

Rep. Steven A. Andersson

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	10000SB1328ham001 LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1328
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1328 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Article 1. General Provisions
5	Section 1-1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
6	Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act.
7	Section 1-5. Definitions. In this Act:
8	"Assessment" means any costs imposed on a defendant under
9	this Act.
10	"Business offense" means a petty offense for which the fine
11	is in excess of \$1,000.
12	"Case" means all charges and counts filed against a single
13	defendant which are being prosecuted as a single proceeding
14	before the court.
15	"Count" means each separate offense charged in the same

10000SB1328ham001 -2- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

indictment, information, or complaint when the indictment, 1 information, or complaint alleges the commission of more than 2 one offense. 3 4 "Conservation offense" means any violation of the 5 following Acts, Codes, or ordinances, except any offense punishable upon conviction by imprisonment 6 in the 7 penitentiary: 8 (1) Fish and Aquatic Life Code; 9 (2) Wildlife Code; 10 (3) Boat Registration and Safety Act; (4) Park District Code; 11 (5) Chicago Park District Act; 12 13 (6) State Parks Act; (7) State Forest Act; 14 (8) Forest Fire Protection District Act: 15 16 (9) Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act; (10) Endangered Species Protection Act; 17 18 (11) Forest Products Transportation Act; (12) Timber Buyers Licensing Act; 19 20 (13) Downstate Forest Preserve District Act; 21 (14) Exotic Weed Act; 22 (15) Ginseng Harvesting Act; 23 (16) Cave Protection Act; 24 (17) ordinances adopted under the Counties Code for the 25 acquisition of property for parks or recreational areas; (18) Recreational Trails of Illinois Act; 26

-3- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

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(19) Herptiles-Herps Act; or

2 (20) any rule, regulation, proclamation, or ordinance
3 adopted under any Code or Act named in paragraphs (1)
4 through 19 of this definition.

5 "Conviction" means a judgment of conviction or sentence 6 entered upon a plea of guilty or upon a verdict or finding of 7 guilty of an offense, rendered by a legally constituted jury or 8 by a court of competent jurisdiction authorized to try the case 9 without a jury.

10 "Drug offense" means any violation of the Cannabis Control Substances 11 the Illinois Controlled Act. Act. the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or any 12 13 similar local ordinance which involves the possession or 14 delivery of a drug.

15 "Drug-related emergency response" means the act of 16 collecting evidence from or securing a site where controlled 17 substances were manufactured, or where by-products from the 18 manufacture of controlled substances are present, and cleaning 19 up the site, whether these actions are performed by public 20 entities or private contractors paid by public entities.

21 "Electronic citation" means the process of transmitting 22 traffic, misdemeanor, municipal ordinance, conservation, or 23 other citations and law enforcement data via electronic means 24 to a circuit court clerk.

25 "Emergency response" means any incident requiring a 26 response by a police officer, an ambulance, a firefighter carried on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire department or fire protection district, a firefighter of a volunteer fire department, or a member of a recognized not-for-profit rescue or emergency medical service provider. "Emergency response" does not include a drug-related emergency response.

6 "Felony offense" means an offense for which a sentence to 7 death or to a term of imprisonment in a penitentiary for one 8 year or more is provided.

9 "Highest classified offense" means the offense in the case
10 which carries the most severe potential disposition under
11 Article 4.5 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

12 "Major traffic offense" means a traffic offense under the 13 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local 14 ordinance other than a petty offense or business offense.

15 "Minor traffic offense" means a petty offense or business 16 offense under the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision 17 of a local ordinance.

18 "Misdemeanor offense" means any offense for which a 19 sentence to a term of imprisonment in other than a penitentiary 20 for less than one year may be imposed.

21 "Petty offense" means any offense for which a sentence of 22 imprisonment is not an authorized disposition.

23 "Service provider costs" means costs incurred as a result 24 of services provided by an entity including, but not limited 25 to, traffic safety programs, laboratories, ambulance 26 companies, and fire departments. "Service provider costs" 10000SB1328ham001 -5- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

includes conditional amounts under this Act that are
 reimbursements for services provided.

3 "Street value" means the amount determined by the court on 4 the basis of testimony of law enforcement personnel and the 5 defendant as to the amount of drug or materials seized and any testimony as may be required by the court as to the current 6 value of 7 street the cannabis, controlled substance, 8 methamphetamine or salt of an optical isomer of 9 methamphetamine, or methamphetamine manufacturing materials 10 seized.

"Supervision" means a disposition of conditional and revocable release without probationary supervision, but under the conditions and reporting requirements as are imposed by the court, at the successful conclusion of which disposition the defendant is discharged and a judgment dismissing the charges is entered.

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Article 5. Assessment Procedures

18 Section 5-5. Minimum fine. Unless otherwise specified by 19 law, the minimum fine for a conviction is \$25. If the court 20 finds that the fine would impose an undue burden on the victim, 21 the court may reduce or waive the fine.

22 Section 5-10. Schedules; payment.

23 (a) In each case, the court shall order an assessment, as

10000SB1328ham001 -6- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 set forth in this Act, for a defendant to pay in addition to any fine, restitution, or forfeiture ordered by the court when 2 the defendant is convicted of, pleads guilty to, or is placed 3 4 on court supervision for a violation of a statute of this State 5 or a similar local ordinance. The court may order a fine, restitution, or forfeiture on any violation that is being 6 sentenced but shall order only one assessment from the Schedule 7 of Assessments 1 through 13 of this Act for all sentenced 8 9 violations in a case, that being the schedule applicable to the 10 highest classified offense violation that is being sentenced, 11 plus any conditional assessments under Section 15-70 of this Act applicable to any sentenced violation in the case. 12

13 (b) If the court finds that the schedule of assessments 14 will cause an undue burden on any victim in a case or if the 15 court orders community service or some other punishment in 16 place of the a schedule of assessments, the court may reduce the amount set forth in the applicable schedule of assessments 17 18 or not order the applicable schedule of assessments. If the 19 court reduces the amount set forth in the applicable schedule 20 of assessments, then all recipients of the funds collected will 21 receive a prorated amount to reflect the reduction.

(c) The court may order the assessments to be paid forthwith or within a specified period of time or in installments.

25 (c-3) Excluding any ordered conditional assessment, if the 26 assessment is not paid within the period of probation, 10000SB1328ham001 -7- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 conditional discharge, or supervision to which the defendant was originally sentenced, the court may extend the period of 2 probation, conditional discharge, or supervision under Section 3 4 5-6-2 or 5-6-3.1 of the Unified Code of Corrections, as 5 applicable, until the assessment is paid or until successful 6 completion of public or community service set forth in subsection (b) of Section 5-20 of this Act or the successful 7 8 completion of the substance abuse intervention or treatment 9 program set forth in subsection (c-5) of this Section.

10 (c-5) Excluding any ordered conditional assessment, the 11 court may suspend the collection of the assessment; provided, the defendant agrees to enter a substance abuse intervention or 12 13 treatment program approved by the court; and further provided 14 that the defendant agrees to pay for all or some portion of the 15 costs associated with the intervention or treatment program. In 16 this case, the collection of the assessment shall be suspended defendant's participation 17 during the in the approved 18 intervention or treatment program. Upon successful completion 19 of the program, the defendant may apply to the court to reduce 20 the assessment imposed under this Section by any amount 21 actually paid by the defendant for his or her participation in the program. The court shall not reduce the assessment under 22 this subsection unless the defendant establishes to the 23 24 satisfaction of the court that he or she has successfully 25 completed the intervention or treatment program. Ιf the 26 defendant's participation is for any reason terminated before

10000SB1328ham001 -8- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

his or her successful completion of the intervention or treatment program, collection of the entire assessment imposed under this Act shall be enforced. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to affect or suspend any other fines, restitution costs, forfeitures, or assessments imposed under this or any other Act.

7 (d) Except as provided in Section 5-15 of this Act, the 8 defendant shall pay to the clerk of the court and the clerk 9 shall remit the assessment to the appropriate entity as set 10 forth in the ordered schedule of assessments within one month 11 of its receipt.

12 Section 5-15. Service provider costs. Unless otherwise 13 provided in Article II of this Act, the defendant shall pay 14 service provider costs to the entity that provided the service. 15 Service provider costs are not eligible for credit for time served, substitution of community service, or waiver. The 16 17 circuit court may, through administrative order or local rule, appoint the clerk of the court as the receiver and remitter of 18 19 certain service provider costs, which may include, but are not limited to, probation fees, traffic school fees, or drug or 20 21 alcohol testing fees.

Section 5-20. Credit; time served; community service.
(a) Any credit for time served prior to sentencing that reduces
the amount a defendant is required to pay shall be deducted

10000SB1328ham001 -9- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 first from the fine, if any, ordered by the court. Any 2 remainder of the credit shall be equally divided between the 3 assessments indicated in the ordered schedule and conditional 4 assessments.

5 (b) Excluding any ordered conditional assessment, a defendant who has been ordered to pay an assessment may 6 petition the court to convert all or part of the assessment 7 8 into court-approved public or community service. One hour of 9 public or community service shall be equivalent to \$4 of 10 assessment. The performance of this public or community service 11 shall be a condition of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision and shall be in addition to the performance of any 12 13 other period of public or community service ordered by the 14 court or required by law.

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Article 10. Funds

16 Section 10-5. Funds.

(a) All money collected by the Clerk of the Circuit Court 17 18 under Article II of this Act shall be remitted as directed in 19 Article II of this Act to the county treasurer, to the State 20 Treasurer, and to the treasurers of the units of local 21 government. If an amount payable to any of the treasurers is 22 less than \$10, the clerk may postpone remitting the money until 23 \$10 has accrued or by the end of fiscal year. The treasurers 24 shall deposit the money as indicated in the schedules, except

in a county with a population of over 3,000,000 monies remitted to the county treasurer shall be subject to appropriation by the county board. For Schedule of Assessments 5 through 11, \$15 shall be deducted from the money paid to the county treasurer for the county General Fund and remitted to the treasurer of the unit of local government if the violation was prosecuted by the prosecuting attorney for that unit of local government.

8 (b) The county treasurer or the treasurer of the unit of 9 local government may create the funds indicated in paragraphs 10 (1) through (5), (9), and (16) of subsection (d) of this 11 Section, if not already in existence. If a county or unit of local government has not instituted, and does not plan to 12 13 institute a program that uses a particular fund, the treasurer 14 need not create the fund and may instead deposit the money 15 intended for the fund into the general fund of the county or 16 unit of local government for use in financing the court system.

17 (c) If the arresting agency is a State agency, the 18 arresting agency portion shall be remitted by the clerk of 19 court to the State Treasurer who shall deposit the portion as 20 follows:

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(1) if the arresting agency is the Department of StatePolice, into the State Police Operations Assistance Fund;

(2) if the arresting agency is the Department of
 Natural Resources, into the Conservation Police Operations
 Assistance Fund;

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(3) if the arresting agency is the Secretary of State,

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into the Secretary of State Police Services Fund; and

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(4) if the arresting agency is the Illinois Commerce Commission, into the Public Utility Fund.

(d) Fund descriptions and provisions:

5 (1) The Court Automation Fund is to defray the expense, borne by the county, of establishing and maintaining 6 7 automated record keeping systems in the Office of the Clerk 8 of the Circuit Court. The money shall be remitted monthly 9 by the clerk to the county treasurer and identified as 10 funds for the Circuit Court Clerk. The fund shall be audited by the county auditor, and the board shall make 11 12 expenditures from the fund in payment of any costs related 13 to the automation of court records including hardware, 14 software, research and development costs, and personnel 15 related to the foregoing, provided that costs the expenditure is approved by the clerk of the court and by 16 the chief judge of the circuit court or his or her 17 18 designee.

19 (2) The Document Storage Fund is to defray the expense, 20 borne by the county, of establishing and maintaining a 21 document storage system and convert the records of the 22 circuit court clerk to electronic or micrographic storage. 23 The money shall be remitted monthly by the clerk to the 24 county treasurer and identified as funds for the circuit 25 court clerk. The fund shall be audited by the county 26 auditor, and the board shall make expenditure from the fund 10000SB1328ham001 -12- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 in payment of any cost related to the storage of court 2 records, including hardware, software, research and 3 development costs, and personnel costs related to the 4 foregoing, provided that the expenditure is approved by the 5 clerk of the court.

6 (3) The Circuit Clerk Operations and Administration 7 Fund is to defray the expenses incurred for collection and 8 disbursement of the various assessment schedules. The 9 money shall be remitted monthly by the clerk to the county 10 treasurer and identified as funds for the circuit court 11 clerk.

12 (4) The State's Attorney Records Automation Fund is to 13 defray the expense of establishing and maintaining 14 automated record keeping systems in the offices of the 15 State's Attorney. The money shall be remitted monthly by the clerk to the county treasurer for deposit into the 16 17 State's Attorney Records Automation Fund. Expenditures from this fund may be made by the State's Attorney for 18 19 hardware, software, and research and development related 20 to automated record keeping systems.

(5) The Public Defender Records Automation Fund is to defray the expense of establishing and maintaining automated record keeping systems in the offices of the Public Defender. The money shall be remitted monthly by the clerk to the county treasurer for deposit into the Public Defender Records Automation Fund. Expenditures from this 10000SB1328ham001

fund may be made by the Public Defender for hardware,
 software, and research and development related to
 automated record keeping systems.

(6) The DUI Fund shall be used for enforcement and 4 prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 5 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or 6 any combination thereof, as defined by Section 11-501 of 7 the Illinois Vehicle Code, including, but not limited to, 8 9 the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities 10 that will assist in the prevention of alcohol-related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 11 training and education in areas related to alcohol related 12 13 crime, including, but not limited to, DUI training; and 14 police officer salaries, including, but not limited to, 15 salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Any 16 17 moneys received by the Department of State Police shall be deposited into the State Police Operations Assistance Fund 18 19 and those moneys and moneys in the State Police DUI Fund 20 shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment that 21 will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal 22 violence throughout the State. The money shall be remitted 23 monthly by the clerk to the State or local treasurer for 24 deposit as provided by law.

(7) The Trauma Center Fund shall be distributed as
 provided under Section 3.225 of the Emergency Medical

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1 Services (EMS) Systems Act.
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2 (8) The Probation and Court Services Fund is to be
3 expended as described in Section 15.1 of the Probation and
4 Probation Officers Act.

5 (9) The Circuit Court Clerk Electronic Citation Fund 6 shall have the Circuit Court Clerk as the custodian, ex 7 officio, of the Fund and shall be used to perform the 8 duties required by the office for establishing and 9 maintaining electronic citations. The Fund shall be 10 audited by the county's auditor.

(10) The Drug Treatment Fund is a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys in the Fund shall be expended as provided in Section 411.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.

15 (11) The Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund is a
16 special fund in the State treasury to provide moneys for
17 the grants to be awarded under the Violent Crime Victims
18 Assistance Act.

19 (12) The Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund 20 shall be appropriated to and administered by the Illinois 21 Criminal Justice Information Authority for distribution to 22 fund Department of State Police drug task forces and 23 Metropolitan Enforcement Groups, for the costs associated 24 with making grants from the Prescription Pill and Drug 25 Disposal Fund, for undertaking criminal justice 26 information projects, and for the operating and other

10000SB1328ham001 -15- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

expenses of the Authority incidental to those criminal 1 justice information projects. The moneys deposited into 2 3 the Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund under Sections 15-15 and 15-35 of this Act shall be appropriated 4 5 to and administered by the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority for distribution to fund Department 6 State Police drug task forces and Metropolitan 7 of 8 Enforcement Groups by dividing the funds equally by the 9 total number of Department of State Police drug task forces 10 and Illinois Metropolitan Enforcement Groups.

11 (13)Sexual Assault Services Fund shall be The 12 appropriated to the Department of Public Health. Upon 13 appropriation of moneys from the Sexual Assault Services 14 Fund, the Department of Public Health shall make grants of 15 these moneys to sexual assault organizations with whom the 16 Department has contracts for the purpose of providing 17 community-based services to victims of sexual assault. 18 Grants are in addition to, and are not substitutes for, 19 other grants authorized and made by the Department.

(14) The County Jail Medical Costs Fund is to help
defray the costs outlined in Section 17 of the County Jail
Act. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for
reimbursement to the county of costs for medical expenses
and administration of the Fund.

(15) The Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment
 Fund is a special fund in the State treasury. The Prisoner

Review Board shall, subject to appropriation by the General
 Assembly and approval by the Secretary, use all moneys in
 the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund for
 the purchase and operation of vehicles and equipment.

5 (16) In each county in which Court Appointed Special Advocates provide services, a Child Advocacy Center Fund, 6 7 specifically for the operations of the Court Appointed 8 Special Advocates, from which the county board shall make 9 grants to support the activities and services of the Court 10 Appointed Special Advocates within that county. The term 11 "Court Appointed Special Advocates" is copyrighted and is used with permission of the holder of the copyright. 12

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Article 15. Assessment Schedules

14 Section 15-5. SCHEDULE 1; generic felony offenses. 15 SCHEDULE 1: Unless assessments are imposed by the court under 16 another schedule of this Act, for a felony offense, the Clerk 17 of the Circuit Court shall collect \$464 and remit as follows:

(1) As the county's portion, \$304 to the county treasurer,who shall deposit the money as follows:

(A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund;
(B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund;
(C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and
Administrative Fund;

24 (D) \$225 into the county's General Fund;

10000SB1328ham001

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(E) \$10 into the Child Advocacy Center Fund; 1 2 (F) \$2 into the State's Attorney Records Automation 3 Fund; 4 (G) \$2 into the Public Defender Records Automation 5 Fund; (H) \$10 into the County Jail Medical Costs Fund; and 6 (I) \$10 into the Probation and Court Services Fund. 7 8 (2) As the State's portion, \$160 to the State Treasurer, 9 who shall deposit the money as follows: 10 (A) \$40 into the State Police Operations Assistance Fund: 11 (B) \$100 into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance 12 13 Fund; 14 (C) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety 15 Fund; and (D) \$15 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction 16 17 Surcharge Fund. Section 15-10. SCHEDULE 2; felony DUI offenses. SCHEDULE 2: 18 19 For a felony under Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 20 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 21 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a

23 Circuit Court shall collect \$1,584 and remit as follows:

(1) As the county's portion, \$304 to the county treasurer,who shall deposit the money as follows:

similar provision of a local ordinance, the Clerk of the

(A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund; 1 (B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund; 2 3 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 4 Administrative Fund; 5 (D) \$225 into the county's General Fund; (E) \$10 into the Child Advocacy Center Fund; 6 7 (F) \$2 into the State's Attorney Records Automation 8 Fund; 9 (G) \$2 into the Public Defender Records Automation 10 Fund; (H) \$10 into the County Jail Medical Costs Fund; and 11 (I) \$10 into the Probation and Court Services Fund. 12 13 (2) As the State's portion, \$1,080 to the State Treasurer, 14 who shall deposit the money as follows: 15 (A) \$730 into the State Police Operations Assistance 16 Fund: (B) \$75 into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund; 17 18 (C) \$5 into the Drivers Education Fund; (D) \$100 into the Trauma Center Fund; 19 20 (E) \$5 into the Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund; 21 22 (F) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety 23 Fund; 24 (G) \$155 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction 25 Surcharge Fund; and 26 (H) \$5 into the Law Enforcement Camera Grant Fund.

10000SB1328ham001 -19- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 (3) As the arresting agency's portion, \$200 to the treasurer of the unit of local government of the arresting 2 3 agency, who shall deposit the money into the DUI Fund of that 4 unit of local government or as provided in subsection (c) of 5 Section 10-5 of this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency, unless more than one agency is responsible for the 6 arrest in which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit 7 8 of government equally. 9 Section 15-15. SCHEDULE 3; felony drug offenses. SCHEDULE 10 3: For a felony under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and 11 12 Community Protection Act, the Clerk of the Circuit Court shall 13 collect \$2,135 and remit as follows: 14 (1) As the county's portion, \$304 to the county treasurer, who shall deposit the money as follows: 15 (A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund; 16 17 (B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund; 18 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 19 Administrative Fund; 20 (D) \$225 into the county's General Fund; 21 (E) \$10 into the Child Advocacy Center Fund; 22 (F) \$2 into the State's Attorney Records Automation 23 Fund; 24 (G) \$2 into the Public Defender Records Automation 25 Fund;

1	(H) \$10 into the County Jail Medical Costs Fund; and	
2	(I) \$10 into the Probation and Court Services Fund.	
3	(2) As the State's portion, \$1,831 to the State Treasurer,	
4	who shall deposit the money as follows:	
5	(A) \$40 into the State Police Operations Assistance	
6	Fund;	
7	(B) \$100 into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance	
8	Fund;	
9	(C) \$100 into the Trauma Center Fund; and	
10	(D) \$5 into the Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure	
11	Research Trust Fund;	
12	(E) \$1,500 into the Drug Treatment Fund;	
13	(F) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety	
14	Fund;	
15	(G) \$38 into the Prescription Pill and Drug Disposal	
16	Fund;	
17	(H) \$28 into the Criminal Justice Information Projects	
18	Fund; and	
19	(I) \$15 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction	
20	Surcharge Fund.	
20	Surcharge rand.	
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21	Section 15-20. SCHEDULE 4; felony sex offenses. SCHEDULE 4:	
22	For a felony or attempted felony under Article 11 or Section	
23	12-33 of the Criminal Code of 2012, the Clerk of the Circuit	

24 Court shall collect \$1,144 and remit as follows:

(1) As the county's portion, \$304 to the county treasurer, 25

10000SB1328ham001

who shall deposit the money as follows: 1 (A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund; 2 3 (B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund; 4 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 5 Administrative Fund; (D) \$225 into the county's General Fund; 6 7 (E) \$10 into the Child Advocacy Center Fund; 8 (F) \$2 into the State's Attorney Records Automation 9 Fund; 10 (G) \$2 into the Public Defender Records Automation Fund: 11 (H) \$10 into the County Jail Medical Costs Fund; and 12 13 (I) \$10 into the Probation and Court Services Fund. 14 (2) As the State's portion, \$840 to the State Treasurer, who shall deposit the money as follows: 15 (A) \$520 into the State Police Operations Assistance 16 17 Fund: (B) \$100 into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance 18 19 Fund; 20 (C) \$100 into the Sexual Assault Services Fund; (D) \$100 into the Domestic Violence Shelter and 21 22 Services Fund; 23 (E) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety 24 Fund; and 25 (F) \$15 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction 26 Surcharge Fund.

10000SB1328ham001 -22- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1	Section 15-25. SCHEDULE 5; generic misdemeanor offenses.
2	SCHEDULE 5: Unless assessments are imposed under another
3	schedule of this Act, for a misdemeanor offense, the Clerk of
4	the Circuit Court shall collect \$405 and remit as follows:
5	(1) As the county's portion, \$243 to the county treasurer,
6	who shall deposit the money as follows:
7	(A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund;
8	(B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund;
9	(C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and
10	Administrative Fund;
11	(D) \$8 into the Circuit Court Clerk Electronic Citation
12	Fund;
13	(E) \$160 into the county's General Fund;
14	(F) \$10 into the Child Advocacy Center Fund;
15	(G) \$10 into the County Jail Medical Costs Fund; and
16	(H) \$10 into the Probation and Court Services Fund.
17	(2) As the State's portion, \$160 to the State Treasurer,
18	who shall deposit the money as follows:
19	(A) \$40 into the State Police Operations Assistance
20	Fund;
21	(B) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety
22	Fund;
23	(C) \$100 into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance
24	Fund; and
25	(D) \$15 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction

1 Surcharge Fund.

(3) As the arresting agency's portion, \$2, to the treasurer 2 3 of the unit of local government of the arresting agency, who 4 shall deposit the money into the E-citation Fund of that unit 5 of local government or as provided in subsection (c) of Section 10-5 of this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency, 6 unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in 7 which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of 8 9 government equally.

10 Section 15-30. SCHEDULE 6; misdemeanor DUI offenses. 11 SCHEDULE 6: For a misdemeanor under Section 11-501 of the 12 Illinois Vehicle Code, Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile 13 Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat 14 Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision of a local 15 ordinance, the Clerk of the Circuit Court shall collect \$1,281 16 and remit as follows:

17 (1) As the county's portion, \$243 to the county treasurer,18 who shall deposit the money as follows:

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(A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund;

(B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund;

21 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and
 22 Administrative Fund;

23 (D) \$8 into the Circuit Court Clerk Electronic Citation24 Fund;

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(E) \$160 into the county's General Fund;

1	(F) \$10 into the Child Advocacy Center Fund;
2	(G) \$10 into the County Jail Medical Costs Fund; and
3	(H) \$10 into the Probation and Court Services Fund.
4	(2) As the State's portion, \$686 to the State Treasurer,
5	who shall deposit the money as follows:
6	(A) \$315 into the State Police Operations Assistance
7	Fund;
8	(B) \$75 into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund;
9	(C) \$5 into the Drivers Education Fund;
10	(D) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety
11	Fund;
12	(E) \$100 into the Trauma Center Fund;
13	(F) \$5 into the Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure
14	Research Trust Fund;
15	(G) \$21 into the Fire Prevention Fund;
16	(H) \$155 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction
17	Surcharge Fund; and
18	(I) \$5 into the Law Enforcement Camera Grant Fund.
19	(3) As the arresting agency's portion, \$352 as follows,
20	unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in
21	which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of
22	government equally:
23	(A) if the arresting agency is a local agency to the
24	treasurer of the unit of local government of the arresting
25	agency, who shall deposit the money as follows:

26 (i) \$2 into the E-citation Fund of the unit of

1	local government; and
2	(ii) \$350 into the DUI Fund of the unit of local
3	government; or
4	(B) as provided in subsection (c) of Section 10-5 of
5	this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency.
6	Section 15-35. SCHEDULE 7; misdemeanor drug offenses.

7 SCHEDULE 7: For a misdemeanor under the Illinois Controlled 8 Substances Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the 9 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the 10 Clerk of the Circuit Court shall collect \$876 and remit as 11 follows:

(1) As the county's portion, \$243 to the county treasurer,who shall deposit the money as follows:

14 (A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund;

15 (B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund;

16 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and
17 Administrative Fund;

18 (D) \$8 into the Circuit Court Clerk Electronic Citation
19 Fund;

20	(E)	\$160 into the county's General Fund;
21	(F)	\$10 into the Child Advocacy Center Fund;
22	(G)	\$10 into the County Jail Medical Costs Fund; and
23	(H)	\$10 into the Probation and Court Services Fund.
24	(2) As	the State's portion, \$631 to the State Treasurer,
25	who shall de	eposit the money as follows:

10000SB1328ham001

(A) \$40 into the State Police Operations Assistance 1 2 Fund: (B) \$100 into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance 3 Fund; 4 5 (C) \$100 into the Trauma Center Fund; (D) \$5 into the Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure 6 7 Research Trust Fund; 8 (E) \$300 into the Drug Treatment Fund; 9 (F) \$38 into the Prescription Pill and Drug Disposal 10 Fund; 11 (G) \$28 into the Criminal Justice Information Projects 12 Fund: 13 (H) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety 14 Fund; and 15 (I) \$15 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction 16 Surcharge Fund. (3) As the arresting agency's portion, \$2, to the treasurer 17 18 of the unit of local government of the arresting agency, who 19 shall deposit the money into the E-citation Fund of that unit 20 of local government or as provided in subsection (c) of Section 21 10-5 of this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency, 22 unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in 23 which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of 24 government equally.

25

Section 15-40. SCHEDULE 8; misdemeanor sex offenses.

10000SB1328ham001 -27- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

SCHEDULE 8: For a misdemeanor or attempted misdemeanor under 1 Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 2012, the Clerk of the 2 3 Circuit Court shall collect \$1,065 and remit as follows: 4 (1) As the county's portion, \$243 to the county treasurer, 5 who shall deposit the money as follows: (A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund; 6 7 (B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund; 8 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 9 Administrative Fund; 10 (D) \$8 into the Circuit Court Clerk Electronic Citation Fund: 11 12 (E) \$160 into the county's General Fund; 13 (F) \$10 into the Child Advocacy Center Fund; 14 (G) \$10 into the County Jail Medical Costs Fund; and 15 (H) \$10 into the Probation and Court Services Fund. (2) As the State's portion, \$820 to the State Treasurer, 16 17 who shall deposit the money as follows: (A) \$500 into the State Police Operations Assistance 18 19 Fund; 20 (B) \$100 into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance 21 Fund; 22 (C) \$100 into the Sexual Assault Services Fund; 23 (D) \$100 into the Domestic Violence Shelter and Service 24 Fund; 25 (E) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety 26 Fund; and

(F) \$15 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction
 Surcharge Fund.

3 (3) As the arresting agency's portion, \$2, to the treasurer 4 of the unit of local government of the arresting agency, who 5 shall deposit the money into the E-citation Fund of that unit of local government or as provided in subsection (c) of Section 6 10-5 of this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency, 7 8 unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in 9 which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of 10 government equally.

11 Section 15-45. SCHEDULE 9; major traffic offenses. 12 SCHEDULE 9: For a major traffic offense, the Clerk of the 13 Circuit Court shall collect \$301 plus, if applicable, the 14 amount established under paragraph (1.5) of this Section and 15 remit as follows:

16 (1) As the county's portion, \$198 to the county treasurer,17 who shall deposit the money as follows:

18 (A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund;

19

(B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund;

20 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and
 21 Administrative Fund;

(D) \$8 into the Circuit Court Clerk Electronic CitationFund; and

(E) \$145 into the county's General Fund.
(1.5) In a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more,

10000SB1328ham001 -29- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

the county board may by ordinance or resolution establish an additional assessment not to exceed \$24 to be remitted to the county treasurer to be used for purposes related to the operation of the court system.

5 (2) As the State's portion, \$101 to the State Treasurer,
6 who shall deposit the money as follows:

7 (A) \$20 into the State Police Operations Assistance
8 Fund;

(B) \$5 into the Drivers Education Fund;

10 (C) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety 11 Fund;

12 (D) \$21 into the Fire Prevention Fund; and

9

13 (E) \$50 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction
 14 Surcharge Fund.

15 (3) As the arresting agency's portion, \$2, to the treasurer 16 of the unit of local government of the arresting agency, who shall deposit the money into the E-citation Fund of that unit 17 18 of local government or as provided in subsection (c) of Section 19 10-5 of this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency, 20 unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of 21 22 government equally.

Section 15-50. SCHEDULE 10; minor traffic offenses.
SCHEDULE 10: For a minor traffic offense, the Clerk of the
Circuit Court shall collect \$166 and remit as follows:

1	(1) As the county's portion, \$123 to the county treasurer,		
2	who shall deposit the money as follows:		
3	(A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund;		
4	(B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund;		
5	(C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and		
6	Administrative Fund;		
7	(D) \$8 into the Circuit Court Clerk Electronic Citation		
8	Fund; and		
9	(E) \$70 into the county's General Fund.		
10	(2) As the State's portion, \$41 to the State Treasurer, who		
11	shall deposit the money as follows:		
12	(A) \$10 into the State Police Operations Assistance		
13	Fund;		
14	(B) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety		
15	Fund;		
16	(C) \$5 into the Drivers Education Fund;		
17	(D) \$1 into the Fire Prevention Fund;		
18	(E) \$15 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction		
19	Surcharge Fund; and		
20	(G) \$5 into the Law Enforcement Camera Grant Fund.		
21	(3) As the arresting agency's portion, \$2, to the treasurer		
22	of the unit of local government of the arresting agency, who		
23	shall deposit the money into the E-citation Fund of that unit		
24	of local government or as provided in subsection (c) of Section		
25	10-5 of this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency,		
26	unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in		

10000SB1328ham001 -31- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of 2 government equally.

3 Section 15-55. SCHEDULE 11; conservation offenses. 4 SCHEDULE 11: For a conservation offense, the Clerk of the 5 Circuit Court shall collect \$140 and remit as follows: (1) As the county's portion, \$123, to the county treasurer, 6 7 who shall deposit the money as follows: 8 (A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund; 9 (B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund; 10 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund: 11 12 (D) \$8 into the Circuit Court Clerk Electronic Citation Fund; and 13 14 (E) \$70 into the county's General Fund. 15 (2) As the State's portion, \$15, to the State Treasurer, who shall deposit the money into the Conservation Police 16 17 Operations Assistance Fund. 18 (3) As the arresting agency's portion, \$2, to the treasurer 19 of the unit of local government of the arresting agency, who shall deposit the money into the E-citation Fund of that unit 20 21 of local government or as provided in subsection (c) of Section 22 10-5 of this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency, 23 unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in

which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of government equally. 10000SB1328ham001 -32- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

Section 15-60. SCHEDULE 12; dispositions under Supreme 1 2 Court Rule 529. SCHEDULE 12: For a disposition under Supreme 3 Court Rule 529, the Clerk of the Circuit Court shall collect 4 \$159 and remit as follows: (1) As the county's portion, \$83, to the county treasurer, 5 6 who shall deposit the money as follows: 7 (A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund; 8 (B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund; 9 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 10 Administrative Fund: (D) \$8 into the Circuit Court Clerk Electronic Citation 11 12 Fund; and 13 (E) \$30 into the county's General Fund. 14 (2) As the State's portion, \$49 to the State Treasurer, who shall deposit the money as follows: 15 16 (A) \$10 into the State Police Operations Assistance 17 Fund; (B) \$5 into the Drivers Education Fund; 18 19 (C) \$8 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety 20 Fund; \$21 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction 21 (D) 22 Surcharge Fund; and 23 (E) \$5 into the Law Enforcement Camera Grant Fund. 24 (3) As the arresting agency's portion, \$27 as follows, 25 unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in

10000SB1328ham001

1 which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of 2 government equally: 3 (A) if the arresting agency is a local agency to the 4 treasurer of the unit of local government of the arresting 5 agency, who shall deposit the money as follows: (i) \$2 into the E-citation Fund of the unit of 6 7 local government; and 8 (ii) \$25 into the General Fund of the unit of local 9 government; or 10 (B) as provided in subsection (c) of Section 10-5 of this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency. 11 12 Section 15-65. SCHEDULE 13; non-traffic violations. 13 SCHEDULE 13: For a petty offense, business offense, or 14 non-traffic ordinance violation, the Clerk of the Circuit Court 15 shall collect \$90 and remit as follows: (1) As the county's portion, \$73, to the county treasurer, 16 17 who shall deposit the money as follows: (A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund; 18 19 (B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund; 20 (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 21 Administrative Fund; (D) \$8 into the Circuit Court Clerk Electronic Citation 22 23 Fund; and 24 (E) \$20 into the county's General Fund. 25 (2) As the arresting agency's portion, \$17 as follows,

10000SB1328ham001

1 unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in 2 which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of 3 government equally:

4 (A) if the arresting agency is a local agency to the
5 treasurer of the unit of local government of the arresting
6 agency, who shall deposit the money as follows:

7 (i) \$2 into the E-citation Fund of the unit of
8 local government; and

9 (ii) \$15 into the General Fund of the unit of local 10 government; or

(B) as provided in subsection (c) of Section 10-5 of
this Act if the arresting agency is a State agency.

13 Section 15-70. CONDITIONAL ASSESSMENTS.

14 CONDITIONAL ASSESSMENTS: In addition to payments under one 15 of the Schedule of Assessments 1 through 13 of this Act, the 16 court shall also order payment of any of the following 17 conditional assessment amounts for each sentenced violation in 18 the case to which a conditional assessment is applicable, which 19 shall be collected and remitted by the Clerk of the Circuit 20 Court as provided in this Section:

21

22

23

(1) arson, residential arson, or aggravated arson,\$500 per conviction to the State Treasurer for deposit into the Fire Prevention Fund;

(2) child pornography under Section 11-20.1 of the
 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, \$500

10000SB1328ham001 -35- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

per conviction with \$5 to the county treasurer for deposit into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund and the remainder as follows, unless more than one agency is responsible for the arrest in which case the amount shall be remitted to each unit of government equally:

7 (A) if the arresting agency is an agency of a unit of local government \$495 to the treasurer of the unit 8 9 of local government for deposit into the unit of local 10 government's General Fund, except that if the 11 Department of State Police provides digital or electronic forensic examination assistance, or both, 12 13 to the arresting agency then \$100 to the State 14 Treasurer for deposit into the State Crime Laboratory 15 Fund; or

(B) if the arresting agency is the Department of
State Police remitted to the State Treasurer for
deposit into the State Crime Laboratory Fund;

19 (3) crime laboratory drug analysis for a drug-related 20 offense involving possession or delivery of cannabis or 21 possession or delivery of a controlled substance as defined in the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled 22 23 Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and 24 \$100 reimbursement Community Protection Act, for laboratory analysis, as set forth in subsection (f) of 25 Section 5-9-1.4 of the Unified Code of Corrections: 26

(4) DNA analysis, \$250 on each conviction in which it
 was used to the State Treasurer for deposit into the State
 Offender DNA Identification System Fund;

4 (5) DUI analysis, \$150 on each sentenced violation in
5 which it was used as set forth in subsection (f) of Section
6 5-9-1.9 of the Unified Code of Corrections;

7 (6) drug-related offense involving possession or 8 delivery of cannabis or possession or delivery of a controlled substance, other than methamphetamine, as 9 10 defined in the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an amount not less than the full 11 street value of the cannabis or controlled substance seized 12 13 for each conviction to the State Treasurer for deposit into 14 the General Revenue Fund;

15 (6.5) Kane County or Will County, in felonv, misdemeanor, local or county ordinance, traffic, or 16 17 conservation cases, up to \$30 as set by the county board under Section 5-1101.3 of the Counties Code upon the entry 18 19 of a judgment of conviction, an order of supervision, or a 20 sentence of probation without entry of judgment under 21 Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the 22 23 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, 24 Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b) (1) of Section 12-3.05 of 25 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, 26 Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug

-37- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

Dependency Act, or Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act; 1 2 except in local or county ordinance, traffic, and 3 conservation cases, if fines are paid in full without a court appearance, then the assessment shall not be imposed 4 5 or collected. Distribution of assessments collected under this paragraph (6.5) shall be as provided in Section 6 5-1101.3 of the Counties Code; 7

10000SB1328ham001

8 (7)methamphetamine-related offense involving 9 possession or delivery of methamphetamine or any salt of an 10 optical isomer of methamphetamine or possession of a methamphetamine manufacturing material as set forth in 11 Section 10 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 12 13 Protection Act with the intent to manufacture a substance 14 containing methamphetamine or salt of an optical isomer of 15 methamphetamine, an amount not less than the full street value of the methamphetamine or salt of an optical isomer 16 17 of methamphetamine or methamphetamine manufacturing materials seized for each conviction to the State Treasurer 18 19 for deposit into the General Revenue Fund;

(8) order of protection violation under Section 12-3.4
of the Criminal Code of 2012, \$200 for each conviction to
the county treasurer for deposit into the Probation and
Court Services Fund for implementation of a domestic
violence surveillance program and any other assessments or
fees imposed under Section 5-9-1.16 of the Unified Code of
Corrections;

(9) order of protection violation, \$25 for each 1 violation to the State Treasurer, for deposit into the 2 Domestic Violence Abuser Services Fund; 3 (10) prosecution by the State's Attorney of a: 4 5 (A) misdemeanor, petty, or business offense, \$4 to the county treasurer of which \$2 deposited into the 6 7 State's Attorney Records Automation Fund and \$2 into the Public Defender Records Automation Fund; 8 9 (B) conservation or traffic offense, \$2 to the 10 county treasurer for deposit into the State's Attorney 11 Records Automation Fund: (11) speeding in a construction zone violation, \$250 to 12 13 the State Treasurer for deposit into the Transportation 14 Safety Highway Hire-back Fund, unless (i) the violation 15 occurred on a highway other than an interstate highway and (ii) a county police officer wrote the ticket for the 16 17 violation, in which case to the county treasurer for deposit into that county's Transportation Safety Highway 18 Hire-back Fund; 19

(12) supervision disposition on an offense under the
Illinois Vehicle Code or similar provision of a local
ordinance, 50 cents, unless waived by the court, into the
Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund;

(13) victim and offender are family or household
members as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic
Violence Act of 1986 and offender pleads guilty or no

-39- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

10000SB1328ham001

1 is convicted of murder, contest to or voluntary 2 manslaughter, involuntary manslaughter, burglary, residential burglary, criminal trespass to residence, 3 criminal trespass to vehicle, criminal trespass to land, 4 5 criminal damage to property, telephone harassment, aggravated kidnaping, unlawful restraint, 6 kidnapping, forcible detention, child abduction, indecent solicitation 7 8 of а child, sexual relations between siblings, 9 exploitation of a child, child pornography, assault, 10 aggravated assault, battery, aggravated battery, heinous battery, aggravated battery of a child, domestic battery, 11 reckless conduct, intimidation, criminal sexual assault, 12 13 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated 14 criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated 15 criminal sexual abuse, violation of an order of protection, disorderly conduct, endangering the life or health of a 16 child, child abandonment, contributing to dependency or 17 neglect of child, or cruelty to children and others, \$200 18 for each sentenced violation to the State Treasurer for 19 20 deposit as follows: (i) for sexual assault, as defined in Section 5-9-1.7 of the Unified Code of Corrections, when 21 22 the offender and victim are family members, one-half to the 23 Domestic Violence Shelter and Service Fund, and one-half to 24 the Sexual Assault Services Fund; (ii) for the remaining 25 offenses to the Domestic Violence Shelter and Service Fund; (14) violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois 26

10000SB1328ham001 -40- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Vehicle Code, Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and 2 3 Safety Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a 4 motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in 5 violation of Section 11-501, Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat 6 Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision 7 8 proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate 9 emergency response, \$1,000 maximum to the public agency 10 that provided an emergency response related to the person's 11 violation, and if more than one agency responded, the 12 amount payable to public agencies shall be shared equally;

13 (15) violation of Sections 401, 407, or 407.2 of the 14 Illinois Controlled Substances Act that proximately caused 15 any incident resulting in an appropriate drug-related 16 emergency response, \$1,000 as reimbursement for the 17 emergency response to the law enforcement agency that made 18 the arrest, and if more than one agency is responsible for 19 the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies 20 shall be shared equally;

21 violation of reckless driving, (16)aggravated 22 reckless driving, or driving 26 miles per hour or more in 23 excess of the speed limit that triggered an emergency 24 response, \$1,000 maximum reimbursement for the emergency 25 response to be distributed in its entirety to a public 26 agency that provided an emergency response related to the

person's violation, and if more than one agency responded, the amount payable to public agencies shall be shared equally; and

4 (17) weapons violation under Section 24-1.1, 24-1.2,
5 or 24-1.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code
6 of 2012, \$100 for each conviction to the State Treasurer
7 for deposit into the Trauma Center Fund.

