1 AN ACT concerning education.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 10-22.6a, 14-13.01, and 27-22 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.6a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.6a)
- 7 10-22.6a. provide by home Τo instruction, 8 correspondence courses or otherwise courses of instruction for 9 pupils who are unable to attend school because of pregnancy. Such instruction shall be provided to the pupil (1) before the 10 birth of the child when the pupil's physician, physician 11 12 assistant, or advanced practice nurse has indicated to the district, in writing, that the pupil is medically unable to 13 14 attend regular classroom instruction and (2) for up to 3 months following the birth of the child or a miscarriage. The 15 16 instruction course shall be designed to offer educational experiences that are equivalent to those given to pupils at the 17 same grade level in the district and that are designed to 18 19 enable the pupil to return to the classroom.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 84-1430.)
- 21 (105 ILCS 5/14-13.01) (from Ch. 122, par. 14-13.01)
- Sec. 14-13.01. Reimbursement payable by State; amounts for

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personnel and transportation.

(a) For staff working on behalf of children who have not been identified as eligible for special education and for eligible children with physical disabilities, including all eligible children whose placement has been determined under Section 14-8.02 in hospital or home instruction, 1/2 of the teacher's salary but not more than \$1,000 annually per child or \$9,000 per teacher, whichever is less. A child qualifies for home or hospital instruction if it is anticipated that, due to a medical condition, the child will be unable to attend school, and instead must be instructed at home or in the hospital, for a period of 2 or more consecutive weeks or on an ongoing intermittent basis. For purposes of this Section, "ongoing intermittent basis" means that the child's medical condition is of such a nature or severity that it is anticipated that the child will be absent from school due to the medical condition for periods of at least 2 days at a time multiple times during the school year totaling at least 10 days or more of absences. There shall be no requirement that a child be absent from school a minimum number of days before the child qualifies for home or hospital instruction. In order to establish eligibility for home or hospital services, a student's parent or quardian must submit to the child's school district of residence a written statement from a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, a licensed physician assistant, or a licensed advanced practice nurse stating the

existence of such medical condition, the impact on the child's 1 2 ability to participate in education, and the anticipated duration or nature of the child's absence from school. Home or 3 hospital instruction may commence upon receipt of a written 5 physician's, physician assistant's, or advanced practice nurse's statement in accordance with this Section, 6 7 instruction shall commence not later than 5 school days after 8 the school district receives the physician's, physician 9 assistant's, or advanced practice nurse's statement. Special 10 education and related services required by the child's IEP or 11 services and accommodations required by the child's federal 12 Section 504 plan must be implemented as part of the child's home or hospital instruction, unless the IEP team or federal 13 Section 504 plan team determines that modifications are 14 15 necessary during the home or hospital instruction due to the child's condition. Eligible children to be included in any 16 17 reimbursement under this paragraph must regularly receive a minimum of one hour of instruction each school day, or in lieu 18 thereof of a minimum of 5 hours of instruction in each school 19 20 week in order to qualify for full reimbursement under this Section. If the attending physician, physician assistant, or 21 22 advanced practice nurse for such a child has certified that the 23 child should not receive as many as 5 hours of instruction in a school week, however, reimbursement under this paragraph on 24 25 account of that child shall be computed proportionate to the 26 actual hours of instruction per week for that child divided by

- 5. The State Board of Education shall establish rules governing
- 2 the required qualifications of staff providing home or hospital
- 3 instruction.
- 4 (b) For children described in Section 14-1.02, 80% of the
- 5 cost of transportation approved as a related service in the
- 6 Individualized Education Program for each student in order to
- 7 take advantage of special educational facilities.
- 8 Transportation costs shall be determined in the same fashion as
- 9 provided in Section 29-5. For purposes of this subsection (b),
- 10 the dates for processing claims specified in Section 29-5 shall
- 11 apply.
- 12 (c) For each qualified worker, the annual sum of \$9,000.
- 13 (d) For one full time qualified director of the special
- 14 education program of each school district which maintains a
- 15 fully approved program of special education the annual sum of
- \$9,000. Districts participating in a joint agreement special
- 17 education program shall not receive such reimbursement if
- 18 reimbursement is made for a director of the joint agreement
- 19 program.
- 20 (e) (Blank).
- 21 (f) (Blank).
- 22 (g) For readers, working with blind or partially seeing
- children 1/2 of their salary but not more than \$400 annually
- 24 per child. Readers may be employed to assist such children and
- shall not be required to be certified but prior to employment
- 26 shall meet standards set up by the State Board of Education.

(h) For non-certified employees, as defined by rules promulgated by the State Board of Education, who deliver services to students with IEPs, 1/2 of the salary paid or \$3,500 per employee, whichever is less.

