with the court or such courts, person, or
15	social service agency as directed by the court in the order
16	of probation;
17	(2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or
18	treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois
19	Department of Human Services;
20	(3) attend or reside in a facility established for the
21	instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
22	(4) support his or her dependents; or
23	(5) refrain from having in his or her body the presence

of any illicit drug prohibited by the Methamphetamine

Control and Community Protection Act, the Cannabis Control

Act, or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless

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- 1 prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence 2 3 of any illicit drug.
 - (e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided by law.
 - (f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.
 - (q) A disposition of probation is considered to be a conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of probation and for appeal; however, a discharge and dismissal under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this Code or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime.
 - (h) A person may only have one discharge and dismissal under this Section within a 4-year period.
 - (i) If a person is convicted of any offense which occurred within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that conviction as evidence in aggravation.
 - (i) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if the court finds that the defendant suffers from a substance abuse problem, then before the person is placed on probation under this Section, the court may refer the person to the drug court established in

1 that judicial circuit pursuant to Section 15 of the Drug Court Treatment Act. The drug court team shall evaluate the person's 2 3 likelihood of successfully fulfilling the terms and conditions 4 of probation under this Section and shall report the results of 5 its evaluation to the court. If the drug court team finds that the person suffers from a substance abuse problem that makes 6 him or her substantially unlikely to successfully fulfill the 7 8 terms and conditions of probation under this Section, then the 9 drug court shall set forth its findings in the form of a 10 written order, and the person shall be ineligible to be placed 11 on probation under this Section, but shall be considered for 12 the drug court program.

- 13 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-3, eff. 1-1-18.)
- 14 (730 ILCS 5/5-8A-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8A-3)
- 15 Sec. 5-8A-3. Application.
- (a) Except as provided in subsection (d), a person charged 16 17 with or convicted of an excluded offense may not be placed in 18 an electronic monitoring or home detention program, except for 19 bond pending trial or appeal or while on parole, aftercare 20 release, or mandatory supervised release.
- 21 (b) A person serving a sentence for a conviction of a Class 22 1 felony, other than an excluded offense, may be placed in an electronic monitoring or home detention program for a period 23 24 not to exceed the last 90 days of incarceration.
- 25 (c) A person serving a sentence for a conviction of a Class

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- 1 X felony, other than an excluded offense, may be placed in an electronic monitoring or home detention program for a period 2 not to exceed the last 90 days of incarceration, provided that 3 4 the person was sentenced on or after August 11, 1993 (the 5 effective date of Public Act 88-311) and provided that the 6 court has not prohibited the program for the person in the 7 sentencing order.
 - (d) A person serving a sentence for conviction of an offense other than for predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, or felony criminal sexual abuse, may be placed in an electronic monitoring or home detention program for a period not to exceed the last 12 months of incarceration, provided that (i) the person is 55 years of age or older; (ii) the person is serving a determinate sentence; (iii) the person has served at least 25% of the sentenced prison term; and (iv) placement in an electronic monitoring or home detention program is approved by the Prisoner Review Board or the Department of Juvenile Justice.
 - (e) A person serving a sentence for conviction of a Class 2, 3, or 4 felony offense which is not an excluded offense may be placed in an electronic monitoring or home detention program pursuant to Department administrative directives. directives shall encourage inmates to apply for electronic detention to incentivize positive behavior and program participation prior to and following their return to the

1	community, consistent with Section 5-8A-4.2 of this Code. These
2	directives shall not prohibit application solely for prior
3	mandatory supervised release violation history, outstanding
4	municipal warrants, current security classification, and prior
5	criminal history, though these factors may be considered when
6	reviewing individual applications in conjunction with
7	additional factors, such as the applicant's institution
8	behavior, program participation, and reentry plan.

(f)Applications for electronic monitoring or home detention may include the following:

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- (1) pretrial or pre-adjudicatory detention;
- 13 (2) probation;
- (3) conditional discharge; 14
- 15 (4) periodic imprisonment;
- 16 (5) parole, aftercare release, or mandatory supervised 17 release;
- (6) work release; 18
- 19 (7) furlough; or
- 20 (8) post-trial incarceration.
- (g) A person convicted of an offense described in clause 2.1 (4) or (5) of subsection (d) of Section 5-8-1 of this Code 22 23 shall be placed in an electronic monitoring or home detention 24 program for at least the first 2 years of the person's 25 mandatory supervised release term.
- (Source: P.A. 99-628, eff. 1-1-17; 99-797, eff. 8-12-16; 26

100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-431, eff. 8-25-17.) 1

- 2 (730 ILCS 5/5-8A-4.2 new)
- 3 Sec. 5-8A-4.2. Successful transition to the community.
- 4 (a) The Department shall engage in reentry planning to
- 5 include individualized case planning for persons preparing to
- be released to the community. This planning shall begin at 6
- 7 intake and be supported throughout the term of incarceration,
- 8 with a focused emphasis in the year prior to the inmate's
- 9 mandatory statutory release date. All inmates within one year
- 10 of their mandatory statutory release data shall be deemed to be
- 11 in reentry status. The Department shall develop administrative
- 12 directives to define reentry status based on the requirements
- 13 of this Section.
- 14 (b) The Department shall develop incentives to increase
- program and treatment participation, positive behavior, and 15
- 16 readiness to change.
- (c) The Department shall coordinate with, and provide 17
- access at the point of release for, community partners and 18
- 19 State and local government agencies to support successful
- transitions through assistance in planning and by providing 20
- 21 appropriate programs to inmates in reentry status. The
- Department shall work with community partners and appropriate 22
- 23 state agencies to support the successful transitions through
- assistance in planning and by providing appropriate programs to 24
- 25 persons prior to release. Release planning shall include, but