8

Article 20. Task Force

9 Section 20-5. Criminal and Traffic Assessments and Fees
10 Task Force.

(a) A Criminal and Traffic Assessments and Fees Task Force
is created to carry out the following duties:

(1) review reports of the clerks of the circuit court
submitted under Section 30 of the Clerks of Courts Act;

15 (2)conduct hearings to obtain testimony from stakeholders who may receive funds under this Act or 16 Section 27.1b of the Clerks of Courts Act and from the 17 18 public, including testimony on the recommendations for the 19 Task Force report, the burden of court costs, the impact of 20 court costs on persons within the criminal justice system, 21 the need for consistency in assessment and collection of 22 court costs, and the services financed by court costs;

(3) study past practices of fines, fees, assessments,
and costs collection and disbursement by the clerks of the

10000SB1328ham001 -42- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

circuit court and the initial effects of the estimated collections under this Act and Section 27.1b of the Clerks of Courts Act from reports under paragraph (1) of this Section; and

5 (4) make recommendations to the General Assembly 6 regarding implementation of this Act and offer any proposed 7 revisions or amendments to this Act or its associated 8 amendatory changes.

9 (b) The Task Force shall be comprised of the following 10 members who shall serve without compensation:

(1) one member of the House of Representatives
 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

13 (2) one member of the House of Representatives
14 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of
15 Representatives;

16 (3) one member of the Senate appointed by the Senate 17 President;

18 (4) one member of the Senate appointed by the Senate
19 Minority Leader;

20 (5) the Executive Director of the Illinois Law 21 Enforcement Training Standards Board or his or her 22 designee;

23 (6) the Director of State Police or his or her 24 designee;

(7) the Attorney General or his or her designee;
(8) the Secretary of State or his or her designee;

(9) the State Fire Marshal or his or her designee; 1 (10) the Director of Public Health or his or her 2 3 designee; 4 (11) two members of an association representing the 5 interests of circuit court clerks appointed by the association: 6 7 (12) a member of an association representing the 8 interests of county officials appointed by the 9 association; 10 (13) a member of an association representing the interests of municipal officials appointed by the 11 association; 12 13 (14) the Cook County Circuit Court Clerk; and 14 (15) a member appointed by the Supreme Court. 15 (c) The Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts at the 16 direction of the Supreme Court shall provide administrative 17 support to the Task Force. 18 (d) The Task Force shall meet on or before February 1, 2018 19 and thereafter as agreed upon by a quorum of Task Force members 20 to be necessary to complete its duties. 21 (e) The Task Force shall file a written report of its 22 findings and recommendations with the General Assembly on or 23 before February 1, 2019. 24 (f) This Section is repealed on July 1, 2019. 25 Article 25.

-44- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1	Repeal
2	Section 25-5. Repeal. This Act is repealed on December 31,
3	2019.
4	Article 900. Amendatory Provisions effective July 1, 2017
5	Section 900-5. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by
6	adding Section 30 as follows:
7	(705 ILCS 105/30 new)
8	Sec. 30. Assessment and fee report.
9	(a) The clerk of the circuit court shall, in consultation
10	with other clerks of the circuit court and with input from
11	units of local government, State departments and agencies, and
12	agencies and organizations who receive funds from fees, fines,
13	assessments, or costs imposed by the court, develop guidelines
14	for recording estimates of what the assessment or fee would be
15	in each case if the applicable Schedule of assessment,
16	conditional assessment, Schedule of circuit court clerk fees,
17	or civil fees under the provisions of the Criminal and Traffic
18	Assessment Act and the amendatory changes under this amendatory
19	Act of the 100th General Assembly had been in effect.
20	(b) Beginning September 1, 2017 and until December 31, 2018
21	the clerk of the circuit court shall, for each case in which
22	fees, fines, assessments, or costs are imposed by the court,

10000SB1328ham001 -45- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 maintain a separate record of the clerk's estimate of what the 2 assessment or fee for that case would have been if the applicable Schedule of assessment, conditional assessment, 3 4 Schedule of circuit court clerk fees, or civil fees under the 5 provisions of the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act and the 6 amendatory changes to this Act by this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly had been in effect. The record shall not 7 8 contain any identification information of the parties and judge 9 in the case and shall be prepared and used only for the 10 purposes of this Section. 11 (c) Beginning October 1, 2017 and each month thereafter, 12 the clerk of the circuit court shall tabulate the assessment 13 and fee estimates collected under subsection (b) for the 14 previous month and prepare a report of the clerk's best 15 estimate on how the estimated assessment and fee amounts would 16 have been remitted by the clerk if the applicable Schedule of assessment, conditional assessment, Schedule of circuit court 17 clerk fees, or civil fees under the provisions of the Criminal 18 19 and Traffic Assessment Act and the amendatory changes to this Act by this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly had 20 21 been in effect. The report shall contain the totals for each category of estimated remissions. The clerk of the circuit 22 23 court shall submit the report to the Supreme Court on or before 24 the 15th day of each month, with the final report due on or 25 before January 15, 2019. The reports shall be available to the 26 Criminal and Traffic Assessments and Fees Task Force and any:

1	(1) unit of local government;
2	(2) State department or agency;
3	(3) agency or organization receiving funds from fees,
4	fines, assessments, or costs imposed by the court under the
5	laws and rules in effect before July 1, 2019;
6	(4) member of the General Assembly;
7	(5) constitutional officer; or
8	(6) other person or entity as determined by the Supreme
9	<u>Court.</u>
10	(d) This Section is repealed on March 1, 2019.
11	Section 900-10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended
12	by changing Sections 5-9-1.1 and 5-9-1.1-5 as follows:
13	(730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-9-1.1)
14	(Text of Section from P.A. 94-550, 96-132, 96-402, 96-1234,
15	97-545, 98-537, and 99-480)
16	Sec. 5-9-1.1. Drug related offenses.
17	(a) When a person has been adjudged guilty of a drug
18	related offense involving possession or delivery of cannabis or
19	possession or delivery of a controlled substance, other than
20	methamphetamine, as defined in the Cannabis Control Act, as
21	amended, or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, as amended,
22	in addition to any other penalty imposed, a fine shall be
23	levied by the court at not less than the full street value of
24	the cannabis or controlled substances seized.

10000SB1328ham001 -47- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 "Street value" shall be determined by the court on the 2 basis of testimony of law enforcement personnel and the 3 defendant as to the amount seized and such testimony as may be 4 required by the court as to the current street value of the 5 cannabis or controlled substance seized.

6 (b) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) 7 of this Section, a fine of \$100 shall be levied by the court, 8 the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk 9 and remitted to the State Treasurer under Section 27.6 of the 10 Clerks of Courts Act for deposit into the Trauma Center Fund 11 for distribution as provided under Section 3.225 of the 12 Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

13 (c) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) 14 of this Section, a fee of \$5 shall be assessed by the court, 15 the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk 16 and remitted to the State Treasurer under Section 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act for deposit into the Spinal Cord Injury 17 18 Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund. This additional fee of \$5 19 shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of any 20 reduction in the fine for time served either before or after 21 sentencing.

(d) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a)
of this Section for a drug related offense involving possession
or delivery of cannabis or possession or delivery of a
controlled substance as defined in the Cannabis Control Act,
the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine

10000SB1328ham001 -48- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Control and Community Protection Act, a fee of \$50 shall be assessed by the court, the proceeds of which shall be collected 2 3 by the Circuit Clerk and remitted to the State Treasurer under 4 Section 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act for deposit into the 5 Performance-enhancing Substance Testing Fund. This additional fee of \$50 shall not be considered a part of the fine for 6 purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either 7 before or after sentencing. The provisions of this subsection 8 9 (d), other than this sentence, are inoperative after June 30, 10 2011.

11 (e) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) of this Section, a \$25 assessment shall be assessed by the 12 13 court, the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit 14 Clerk and remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the 15 Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund. The moneys 16 deposited into the Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund under this Section shall be appropriated to and administered by 17 the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority for 18 19 distribution to fund Department of State Police funding of drug 20 task forces and Metropolitan Enforcement Groups by dividing the funds equally by the total number of Department of State Police 21 22 drug task forces and Illinois Metropolitan Enforcement Groups.

(f) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) of this Section, a \$40 assessment shall be assessed by the court, the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk. Of the collected proceeds, (i) 90% shall be remitted to 10000SB1328ham001 -49- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 the State Treasurer for deposit into the Prescription Pill and Drug Disposal Fund; (ii) 5% shall be remitted for deposit into 2 3 the Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund, for use by the 4 Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority for the costs 5 associated with making grants from the Prescription Pill and Drug Disposal Fund; and (iii) the Circuit Clerk shall retain 5% 6 for deposit into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 7 8 Administrative Fund for the costs associated with 9 administering this subsection.

10 (Source: P.A. 98-537, eff. 8-23-13; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15.)

11 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-556, 96-132, 96-402, 96-1234, 12 97-545, 98-537, and 99-480)

13 Sec. 5-9-1.1. Drug related offenses.

14 (a) When a person has been adjudged guilty of a drug 15 related offense involving possession or delivery of cannabis or possession or delivery of a controlled substance as defined in 16 the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances 17 Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection 18 19 Act, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a fine shall be levied by the court at not less than the full street value of 20 the cannabis or controlled substances seized. 21

"Street value" shall be determined by the court on the basis of testimony of law enforcement personnel and the defendant as to the amount seized and such testimony as may be required by the court as to the current street value of the

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cannabis or controlled substance seized.

(b) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a)
of this Section, a fine of \$100 shall be levied by the court,
the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk
and remitted to the State Treasurer under Section 27.6 of the
Clerks of Courts Act for deposit into the Trauma Center Fund
for distribution as provided under Section 3.225 of the
Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

9 (c) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) 10 of this Section, a fee of \$5 shall be assessed by the court, 11 the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk and remitted to the State Treasurer under Section 27.6 of the 12 13 Clerks of Courts Act for deposit into the Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund. This additional fee of \$5 14 15 shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of any 16 reduction in the fine for time served either before or after 17 sentencing.

18 (d) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) of this Section for a drug related offense involving possession 19 20 or delivery of cannabis or possession or delivery of a controlled substance as defined in the Cannabis Control Act, 21 22 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine 23 Control and Community Protection Act, a fee of \$50 shall be 24 assessed by the court, the proceeds of which shall be collected 25 by the Circuit Clerk and remitted to the State Treasurer under 26 Section 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act for deposit into the

Performance-enhancing Substance Testing Fund. This additional fee of \$50 shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either before or after sentencing. The provisions of this subsection (d), other than this sentence, are inoperative after June 30, 2011.

7 (e) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) 8 of this Section, a \$25 assessment shall be assessed by the court, the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit 9 10 Clerk and remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the 11 Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund. The monevs deposited into the Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund 12 13 under this Section shall be appropriated to and administered by 14 the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority for 15 distribution to fund Department of State Police funding of drug 16 task forces and Metropolitan Enforcement Groups by dividing the 17 funds equally by the total number of Department of State Police drug task forces and Illinois Metropolitan Enforcement Groups. 18

19 (f) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) 20 of this Section, a \$40 assessment shall be assessed by the 21 court, the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit 22 Clerk. Of the collected proceeds, (i) 90% shall be remitted to 23 the State Treasurer for deposit into the Prescription Pill and 24 Drug Disposal Fund; (ii) 5% shall be remitted for deposit into 25 the Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund, for use by the 26 Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority for the costs

10000SB1328ham001 -52- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 associated with making grants from the Prescription Pill and 2 Drug Disposal Fund; and (iii) the Circuit Clerk shall retain 5% 3 for deposit into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 4 Administrative Fund for the costs associated with 5 administering this subsection.

6 (Source: P.A. 98-537, eff. 8-23-13; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15.)

7 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.1-5)

8 Sec. 5-9-1.1-5. Methamphetamine related offenses.

9 When a person has been adjudged guilty of (a) а 10 methamphetamine related offense involving possession or delivery of methamphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of 11 12 methamphetamine possession of а methamphetamine or manufacturing material as set forth in Section 10 of the 13 14 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act with the 15 intent to manufacture a substance containing methamphetamine or salt of an optical isomer of methamphetamine, in addition to 16 17 any other penalty imposed, a fine shall be levied by the court at not less than the full street value of the methamphetamine 18 19 salt of an optical isomer of methamphetamine or or 20 methamphetamine manufacturing materials seized.

"Street value" shall be determined by the court on the basis of testimony of law enforcement personnel and the defendant as to the amount seized and such testimony as may be required by the court as to the current street value of the methamphetamine or salt of an optical isomer of methamphetamine 1

or methamphetamine manufacturing materials seized.

(b) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a)
of this Section, a fine of \$100 shall be levied by the court,
the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk
and remitted to the State Treasurer under Section 27.6 of the
Clerks of Courts Act for deposit into the Methamphetamine Law
Enforcement Fund and allocated as provided in subsection (d) of
Section 5-9-1.2.

9 (c) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) 10 of this Section, a \$25 assessment shall be assessed by the 11 court, the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk and remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the 12 13 Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund. The monevs 14 deposited into the Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund 15 under this Section shall be appropriated to and administered by 16 the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority for distribution to fund the Department of State Police funding of 17 drug task forces and Metropolitan Enforcement Groups by 18 19 dividing the funds equally by the total number of Department of 20 State Police drug task forces and Metropolitan Enforcement 21 Groups.

(d) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (a) of this Section, a \$40 assessment shall be assessed by the court, the proceeds of which shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk. Of the collected proceeds, (i) 90% shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the Prescription Pill and 10000SB1328ham001 -54- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Drug Disposal Fund; (ii) 5% shall be remitted for deposit into 2 the Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund, for use by the 3 Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority for the costs 4 associated with making grants from the Prescription Pill and 5 Drug Disposal Fund; and (iii) the Circuit Clerk shall retain 5% 6 for deposit into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund 7 for the costs associated with 8 administering this subsection. 9 (Source: P.A. 98-537, eff. 8-23-13; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15.) 10 Article 905. Amendatory Provisions effective July 1, 2019

Section 905-5. The Domestic Violence Shelters Act is amended by changing Section 3.2 as follows:

13 (20 ILCS 1310/3.2) (from Ch. 40, par. 2403.2)

Sec. 3.2. All funds collected pursuant to P.A. 82-645, 14 which are held in escrow for refund and for which a refund is 15 not approved by September 1, 1988, shall be forwarded to the 16 17 State Treasurer for deposit into the Domestic Violence Shelter and Service Fund. The Domestic Violence Shelter and Service 18 Fund shall also include assessments fines received by the State 19 20 Treasurer from circuit clerks under the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act in accordance with Section 5-9-1.5 of the 21 22 Unified Code of Corrections. Monies deposited in the Fund 23 pursuant to this Section and the income tax check-off for the

10000SB1328ham001 -55- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Domestic Violence Shelter and Service Fund authorized by 2 Section 507F of the Illinois Income Tax Act shall be appropriated to the Department of Human Services for the 3 4 purpose of providing services specified by this Act; however, 5 the Department may waive the matching funds requirement of this 6 Act with respect to such monies. Any such waiver shall be uniform throughout the State. This amendatory Act of 1987 7 8 applies to all funds collected pursuant to PA 82-645, held in 9 escrow and for which no refund is approved by September 1, 10 1988, whether those funds are administered by the State, a 11 county, a court, or any other unit or agency of government. (Source: P.A. 89-507, eff. 7-1-97.) 12

Section 905-10. The Burn Victims Relief Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

15 (20 ILCS 1410/10)

16 Sec. 10. Payments to the George Bailey Memorial Fund. The George Bailey Memorial Fund is created as a special fund in the 17 18 State treasury. The George Bailey Memorial Fund shall be funded pursuant to subsection (p) of Section 27.6 of the Clerks of 19 Courts Act and Section 16-104d of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 20 Funds received under Section 16-104d of the Illinois Vehicle 21 22 Code shall be repaid in full to the Fire Truck Revolving Loan 23 Fund, without the deduction of the 20% administrative fee authorized in subsection (b) of Section 5, upon receipt by the 24

10000SB1328ham001 -56- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

George Bailey Memorial Fund from the person or his or her estate, trust, or heirs of any moneys from a settlement for the injury that is the proximate cause of the person's disability under this Act or moneys received from Social Security disability benefits. Moneys in the George Bailey Memorial Fund may only be used for the purposes set forth in this Act.

7 (Source: P.A. 99-455, eff. 1-1-16.)

8 Section 905-15. The State Police Act is amended by changing
9 Section 7.2 as follows:

10 (20 ILCS 2610/7.2)

11 Sec. 7.2. State Police Merit Board Public Safety Fund.

12 (a) A special fund in the State treasury is hereby created 13 which shall be known as the State Police Merit Board Public 14 Safety Fund. The Fund shall be used by the State Police Merit Board to provide a cadet program for State Police personnel and 15 to meet all costs associated with the functions of the State 16 17 Police Merit Board. Notwithstanding any other law to the 18 contrary, the State Police Merit Board Public Safety Fund is 19 not subject to sweeps, administrative charge-backs, or any 20 other fiscal or budgetary maneuver that would in any way 21 transfer any amounts from the State Police Merit Board Public 22 Safety Fund into any other fund of the State.

(b) The Fund may receive State appropriations, gifts,
 grants, and federal funds and shall include earnings from the

1 investment of moneys in the Fund.

administration of this Fund shall 2 (C)The be the 3 responsibility of the State Police Merit Board. The Board shall 4 establish terms and conditions for the operation of the Fund. 5 The Board shall establish and implement fiscal controls and accounting periods for programs operated using the Fund. All 6 fees or moneys received by the State Treasurer under the 7 Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act subsection (n) of Section 8 9 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act shall be deposited into the 10 Fund. The moneys deposited in the State Police Merit Board 11 Public Safety Fund shall be appropriated to the State Police Merit Board for expenses of the Board for the administration 12 13 and conduct of all its programs for State Police personnel. (Source: P.A. 97-1051, eff. 1-1-13.) 14

- Section 905-20. The Illinois Criminal Justice Information
 Act is amended by changing Section 9.1 as follows:
- 17

(20 ILCS 3930/9.1)

18 Sec. 9.1. Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund. The 19 Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund is hereby created as 20 a special fund in the State Treasury. Grants and other moneys obtained by the Authority from governmental entities (other 21 22 federal than the qovernment), private sources, and 23 not-for-profit organizations for use in investigating criminal 24 justice issues or undertaking other criminal justice

10000SB1328ham001 -58- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

information projects shall be deposited into the Fund. Moneys 1 2 in the Fund may be used by the Authority, subject to 3 appropriation, for undertaking such projects and for the 4 operating and other expenses of the Authority incidental to 5 those projects, and for the costs associated with making grants 6 from the Prescription Pill and Drug Disposal Fund. The moneys deposited into the Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund 7 under Sections 15-15 and 15-35 of the Criminal and Traffic 8 9 Assessment Act shall be appropriated to and administered by the 10 Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority for 11 distribution to fund Department of State Police drug task forces and Metropolitan Enforcement Groups by dividing the 12 13 funds equally by the total number of Department of State Police 14 drug task forces and Illinois Metropolitan Enforcement Groups. 15 (Source: P.A. 88-538.)

16 Section 905-25. The State Finance Act is amended by 17 changing Sections 6b-4, 6z-82, 6z-87, 8p, and 8q as follows:

18 (30 ILCS 105/6b-4) (from Ch. 127, par. 142b4)

19 Sec. 6b-4. On the second Monday of every month, the 20 Director of Public Health shall certify to the State 21 Comptroller and the State Treasurer the amount generated by the 22 issuance of commemorative birth certificates under subsection 23 (14) of Section 25 of the Vital Records Act in excess of the 24 costs incurred in issuing the documents. Within 15 days of 10000SB1328ham001 -59- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 receipt of the certification required by this Section, the 2 State Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall transfer from 3 the General Revenue Fund, one-half of the amount certified as 4 being received from the issuance of commemorative birth 5 certificates to the Child Abuse Prevention Fund and one-half of 6 the amount to the Domestic Violence Shelter and Service Fund.

7 The State Treasurer shall deposit into the Domestic 8 Violence Shelter and Service Fund each <u>assessment received</u> 9 <u>under the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act</u> fine received 10 from circuit clerks under Section 5-9-1.5 of the Unified Code 11 of Corrections.

12 The State Treasurer shall deposit into the Sexual Assault 13 Services Fund and the Domestic Violence Shelter and Service 14 Fund each of those fines received from circuit clerks under 15 Section 5-9-1.7 of the Unified Code of Corrections in 16 accordance with the provisions of that Section.

17 (Source: P.A. 87-791; 87-1072.)

18 (30 ILCS 105/6z-82)

19 Sec. 6z-82. State Police Operations Assistance Fund.

(a) There is created in the State treasury a special fund
known as the State Police Operations Assistance Fund. The Fund
shall receive revenue <u>under the Criminal and Traffic Assessment</u>
<u>Act pursuant to Section 27.3a of the Clerks of Courts Act</u>. The
Fund may also receive revenue from grants, donations,
appropriations, and any other legal source.

10000SB1328ham001 -60- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

(b) The Department of State Police may use moneys in the
 Fund to finance any of its lawful purposes or functions.

3 (c) Expenditures may be made from the Fund only as
4 appropriated by the General Assembly by law.

5 (d) Investment income that is attributable to the 6 investment of moneys in the Fund shall be retained in the Fund 7 for the uses specified in this Section.

8 (e) The State Police Operations Assistance Fund shall not 9 be subject to administrative chargebacks.

10 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of State law to the 11 contrary, on or after July 1, 2012, and until June 30, 2013, in addition to any other transfers that may be provided for by 12 13 law, at the direction of and upon notification from the 14 Director of State Police, the State Comptroller shall direct 15 and the State Treasurer shall transfer amounts into the State 16 Police Operations Assistance Fund from the designated funds not exceeding the following totals: 17

State Police Vehicle Fund \$2,250,000
State Police Wireless Service

20 Emergency Fund \$2,500,000
21 State Police Services Fund \$3,500,000
22 (Source: P.A. 96-1029, eff. 7-13-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11;
23 97-732, eff. 6-30-12.)

24 (30 ILCS 105/6z-87)

25 Sec. 6z-87. Conservation Police Operations Assistance

1 Fund.

(a) There is created in the State treasury a special fund
known as the Conservation Police Operations Assistance Fund.
The Fund shall receive revenue <u>under the Criminal and Traffic</u>
<u>Assessment Act</u> <u>pursuant to Section 27.3a of the Clerks of</u>
Courts Act. The Fund may also receive revenue from grants,
donations, appropriations, and any other legal source.

8 (b) The Department of Natural Resources may use moneys in 9 the Fund to support any lawful operations of the Illinois 10 Conservation Police.

11 (c) Expenditures may be made from the Fund only as12 appropriated by the General Assembly by law.

13 (d) Investment income that is attributable to the 14 investment of moneys in the Fund shall be retained in the Fund 15 for the uses specified in this Section.

16 (e) The Conservation Police Operations Assistance Fund17 shall not be subject to administrative chargebacks.

18 (Source: P.A. 97-46, eff. 7-1-12; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

19 (30 ILCS 105/8p)

20

Sec. 8p. State Police Streetgang-Related Crime Fund.

(a) The State Police Streetgang-Related Crime Fund iscreated as a special fund in the State treasury.

(b) All moneys collected and payable to the Department of
State Police <u>from the State Police Streetgang-Related Crime</u>
<u>Fund under Section 5 9 1.19 of the Unified Code of Corrections</u>

10000SB1328ham001 -62- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1	shall be deposited into the State Police Streetgang-Related
2	Crime Fund and shall be appropriated to and administered by the
3	Department of State Police for operations and initiatives to
4	combat and prevent streetgang-related crime.
5	(c) The State Police Streetgang-Related Crime Fund shall
6	not be subject to administrative chargebacks.
7	(Source: P.A. 96-1029, eff. 7-13-10.)
8	(30 ILCS 105/8q)
9	Sec. 8q. Illinois Department of Corrections Parole
10	Division Offender Supervision Fund.
11	(a) The Illinois Department of Corrections Parole Division
12	Offender Supervision Fund is created as a special fund in the
13	State treasury.
14	(b) All moneys collected and payable to the Department of
15	Corrections and under Section 5 9 1.20 of the Unified Code of
16	Corrections shall be deposited into the Illinois Department of
17	Corrections Parole Division Offender Supervision Fund and
18	shall be appropriated to and administered by the Department of
19	Corrections for operations and initiatives to combat and
20	supervise paroled offenders in the community.
21	(c) The Illinois Department of Corrections Parole Division
22	Offender Supervision Fund shall not be subject to
23	administrative chargebacks.

24 (Source: P.A. 97-262, eff. 8-5-11.)

1 Section 905-30. The State Property Control Act is amended 2 by changing Section 7c as follows: 3 (30 ILCS 605/7c) 4 Sec. 7c. Acquisition of State Police vehicles. The State 5 Police Vehicle Fund is created as a special fund in the State 6 treasury. The Fund shall consist of fees received pursuant to Section 16 104c of the Illinois Vehicle Code. All moneys in the 7 8 Fund, subject to appropriation, shall be used by the Department 9 of State Police: 10 for the acquisition of vehicles for (1)that 11 Department; or 12 (2) for debt service on bonds issued to finance the 13 acquisition of vehicles for that Department. 14 (Source: P.A. 94-839, eff. 6-6-06.) Section 905-35. Illinois Police Training Act is amended by 15 16 changing Section 9 as follows: 17 (50 ILCS 705/9) (from Ch. 85, par. 509) Sec. 9. A special fund is hereby established in the State 18 Treasury to be known as the Traffic and Criminal Conviction 19 20 Surcharge Fund and shall be financed as provided in Section 9.1 of this Act and Section 5-9-1 of the Unified Code of 21 Corrections, unless the fines, costs, or additional amounts 22 23 imposed are subject to disbursement by the circuit clerk under

Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act. Moneys in this Fund shall be expended as follows:

3 (1) a portion of the total amount deposited in the Fund
4 may be used, as appropriated by the General Assembly, for
5 the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Illinois Law
6 Enforcement Training Standards Board;

7 (2) a portion of the total amount deposited in the Fund 8 shall be appropriated for the reimbursement of local 9 governmental agencies participating in training programs 10 certified by the Board, in an amount equaling 1/2 of the total sum paid by such agencies during the State's previous 11 fiscal year for mandated training for probationary police 12 13 officers or probationary county corrections officers and 14 for optional advanced and specialized law enforcement or 15 county corrections training; these reimbursements may include the costs for tuition at training schools, the 16 17 salaries of trainees while in schools, and the necessary travel and room and board expenses for each trainee; if the 18 19 appropriations under this paragraph (2) are not sufficient 20 to fully reimburse the participating local governmental 21 agencies, the available funds shall be apportioned among 22 such agencies, with priority first given to repayment of 23 the costs of mandatory training given to law enforcement 24 officer or county corrections officer recruits, then to 25 repayment of costs of advanced or specialized training for 26 permanent police officers or permanent county corrections

1 officers;

(3) a portion of the total amount deposited in the Fund
may be used to fund the Intergovernmental Law Enforcement
Officer's In-Service Training Act, veto overridden October
29, 1981, as now or hereafter amended, at a rate and method
to be determined by the board;

7 (4) a portion of the Fund also may be used by the 8 Illinois Department of State Police for expenses incurred 9 in the training of employees from any State, county or 10 municipal agency whose function includes enforcement of 11 criminal or traffic law;

12 (5) a portion of the Fund may be used by the Board to 13 fund grant-in-aid programs and services for the training of 14 employees from any county or municipal agency whose 15 functions include corrections or the enforcement of 16 criminal or traffic law;

17 (6) for fiscal years 2013 through 2017 only, a portion 18 of the Fund also may be used by the Department of State 19 Police to finance any of its lawful purposes or functions; 20 and

(7) a portion of the Fund may be used by the Board,
subject to appropriation, to administer grants to local law
enforcement agencies for the purpose of purchasing
bulletproof vests under the Law Enforcement Officer
Bulletproof Vest Act.

26 All payments from the Traffic and Criminal Conviction

10000SB1328ham001 -66- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Surcharge Fund shall be made each year from moneys appropriated 2 for the purposes specified in this Section. No more than 50% of 3 any appropriation under this Act shall be spent in any city 4 having a population of more than 500,000. The State Comptroller 5 and the State Treasurer shall from time to time, at the 6 direction of the Governor, transfer from the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund to the General Revenue Fund 7 8 in the State Treasury such amounts as the Governor determines 9 are in excess of the amounts required to meet the obligations 10 of the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund. (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-674, eff. 6-30-14; 11

12 98-743, eff. 1-1-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-523, eff. 13 6-30-16.)

14 (50 ILCS 705/9.1 rep.)

Section 905-37. Illinois Police Training Act is amended by repealing Section 9.1.

Section 905-40. The Counties Code is amended by changing
Sections 3-6023, 4-2004, 4-2005, and 4-2006 as follows:

19 (55 ILCS 5/3-6023) (from Ch. 34, par. 3-6023)

Sec. 3-6023. Attendance at courts. Each sheriff shall, in person or by deputy, county corrections officer, or court security officer, attend upon all courts held in his or her county when in session, and obey the lawful orders and 10000SB1328ham001 -67- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 directions of the court, and shall maintain the security of the courthouse. Court services customarily performed by sheriffs 2 3 shall be provided by the sheriff or his or her deputies, county 4 corrections officers, or court security officers, rather than 5 by employees of the court, unless there are no deputies, county corrections officers, or court security officers available to 6 perform such services. The expenses of the sheriff in carrying 7 out his or her duties under this Section, including the 8 9 compensation of deputies, county corrections officers, or 10 court security officers assigned to such services, shall be 11 paid to the county from fees collected pursuant to court order for services of the sheriff and from any court services fees 12 13 collected by the county under the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act pursuant to Section 5 1103, as now or hereafter 14 15 amended.

16 (Source: P.A. 89-685, eff. 6-1-97; 89-707, eff. 6-1-97.)

17 (55 ILCS 5/4-2004) (from Ch. 34, par. 4-2004)

Sec. 4-2004. Collection and disposition of fines and 18 19 forfeitures. It shall be the duty of State's attorneys to attend to the collection of all fines and forfeitures in 20 criminal cases, and they shall, without delay, pay over all 21 22 fines and forfeitures collected by them to the county treasurer 23 to be deposited into the general corporate fund of the county, 24 except as otherwise specifically provided by law and except for 25 such portion as is required by Section 9.1 of "The Illinois

Police Training Act" and Section 5-9-1 of the "Unified Code of Corrections" to be paid into The Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund in the State Treasury, unless the fines and forfeitures are subject to disbursement by the circuit clerk under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act. (Source: P.A. 86-962; 87-670.)

7 (55 ILCS 5/4-2005) (from Ch. 34, par. 4-2005)

8 Sec. 4-2005. Payment of salaries; disposition of fees. The 9 salaries of the State's attorneys, excepting that part which is 10 to be paid out of the State treasury as now provided for by law, and the salaries of all Assistant State's attorneys shall 11 12 be paid out of the general corporate fund of the county 13 treasury of the county in which the State's attorney resides, 14 on the order of the county board by the treasurer of the county: The fees which are now, or may hereafter, be provided 15 by law to be paid by the defendant or defendants, as State's 16 17 attorney's fees, shall be taxed as costs and all fees, fines, forfeitures and penalties shall be collected by the State's 18 19 attorney, except as otherwise specifically provided by law for 20 those amounts required by Section 9.1 of the "Illinois Police Training Act" and Section 5-9-1 of the "Unified Code of 21 22 Corrections" to be paid into The Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund and those amounts subject to 23 24 disbursement by the circuit clerk under Section 27.5 of the 25 Clerks of Courts Act, and shall be paid by him directly into

10000SB1328ham001 -69- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

the county treasury to be deposited into the general corporate fund of the county. The county treasurer shall receipt therefor.

4 (Source: P.A. 86-962; 87-670.)

- 5 (55 ILCS 5/4-2006) (from Ch. 34, par. 4-2006)
- 6 Sec. 4-2006. Report of fees.

7 (a) It is hereby made the duty of all State's attorneys to 8 report to the circuit court at such times as the court shall 9 determine by rule, the payment and collection of all fees, 10 fines, forfeitures and penalties and to satisfy the court by voucher or otherwise, that all fees, fines, forfeitures and 11 12 penalties by them collected, except as otherwise specifically provided by law for those amounts required by Section 9.1 of 13 14 the Illinois Police Training Act and Section 5 9 1 of the 15 Unified Code of Corrections to be paid into the Traffic and 16 Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, have been duly paid over to the county treasurer, as required by Section 4-2005, and the 17 State's attorney shall have no further interest in conviction 18 19 fees, fines, forfeitures and penalties or moneys collected by virtue of such office. The court shall note the filing of the 20 21 report and fix a day certain not less than 30 days thereafter, 22 when objections in writing may be filed to such report by any 23 one or more taxpayers of the county, and when objections are 24 filed to such report a hearing may be had upon such report and 25 objections at such time and in such manner as the court may

10000SB1328ham001 -70- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 direct and after such hearing the court may approve or 2 disapprove of such report as justice may require, and make all proper orders in reference thereto, and if no objections have 3 4 been filed, the court shall inspect such report and require the 5 State's attorney to produce evidence in proof of his having 6 paid over as required by law all fines and forfeitures collected by him; and if it appears to the court that any 7 8 State's attorney has failed or refused to turn over the fines 9 and forfeitures collected by him as required by law the court 10 shall at once suspend him and appoint a State's attorney pro 11 tempore to perform the duties of the office until such State's attorney shall have complied with the provisions of this 12 13 Division or the orders of the court in regard thereto. The 14 court, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this 15 Section shall have the power to examine books and papers and to 16 issue subpoenas to compel the appearance of persons and the production of books and records: Provided, however, no order 17 entered under this Section shall be a bar to any proper 18 proceedings against such State's attorney and his bondsman to 19 20 require him to account for moneys collected and not paid over by him as required by law. 21

(b) Waiver of report of fees. The filing of the report of fees as provided by subsection (a) of this Section may be waived by written administrative order of the chief judge of the circuit upon written request and affidavit of the State's attorney of a county within the circuit that all fines, fees, 10000SB1328ham001 -71- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 forfeitures, and restitution are collected by the clerk of the 2 circuit court and that none of those funds pass through the 3 office of the State's attorney.

4 (Source: P.A. 86-962; 87-1201.)

5 55 ILCS 5/3-4012 rep.

6 55 ILCS 5/4-2002 rep.

7 55 ILCS 5/4-2002.1 rep.

8 55 ILCS 5/5-1101 rep.

9 55 ILCS 5/5-1101.5 rep.

10 55 ILCS 5/5-1103 rep.

Section 905-43. The Counties Code is amended by repealing Sections 3-4012, 4-2002, 4-2002.1, 5-1101, 5-1101.5, and 5-1103.

Section 905-45. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 2-120, 6-118, 11-501.01, 11-605, 11-605.1, 11-605.3, 11-1002.5, 15-113, and 16-105 as follows:

17 (625 ILCS 5/2-120) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 2-120)

18

Sec. 2-120. Disposition of fines and forfeitures.

(a) <u>Fines</u> Except as provided in subsection (f) of Section
11-605 and subsection (c) of Section 11-1002.5 of this Code,
fines and penalties recovered under the provisions of this Act
administered by the Secretary of State, except those fines,
assessments, and penalties subject to disbursement by the

circuit clerk under <u>the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act</u>
Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act, shall be paid over
and used as follows:

For violations of this Act committed within the
 limits of an incorporated city or village, to the treasurer
 of the particular city or village, if arrested by the
 authorities of the city or village and reasonably
 prosecuted for all fines and penalties under this Act by
 the police officers and officials of the city or village.

For violations of this Act committed outside the
 limits of an incorporated city or village to the county
 treasurer of the court where the offense was committed.

3. For the purposes of this Act an offense for violation of any provision of this Act not committed upon the highway shall be deemed to be committed where the violator resides or where he has a place of business requiring some registration, permit or license to operate such business under this Act.

(b) Failure, refusal or neglect on the part of any judicial or other officer or employee receiving or having custody of any such fine or forfeiture either before or after a deposit with the proper official as defined in paragraph (a) of this Section, shall constitute misconduct in office and shall be grounds for removal therefrom.

25 (Source: P.A. 95-302, eff. 1-1-08.)

1	(625 ILCS 5/6-118)
2	Sec. 6-118. Fees.
3	(a) The fee for licenses and permits under this Article is
4	as follows:
5	Original driver's license \$30
6	Original or renewal driver's license
7	issued to 18, 19 and 20 year olds
8	All driver's licenses for persons
9	age 69 through age 80 5
10	All driver's licenses for persons
11	age 81 through age 86 2
12	All driver's licenses for persons
13	age 87 or older 0
14	Renewal driver's license (except for
15	applicants ages 18, 19 and 20 or
16	age 69 and older) 30
17	Original instruction permit issued to
18	persons (except those age 69 and older)
19	who do not hold or have not previously
20	held an Illinois instruction permit or
21	driver's license 20
22	Instruction permit issued to any person
23	holding an Illinois driver's license
24	who wishes a change in classifications,
25	other than at the time of renewal 5
26	Any instruction permit issued to a person

1	age 69 and older 5
2	Instruction permit issued to any person,
3	under age 69, not currently holding a
4	valid Illinois driver's license or
5	instruction permit but who has
6	previously been issued either document
7	in Illinois 10
8	Restricted driving permit 8
9	Monitoring device driving permit
10	Duplicate or corrected driver's license
11	or permit 5
12	Duplicate or corrected restricted
13	driving permit 5
14	Duplicate or corrected monitoring
15	device driving permit 5
16	Duplicate driver's license or permit issued to
17	an active-duty member of the
18	United States Armed Forces,
19	the member's spouse, or
20	the dependent children living
21	with the member 0
22	Original or renewal M or L endorsement 5
23	SPECIAL FEES FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE
24	The fees for commercial driver licenses and permits
25	under Article V shall be as follows:
26	Commercial driver's license:

1	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund	
2	(Commercial Driver's License Information	
3	System/American Association of Motor Vehicle	
4	Administrators network/National Motor Vehicle	
5	Title Information Service Trust Fund);	
6	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;	
7	\$10 for the driver's license;	
8	and \$24 for the CDL:	\$60
9	Renewal commercial driver's license:	
10	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund;	
11	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;	
12	\$10 for the driver's license; and	
13	\$24 for the CDL:	\$60
14	Commercial learner's permit	
15	issued to any person holding a valid	
16	Illinois driver's license for the	
17	purpose of changing to a	
18	CDL classification: \$6 for the	
19	CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund;	
20	\$20 for the Motor Carrier	
21	Safety Inspection Fund; and	
22	\$24 for the CDL classification	\$50
23	Commercial learner's permit	
24	issued to any person holding a valid	
25	Illinois CDL for the purpose of	
26	making a change in a classification,	

1 endorsement or restriction \$5 2 CDL duplicate or corrected license \$5 3 In order to ensure the proper implementation of the Uniform 4 Commercial Driver License Act, Article V of this Chapter, the 5 Secretary of State is empowered to pro-rate the \$24 fee for the commercial driver's license proportionate to the expiration 6 date of the applicant's Illinois driver's license. 7

8 The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived 9 for any person who presents the Secretary of State's office 10 with a police report showing that his license or permit was 11 stolen.

12 The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived 13 for any person age 60 or older whose driver's license or permit 14 has been lost or stolen.

No additional fee shall be charged for a driver's license, or for a commercial driver's license, when issued to the holder of an instruction permit for the same classification or type of license who becomes eligible for such license.

(b) Any person whose license or privilege to operate a 19 20 motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked under Section 3-707, any provision of Chapter 6, Chapter 11, or 21 Section 7-205, 7-303, or 7-702 of the Family Financial 22 23 Responsibility Law of this Code, shall in addition to any other 24 fees required by this Code, pay a reinstatement fee as follows: 25 Suspension under Section 3-707 \$100 Suspension under Section 11-1431 \$100 26

However, any person whose license or privilege to operate a 6 motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a 7 second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501, 8 9 11-501.1, or 11-501.9 of this Code or a similar provision of a 10 local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 11 and each suspension or revocation was for a violation of 12 13 Section 11-501, 11-501.1, or 11-501.9 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state 14 15 offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 16 Criminal Code of 2012 shall pay, in addition to any other fees required by this Code, a reinstatement fee as follows: 17

18	Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 \$500
19	Suspension under Section 11-501.9 \$500
20	Summary revocation under Section 11-501.1 \$500
21	Revocation \$500
22	However, the Secretary shall collect only one fee equal to
23	the highest amount due for any one sanction in satisfaction of
24	all fees due for multiple sanctions for violation of Sections
25	<u>11-501, 11-501.1, or 11-501.9 of this Code or a similar</u>
26	provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state

10000SB1328ham001

offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 1 2 Criminal Code of 2012. 3 (c) All fees collected under the provisions of this Chapter 4 6 shall be disbursed under subsection (g) of Section 2-119 of this Code, except as follows: 5 1. The following amounts shall be paid into the Drivers 6 7 Education Fund: 8 (A) \$16 of the \$20 fee for an original driver's 9 instruction permit; 10 (B) \$5 of the \$30 fee for an original driver's 11 license; (C) \$5 of the \$30 fee for a 4 year renewal driver's 12 13 license; 14 (D) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a restricted driving 15 permit; and 16 (E) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a monitoring device 17 driving permit. 2. \$30 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a license 18 19 summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or suspended 20 under Section 11-501.9 shall be deposited into the Drunk 21 and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. However, for a person 22 whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in 23 this State has been suspended or revoked for a second or 24 subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501, 25 11-501.1, or 11-501.9 of this Code or Section 9-3 of the 26 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, \$190 of

-79- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

10000SB1328ham001

1 the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or suspended under 2 3 Section 11-501.9, and \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a revoked license shall be deposited into 4 5 the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily revoked 6 7 pursuant to Section 11-501.1 shall be deposited into the 8 Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund.

9 3. \$6 of the original or renewal fee for a commercial 10 driver's license and \$6 of the commercial learner's permit 11 fee when the permit is issued to any person holding a valid 12 Illinois driver's license, shall be paid into the 13 CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund.

4. \$30 of the \$70 fee for reinstatement of a license
suspended under the Family Financial Responsibility Law
shall be paid into the Family Responsibility Fund.