The State Board of Education shall set standards and prescribe rules for determining the allocation of reimbursement under this section on less than a full time basis and for less than a school year.

When any school district eligible for reimbursement under this Section operates a school or program approved by the State Superintendent of Education for a number of days in excess of the adopted school calendar but not to exceed 235 school days, such reimbursement shall be increased by 1/180 of the amount or rate paid hereunder for each day such school is operated in excess of 180 days per calendar year.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any school district receiving a payment under this Section or under Section 14-7.02, 14-7.02b, or 29-5 of this Code may classify all or a portion of the funds that it receives in a particular fiscal year or from general State aid pursuant to Section 18-8.05 of this Code as funds received in connection with any funding program for which it is entitled to receive funds from the State in that fiscal year (including, without limitation, any funding program referenced in this Section), regardless of the source or timing of the receipt. The district may not classify more funds as funds received in connection with the

funding program than the district is entitled to receive in 1 that fiscal year for that program. Any classification by a 2 3 district must be made by a resolution of its board of education. The resolution must identify the amount of any 5 payments or general State aid to be classified under this paragraph and must specify the funding program to which the 6 7 funds are to be treated as received in connection therewith. 8 This resolution is controlling as to the classification of 9 funds referenced therein. A certified copy of the resolution 10 must be sent to the State Superintendent of Education. The 11 resolution shall still take effect even though a copy of the 12 resolution has not been sent to the State Superintendent of 13 Education in a timely manner. No classification under this 14 paragraph by a district shall affect the total amount or timing 15 of money the district is entitled to receive under this Code. 16 No classification under this paragraph by a district shall in 17 any way relieve the district from or affect any requirements that otherwise would apply with respect to that funding 18 program, including any accounting of funds by source, reporting 19 20 expenditures by original source and purpose, reporting requirements, or requirements of providing services. 21

- 22 (Source: P.A. 96-257, eff. 8-11-09; 97-123, eff. 7-14-11.)
- 23 (105 ILCS 5/27-22) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-22)
- Sec. 27-22. Required high school courses.
- 25 (a) (Blank). As a prerequisite to receiving a high school

1	diploma, each pupil entering the 9th grade in the 1984-1985
2	school year through the 2004-2005 school year must, in addition
3	to other course requirements, successfully complete the
4	following courses:
5	(1) three years of language arts;
6	(2) two years of mathematics, one of which may be
7	related to computer technology;
8	(3) one year of science;
9	(4) two years of social studies, of which at least one
10	year must be history of the United States or a combination
11	of history of the United States and American government;
12	<del>and</del>
13	(5) One year chosen from (A) music, (B) art, (C)
14	foreign language, which shall be deemed to include American
15	Sign Language or (D) vocational education.
16	(b) (Blank). As a prerequisite to receiving a high school
17	diploma, each pupil entering the 9th grade in the 2005 2006
18	school year must, in addition to other course requirements,
19	successfully complete all of the following courses:
20	(1) Three years of language arts.
21	(2) Three years of mathematics.
22	(3) One year of science.
23	(4) Two years of social studies, of which at least one
24	year must be history of the United States or a combination
25	of history of the United States and American government.
26	(5) One year chosen from (A) music, (B) art, (C)

1	foreign language, which shall be deemed to include American
2	Sign Language, or (D) vocational education.
3	(c) (Blank). As a prerequisite to receiving a high school
4	diploma, each pupil entering the 9th grade in the 2006-2007
5	school year must, in addition to other course requirements,
6	successfully complete all of the following courses:
7	(1) Three years of language arts.
8	(2) Two years of writing intensive courses, one of
9	which must be English and the other of which may be English
10	or any other subject. When applicable, writing intensive
11	courses may be counted towards the fulfillment of other
12	graduation requirements.
13	(3) Three years of mathematics, one of which must be
14	Algebra I and one of which must include geometry content.
15	(4) One year of science.
16	(5) Two years of social studies, of which at least one
17	year must be history of the United States or a combination
18	of history of the United States and American government.
19	(6) One year chosen from (A) music, (B) art, (C)
20	foreign language, which shall be deemed to include American
21	Sign Language, or (D) vocational education.
22	(d) (Blank). As a prerequisite to receiving a high school
23	diploma, each pupil entering the 9th grade in the 2007-2008
24	school year must, in addition to other course requirements,
25	successfully complete all of the following courses:
26	(1) Three years of language arts.