1	is not limited to:
2	(1) necessary documentation to include birth
3	certificate, social security card, and identification
4	<pre>card;</pre>
5	(2) vocational or educational short-term and long-term
6	goals;
7	(3) financial literacy and planning to include
8	payments of fines, fees, restitution, child support, and
9	other debt;
10	(4) access to healthcare, mental healthcare, and
11	<pre>chemical dependency treatment;</pre>
12	(5) living and transportation arrangements; and
13	(6) family reunification, if appropriate, and
14	pro-social support networks.
15	(d) The Illinois Housing Development Authority shall
16	create a Frequent Users Systems Engagement (FUSE) Re-Entry
17	rental subsidy supportive housing program for the most
18	vulnerable persons exiting the Department of Corrections. The
19	Re-Entry rental subsidy supportive housing program shall be
20	targeted to persons with disabilities who have a history of
21	incarcerations, hospitalizations, and homelessness. The
22	Illinois Housing Development Authority, the Department of
23	Human Services Statewide Housing Coordinator, stakeholders,
24	and the Department of Corrections shall adopt policies and
25	procedures for the FUSE Re-Entry rental subsidy supportive
26	housing program including eligibility criteria, geographic

Τ	distribution, and documentation requirements which are similar
2	to the Rental Housing Support Program. The funding formula for
3	this program shall be developed by calculating the number of
4	prison bed days saved through the timely releases that would
5	not be possible but for the Re-Entry rental subsidy supportive
6	housing program. Funding shall include administrative costs
7	for the Illinois Housing Development Authority to operate the
8	program.
9	(e) The Department shall report to the General Assembly on
10	or before January 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, on these
11	activities to support successful transitions to the community.
12	This report shall include the following information regarding
13	persons released from the Department:
14	(1) the total number of persons released each year
15	listed by county;
16	(2) the number of persons assessed as having a high or
17	moderate criminogenic need who have completed programming
18	addressing that criminogenic need prior to release listed
19	by program and county;
20	(3) the number of persons released in the reporting
21	year who have engaged in pre-release planning prior to
22	their release listed by county;
23	(4) the number of persons who have been released to
24	electronic detention prior to their mandatory supervised
25	release date;
26	(5) the number of persons who have been released after

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1	their mandatory supervised release date, average time past
2	mandatory supervised release date, and reasons held past
3	mandatory supervised release date; and

- (6) when implemented, the number of Frequent Users Systems Engagement (FUSE) Re-Entry rental subsidy supportive housing program participants and average prison bed days saved.
- 8 Section 35. The Crime Victims Compensation Act is amended 9 by changing Section 6.1 as follows:
- (740 ILCS 45/6.1) (from Ch. 70, par. 76.1) 10
- Sec. 6.1. Right to compensation. A person is entitled to 11 12 compensation under this Act if:
 - (a) Within 2 years of the occurrence of the crime, or within one year after a criminal charge of a person for an offense, upon which the claim is based, he files an application, under oath, with the Court of Claims and on a form prescribed in accordance with Section 7.1 furnished by Attorney General. Ιf the person entitled the compensation is under 18 years of age or under other legal disability at the time of the occurrence or is determined by a court to be under a legal disability as a result of the occurrence, he may file the application required by this subsection within 2 years after he attains the age of 18 years or the disability is removed, as the case may be.

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Legal disability includes a diagnosis of posttraumatic stress disorder.

(b) For all crimes of violence, except those listed in subsection (b-1) of this Section, the appropriate law enforcement officials were notified within 72 hours of the perpetration of the crime allegedly causing the death or injury to the victim or, in the event such notification was made more than 72 hours after the perpetration of the crime, the applicant establishes that such notice was timely under the circumstances.

(b-1) For victims of offenses defined in Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, and 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the appropriate law enforcement officials were notified within 7 days of the perpetration of the crime allegedly causing death or injury to the victim or, in the event that the notification was made more than 7 days after the perpetration of the crime, the applicant establishes that the notice was timely under the circumstances. If the applicant or victim has obtained an order of protection, a civil no contact order, or a stalking no contact order, or has presented himself or hospital for sexual assault evidence herself to a collection and medical care, such action shall constitute appropriate notification under this subsection (b-1) or subsection (b) of this Section.

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(c) The applicant has cooperated with law enforcement
officials in the apprehension and prosecution of the
assailant. If the applicant or victim has obtained an order
of protection, a civil no contact order, or a stalking no
contact order or has presented himself or herself to a
hospital for sexual assault evidence collection and
medical care, such action shall constitute cooperation
under this subsection (c). If the victim is under 18 years
of age at the time of the commission of the offense, the
following shall constitute cooperation under this
<pre>subsection (c):</pre>

- (1) the applicant or the victim files a police report with a law enforcement agency;
- (2) a mandated reporter reports the crime to law enforcement; or
- (3) a person with firsthand knowledge of the crime reports the crime to law enforcement.
- (d) The applicant is not the offender or an accomplice of the offender and the award would not unjustly benefit the offender or his accomplice.
- (e) The injury to or death of the victim was not substantially attributable to his own wrongful act and was not substantially provoked by the victim.
- (f) For victims of offenses defined in Section 10-9 of the Criminal Code of 2012, the victim submits a statement under oath on a form prescribed by the Attorney General

- 1 attesting that the removed tattoo was applied in connection
- with the commission of the offense. 2
- (Source: P.A. 98-435, eff. 1-1-14; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.) 3
- 4 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 5 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section 6 7 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does 8 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes 9 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act. 10
- 11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.". 12