5. The \$5 fee for each original or renewal M or L
endorsement shall be deposited into the Cycle Rider Safety
Training Fund.

6. \$20 of any original or renewal fee for a commercial
driver's license or commercial learner's permit shall be
paid into the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund.

7. The following amounts shall be paid into the GeneralRevenue Fund:

(A) \$190 of the \$250 reinstatement fee for a
 summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 or a

1 suspension under Section 11-501.9;

2 (B) \$40 of the \$70 reinstatement fee for any other 3 suspension provided in subsection (b) of this Section; 4 and

5 (C) \$440 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a first
6 offense revocation and \$310 of the \$500 reinstatement
7 fee for a second or subsequent revocation.

8 8. Fees collected under paragraph (4) of subsection (d) 9 and subsection (h) of Section 6-205 of this Code; 10 subparagraph (C) of paragraph 3 of subsection (c) of 11 Section 6-206 of this Code; and paragraph (4) of subsection 12 (a) of Section 6-206.1 of this Code, shall be paid into the 13 funds set forth in those Sections.

(d) All of the proceeds of the additional fees imposed by
this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be
deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.

(e) The additional fees imposed by this amendatory Act of
the 96th General Assembly shall become effective 90 days after
becoming law.

(f) As used in this Section, "active-duty member of the United States Armed Forces" means a member of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois National Guard who is called to active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor. 10000SB1328ham001 -81- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 (Source: P.A. 98-176 (see Section 10 of P.A. 98-722 and Section
2 10 of P.A. 99-414 for the effective date of changes made by
3 P.A. 98-176); 98-177, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;
4 98-1172, eff. 1-12-15; 99-127, eff. 1-1-16; 99-438, eff.
5 1-1-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-933, eff. 1-27-17.)

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(625 ILCS 5/11-501.01)

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Sec. 11-501.01. Additional administrative sanctions.

8 (a) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final 9 sentencing or an order for supervision, for an offense based 10 upon an arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required 11 12 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an 13 alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 14 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of 15 appropriate. Programs conducting treatment as these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 16 17 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid 18 for by the individual required to undergo the professional 19 evaluation.

(b) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating Section 11-501, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating that Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a county State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers 10000SB1328ham001 -82- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be determined by the court.

5 (c) <u>(Blank)</u>. Every person found guilty of violating Section 6 11 501, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation 7 of that Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an 8 appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense 9 of an emergency response as provided in subsection (i) of this 10 Section.

(d) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of any person convicted under Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

The Secretary of State shall require the use of 14 (e) 15 ignition interlock devices for a period not less than 5 years 16 on all vehicles owned by a person who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense of Section 11-501 or a similar 17 18 provision of a local ordinance. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to 19 20 exceed \$30 for each month that he or she uses the device. The 21 Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures 22 for certification and use of the interlock system, the amount of the fee, and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating 23 24 to these fees. During the time period in which a person is 25 required to install an ignition interlock device under this subsection (e), that person shall only operate vehicles in 26

which ignition interlock devices have been installed, except as allowed by subdivision (c)(5) or (d)(5) of Section 6-205 of this Code.

4 (f) (Blank). In addition to any other penalties and 5 liabilities, a person who is found quilty of or pleads quilty to violating Section 11 501, including any person placed on 6 court supervision for violating Section 11 501, shall be 7 assessed \$750, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall 8 distribute the money as follows: \$350 to the law enforcement 9 10 agency that made the arrest, and \$400 shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If 11 the person has been previously convicted of violating Section 12 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine 13 shall be \$1,000, and the circuit clerk shall distribute \$200 to 14 15 the law enforcement agency that made the arrest and \$800 to the 16 State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the 17 arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be 18 shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency 19 20 under this subsection (f) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 21 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 22 combination thereof, as defined by Section 11-501 of this Code, 23 including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement 24 equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of 25 26 alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police

1 officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and 2 police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries 3 4 for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation 5 patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (f) 6 shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be 7 8 used to purchase law enforcement equipment that will assist in 9 the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout 10 the State.

11 (q) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the 12 13 Secretary of State Police under subsection (f) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund 14 15 and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement 16 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 17 combination thereof, as defined by Section 11-501 of this Code, 18 including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement 19 20 equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of 21 alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol 22 23 related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and 24 police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries 25 for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation 26 patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

10000SB1328ham001 -85- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

(h) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense 1 based upon an arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 or a 2 similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional 3 4 evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or 5 education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the 6 sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor 7 compliance with 8 any remedial education or treatment 9 recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. 10 Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 11 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, 12 however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug 13 evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's 14 15 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be 16 licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug treatment licensure standards. 17

18 (i) (Blank). In addition to any other fine or penalty 19 required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of 20 Section 11-501, Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and 21 Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety 22 Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of 23 Section 11-501, Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and 24 25 Safety Act, Section 5 16 of the Boat Registration and Safety 26 Act, or a similar provision proximately caused an incident

1 resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be 2 required to make restitution to a public agency for the costs 3 of that emergency response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public agency for each emergency response. As used 4 5 in this subsection (i), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a response by a police officer, a firefighter carried 6 on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an 7 ambulance. With respect to funds designated for the Department 8 9 of State Police, the moneys shall be remitted by the circuit 10 court clerk to the State Police within one month after receipt 11 for deposit into the State Police DUI Fund. With respect to funds designated for the Department of Natural Resources, the 12 13 Department of Natural Resources shall deposit the moneys into the Conservation Police Operations Assistance Fund. 14

15 (j) A person that is subject to a chemical test or tests of 16 blood under subsection (a) of Section 11-501.1 or subdivision (c)(2) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code, whether or not that 17 person consents to testing, shall be liable for the expense up 18 to \$500 for blood withdrawal by a physician authorized to 19 20 practice medicine, a licensed physician assistant, a licensed advanced practice nurse, a registered nurse, a trained 21 22 phlebotomist, a licensed paramedic, or a qualified person other 23 than a police officer approved by the Department of State 24 Police to withdraw blood, who responds, whether at a law 25 enforcement facility or a health care facility, to a police 26 department request for the drawing of blood based upon refusal

10000SB1328ham001 -87- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

of the person to submit to a lawfully requested breath test or probable cause exists to believe the test would disclose the ingestion, consumption, or use of drugs or intoxicating compounds if:

5 (1) the person is found guilty of violating Section 6 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 7 ordinance; or

8 (2) the person pleads guilty to or stipulates to facts 9 supporting a violation of Section 11-503 of this Code or a 10 similar provision of a local ordinance when the plea or 11 stipulation was the result of a plea agreement in which the 12 person was originally charged with violating Section 13 11-501 of this Code or a similar local ordinance.

14 (Source: P.A. 98-292, eff. 1-1-14; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 15 98-973, eff. 8-15-14; 99-289, eff. 8-6-15; 99-296, eff. 1-1-16; 16 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)

17 (625 ILCS 5/11-605) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-605)

18 Sec. 11-605. Special speed limit while passing schools.

(a) For the purpose of this Section, "school" means thefollowing entities:

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21

(1) A public or private primary or secondary school.

22 (2) A primary or secondary school operated by a23 religious institution.

24 (3) A public, private, or religious nursery school.
25 On a school day when school children are present and so

1 close thereto that a potential hazard exists because of the 2 close proximity of the motorized traffic, no person shall drive 3 a motor vehicle at a speed in excess of 20 miles per hour while 4 passing a school zone or while traveling on a roadway on public 5 school property or upon any public thoroughfare where children 6 pass going to and from school.

For the purpose of this Section a school day shall begin at
seven ante meridian and shall conclude at four post meridian.

9 This Section shall not be applicable unless appropriate 10 signs are posted upon streets and highways under their 11 respective jurisdiction and maintained by the Department, township, county, park district, city, village or incorporated 12 town wherein the school zone is located. With regard to the 13 14 special speed limit while passing schools, such signs shall 15 give proper due warning that a school zone is being approached 16 and shall indicate the school zone and the maximum speed limit 17 in effect during school days when school children are present.

18 (b) (Blank).

(c) Nothing in this Chapter shall prohibit the use of electronic speed-detecting devices within 500 feet of signs within a special school speed zone indicating such zone, as defined in this Section, nor shall evidence obtained thereby be inadmissible in any prosecution for speeding provided the use of such device shall apply only to the enforcement of the speed limit in such special school speed zone.

26 (d) (Blank).

10000SB1328ham001 -89- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

(e) Except as provided in subsection (e-5), a person who
 violates this Section is guilty of a petty offense. Violations
 of this Section are punishable with a minimum fine of \$150 for
 the first violation and a minimum fine of \$300 for the second
 or subsequent violation.

6 (e-5) A person committing a violation of this Section is 7 guilty of aggravated special speed limit while passing schools 8 when he or she drives a motor vehicle at a speed that is:

9 (1) 26 miles per hour or more but less than 35 miles 10 per hour in excess of the applicable special speed limit 11 established under this Section or a similar provision of a 12 local ordinance and is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor; or

(2) 35 miles per hour or more in excess of the
applicable special speed limit established under this
Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and is
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

17 (f) (Blank). When a fine for a violation of subsection (a) is \$150 or greater, the person who violates subsection (a) 18 shall be charged an additional \$50 to be paid to the unit 19 20 school district where the violation occurred for school safety 21 purposes. If the violation occurred in a dual school district, 22 \$25 of the surcharge shall be paid to the elementary school 23 district for school safety purposes and \$25 of the surcharge 24 shall be paid to the high school district for school safety 25 purposes. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 26 entire \$50 surcharge shall be paid to the appropriate school 10000SB1328ham001

1 district or districts.

For purposes of this subsection (f), "school safety 2 purposes" includes the costs associated with school zone safety 3 4 education, the Safe Routes to School Program under Section 5 2705 317 of the Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, safety programs within the 6 7 School Safety and Educational Improvement Block Grant Program under Section 2 3.51.5 of the School Code, and the purchase, 8 9 installation, and maintenance of caution lights which are 10 mounted on school speed zone signs.

11 (g) (Blank).

12 (h) (Blank).

13 (Source: P.A. 99-212, eff. 1-1-16.)

14 (625 ILCS 5/11-605.1)

Sec. 11-605.1. Special limit while traveling through a highway construction or maintenance speed zone.

(a) A person may not operate a motor vehicle in a
construction or maintenance speed zone at a speed in excess of
the posted speed limit when workers are present.

20 (a-5) A person may not operate a motor vehicle in a 21 construction or maintenance speed zone at a speed in excess of 22 the posted speed limit when workers are not present.

(b) Nothing in this Chapter prohibits the use of electronic speed-detecting devices within 500 feet of signs within a construction or maintenance speed zone indicating the zone, as 10000SB1328ham001 -91- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

defined in this Section, nor shall evidence obtained by use of those devices be inadmissible in any prosecution for speeding, provided the use of the device shall apply only to the enforcement of the speed limit in the construction or maintenance speed zone.

6 (c) As used in this Section, a "construction or maintenance 7 speed zone" is an area in which the Department, Toll Highway 8 Authority, or local agency has posted signage advising drivers 9 that a construction or maintenance speed zone is being 10 approached, or in which the Department, Authority, or local 11 agency has posted a lower speed limit with a highway construction or maintenance speed zone special speed limit sign 12 13 after determining that the preexisting established speed limit 14 through a highway construction or maintenance project is 15 greater than is reasonable or safe with respect to the 16 conditions expected to exist in the construction or maintenance 17 speed zone.

18 If it is determined that the preexisting established speed 19 limit is safe with respect to the conditions expected to exist 20 in the construction or maintenance speed zone, additional speed 21 limit signs which conform to the requirements of this 22 subsection (c) shall be posted.

Highway construction or maintenance speed zone special speed limit signs shall be of a design approved by the Department. The signs must give proper due warning that a construction or maintenance speed zone is being approached and 1 must indicate the maximum speed limit in effect. The signs also
2 must state the amount of the minimum fine for a violation.

3 (d) Except as provided under subsection (d-5), a person who
4 violates this Section is guilty of a petty offense. Violations
5 of this Section are punishable with a minimum fine of \$250 for
6 the first violation and a minimum fine of \$750 for the second
7 or subsequent violation.

8 (d-5) A person committing a violation of this Section is 9 guilty of aggravated special speed limit while traveling 10 through a highway construction or maintenance speed zone when 11 he or she drives a motor vehicle at a speed that is:

(1) 26 miles per hour or more but less than 35 miles per hour in excess of the applicable special speed limit established under this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor; or

16 (2) 35 miles per hour or more in excess of the
17 applicable special speed limit established under this
18 Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and is
19 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(e) (Blank). If a fine for a violation of this Section is
\$250 or greater, the person who violated this Section shall be
charged an additional \$125, which shall be deposited into the
Transportation Safety Highway Hire-back Fund in the State
treasury, unless (i) the violation occurred on a highway other
than an interstate highway and (ii) a county police officer
wrote the ticket for the violation, in which case the \$125

1 shall be deposited into that county's Transportation Safety Highway Hire-back Fund. In the case of a second or subsequent 2 violation of this Section, if the fine is \$750 or greater, the 3 4 person who violated this Section shall be charged an additional 5 \$250, which shall be deposited into the Transportation Safety Highway Hire back Fund in the State treasury, unless (i) the 6 violation occurred on a highway other than an interstate 7 highway and (ii) a county police officer wrote the ticket for 8 9 the violation, in which case the \$250 shall be deposited into 10 that county's Transportation Safety Highway Hire-back Fund.

10000SB1328ham001

11 (e-5) The Department of State Police and the local county 12 police department have concurrent jurisdiction over any 13 violation of this Section that occurs on an interstate highway.

The Transportation Safety Highway Hire-back Fund, 14 (f) 15 which was created by Public Act 92-619, shall continue to be a 16 special fund in the State treasury. Subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the Secretary, the 17 Secretary of Transportation shall use all moneys in the 18 Transportation Safety Highway Hire-back Fund to hire off-duty 19 20 Department of State Police officers to monitor construction or maintenance zones. 21

(f-5) Each county shall create a Transportation Safety Highway Hire-back Fund. The county shall use the moneys in its Transportation Safety Highway Hire-back Fund to hire off-duty county police officers to monitor construction or maintenance zones in that county on highways other than interstate 10000SB1328ham001 -94- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

highways. The county, in its discretion, may also use a portion of the moneys in its Transportation Safety Highway Hire-back Fund to purchase equipment for county law enforcement and fund the production of materials to educate drivers on construction zone safe driving habits.

(q) For a second or subsequent violation of this Section 6 within 2 years of the date of the previous violation, the 7 8 Secretary of State shall suspend the driver's license of the 9 violator for a period of 90 days. This suspension shall only be imposed if the current violation of this Section and at least 10 11 one prior violation of this Section occurred during a period when workers were present in the construction or maintenance 12 13 zone.

14 (Source: P.A. 98-337, eff. 1-1-14; 99-212, eff. 1-1-16; 99-280, 15 eff. 1-1-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)

16 (625 ILCS 5/11-605.3)

Sec. 11-605.3. Special traffic protections while passing parks and recreation facilities and areas.

19 (a) As used in this Section:

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(1) "Park district" means the following entities:

21 (A) any park district organized under the Park
 22 District Code;

(B) any park district organized under the Chicago
 Park District Act; and

25 (C) any municipality, county, forest district,

-95- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

10000SB1328ham001

school district, township, or other unit of local government that operates a public recreation department or public recreation facilities that has recreation facilities that are not on land owned by any park district listed in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision (a)(1).

7 (2) "Park zone" means the recreation facilities and 8 areas on any land owned or operated by a park district that 9 are used for recreational purposes, including but not 10 limited to: parks; playgrounds; swimming pools; hiking 11 trails; bicycle paths; picnic areas; roads and streets; and 12 parking lots.

(3) "Park zone street" means that portion of any street 13 14 or intersection under the control of a local unit of 15 government, adjacent to a park zone, where the local unit of government has, by ordinance or resolution, designated 16 17 and approved the street or intersection as a park zone street. If, before the effective date of this amendatory 18 19 Act of the 94th General Assembly, a street already had a 20 posted speed limit lower than 20 miles per hour, then the 21 lower limit may be used for that park zone street.

(4) "Safety purposes" means the costs associated with:
park zone safety education; the purchase, installation,
and maintenance of signs, roadway painting, and caution
lights mounted on park zone signs; and any other expense
associated with park zones and park zone streets.

10000SB1328ham001 -96- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 (b) On any day when children are present and within 50 feet 2 of motorized traffic, a person may not drive a motor vehicle at 3 a speed in excess of 20 miles per hour or any lower posted 4 speed while traveling on a park zone street that has been 5 designated for the posted reduced speed.

6 (c) On any day when children are present and within 50 feet 7 of motorized traffic, any driver traveling on a park zone 8 street who fails to come to a complete stop at a stop sign or 9 red light, including a driver who fails to come to a complete 10 stop at a red light before turning right onto a park zone 11 street, is in violation of this Section.

(d) This Section does not apply unless appropriate signs are posted upon park zone streets maintained by the Department or by the unit of local government in which the park zone is located. With regard to the special speed limit on park zone streets, the signs must give proper due warning that a park zone is being approached and must indicate the maximum speed limit on the park zone street.

(e) A first violation of this Section is a petty offense
with a minimum fine of \$250. A second or subsequent violation
of this Section is a petty offense with a minimum fine of \$500.

(f) (Blank). When a fine for a violation of this Section is imposed, the person who violates this Section shall be charged an additional \$50, to be paid to the park district for safety purposes.

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(g) The Department shall, within 6 months of the effective

10000SB1328ham001 -97- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, design a set of standardized traffic signs for park zones and park zone streets, including but not limited to: "park zone", "park zone speed limit", and "warning: approaching a park zone". The design of these signs shall be made available to all units of local government or manufacturers at no charge, except for reproduction and postage.

8 (Source: P.A. 94-808, eff. 5-26-06.)

9 (625 ILCS 5/11-1002.5)

Sec. 11-1002.5. Pedestrians' right-of-way at crosswalks;
school zones.

12 (a) For the purpose of this Section, "school" has the13 meaning ascribed to that term in Section 11-605.

14 On a school day when school children are present and so 15 close thereto that a potential hazard exists because of the close proximity of the motorized traffic and when traffic 16 17 control signals are not in place or not in operation, the driver of a vehicle shall stop and yield the right-of-way to a 18 19 pedestrian crossing the roadway within a crosswalk when the 20 pedestrian is upon the half of the roadway upon which the 21 vehicle is traveling, or when the pedestrian is approaching so 22 closely from the opposite half of the roadway as to be in 23 danger.

For the purpose of this Section, a school day shall begin at seven ante meridian and shall conclude at four post 1 meridian.

2 This Section shall not be applicable unless appropriate 3 signs are posted in accordance with Section 11-605.

4 (b) A first violation of this Section is a petty offense
5 with a minimum fine of \$150. A second or subsequent violation
6 of this Section is a petty offense with a minimum fine of \$300.

(c) (Blank). When a fine for a violation of subsection (a) 7 8 is \$150 or greater, the person who violates subsection (a) shall be charged an additional \$50 to be paid to the unit 9 school district where the violation occurred for school safety 10 purposes. If the violation occurred in a dual school district, 11 \$25 of the surcharge shall be paid to the elementary school 12 13 district for school safety purposes and \$25 of the surcharge shall be paid to the high school district for school safety 14 15 purposes. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 16 entire \$50 surcharge shall be paid to the appropriate school district or districts. 17

18 For purposes of this subsection (c), "school safety 19 purposes" has the meaning ascribed to that term in Section 20 11-605.

21 (Source: P.A. 95-302, eff. 1-1-08; 96-1165, eff. 7-22-10.)

22 (625 ILCS 5/15-113) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 15-113)

23 Sec. 15-113. Violations; Penalties.

(a) Whenever any vehicle is operated in violation of theprovisions of Section 15-111 or subsection (d) of Section

10000SB1328ham001 -99- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 3-401, the owner or driver of such vehicle shall be deemed 2 quilty of such violation and either the owner or the driver of 3 such vehicle may be prosecuted for such violation. Any person 4 charged with a violation of any of these provisions who pleads 5 not guilty shall be present in court for the trial on the 6 charge. Any person, firm or corporation convicted of any violation of Section 15-111 including, but not limited to, a 7 maximum axle or gross limit specified on a regulatory sign 8 9 posted in accordance with paragraph (e) or (f) of Section 10 15-111, shall be fined according to the following schedule: Up to and including 2000 pounds overweight, the fine is \$100 11 From 2001 through 2500 pounds overweight, the fine is \$270 12 13 From 2501 through 3000 pounds overweight, the fine is \$330 14 From 3001 through 3500 pounds overweight, the fine is \$520 15 From 3501 through 4000 pounds overweight, the fine is \$600 16 From 4001 through 4500 pounds overweight, the fine is \$850 17 From 4501 through 5000 pounds overweight, the fine is \$950 18 From 5001 or more pounds overweight, the fine shall be computed

10000SB1328ham001 -100- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

by assessing \$1500 for the first 5000 pounds overweight and \$150 for each additional increment of 500 pounds overweight or fraction thereof.

In addition any person, firm or corporation convicted of 4 or more violations of Section 15-111 within any 12 month period shall be fined an additional amount of \$5,000 for the fourth and each subsequent conviction within the 12 month period. Provided, however, that with regard to a firm or corporation, a fourth or subsequent conviction shall mean a fourth or subsequent conviction attributable to any one employee-driver.

(b) Whenever any vehicle is operated in violation of the 11 12 provisions of Sections 15-102, 15-103 or 15-107, the owner or 13 driver of such vehicle shall be deemed quilty of such violation 14 and either may be prosecuted for such violation. Any person, 15 firm or corporation convicted of any violation of Sections 15-102, 15-103 or 15-107 shall be fined for the first or second 16 17 conviction an amount equal to not less than \$50 nor more than \$500, and for the third and subsequent convictions by the same 18 19 person, firm or corporation within a period of one year after the date of the first offense, not less than \$500 nor more than 20 \$1,000. 21

(c) All proceeds <u>equal to 50%</u> of the additional fines
 imposed <u>under subsection (a) of this Section</u> by this amendatory
 Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be <u>remitted to the State</u>
 <u>Treasurer and</u> deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.

10000SB1328ham001 -101- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-201, 2 eff. 1-1-12.)

3 (625 ILCS 5/16-105) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 16-105) 4 Sec. 16-105. Disposition of fines and forfeitures. (a) Except as provided in Section 15-113 and Section 5 6 16 104a of this Act and except for those amounts required to be paid into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund in 7 8 the State Treasury pursuant to Section 9.1 of the Illinois 9 Police Training Act and Section 5-9-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections and except those amounts subject to disbursement by 10 the circuit clerk under the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act 11 12 Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act, fines and penalties 13 recovered under the provisions of Chapters 3 11 through 17 and 14 18b 16 inclusive of this Code shall be paid and used as follows: 15

16 1. For offenses committed upon a highway within the limits of a city, village, or incorporated town or under 17 18 the jurisdiction of any park district, to the treasurer of 19 the particular city, village, incorporated town or park 20 district, if the violator was arrested by the authorities 21 of the city, village, incorporated town or park district, 22 provided the police officers and officials of cities, 23 villages, incorporated towns and park districts shall 24 seasonably prosecute for all fines and penalties under this 25 Code. If the violation is prosecuted by the authorities of

the county, any fines or penalties recovered shall be paid 1 2 to the county treasurer, except that fines and penalties 3 recovered from violations arrested by the State Police shall be remitted to the State Police Operations Assistance 4 5 Fund. Provided further that if the violator was arrested by the State Police, fines and penalties recovered under the 6 7 provisions of paragraph (a) of Section 15-113 of this Code 8 or paragraph (e) of Section 15-316 of this Code shall be 9 paid over to the Department of State Police which shall 10 thereupon remit the amount of the fines and penalties so received to the State Treasurer who shall deposit the 11 12 amount so remitted in the special fund in the State 13 treasury known as the Road Fund except that if the 14 violation is prosecuted by the State's Attorney, 10% of the 15 fine or penalty recovered shall be paid to the State's Attorney as a fee of his office and the balance shall be 16 17 paid over to the Department of State Police for remittance to and deposit by the State Treasurer as hereinabove 18 19 provided.

20 2. Except as provided in paragraph 4, for offenses 21 committed upon any highway outside the limits of a city, 22 village, incorporated town or park district, to the county 23 treasurer of the county where the offense was committed 24 except if such offense was committed on a highway 25 maintained by or under the supervision of a township, 26 township district, or a road district to the Treasurer

10000SB1328ham001

thereof for deposit in the road and bridge fund of such 1 township or other district, except that fines and penalties 2 3 recovered from violations arrested by the State Police shall be remitted to the State Police Operations Assistance 4 5 Fund; provided; Provided, that fines and penalties recovered under the provisions of paragraph (a) of Section 6 15-113, paragraph (d) of Section 3-401, or paragraph (e) of 7 8 Section 15-316 of this Code shall be paid over to the 9 Department of State Police which shall thereupon remit the 10 amount of the fines and penalties so received to the State 11 Treasurer who shall deposit the amount so remitted in the 12 special fund in the State treasury known as the Road Fund 13 except that if the violation is prosecuted by the State's 14 Attorney, 10% of the fine or penalty recovered shall be 15 paid to the State's Attorney as a fee of his office and the 16 balance shall be paid over to the Department of State 17 Police for remittance to and deposit by the State Treasurer 18 as hereinabove provided.

19 3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2 of this 20 paragraph, for violations of overweight and overload 21 limits found in Sections 15-101 through 15-203 of this 22 Code, which are committed upon the highways belonging to 23 Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, fines and the 24 penalties shall be paid over to the Illinois State Toll 25 Highway Authority for deposit with the State Treasurer into 26 that special fund known as the Illinois State Toll Highway 10000SB1328ham001

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Authority Fund, except that if the violation is prosecuted by the State's Attorney, 10% of the fine or penalty recovered shall be paid to the State's Attorney as a fee of his office and the balance shall be paid over to the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority for remittance to and deposit by the State Treasurer as hereinabove provided.

4. With regard to violations of overweight and overload 7 8 limits found in Sections 15-101 through 15-203 of this Code 9 committed by operators of vehicles registered as Special 10 Hauling Vehicles, for offenses committed upon a highway 11 within the limits of a city, village, or incorporated town or under the jurisdiction of any park district, all fines 12 13 and penalties shall be paid over or retained as required in 14 paragraph 1. However, with regard to the above offenses 15 committed by operators of vehicles registered as Special 16 Hauling Vehicles upon any highway outside the limits of a 17 city, village, incorporated town or park district, fines 18 and penalties shall be paid over or retained by the entity 19 having jurisdiction over the road or highway upon which the 20 offense occurred, except that if the violation is 21 prosecuted by the State's Attorney, 10% of the fine or 22 penalty recovered shall be paid to the State's Attorney as a fee of his office. 23

(b) Failure, refusal or neglect on the part of any judicial
or other officer or employee receiving or having custody of any
such fine or forfeiture either before or after a deposit with

10000SB1328ham001 -105- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 the proper official as defined in paragraph (a) of this 2 Section, shall constitute misconduct in office and shall be 3 grounds for removal therefrom.

4 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 1-1-10.)

5 (625 ILCS 5/16-104a rep.)

6 (625 ILCS 5/16-104b rep.)

7 (625 ILCS 5/16-104c rep.)

8 (625 ILCS 5/16-104d rep.)

9 (625 ILCS 5/16-104d-1 rep.)

Section 905-47. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by repealing Sections 16-104a, 16-104b, 16-104c, 16-104d, and 16-104d-1.

Section 905-50. The Access to Justice Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

15 (705 ILCS 95/15)

16 Sec. 15. Access to Justice Fund.

(a) The Access to Justice Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. The Fund shall consist of fees collected under Section 27.3g of the Clerks of Courts Act. Moneys in the Access to Justice Fund shall be appropriated to the Attorney General for disbursements to the Foundation. The Foundation shall use the moneys to make grants and distributions for the administration of the pilot programs created under this Act. Grants or distributions made under this Act to the Foundation
 are subject to the requirements of the Illinois Grant Funds
 Recovery Act.

4 (b) In accordance with the requirements of the Illinois 5 Equal Justice Act, the Foundation may make grants, enter into 6 contracts, and take other actions recommended by the Council to 7 effectuate the pilot programs and comply with the other 8 requirements of this Act.

9 (c) The governing board of the Foundation must prepare and 10 submit an annual report to the Governor, the President of the 11 Senate, the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of the House of 12 13 Representatives, and the Justices of the Illinois Supreme 14 Court. The report must include: (i) a statement of the total 15 receipts and a breakdown by source during each of the previous 16 2 calendar years; (ii) a list of the names and addresses of the are currently receiving 17 recipients that grants or 18 distributions and that received grants or distributions in the 19 previous year and the amounts committed to recipients for the 20 current year and paid in the previous year; (iii) a breakdown 21 of the amounts of grants or distributions paid during the 22 previous year to recipients and the amounts committed to each 23 recipient for the current year; (iv) a breakdown of the 24 Foundation's costs in administering the Fund; (v) a statement 25 of the Fund balance at the start and at the close of the 26 previous year and the interest earned during the previous year;

and (vi) any notices the Foundation issued denying applications for grants or distributions under this Act. The report, in its entirety, is a public record, and the Foundation and the Governor shall make the report available for inspection upon request.

6 (d) The Foundation may annually retain a portion of the 7 disbursements it receives under this Section to reimburse the 8 Foundation for the actual cost of administering the Council and 9 for making the grants and distributions pursuant to this Act 10 during that year.

(e) No moneys distributed by the Foundation from the Access to Justice Fund may be directly or indirectly used for lobbying activities, as defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration Act or as defined in any ordinance or resolution of a municipality, county, or other unit of local government in Illinois.

(f) The Foundation may make, enter into, and execute contracts, agreements, leases, and other instruments with any person, including without limitation any federal, State, or local governmental agency, and may take other actions that may be necessary or convenient to accomplish any purpose authorized by this Act.

(g) The Foundation has the authority to receive and accept any and all grants, loans, subsidies, matching funds, reimbursements, federal grant moneys, fees for services, and other things of value from the federal or State government or 10000SB1328ham001 -108- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

any agency of any other state or from any institution, person,
firm, or corporation, public or private, to be used to carry
out the purposes of this Act.

4 (Source: P.A. 98-351, eff. 8-15-13; 99-281, eff. 8-5-15.)

5 Section 905-55. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by 6 changing Sections 27.2b and 27.3 and by adding Section 27.1b as 7 follows:

8 (705 ILCS 105/27.1b new)

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9 Sec. 27.1b. Circuit court clerk fees. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all fees charged by the clerks of the 10 11 circuit court for the services described in this Section shall be established, collected, and disbursed in accordance with 12 13 this Section. All fees under this Section shall be paid in 14 advance and disbursed by each clerk on a monthly basis. Unless otherwise specified in this Section, the amount of a fee shall 15 be determined by ordinance or resolution of the county board 16 17 and remitted to the county treasurer to be used for purposes 18 related to the operation of the court system in the county.

19 <u>(a) Civil cases. The fee for filing a complaint, petition,</u>
20 <u>or other pleading initiating a civil action shall be as set</u>
21 <u>forth in the applicable schedule under this subsection in</u>
22 <u>accordance with case categories established by the Supreme</u>
23 <u>Court in schedules.</u>

<u>(1) SCHEDULE 1: not to exceed a total of \$356 in a</u>

1	county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$289 in
2	any other county. The fees collected under this schedule
3	shall be disbursed as follows:
4	(A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not
5	to exceed \$53 in a county with a population of
6	3,000,000 or more and \$45 in any other county
7	determined by the clerk with the approval of the
8	Supreme Court, to be used for court automation, court
9	document storage, and administrative purposes.
10	(B) The clerk shall remit up to \$21 to the State
11	Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall deposit the
12	appropriate amounts, in accordance with the clerk's
13	instructions, as follows:
14	(i) up to \$10, as specified by the Supreme
15	Court in accordance with Part 10A of Article II of
16	the Code of Civil Procedure, into the Mandatory
17	Arbitration Fund;
18	(ii) \$2 into the Access to Justice Fund; and
19	(iii) \$9 into the Supreme Court Special
20	Purposes Fund.
21	(C) The clerk shall remit a sum to the County
22	Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$282 in a county
23	with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$223 in any
24	other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution
25	passed by the county board, for purposes related to the
26	operation of the court system in the county.

1	(2) SCHEDULE 2: not to exceed a total of \$355 in a
2	county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$189 in
3	any other county. The fees collected under this schedule
4	shall be disbursed as follows:
5	(A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not
6	to exceed \$53 in a county with a population of
7	3,000,000 or more and \$45 in any other county
8	determined by the clerk with the approval of the
9	Supreme Court, to be used for court automation, court
10	document storage, and administrative purposes.
11	(B) The clerk shall remit up to \$21 to the State
12	Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall deposit the
13	appropriate amounts, in accordance with the clerk's
14	instructions, as follows:
15	(i) up to \$10, as specified by the Supreme
16	Court in accordance with Part 10A of Article II of
17	the Code of Civil Procedure, into the Mandatory
18	Arbitration Fund;
19	(ii) \$2 into the Access to Justice Fund: and
20	(iii) \$9 into the Supreme Court Special
21	Purposes Fund.
22	(C) The clerk shall remit a sum to the County
23	Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$281 in a county
24	with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$123 in any
25	other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution
26	passed by the county board, for purposes related to the

1	operation of the court system in the county.
2	(3) SCHEDULE 3: not to exceed a total of \$260 in a
3	county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$89 in
4	any other county. The fees collected under this schedule
5	shall be disbursed as follows:
6	(A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not
7	to exceed \$50 in a county with a population of
8	3,000,000 or more and \$22 in any other county
9	determined by the clerk with the approval of the
10	Supreme Court, to be used for court automation, court
11	document storage, and administrative purposes.
12	(B) The clerk shall remit \$11 to the State
13	Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall deposit the
14	appropriate amounts in accordance with the clerk's
15	instructions, as follows:
16	(i) \$2 into the Access to Justice Fund; and
17	(ii) \$9 into the Supreme Court Special
18	Purposes Fund.
19	(C) The clerk shall remit a sum to the County
20	Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$199 in a county
21	with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$56 in any
22	other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution
23	passed by the county board, for purposes related to the
24	operation of the court system in the county.
25	(4) SCHEDULE 4: \$0.
26	(b) Appearance. The fee for filing an appearance in a civil

1	action, including a cannabis civil law action under the
2	Cannabis Control Act, shall be as set forth in the applicable
3	schedule under this subsection in accordance with case
4	categories established by the Supreme Court in schedules.
5	(1) SCHEDULE 1: not to exceed a total of \$230 in a
6	county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$149 in
7	any other county. The fees collected under this schedule
8	shall be disbursed as follows:
9	(A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not
10	to exceed \$50 in a county with a population of
11	3,000,000 or more and \$28 in any other county
12	determined by the clerk with the approval of the
13	Supreme Court, to be used for court automation, court
14	document storage, and administrative purposes.
15	(B) The clerk shall remit up to \$21 to the State
16	Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall deposit the
17	appropriate amounts, in accordance with the clerk's
18	instructions, as follows:
19	(i) up to \$10, as specified by the Supreme
20	Court in accordance with Part 10A of Article II of
21	the Code of Civil Procedure, into the Mandatory
22	Arbitration Fund;
23	(ii) \$2 into the Access to Justice Fund; and
24	(iii) \$9 into the Supreme Court Special
25	Purposes Fund.
20	

Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$159 in a county 1 2 with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$100 in any 3 other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution passed by the county board, for purposes related to the 4 operation of the court system in the county. 5 (2) SCHEDULE 2: not to exceed a total of \$130 in a 6 7 county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$49 in 8 any other county. The fees collected under this schedule 9 shall be disbursed as follows: 10 (A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not to exceed \$50 in a county with a population of 11 3,000,000 or more and \$10 in any other county 12 determined by the clerk with the approval of the 13 14 Supreme Court, to be used for court automation, court 15 document storage, and administrative purposes. (B) The clerk shall remit \$9 to the State 16 17 Treasurer, which the State Treasurer shall deposit into the Supreme Court Special Purpose Fund. 18 19 (C) The clerk shall remit a sum to the County 20 Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$71 in a county 21 with a population of 3,000,000 or more and \$30 in any 22 other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution 23 passed by the county board, for purposes related to the 24 operation of the court system in the county. 25 (3) SCHEDULE 3: \$0. 26 (b-5) Kane County and Will County. In Kane County and Will

1	County civil cases, there is an additional fee of up to \$30 as
2	set by the county board under Section 5-1101.3 of the Counties
3	Code to be paid by each party at the time of filing the first
4	pleading, paper, or other appearance; provided that no
5	additional fee shall be required if more than one party is
6	represented in a single pleading, paper, or other appearance.
7	Distribution of fees collected under this subsection (b-5)
8	shall be as provided in Section 5-1101.3 of the Counties Code.
9	(c) Counterclaim or third party complaint. When any
10	defendant files a counterclaim or third party complaint, as
11	part of the defendant's answer or otherwise, the defendant
12	shall pay a filing fee for each counterclaim or third party
13	complaint in an amount equal to the filing fee the defendant
14	would have had to pay had the defendant brought a separate
15	action for the relief sought in the counterclaim or third party
16	complaint, less the amount of the appearance fee, if any, that
17	the defendant has already paid in the action in which the
18	counterclaim or third party complaint is filed.
19	(d) Alias summons. The clerk shall collect a fee not to
20	exceed \$5 for each alias summons or citation issued by the
21	<u>clerk.</u>
22	(e) Jury services. The clerk shall collect, in addition to
23	other fees allowed by law, a sum not to exceed \$212.50, as a
24	fee for the services of a jury in every civil action not
25	quasi-criminal in its nature and not a proceeding for the
26	exercise of the right of eminent domain and in every other

10000SB1328ham001 -115- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1	action wherein the right of trial by jury is or may be given by
2	law. The jury fee shall be paid by the party demanding a jury
3	at the time of filing the jury demand. If the fee is not paid by
4	either party, no jury shall be called in the action or
5	proceeding, and the action or proceeding shall be tried by the
6	<u>court without a jury.</u>
7	(f) Change of venue. In connection with a change of venue:
8	(1) The clerk of the jurisdiction from which the case
9	is transferred may charge a fee, not to exceed \$40, for the
10	preparation and certification of the record; and
11	(2) The clerk of the jurisdiction to which the case is
12	transferred may charge the same filing fee as if it were
13	the commencement of a new suit.
14	(g) Petition to vacate or modify.
15	(1) In a proceeding involving a petition to vacate or
16	modify any final judgment or order filed within 30 days
17	after the judgment or order was entered, except for a
18	forcible entry and detainer case, small claims case,
19	petition to reopen an estate, petition to modify,
20	terminate, or enforce a judgment or order for child or
21	spousal support, or petition to modify, suspend, or
22	terminate an order for withholding, the fee shall not
23	exceed \$50.
24	(2) In a proceeding involving a petition to vacate or
25	modify any final judgment or order filed more than 30 days
26	after the judgment or order was entered, except for a

1	notition to modify torminate or enforce a judgment or
	petition to modify, terminate, or enforce a judgment or
2	order for child or spousal support, or petition to modify,
3	suspend, or terminate an order for withholding, the fee
4	shall not exceed \$75.
5	(3) In a proceeding involving a motion to vacate or
6	amend a final order, motion to vacate an ex parte judgment,
7	judgment of forfeiture, or "failure to appear" or "failure
8	to comply" notices sent to the Secretary of State, the fee
9	shall equal \$40.
10	(h) Appeals preparation. The fee for preparation of a
11	record on appeal shall be based on the number of pages, as
12	follows:
13	(1) if the record contains no more than 100 pages, the
14	fee shall not exceed \$50;
15	(2) if the record contains between 100 and 200 pages,
16	the fee shall not exceed \$100; and
17	(3) if the record contains 200 or more pages, the clerk
18	may collect an additional fee not to exceed 25 cents per
19	page.
20	(i) Remands. In any cases remanded to the circuit court
21	from the Supreme Court or the appellate court for a new trial,
22	the clerk shall reinstate the case with either its original
23	number or a new number. The clerk shall not charge any new or
24	additional fee for the reinstatement. Upon reinstatement, the
25	clerk shall advise the parties of the reinstatement. Parties
26	shall have the same right to a jury trial on remand and

1	reinstatement that they had before the appeal, and no
2	additional or new fee or charge shall be made for a jury trial
3	after remand.
4	(j) Garnishment, wage deduction, and citation. In
5	garnishment affidavit, wage deduction affidavit, and citation
6	petition proceedings:
7	(1) if the amount in controversy in the proceeding is
8	not more than \$1,000, the fee may not exceed \$15;
9	(2) if the amount in controversy in the proceeding is
10	greater than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000, the fee may
11	not exceed \$30; and
12	(3) if the amount in controversy in the proceeding is
13	greater than \$5,000, the fee may not exceed \$50.
14	(k) Collections.
15	(1) For all collections made of others, except the
16	State and county and except in maintenance or child support
17	cases, the clerk may collect a fee of up to 2.5% of the
18	amount collected and turned over.
19	(2) In child support and maintenance cases, the clerk
20	may collect an annual fee of up to \$36 from the person
21	making payment for maintaining child support records and
22	the processing of support orders to the State of Illinois
23	KIDS system and the recording of payments issued by the
24	State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the
25	Court. This fee is in addition to and separate from amounts
26	ordered to be paid as maintenance or child support and

shall be deposited into a Separate Maintenance and Child 1 Support Collection Fund, of which the clerk shall be the 2 custodian, ex officio, to be used by the clerk to maintain 3 4 child support orders and record all payments issued by the 5 State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the Court. The clerk may recover from the person making the 6 7 maintenance or child support payment any additional cost 8 incurred in the collection of this annual fee.

9 <u>(3) The clerk may collect a fee of \$5 for</u> 10 <u>certifications made to the Secretary of State as provided</u> 11 <u>in Section 7-703 of the Family Financial Responsibility Law</u> 12 <u>and these fees shall be deposited into the Separate</u> 13 <u>Maintenance and Child Support Collection Fund.</u>

14 (4) In proceedings to foreclose the lien of delinquent 15 real estate taxes State's Attorneys shall receive a fee of 10% of the total amount realized from the sale of real 16 estate sold in the proceedings. The clerk shall collect the 17 fee from the total amount realized from the sale of the 18 19 real estate sold in the proceedings and remit to the County 20 Treasurer to be credited to the earnings of the Office of 21 State's Attorney.

(1) Mailing. The fee for the clerk mailing documents shall not exceed \$10 plus the cost of postage.