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1	(2) Two years of writing intensive courses, one of
2	which must be English and the other of which may be English
3	or any other subject. When applicable, writing-intensive
4	courses may be counted towards the fulfillment of other
5	graduation requirements.
6	(3) Three years of mathematics, one of which must be
7	Algebra I and one of which must include geometry content.
8	(4) Two years of science.
9	(5) Two years of social studies, of which at least one
10	year must be history of the United States or a combination
11	of history of the United States and American government.
12	(6) One year chosen from (A) music, (B) art, (C)
13	foreign language, which shall be deemed to include American
14	Sign Language, or (D) vocational education.
15	(e) As a prerequisite to receiving a high school diploma,
16	each pupil entering the 9th grade in the 2008-2009 school year
17	or a subsequent school year must, in addition to other course
18	requirements, successfully complete all of the following
19	courses:
20	(1) Four years of language arts.
21	(2) Two years of writing intensive courses, one of
22	which must be English and the other of which may be English
23	or any other subject. When applicable, writing-intensive

courses may be counted towards the fulfillment of other

(3) Three years of mathematics, one of which must be

graduation requirements.

Algebra I, one of which must include geometry content, and one of which may be an Advanced Placement computer science course if the pupil successfully completes Algebra II or an integrated mathematics course with Algebra II content.

- (4) Two years of science.
- year must be history of the United States or a combination of history of the United States and American government and, beginning with pupils entering the 9th grade in the 2016-2017 school year and each school year thereafter, at least one semester must be civics, which shall help young people acquire and learn to use the skills, knowledge, and attitudes that will prepare them to be competent and responsible citizens throughout their lives. Civics course content shall focus on government institutions, the discussion of current and controversial issues, service learning, and simulations of the democratic process. School districts may utilize private funding available for the purposes of offering civics education.
- (6) One year chosen from (A) music, (B) art, (C) foreign language, which shall be deemed to include American Sign Language, or (D) vocational education.
- (f) The State Board of Education shall develop and inform school districts of standards for writing-intensive coursework.
- 26 (f-5) If a school district offers an Advanced Placement

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- computer science course to high school students, then the school board must designate that course as equivalent to a high school mathematics course and must denote on the student's transcript that the Advanced Placement computer science course qualifies as a mathematics-based, quantitative course for students in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (e) of this Section.
  - (g) This amendatory Act of 1983 does not apply to pupils entering the 9th grade in 1983-1984 school year and prior school years or to students with disabilities whose course of study is determined by an individualized education program.
- This amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly does not apply to pupils entering the 9th grade in the 2004-2005 school year or a prior school year or to students with disabilities whose course of study is determined by an individualized education program.
- 17 (h) The provisions of this Section are subject to the 18 provisions of Section 27-22.05 of this Code and the 19 Postsecondary and Workforce Readiness Act.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 98-885, eff. 8-15-14; 99-434, eff. 7-1-16 (see
- P.A. 99-485 for the effective date of changes made by P.A.
- 22 99-434); 99-485, eff. 11-20-15; 99-674, eff. 7-29-16.)
- Section 10. The School Safety Drill Act is amended by changing Sections 15 and 20 as follows:

1 (105 ILCS 128/15
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- 2 Sec. 15. Types of drills. Under this Act, the following school safety drills shall be instituted by all schools in this State:
  - (1) School evacuation drills, which shall address and prepare students and school personnel for situations that occur when conditions outside of a school building are safer than inside a school building. Evacuation incidents are based on the needs of particular communities and may include without limitation the following:
    - (A) fire;
      - (B) suspicious items or persons;
  - incidents involving hazardous materials, including, but not limited to, chemical, incendiary, and explosives; and
    - (D) bomb threats.
  - (2) Except as limited by subsection (b-5) of Section 20 of this Act, bus Bus evacuation drills, which shall address and prepare students and school personnel for situations that occur when conditions outside of a bus are safer than inside the bus. Evacuation incidents are based on the needs of particular communities and may include without limitation the following:
    - (A) fire;
    - (B) suspicious items; and
- 26 (C) incidents involving hazardous materials,

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including, but not limited to, chemical, incendiary, and explosives.

- (3) Law enforcement drills, which shall address and prepare school personnel for situations calling for the involvement of law enforcement when conditions inside a school building are safer than outside of a school building and it is necessary to protect building occupants from potential dangers in a school building. Law enforcement drills involve situations that call for mav the reverse-evacuation or the lock-down of a school building. Evacuation or reverse-evacuation incidents shall include a shooting incident.
- (4) Severe weather and shelter-in-place drills, which shall address and prepare students for situations involving severe weather emergencies or the release of external gas or chemicals. Severe weather and shelter-in-place incidents shall be based on the needs and environment of particular communities and may include without limitation the following:
  - (A) severe weather, including, but not limited to, shear winds, lightning, and earthquakes;
  - (B) incidents involving hazardous materials, including, but not limited to, chemical, incendiary, and explosives; and
  - (C) incidents involving weapons of mass destruction, including, but not limited to,