24 (m) Certified copies. The fee for each certified copy of a
 25 judgment, after the first copy, shall not exceed \$10.

26 (n) Certification, authentication, and reproduction.

1	(1) The fee for each certification or authentication
2	for taking the acknowledgment of a deed or other instrument
3	in writing with the seal of office shall not exceed \$6.
4	(2) The fee for reproduction of any document contained
5	in the clerk's files shall not exceed:
6	(A) \$2 for the first page;
7	(B) 50 cents per page for the next 19 pages; and
8	(C) 25 cents per page for all additional pages.
9	(o) Record search. For each record search, within a
10	division or municipal district, the clerk may collect a search
11	fee not to exceed \$6 for each year searched.
12	(p) Hard copy. For each page of hard copy print output,
13	when case records are maintained on an automated medium, the
14	clerk may collect a fee not to exceed \$6.
14 15	<u>clerk may collect a fee not to exceed \$6.</u> (q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be
15	(q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be
15 16	(q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff and defendant index inquiry or
15 16 17	(q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff and defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person
15 16 17 18	(q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff and defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person and the records are maintained in a current automated medium,
15 16 17 18 19	(q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff and defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person and the records are maintained in a current automated medium, and when no hard copy print output is requested. The fees to be
15 16 17 18 19 20	(q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff and defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person and the records are maintained in a current automated medium, and when no hard copy print output is requested. The fees to be charged for management records, multiple case records, and
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff and defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person and the records are maintained in a current automated medium, and when no hard copy print output is requested. The fees to be charged for management records, multiple case records, and multiple journal records may be specified by the Chief Judge
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff and defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person and the records are maintained in a current automated medium, and when no hard copy print output is requested. The fees to be charged for management records, multiple case records, and multiple journal records may be specified by the Chief Judge pursuant to the guidelines for access and dissemination of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff and defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person and the records are maintained in a current automated medium, and when no hard copy print output is requested. The fees to be charged for management records, multiple case records, and multiple journal records may be specified by the Chief Judge pursuant to the guidelines for access and dissemination of information approved by the Supreme Court.

10000SB1328ham001 -120- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1	assignment, the clerk shall collect a fee not to exceed \$20.
2	For recording a deed of voluntary assignment, the clerk shall
3	collect a fee not to exceed 50 cents for each 100 words.
4	Exceptions filed to claims presented to an assignee of a debtor
5	who has made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of
6	creditors shall be considered and treated, for the purpose of
7	taxing costs therein, as actions in which the party or parties
8	filing the exceptions shall be considered as party or parties
9	plaintiff, and the claimant or claimants as party or parties
10	defendant, and those parties respectively shall pay to the
11	clerk the same fees as provided by this Section to be paid in
12	other actions.
13	(t) Expungement petition. The clerk may collect a fee not
14	to exceed \$60 for each expungement petition filed and an
15	additional fee not to exceed \$4 for each certified copy of an
16	order to expunge arrest records.
17	(u) Transcripts of judgment. For the filing of a transcript
18	of judgment, the clerk may collect the same fee as if it were
19	the commencement of a new suit.
20	(v) Probate filings.
21	(1) For each account (other than one final account)
22	filed in the estate of a decedent, or ward, the fee shall
23	not exceed \$25.
24	(2) For filing a claim in an estate when the amount
25	claimed is greater than \$150 and not more than \$500, the
26	fee shall not exceed \$25; when the amount claimed is

1	greater than \$500 and not more than \$10,000, the fee shall
2	not exceed \$40; and when the amount claimed is more than
3	\$10,000, the fee shall not exceed \$60; except the court in
4	allowing a claim may add to the amount allowed the filing
5	fee paid by the claimant.
6	(3) For filing in an estate a claim, petition, or
7	supplemental proceeding based upon an action seeking
8	equitable relief including the construction or contest of a
9	will, enforcement of a contract to make a will, and
10	proceedings involving testamentary trusts or the
11	appointment of testamentary trustees, the fee shall not
12	exceed \$60.
13	(4) There shall be no fee for filing in an estate: (i)
14	the appearance of any person for the purpose of consent; or
15	(ii) the appearance of an executor, administrator,
16	administrator to collect, guardian, guardian ad litem, or
17	special administrator.
18	(5) For each jury demand, the fee shall not exceed
19	<u>\$137.50.</u>
20	(6) For each certified copy of letters of office, of
21	court order, or other certification, the fee shall not
22	exceed \$2 per page.
23	(7) For each exemplification, the fee shall not exceed
24	\$2, plus the fee for certification.
25	(8) The executor, administrator, guardian, petitioner,
26	or other interested person or his or her attorney shall pay

1	the cost of publication by the clerk directly to the
2	newspaper.
3	(9) The person on whose behalf a charge is incurred for
4	witness, court reporter, appraiser, or other miscellaneous
5	fees shall pay the same directly to the person entitled
6	thereto.
7	(10) The executor, administrator, guardian,
8	petitioner, or other interested person or his or her
9	attorney shall pay to the clerk all postage charges
10	incurred by the clerk in mailing petitions, orders,
11	notices, or other documents pursuant to the provisions of
12	the Probate Act of 1975.
13	(w) Corrections of numbers. For correction of the case
14	number, case title, or attorney computer identification
15	number, if required by rule of court, on any document filed in
16	the clerk's office, to be charged against the party that filed
17	the document, the fee shall not exceed \$25.
18	(x) Miscellaneous.
19	(1) Interest earned on any fees collected by the clerk
20	shall be turned over to the county general fund as an
21	earning of the office.
22	(2) For any check, draft, or other bank instrument
23	returned to the clerk for non-sufficient funds, account
24	closed, or payment stopped, the clerk shall collect a fee
25	<u>of \$25.</u>
26	(y) Other fees. The clerk of the circuit court may provide

1	services in connection with the operation of the clerk's
2	office, other than those services mentioned in this Section, as
3	may be requested by the public and agreed to by the clerk and
4	approved by the Chief Judge. Any charges for additional
5	services shall be as agreed to between the clerk and the party
6	making the request and approved by the Chief Judge. Nothing in
7	this subsection shall be construed to require any clerk to
8	provide any service not otherwise required by law.
9	(z) Exceptions.
10	(1) No fee authorized by this Section shall apply to:
11	(A) police departments or other law enforcement
12	agencies. In this Section, "law enforcement agency"
13	means: an agency of the State or a unit of local
14	government which is vested by law or ordinance with the
15	duty to maintain public order and to enforce criminal
16	laws or ordinances; the Attorney General; or any
17	<u>State's Attorney;</u>
18	(B) any action instituted under subsection (b) of
19	Section 11-31-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code by a
20	private owner or tenant of real property within 1,200
21	feet of a dangerous or unsafe building seeking an order
22	compelling the owner or owners of the building to take
23	any of the actions authorized under that subsection;
24	(C) any commitment petition or petition for an
25	order authorizing the administration of psychotropic
26	medication or electroconvulsive therapy under the

1	Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code;
2	(D) a petitioner in any order of protection
3	proceeding, including, but not limited to, fees for
4	filing, modifying, withdrawing, certifying, or
5	photocopying petitions for orders of protection,
6	issuing alias summons, any related filing service, or
7	certifying, modifying, vacating, or photocopying any
8	orders of protection; or
9	(E) proceedings for the appointment of a
10	confidential intermediary under the Adoption Act.
11	(2) No fee other than the filing fee contained in the
12	applicable schedule in subsection (a) shall be charged to
13	any person in connection with an adoption proceeding.
14	(3) Upon good cause shown, the court may waive any fees
15	associated with a special needs adoption. The term "special
16	needs adoption" has the meaning provided by the Illinois
17	Department of Children and Family Services.

18 (aa) This Section is repealed on December 31, 2019.

19 (705 ILCS 105/27.2b)

Sec. 27.2b. State income tax refund intercept. The Clerk of the Circuit Court may enter into an agreement with the Illinois Department of Revenue to establish a pilot program for the purpose of collecting certain fees. The purpose shall be to intercept, in whole or in part, State income tax refunds due the persons who owe past due fees to the Clerk of the Circuit 10000SB1328ham001 -125- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Court in order to satisfy unpaid assessments under the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act fees pursuant to the fee 2 requirements of Sections 27.1a, 27.2, and 27.2a of this Act. 3 4 The agreement shall include, but may not be limited to, a 5 certification by the Clerk of the Circuit Court that the debt 6 claims forwarded to the Department of Revenue are valid and that reasonable efforts have been made to notify persons of the 7 8 delinquency of the debt. The agreement shall include provisions 9 for payment of the intercept by the Department of Revenue to 10 the Clerk of the Circuit Court and procedures for an 11 appeal/protest by the debtor when an intercept occurs. The agreement may also include provisions to allow the Department 12 13 of Revenue to recover its cost for administering the program.

14 Intercepts made pursuant to this Section shall not 15 interfere with the collection of debts related to child 16 support. During the collection of debts under this Section, 17 when there are 2 or more debt claims certified to the 18 Department at the same time, priority of collection shall be as 19 provided in Section 911.3 of the Illinois Income Tax Act. 20 (Source: P.A. 93-836, eff. 1-1-05.)

21 (705 ILCS 105/27.3) (from Ch. 25, par. 27.3)

22

Sec. 27.3. Compensation.

(a) The county board shall provide the compensation of
Clerks of the Circuit Court, and the amount necessary for clerk
hire, stationery, fuel and other expenses. Beginning December

1, 1989, the compensation per annum for Clerks of the Circuit
 Court shall be as follows:

3	In counties where the population is:	
4	Less than 14,000	at least \$13,500
5	14,001-30,000	at least \$14,500
6	30,001-60,000	at least \$15,000
7	60,001-100,000	at least \$15,000
8	100,001-200,000	at least \$16,500
9	200,001-300,000	at least \$18,000
10	300,001-3,000,000	at least \$20,000
11	Over 3,000,000	at least \$55,000

(b) In counties in which the population is 3,000,000 or
less, "base salary" is the compensation paid for each Clerk of
the Circuit Court, respectively, before July 1, 1989.

15 (c) The Clerks of the Circuit Court, in counties in which 16 the population is 3,000,000 or less, shall be compensated as 17 follows:

18 (1) Beginning December 1, 1989, base salary plus at
19 least 3% of base salary.

20 (2) Beginning December 1, 1990, base salary plus at
21 least 6% of base salary.

22 (3) Beginning December 1, 1991, base salary plus at
23 least 9% of base salary.

24 (4) Beginning December 1, 1992, base salary plus at
25 least 12% of base salary.

26 (d) In addition to the compensation provided by the county

board, each Clerk of the Circuit Court shall receive an award from the State for the additional duties imposed by Sections 5-9-1 and 5-9-1.2 of the Unified Code of Corrections, Section 10 of the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Act, Section 16-104a of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and other laws, in the following amount:

7

(1) \$3,500 per year before January 1, 1997.

8

(2) \$4,500 per year beginning January 1, 1997.

9 (3) \$5,500 per year beginning January 1, 1998.

10 (4) \$6,500 per year beginning January 1, 1999.

11 The total amount required for such awards shall be appropriated each year by the General Assembly to the Supreme Court, which 12 13 shall distribute such awards in annual lump sum payments to the Clerks of the Circuit Court in all counties. This annual award, 14 15 and any other award or stipend paid out of State funds to the 16 Clerks of the Circuit Court, shall not affect any other compensation provided by law to be paid to Clerks of the 17 Circuit Court. 18

19

(e) (Blank).

(f) No county board may reduce or otherwise impair the compensation payable from county funds to a Clerk of the Circuit Court if the reduction or impairment is the result of the Clerk of the Circuit Court receiving an award or stipend payable from State funds.

25 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13.)

(705 ILCS 105/27.2 rep.) 2 3 (705 ILCS 105/27.2a rep.) 4 (705 ILCS 105/27.3a rep.) 5 (705 ILCS 105/27.3c rep.) (705 ILCS 105/27.3e rep.) 6 (705 ILCS 105/27.3g rep.) 7 8 (705 ILCS 105/27.4 rep.) 9 (705 ILCS 105/27.5 rep.) 10 (705 ILCS 105/27.6 rep.) Section 905-57. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by 11 repealing Sections 27.1a, 27.2, 27.2a, 27.3a, 27.3c, 27.3e, 12 13 27.3g, 27.4, 27.5, and 27.6.

(705 ILCS 105/27.1a rep.)

Section 905-60. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 5-915 as follows:

16 (705 ILCS 405/5-915)

Sec. 5-915. Expungement of juvenile law enforcement and court records.

19

1

(0.05) For purposes of this Section and Section 5-622:

20 "Expunge" means to physically destroy the records and 21 to obliterate the minor's name from any official index or 22 public record, or both. Nothing in this Act shall require 23 the physical destruction of the internal office records, 24 files, or databases maintained by a State's Attorney's 1

Office or other prosecutor.

² "Law enforcement record" includes but is not limited to ³ records of arrest, station adjustments, fingerprints, ⁴ probation adjustments, the issuance of a notice to appear, ⁵ or any other records maintained by a law enforcement agency ⁶ relating to a minor suspected of committing an offense.

7 Whenever a person has been arrested, charged, or (1)8 adjudicated delinquent for an incident occurring before his or 9 her 18th birthday that if committed by an adult would be an 10 offense, the person may petition the court at any time for 11 expungement of law enforcement records and juvenile court records relating to the incident and, upon termination of all 12 13 juvenile court proceedings relating to that incident, the court 14 shall order the expungement of all records in the possession of 15 the Department of State Police, the clerk of the circuit court, 16 and law enforcement agencies relating to the incident, but only in any of the following circumstances: 17

18 (a) the minor was arrested and no petition for19 delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court;

20 (a-5) the minor was charged with an offense and the 21 petition or petitions were dismissed without a finding of 22 delinquency;

(b) the minor was charged with an offense and was found
not delinquent of that offense;

(c) the minor was placed under supervision pursuant to
 Section 5-615, and the order of supervision has since been

1

successfully terminated; or

2 (d) the minor was adjudicated for an offense which 3 would be a Class B misdemeanor, Class C misdemeanor, or a 4 petty or business offense if committed by an adult.

5 (1.5) Commencing 180 days after January 1, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act 98-637) this amendatory Act of the 6 98th General Assembly, the Department of State Police shall 7 8 automatically expunge, on or before January 1 of each year, a person's law enforcement records which are not subject to 9 10 subsection (1) relating to incidents occurring before his or 11 her 18th birthday in the Department's possession or control and which contains the final disposition which pertain to the 12 13 person when arrested as a minor if:

14 (a) the minor was arrested for an eligible offense and
15 no petition for delinquency was filed with the clerk of the
16 circuit court; and

17 (b) the person attained the age of 18 years during the18 last calendar year; and

19 (c) since the date of the minor's most recent arrest, 20 at least 6 months have elapsed without an additional 21 arrest, filing of a petition for delinquency whether 22 related or not to a previous arrest, or filing of charges 23 not initiated by arrest.

The Department of State Police shall allow a person to use the Access and Review process, established in the Department of State Police, for verifying that his or her law enforcement 1 records relating to incidents occurring before his or her 18th
2 birthday eligible under this subsection have been expunged as
3 provided in this subsection.

4 The Department of State Police shall provide by rule the 5 process for access, review, and automatic expungement.

6 (1.6) Commencing on January 1, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act 98-637) this amendatory Act of the 98th General 7 8 Assembly, a person whose law enforcement records are not 9 subject to subsection (1) or (1.5) of this Section and who has 10 attained the age of 18 years may use the Access and Review 11 process, established in the Department of State Police, for verifying his or her law enforcement records relating to 12 13 incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday in the 14 Department's possession or control which pertain to the person 15 when arrested as a minor, if the incident occurred no earlier than 30 years before January 1, 2015 (the effective date of 16 Public Act 98-637) this amendatory Act of the 98th General 17 Assembly. If the person identifies a law enforcement record of 18 an eligible offense that meets the requirements of this 19 20 subsection, paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1.5) of this Section, and all juvenile court proceedings related to the 21 22 person have been terminated, the person may file a Request for 23 Expungement of Juvenile Law Enforcement Records, in the form 24 and manner prescribed by the Department of State Police, with 25 the Department and the Department shall consider expungement of 26 the record as otherwise provided for automatic expungement

10000SB1328ham001 -132- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 under subsection (1.5) of this Section. The person shall provide notice and a copy of the Request for Expungement of 2 3 Juvenile Law Enforcement Records to the arresting agency, 4 prosecutor charged with the prosecution of the minor, or the 5 State's Attorney of the county that prosecuted the minor. The 6 Department of State Police shall provide by rule the process for access, review, and Request for Expungement of Juvenile Law 7 8 Enforcement Records.

9 (1.7) Nothing in subsections (1.5) and (1.6) of this 10 Section precludes a person from filing a petition under 11 subsection (1) for expungement of records subject to automatic 12 expungement under that subsection (1) or subsection (1.5) or 13 (1.6) of this Section.

(1.8) For the purposes of subsections (1.5) and (1.6) of 14 15 this Section, "eligible offense" means records relating to an 16 arrest or incident occurring before the person's 18th birthday that if committed by an adult is not an offense classified as a 17 Class 2 felony or higher offense, an offense under Article 11 18 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or 19 20 an offense under Section 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961. 21

(2) Any person may petition the court to expunge all law enforcement records relating to any incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday which did not result in proceedings in criminal court and all juvenile court records with respect to any adjudications except those based upon first degree murder 10000SB1328ham001 -133- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

and sex offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, if the person for whom expungement is sought has had no convictions for any crime since his or her 18th birthday and:

4

(a) has attained the age of 21 years; or

5 (b) 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile court 6 proceedings relating to him or her have been terminated or 7 his or her commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice 8 pursuant to this Act has been terminated;

9 whichever is later of (a) or (b). Nothing in this Section 5-915 10 precludes a minor from obtaining expungement under Section 11 5-622.

(2.5)If a minor is arrested and no petition for 12 13 delinquency is filed with the clerk of the circuit court as provided in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) at the time the 14 15 minor is released from custody, the youth officer, if 16 applicable, or other designated person from the arresting agency, shall notify verbally and in writing to the minor or 17 18 the minor's parents or guardians that the minor has a right to petition to have his or her arrest record expunded when all 19 20 juvenile court proceedings relating to that minor have been 21 terminated and that unless a petition to expunge is filed, the 22 minor shall have an arrest record and shall provide the minor 23 and the minor's parents or guardians with an expungement 24 information packet, including a petition to expunge juvenile 25 records obtained from the clerk of the circuit court.

26

(2.6) If a minor is charged with an offense and is found

1 not delinquent of that offense; or if a minor is placed under supervision under Section 5-615, and the order of supervision 2 is successfully terminated; or if a minor is adjudicated for an 3 4 offense that would be a Class B misdemeanor, a Class C 5 misdemeanor, or a business or petty offense if committed by an 6 adult; or if a minor has incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday that have not resulted in proceedings in criminal 7 court, or resulted in proceedings in juvenile court, and the 8 9 adjudications were not based upon first degree murder or sex 10 offenses that would be felonies if committed by an adult; then 11 at the time of sentencing or dismissal of the case, the judge shall inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to 12 13 petition for expungement as provided by law, and the clerk of 14 the circuit court shall provide an expungement information 15 packet to the delinquent minor, written in plain language, 16 including a petition for expungement, a sample of a completed instructions 17 petition, expungement that shall include information informing the minor that (i) once the case is 18 expunded, it shall be treated as if it never occurred, (ii) he 19 20 or she may apply to have petition fees waived, (iii) once he or 21 she obtains an expungement, he or she may not be required to 22 disclose that he or she had a juvenile record, and (iv) he or 23 she may file the petition on his or her own or with the 24 assistance of an attorney. The failure of the judge to inform 25 the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for 26 expungement as provided by law does not create a substantive

1 right, nor is that failure grounds for: (i) a reversal of an 2 adjudication of delinquency, (ii) a new trial; or (iii) an 3 appeal.

4 (2.7) For counties with a population over 3,000,000, the 5 clerk of the circuit court shall send a "Notification of a Possible Right to Expungement" post card to the minor at the 6 address last received by the clerk of the circuit court on the 7 8 date that the minor attains the age of 18 based on the 9 birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or her 10 quardian in cases under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of 11 subsection (1); and when the minor attains the age of 21 based on the birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or 12 13 her guardian in cases under subsection (2).

14 (2.8) The petition for expungement for subsection (1) may
15 include multiple offenses on the same petition and shall be
16 substantially in the following form:

)

19	ΤN	THE	TNTEREST	OF) NO
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10000SB1328ham001

20)

22)

23 (Name of Petitioner)

PETITION TO EXPUNGE JUVENILE RECORDS

24

21

1 (705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 1)) Now comes, petitioner, and respectfully requests 2 3 that this Honorable Court enter an order expunding all juvenile 4 law enforcement and court records of petitioner and in support 5 thereof states that: Petitioner has attained the age of, 6 his/her birth date being, or all Juvenile Court proceedings terminated as of, whichever occurred later. 7 8 Petitioner was arrested on by the Police 9 Department for the offense or offenses of, and: 10 (Check All That Apply:) () a. no petition or petitions were filed with the Clerk of 11 the Circuit Court. 12 13 () b. was charged with and was found not delinquent of 14 the offense or offenses. 15 () c. a petition or petitions were filed and the petition or 16 petitions were dismissed without a finding of delinquency on 17 () d. on placed under supervision pursuant to Section 18 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and such order of 19 20 supervision successfully terminated on () e. was adjudicated for the offense or offenses, which would 21 22 have been a Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a 23 petty offense or business offense if committed by an adult. 24 Petitioner has has not been arrested on charges in 25 this or any county other than the charges listed above. If 26 petitioner has been arrested on additional charges, please list

1 the charges below:

2 Charge(s):

3 Arresting Agency or Agencies:

4 Disposition/Result: (choose from a. through e., above):

5 WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable 6 Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all 7 records of petitioner to this incident or incidents, and (2) to 8 order the Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning 9 the petitioner regarding this incident or incidents.

10	
11	Petitioner (Signature)
12	
13	Petitioner's Street Address
14	
15	City, State, Zip Code
16	

17 Petitioner's Telephone Number

Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the statements in this petition are true and correct, or on information and belief I believe the same to be true.

1	
2	Petitioner (Signature)
3	The Petition for Expungement for subsection (2) shall be
4	substantially in the following form:
5	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
6	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
7	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
8)
9)
10)
11	(Name of Petitioner)
12	PETITION TO EXPUNGE JUVENILE RECORDS
13	(705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 2))
14	(Please prepare a separate petition for each offense)
15	Now comes, petitioner, and respectfully requests
16	that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all Juvenile
17	Law Enforcement and Court records of petitioner and in support
18	thereof states that:
19	The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement
20	occurred before the Petitioner's 18th birthday and did not
21	result in proceedings in criminal court and the Petitioner has
22	not had any convictions for any crime since his/her 18th

1 birthday; and

The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement occurred before the Petitioner's 18th birthday and the adjudication was not based upon <u>first degree</u> first-degree murder or sex offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, and the Petitioner has not had any convictions for any crime since his/her 18th birthday.

8 Petitioner was arrested on by the Police9 Department for the offense of, and:

10 (Check whichever one occurred the latest:)

() a. The Petitioner has attained the age of 21 years, his/her
 birthday being; or

13 () b. 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile court 14 proceedings relating to the Petitioner have been terminated; or 15 the Petitioner's commitment to the Department of Juvenile 16 Justice pursuant to the expungement of juvenile law enforcement and court records provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 17 has been terminated. Petitioner ... has ... has not been arrested 18 19 on charges in this or any other county other than the charge 20 listed above. If petitioner has been arrested on additional 21 charges, please list the charges below:

22 Charge(s):

23 Arresting Agency or Agencies:

24 Disposition/Result: (choose from a or b, above):

25 WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable 26 Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all 10000SB1328ham001 -140- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 records of petitioner related to this incident, and (2) to 2 order the Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning 3 the petitioner regarding this incident.

	4
Petitioner (Signature)	5
	6
Petitioner's Street Address	7
	8
City, State, Zip Code	9
	10
Petitioner's Telephone Number	11

Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the statements in this petition are true and correct, or on information and belief I believe the same to be true.

16.....17Petitioner (Signature)

18 (3) The chief judge of the circuit in which an arrest was 19 made or a charge was brought or any judge of that circuit 20 designated by the chief judge may, upon verified petition of a 21 person who is the subject of an arrest or a juvenile court 22 proceeding under subsection (1) or (2) of this Section, order 10000SB1328ham001 -141- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 the law enforcement records or official court file, or both, to 2 be expunded from the official records of the arresting authority, the clerk of the circuit court and the Department of 3 4 State Police. The person whose records are to be expunded shall 5 petition the court using the appropriate form containing his or 6 her current address and shall promptly notify the clerk of the circuit court of any change of address. Notice of the petition 7 8 shall be served upon the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, the Department of 9 10 State Police, and the arresting agency or agencies by the clerk 11 of the circuit court. If an objection is filed within 45 days of the notice of the petition, the clerk of the circuit court 12 13 shall set a date for hearing after the 45-day 45 day objection 14 period. At the hearing the court shall hear evidence on whether 15 the expungement should or should not be granted. Unless the 16 State's Attorney or prosecutor, the Department of State Police, or an arresting agency objects to the expungement within 45 17 18 days of the notice, the court may enter an order granting expungement. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the 19 20 order to the Department of State Police and deliver a certified 21 copy of the order to the arresting agency.

(3.1) The Notice of Expungement shall be in substantiallythe following form:

24IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS25.... JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

1	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
2)
3)
4	
5	(Name of Petitioner)
6	NOTICE
7	TO: State's Attorney
8	TO: Arresting Agency
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	TO: Illinois State Police
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	ATTENTION: Expungement
21	You are hereby notified that on, at, in courtroom
22	, located at, before the Honorable, Judge, or any
23	judge sitting in his/her stead, I shall then and there present
24	a Petition to Expunge Juvenile records in the above-entitled
25	matter, at which time and place you may appear.

1	
2	Petitioner's Signature
3	
4	Petitioner's Street Address
5	
6	City, State, Zip Code
7	
8	Petitioner's Telephone Number
9	PROOF OF SERVICE
10	On the day of, 20, I on oath state that I
11	served this notice and true and correct copies of the
12	above-checked documents by:
13	(Check One:)
14	delivering copies personally to each entity to whom they are
15	directed;
16	or
17	by mailing copies to each entity to whom they are directed by
18	depositing the same in the U.S. Mail, proper postage fully
19	prepaid, before the hour of 5:00 p.m., at the United States
20	Postal Depository located at
21	
22	
23	Signature
24	Clerk of the Circuit Court or Deputy Clerk
25	Printed Name of Delinquent Minor/Petitioner:
26	Address:

1 Telephone Number: 2 (3.2) The Order of Expungement shall be in substantially 3 the following form: 4 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS 5 JUDICIAL CIRCUIT 6 IN THE INTEREST OF) NO. 7) 8) 9 10 (Name of Petitioner) 11 DOB 12 Arresting Agency/Agencies 13 ORDER OF EXPUNGEMENT 14 (705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 3)) 15 This matter having been heard on the petitioner's motion and 16 the court being fully advised in the premises does find that the petitioner is indigent or has presented reasonable cause to 17 18 waive all costs in this matter, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that: 19 () 1. Clerk of Court and Department of State Police costs 20 are hereby waived in this matter. () 2. The Illinois State Police Bureau of Identification 21 22 and the following law enforcement agencies expunge all records 23 of petitioner relating to an arrest dated for the offense of 24

1	Law Enforcement Agencies:
2	
3	
4	() 3. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of the Circuit
5	Court expunge all records regarding the above-captioned case.
6	ENTER:
7	
8	JUDGE
9	DATED:
10	Name:
11	Attorney for:
12	Address: City/State/Zip:
13	Attorney Number:
14	(3.3) The Notice of Objection shall be in substantially the
15	following form:
16	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
17	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
18	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
19)
20)
21)
22	(Name of Petitioner)
23	NOTICE OF OBJECTION
24	TO:(Attorney, Public Defender, Minor)

1	
2	
3	TO:(Illinois State Police)
4	
5	
6	TO:(Clerk of the Court)
7	
8	
9	TO:(Judge)
10	
11	
12	TO:(Arresting Agency/Agencies)
13	
14	
15	ATTENTION: You are hereby notified that an objection has been
16	filed by the following entity regarding the above-named minor's
17	petition for expungement of juvenile records:
18	() State's Attorney's Office;
19	() Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
20	with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunged;
21	() Department of Illinois State Police; or
22	() Arresting Agency or Agencies.
23	The agency checked above respectfully requests that this case
24	be continued and set for hearing on whether the expungement
25	should or should not be granted.
26	DATED:

- 1 Name:
- 2 Attorney For:
- 3 Address:
- 4 City/State/Zip:
- 5 Telephone:
- 6 Attorney No.:

FOR USE BY CLERK OF THE COURT PERSONNEL ONLY This matter has been set for hearing on the foregoing objection, on in room, located at, before the Honorable, Judge, or any judge sitting in his/her stead. (Only one hearing shall be set, regardless of the number of Notices of Objection received on the same case).

A copy of this completed Notice of Objection containing the court date, time, and location, has been sent via regular U.S. Mail to the following entities. (If more than one Notice of Objection is received on the same case, each one must be completed with the court date, time and location and mailed to the following entities):

- 19 () Attorney, Public Defender or Minor;
- 20 () State's Attorney's Office;

() Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunded;

- 23 () Department of Illinois State Police; and
- 24 () Arresting agency or agencies.

25 Date:

26 Initials of Clerk completing this section:

1 (4) Upon entry of an order expunging records or files, the 2 offense, which the records or files concern shall be treated as 3 if it never occurred. Law enforcement officers and other public 4 offices and agencies shall properly reply on inquiry that no 5 record or file exists with respect to the person.

6 (5) Records which have not been expunged are sealed, and 7 may be obtained only under the provisions of Sections 5-901, 8 5-905, and 5-915.

9 (6) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit 10 the maintenance of information relating to an offense after 11 records or files concerning the offense have been expunged if 12 the information is kept in a manner that does not enable 13 identification of the offender. This information may only be 14 used for statistical and bona fide research purposes.

15 (6.5) The Department of State Police or any employee of the 16 Department shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for failure to expunge any records of arrest that are subject to 17 expungement under subsection (1.5) or (1.6) of this Section 18 because of inability to verify a record. Nothing in subsection 19 20 (1.5) or (1.6) of this Section shall create Department of State 21 Police liability or responsibility for the expungement of law 22 enforcement records it does not possess.

(7) (a) The State Appellate Defender shall establish, maintain, and carry out, by December 31, 2004, a juvenile expungement program to provide information and assistance to minors eligible to have their juvenile records expunged. 10000SB1328ham001 -149- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 (b) The State Appellate Defender shall develop brochures, pamphlets, and other materials in printed form and through the 2 agency's World Wide Web site. The pamphlets and other materials 3 4 shall include at a minimum the following information: 5 (i) An explanation of the State's juvenile expungement 6 process; 7 (ii) The circumstances under which iuvenile 8 expungement may occur; 9 (iii) The juvenile offenses that may be expunded; 10 (iv) The steps necessary to initiate and complete the 11 juvenile expungement process; and (v) Directions on how to contact the State Appellate 12 13 Defender. 14 (C) The State Appellate Defender shall establish and 15 maintain a statewide toll-free telephone number that a person 16 may use to receive information or assistance concerning the expungement of juvenile records. The State Appellate Defender 17 18 shall advertise the toll-free telephone number statewide. The 19 State Appellate Defender shall develop an expungement 20 information packet that may be sent to eligible persons seeking 21 expungement of their juvenile records, which may include, but 22 is not limited to, a pre-printed expungement petition with 23 instructions on how to complete the petition and a pamphlet 24 containing information that would assist individuals through 25 the juvenile expungement process.

26

(d) The State Appellate Defender shall compile a statewide

list of volunteer attorneys willing to assist eligible
 individuals through the juvenile expungement process.

3 (e) This Section shall be implemented from funds 4 appropriated by the General Assembly to the State Appellate 5 Defender for this purpose. The State Appellate Defender shall 6 employ the necessary staff and adopt the necessary rules for 7 implementation of this Section.

8 (8) (a) Except with respect to law enforcement agencies, the 9 Department of Corrections, State's Attorneys, or other 10 prosecutors, an expunded juvenile record may not be considered 11 by any private or public entity in employment matters, certification, licensing, revocation of certification or 12 13 licensure, or registration. Applications for employment must contain specific language that states that the applicant is not 14 15 obligated to disclose expunged juvenile records of conviction 16 or arrest. Employers may not ask if an applicant has had a juvenile record expunged. Effective January 1, 2005, the 17 Department of Labor shall develop a link on the Department's 18 website to inform employers that employers may not ask if an 19 20 applicant had a juvenile record expunged and that application 21 for employment must contain specific language that states that 22 the applicant is not obligated to disclose expunged juvenile records of arrest or conviction. 23

(b) A person whose juvenile records have been expunded is
not entitled to remission of any fines, costs, or other money
paid as a consequence of expundement. <u>Public Act 93-912</u> This

1 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly does not affect the 2 right of the victim of a crime to prosecute or defend a civil 3 action for damages.

4 (c) The expungement of juvenile records under Section 5-622
5 shall be funded by the additional fine imposed under Section
6 5 9 1.17 of the Unified Code of Corrections and additional
7 appropriations made by the General Assembly for such purpose.

8 (9) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 98-61 9 apply to law enforcement records of a minor who has been 10 arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2014 (the 11 effective date of Public Act 98-61).

(10) The changes made in subsection (1.5) of this Section 12 13 by Public Act 98-637 this amendatory Act of the 98th General 14 Assembly apply to law enforcement records of a minor who has 15 been arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 16 2015. The changes made in subsection (1.6) of this Section by Public Act 98-637 this amendatory Act of the 98th General 17 Assembly apply to law enforcement records of a minor who has 18 been arrested or taken into custody before January 1, 2015. 19 20 (Source: P.A. 98-61, eff. 1-1-14; 98-637, eff. 1-1-15; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-835, eff. 1-1-17; 99-881, eff. 1-1-17; revised 21 9 - 2 - 16.22

23 Section 905-65. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by 24 changing Section 12-3.4 as follows:

10000SB1328ham001 -152- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 (720 ILCS 5/12-3.4) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-30) Sec. 12-3.4. Violation of an order of protection. 2 3 (a) A person commits violation of an order of protection 4 if: 5 (1) He or she knowingly commits an act which was prohibited by a court or fails to commit an act which was 6 7 ordered by a court in violation of: 8 (i) a remedy in a valid order of protection 9 authorized under paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (14), or 10 (14.5) of subsection (b) of Section 214 of the Illinois 11 Domestic Violence Act of 1986, (ii) a remedy, which is substantially similar to 12 13 the remedies authorized under paragraphs (1), (2), 14 (3), (14) or (14.5) of subsection (b) of Section 214 of 15 the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, in a valid order of protection, which is authorized under the laws 16 17 of another state, tribe or United States territory,

18 (iii) any other remedy when the act constitutes a 19 crime against the protected parties as the term 20 protected parties is defined in Section 112A-4 of the 21 Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963; and

(2) Such violation occurs after the offender has been
served notice of the contents of the order, pursuant to the
Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or any substantially
similar statute of another state, tribe or United States
territory, or otherwise has acquired actual knowledge of

1

the contents of the order.

An order of protection issued by a state, tribal or 2 3 territorial court related to domestic or family violence shall 4 be deemed valid if the issuing court had jurisdiction over the 5 parties and matter under the law of the state, tribe or territory. There shall be a presumption of validity where an 6 order is certified and appears authentic on its face. For 7 purposes of this Section, an "order of protection" may have 8 9 been issued in a criminal or civil proceeding.

10 (a-5) Failure to provide reasonable notice and opportunity 11 to be heard shall be an affirmative defense to any charge or 12 process filed seeking enforcement of a foreign order of 13 protection.

(b) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to diminish
the inherent authority of the courts to enforce their lawful
orders through civil or criminal contempt proceedings.

(c) The limitations placed on law enforcement liability by Section 305 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 apply to actions taken under this Section.

(d) Violation of an order of protection is a Class A misdemeanor. Violation of an order of protection is a Class 4 felony if the defendant has any prior conviction under this Code for domestic battery (Section 12-3.2) or violation of an order of protection (Section 12-3.4 or 12-30) or any prior conviction under the law of another jurisdiction for an offense that could be charged in this State as a domestic battery or 10000SB1328ham001 -154- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 violation of an order of protection. Violation of an order of 2 protection is a Class 4 felony if the defendant has any prior conviction under this Code for first degree murder (Section 3 4 9-1), attempt to commit first degree murder (Section 8-4), 5 aggravated domestic battery (Section 12-3.3), aggravated 6 battery (Section 12-3.05 or 12-4), heinous battery (Section 7 12-4.1), aggravated battery with a firearm (Section 12-4.2), 8 aggravated battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped 9 with a silencer (Section 12-4.2-5), appravated battery of a 10 child (Section 12-4.3), aggravated battery of an unborn child 11 (subsection (a-5) of Section 12-3.1, or Section 12-4.4), aggravated battery of a senior citizen (Section 12-4.6), 12 13 stalking (Section 12-7.3), aggravated stalking (Section 12-7.4), criminal sexual assault (Section 11-1.20 or 12-13), 14 15 aggravated criminal sexual assault (Section 11-1.30 or 12-14), 16 kidnapping (Section 10-1), aggravated kidnapping (Section 10-2), predatory criminal sexual assault of a child (Section 17 11-1.40 or 12-14.1), aggravated criminal sexual abuse (Section 18 11-1.60 or 12-16), unlawful restraint 19 (Section 10-3), 20 aggravated unlawful restraint (Section 10-3.1), aggravated arson (Section 20-1.1), aggravated discharge of a firearm 21 (Section 24-1.2), or a violation of any former law of this 22 23 State that is substantially similar to any listed offense, or 24 any prior conviction under the law of another jurisdiction for 25 an offense that could be charged in this State as one of the offenses listed in this Section, when any of these offenses 26

10000SB1328ham001 -155- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 have been committed against a family or household member as defined in Section 112A-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 2 1963. The court shall impose a minimum penalty of 24 hours 3 4 imprisonment for defendant's second or subsequent violation of 5 any order of protection; unless the court explicitly finds that 6 an increased penalty or such period of imprisonment would be manifestly unjust. In addition to any other penalties, the 7 court may order the defendant to pay a fine as authorized under 8 9 Section 5-9-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections or to make 10 restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6 of the Unified 11 Code of Corrections. In addition to any other penalties, including those imposed by Section 5-9-1.5 of the Unified Code 12 13 of Corrections, the court shall impose an additional fine of \$20 as authorized by Section 5 9 1.11 of the Unified Code of 14 15 Corrections upon any person convicted of or placed supervision for a violation of this Section. The additional 16 17 fine shall be imposed for each violation of this Section.

18 (e) (Blank).

(f) A defendant who directed the actions of a third party to violate this Section, under the principles of accountability set forth in Article 5 of this Code, is guilty of violating this Section as if the same had been personally done by the defendant, without regard to the mental state of the third party acting at the direction of the defendant.

25 (Source: P.A. 96-1551, Article 1, Section 5, eff. 7-1-11;
26 96-1551, Article 2, Section 1035, eff. 7-1-11; incorporates

10000SB1328ham001 -156- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a 97-311, eff. 8-11-11; 97-919, eff. 8-10-12; 97-1109, eff. 1 2 1 - 1 - 13.3 (720 ILCS 550/10.3 rep.) 4 Section 905-67. The Cannabis Control Act is amended by 5 repealing Section 10.3. Section 905-70. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is 6 7 amended by changing Section 411.2 as follows: (720 ILCS 570/411.2) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1411.2) 8 Sec. 411.2. Drug Treatment Fund; drug treatment grants. 9 (a) (Blank). Every person convicted of a violation of this 10 11 Act, and every person placed on probation, conditional 12 discharge, supervision or probation under Section 410 of this 13 Act, shall be assessed for each offense a sum fixed at: 14 (1) \$3,000 for a Class X felony; (2) \$2,000 for a Class 1 felony; 15 (3) \$1,000 for a Class 2 felony; 16 17 (4) \$500 for a Class 3 or Class 4 felony; (5) \$300 for a Class A misdemeanor; 18 (6) \$200 for a Class B or Class C misdemeanor. 19 20 (b) (Blank). The assessment under this Section is in addition to and not in lieu of any fines, restitution costs, 21 22 forfeitures or other assessments authorized or required by law. 23 (c) (Blank). As a condition of the assessment, the court

may require that payment be made in specified installments or 1 within a specified period of time. If the assessment is not 2 paid within the period of probation, conditional discharge or 3 4 supervision to which the defendant was originally sentenced, 5 the court may extend the period of probation, conditional discharge or supervision pursuant to Section 5 6 2 or 5 6 3.1 6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, as applicable, until the 7 assessment is paid or until successful completion of public or 8 9 community service set forth in subsection (c) or the successful 10 completion of the substance abuse intervention or treatment program set forth in subsection (f). If a term of probation, 11 conditional discharge or supervision is not imposed, the 12 13 assessment shall be payable upon judgment or as directed by the 14 court.

10000SB1328ham001

15 (d) <u>(Blank).</u> If an assessment for a violation of this Act is imposed on an organization, it is the duty of each individual authorized to make disbursements of the assets of the organization to pay the assessment from assets of the organization.

(e) (Blank). A defendant who has been ordered to pay an
assessment may petition the court to convert all or part of the
assessment into court-approved public or community service.
One hour of public or community service shall be equivalent to
\$4 of assessment. The performance of this public or community
service shall be a condition of the probation, conditional
discharge or supervision and shall be in addition to the

performance of any other period of public or community service
 ordered by the court or required by law.

(f) (Blank). The court may suspend the collection of the 3 4 assessment imposed under this Section; provided the defendant 5 agrees to enter a substance abuse intervention or treatment program approved by the court; and further provided that the 6 defendant agrees to pay for all or some portion of the costs 7 associated with the intervention or treatment program. In this 8 case, the collection of the assessment imposed under this 9 Section shall be suspended during the defendant's 10 participation in the approved intervention or treatment 11 program. Upon successful completion of the program, the 12 13 defendant may apply to the court to reduce the assessment imposed under this Section by any amount actually paid by the 14 15 defendant for his or her participation in the program. The 16 court shall not reduce the penalty under this subsection unless the defendant establishes to the satisfaction of the court that 17 he or she has successfully completed the intervention or 18 treatment program. If the defendant's participation is for any 19 20 reason terminated before his or her successful completion of 21 the intervention or treatment program, collection of the entire assessment imposed under this Section shall be enforced. 22 Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to affect or suspend 23 any other fines, restitution costs, forfeitures or assessments 24 25 imposed under this or any other Act.

26

(g) <u>(Blank).</u> The court shall not impose more than one

1 assessment per complaint, indictment or information. If the 2 person is convicted of more than one offense in a complaint, 3 indictment or information, the assessment shall be based on the 4 highest class offense for which the person is convicted.

5 (h) The In counties under 3,000,000, all moneys collected under this Section shall be forwarded by the clerk of the 6 7 circuit court to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Drug 8 Treatment Fund, which is hereby established as a special fund 9 within the State Treasury. The Department of Human Services may 10 make grants to persons licensed under Section 15-10 of the 11 Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act or to municipalities or counties from funds appropriated to the 12 13 Department from the Drug Treatment Fund for the treatment of pregnant women who are addicted to alcohol, cannabis or 14 15 controlled substances and for the needed care of minor, 16 unemancipated children of women undergoing residential drug treatment. If the Department of Human Services grants funds to 17 18 a municipality or a county that the Department determines is not experiencing a problem with pregnant women addicted to 19 20 alcohol, cannabis or controlled substances, or with care for 21 minor, unemancipated children of women undergoing residential drug treatment, or intervention, the funds shall be used for 22 23 the treatment of any person addicted to alcohol, cannabis or 24 controlled substances. The Department may adopt such rules as 25 it deems appropriate for the administration of such grants.

26

(i) <u>(Blank).</u> In counties over 3,000,000, all moneys

collected under this Section shall be forwarded to the County 1 Treasurer for deposit into the County Health Fund. The County 2 Treasurer shall, no later than the 15th day of each month, 3 4 forward to the State Treasurer 30 percent of all moneys 5 collected under this Act and received into the County Health Fund since the prior remittance to the State Treasurer. Funds 6 retained by the County shall be used for community based 7 treatment of pregnant women who are addicted to alcohol, 8 cannabis, or controlled substances or for the needed care of 9 10 minor, unemancipated children of these women. Funds forwarded to the State Treasurer shall be deposited into the State Drug 11 Treatment Fund maintained by the State Treasurer from which the 12 13 Department of Human Services may make grants to persons licensed under Section 15 10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug 14 15 Abuse and Dependency Act or to municipalities or counties from funds appropriated to the Department from the Drug Treatment 16 Fund, provided that the moneys collected from each county be 17 returned proportionately to the counties through grants to 18 licensees located within the county from which the assessment 19 20 was received and moneys in the State Drug Treatment Fund shall not supplant other local, State or federal funds. If the 21 22 Department of Human Services grants funds to a municipality or 23 county that the Department determines is not experiencing a 24 problem with pregnant women addicted to alcohol, cannabis or 25 controlled substances, or with care for minor, unemancipated 26 children or women undergoing residential drug treatment, the

10000SB1328ham001 -161- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1	funds shall be used for the treatment of any person addicted to
2	alcohol, cannabis or controlled substances. The Department may
3	adopt such rules as it deems appropriate for the administration
4	of such grants.
5	(Source: P.A. 97-334, eff. 1-1-12.)
6	(720 ILCS 570/411.4 rep.)
7	Section 905-73. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
8	amended by repealing Section 411.4.
9	Section 905-75. The Methamphetamine Control and Community
10	Protection Act is amended by changing Sections 80 and 90 as
11	follows:
12	(720 ILCS 646/80)
13	Sec. 80. Drug treatment grants Assessment.
14	(a) <u>(Blank).</u> Every person convicted of a violation of this
15	Act, and every person placed on probation, conditional
16	discharge, supervision, or probation under this Act, shall be
17	assessed for each offense a sum fixed at:
18	(1) \$3,000 for a Class X felony;
19	(2) \$2,000 for a Class 1 felony;
20	(3) \$1,000 for a Class 2 felony;
21	(4) \$500 for a Class 3 or Class 4 felony.
22	(b) <u>(Blank).</u> The assessment under this Section is in
23	addition to and not in lieu of any fines, restitution, costs,

1 forfeitures, or other assessments authorized or required by
2 law.

(c) (Blank). As a condition of the assessment, the court 3 4 may require that payment be made in specified installments or 5 within a specified period of time. If the assessment is not paid within the period of probation, conditional discharge, or 6 supervision to which the defendant was originally sentenced, 7 the court may extend the period of probation, conditional 8 discharge, or supervision pursuant to Section 5-6-2 or 5-6-3.1 9 10 of the Unified Code of Corrections, as applicable, until the assessment is paid or until successful completion of public or 11 community service set forth in subsection (c) or the successful 12 13 completion of the substance abuse intervention or treatment program set forth in subsection (f). If a term of probation, 14 15 conditional discharge, or supervision is not imposed, the assessment shall be payable upon judgment or as directed by the 16 17 court.

18 (d) <u>(Blank).</u> If an assessment for a violation of this Act 19 is imposed on an organization, it is the duty of each 20 individual authorized to make disbursements of the assets of 21 the organization to pay the assessment from assets of the 22 organization.

(e) (Blank). A defendant who has been ordered to pay an
assessment may petition the court to convert all or part of the
assessment into court approved public or community service.
One hour of public or community service shall be equivalent to

1 \$4 of assessment. The performance of this public or community 2 service shall be a condition of the probation, conditional 3 discharge, or supervision and shall be in addition to the 4 performance of any other period of public or community service 5 ordered by the court or required by law.

10000SB1328ham001

6 (f) (Blank). The court may suspend the collection of the assessment imposed under this Section if the defendant agrees 7 to enter a substance abuse intervention or treatment program 8 approved by the court and the defendant agrees to pay for all 9 10 or some portion of the costs associated with the intervention or treatment program. In this case, the collection of the 11 assessment imposed under this Section shall be suspended during 12 13 the defendant's participation in the approved intervention or treatment program. Upon successful completion of the program, 14 15 the defendant may apply to the court to reduce the assessment 16 imposed under this Section by any amount actually paid by the defendant for his or her participation in the program. The 17 court shall not reduce the penalty under this subsection unless 18 the defendant establishes to the satisfaction of the court that 19 20 he or she has successfully completed the intervention or 21 treatment program. If the defendant's participation is for any 22 reason terminated before his or her successful completion of the intervention or treatment program, collection of the entire 23 assessment imposed under this Section shall be enforced. 24 25 Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to affect or suspend any other fines, restitution costs, forfeitures, or 26

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assessments imposed under this or any other Act.

2 (g) <u>(Blank)</u>. The court shall not impose more than one 3 assessment per complaint, indictment, or information. If the 4 person is convicted of more than one offense in a complaint, 5 indictment, or information, the assessment shall be based on 6 the highest class offense for which the person is convicted.

(h) In counties with a population under 3,000,000, all 7 moneys collected under this Section shall be forwarded by the 8 9 clerk of the circuit court to the State Treasurer for deposit 10 in the Drug Treatment Fund. The Department of Human Services 11 may make grants to persons licensed under Section 15-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act or to 12 municipalities or counties from funds appropriated to the 13 Department from the Drug Treatment Fund for the treatment of 14 15 preqnant women who are addicted to alcohol, cannabis or 16 controlled substances and for the needed care of minor, unemancipated children of women undergoing residential drug 17 18 treatment. If the Department of Human Services grants funds to a municipality or a county that the Department determines is 19 20 not experiencing a problem with pregnant women addicted to alcohol, cannabis or controlled substances, or with care for 21 22 minor, unemancipated children of women undergoing residential 23 drug treatment, or intervention, the funds shall be used for 24 the treatment of any person addicted to alcohol, cannabis, or 25 controlled substances. The Department may adopt such rules as 26 it deems appropriate for the administration of such grants.

1 (i) (Blank). In counties with a population of 3,000,000 or more, all moneys collected under this Section shall be 2 forwarded to the County Treasurer for deposit into the County 3 4 Health Fund. The County Treasurer shall, no later than the 15th 5 day of each month, forward to the State Treasurer 30 percent of 6 all moneys collected under this Act and received into the County Health Fund since the prior remittance to the State 7 Treasurer. Funds retained by the County shall be used for 8 9 community-based treatment of pregnant women who are addicted to 10 alcohol, cannabis, or controlled substances or for the needed care of minor, unemancipated children of these women. Funds 11 forwarded to the State Treasurer shall be deposited into the 12 13 State Drug Treatment Fund maintained by the State Treasurer from which the Department of Human Services may make grants to 14 persons licensed under Section 15 10 of the Alcoholism and 15 16 Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act or to municipalities or counties from funds appropriated to the Department from the 17 Drug Treatment Fund, provided that the moneys collected from 18 each county be returned proportionately to the counties through 19 20 grants to licensees located within the county from which the 21 assessment was received and moneys in the State Drug Treatment Fund shall not supplant other local, State or federal funds. If 22 23 the Department of Human Services grants funds to a municipality 24 or county that the Department determines is not experiencing a 25 problem with pregnant women addicted to alcohol, cannabis 26 controlled substances, or with care for minor, unemancipated

1	children or women undergoing residential drug treatment, the
2	funds shall be used for the treatment of any person addicted to
3	alcohol, cannabis or controlled substances. The Department may
4	adopt such rules as it deems appropriate for the administration
5	of such grants.
6	(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
7	(720 ILCS 646/90)
8	Sec. 90. Methamphetamine restitution.
9	(a) If a person commits a violation of this Act in a manner
10	that requires an emergency response, the person shall be
11	required to make restitution to all public entities involved in
12	the emergency response, to cover the reasonable cost of their
13	participation in the emergency response, including but not
14	limited to regular and overtime costs incurred by local law
15	enforcement agencies and private contractors paid by the public
16	agencies in securing the site. The convicted person shall make
17	this restitution in addition to any other fine or penalty
18	required by law.

(b) Any restitution payments made under this Section shall be disbursed equitably by the circuit clerk in the following order:

(1) first, to the agency responsible for the mitigationof the incident;

24 (2) second, to the local agencies involved in the
 25 emergency response;

(3) third, to the State agencies involved in the emergency response; and

2 3

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(4) fourth, to the federal agencies involved in the emergency response.

5 (c) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is convicted of violating any Section of this Act, 6 whose violation proximately caused any incident resulting in an 7 appropriate emergency response, shall be assessed a fine of 8 9 \$2,500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the 10 money to the law enforcement agency responsible for the 11 mitigation of the incident. If the person has been previously convicted of violating any Section of this Act, the fine shall 12 13 be \$5,000 and the circuit clerk shall distribute the money to 14 the law enforcement agency responsible for the mitigation of 15 the incident. In the event that more than one agency is 16 responsible for an arrest which does not require mitigation, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared 17 18 equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this Section shall be used for law enforcement expenses. 19

20 Any moneys collected for the Illinois State Police shall be 21 <u>remitted to the State Treasurer and</u> deposited into the <u>State</u> 22 <u>Police Operations Assistance Fund</u> Traffic and Criminal 23 Conviction Surcharge Fund.

24 (Source: P.A. 97-434, eff. 1-1-12.)

25

Section 905-80. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is

1 amended by adding Section 124A-20 as follows:

2	(725 ILCS 5/124A-20 new)
3	Sec. 124A-20. Assessment waiver.
4	(a) As used in this Section:
5	"Assessments" means any costs imposed on a criminal
6	defendant under Article II of the Criminal and Traffic
7	Assessment Act, but does not include traffic violation
8	assessments.
9	"Indigent person" means any person who meets one or
10	more of the following criteria:
11	(1) He or she is receiving assistance under one or
12	more of the following means-based governmental public
13	benefits programs: Supplemental Security Income; Aid
14	to the Aged, Blind and Disabled; Temporary Assistance
15	for Needy Families; Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
16	<pre>Program; General Assistance; Transitional Assistance;</pre>
17	or State Children and Family Assistance.
18	(2) His or her available personal income is 200% or
19	less of the current poverty level, unless the
20	applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or
21	10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are of
22	a nature and value that the court determines that the
23	applicant is able to pay the assessments.
24	(3) He or she is, in the discretion of the court,
25	unable to proceed in an action with payment of

1	assessments and whose payment of those assessments
2	would result in substantial hardship to the person or
3	his or her family.
4	"Poverty level" means the current poverty level as
5	established by the United States Department of Health and
6	Human Services.
7	(b) Upon the application of any defendant, after the
8	commencement of an action, but no later than 30 days after
9	sentencing:
10	(1) If the court finds that the applicant is an
11	indigent person, the court shall grant the applicant a full
12	assessment waiver exempting him or her from the payment of
13	any assessments.
14	(2) The court shall grant the applicant a partial
15	assessment as follows:
16	(A) 75% of all assessments shall be waived if the
17	applicant's available income is greater than 200% but
18	no more than 250% of the poverty level, unless the
19	applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or
20	10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are
21	such that the applicant is able, without undue
22	hardship, to pay the total assessments.
23	(B) 50% of all assessments shall be waived if the
24	applicant's available income is greater than 250% but
25	no more than 300% of the poverty level, unless the
26	applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or

10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are
such that the court determines that the applicant is
able, without undue hardship, to pay a greater portion
of the assessments.
(C) 25% of all assessments shall be waived if the
applicant's available income is greater than 300% but
no more than 400% of the poverty level, unless the
applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or
10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are
such that the court determines that the applicant is
able, without undue hardship, to pay a greater portion
of the assessments.
(c) An application for a waiver of assessments shall be in
writing, signed by the defendant or, if the defendant is a
minor, by another person having knowledge of the facts, and
filed no later than 30 days after sentencing. The contents of
the application for a waiver of assessments, and the procedure
for deciding the applications, shall be established by Supreme
Court Rule. Factors to consider in evaluating an application
shall include:
(1) the applicant's receipt of needs based
governmental public benefits, including Supplemental
Security Income (SSI); Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled
(ADBD); Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF);
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP or "food
<pre>stamps"); General Assistance; Transitional Assistance; or</pre>

1	State Children and Family Assistance;
2	(2) the employment status of the applicant and amount
3	of monthly income, if any;
4	(3) income received from the applicant's pension,
5	Social Security benefits, unemployment benefits, and other
6	sources;
7	(4) income received by the applicant from other
8	household members;
9	(5) the applicant's monthly expenses, including rent,
10	home mortgage, other mortgage, utilities, food, medical,
11	vehicle, childcare, debts, child support, and other
12	expenses; and
13	(6) financial affidavits or other similar supporting
14	documentation provided by the applicant showing that
15	payment of the imposed assessments would result in
16	substantial hardship to the applicant or the applicant's
17	family.
18	(d) The clerk of court shall provide the application for a
19	waiver of assessments to any defendant who indicates an
20	inability to pay the assessments. The clerk of the court shall
21	post in a conspicuous place in the courthouse a notice, no
22	smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches and using no smaller than 30-point
23	typeface printed in English and in Spanish, advising criminal
24	defendants they may ask the court for a waiver of any court
25	ordered assessments. The notice shall be substantially as
26	follows:

1	"If you are unable to pay the required assessments, you
2	may ask the court to waive payment of them. Ask the clerk
3	of the court for forms."
4	(e) For good cause shown, the court may allow an applicant
5	whose application is denied or who receives a partial
6	assessment waiver to defer payment of the assessments, make
7	installment payments, or make payment upon reasonable terms and
8	conditions stated in the order.
9	(f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to affect
10	the right of a party to court-appointed counsel, as authorized
11	by any other provision of law or by the rules of the Illinois
12	Supreme Court.
13	(g) The provisions of this Section are severable under
14	Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.
15	Section 905-85. The Violent Crime Victims Assistance Act is
16	amended by changing Section 10 as follows:
17	(725 ILCS 240/10) (from Ch. 70, par. 510)
18	Sec. 10. Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund.
19	(a) The "Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund" is created
20	as a special fund in the State Treasury to provide monies for
21	the grants to be awarded under this Act.
22	(b) <u>(Blank).</u> When any person is convicted in Illinois of an
23	offense listed below, or placed on supervision for that offense
24	on or after July 1, 2012, the court shall impose the following

1	fines:
2	(1) \$100 for any felony;
3	(2) \$50 for any offense under the Illinois Vehicle
4	Code, exclusive of offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2)
5	of Section 6 204 of that Code, and exclusive of any offense
6	enumerated in Article VI of Chapter 11 of that Code
7	relating to restrictions, regulations, and limitations on
8	the speed at which a motor vehicle is driven or operated;
9	and
10	(3) \$75 for any misdemeanor, excluding a conservation
11	offense.
12	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the
13	penalty established in this Section shall be assessed for any
14	violation of Section 11 601.5, 11 605.2, or 11 605.3 of the
15	Illinois Vehicle Code.
16	The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall remit moneys collected
17	under this subsection (b) within one month after receipt to the
18	State Treasurer for deposit into the Violent Crime Victims
19	Assistance Fund, except as provided in subsection (g) of this
20	Section. Such additional penalty shall not be considered a part
21	of the fine for purposes of any reduction made in the fine for
22	time served either before or after sentencing. Not later than
23	March 1 of each year the Clerk of the Circuit Court shall
24	submit to the State Comptroller a report of the amount of funds
25	remitted by him to the State Treasurer under this Section
26	during the preceding calendar year.

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(c) <u>(Blank)</u>. The charge imposed by subsection (b) shall not be subject to the provisions of Section 110-14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963.

4 (d) Monies forfeited, and proceeds from the sale of
5 property forfeited and seized, under the forfeiture provisions
6 set forth in Part 500 of Article 124B of the Code of Criminal
7 Procedure of 1963 shall be accepted for the Violent Crime
8 Victims Assistance Fund.

9 (e) Investment income which is attributable to the 10 investment of monies in the Violent Crime Victims Assistance 11 Fund shall be credited to that fund for uses specified in this 12 Act. The Treasurer shall provide the Attorney General a monthly 13 status report on the amount of money in the Fund.

14 (f) Monies from the fund may be granted on and after July 15 1, 1984.

(g) <u>(Blank).</u> All amounts and charges imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Hillinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

23 (Source: P.A. 96-712, eff. 1-1-10; 97-108, eff. 7-14-11; 24 97-816, eff. 7-16-12.)

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Section 905-90. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended

10000SB1328ham001 -175- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

by changing Sections 5-4-3, 5-4.5-50, 5-4.5-55, 5-4.5-60, 5-4.5-65, 5-4.5-75, 5-4.5-80, 5-5-3, 5-5-6, 5-6-1, 5-6-3, 5-6-3.1, 5-7-1, 5-9-1, 5-9-1.4, 5-9-1.7, 5-9-1.9, 5-9-1.11, 5-9-1.16, and 5-9-1.21 as follows:

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(730 ILCS 5/5-4-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-3)

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Sec. 5-4-3. Specimens; genetic marker groups.

7 (a) Any person convicted of, found guilty under the 8 Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for, or who received a disposition 9 of court supervision for, a qualifying offense or attempt of a 10 qualifying offense, convicted or found quilty of any offense classified as a felony under Illinois law, convicted or found 11 12 guilty of any offense requiring registration under the Sex Offender Registration Act, found guilty or given supervision 13 14 for any offense classified as a felony under the Juvenile Court 15 Act of 1987, convicted or found quilty of, under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, any offense requiring registration under the 16 Sex Offender Registration Act, or institutionalized as a 17 sexually dangerous person under the Sexually Dangerous Persons 18 19 Act, or committed as a sexually violent person under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act shall, regardless of 20 21 the sentence or disposition imposed, be required to submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois 22 23 Department of State Police in accordance with the provisions of 24 this Section, provided such person is:

25

(1) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of a

qualifying offense on or after July 1, 1990 and sentenced to a term of imprisonment, periodic imprisonment, fine, probation, conditional discharge or any other form of sentence, or given a disposition of court supervision for the offense;

6 (1.5) found guilty or given supervision under the 7 Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for a qualifying offense or 8 attempt of a qualifying offense on or after January 1, 9 1997;

10 (2) ordered institutionalized as a sexually dangerous
11 person on or after July 1, 1990;

(3) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense before July 1, 1990 and is presently confined as a result of such conviction in any State correctional facility or county jail or is presently serving a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or periodic imprisonment as a result of such conviction;

18 (3.5) convicted or found guilty of any offense 19 classified as a felony under Illinois law or found guilty 20 or given supervision for such an offense under the Juvenile 21 Court Act of 1987 on or after August 22, 2002;

(4) presently institutionalized as a sexually
dangerous person or presently institutionalized as a
person found guilty but mentally ill of a sexual offense or
attempt to commit a sexual offense; or

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(4.5) ordered committed as a sexually violent person on

or after the effective date of the Sexually Violent Persons
 Commitment Act.

3 (a-1) Any person incarcerated in a facility of the Illinois 4 Department of Corrections or the Illinois Department of 5 Juvenile Justice on or after August 22, 2002, whether for a term of years, natural life, or a sentence of death, who has 6 not yet submitted a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue shall 7 be required to submit a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue 8 9 prior to his or her final discharge, or release on parole, 10 aftercare release, or mandatory supervised release, as a 11 condition of his or her parole, aftercare release, or mandatory supervised release, or within 6 months from August 13, 2009 12 13 (the effective date of Public Act 96-426), whichever is sooner. 14 A person incarcerated on or after August 13, 2009 (the 15 effective date of Public Act 96-426) shall be required to 16 submit a specimen within 45 days of incarceration, or prior to 17 his or her final discharge, or release on parole, aftercare 18 release, or mandatory supervised release, as a condition of his 19 or her parole, aftercare release, or mandatory supervised 20 release, whichever is sooner. These specimens shall be placed 21 into the State or national DNA database, to be used in 22 accordance with other provisions of this Section, by the 23 Illinois State Police.

(a-2) Any person sentenced to life imprisonment in a
 facility of the Illinois Department of Corrections after the
 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General

10000SB1328ham001 -178- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Assembly or sentenced to death after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly shall be required 2 to provide a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue within 45 3 4 days after sentencing or disposition at a collection site 5 designated by the Illinois Department of State Police. Any 6 person serving a sentence of life imprisonment in a facility of the Illinois Department of Corrections on the effective date of 7 8 this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly or any person 9 who is under a sentence of death on the effective date of this 10 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly shall be required 11 to provide a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue upon request at a collection site designated by the Illinois Department of 12 13 State Police.

(a-3) Any person seeking transfer to or residency in 14 15 Illinois under Sections 3-3-11.05 through 3-3-11.5 of this 16 Code, the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision, or the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act 17 shall be required to provide a specimen of blood, saliva, or 18 tissue within 45 days after transfer to or residency in 19 20 Illinois at a collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State Police. 21

(a-3.1) Any person required by an order of the court to submit a DNA specimen shall be required to provide a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue within 45 days after the court order at a collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State Police. 10000SB1328ham001 -179- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

(a-3.2) On or after January 1, 2012 (the effective date of 1 Public Act 97-383), any person arrested for any of the 2 following offenses, after an indictment has been returned by a 3 4 grand jury, or following a hearing pursuant to Section 109-3 of 5 the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 and a judge finds there is probable cause to believe the arrestee has committed one of 6 the designated offenses, or an arrestee has waived a 7 8 preliminary hearing shall be required to provide a specimen of 9 blood, saliva, or tissue within 14 days after such indictment 10 or hearing at a collection site designated by the Illinois 11 Department of State Police: (A) first degree murder; 12

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(B) home invasion;

14 (C) predatory criminal sexual assault of a child;

- 15 (D) aggravated criminal sexual assault; or
- 16

(E) criminal sexual assault.

17 (a-3.3) Any person required to register as a sex offender 18 under the Sex Offender Registration Act, regardless of the date of conviction as set forth in subsection (c-5.2) shall be 19 20 required to provide a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue 21 within the time period prescribed in subsection (c-5.2) at a 22 collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State 23 Police.

24 (a-5) Any person who was otherwise convicted of or received 25 a disposition of court supervision for any other offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or who 26

10000SB1328ham001 -180- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

was found guilty or given supervision for such a violation under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, may, regardless of the sentence imposed, be required by an order of the court to submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois Department of State Police in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

7 (b) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(1.5), 8 (a)(2), (a)(3.5), and (a-5) to provide specimens of blood, 9 saliva, or tissue shall provide specimens of blood, saliva, or 10 tissue within 45 days after sentencing or disposition at a 11 collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State 12 Police.

13 (c) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(3), (a)(4), and 14 (a) (4.5) to provide specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue shall 15 be required to provide such specimens prior to final discharge 16 or within 6 months from August 13, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-426), whichever is sooner. These specimens shall 17 be placed into the State or national DNA database, to be used 18 in accordance with other provisions of this Act, by the 19 20 Illinois State Police.

(c-5) Any person required by paragraph (a-3) to provide specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue shall, where feasible, be required to provide the specimens before being accepted for conditioned residency in Illinois under the interstate compact or agreement, but no later than 45 days after arrival in this State. 10000SB1328ham001 -181- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 (c-5.2) Unless it is determined that a registered sex offender has previously submitted a specimen of blood, saliva, 2 3 or tissue that has been placed into the State DNA database, a 4 person registering as a sex offender shall be required to 5 submit a specimen at the time of his or her initial 6 registration pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration Act or, for a person registered as a sex offender on or prior to 7 January 1, 2012 (the effective date of Public Act 97-383), 8 within one year of January 1, 2012 (the effective date of 9 10 Public Act 97-383) or at the time of his or her next required 11 registration.

12 (c-6) The Illinois Department of State Police may determine 13 which type of specimen or specimens, blood, saliva, or tissue, 14 is acceptable for submission to the Division of Forensic 15 Services for analysis. The Illinois Department of State Police 16 may require the submission of fingerprints from anyone required 17 to give a specimen under this Act.

(d) The Illinois Department of State Police shall provide 18 all equipment and instructions necessary for the collection of 19 20 blood specimens. The collection of specimens shall be performed 21 in a medically approved manner. Only a physician authorized to 22 practice medicine, a registered nurse or other qualified person 23 trained in venipuncture may withdraw blood for the purposes of 24 this Act. The specimens shall thereafter be forwarded to the 25 Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic 26 Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker

1 groupings.

2 (d-1) The Illinois Department of State Police shall provide 3 all equipment and instructions necessary for the collection of 4 saliva specimens. The collection of saliva specimens shall be 5 performed in a medically approved manner. Only a person trained 6 in the instructions promulgated by the Illinois State Police on collecting saliva may collect saliva for the purposes of this 7 8 Section. The specimens shall thereafter be forwarded to the 9 Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic 10 Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker 11 groupings.

(d-2) The Illinois Department of State Police shall provide 12 13 all equipment and instructions necessary for the collection of tissue specimens. The collection of tissue specimens shall be 14 15 performed in a medically approved manner. Only a person trained 16 in the instructions promulgated by the Illinois State Police on collecting tissue may collect tissue for the purposes of this 17 Section. The specimens shall thereafter be forwarded to the 18 Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic 19 20 Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker 21 groupings.

(d-5) To the extent that funds are available, the Illinois Department of State Police shall contract with qualified personnel and certified laboratories for the collection, analysis, and categorization of known specimens, except as provided in subsection (n) of this Section. 1 (d-6) Agencies designated by the Illinois Department of 2 State Police and the Illinois Department of State Police may 3 contract with third parties to provide for the collection or 4 analysis of DNA, or both, of an offender's blood, saliva, and 5 tissue specimens, except as provided in subsection (n) of this 6 Section.

7 (e) The genetic marker groupings shall be maintained by the
8 Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic
9 Services.

10 The genetic marker grouping analysis information (f) obtained pursuant to this Act shall be confidential and shall 11 be released only to peace officers of the United States, of 12 other states or territories, of the insular possessions of the 13 United States, of foreign countries duly authorized to receive 14 15 the same, to all peace officers of the State of Illinois and to 16 all prosecutorial agencies, and to defense counsel as provided by Section 116-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. The 17 genetic marker grouping analysis information obtained pursuant 18 to this Act shall be used only for (i) valid law enforcement 19 20 identification purposes and as required by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for participation in the National DNA 21 22 database, (ii) technology validation purposes, (iii) a 23 population statistics database, (iv) quality assurance 24 purposes if personally identifying information is removed, (v) 25 assisting in the defense of the criminally accused pursuant to Section 116-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, or 26

1 (vi) identifying and assisting in the prosecution of a person who is suspected of committing a sexual assault as defined in 2 3 Section 1a of the Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency Treatment 4 Act. Notwithstanding any other statutory provision to the 5 contrary, all information obtained under this Section shall be 6 maintained in a single State data base, which may be uploaded into a national database, and which information may be subject 7 8 to expundement only as set forth in subsection (f-1).

9 (f-1) Upon receipt of notification of a reversal of a 10 conviction based on actual innocence, or of the granting of a 11 pardon pursuant to Section 12 of Article V of the Illinois Constitution, if that pardon document specifically states that 12 13 the reason for the pardon is the actual innocence of an individual whose DNA record has been stored in the State or 14 15 national DNA identification index in accordance with this 16 Section by the Illinois Department of State Police, the DNA record shall be expunded from the DNA identification index, and 17 the Department shall by rule prescribe procedures to ensure 18 19 that the record and any specimens, analyses, or other documents 20 relating to such record, whether in the possession of the 21 Department or any law enforcement or police agency, or any 22 forensic DNA laboratory, including any duplicates or copies 23 thereof, are destroyed and a letter is sent to the court 24 verifying the expungement is completed. For specimens required 25 to be collected prior to conviction, unless the individual has other charges or convictions that require submission of a 26

10000SB1328ham001 -185- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 specimen, the DNA record for an individual shall be expunded 2 from the DNA identification databases and the specimen destroyed upon receipt of a certified copy of a final court 3 4 order for each charge against an individual in which the charge 5 has been dismissed, resulted in acquittal, or that the charge 6 was not filed within the applicable time period. The Department shall by rule prescribe procedures to ensure that the record 7 8 and any specimens in the possession or control of the 9 Department are destroyed and a letter is sent to the court 10 verifying the expungement is completed.

(f-5) Any person who intentionally uses genetic marker grouping analysis information, or any other information derived from a DNA specimen, beyond the authorized uses as provided under this Section, or any other Illinois law, is guilty of a Class 4 felony, and shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$5,000.

(f-6) The Illinois Department of State Police may contract 17 18 with third parties for the purposes of implementing this 19 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, except as provided 20 in subsection (n) of this Section. Any other party contracting 21 to carry out the functions of this Section shall be subject to the same restrictions and requirements of this Section insofar 22 23 as applicable, as the Illinois Department of State Police, and 24 any additional restrictions imposed by the to Illinois 25 Department of State Police.

26

(g) For the purposes of this Section, "qualifying offense"

1	means any of the following:
2	(1) any violation or inchoate violation of Section
3	11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-11, 11-18.1, 12-15, or
4	12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
5	2012;
6	(1.1) any violation or inchoate violation of Section
7	9-1, 9-2, 10-1, 10-2, 12-11, 12-11.1, 18-1, 18-2, 18-3,
8	18-4, 18-6, 19-1, 19-2, or 19-6 of the Criminal Code of
9	1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 for which persons are
10	convicted on or after July 1, 2001;
11	(2) any former statute of this State which defined a
12	felony sexual offense;
13	(3) (blank);
14	(4) any inchoate violation of Section 9-3.1, 9-3.4,
15	11-9.3, 12-7.3, or 12-7.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or
16	the Criminal Code of 2012; or
17	(5) any violation or inchoate violation of Article 29D
18	of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
19	(g-5) (Blank).
20	(h) The Illinois Department of State Police shall be the
21	State central repository for all genetic marker grouping
22	analysis information obtained pursuant to this Act. The
23	Illinois Department of State Police may promulgate rules for
24	the form and manner of the collection of blood, saliva, or
25	tissue specimens and other procedures for the operation of this
26	Act. The provisions of the Administrative Review Law shall

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apply to all actions taken under the rules so promulgated.

(i) (1) A person required to provide a blood, saliva, or
tissue specimen shall cooperate with the collection of the
specimen and any deliberate act by that person intended to
impede, delay or stop the collection of the blood, saliva,
or tissue specimen is a Class 4 felony.

7 (2) In the event that a person's DNA specimen is not 8 adequate for any reason, the person shall provide another 9 DNA specimen for analysis. Duly authorized law enforcement 10 and corrections personnel may employ reasonable force in 11 cases in which an individual refuses to provide a DNA 12 specimen required under this Act.

13 (j) (Blank). Any person required by subsection (a), or any 14 person who was previously required by subsection (a 3.2), 15 submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois 16 Department of State Police for analysis and categorization into 17 genetic marker grouping, in addition to any other disposition, 18 penalty, or fine imposed, shall pay an analysis fee of \$250. If 19 the analysis fee is not paid at the time of sentencing, the 20 court shall establish a fee schedule by which the entire amount 21 of the analysis fee shall be paid in full, such schedule not to exceed 24 months from the time of conviction. The inability to 22 pay this analysis fee shall not be the sole ground to 23 24 incarcerate the person.

(k) All analysis and categorization <u>assessments</u> fees
 provided <u>under the Criminal and Traffic Assessments Act to the</u>

<u>State Offender DNA Identification System Fund</u> for by subsection
 (j) shall be regulated as follows:

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(1) The State Offender DNA Identification System Fund is hereby created as a special fund in the State Treasury.

5 (2) <u>(Blank)</u>. All fees shall be collected by the clerk 6 of the court and forwarded to the State Offender DNA 7 Identification System Fund for deposit. The clerk of the 8 circuit court may retain the amount of \$10 from each 9 collected analysis fee to offset administrative costs 10 incurred in carrying out the clerk's responsibilities 11 under this Section.

(3) Moneys Fees deposited into the State Offender DNA 12 13 Identification System Fund shall be used by Illinois State Police crime laboratories as designated by the Director of 14 15 State Police. These funds shall be in addition to any 16 allocations made pursuant to existing laws and shall be exclusive use of 17 designated for the State crime 18 laboratories. These uses may include, but are not limited 19 to, the following:

20 (A) Costs incurred in providing analysis and
 21 genetic marker categorization as required by
 22 subsection (d).

(B) Costs incurred in maintaining genetic marker
 groupings as required by subsection (e).

(C) Costs incurred in the purchase and maintenance
 of equipment for use in performing analyses.

1 (D) Costs incurred in continuing research and 2 development of new techniques for analysis and genetic 3 marker categorization.

4 (E) Costs incurred in continuing education,
5 training, and professional development of forensic
6 scientists regularly employed by these laboratories.

(1) The failure of a person to provide a specimen, or of 7 8 any person or agency to collect a specimen, shall in no way 9 alter the obligation of the person to submit such specimen, or 10 the authority of the Illinois Department of State Police or 11 persons designated by the Department to collect the specimen, or the authority of the Illinois Department of State Police to 12 13 accept, analyze and maintain the specimen or to maintain or upload results of genetic marker grouping analysis information 14 15 into a State or national database.

(m) If any provision of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly is held unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the remainder of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly is not affected.

(n) Neither the Department of State Police, the Division of Forensic Services, nor any laboratory of the Division of Forensic Services may contract out forensic testing for the purpose of an active investigation or a matter pending before a court of competent jurisdiction without the written consent of the prosecuting agency. For the purposes of this subsection (n), "forensic testing" includes the analysis of physical 10000SB1328ham001 -190- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 evidence in an investigation or other proceeding for the prosecution of a violation of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 2 Criminal Code of 2012 or for matters adjudicated under the 3 4 Juvenile Court Act of 1987, and includes the use of forensic 5 and databanks, including DNA, databases firearm, and 6 fingerprint databases, and expert testimony.

7 (o) Mistake does not invalidate a database match. The 8 detention, arrest, or conviction of a person based upon a 9 database match or database information is not invalidated if it 10 is determined that the specimen was obtained or placed in the 11 database by mistake.

(p) This Section may be referred to as the Illinois DNADatabase Law of 2011.

14 (Source: P.A. 97-383, eff. 1-1-12; 97-1109, eff. 1-1-13; 15 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-558, eff. 1-1-14.)

16 (730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-50)

Sec. 5-4.5-50. SENTENCE PROVISIONS; ALL FELONIES. Except
as otherwise provided, for all felonies:

(a) NO SUPERVISION. The court, upon a plea of guilty or a stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the charge or a finding of guilt, may not defer further proceedings and the imposition of a sentence and may not enter an order for supervision of the defendant.

(b) FELONY FINES. <u>Unless otherwise specified by law, the</u>
 <u>minimum fine is \$25.</u> An offender may be sentenced to pay a fine

10000SB1328ham001 -191- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 not to exceed, for each offense, \$25,000 or the amount specified in the offense, whichever is greater, or if the 2 offender is a corporation, \$50,000 or the amount specified in 3 4 the offense, whichever is greater. A fine may be imposed in 5 addition to a sentence of conditional discharge, probation, periodic imprisonment, or imprisonment. See Article 9 of 6 Chapter V (730 ILCS 5/Ch. V, Art. 9) for imposition of 7 8 additional amounts and determination of amounts and payment. If 9 the court finds that the fine would impose an undue burden on 10 the victim, the court may reduce or waive the fine.

11 (c) REASONS FOR SENTENCE STATED. The sentencing judge in each felony conviction shall set forth his or her reasons for 12 13 imposing the particular sentence entered in the case, as provided in Section 5-4-1 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-1). Those reasons may 14 15 include any mitigating or aggravating factors specified in this 16 Code, or the lack of any such factors, as well as any other mitigating or aggravating factors that the judge sets forth on 17 18 the record that are consistent with the purposes and principles 19 of sentencing set out in this Code.

(d) MOTION TO REDUCE SENTENCE. A motion to reduce a sentence may be made, or the court may reduce a sentence without motion, within 30 days after the sentence is imposed. A defendant's challenge to the correctness of a sentence or to any aspect of the sentencing hearing shall be made by a written motion filed with the circuit court clerk within 30 days following the imposition of sentence. A motion not filed within that 30-day period is not timely. The court may not increase a sentence once it is imposed. A notice of motion must be filed with the motion. The notice of motion shall set the motion on the court's calendar on a date certain within a reasonable time after the date of filing.

If a motion filed pursuant to this subsection is timely filed, the proponent of the motion shall exercise due diligence in seeking a determination on the motion and the court shall thereafter decide the motion within a reasonable time.

10 If a motion filed pursuant to this subsection is timely 11 filed, then for purposes of perfecting an appeal, a final 12 judgment is not considered to have been entered until the 13 motion to reduce the sentence has been decided by order entered 14 by the trial court.

15 (e) CONCURRENT SENTENCE; PREVIOUS UNEXPIRED FEDERAL OR 16 OTHER-STATE SENTENCE. A defendant who has a previous and unexpired sentence of imprisonment imposed by another state or 17 by any district court of the United States and who, after 18 sentence for a crime in Illinois, must return to serve the 19 20 unexpired prior sentence may have his or her sentence by the 21 Illinois court ordered to be concurrent with the prior 22 other-state or federal sentence. The court may order that any 23 time served on the unexpired portion of the other-state or 24 federal sentence, prior to his or her return to Illinois, shall 25 be credited on his or her Illinois sentence. The appropriate 26 official of the other state or the United States shall be

10000SB1328ham001 -193- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 furnished with a copy of the order imposing sentence, which shall provide that, when the offender is released from 2 other-state or federal confinement, whether by parole or by 3 4 termination of sentence, the offender shall be transferred by 5 the Sheriff of the committing Illinois county to the Illinois Department of Corrections. The court shall cause the Department 6 of Corrections to be notified of the sentence at the time of 7 commitment and to be provided with copies of all records 8 9 regarding the sentence.

10 (f) REDUCTION; PREVIOUS UNEXPIRED ILLINOIS SENTENCE. A 11 defendant who has a previous and unexpired sentence of imprisonment imposed by an Illinois circuit court for a crime 12 13 in this State and who is subsequently sentenced to a term of 14 imprisonment by another state or by any district court of the 15 United States and who has served a term of imprisonment imposed 16 by the other state or district court of the United States, and must return to serve the unexpired prior sentence imposed by 17 the Illinois circuit court, may apply to the Illinois circuit 18 19 court that imposed sentence to have his or her sentence 20 reduced.

The circuit court may order that any time served on the sentence imposed by the other state or district court of the United States be credited on his or her Illinois sentence. The application for reduction of a sentence under this subsection shall be made within 30 days after the defendant has completed the sentence imposed by the other state or district court of

1 the United States.

(g) NO REQUIRED BIRTH CONTROL. A court may not impose a
sentence or disposition that requires the defendant to be
implanted or injected with or to use any form of birth control.
(Source: P.A. 95-1052, eff. 7-1-09.)

6 (730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-55)

Sec. 5-4.5-55. CLASS A MISDEMEANORS; SENTENCE. For a Class
A misdemeanor:

9 (a) TERM. The sentence of imprisonment shall be a 10 determinate sentence of less than one year.

(b) PERIODIC IMPRISONMENT. A sentence of periodic imprisonment shall be for a definite term of less than one year, except as otherwise provided in Section 5-5-3 or 5-7-1 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3 or 5/5-7-1).

(c) IMPACT INCARCERATION. See Section 5-8-1.2 (730 ILCS
 5/5-8-1.2) concerning eligibility for the county impact
 incarceration program.

(d) PROBATION; CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE. Except as provided
in Section 5-5-3 or 5-6-2 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3 or 5/5-6-2), the
period of probation or conditional discharge shall not exceed 2
years. The court shall specify the conditions of probation or
conditional discharge as set forth in Section 5-6-3 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3).

(e) FINE. <u>Unless otherwise specified by law, the minimum</u>
 <u>fine is \$25.</u> A fine not to exceed \$2,500 for each offense or

10000SB1328ham001 -195- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 the amount specified in the offense, whichever is greater, may be imposed. A fine may be imposed in addition to a sentence of 2 conditional discharge, probation, periodic imprisonment, or 3 4 imprisonment. See Article 9 of Chapter V (730 ILCS 5/Ch. V, 5 Art. 9) for imposition of additional amounts and determination 6 of amounts and payment. If the court finds that the fine would impose an undue burden on the victim, the court may reduce or 7 8 waive the fine.

9 (f) RESTITUTION. See Section 5-5-6 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-6)
10 concerning restitution.

(g) CONCURRENT OR CONSECUTIVE SENTENCE. The sentence shall be concurrent or consecutive as provided in Section 5-8-4 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-4).

(h) DRUG COURT. See Section 20 of the Drug Court Treatment
 Act (730 ILCS 166/20) concerning eligibility for a drug court
 program.