- 1 biological, chemical, and nuclear weapons.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 98-48, eff. 7-1-13.)
- 3 (105 ILCS 128/20)

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- Sec. 20. Number of drills; incidents covered; local authority participation.
- 6 (a) During each academic year, schools must conduct a
  7 minimum of 3 school evacuation drills to address and prepare
  8 students and school personnel for fire incidents. These drills
  9 must meet all of the following criteria:
  - (1) One of the 3 school evacuation drills shall require the participation of the appropriate local fire department or district.
    - (A) Each local fire department or fire district must contact the appropriate school administrator or his or her designee no later than September 1 of each year in order to arrange for the participation of the department or district in the school evacuation drill.
    - (B) Each school administrator or his or her designee must contact the responding local fire official no later than September 15 of each year and propose to the local fire official 4 dates within the month of October, during at least 2 different weeks of October, on which the drill shall occur. The fire official may choose any of the 4 available dates, and if he or she does so, the drill shall occur on that

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- (C) The school administrator or his or her designee and the local fire official may also, by mutual agreement, set any other date for the drill, including a date outside of the month of October.
- (D) If the fire official does not select one of the 4 offered dates in October or set another date by mutual agreement, the requirement that the school include the local fire service in one of its mandatory school evacuation drills shall be waived. Schools, however, shall continue to be strongly encouraged to include the fire service in a school evacuation drill at a mutually agreed-upon time.
- Upon the participation of the local fire service, the appropriate local fire official shall certify that the school evacuation drill was conducted.
- (F) When scheduling the school evacuation drill, the school administrator or his or her designee and the local fire department or fire district may, by mutual agreement on or before September 14, choose to waive the provisions of subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) of this paragraph (1).

Additional school evacuation drills for fire incidents may involve the participation of the appropriate local fire department or district.

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- (2) Schools may conduct additional school evacuation 1 2 drills to account for other evacuation incidents, 3 including without limitation suspicious items or bomb threats. 4
  - (3) All drills shall be conducted at each school building that houses school children.
  - (b) During each academic year, schools must conduct a minimum of one bus evacuation drill. This drill shall be accounted for in the curriculum in all public schools and in all other educational institutions in this State that are supported or maintained, in whole or in part, by public funds and that provide instruction in any of the grades kindergarten through 12. This curriculum shall include instruction in safe bus riding practices for all students. Schools may conduct additional bus evacuation drills. All drills shall be conducted at each school building that houses school children.
  - (b-5) Notwithstanding the minimum requirements established by this Act, private schools that do not utilize a bus to transport students for any purpose are exempt from subsection (b) of this Section, provided that the chief school administrator of the private school provides written assurance to the State Board of Education that the private school does not plan to utilize a bus to transport students for any purpose during the current academic year. The assurance must be made on a form supplied by the State Board of Education and filed no <u>later than October 15. If a private school utilizes a bus to</u>

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- (c) During each academic year, schools must conduct a law enforcement drill to address a school shooting incident. Such drills must be conducted according to the school district's or private school's emergency and crisis response plans, protocols, and procedures, with the participation of the appropriate law enforcement agency. Law enforcement drills may be conducted on days and times when students are not present in the school building. All drills must be conducted at each school building that houses school children.
- (1) A law enforcement drill must meet all of the following criteria:
  - (A) During each calendar year, the appropriate local law enforcement agency shall contact the appropriate school administrator to request participate in a law enforcement drill. The school administrator and local law enforcement agency shall set, by mutual agreement, a date for the drill.

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- (A-5) The drill shall require the on-site participation of the local law enforcement agency. If a mutually agreeable date cannot be reached between the school administrator and the appropriate local law enforcement agency, then the school shall still hold the drill without participation from the agency.
  - (B) Upon the participation of a local law enforcement agency in a law enforcement drill, the appropriate local law enforcement official shall certify that the law enforcement drill was conducted and notify the school in a timely manner of any deficiencies noted during the drill.
  - (2) Schools may conduct additional law enforcement drills at their discretion.
- (3) (Blank).
- 16 (d) During each academic year, schools must conduct a 17 minimum of one severe weather and shelter-in-place drill to address and prepare students and school personnel for possible 18 19 tornado incidents and may conduct additional severe weather and 20 shelter-in-place drills to account for other incidents, 21 including without limitation earthquakes or hazardous 22 materials. All drills shall be conducted at each school 23 building that houses school children.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 98-48, eff. 7-1-13.)
- 25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 26 2017.