(i) CREDIT FOR HOME DETENTION. See Section 5-4.5-100 (730
ILCS 5/5-4.5-100) concerning credit for time spent in home
detention prior to judgment.

(j) GOOD BEHAVIOR ALLOWANCE. See the County Jail Good
 Behavior Allowance Act (730 ILCS 130/) for rules and
 regulations for good behavior allowance.

(k) ELECTRONIC HOME DETENTION. See Section 5-8A-3 (730 ILCS
 5/5-8A-3) concerning eligibility for electronic home
 detention.

26 (Source: P.A. 97-697, eff. 6-22-12.)

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(730 ILCS 5/5 - 4.5 - 60)

Sec. 5-4.5-60. CLASS B MISDEMEANORS; SENTENCE. For a Class 2 3 B misdemeanor:

4 The sentence of imprisonment shall be a (a) TERM. 5 determinate sentence of not more than 6 months.

6 (b)PERIODIC IMPRISONMENT. A sentence of periodic 7 imprisonment shall be for a definite term of up to 6 months or 8 as otherwise provided in Section 5-7-1 (730 ILCS 5/5-7-1).

9 (c) IMPACT INCARCERATION. See Section 5-8-1.2 (730 ILCS 10 5/5-8-1.2) concerning eligibility for the county impact 11 incarceration program.

12 (d) PROBATION; CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE. Except as provided in Section 5-6-2 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-2), the period of probation or 13 14 conditional discharge shall not exceed 2 years. The court shall 15 specify the conditions of probation or conditional discharge as set forth in Section 5-6-3 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3). 16

(e) FINE. Unless otherwise specified by law, the minimum 17 fine is \$25. A fine not to exceed \$1,500 for each offense or 18 19 the amount specified in the offense, whichever is greater, may 20 be imposed. A fine may be imposed in addition to a sentence of 21 conditional discharge, probation, periodic imprisonment, or 22 imprisonment. See Article 9 of Chapter V (730 ILCS 5/Ch. V, 23 Art. 9) for imposition of additional amounts and determination 24 of amounts and payment. If the court finds that the fine would impose an undue burden on the victim, the court may reduce or 25

1 waive the fine.

2 (f) RESTITUTION. See Section 5-5-6 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-6)
3 concerning restitution.

4 (g) CONCURRENT OR CONSECUTIVE SENTENCE. The sentence shall
5 be concurrent or consecutive as provided in Section 5-8-4 (730
6 ILCS 5/5-8-4).

7 (h) DRUG COURT. See Section 20 of the Drug Court Treatment
8 Act (730 ILCS 166/20) concerning eligibility for a drug court
9 program.

(i) CREDIT FOR HOME DETENTION. See Section 5-4.5-100 (730
 ILCS 5/5-4.5-100) concerning credit for time spent in home
 detention prior to judgment.

(j) GOOD BEHAVIOR ALLOWANCE. See the County Jail Good Behavior Allowance Act (730 ILCS 130/) for rules and regulations for good behavior allowance.

16 (k) ELECTRONIC HOME DETENTION. See Section 5-8A-3 (730 ILCS
 17 5/5-8A-3) concerning eligibility for electronic home
 18 detention.

19 (Source: P.A. 97-697, eff. 6-22-12.)

20 (730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-65)

Sec. 5-4.5-65. CLASS C MISDEMEANORS; SENTENCE. For a Class
 C misdemeanor:

(a) TERM. The sentence of imprisonment shall be a
 determinate sentence of not more than 30 days.

25 (b) PERIODIC IMPRISONMENT. A sentence of periodic

10000SB1328ham001 -198- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 imprisonment shall be for a definite term of up to 30 days or 2 as otherwise provided in Section 5-7-1 (730 ILCS 5/5-7-1).

3 (c) IMPACT INCARCERATION. See Section 5-8-1.2 (730 ILCS
4 5/5-8-1.2) concerning eligibility for the county impact
5 incarceration program.

6 (d) PROBATION; CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE. Except as provided 7 in Section 5-6-2 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-2), the period of probation or 8 conditional discharge shall not exceed 2 years. The court shall 9 specify the conditions of probation or conditional discharge as 10 set forth in Section 5-6-3 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3).

11 (e) FINE. Unless otherwise specified by law, the minimum fine is \$25. A fine not to exceed \$1,500 for each offense or 12 13 the amount specified in the offense, whichever is greater, may 14 be imposed. A fine may be imposed in addition to a sentence of 15 conditional discharge, probation, periodic imprisonment, or 16 imprisonment. See Article 9 of Chapter V (730 ILCS 5/Ch. V, Art. 9) for imposition of additional amounts and determination 17 18 of amounts and payment. If the court finds that the fine would 19 impose an undue burden on the victim, the court may reduce or 20 waive the fine.

(f) RESTITUTION. See Section 5-5-6 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-6)
 concerning restitution.

(g) CONCURRENT OR CONSECUTIVE SENTENCE. The sentence shall
 be concurrent or consecutive as provided in Section 5-8-4 (730
 ILCS 5/5-8-4).

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(h) DRUG COURT. See Section 20 of the Drug Court Treatment

Act (730 ILCS 166/20) concerning eligibility for a drug court
 program.

3 (i) CREDIT FOR HOME DETENTION. See Section 5-4.5-100 (730
4 ILCS 5/5-4.5-100) concerning credit for time spent in home
5 detention prior to judgment.

(j) GOOD BEHAVIOR ALLOWANCE. See the County Jail Good
Behavior Allowance Act (730 ILCS 130/) for rules and
regulations for good behavior allowance.

9 (k) ELECTRONIC HOME DETENTION. See Section 5-8A-3 (730 ILCS 10 5/5-8A-3) concerning eligibility for electronic home 11 detention.

12 (Source: P.A. 97-697, eff. 6-22-12.)

13 (730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-75)

Sec. 5-4.5-75. PETTY OFFENSES; SENTENCE. Except as otherwise provided, for a petty offense:

(a) FINE. Unless otherwise specified by law, the minimum 16 17 fine is \$25. A defendant may be sentenced to pay a fine not to exceed \$1,000 for each offense or the amount specified in the 18 19 offense, whichever is less. A fine may be imposed in addition 20 to a sentence of conditional discharge or probation. See 21 Article 9 of Chapter V (730 ILCS 5/Ch. V, Art. 9) for 22 imposition of additional amounts and determination of amounts 23 and payment. If the court finds that the fine would impose an 24 undue burden on the victim, the court may reduce or waive the 25 fine.

10000SB1328ham001 -200- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 (b) PROBATION; CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE. Except as provided 2 in Section 5-6-2 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-2), a defendant may be 3 sentenced to a period of probation or conditional discharge not 4 to exceed 6 months. The court shall specify the conditions of 5 probation or conditional discharge as set forth in Section 6 5-6-3 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3).

7 (c) RESTITUTION. A defendant may be sentenced to make 8 restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6 (730 ILCS 9 5/5-5-6).

10 (d) SUPERVISION; ORDER. The court, upon a plea of quilty or 11 a stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the charge or a finding of guilt, may defer further proceedings and 12 13 the imposition of a sentence and may enter an order for supervision of the defendant. If the defendant is not barred 14 15 from receiving an order for supervision under Section 5-6-1 16 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-1) or otherwise, the court may enter an order for supervision after considering the circumstances of the 17 offense, and the history, character, and condition of the 18 19 offender, if the court is of the opinion that:

20 (1) the defendant is not likely to commit further 21 crimes;

(2) the defendant and the public would be best served
if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and
(3) in the best interests of justice, an order of
supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise
permitted under this Code.

10000SB1328ham001 -201- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 (e) SUPERVISION; PERIOD. When a defendant is placed on supervision, the court shall enter an order for supervision 2 specifying the period of supervision, and shall defer further 3 4 proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period. The 5 period of supervision shall be reasonable under all of the 6 circumstances of the case, and except as otherwise provided, may not be longer than 2 years. The court shall specify the 7 8 conditions of supervision as set forth in Section 5-6-3.1 (730 9 ILCS 5/5-6-3.1).

10 (Source: P.A. 95-1052, eff. 7-1-09.)

11 (730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-80)

Sec. 5-4.5-80. BUSINESS OFFENSES; SENTENCE. Except as
otherwise provided, for a business offense:

14 (a) FINE. Unless otherwise specified by law, the minimum 15 fine is \$25. A defendant may be sentenced to pay a fine not to exceed for each offense the amount specified in the statute 16 defining that offense. A fine may be imposed in addition to a 17 sentence of conditional discharge. See Article 9 of Chapter V 18 19 (730 ILCS 5/Ch. V, Art. 9) for imposition of additional amounts 20 and determination of amounts and payment. If the court finds 21 that the fine would impose an undue burden on the victim, the 22 court may reduce or waive the fine.

(b) CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE. A defendant may be sentenced to
 a period of conditional discharge. The court shall specify the
 conditions of conditional discharge as set forth in Section

1 5-6-3 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3).

2 (c) RESTITUTION. A defendant may be sentenced to make 3 restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6 (730 ILCS 4 5/5-5-6).

5 (d) SUPERVISION; ORDER. The court, upon a plea of guilty or a stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the 6 charge or a finding of guilt, may defer further proceedings and 7 8 the imposition of a sentence and may enter an order for 9 supervision of the defendant. If the defendant is not barred 10 from receiving an order for supervision under Section 5-6-1 11 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-1) or otherwise, the court may enter an order for supervision after considering the circumstances of the 12 13 offense, and the history, character, and condition of the 14 offender, if the court is of the opinion that:

15 (1) the defendant is not likely to commit further 16 crimes;

17 (2) the defendant and the public would be best served
18 if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and

(3) in the best interests of justice, an order of
supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise
permitted under this Code.

(e) SUPERVISION; PERIOD. When a defendant is placed on supervision, the court shall enter an order for supervision specifying the period of supervision, and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period. The period of supervision shall be reasonable under all of the 10000SB1328ham001 -203- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 circumstances of the case, and except as otherwise provided, 2 may not be longer than 2 years. The court shall specify the 3 conditions of supervision as set forth in Section 5-6-3.1 (730 4 ILCS 5/5-6-3.1).

5 (Source: P.A. 95-1052, eff. 7-1-09.)

6 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3)

7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 99-938)

8 Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.

9 (a) (Blank).

10 (b) (Blank).

11 (c) (1) (Blank).

(2) A period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment or conditional discharge shall not be imposed for the following offenses. The court shall sentence the offender to not less than the minimum term of imprisonment set forth in this Code for the following offenses, and may order a fine or restitution or both in conjunction with such term of imprisonment:

18 (A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not19 imposed.

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(B) Attempted first degree murder.

(C) A Class X felony.

(D) A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the Illinois
Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of subdivision
(c) (1.5) or (c) (2) of Section 401 of that Act which relates
to more than 5 grams of a substance containing cocaine,

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fentanyl, or an analog thereof.

2 (D-5) A violation of subdivision (c)(1) of Section 401 3 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act which relates to 4 3 or more grams of a substance containing heroin or an 5 analog thereof.

6 (E) A violation of Section 5.1 or 9 of the Cannabis 7 Control Act.

8 (F) A Class 2 or greater felony if the offender had 9 been convicted of a Class 2 or greater felony, including 10 any state or federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements 11 as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after 12 13 the prior Class 2 or greater felony) classified as a Class 14 2 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which 15 the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 16 17 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act. 18

(F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or 24-1.6 of
the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 for
which imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.

(G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided
 in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and
 Dependency Act.

25 26 (H) Criminal sexual assault.

(I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen as described

in Section 12-4.6 or subdivision (a)(4) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

3 (J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to the
 4 activities of an organized gang.

5 Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this 6 paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or 7 more persons, with an established hierarchy, that 8 encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes 9 or provides support to the members of the association who 10 do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

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(K) Vehicular hijacking.

16 (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense 17 of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the 18 hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony 19 mob action.

20 (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense
21 of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property
22 exceeds \$300.

(N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of
subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners
Identification Card Act.

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(O) A violation of Section 12-6.1 or 12-6.5 of the

Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. 1 (P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), 2 3 or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. 4 5 (0) A violation of subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section 20-1, Section 20-1.2, or Section 20-1.3 of the Criminal 6 Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. 7 (R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal Code 8 9 of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. 10 (S) (Blank). second or subsequent violation 11 (T) А of the 12 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act. (U) A second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 13 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her 14 driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because 15 of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 16 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of 17 reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of 18 19 another state. 20 (V) A violation of paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of 21 Section 11-20.1B or paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of 22 Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal 23 Code of 2012 when the victim is under 13 years of age and 24 the defendant has previously been convicted under the laws 25 of this State or any other state of the offense of child 26

-207- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

pornography, aggravated child pornography, aggravated 1 criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual assault, 2 3 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or any of the 4 offenses formerly known as rape, deviate sexual assault, 5 indecent liberties with a child, or aggravated indecent liberties with a child where the victim was under the age 6 of 18 years or an offense that is substantially equivalent 7 8 to those offenses.

10000SB1328ham001

9 (W) A violation of Section 24-3.5 of the Criminal Code 10 of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(X) A violation of subsection (a) of Section 31-1a of
 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(Y) A conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm
by a street gang member when the firearm was loaded or
contained firearm ammunition.

16 (Z) A Class 1 felony committed while he or she was
 17 serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a
 18 felony.

(AA) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and notexceeding \$1,000,000 in value.

(BB) Laundering of criminally derived property of a
 value exceeding \$500,000.

(CC) Knowingly selling, offering for sale, holding for sale, or using 2,000 or more counterfeit items or counterfeit items having a retail value in the aggregate of \$500,000 or more.

1 (DD) A conviction for aggravated assault under 2 paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Section 12-2 of the 3 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the 4 firearm is aimed toward the person against whom the firearm 5 is being used.

6 (EE) A conviction for a violation of paragraph (2) of 7 subsection (a) of Section 24-3B of the Criminal Code of 8 2012.

9 (3) (Blank).

10 (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 11 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be 12 imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of 13 the Illinois Vehicle Code.

14 (4.1) (Blank).

15 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.3) and (4.8) of 16 this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community 17 service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section 18 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

19 (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 20 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall 21 be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section 22 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(4.4) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.5), (4.6), and
(4.9) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of
30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the
court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent violation of

10000SB1328ham001 -209- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

2 (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be
3 imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section
4 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

5 (4.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.10) of this 6 subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days 7 shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of 8 subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

9 (4.7) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30 10 consecutive days, or 300 hours of community service, shall be 11 imposed for a violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of 12 the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (b-5) of 13 that Section.

14 (4.8) A mandatory prison sentence shall be imposed for a 15 second violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the 16 Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (c-5) of that 17 Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for a 18 period of not less than 5 years from the date of his or her 19 release from prison.

(4.9) A mandatory prison sentence of not less than 4 and not more than 15 years shall be imposed for a third violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (d-2.5) of that Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or her life.

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(4.10) A mandatory prison sentence for a Class 1 felony

10000SB1328ham001 -210- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 shall be imposed, and the person shall be eligible for an extended term sentence, for a fourth or subsequent violation of 2 subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 3 4 as provided in subsection (d-3.5) of that Section. The person's 5 driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or 6 her life.

(5) The court may sentence a corporation or unincorporated 7 8 association convicted of any offense to:

(A) a period of conditional discharge;

9 10

(B) a fine;

(C) make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6 11 of this Code. 12

13 (5.1) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and 14 except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person 15 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the 16 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not 17 more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the 18 19 property of another person.

20 (5.2) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of 21 violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois 22 23 Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or 24 privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 2 25 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another person. 26 (5.3) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person

1 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the 2 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 3 permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation 4 resulted in the death of another person.

5 (5.4) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person 6 convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle 7 Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or 8 privileges suspended for 3 months and until he or she has paid 9 a reinstatement fee of \$100.

10 (5.5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person 11 convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code during a period in which his or her driver's license, 12 13 permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation 14 of that Section shall have his or her driver's license, permit, 15 or privileges suspended for an additional 6 months after the 16 expiration of the original 3-month suspension and until he or 17 she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.

- 18 (6) (Blank).
- 19 (7) (Blank).
- 20 (8) (Blank).

(9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment.

24 (10) (Blank).

(11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a
 first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense

1 upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision for battery when the individual harmed was a sports official or coach at 2 3 any level of competition and the act causing harm to the sports 4 official or coach occurred within an athletic facility or 5 within the immediate vicinity of the athletic facility at which 6 the sports official or coach was an active participant of the athletic contest held at the athletic facility. For the 7 8 purposes of this paragraph (11), "sports official" means a 9 person at an athletic contest who enforces the rules of the 10 contest, such as an umpire or referee; "athletic facility" 11 means an indoor or outdoor playing field or recreational area where sports activities are conducted; and "coach" means a 12 13 person recognized as a coach by the sanctioning authority that 14 conducted the sporting event.

15 (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court 16 supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat 17 Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously 18 received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of 19 that Section.

(13) A person convicted of or placed on court supervision for an assault or aggravated assault when the victim and the offender are family or household members as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or convicted of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery may be required to attend a Partner Abuse Intervention Program under protocols set forth by the Illinois Department of Human Services under such terms and conditions imposed by the court.
 The costs of such classes shall be paid by the offender.

3 (d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is 4 vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The 5 trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections which may include evidence of the 6 defendant's life, moral character and occupation during the 7 8 time since the original sentence was passed. The trial court 9 shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The trial court 10 may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the 11 original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on 12 13 collateral attack due to the failure of the trier of fact at 14 trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a 15 fact (other than a prior conviction) necessary to increase the 16 punishment for the offense beyond the statutory maximum 17 otherwise applicable, either the defendant may be re-sentenced 18 to a term within the range otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its intention to again seek the extended 19 20 sentence, the defendant shall be afforded a new trial.

(e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal sexual abuse under Section 11-1.60 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 results in conviction of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, the court shall consider the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence

of probation only where:
(1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are appropriate:
(A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court
approved counseling program for a minimum duration of 2
years; or
(B) the defendant is willing to participate in a
court approved plan including but not limited to the
defendant's:
(i) removal from the household;
(ii) restricted contact with the victim;
(iii) continued financial support of the
family;
(iv) restitution for harm done to the victim;
and
(v) compliance with any other measures that
the court may deem appropriate; and
(2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the
victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court
finds, after considering the defendant's income and
assets, that the defendant is financially capable of paying
for such services, if the victim was under 18 years of age
at the time the offense was committed and requires
counseling as a result of the offense.
Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section

25 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that 26 the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation restricting contact with the victim or other family members or commits another offense with the victim or other family members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and impose a term of imprisonment.

5 For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and 6 "victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 7 11-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

(f) (Blank).

8

9 (q) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under 10 Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-14, 11 11-14.3, 11-14.4 except for an offense that involves keeping a place of juvenile prostitution, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 12 13 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 14 15 Criminal Code of 2012, the defendant shall undergo medical 16 testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually transmissible disease, including a test for infection with 17 human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified 18 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). 19 20 Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately 21 licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's 22 23 person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of 24 such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical 25 personnel involved in the testing and must be personally 26 delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in

1 which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the 2 3 victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to 4 determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be 5 revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested by 6 the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if 7 8 requested by the victim's parents or legal guardian, the court 9 shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of the test 10 results. The court shall provide information on the 11 availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of 12 13 the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney 14 to provide the information to the victim when possible. A 15 State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results 16 of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is 17 18 relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the 19 20 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the 21 defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test 22 shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against 23 the convicted defendant.

10000SB1328ham001

(g-5) When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable
 disease, as determined by the Illinois Department of Public
 Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results

of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in camera if requested by the judge. Acting in accordance with the best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.

10000SB1328ham001

(h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under 8 9 Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the 10 defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether 11 the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired 12 13 immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided 14 by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly 15 confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing 16 and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the 17 judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the 18 19 best interests of the public, the judge shall have the 20 discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the 21 testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an infection with the human 22 23 immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall provide 24 information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling 25 at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to 26 whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct

10000SB1328ham001 -218- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to 2 obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this 3 4 Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the 5 State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a 6 charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 7 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost 8 9 of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as 10 costs against the convicted defendant.

(i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

(i) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 18 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 19 20 11-11, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 21 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-30, 11-40, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 22 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 23 24 Code of 2012, any violation of the Illinois Controlled 25 Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or 26 any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community

10000SB1328ham001 -219- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 2 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois 3 Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine 4 5 Control and Community Protection Act of a defendant, the court 6 shall determine whether the defendant is employed by a facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public 7 8 or private elementary or secondary school, or otherwise works 9 with children under 18 years of age on a daily basis. When a 10 defendant is so employed, the court shall order the Clerk of 11 the Court to send a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to the defendant's employer by 12 13 certified mail. If the employer of the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court shall direct the mailing of a copy of 14 15 the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation 16 to the appropriate regional superintendent of schools. The regional superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board 17 of Education of any notification under this subsection. 18

(j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted 19 20 of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a 21 misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of 22 imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall as 23 a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to 24 attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant 25 for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school 26 diploma or to work toward passing high school equivalency

10000SB1328ham001 -220- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 testing or to work toward completing a vocational training program offered by the Department of Corrections. 2 Τf а defendant fails to complete the educational training required 3 4 by his or her sentence during the term of incarceration, the 5 Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory 6 supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high school 7 8 diploma or passage of high school equivalency testing. The Prisoner Review Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised 9 10 release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this 11 subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release 12 13 term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the 14 15 educational training shall not be deemed a wilful failure to 16 comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under 17 this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section 3-3-9. This 18 subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who has a high 19 20 school diploma or has successfully passed high school 21 equivalency testing. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a 22 defendant who is determined by the court to be a person with a 23 developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of 24 completing the educational or vocational program.

25 (k) (Blank).

26

(1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection

10000SB1328ham001 -221- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

(1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any felony or misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent to be deported when:

8 (1) a final order of deportation has been issued 9 against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the 10 Immigration and Nationality Act, and

11 (2) the deportation of the defendant would not 12 deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and 13 would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.

14 Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in 15 this Chapter V.

16 (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation 17 under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of 18 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the 19 20 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the 21 court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to suspend the 22 sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the custody of the 23 Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated 24 agent when:

(1) a final order of deportation has been issued
 against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the

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Immigration and Nationality Act, and

10000SB1328ham001

(2) the deportation of the defendant would not
deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and
would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.

5 (C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who are 6 subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of 7 Section 3-6-3.

8 (D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant 9 sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the 10 United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the 11 custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before 12 the sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was 13 available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of 14 initial 15 sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible 16 for additional sentence credit for good conduct as provided under Section 3-6-3. 17

(m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, in which the property damage exceeds \$300 and the property damaged is a school building, shall be ordered to perform community service that may include cleanup, removal, or painting over the defacement.

(n) The court may sentence a person convicted of a
violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, 16-1.3, or 17-56, or
subsection (a) or (b) of Section 12-4.4a, of the Criminal Code

10000SB1328ham001 -223- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (i) to an impact incarceration program if the person is otherwise eligible for that program under Section 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service, or (iii) if the person is an addict or alcoholic, as defined in the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, to a substance or alcohol abuse program licensed under that Act.

(o) Whenever a person is convicted of a sex offense as
defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, the
defendant's driver's license or permit shall be subject to
renewal on an annual basis in accordance with the provisions of
license renewal established by the Secretary of State.
(Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;

13 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-885, eff. 8-23-16.)

- 14 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 99-938)
- 15 Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.
- 16 (a) (Blank).
- 17 (b) (Blank).
- 18 (c) (1) (Blank).

(2) A period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment or conditional discharge shall not be imposed for the following offenses. The court shall sentence the offender to not less than the minimum term of imprisonment set forth in this Code for the following offenses, and may order a fine or restitution or both in conjunction with such term of imprisonment:

25 (A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not

imposed. 1 2 (B) Attempted first degree murder. 3 (C) A Class X felony. (D) A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the Illinois 4 5 Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of subdivision (c) (1.5) of Section 401 of that Act which relates to more 6 7 than 5 grams of a substance containing fentanyl or an 8 analog thereof. 9 (D-5) A violation of subdivision (c)(1) of Section 401 10 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act which relates to 11 3 or more grams of a substance containing heroin or an 12 analog thereof. 13 (E) (Blank). 14 (F) A Class 1 or greater felony if the offender had 15 been convicted of a Class 1 or greater felony, including 16 any state or federal conviction for an offense that 17 contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after 18 19 the prior Class 1 or greater felony) classified as a Class 20 1 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed the offense for which he or she is 21 22 being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 23 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency 24 Act.

25 (F-3) A Class 2 or greater felony sex offense or felony
 26 firearm offense if the offender had been convicted of a

10000SB1328ham001

Class 2 or greater felony, including any state or federal 1 conviction for an offense that contained, at the time it 2 3 was committed, the same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after the prior Class 2 or 4 5 greater felony) classified as a Class 2 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed 6 7 the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except 8 as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism 9 and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.

(F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or 24-1.6 of
the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 for
which imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.

(G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided
in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and
Dependency Act.

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(H) Criminal sexual assault.

(I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen as described
in Section 12-4.6 or subdivision (a) (4) of Section 12-3.05
of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to the
 activities of an organized gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or more persons, with an established hierarchy, that encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this
paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it
in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus
Prevention Act.

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(K) Vehicular hijacking.

7 (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense 8 of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the 9 hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony 10 mob action.

(M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense
of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property
exceeds \$300.

14 (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of
15 subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners
16 Identification Card Act.

17 (O) A violation of Section 12-6.1 or 12-6.5 of the
18 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5),
or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal
Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(Q) A violation of subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section
20-1, Section 20-1.2, or Section 20-1.3 of the Criminal
Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal Code
of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(T) (Blank).

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(U) A second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.

10 (V) A violation of paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Section 11-20.1B or paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of 11 12 Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or paragraph 13 (6) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal 14 Code of 2012 when the victim is under 13 years of age and 15 the defendant has previously been convicted under the laws of this State or any other state of the offense of child 16 17 pornography, aggravated child pornography, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual assault, 18 19 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or any of the 20 offenses formerly known as rape, deviate sexual assault, 21 indecent liberties with a child, or aggravated indecent 22 liberties with a child where the victim was under the age 23 of 18 years or an offense that is substantially equivalent 24 to those offenses.

(W) A violation of Section 24-3.5 of the Criminal Code
of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

1 (X) A violation of subsection (a) of Section 31-1a of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. 2 (Y) A conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm 3 4 by a street gang member when the firearm was loaded or 5 contained firearm ammunition. (Z) A Class 1 felony committed while he or she was 6 7 serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a 8 felony. 9 (AA) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and not 10 exceeding \$1,000,000 in value. 11 (BB) Laundering of criminally derived property of a value exceeding \$500,000. 12 13 (CC) Knowingly selling, offering for sale, holding for 14 sale, or using 2,000 or more counterfeit items or 15 counterfeit items having a retail value in the aggregate of 16 \$500,000 or more.

17 (DD) A conviction for aggravated assault under 18 paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Section 12-2 of the 19 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the 20 firearm is aimed toward the person against whom the firearm 21 is being used.

(EE) A conviction for a violation of paragraph (2) of
 subsection (a) of Section 24-3B of the Criminal Code of
 2012.

25 (3) (Blank).

26 (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10

-229- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

10000SB1328ham001

1 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be 2 imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of 3 the Illinois Vehicle Code.

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(4.1) (Blank).

5 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.3) and (4.8) of 6 this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community 7 service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section 8 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

9 (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 10 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall 11 be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section 12 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

13 (4.4) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.5), (4.6), and 14 (4.9) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the 16 court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent violation of 17 Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

18 (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be 19 imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section 20 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(4.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.10) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

25 (4.7) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30
26 consecutive days, or 300 hours of community service, shall be

imposed for a violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (b-5) of that Section.

4 (4.8) A mandatory prison sentence shall be imposed for a
5 second violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the
6 Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (c-5) of that
7 Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for a
8 period of not less than 5 years from the date of his or her
9 release from prison.

10 (4.9) A mandatory prison sentence of not less than 4 and 11 not more than 15 years shall be imposed for a third violation 12 of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle 13 Code, as provided in subsection (d-2.5) of that Section. The 14 person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder 15 of his or her life.

(4.10) A mandatory prison sentence for a Class 1 felony shall be imposed, and the person shall be eligible for an extended term sentence, for a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (d-3.5) of that Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or her life.

(5) The court may sentence a corporation or unincorporated
 association convicted of any offense to:

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(A) a period of conditional discharge;

(B) a fine;

(C) make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6
 of this Code.

3 (5.1) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and 4 except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person 5 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the 6 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 7 permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not 8 more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the 9 property of another person.

10 (5.2) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and 11 except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of 12 violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois 13 Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or 14 privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 2 15 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another person.

16 (5.3) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person 17 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the 18 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, 19 permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation 20 resulted in the death of another person.

(5.4) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 3 months and until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.

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(5.5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person

10000SB1328ham001 -232- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code during a period in which his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation of that Section shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for an additional 6 months after the expiration of the original 3-month suspension and until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.

- 8 (6) (Blank).
- 9 (7) (Blank).
- 10 (8) (Blank).

(9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment.

14 (10) (Blank).

15 (11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a 16 first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision for battery 17 when the individual harmed was a sports official or coach at 18 19 any level of competition and the act causing harm to the sports 20 official or coach occurred within an athletic facility or 21 within the immediate vicinity of the athletic facility at which 22 the sports official or coach was an active participant of the 23 athletic contest held at the athletic facility. For the 24 purposes of this paragraph (11), "sports official" means a 25 person at an athletic contest who enforces the rules of the 26 contest, such as an umpire or referee; "athletic facility"

1 means an indoor or outdoor playing field or recreational area 2 where sports activities are conducted; and "coach" means a 3 person recognized as a coach by the sanctioning authority that 4 conducted the sporting event.

5 (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court 6 supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat 7 Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously 8 received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of 9 that Section.

10 (13) A person convicted of or placed on court supervision 11 for an assault or aggravated assault when the victim and the offender are family or household members as defined in Section 12 13 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or convicted 14 of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery may be 15 required to attend a Partner Abuse Intervention Program under 16 protocols set forth by the Illinois Department of Human Services under such terms and conditions imposed by the court. 17 18 The costs of such classes shall be paid by the offender.

(d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is 19 20 vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The 21 trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of the 22 Unified Code of Corrections which may include evidence of the 23 defendant's life, moral character and occupation during the 24 time since the original sentence was passed. The trial court 25 shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The trial court 26 may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the 10000SB1328ham001 -234- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on 2 collateral attack due to the failure of the trier of fact at 3 4 trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a 5 fact (other than a prior conviction) necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond the statutory maximum 6 7 otherwise applicable, either the defendant may be re-sentenced 8 to a term within the range otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its intention to again seek the extended 9 10 sentence, the defendant shall be afforded a new trial.

11 (e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal 12 sexual abuse under Section 11-1.60 or 12-16 of the Criminal 13 Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 results in conviction 14 of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the 15 time of the commission of the offense, the court shall consider 16 the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence 17 of probation only where:

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(1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are appropriate:

(A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court
approved counseling program for a minimum duration of 2
years; or

(B) the defendant is willing to participate in a
 court approved plan including but not limited to the
 defendant's:

25 (i) removal from the household;

(ii) restricted contact with the victim;

(iii) continued financial support of the 1 2 familv; (iv) restitution for harm done to the victim; 3 4 and 5 (v) compliance with any other measures that 6 the court may deem appropriate; and (2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the 7 victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court 8 9 finds, after considering the defendant's income and 10 assets, that the defendant is financially capable of paying 11 for such services, if the victim was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed and requires 12 13 counseling as a result of the offense. 14 Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section

15 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that 16 the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation 17 restricting contact with the victim or other family members or 18 commits another offense with the victim or other family 19 members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and 20 impose a term of imprisonment.

For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 11-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

24 (f) (Blank).

25 (g) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under
26 Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-14,

1 11-14.3, 11-14.4 except for an offense that involves keeping a place of juvenile prostitution, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 2 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 3 12-14, 4 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 5 Criminal Code of 2012, the defendant shall undergo medical 6 testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually transmissible disease, including a test for infection with 7 8 human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified 9 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). 10 Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately 11 licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's 12 13 person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical 14 15 personnel involved in the testing and must be personally 16 delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in 17 camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the 18 victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to 19 20 determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test 21 22 results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested by 23 the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if 24 requested by the victim's parents or legal guardian, the court 25 shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of the test 26 results. The court shall provide information on the

10000SB1328ham001 -237- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of 2 3 the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney 4 to provide the information to the victim when possible. A 5 State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court 6 shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is 7 8 relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal 9 transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the 10 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the 11 defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against 12 13 the convicted defendant.

(q-5) When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable 14 15 disease, as determined by the Illinois Department of Public 16 Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his 17 18 or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in 19 20 camera if requested by the judge. Acting in accordance with the 21 best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have 22 the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be 23 taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.

(h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under
Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the
defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether

1 the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired 2 3 immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided 4 by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly 5 confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the 6 judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the 7 judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the 8 9 best interests of the public, the judge shall have the 10 discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the 11 testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an infection with the human 12 13 immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall provide 14 information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling 15 at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to 16 whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim 17 18 when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this 19 20 Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the 21 State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 22 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 23 24 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost 25 of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as 26 costs against the convicted defendant.

10000SB1328ham001

1 (i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois 2 Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and 3 4 any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a 5 similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and 6 disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts 7 8 Act.

10000SB1328ham001

9 (j) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 10 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 11-11, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 12 13 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-30, 11-40, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 14 15 Code of 2012, any violation of the Illinois Controlled 16 Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 17 Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court 18 supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 19 20 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois 21 Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act of a defendant, the court 22 23 shall determine whether the defendant is employed by a facility 24 or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public 25 or private elementary or secondary school, or otherwise works 26 with children under 18 years of age on a daily basis. When a

10000SB1328ham001 -240- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 defendant is so employed, the court shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of the judgment of conviction or order 2 3 of supervision or probation to the defendant's employer by 4 certified mail. If the employer of the defendant is a school, 5 the Clerk of the Court shall direct the mailing of a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation 6 to the appropriate regional superintendent of schools. The 7 8 regional superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board 9 of Education of any notification under this subsection.

10 (j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted 11 of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of 12 13 imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall as 14 a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to 15 attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant 16 for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing high school equivalency 17 testing or to work toward completing a vocational training 18 19 program offered by the Department of Corrections. If a 20 defendant fails to complete the educational training required by his or her sentence during the term of incarceration, the 21 Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory 22 23 supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own 24 expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high school 25 diploma or passage of high school equivalency testing. The Prisoner Review Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised 26

10000SB1328ham001 -241- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this 2 subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a 3 penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release 4 term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a 5 good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the 6 educational training shall not be deemed a wilful failure to comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the defendant 7 8 whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under 9 this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section 3-3-9. This 10 subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who has a high 11 school diploma has successfully passed high school or equivalency testing. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a 12 13 defendant who is determined by the court to be a person with a developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of 14 15 completing the educational or vocational program.

16

(k) (Blank).

(1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection 17 (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by the 18 Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any felony or 19 20 misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in 21 22 abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the 23 Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated 24 agent to be deported when:

(1) a final order of deportation has been issued
 against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the

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Immigration and Nationality Act, and

(2) the deportation of the defendant would not
deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and
would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.

5 Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in6 this Chapter V.

7 (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a 8 felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation 9 under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of 10 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the 11 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to suspend the 12 13 sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the custody of the 14 Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated 15 agent when:

16 (1) a final order of deportation has been issued
17 against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the
18 Immigration and Nationality Act, and

19 (2) the deportation of the defendant would not 20 deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and 21 would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.

(C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who are
subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of
Section 3-6-3.

(D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant
 sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the

10000SB1328ham001 -243- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. 2 3 Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before the 4 sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was 5 available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of initial sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible 6 for additional earned sentence credit as provided under Section 7 8 3-6-3.

9 (m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property 10 under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 11 Criminal Code of 2012, in which the property damage exceeds 12 \$300 and the property damaged is a school building, shall be 13 ordered to perform community service that may include cleanup, 14 removal, or painting over the defacement.

15 (n) The court may sentence a person convicted of a violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, 16-1.3, or 17-56, or 16 subsection (a) or (b) of Section 12-4.4a, of the Criminal Code 17 of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (i) to an impact 18 incarceration program if the person is otherwise eligible for 19 20 that program under Section 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service, 21 or (iii) if the person is an addict or alcoholic, as defined in 22 the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, to a 23 substance or alcohol abuse program licensed under that Act.

(o) Whenever a person is convicted of a sex offense as
 defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, the
 defendant's driver's license or permit shall be subject to

renewal on an annual basis in accordance with the provisions of
 license renewal established by the Secretary of State.

3 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 4 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-885, eff. 8-23-16; 99-938, eff. 5 1-1-18.)

6 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-6) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-6)

Sec. 5-5-6. In all convictions for offenses in violation of 7 8 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or of 9 Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code in which the person 10 received any injury to his or her person or damage to his or her real or personal property as a result of the criminal act 11 12 of the defendant, the court shall order restitution as provided 13 in this Section. In all other cases, except cases in which 14 restitution is required under this Section, the court must at 15 the sentence hearing determine whether restitution is an appropriate sentence to be imposed on each defendant convicted 16 of an offense. If the court determines that an order directing 17 the offender to make restitution is appropriate, the offender 18 19 may be sentenced to make restitution. The court may consider 20 restitution an appropriate sentence to be imposed on each defendant convicted of an offense in addition to a sentence of 21 22 imprisonment. The sentence of the defendant to a term of 23 imprisonment is not a mitigating factor that prevents the court 24 from ordering the defendant to pay restitution. If the offender 25 is sentenced to make restitution the Court shall determine the

10000SB1328ham001

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restitution as hereinafter set forth:

2 (a) At the sentence hearing, the court shall determine 3 whether the property may be restored in kind to the possession of the owner or the person entitled to 4 possession thereof; or whether the defendant is possessed 5 of sufficient skill to repair and restore property damaged; 6 7 or whether the defendant should be required to make 8 restitution in cash, for out-of-pocket expenses, damages, 9 losses, or injuries found to have been proximately caused 10 by the conduct of the defendant or another for whom the defendant is legally accountable under the provisions of 11 Article 5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code 12 13 of 2012.

14 (b) In fixing the amount of restitution to be paid in 15 cash, the court shall allow credit for property returned in kind, for property damages ordered to be repaired by the 16 17 defendant, and for property ordered to be restored by the defendant; and after granting the credit, the court shall 18 19 assess the actual out-of-pocket expenses, losses, damages, 20 and injuries suffered by the victim named in the charge and 21 any other victims who may also have suffered out-of-pocket 22 expenses, losses, damages, and injuries proximately caused 23 by the same criminal conduct of the defendant, and 24 insurance carriers who have indemnified the named victim or 25 other victims for the out-of-pocket expenses, losses, 26 damages, or injuries, provided that in no event shall

-246- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

restitution be ordered to be paid on account of pain and 1 suffering. When a victim's out-of-pocket expenses have 2 3 been paid pursuant to the Crime Victims Compensation Act, the court shall order restitution be paid to 4 the 5 If a compensation program. defendant is placed on supervision for, or convicted of, domestic battery, the 6 defendant shall be required to pay restitution to any 7 8 domestic violence shelter in which the victim and any other 9 family or household members lived because of the domestic 10 battery. The amount of the restitution shall equal the actual expenses of the domestic violence shelter in 11 12 providing housing and any other services for the victim and 13 any other family or household members living at the 14 shelter. If a defendant fails to pay restitution in the 15 manner or within the time period specified by the court, the court may enter an order directing the sheriff to seize 16 17 any real or personal property of a defendant to the extent 18 necessary to satisfy the order of restitution and dispose 19 of the property by public sale. All proceeds from such sale in excess of the amount of restitution plus court costs and 20 21 the costs of the sheriff in conducting the sale shall be 22 paid to the defendant. The defendant convicted of domestic 23 battery, if a person under 18 years of age was present and 24 witnessed the domestic battery of the victim, is liable to 25 pay restitution for the cost of any counseling required for 26 the child at the discretion of the court.

10000SB1328ham001

In cases where more than one defendant is 1 (C) accountable for the same criminal conduct that results in 2 3 out-of-pocket expenses, losses, damages, or injuries, each defendant shall be ordered to pay restitution in the amount 4 of the total actual out-of-pocket expenses, losses, 5 damages, or injuries to the victim proximately caused by 6 the conduct of all of the defendants who are legally 7 8 accountable for the offense.

10000SB1328ham001

9 (1) In no event shall the victim be entitled to 10 recover restitution in excess of the actual 11 out-of-pocket expenses, losses, damages, or injuries, 12 proximately caused by the conduct of all of the 13 defendants.

14 (2) As between the defendants, the court may
15 apportion the restitution that is payable in
16 proportion to each co-defendant's culpability in the
17 commission of the offense.

18 (3) In the absence of a specific order apportioning
19 the restitution, each defendant shall bear his pro rata
20 share of the restitution.

(4) As between the defendants, each defendant shall be entitled to a pro rata reduction in the total restitution required to be paid to the victim for amounts of restitution actually paid by co-defendants, and defendants who shall have paid more than their pro rata share shall be entitled to refunds to be computed by the court as additional amounts are paid by
 co-defendants.

(d) In instances where a defendant has more than one 3 criminal charge pending against him in a single case, or 4 more than one case, and the defendant stands convicted of 5 6 one or more charges, a plea agreement negotiated by the 7 State's Attorney and the defendants may require the 8 defendant to make restitution to victims of charges that 9 have been dismissed or which it is contemplated will be 10 dismissed under the terms of the plea agreement, and under the agreement, the court may impose a sentence of 11 12 restitution on the charge or charges of which the defendant 13 has been convicted that would require the defendant to make 14 restitution to victims of other offenses as provided in the 15 plea agreement.

(e) The court may require the defendant to apply the
balance of the cash bond, after payment of court costs, and
any fine that may be imposed to the payment of restitution.

19 (f) Taking into consideration the ability of the 20 defendant to pay, including any real or personal property 21 or any other assets of the defendant, the court shall 22 determine whether restitution shall be paid in a single 23 payment or in installments, and shall fix a period of time 24 not in excess of 5 years, except for violations of Sections 25 16-1.3 and 17-56 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 26 Criminal Code of 2012, or the period of time specified in

10000SB1328ham001

subsection (f-1), not including periods of incarceration, 1 within which payment of restitution is to be paid in full. 2 3 Complete restitution shall be paid in as short a time period as possible. However, if the court deems it 4 5 necessary and in the best interest of the victim, the court may extend beyond 5 years the period of time within which 6 7 the payment of restitution is to be paid. If the defendant 8 is ordered to pay restitution and the court orders that restitution is to be paid over a period greater than 6 9 10 months, the court shall order that the defendant make monthly payments; the court may waive this requirement of 11 monthly payments only if there is a specific finding of 12 13 good cause for waiver.

14 (f-1) (1) In addition to any other penalty prescribed by 15 law and any restitution ordered under this Section that did not include long-term physical health care costs, the court 16 17 may, upon conviction of any misdemeanor or felony, order a 18 defendant to pay restitution to a victim in accordance with 19 the provisions of this subsection (f-1) if the victim has 20 suffered physical injury as a result of the offense that is 21 reasonably probable to require or has required long-term 22 physical health care for more than 3 months. As used in 23 this subsection (f-1) "long-term physical health care" includes mental health care. 24

(2) The victim's estimate of long-term physical health
 care costs may be made as part of a victim impact statement

-250- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

under Section 6 of the Rights of Crime Victims and 1 Witnesses Act or made separately. The court shall enter the 2 3 long-term physical health care restitution order at the time of sentencing. An order of restitution made under this 4 5 subsection (f-1) shall fix a monthly amount to be paid by the defendant for as long as long-term physical health care 6 7 of the victim is required as a result of the offense. The 8 order may exceed the length of any sentence imposed upon 9 the defendant for the criminal activity. The court shall 10 include as a special finding in the judgment of conviction its determination of the monthly cost of long-term physical 11 health care. 12

10000SB1328ham001

13 (3) After a sentencing order has been entered, the 14 court may from time to time, on the petition of either the 15 defendant or the victim, or upon its own motion, enter an order for restitution for long-term physical care or modify 16 17 the existing order for restitution for long-term physical care as to the amount of monthly payments. Any modification 18 19 of the order shall be based only upon a substantial change 20 of circumstances relating to the cost of long-term physical health care or the financial condition of either the 21 22 defendant or the victim. The petition shall be filed as 23 part of the original criminal docket.

24(g) In addition to the sentences provided for in25Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60,2611-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 12-13, 12-14,

-251- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

10000SB1328ham001

12-14.1, 12-15, and 12-16, and subdivision (a)(4) of 1 Section 11-14.4, of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 2 3 Criminal Code of 2012, the court may order any person who is convicted of violating any of those Sections or who was 4 5 charged with any of those offenses and which charge was reduced to another charge as a result of a plea agreement 6 under subsection (d) of this Section to meet all or any 7 8 portion of the financial obligations of treatment, 9 including but not limited to medical, psychiatric, or 10 rehabilitative treatment or psychological counseling, prescribed for the victim or victims of the offense. 11

12 The payments shall be made by the defendant to the 13 clerk of the circuit court and transmitted by the clerk to 14 the appropriate person or agency as directed by the court. 15 Except as otherwise provided in subsection (f-1), the order 16 may require such payments to be made for a period not to 17 exceed 5 years after sentencing, not including periods of 18 incarceration.

(h) The judge may enter an order of withholding to
collect the amount of restitution owed in accordance with
Part 8 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(i) A sentence of restitution may be modified or
revoked by the court if the offender commits another
offense, or the offender fails to make restitution as
ordered by the court, but no sentence to make restitution
shall be revoked unless the court shall find that the

10000SB1328ham001

offender has had the financial ability to make restitution, 1 and he has wilfully refused to do so. When the offender's 2 3 ability to pay restitution was established at the time an order of restitution was entered or modified, or when the 4 5 offender's ability to pay was based on the offender's willingness to make restitution as part of a plea agreement 6 made at the time the order of restitution was entered or 7 8 modified, there is a rebuttable presumption that the facts 9 and circumstances considered by the court at the hearing at 10 which the order of restitution was entered or modified regarding the offender's ability or willingness to pay 11 12 restitution have not materially changed. If the court shall 13 find that the defendant has failed to make restitution and 14 that the failure is not wilful, the court may impose an 15 additional period of time within which to make restitution. The length of the additional period shall not be more than 16 2 years. The court shall retain all of the incidents of the 17 original sentence, including the authority to modify or 18 19 enlarge the conditions, and to revoke or further modify the 20 sentence if the conditions of payment are violated during 21 the additional period.

(j) The procedure upon the filing of a Petition to
Revoke a sentence to make restitution shall be the same as
the procedures set forth in Section 5-6-4 of this Code
governing violation, modification, or revocation of
Probation, of Conditional Discharge, or of Supervision.

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(k) Nothing contained in this Section shall preclude the right of any party to proceed in a civil action to 2 3 recover for any damages incurred due to the criminal misconduct of the defendant. 4 5 (1) Restitution ordered under this Section shall not be subject to disbursement by the circuit clerk under the 6 Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act Section 27.5 of the 7 8 Clerks of Courts Act. 9 (m) A restitution order under this Section is a 10 judgment lien in favor of the victim that: 11 (1) Attaches to the property of the person subject to the order: 12 13 (2) May be perfected in the same manner as provided 14 in Part 3 of Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code; 15 (3) May be enforced to satisfy any payment that is 16 delinquent under the restitution order by the person in whose favor the order is issued or the person's 17 assignee; and 18 19 (4) Expires in the same manner as a judgment lien created in a civil proceeding. 20 21 When a restitution order is issued under this Section, 22 the issuing court shall send a certified copy of the order 23 to the clerk of the circuit court in the county where the 24 charge was filed. Upon receiving the order, the clerk shall 25 enter and index the order in the circuit court judgment 26 docket.

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1 (n) An order of restitution under this Section does not bar a civil action for: 2 (1) Damages that the court did not require the 3 4 person to pay to the victim under the restitution order 5 but arise from an injury or property damages that is the basis of restitution ordered by the court; and 6 (2) Other damages suffered by the victim. 7 8 The restitution order is not discharged by the completion 9 of the sentence imposed for the offense. 10 A restitution order under this Section is not discharged by 11 the liquidation of a person's estate by a receiver. A restitution order under this Section may be enforced in the 12 13 same manner as judgment liens are enforced under Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure. 14

15 The provisions of Section 2-1303 of the Code of Civil 16 Procedure, providing for interest on judgments, apply to 17 judgments for restitution entered under this Section.

18 (Source: P.A. 96-290, eff. 8-11-09; 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 19 97-482, eff. 1-1-12; 97-817, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 20 1-25-13.)

22 Sec. 5-6-1. Sentences of Probation and of Conditional 23 Discharge and Disposition of Supervision. The General Assembly 24 finds that in order to protect the public, the criminal justice 25 system must compel compliance with the conditions of probation

(730 ILCS 5/5-6-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-1)

by responding to violations with swift, certain and fair punishments and intermediate sanctions. The Chief Judge of each circuit shall adopt a system of structured, intermediate sanctions for violations of the terms and conditions of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or disposition of supervision.

7 (a) Except where specifically prohibited by other 8 provisions of this Code, the court shall impose a sentence of 9 probation or conditional discharge upon an offender unless, 10 having regard to the nature and circumstance of the offense, 11 and to the history, character and condition of the offender, 12 the court is of the opinion that:

13 (1) his imprisonment or periodic imprisonment is
14 necessary for the protection of the public; or

(2) probation or conditional discharge would deprecate
the seriousness of the offender's conduct and would be
inconsistent with the ends of justice; or

(3) a combination of imprisonment with concurrent or
consecutive probation when an offender has been admitted
into a drug court program under Section 20 of the Drug
Court Treatment Act is necessary for the protection of the
public and for the rehabilitation of the offender.

The court shall impose as a condition of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, that the probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of the
 sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision,
 subject to the provisions of Section 5-6-4 of this Act.

10000SB1328ham001

4 (b) The court may impose a sentence of conditional 5 discharge for an offense if the court is of the opinion that 6 neither a sentence of imprisonment nor of periodic imprisonment 7 nor of probation supervision is appropriate.

8 (b-1) Subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply 9 to a defendant charged with a misdemeanor or felony under the 10 Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the 11 defendant within the past 12 months has been convicted of or 12 pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois 13 Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the 14 15 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

16 (c) The court may, upon a plea of quilty or a stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the charge or a 17 finding of guilt, defer further proceedings and the imposition 18 of a sentence, and enter an order for supervision of the 19 20 defendant, if the defendant is not charged with: (i) a Class A misdemeanor, as defined by the following provisions of the 21 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012: Sections 22 11-9.1; 12-3.2; 11-1.50 or 12-15; 26-5 or 48-1; 31-1; 31-6; 23 24 31-7; paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of Section 21-1; 25 paragraph (1) through (5), (8), (10), and (11) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1; (ii) a Class A misdemeanor violation of 26

-257- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

10000SB1328ham001

Section 3.01, 3.03-1, or 4.01 of the Humane Care for Animals Act; or (iii) a felony. If the defendant is not barred from receiving an order for supervision as provided in this subsection, the court may enter an order for supervision after considering the circumstances of the offense, and the history, character and condition of the offender, if the court is of the opinion that:

8 (1) the offender is not likely to commit further 9 crimes;

10 (2) the defendant and the public would be best served
11 if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and

12 (3) in the best interests of justice an order of 13 supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise 14 permitted under this Code.

15 (c-5) Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Section do not 16 apply to a defendant charged with a second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code 17 committed while his or her driver's license, permit or 18 privileges were revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 19 20 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar 21 provision of a law of another state. 22

(d) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the defendant has previously been: 1 (1) convicted for a violation of Section 11-501 of the 2 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local 3 ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; 4 or

5 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 6 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision 7 of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of 8 another state; or

9 (3) pleaded guilty to or stipulated to the facts 10 supporting a charge or a finding of guilty to a violation 11 of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar 12 provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or 13 ordinance of another state, and the plea or stipulation was 14 the result of a plea agreement.

15 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting 16 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 17 Section.

(e) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
defendant charged with violating Section 16-25 or 16A-3 of the
Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if said
defendant has within the last 5 years been:

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(1) convicted for a violation of Section 16-25 or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; or

(2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section
 16-25 or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal

10000SB1328ham001 -259- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Code of 2012.

2 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting 3 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 4 Section.

5 (f) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 6 defendant charged with violating Sections 15-111, 15-112, 7 15-301, paragraph (b) of Section 6-104, Section 11-605, 8 paragraph (d-5) of Section 11-605.1, Section 11-1002.5, or 9 Section 11-1414 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar 10 provision of a local ordinance.

(g) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i) of this Section, the provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has within the last 5 years been:

(1) convicted for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708,
3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar
provision of a local ordinance; or

(2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section
3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle
Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

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(h) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a

1 defendant under the age of 21 years charged with violating a 2 serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the 3 Illinois Vehicle Code:

4 (1) unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines, 5 penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by 6 the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief 7 8 Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for 9 payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused 10 fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or 11 before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction 12 13 entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating 14 to pleas of quilty do not apply in cases when a defendant 15 enters a quilty plea under this provision; or

16 (2) if the defendant has previously been sentenced
17 under the provisions of paragraph (c) on or after January
18 1, 1998 for any serious traffic offense as defined in
19 Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(h-1) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant under the age of 21 years charged with an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines, penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program 10000SB1328ham001 -261- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 approved by the court under standards set by the Conference of 2 Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused 3 4 fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or 5 before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. 6 The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of 7 8 quilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a quilty 9 plea under this provision.

10 (i) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 11 defendant charged with violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois 12 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the 13 defendant has been assigned supervision for a violation of 14 Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar 15 provision of a local ordinance.

16 (j) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois 17 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when 18 the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 19 20 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a 21 violation of Section 11-501.1 or paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of the Illinois Vehicle Code if the defendant has within 22 23 the last 10 years been:

(1) convicted for a violation of Section 6-303 of the
 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local
 ordinance; or

(2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section
 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision
 of a local ordinance.

4 (k) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 5 defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance that 6 governs the movement of vehicles if, within the 12 months 7 8 preceding the date of the defendant's arrest, the defendant has 9 been assigned court supervision on 2 occasions for a violation 10 that governs the movement of vehicles under the Illinois 11 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The provisions of this paragraph (k) do not apply to a defendant 12 13 charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. 14

15 (Blank). A defendant charged with violating any (1) provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision 16 17 of a local ordinance who receives a disposition of supervision under subsection (c) shall pay an additional fee of \$29, to be 18 collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks 19 20 of Courts Act. In addition to the \$29 fee, the person shall 21 also pay a fee of \$6, which, if not waived by the court, shall be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the 22 Clerks of Courts Act. The \$29 fee shall be disbursed as 23 provided in Section 16-104c of the Illinois Vehicle Code. If 24 25 the \$6 fee is collected, \$5.50 of the fee shall be deposited 26 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund 1 created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and 50 cents of the
2 fee shall be deposited into the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle
3 and Equipment Fund in the State treasury.

(m) <u>(Blank).</u> Any person convicted of, pleading guilty to,
or placed on supervision for a serious traffic violation, as
defined in Section 1 187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a
violation of Section 11 501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a
violation of a similar provision of a local ordinance shall pay
an additional fee of \$35, to be disbursed as provided in
Section 16-104d of that Code.

11

This subsection (m) becomes inoperative on January 1, 2020.

12 (n) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to any person under the age of 18 who commits an offense against 13 traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any 14 15 violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the Illinois 16 Vehicle Code, except upon personal appearance of the defendant in court and upon the written consent of the defendant's parent 17 18 or legal guardian, executed before the presiding judge. The presiding judge shall have the authority to waive this 19 20 requirement upon the showing of good cause by the defendant.

(o) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois
Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when
the suspension was for a violation of Section 11-501.1 of the
Illinois Vehicle Code and when:

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(1) at the time of the violation of Section 11-501.1 of

the Illinois Vehicle Code, the defendant was a first offender pursuant to Section 11-500 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and the defendant failed to obtain a monitoring device driving permit; or

5 (2) at the time of the violation of Section 11-501.1 of 6 the Illinois Vehicle Code, the defendant was a first 7 offender pursuant to Section 11-500 of the Illinois Vehicle 8 Code, had subsequently obtained a monitoring device 9 driving permit, but was driving a vehicle not equipped with 10 a breath alcohol ignition interlock device as defined in 11 Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(p) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 11-601.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the defendant has previously been:

16 (1) convicted for a violation of Section 11-601.5 of 17 the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local 18 ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; 19 or

(2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section
11-601.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar
provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or
ordinance of another state.

(q) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
defendant charged with violating subsection (b) of Section
11-601 or Section 11-601.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code when

the defendant was operating a vehicle, in an urban district, at a speed that is 26 miles per hour or more in excess of the applicable maximum speed limit established under Chapter 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

5 (r) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois 6 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the 7 8 violation was the proximate cause of the death of another and the defendant's driving abstract contains a prior conviction or 9 10 disposition of court supervision for any violation of the 11 Illinois Vehicle Code, other than an equipment violation, or a suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the driver's 12 13 license.

(s) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
defendant charged with violating subsection (i) of Section 70
of the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

17 (Source: P.A. 98-169, eff. 1-1-14; 98-658, eff. 6-23-14; 18 98-899, eff. 8-15-14; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-212, eff. 19 1-1-16.)

20 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3)

Sec. 5-6-3. Conditions of Probation and of Conditional
 Discharge.

(a) The conditions of probation and of conditionaldischarge shall be that the person:

25 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any

1 jurisdiction;

2 (2) report to or appear in person before such person or
3 agency as directed by the court;

4 (3) refrain from possessing a firearm or other 5 dangerous weapon where the offense is a felony or, if a 6 misdemeanor, the offense involved the intentional or 7 knowing infliction of bodily harm or threat of bodily harm;

8 (4) not leave the State without the consent of the 9 court or, in circumstances in which the reason for the 10 absence is of such an emergency nature that prior consent by the court is not possible, without the prior 11 12 notification and approval of the person's probation 13 officer. Transfer of a person's probation or conditional 14 discharge supervision to another state is subject to 15 acceptance by the other state pursuant to the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision; 16

17 (5) permit the probation officer to visit him at his 18 home or elsewhere to the extent necessary to discharge his 19 duties;

20 (6) perform no less than 30 hours of community service 21 and not more than 120 hours of community service, if 22 community service is available in the jurisdiction and is 23 funded and approved by the county board where the offense 24 was committed, where the offense was related to or in 25 furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang 26 and was motivated by the offender's membership in or -267- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

allegiance to an organized gang. The community service 1 shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and 2 3 repair of any damage caused by a violation of Section 4 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 5 2012 and similar damage to property located within the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. 6 7 When possible and reasonable, the community service should 8 be performed in the offender's neighborhood. For purposes 9 of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed 10 to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism 11 Omnibus Prevention Act:

10000SB1328ham001

(7) if he or she is at least 17 years of age and has 12 13 been sentenced to probation or conditional discharge for a 14 misdemeanor or felony in a county of 3,000,000 or more 15 inhabitants and has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony, may be required by the sentencing 16 17 court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a 18 19 high school diploma or to work toward passing high school 20 equivalency testing or to work toward completing a vocational training program approved by the court. The 21 22 person on probation or conditional discharge must attend a 23 public institution of education to obtain the educational 24 or vocational training required by this clause (7). The 25 court shall revoke the probation or conditional discharge 26 of a person who wilfully fails to comply with this clause

(7). The person on probation or conditional discharge shall 1 be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses 2 3 or high school equivalency testing if a fee is charged for those courses or testing. The court shall resentence the 4 5 offender whose probation or conditional discharge has been revoked as provided in Section 5-6-4. This clause (7) does 6 7 not apply to a person who has a high school diploma or has 8 successfully passed high school equivalency testing. This 9 clause (7) does not apply to a person who is determined by 10 the court to be a person with a developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational 11 12 or vocational program;

13 if convicted of possession of a (8) substance 14 prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois 15 Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control 16 and Community Protection Act after a previous conviction or 17 disposition of supervision for possession of a substance 18 prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois 19 Controlled Substances Act or after a sentence of probation 20 under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 21 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of 22 the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act 23 and upon a finding by the court that the person is 24 addicted, undergo treatment at a substance abuse program 25 approved by the court;

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(8.5) if convicted of a felony sex offense as defined

in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the person shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment by a treatment provider approved by the Board and conducted in conformance with the standards developed under the Sex Offender Management Board Act;

(8.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the 6 7 Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at 8 the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or 9 10 apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has 11 12 been placed on supervision for a sex offense; the 13 provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person 14 convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of 15 Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders: 16

(8.7) if convicted for an offense committed on or after 17 June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that 18 19 would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as 20 defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from 21 1961 or the Criminal Code of 22 communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, 23 a person who is not related to the accused and whom the 24 accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; 25 for purposes of this paragraph (8.7), "Internet" has the 26 meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal

1 Code of 2012; and a person is not related to the accused if 2 the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of 3 the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a 4 first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child 5 or adopted child of the accused;

6 (8.8) if convicted for an offense under Section 11-6, 7 11-9.1, 11-14.4 that involves soliciting for a juvenile 8 prostitute, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 9 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, 10 or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed 11 on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 12 95-983):

(i) not access or use a computer or any other
device with Internet capability without the prior
written approval of the offender's probation officer,
except in connection with the offender's employment or
search for employment with the prior approval of the
offender's probation officer;

19 (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations 20 of the offender's computer or any other device with 21 Internet capability by the offender's probation 22 officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned 23 computer or information technology specialist, 24 including the retrieval and copying of all data from 25 the computer or device and any internal or external 26 peripherals and removal of such information,

1 equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough
2 inspection;

3 (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's 4 computer or device with Internet capability, at the 5 offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software 6 systems to monitor the Internet use; and

7 (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions
8 concerning the offender's use of or access to a
9 computer or any other device with Internet capability
10 imposed by the offender's probation officer;

11 (8.9) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the 12 Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 13 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-262), refrain 14 from accessing or using a social networking website as 15 defined in Section 17-0.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012;

16 (9) if convicted of a felony or of any misdemeanor violation of Section 12-1, 12-2, 12-3, 12-3.2, 12-3.4, or 17 12-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 18 19 2012 that was determined, pursuant to Section 112A-11.1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, to trigger the 20 prohibitions of 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(9), physically surrender 21 22 at a time and place designated by the court, his or her 23 Firearm Owner's Identification Card and any and all 24 firearms in his or her possession. The Court shall return 25 Department of State Police Firearm Owner's to the 26 Identification Card Office the person's Firearm Owner's

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Identification Card;

(10) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in 2 3 subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 4 5 years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving 6 children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy 7 8 or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa 9 Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as 10 a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter; 11

(11) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-362) that requires the person to register as a sex offender under that Act, may not knowingly use any computer scrub software on any computer that the sex offender uses; and

19 (12) if convicted of a violation of the Methamphetamine 20 Control and Community Protection Act, the Methamphetamine 21 Precursor Control Act, or a methamphetamine related 22 offense:

(A) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or
 having under his or her control any product containing
 pseudoephedrine unless prescribed by a physician; and
 (B) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or

having under his or her control any product containing 1 ammonium nitrate. 2 The Court may in addition to other reasonable 3 (b) 4 conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the 5 rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each defendant in the proper discretion of the Court require that 6 7 the person: 8 (1) serve a term of periodic imprisonment under Article 9 7 for a period not to exceed that specified in paragraph 10 (d) of Section 5-7-1; 11 (2) pay a fine and costs; (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational 12 13 training; (4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric 14 15 treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism; 16 (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of defendants on probation; 17 18 (6) support his dependents; 19 (7) and in addition, if a minor: 20 (i) reside with his parents or in a foster home; (ii) attend school; 21 22 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth; 23 (iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a 24 foster home; 25 (v) with the consent of the superintendent of the 26 facility, attend an educational program at a facility -274- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

10000SB1328ham001

1 other than the school in which the offense was 2 committed if he or she is convicted of a crime of 3 violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime Victims 4 Compensation Act committed in a school, on the real 5 property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of 6 the real property comprising a school;

7 (8) make restitution as provided in Section 5-5-6 of
8 this Code;

9 (9) perform some reasonable public or community 10 service;

(10) serve a term of home confinement. In addition to any other applicable condition of probation or conditional discharge, the conditions of home confinement shall be that the offender:

(i) remain within the interior premises of the
place designated for his confinement during the hours
designated by the court;

(ii) admit any person or agent designated by the court into the offender's place of confinement at any time for purposes of verifying the offender's compliance with the conditions of his confinement; and

(iii) if further deemed necessary by the court or the Probation or Court Services Department, be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, subject to Article 8A of Chapter V;

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(iv) for persons convicted of any alcohol,

cannabis or controlled substance violation who are 1 2 placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition 3 of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall 4 impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the 5 device, as established by the county board in of this Section, 6 subsection (q) unless after determining the inability of the offender to pay the 7 8 fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the 9 case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to 10 the fees imposed under subsections (q) and (i) of this 11 Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative 12 order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The 13 14 clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies 15 collected from this fee to the county treasurer for 16 deposit in the substance abuse services fund under 17 Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code, except as 18 provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. 19

The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of unpaid fees. 1

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The program shall not unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or damage to any device; and

(v) for persons convicted of offenses other than 6 7 those referenced in clause (iv) above and who are 8 placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition 9 of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall 10 impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the 11 device, as established by the county board in this 12 subsection (q) of Section, unless after 13 determining the inability of the defendant to pay the 14 fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the 15 case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to 16 the fees imposed under subsections (g) and (i) of this 17 Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the 18 circuit court, except as provided in an administrative 19 order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The 20 clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies 21 collected from this fee to the county treasurer who 22 shall use the monies collected to defray the costs of 23 corrections. The county treasurer shall deposit the 24 fee collected in the probation and court services fund. 25 The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may 26 administrative order establish a program for by

electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

8 The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend 9 any additional charges or fees for late payment, 10 interest, or damage to any device.

(11) (11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, as now or hereafter amended, or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory. A copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the probation officer or agency having responsibility for the case;

18 (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as 19 defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act 20 for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the 21 offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the 22 fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was 23 sentenced;

(13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to
exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the
offense for which the defendant was sentenced, (i) to a

I "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act, or (ii) for offenses under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources, to the fund established by the Department of Natural Resources for the purchase of evidence for investigation purposes and to conduct investigations as outlined in Section 805-105 of the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law;

8 (14)refrain from entering into а designated 9 geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds 10 appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the 11 purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a 12 13 probation officer, if the defendant has been placed on 14 probation or advance approval by the court, if the 15 defendant was placed on conditional discharge;

16 (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or 17 indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular 18 types of persons, including but not limited to members of 19 street gangs and drug users or dealers;

(16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;

(17) if convicted for an offense committed on or after 1 June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that 2 3 would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 4 5 or the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from 1961 communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, 6 a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused 7 8 reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for 9 purposes of this paragraph (17), "Internet" has the meaning 10 ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is related to the accused if the person 11 is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) 12 13 a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin 14 of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of 15 the accused;

16 (18) if convicted for an offense committed on or after 17 June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983) that 18 would qualify as a sex offense as defined in the Sex 19 Offender Registration Act:

(i) not access or use a computer or any other
device with Internet capability without the prior
written approval of the offender's probation officer,
except in connection with the offender's employment or
search for employment with the prior approval of the
offender's probation officer;

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(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations

-280- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

10000SB1328ham001

1 of the offender's computer or any other device with Internet capability by the offender's probation 2 officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned 3 4 computer or information technology specialist, 5 including the retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or device and any internal or external 6 7 peripherals and removal of such information, 8 equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough 9 inspection;

10 (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's 11 computer or device with Internet capability, at the 12 subject's expense, of one or more hardware or software 13 systems to monitor the Internet use; and

14 (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions 15 concerning the offender's use of or access to a 16 computer or any other device with Internet capability 17 imposed by the offender's probation officer; and

18 (19) refrain from possessing a firearm or other 19 dangerous weapon where the offense is a misdemeanor that 20 did not involve the intentional or knowing infliction of 21 bodily harm or threat of bodily harm.

(c) The court may as a condition of probation or of conditional discharge require that a person under 18 years of age found guilty of any alcohol, cannabis or controlled substance violation, refrain from acquiring a driver's license during the period of probation or conditional discharge. If 10000SB1328ham001 -281- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

such person is in possession of a permit or license, the court may require that the minor refrain from driving or operating any motor vehicle during the period of probation or conditional discharge, except as may be necessary in the course of the minor's lawful employment.

6 (d) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional 7 discharge shall be given a certificate setting forth the 8 conditions thereof.

9 (e) Except where the offender has committed a fourth or 10 subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the 11 Illinois Vehicle Code, the court shall not require as a condition of the sentence of probation or conditional discharge 12 13 that the offender be committed to a period of imprisonment in excess of 6 months. This 6 month limit shall not include 14 15 periods of confinement given pursuant to a sentence of county 16 impact incarceration under Section 5-8-1.2.

Persons committed to imprisonment as a condition of probation or conditional discharge shall not be committed to the Department of Corrections.

20 (f) The court may combine a sentence of periodic 21 imprisonment under Article 7 or a sentence to a county impact 22 incarceration program under Article 8 with a sentence of 23 probation or conditional discharge.

(g) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional
discharge and who during the term of either undergoes mandatory
drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed

1 on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay all costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol 2 testing, or both, and all costs incidental to such approved 3 4 electronic monitoring in accordance with the defendant's 5 ability to pay those costs. The county board with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in which 6 the county is located shall establish reasonable fees for the 7 cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related 8 9 to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all 10 costs incidental to approved electronic monitoring, involved 11 a successful probation program for the county. The in concurrence of the Chief Judge shall be in the form of an 12 13 administrative order. The fees shall be collected by the clerk 14 of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative 15 order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The clerk of the 16 circuit court shall pay all moneys collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall use the moneys collected to 17 defray the costs of drug testing, alcohol testing, and 18 electronic monitoring. The county treasurer shall deposit the 19 20 fees collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case 21 22 may be. The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may 23 by administrative order establish a program for electronic 24 monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and 25 monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and 26 collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall

include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of
 unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender
 and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

4 The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any 5 additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or 6 damage to any device.

(h) Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred from 7 8 the sentencing court to the court of another circuit with the 9 concurrence of both courts. Further transfers or retransfers of 10 jurisdiction are also authorized in the same manner. The court 11 to which jurisdiction has been transferred shall have the same powers as the sentencing court. The probation department within 12 13 the circuit to which jurisdiction has been transferred, or 14 which has agreed to provide supervision, may impose probation 15 fees upon receiving the transferred offender, as provided in 16 subsection (i). For all transfer cases, as defined in Section 9b of the Probation and Probation Officers Act, the probation 17 department from the original sentencing court shall retain all 18 probation fees collected prior to the transfer. After the 19 20 transfer all probation fees shall be paid to the probation 21 department within the circuit to which jurisdiction has been transferred. 22

(i) The court shall impose upon an offender sentenced to probation after January 1, 1989 or to conditional discharge after January 1, 1992 or to community service under the supervision of a probation or court services department after 10000SB1328ham001 -284- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 January 1, 2004, as a condition of such probation or conditional discharge or supervised community service, a fee of 2 \$50 for each month of probation or conditional discharge 3 supervision or supervised community service ordered by the 4 5 court, unless after determining the inability of the person 6 sentenced to probation or conditional discharge or supervised community service to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser 7 8 fee. The court may not impose the fee on a minor who is made a 9 ward of the State under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while 10 the minor is in placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon 11 an offender who is actively supervised by the probation and court services department. The fee shall be collected by the 12 13 clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county 14 15 treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund 16 under Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probation Officers Act.

A circuit court may not impose a probation fee under this subsection (i) in excess of \$25 per month unless the circuit court has adopted, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard probation fee guide determining an offender's ability to pay Of the amount collected as a probation fee, up to \$5 of that fee collected per month may be used to provide services to crime victims and their families.

The Court may only waive probation fees based on an offender's ability to pay. The probation department may re-evaluate an offender's ability to pay every 6 months, and, 10000SB1328ham001 -285- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 with the approval of the Director of Court Services or the Chief Probation Officer, adjust the monthly fee amount. An 2 3 offender may elect to pay probation fees due in a lump sum. Any 4 offender that has been assigned to the supervision of a 5 probation department, or has been transferred either under 6 subsection (h) of this Section or under any interstate compact, shall be required to pay probation fees to the department 7 supervising the offender, based on the offender's ability to 8 9 pay.

10 This amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly deletes 11 the \$10 increase in the fee under this subsection that was 12 imposed by Public Act 93-616. This deletion is intended to 13 control over any other Act of the 93rd General Assembly that 14 retains or incorporates that fee increase.

15 (i-5) In addition to the fees imposed under subsection (i) 16 of this Section, in the case of an offender convicted of a felony sex offense (as defined in the Sex Offender Management 17 18 Board Act) or an offense that the court or probation department has determined to be sexually motivated (as defined in the Sex 19 20 Offender Management Board Act), the court or the probation 21 department shall assess additional fees to pay for all costs of 22 treatment, assessment, evaluation for risk and treatment, and 23 monitoring the offender, based on that offender's ability to 24 pay those costs either as they occur or under a payment plan.

(j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any
violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle

1 Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any 2 violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar 3 provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and 4 disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under <u>the Criminal</u> 5 <u>and Traffic Assessment Act</u> Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts 6 Act.

10000SB1328ham001

7 Any offender who is sentenced to probation or (k) 8 conditional discharge for a felony sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act or any offense that the 9 10 court or probation department has determined to be sexually 11 motivated as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act shall be required to refrain from any contact, directly or 12 13 indirectly, with any persons specified by the court and shall be available for all evaluations and treatment programs 14 15 required by the court or the probation department.

16 (1) The court may order an offender who is sentenced to 17 probation or conditional discharge for a violation of an order 18 of protection be placed under electronic surveillance as 19 provided in Section 5-8A-7 of this Code.

20 (Source: P.A. 98-575, eff. 1-1-14; 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 99-143,
21 eff. 7-27-15; 99-797, eff. 8-12-16.)

22 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3.1)

23 Sec. 5-6-3.1. Incidents and conditions of supervision.

(a) When a defendant is placed on supervision, the courtshall enter an order for supervision specifying the period of

such supervision, and shall defer further proceedings in the
 case until the conclusion of the period.

(b) The period of supervision shall be reasonable under all 3 4 of the circumstances of the case, but may not be longer than 2 5 years, unless the defendant has failed to pay the assessment 6 required by Section 10.3 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 411.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 80 7 8 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in 9 which case the court may extend supervision beyond 2 years. 10 Additionally, the court shall order the defendant to perform no 11 less than 30 hours of community service and not more than 120 hours of community service, if community service is available 12 13 in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board where the offense was committed, when the offense (1) was 14 15 related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an 16 organized gang or was motivated by the defendant's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang; or (2) is a violation of 17 any Section of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 18 Criminal Code of 2012 where a disposition of supervision is not 19 20 prohibited by Section 5-6-1 of this Code. The community service shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of 21 any damage caused by violation of Section 21-1.3 of the 22 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 and similar 23 24 damages to property located within the municipality or county 25 in which the violation occurred. Where possible and reasonable, 26 the community service should be performed in the offender's

1 neighborhood.

For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

5 (c) The court may in addition to other reasonable 6 conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the 7 rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each 8 defendant in the proper discretion of the court require that 9 the person:

10 (1) make a report to and appear in person before or 11 participate with the court or such courts, person, or 12 social service agency as directed by the court in the order 13 of supervision;

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(2) pay a fine and costs;

15 (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational 16 training;

17 (4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric
18 treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;

19 (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the
 20 instruction or residence of defendants on probation;

(6) support his dependents;

(7) refrain from possessing a firearm or otherdangerous weapon;

(8) and in addition, if a minor:

(i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;(ii) attend school;

(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
 (iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a
 foster home; or

(v) with the consent of the superintendent of the 4 facility, attend an educational program at a facility 5 other than the school in which the offense was 6 committed if he or she is placed on supervision for a 7 crime of violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime 8 9 Victims Compensation Act committed in a school, on the 10 real property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school; 11

(9) make restitution or reparation in an amount not to exceed actual loss or damage to property and pecuniary loss or make restitution under Section 5-5-6 to a domestic violence shelter. The court shall determine the amount and conditions of payment;

17 (10) perform some reasonable public or community
18 service;

19 (11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order 20 of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an order of protection 21 22 issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United 23 States territory. If the court has ordered the defendant to 24 make a report and appear in person under paragraph (1) of 25 this subsection, a copy of the order of protection shall be 26 transmitted to the person or agency so designated by the

1 court;

(12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced;

8 (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to 9 exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the 10 offense for which the defendant was sentenced, (i) to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the 11 12 Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act, or (ii) for offenses under 13 the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources, to 14 the fund established by the Department of Natural Resources 15 for the purchase of evidence for investigation purposes and 16 to conduct investigations as outlined in Section 805-105 of 17 the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law;

18 (14) refrain from entering into a designated 19 geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds 20 appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the 21 purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons 22 accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a 23 probation officer;

(15) refrain from having any contact, directly or
 indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular
 types of person, including but not limited to members of

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street gangs and drug users or dealers;

(16) refrain from having in his or her body the
presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis
Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the
Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,
unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his
or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the
presence of any illicit drug;

9 (17) refrain from operating any motor vehicle not 10 equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; under this 11 condition the court may allow a defendant who is not 12 13 self-employed to operate a vehicle owned by the defendant's 14 employer that is not equipped with an ignition interlock 15 device in the course and scope of the defendant's 16 employment; and

17 (18) if placed on supervision for a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, 18 unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person 19 20 under 18 years of age present in the home and no 21 non-familial minors are present, not participate in a 22 holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, 23 such as distributing candy or other items to children on 24 Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding 25 Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa 26 Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding 1 Easter.

(c-5) If payment of restitution as ordered has not been 2 3 made, the victim shall file a petition notifying the sentencing 4 court, any other person to whom restitution is owed, and the 5 State's Attorney of the status of the ordered restitution payments unpaid at least 90 days before the supervision 6 7 expiration date. If payment as ordered has not been made, the 8 court shall hold a review hearing prior to the expiration date, 9 unless the hearing is voluntarily waived by the defendant with 10 the knowledge that waiver may result in an extension of the 11 supervision period or in a revocation of supervision. If the court does not extend supervision, it shall issue a judgment 12 13 for the unpaid restitution and direct the clerk of the circuit 14 court to file and enter the judgment in the judgment and lien 15 docket, without fee, unless it finds that the victim has 16 recovered a judgment against the defendant for the amount covered by the restitution order. If the court issues a 17 judgment for the unpaid restitution, the court shall send to 18 the defendant at his or her last known address written 19 20 notification that a civil judgment has been issued for the unpaid restitution. 21

(d) The court shall defer entering any judgment on thecharges until the conclusion of the supervision.

(e) At the conclusion of the period of supervision, if the
court determines that the defendant has successfully complied
with all of the conditions of supervision, the court shall

1 discharge the defendant and enter a judgment dismissing the 2 charges.

(f) Discharge and dismissal upon a successful conclusion of 3 4 disposition of supervision shall be deemed without а 5 adjudication of guilt and shall not be termed a conviction for purposes of disqualification or disabilities imposed by law 6 upon conviction of a crime. Two years after the discharge and 7 dismissal under this Section, unless the disposition of 8 9 supervision was for a violation of Sections 3-707, 3-708, 10 3-710, 5-401.3, or 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 11 similar provision of a local ordinance, or for a violation of Sections 12-3.2, 16-25, or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 12 13 or the Criminal Code of 2012, in which case it shall be 5 years after discharge and dismissal, a person may have his record of 14 15 arrest sealed or expunded as may be provided by law. However, 16 any defendant placed on supervision before January 1, 1980, may move for sealing or expungement of his arrest record, as 17 provided by law, at any time after discharge and dismissal 18 under this Section. A person placed on supervision for a sexual 19 20 offense committed against a minor as defined in clause (a) (1) (L) of Section 5.2 of the Criminal Identification Act or 21 for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code 22 23 or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall not have his 24 or her record of arrest sealed or expunged.

25 (g) A defendant placed on supervision and who during the 26 period of supervision undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol -294- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay the costs 2 3 incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, 4 and costs incidental to such approved electronic monitoring in 5 accordance with the defendant's ability to pay those costs. The 6 county board with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall establish 7 reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and 8 9 incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol 10 testing, or both, and all costs incidental to approved 11 electronic monitoring, of all defendants placed on supervision. The concurrence of the Chief Judge shall be in the 12 13 form of an administrative order. The fees shall be collected by 14 the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an 15 administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. 16 The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall use the 17 moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, alcohol 18 testing, and electronic monitoring. The county treasurer shall 19 20 deposit the fees collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, 21 22 as the case may be.

10000SB1328ham001

The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and 10000SB1328ham001 -295- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall 2 include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of 3 unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender 4 and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

5 The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any 6 additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or 7 damage to any device.

8 (h) A disposition of supervision is a final order for the 9 purposes of appeal.

10 (i) The court shall impose upon a defendant placed on 11 supervision after January 1, 1992 or to community service under the supervision of a probation or court services department 12 13 after January 1, 2004, as a condition of supervision or supervised community service, a fee of \$50 for each month of 14 15 supervision or supervised community service ordered by the 16 court, unless after determining the inability of the person placed on supervision or supervised community service to pay 17 the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. The court may not 18 impose the fee on a minor who is made a ward of the State under 19 20 the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. 21 The fee shall be imposed only upon a defendant who is actively 22 supervised by the probation and court services department. The 23 fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The 24 clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from 25 this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the probation 26 and court services fund pursuant to Section 15.1 of the

1 Probation and Probation Officers Act.

A circuit court may not impose a probation fee in excess of \$25 per month unless the circuit court has adopted, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard probation fee guide determining an offender's ability to pay. Of the amount collected as a probation fee, not to exceed \$5 of that fee collected per month may be used to provide services to crime victims and their families.

The Court may only waive probation fees based on an 9 10 offender's ability to pay. The probation department may 11 re-evaluate an offender's ability to pay every 6 months, and, with the approval of the Director of Court Services or the 12 Chief Probation Officer, adjust the monthly fee amount. An 13 14 offender may elect to pay probation fees due in a lump sum. Any 15 offender that has been assigned to the supervision of a 16 probation department, or has been transferred either under subsection (h) of this Section or under any interstate compact, 17 shall be required to pay probation fees to the department 18 19 supervising the offender, based on the offender's ability to 20 pay.

(j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under <u>the Criminal</u>

and Traffic Assessment Act Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

3 (k) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is placed on 4 supervision for a misdemeanor in a county of 3,000,000 or more 5 inhabitants and who has not been previously convicted of a 6 misdemeanor or felony may as a condition of his or her supervision be required by the court to attend educational 7 8 courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school 9 diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work 10 toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work 11 toward completing a vocational training program approved by the court. The defendant placed on supervision must attend a public 12 13 institution of education to obtain the educational or 14 vocational training required by this subsection (k). The 15 defendant placed on supervision shall be required to pay for 16 the cost of the educational courses or high school equivalency testing if a fee is charged for those courses or testing. The 17 court shall revoke the supervision of a person who wilfully 18 fails to comply with this subsection (k). The court shall 19 20 resentence the defendant upon revocation of supervision as provided in Section 5-6-4. This subsection (k) does not apply 21 22 to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has 23 successfully passed high school equivalency testing. This 24 subsection (k) does not apply to a defendant who is determined 25 by the court to be a person with a developmental disability or 26 otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or

1 vocational program.

2 (1) The court shall require a defendant placed on supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the 3 4 Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, 5 or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for 6 possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control 7 8 Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the 9 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act or a 10 sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act 11 and after a finding by the court that the person is addicted, 12 13 to undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by 14 the court.

15 (m) The Secretary of State shall require anyone placed on 16 court supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local 17 18 ordinance to give proof of his or her financial responsibility as defined in Section 7-315 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The 19 20 proof shall be maintained by the individual in a manner 21 satisfactory to the Secretary of State for a minimum period of 22 3 years after the date the proof is first filed. The proof 23 shall be limited to a single action per arrest and may not be 24 affected by any post-sentence disposition. The Secretary of 25 State shall suspend the driver's license of any person 26 determined by the Secretary to be in violation of this

1 subsection.

(n) Any offender placed on supervision for any offense that
the court or probation department has determined to be sexually
motivated as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act
shall be required to refrain from any contact, directly or
indirectly, with any persons specified by the court and shall
be available for all evaluations and treatment programs
required by the court or the probation department.

9 (o) An offender placed on supervision for a sex offense as 10 defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act shall refrain 11 from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or 12 13 apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been 14 15 placed on supervision for a sex offense. The provisions of this 16 subsection (o) do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed 17 18 transitional housing facility for sex offenders.

(p) An offender placed on supervision for an offense 19 20 committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of 21 Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the 22 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 shall 23 24 refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the 25 Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom 26 the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age.

For purposes of this subsection (p), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused.

8 (q) An offender placed on supervision for an offense 9 committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of 10 Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the 11 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 shall, if so 12 13 ordered by the court, refrain from communicating with or 14 contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related 15 to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be 16 under 18 years of age. For purposes of this subsection (q), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of 17 the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is related to the 18 accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of 19 20 the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted 21 child of the accused. 22

(r) An offender placed on supervision for an offense under Section 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-14.4 that involves soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed
 on or after <u>June 1, 2009 (the effective date of <u>Public Act</u>
 95-983) this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall:
</u>

4 (i) not access or use a computer or any other device 5 with Internet capability without the prior written 6 approval of the court, except in connection with the 7 offender's employment or search for employment with the 8 prior approval of the court;

9 (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of 10 the offender's computer or any other device with Internet 11 capability by the offender's probation officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer or information 12 13 technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying 14 of all data from the computer or device and any internal or 15 external peripherals and removal of such information, 16 equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough inspection;

(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's computer or device with Internet capability, at the offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software systems to monitor the Internet use; and

(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the court.

(s) An offender placed on supervision for an offense thatis a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender

10000SB1328ham001 -302- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 Registration Act that is committed on or after January 1, 2010 2 (the effective date of Public Act 96-362) that requires the 3 person to register as a sex offender under that Act, may not 4 knowingly use any computer scrub software on any computer that 5 the sex offender uses.

6 (t) An offender placed on supervision for a sex offense as 7 defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or 8 after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-262) 9 shall refrain from accessing or using a social networking 10 website as defined in Section 17-0.5 of the Criminal Code of 11 2012.

(u) Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred from 12 13 the sentencing court to the court of another circuit with the concurrence of both courts. Further transfers or retransfers of 14 15 jurisdiction are also authorized in the same manner. The court 16 to which jurisdiction has been transferred shall have the same 17 powers as the sentencing court. The probation department within 18 the circuit to which jurisdiction has been transferred may impose probation fees upon receiving the transferred offender, 19 20 as provided in subsection (i). The probation department from 21 the original sentencing court shall retain all probation fees collected prior to the transfer. 22

23 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 98-940, eff. 1-1-15; 99-78,
24 eff. 7-20-15; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16;
25 99-797, eff. 8-12-16; revised 9-1-16.)

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(730 ILCS 5/5-7-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-7-1)
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Sec. 5-7-1. Sentence of Periodic Imprisonment.

3 (a) A sentence of periodic imprisonment is a sentence of 4 imprisonment during which the committed person may be released 5 for periods of time during the day or night or for periods of days, or both, or if convicted of a felony, other than first 6 degree murder, a Class X or Class 1 felony, committed to any 7 8 county, municipal, or regional correctional or detention institution or facility in this State for such periods of time 9 10 as the court may direct. Unless the court orders otherwise, the particular times and conditions of release shall be determined 11 by the Department of Corrections, the sheriff, or 12 the 13 Superintendent of the house of corrections, who is 14 administering the program.

15 (b) A sentence of periodic imprisonment may be imposed to 16 permit the defendant to:

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(1) seek employment;

18 (2) work;

19 (3) conduct a business or other self-employed20 occupation including housekeeping;

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(4) attend to family needs;

(5) attend an educational institution, including
 vocational education;

24 (6) obtain medical or psychological treatment;

(7) perform work duties at a county, municipal, or
 regional correctional or detention institution or

1 facility;

5

2 (8) continue to reside at home with or without
3 supervision involving the use of an approved electronic
4 monitoring device, subject to Article 8A of Chapter V; or

(9) for any other purpose determined by the court.

6 (c) Except where prohibited by other provisions of this 7 Code, the court may impose a sentence of periodic imprisonment 8 for a felony or misdemeanor on a person who is 17 years of age 9 or older. The court shall not impose a sentence of periodic 10 imprisonment if it imposes a sentence of imprisonment upon the 11 defendant in excess of 90 days.

(d) A sentence of periodic imprisonment shall be for a 12 13 definite term of from 3 to 4 years for a Class 1 felony, 18 to 14 30 months for a Class 2 felony, and up to 18 months, or the 15 longest sentence of imprisonment that could be imposed for the 16 offense, whichever is less, for all other offenses; however, no person shall be sentenced to a term of periodic imprisonment 17 longer than one year if he is committed to a county 18 19 correctional institution or facility, and in conjunction with 20 that sentence participate in a county work release program 21 comparable to the work and day release program provided for in Article 13 of the Unified Code of Corrections in State 22 23 facilities. The term of the sentence shall be calculated upon 24 the basis of the duration of its term rather than upon the 25 basis of the actual days spent in confinement. No sentence of 26 periodic imprisonment shall be subject to the good time credit

provisions of Section 3-6-3 of this Code. 1 2 (e) When the court imposes a sentence of periodic imprisonment, it shall state: 3 4 (1) the term of such sentence; 5 (2) the days or parts of days which the defendant is to be confined; 6 7 (3) the conditions. 8 (f) The court may issue an order of protection pursuant to 9 the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 as a condition of a 10 sentence of periodic imprisonment. The Illinois Domestic 11 Violence Act of 1986 shall govern the issuance, enforcement and recording of orders of protection issued under this Section. A 12 13 copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the 14 person or agency having responsibility for the case. 15 (f-5) An offender sentenced to a term of periodic 16 imprisonment for a felony sex offense as defined in the Sex 17 Offender Management Board Act shall be required to undergo and 18 successfully complete sex offender treatment by a treatment provider approved by the Board and conducted in conformance 19 20 with the standards developed under the Sex Offender Management Board Act. 21

(g) An offender sentenced to periodic imprisonment who undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay the costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and costs 10000SB1328ham001 -306- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 incidental to approved electronic monitoring such in accordance with the defendant's ability to pay those costs. The 2 county board with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the 3 4 judicial circuit in which the county is located shall establish 5 reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and 6 incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to approved 7 electronic monitoring, of all offenders with a sentence of 8 periodic imprisonment. The concurrence of the Chief Judge shall 9 10 be in the form of an administrative order. The fees shall be 11 collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit 12 13 court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys 14 collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall use 15 the moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, 16 alcohol testing, and electronic monitoring. The county treasurer shall deposit the fees collected in the county 17 working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of 18 19 the Counties Code, as the case may be.

(h) All fees and costs imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under <u>the Criminal</u> and Traffic Assessment Act Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts 1 Act.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by 2 administrative order establish a program for electronic 3 4 monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and 5 monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and 6 collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of 7 8 unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden the offender 9 and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

10 The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any 11 additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or 12 damage to any device.

13 (i) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted of a misdemeanor or felony in a county of 3,000,000 or more 14 15 inhabitants and who has not been previously convicted of a 16 misdemeanor or a felony and who is sentenced to a term of periodic imprisonment may as a condition of his or her sentence 17 18 be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work 19 20 toward receiving a high school diploma or to work toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work toward 21 22 completing a vocational training program approved by the court. 23 The defendant sentenced to periodic imprisonment must attend a 24 public institution of education to obtain the educational or 25 vocational training required by this subsection (i). The 26 defendant sentenced to a term of periodic imprisonment shall be

10000SB1328ham001 -308- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or high 2 school equivalency testing if a fee is charged for those courses or testing. The court shall revoke the sentence of 3 4 periodic imprisonment of the defendant who wilfully fails to 5 comply with this subsection (i). The court shall resentence the 6 defendant whose sentence of periodic imprisonment has been revoked as provided in Section 5-7-2. This subsection (i) does 7 8 not apply to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has 9 successfully passed high school equivalency testing. This 10 subsection (i) does not apply to a defendant who is determined 11 by the court to be a person with a developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or 12 13 vocational program.

14 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 15 99-797, eff. 8-12-16.)

16 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-9-1)

17 Sec. 5-9-1. Authorized fines.

18 (a) An offender may be sentenced to pay a fine as provided19 in Article 4.5 of Chapter V.

20 (b) (Blank-).

(c) (Blank). There shall be added to every fine imposed in
sentencing for a criminal or traffic offense, except an offense
relating to parking or registration, or offense by a
pedestrian, an additional penalty of \$15 for each \$40, or
fraction thereof, of fine imposed. The additional penalty of

\$15 for each \$40, or fraction thereof, of fine imposed, if not 1 otherwise assessed, shall also be added to every fine imposed 2 upon a plea of guilty, stipulation of facts or findings of 3 4 quilty, resulting in a judgment of conviction, or order of 5 supervision in criminal, traffic, local ordinance, county ordinance, and conservation cases (except parking, 6 registration, or pedestrian violations), or upon a sentence of 7 probation without entry of judgment under Section 10 of the 8 Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled 9 Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control 10 and Community Protection Act. 11

Such additional amounts shall be assessed by the court 12 imposing the fine and shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk 13 in addition to the fine and costs in the case. Each such 14 15 additional penalty shall be remitted by the Circuit Clerk 16 within one month after receipt to the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall deposit \$1 for each \$40, or fraction 17 thereof, of fine imposed into the LEADS Maintenance Fund. The 18 State Treasurer shall deposit \$3 for each \$40, or fraction 19 20 thereof, of fine imposed into the Law Enforcement Camera Grant 21 Fund. The remaining surcharge amount shall be deposited into 22 the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, unless the 23 fine, costs or additional amounts are subject to disbursement by the circuit clerk under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts 24 25 Act. Such additional penalty shall not be considered a part of 26 the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time

served either before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the 2 amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this 3 4 subsection (c) during the preceding calendar year. Except as 5 otherwise provided by Supreme Court Rules, if a court in imposing a fine against an offender levies a gross amount for 6 fine, costs, fees and penalties, the amount of the additional 7 penalty provided for herein shall be computed on the amount 8 remaining after deducting from the gross amount levied all fees 9 of the Circuit Clerk, the State's Attorney and the Sheriff. 10 11 After deducting from the gross amount levied the fees and additional penalty provided for herein, less any other 12 additional penalties provided by law, the clerk shall remit the 13 net balance remaining to the entity authorized by law to 14 15 receive the fine imposed in the case. For purposes of this Section "fees of the Circuit Clerk" shall include, if 16 applicable, the fee provided for under Section 27.3a of the 17 Clerks of Courts Act and the fee, if applicable, payable to the 18 county in which the violation occurred pursuant to Section 19 5-1101 of the Counties Code. 20

(c-5) (Blank). In addition to the fines imposed by subsection (c), any person convicted or receiving an order of supervision for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs shall pay an additional \$100 fee to the clerk. This additional fee, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to

the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt for deposit into the 1 Trauma Center Fund. This additional fee of \$100 shall not be 2 3 considered a part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in 4 the fine for time served either before or after sentencing. Not 5 later than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer 6 under this subsection (c 5) during the preceding calendar year. 7 8 The Circuit Clerk may accept payment of fines and costs by credit card from an offender who has been convicted of a 9 10 traffic offense, petty offense or misdemeanor and may charge the service fee permitted where fines and costs are paid by 11 credit card provided for in Section 27.3b of the Clerks of 12 13 Courts Act.

14 (c-7) (Blank). In addition to the fines imposed by 15 subsection (c), any person convicted or receiving an order of supervision for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs 16 shall pay an additional \$5 fee to the clerk. This additional 17 fee, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray administrative 18 costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to 19 20 the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt for deposit into the 21 Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund. This 22 additional fee of \$5 shall not be considered a part of the fine 23 for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of 24 each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount 25 26 of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection

1	(c-7) during the preceding calendar year.
2	(c-9) (Blank).
3	(d) In determining the amount and method of payment of a
4	fine, except for those fines established for violations of
5	Chapter 15 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the court shall
6	consider:
7	(1) the financial resources and future ability of the
8	offender to pay the fine; and
9	(2) whether the fine will prevent the offender from
10	making court ordered restitution or reparation to the
11	victim of the offense; and
12	(3) in a case where the accused is a dissolved
13	corporation and the court has appointed counsel to
14	represent the corporation, the costs incurred either by the
15	county or the State for such representation.
16	(e) The court may order the fine to be paid forthwith or
17	within a specified period of time or in installments.
18	(f) <u>(Blank).</u> All fines, costs and additional amounts
19	imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4,
20	6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision
21	of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger
22	Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance,
23	shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as
24	provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
25	(Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 1-1-16.)

10000SB1328ham001 -313- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

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(730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.4) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-9-1.4)

5-9-1.4. (a) "Crime laboratory" means 2 Sec. anv not-for-profit laboratory registered with the Drug Enforcement 3 4 Administration of the United States Department of Justice, 5 substantially funded by a unit or combination of units of local 6 government or the State of Illinois, which regularly employs at least one person engaged in the analysis of controlled 7 substances, cannabis, methamphetamine, or steroids 8 for 9 criminal justice agencies in criminal matters and provides 10 testimony with respect to such examinations.

11 (b) (Blank). When a person has been adjudged quilty of an offense in violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois 12 Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and 13 Community Protection Act, or the Steroid Control Act, 14 -in 15 addition to any other disposition, penalty or fine imposed, a criminal laboratory analysis fee of \$100 for each offense for 16 which he was convicted shall be levied by the court. Any person 17 placed on probation pursuant to Section 10 of the Cannabis 18 Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances 19 20 Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act or 21 placed on supervision for a violation of the Cannabis Control 22 Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Steroid 23 24 Control Act shall be assessed a criminal laboratory analysis 25 fee of \$100 for each offense for which he was charged. Upon 26 verified petition of the person, the court may suspend payment

1 part of the fee if it finds that the of all or 2 have the ability to pay the fee.

3 (c) In addition to any other disposition made pursuant to 4 the provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, any minor 5 adjudicated delinguent for an offense which if committed by an adult would constitute a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, 6 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine 7 Control and Community Protection Act, or the Steroid Control 8 9 Act shall be required to pay assessed a criminal laboratory 10 analysis assessment fee of \$100 for each adjudication. Upon 11 verified petition of the minor, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the assessment fee if it finds that the minor 12 13 does not have the ability to pay the assessment fee. The 14 parent, quardian or legal custodian of the minor may pay some 15 or all of such assessment fee on the minor's behalf.

16 (d) All criminal laboratory analysis fees provided for by this Section shall be collected by the clerk of the court and 17 18 forwarded to the appropriate crime laboratory fund as provided 19 in subsection (f).

20

21

(e) Crime laboratory funds shall be established as follows:

(1) Any unit of local government which maintains a 22 crime laboratory may establish a crime laboratory fund 23 within the office of the county or municipal treasurer.

24 (2) Any combination of units of local government which 25 maintains a crime laboratory may establish a crime 26 laboratory fund within the office of the treasurer of the

1

county where the crime laboratory is situated.

2

3

(3) The State Crime Laboratory Fund is hereby created as a special fund in the State Treasury.

4 (f) The analysis assessment fee provided for in subsection 5 subsections (b) and (c) of this Section shall be forwarded to the office of the treasurer of the unit of local government 6 that performed the analysis if that unit of local government 7 8 has established a crime laboratory fund, or to the State Crime Laboratory Fund if the analysis was performed by a laboratory 9 10 operated by the Illinois State Police. If the analysis was 11 performed by a crime laboratory funded by a combination of units of local government, the analysis assessment fee shall be 12 13 forwarded to the treasurer of the county where the crime laboratory is situated if a crime laboratory fund has been 14 15 established in that county. If the unit of local government or 16 combination of units of local government has not established a crime laboratory fund, then the analysis <u>asses</u>sment fee shall 17 be forwarded to the State Crime Laboratory Fund. The clerk of 18 19 the circuit court may retain the amount of \$10 from each 20 collected analysis fee to offset administrative costs incurred 21 in carrying out the clerk's responsibilities under this 22 Section.

(g) <u>Moneys</u> Fees deposited into a crime laboratory fund created pursuant to paragraphs (1) or (2) of subsection (e) of this Section shall be in addition to any allocations made pursuant to existing law and shall be designated for the

exclusive use of the crime laboratory. These uses may include,
 but are not limited to, the following:

3 (1) costs incurred in providing analysis for
4 controlled substances in connection with criminal
5 investigations conducted within this State;

6 (2) purchase and maintenance of equipment for use in 7 performing analyses; and

8 (3) continuing education, training and professional 9 development of forensic scientists regularly employed by 10 these laboratories.

11 (h) Moneys Fees deposited in the State Crime Laboratory Fund created pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection (d) of 12 13 this Section shall be used by State crime laboratories as 14 designated by the Director of State Police. These funds shall 15 be in addition to any allocations made pursuant to existing law 16 and shall be designated for the exclusive use of State crime laboratories. These uses may include those enumerated in 17 subsection (q) of this Section. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)

20 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.7) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-9-1.7)

21 Sec. 5-9-1.7. Sexual assault fines.

(a) Definitions. The terms used in this Section shall havethe following meanings ascribed to them:

(1) "Sexual assault" means the commission or attempted
 commission of the following: sexual exploitation of a

child, criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual 1 assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, 2 3 criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, indecent solicitation of a child, public indecency, sexual 4 5 within families, relations promoting juvenile 6 prostitution, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, 7 keeping a place of juvenile prostitution, patronizing a 8 juvenile prostitute, juvenile pimping, exploitation of a 9 child, obscenity, child pornography, aggravated child 10 pornography, harmful material, or ritualized abuse of a child, as those offenses are defined in the Criminal Code 11 of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. 12

13 (2) (Blank). "Family member" shall have the meaning
14 ascribed to it in Section 11 0.1 of the Criminal Code of
15 2012.

"Sexual assault organization" 16 (3) means any 17 not-for-profit organization providing comprehensive, community-based services to victims of sexual assault. 18 "Community-based services" include, but are not limited 19 20 to, direct crisis intervention through a 24-hour response, 21 medical and legal advocacy, counseling, information and 22 referral services, training, and community education.

23

(b) (Blank). Sexual assault fine; collection by clerk.

24 (1) In addition to any other penalty imposed, a fine of
 25 \$\\$200 shall be imposed upon any person who pleads guilty or
 26 who is convicted of, or who receives a disposition of court

supervision for, a sexual assault or attempt of a sexual 1 assault. Upon request of the victim or the victim's 2 representative, the court shall determine whether the fine 3 4 will impose an undue burden on the victim of the offense. 5 For purposes of this paragraph, the defendant may not be considered the victim's representative. If the court finds 6 that the fine would impose an undue burden on the victim, 7 the court may reduce or waive the fine. The court shall 8 9 order that the defendant may not use funds belonging solely 10 to the victim of the offense for payment of the fine.

11 (2) Sexual assault fines shall be assessed by the court 12 imposing the sentence and shall be collected by the circuit 13 clerk. The circuit clerk shall retain 10% of the penalty to 14 cover the costs involved in administering and enforcing 15 this Section. The circuit clerk shall remit the remainder 16 of each fine within one month of its receipt to the State 17 Treasurer for deposit as follows:

18(i) for family member offenders, one half to the19Sexual Assault Services Fund, and one half to the20Domestic Violence Shelter and Service Fund; and

21 (ii) for other than family member offenders, the
 22 full amount to the Sexual Assault Services Fund.

(c) Sexual Assault Services Fund; administration. There is
 created a Sexual Assault Services Fund. Moneys deposited into
 the Fund under <u>Section 15-20 and 15-40 of the Criminal and</u>
 <u>Traffic Assessment Act</u> this <u>Section</u> shall be appropriated to

10000SB1328ham001 -319- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 the Department of Public Health. Upon appropriation of moneys from the Sexual Assault Services Fund, the Department of Public 2 Health shall make grants of these moneys from the Fund to 3 4 sexual assault organizations with whom the Department has 5 contracts for the purpose of providing community-based services to victims of sexual assault. Grants made under this 6 Section are in addition to, and are not substitutes for, other 7 8 grants authorized and made by the Department.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-1109, eff. 1-1-13; 10 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

11 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.9)

12 Sec. 5-9-1.9. DUI analysis fee.

(a) "Crime laboratory" means a not-for-profit laboratory substantially funded by a single unit or combination of units of local government or the State of Illinois that regularly employs at least one person engaged in the DUI analysis of blood, other bodily substance, and urine for criminal justice agencies in criminal matters and provides testimony with respect to such examinations.

20 "DUI analysis" means an analysis of blood, other bodily 21 substance, or urine for purposes of determining whether a 22 violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code has 23 occurred.

(b) (Blank). When a person has been adjudged guilty of an
 offense in violation of Section 11 501 of the Illinois Vehicle

Code, in addition to any other disposition, penalty, or fine imposed, a crime laboratory DUI analysis fee of \$150 for each offense for which the person was convicted shall be levied by the court for each case in which a laboratory analysis occurred. Upon verified petition of the person, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that the person does not have the ability to pay the fee.

10000SB1328ham001

8 (c) In addition to any other disposition made under the 9 provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, any minor 10 adjudicated delinguent for an offense which if committed by an adult would constitute a violation of Section 11-501 of the 11 Illinois Vehicle Code shall pay be assessed a crime laboratory 12 13 DUI analysis assessment fee of \$150 for each adjudication. Upon 14 verified petition of the minor, the court may suspend payment 15 of all or part of the assessment fee if it finds that the minor 16 does not have the ability to pay the assessment fee. The parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the minor may pay some 17 or all of the assessment fee on the minor's behalf. 18

(d) All crime laboratory DUI analysis <u>assessments</u> fees provided for by this Section shall be collected by the clerk of the court and forwarded to the appropriate crime laboratory DUI fund as provided in subsection (f).

23

(e) Crime laboratory funds shall be established as follows:

(1) A unit of local government that maintains a crime
laboratory may establish a crime laboratory DUI fund within
the office of the county or municipal treasurer.

1 (2) Any combination of units of local government that 2 maintains a crime laboratory may establish a crime 3 laboratory DUI fund within the office of the treasurer of 4 the county where the crime laboratory is situated.

5 (3) The State Police DUI Fund is created as a special
6 fund in the State Treasury.

(f) The analysis <u>assessment</u> fee provided for in subsection 7 subsections (b) and (c) of this Section shall be forwarded to 8 9 the office of the treasurer of the unit of local government 10 that performed the analysis if that unit of local government 11 has established a crime laboratory DUI fund, or to the State Treasurer for deposit into the State Police Operations 12 13 Assistance **DUI** Fund if the analysis was performed by a laboratory operated by the Department of State Police. If the 14 15 analysis was performed by a crime laboratory funded by a combination of units of local government, the analysis 16 assessment fee shall be forwarded to the treasurer of the 17 county where the crime laboratory is situated if a crime 18 laboratory DUI fund has been established in that county. If the 19 20 unit of local government or combination of units of local government has not established a crime laboratory DUI fund, 21 22 then the analysis assessment fee shall be forwarded to the 23 State Treasurer for deposit into the State Police Operations 24 Assistance Fund DUI Fund. The clerk of the circuit court may 25 retain the amount of \$10 from each collected analysis fee to 26 offset administrative costs incurred in carrying out the

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elerk's responsibilities under this Section.

(g) <u>Moneys</u> Fees deposited into a crime laboratory DUI fund created under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (e) of this Section shall be in addition to any allocations made pursuant to existing law and shall be designated for the exclusive use of the crime laboratory. These uses may include, but are not limited to, the following:

8 (1) Costs incurred in providing analysis for DUI
 9 investigations conducted within this State.

10 (2) Purchase and maintenance of equipment for use in11 performing analyses.

12 (3) Continuing education, training, and professional
13 development of forensic scientists regularly employed by
14 these laboratories.

15 (h) Moneys Fees deposited in the State Police Operations 16 Assistance DUI Fund created under paragraph (3) of subsection 17 (e) of this Section shall be used by State crime laboratories 18 as designated by the Director of State Police. These funds 19 shall be in addition to any allocations made according to 20 existing law and shall be designated for the exclusive use of 21 State crime laboratories. These uses may include those 22 enumerated in subsection (g) of this Section.

23 (Source: P.A. 99-697, eff. 7-29-16.)

24 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.11)

25 Sec. 5-9-1.11. Domestic Violence Abuser Services Violation

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of an order of protection; Fund.

(a) <u>(Blank)</u>. In addition to any other penalty imposed, a
fine of \$20 shall be imposed upon any person who is convicted
of or placed on supervision for violation of an order of
protection; provided that the offender and victim are family or
household members as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois
Domestic Violence Act of 1986.

The additional amount shall be assessed by the court 8 imposing sentence and shall be collected by the Circuit Clerk 9 10 in addition to the fine, if any, and costs in the case. Each such additional penalty shall be remitted by the Circuit Clerk 11 within one month after receipt to the State Treasurer for 12 deposit into the Domestic Violence Abuser Services Fund. The 13 Circuit Clerk shall retain 10% of the penalty to cover the 14 15 costs incurred in administering and enforcing this Section. The additional penalty shall not be considered a part of the fine 16 for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served 17 18 either before or after sentencing.

19 The State Treasurer shall deposit into the Domestic
20 Violence Abuser Services Fund each fine received from circuit
21 clerks under Section 5-9-1.5 of the Unified Code of
22 Corrections.

23 Upon request of the victim or the victim's representative, 24 the court shall determine whether the fine will impose an undue 25 burden on the victim of the offense. For purposes of this 26 paragraph, the defendant may not be considered the victim's representative. If the court finds that the fine would impose an undue burden on the victim, the court may reduce or waive the fine. The court shall order that the defendant may not use funds belonging solely to the victim of the offense for payment of the fine.

Not later than March 1 of each year the Clerk of the 6 7 Circuit Court shall submit to the State Comptroller a report of the amount of funds remitted by her or him to the State 8 Treasurer under this Section during the preceding calendar 9 10 year. Except as otherwise provided by Supreme Court Rules, if a court in sentencing an offender levies a gross amount for fine, 11 costs, fees and penalties, the amount of the additional penalty 12 provided for in this Section shall be collected from the amount 13 remaining after deducting from the gross amount levied all fees 14 15 of the Circuit Clerk, the State's Attorney, and the Sheriff. After deducting from the gross amount levied the fees and 16 additional penalty provided for in this Section, less any other 17 additional penalties provided by law, the clerk shall remit the 18 net balance remaining to the entity authorized by law to 19 receive the fine imposed in the case. For purposes of this 20 Section "Fees of the Circuit Clerk" shall include, if 21 applicable, the fee provided for under Section 27.3a of the 22 Clerks of Courts Act and the fee, if applicable, payable to the 23 24 county in which the violation occurred under Section 5-1101 of 25 the Counties Code.

26 (b) Domestic Violence Abuser Services Fund;

10000SB1328ham001 -325- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 administration. There is created a Domestic Violence Abuser Services Fund in the State Treasury. Moneys deposited into the 2 Fund under Section 15-70 of the Criminal and Traffic 3 4 Assessments Act this Section shall be appropriated to the 5 Department of Human Services for the purpose of providing 6 services specified by this Section. Upon appropriation of moneys from the Domestic Violence Abuser Services Fund, the 7 Department of Human Services shall set aside 10% of all 8 appropriated funds for the purposes of program training, 9 10 development and assessment. The Department shall make grants of 11 all remaining moneys from the Fund to qualified domestic violence abuser services programs through a competitive 12 13 application process. A "qualified domestic violence abuser 14 services program" is one which the Department determines is in 15 compliance with protocols for abuser services promulgated by 16 the Department. To the extent possible the Department shall ensure that moneys received from penalties imposed by courts in 17 judicial districts are returned to qualified abuser services 18 19 programs serving those districts.

20 (Source: P.A. 90-241, eff. 1-1-98.)

21 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.16)

Sec. 5-9-1.16. Protective order violation service provider
 fees.

(a) <u>(Blank)</u>. There shall be added to every penalty imposed
 in sentencing for a violation of an order of protection under

Section 12-3.4 or 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 an additional fee to be set in an amount not less than \$200 to be imposed upon a plea of guilty or finding of guilty resulting in a judgment of conviction.

5 (b) (Blank). Such additional amount shall be assessed by the court imposing sentence and shall be collected by the 6 Circuit Clerk in addition to the fine, if any, and costs in the 7 case to be used by the supervising authority in implementing 8 9 the domestic violence surveillance program. The clerk of the 10 circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to 11 the county treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund under Section 15.1 of the Probation and 12 Probations Officers Act. 13

The supervising authority of a domestic violence 14 (C) 15 surveillance program under Section 5-8A-7 of this Act shall 16 assess a person either convicted of, or charged with, the violation of an order of protection an additional service 17 provider fee to cover the costs of providing the equipment used 18 and the additional supervision needed for such domestic 19 20 violence surveillance program. If the court finds that the fee would impose an undue burden on the victim, the court may 21 reduce or waive the fee. The court shall order that the 22 23 defendant may not use funds belonging solely to the victim of 24 the offense for payment of the fee.

25 When the supervising authority is the court or the 26 probation and court services department, the fee shall be 10000SB1328ham001 -327- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 collected by the circuit court clerk. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee and all 2 3 other required probation fees that are assessed to the county 4 treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund 5 under Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probations Officers Act. In counties with a population of 2 million or more, when 6 the supervising authority is the court or the probation and 7 8 court services department, the fee shall be collected by the 9 supervising authority. In these counties, the supervising 10 authority shall pay all monies collected from this fee and all 11 other required probation fees that are assessed, to the county treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund 12 13 under Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probation Officers Act.

When the supervising authority is the Department of Corrections, the Department shall collect the fee for deposit into the Department of Corrections Reimbursement and Education Fund. The Circuit Clerk shall retain 10% of such penalty and deposit that percentage into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund to cover the costs incurred in administering and enforcing this Section.

- 21 (d) (Blank).
- 22 (e) (Blank).

23 (Source: P.A. 99-933, eff. 1-27-17.)

24 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.21)

25 Sec. 5-9-1.21. Specialized Services for Survivors of Human

1 Trafficking Fund.

2 (a) There is created in the State treasury a Specialized 3 Services for Survivors of Human Trafficking Fund. Moneys 4 deposited into the Fund under this Section shall be available 5 for the Department of Human Services for the purposes in this 6 Section.

7 (b) Each plea of guilty, stipulation of facts, or finding 8 of guilt resulting in a judgment of conviction or order of 9 supervision for an offense under Section 10-9, 11-14.1, 10 11-14.3, or 11-18 of the Criminal Code of 2012 that results in 11 the imposition of a fine shall have a portion of that fine 12 deposited into the Specialized Services for Survivors of Human 13 Trafficking Fund.

(c) If imposed, the fine shall be collected by the circuit court clerk in addition to any other imposed fee. The circuit court clerk shall retain \$50 to cover the costs in administering and enforcing this Section. The circuit court clerk shall remit the remainder of the fine within one month of its receipt as follows:

20 (1) \$300 to the State Treasurer who shall deposit the
 21 portion as follows:
 22 (A) if the arresting or investigating agency is the

23Department of State Police, into the State Police24Operations Assistance Fund;

(B) if the arresting or investigating agency is the
 Department of Natural Resources, into the Conservation

10000SB1328ham001 -329- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1	Police Operations Assistance Fund;
2	(C) if the arresting or investigating agency is the
3	Secretary of State, into the Secretary of State Police
4	Services Fund;
5	(D) if the arresting or investigating agency is the
6	Illinois Commerce Commission, into the Public Utility
7	Fund; or
8	(E) if more than one of the State agencies in this
9	paragraph (1) is the arresting or investigating
10	agency, then equal shares with the shares deposited as
11	provided in the applicable subparagraph (A) through
12	(D) of this paragraph (1) shall be distributed equally
13	between all State law enforcement agencies whose
14	officers or employees conducted the investigation or
15	prosecution that resulted in the finding of guilt; and
16	(2) the remainder of the fine shall be remitted to the
17	Department of Human Services for deposit into the
18	Specialized Services for Survivors of Human Trafficking
19	Fund.
20	(d) Upon appropriation of moneys from the Specialized
21	Services for Survivors of Human Trafficking Fund, the
22	Department of Human Services shall use these moneys to make
23	grants to non-governmental organizations to provide
24	specialized, trauma-informed services specifically designed to
25	address the priority service needs associated with
26	prostitution and human trafficking. Priority services include,

10000SB1328ham001 -330- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

but are not limited to, community based drop-in centers, emergency housing, and long-term safe homes. The Department shall consult with prostitution and human trafficking advocates, survivors, and service providers to identify priority service needs in their respective communities.

6 (e) Grants made under this Section are in addition to, and 7 not substitutes for, other grants authorized and made by the 8 Department.

9 (f) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the 10 Specialized Services for Survivors of Human Trafficking Fund is 11 not subject to sweeps, administrative charge-backs, or any 12 other fiscal maneuver that would in any way transfer any 13 amounts from the Specialized Services for Survivors of Human 14 Trafficking Fund into any other fund of the State.

15 (Source: P.A. 98-1013, eff. 1-1-15.)

- 16 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.1 rep.)
- 17 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.1-5 rep.)
- 18 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.5 rep.)
- 19 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.6 rep.)
- 20 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.10 rep.)
- 21 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.12 rep.)
- 22 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.14 rep.)
- 23 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.15 rep.)
- 24 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.17 rep.)
- 25 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.18 rep.)

1 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.19 rep.) 2 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.20 rep.) 3 Section 905-93. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended 4 by repealing Sections 5-9-1.1, 5-9-1.1-5, 5-9-1.5, 5-9-1.6, 5 5-9-1.10, 5-9-1.12, 5-9-1.14, 5-9-1.15, 5-9-1.17, 5-9-1.18, 6 5-9-1.19, and 5-9-1.20.

7 Section 905-95. The County Jail Act is amended by changing
8 Section 17 as follows:

9 (730 ILCS 125/17) (from Ch. 75, par. 117)

17. Bedding, clothing, fuel, and medical aid; 10 Sec. 11 reimbursement for medical expenses. The Warden of the jail shall furnish necessary bedding, clothing, fuel, and medical 12 13 services for all prisoners under his charge, and keep an 14 accurate account of the same. When services that result in qualified medical expenses are required by any person held in 15 custody, the county, private hospital, physician or any public 16 agency which provides such services shall be entitled to obtain 17 18 reimbursement from the county for the cost of such services. The county board of a county may adopt an ordinance or 19 20 resolution providing for reimbursement for the cost of those 21 services at the Department of Healthcare and Family Services' 22 rates for medical assistance. To the extent that such person is 23 reasonably able to pay for such care, including reimbursement 24 from any insurance program or from other medical benefit

10000SB1328ham001 -332- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1 programs available to such person, he or she shall reimburse the county or arresting authority. If such person has already 2 3 been determined eligible for medical assistance under the 4 Illinois Public Aid Code at the time the person is detained, 5 the cost of such services, to the extent such cost exceeds \$500, shall be reimbursed by the Department of Healthcare and 6 Family Services under that Code. A reimbursement under any 7 8 public or private program authorized by this Section shall be 9 paid to the county or arresting authority to the same extent as 10 would have been obtained had the services been rendered in a 11 non-custodial environment.

The sheriff or his or her designee may cause an application 12 13 for medical assistance under the Illinois Public Aid Code to be 14 completed for an arrestee who is a hospital inpatient. If such 15 arrestee is determined eligible, he or she shall receive 16 medical assistance under the Code for hospital inpatient services only. An arresting authority shall be responsible for 17 18 any qualified medical expenses relating to the arrestee until such time as the arrestee is placed in the custody of the 19 20 sheriff. However, the arresting authority shall not be so 21 responsible if the arrest was made pursuant to a request by the 22 sheriff. When medical expenses are required by any person held 23 county shall be entitled to in custody, the obtain 24 reimbursement from the County Jail Medical Costs Fund to the 25 extent moneys are available from the Fund. To the extent that 26 the person is reasonably able to pay for that care, including 1 reimbursement from any insurance program or from other medical 2 benefit programs available to the person, he or she shall 3 reimburse the county.

The county shall be entitled to a \$10 fee for each conviction or order of supervision for a criminal violation, other than a petty offense or business offense. The fee shall be taxed as costs to be collected from the defendant, if possible, upon conviction or entry of an order of supervision. The fee shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine.

11 All such fees collected shall be deposited by the county in 12 a fund to be established and known as the County Jail Medical 13 Costs Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for 14 reimbursement to the county of costs for medical expenses and 15 administration of the Fund.

For the purposes of this Section, "arresting authority" 16 means a unit of local government, other than a county, which 17 employs peace officers and whose peace officers have made the 18 19 arrest of a person. For the purposes of this Section, 20 "qualified medical expenses" include medical and hospital services but do not include (i) expenses incurred for medical 21 care or treatment provided to a person on account of a 22 23 self-inflicted injury incurred prior to or in the course of an 24 arrest, (ii) expenses incurred for medical care or treatment 25 provided to a person on account of a health condition of that 26 person which existed prior to the time of his or her arrest, or

10000SB1328ham001 -334- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

(iii) expenses for hospital inpatient services for arrestees
 enrolled for medical assistance under the Illinois Public Aid
 Code.

4 (Source: P.A. 95-842, eff. 8-15-08; 96-1280, eff. 7-26-10.)

5 Section 905-100. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by
6 changing Section 5-105 as follows:

7 (735 ILCS 5/5-105) (from Ch. 110, par. 5-105)

8 Sec. 5-105. <u>Waiver of court fees, costs, and charges</u> Leave
9 to sue or defend as an indigent person.

10 (a) As used in this Section:

11 (1) "Fees, costs, and charges" means payments imposed 12 on a party in connection with the prosecution or defense of 13 a civil action, including, but not limited to: fees set 14 forth in Section 27.1b of the Clerks of Courts Act filing fees; appearance fees; fees for service of process and 15 other papers served either within or outside this State, 16 including service by publication pursuant to Section 2-206 17 18 of this Code and publication of necessary legal notices; 19 motion fees; jury demand fees; charges for participation 20 in, or attendance at, any mandatory process or procedure 21 including, but not limited to, conciliation, mediation, 22 arbitration, counseling, evaluation, "Children First", 23 "Focus on Children" or similar programs; fees for 24 supplementary proceedings; charges for translation

services; guardian ad litem fees; charges for certified
 copies of court documents; and all other processes and
 procedures deemed by the court to be necessary to commence,
 prosecute, defend, or enforce relief in a civil action.

5 (2) "Indigent person" means any person who meets one or
6 more of the following criteria:

7 (i) He or she is receiving assistance under one or 8 more of the following means based governmental public 9 benefits programs: Supplemental Security Income (SSI), 10 Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Supplemental 11 Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Food Stamps, 12 13 General Assistance, Transitional Assistance, or State 14 Children and Family Assistance.

15 (ii) His or her available personal income is 200% 16 125% or less of the current poverty level as 17 established by the United States Department of Health 18 and Human Services, unless the applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of 19 20 this Code are of a nature and value that the court 21 determines that the applicant is able to pay the fees, costs, and charges. 22

(iii) He or she is, in the discretion of the court,
unable to proceed in an action without payment of fees,
costs, and charges and whose payment of those fees,
costs, and charges would result in substantial

hardship to the person or his or her family. 1 (iv) He or she is an indigent person pursuant to 2 Section 5-105.5 of this Code. 3 4 (3) "Poverty level" means the current poverty level as 5 established by the United States Department of Health and 6 Human Services. (b) On the application of any person, before $\overline{7}$ or after the 7 8 commencement of an action: , a 9 (1) If the court finds, on finding that the applicant 10 is an indigent person, the court shall grant the applicant 11 a full fees, costs, and charges waiver entitling him or her leave to sue or defend the action without payment of any of 12 13 the fees, costs, and charges. of the action 14 (2) If the court finds that the applicant satisfies any 15 of the criteria contained in items (i), (ii), or (iii) of 16 this subdivision (b)(2), the court shall grant the applicant a partial fees, costs, and charges waiver 17 entitling him or her to sue or defend the action upon 18 19 payment of the applicable percentage of the assessments, 20 costs, and charges of the action, as follows: 21 (i) the court shall waive 75% of all fees, costs, 22 and charges if the available income of the applicant is 23 greater than 200% but does not exceed 250% of the 24 poverty level, unless the assets of the applicant that 25 are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of 26 this Code are such that the applicant is able, without

undue hardship, to pay a greater portion of the fees, 1 2 costs, and charges; 3 (ii) the court shall waive 50% of all fees, costs, 4 and charges if the available income is greater than 5 250% but does not exceed 300% of the poverty level, unless the assets of the applicant that are not exempt 6 under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of this Code are such 7 that the applicant is able, without undue hardship, to 8 9 pay a greater portion of the fees, costs, and charges; 10 and (iii) the court shall waive 25% of all fees, costs, 11 and charges if the available income of the applicant is 12 13 greater than 300% but does not exceed 400% of the current poverty level, unless the assets of the 14 15 applicant that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of 16 Article XII of this Code are such that the applicant is able, without undue hardship, to pay a greater portion 17 of the fees, costs, and charges. 18 19 (c) An application for waiver of court fees, costs, and

20 charges leave to sue or defend an action as an indigent person 21 shall be in writing and signed supported by the affidavit of 22 the applicant, or, if the applicant is a minor or an 23 incompetent adult, by the affidavit of another person having 24 knowledge of the facts. The contents of the application for 25 waiver of court fees, costs, and charges, and the procedure for the decision of the applications, affidavit shall 26 be

1	established by Supreme Court Rule <u>. Factors to consider in</u>
2	evaluating an application shall include:
3	(1) the applicant's receipt of needs based
4	governmental public benefits, including Supplemental
5	Security Income (SSI); Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled
6	(ADBD); Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF);
7	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP or "food
8	<pre>stamps"); General Assistance; Transitional Assistance; or</pre>
9	State Children and Family Assistance;
10	(2) the employment status of the applicant and amount
11	of monthly income, if any;
12	(3) income received from the applicant's pension,
13	Social Security benefits, unemployment benefits, and other
14	sources;
15	(4) income received by the applicant from other
16	household members;
17	(5) the applicant's monthly expenses, including rent,
18	home mortgage, other mortgage, utilities, food, medical,
19	vehicle, childcare, debts, child support, and other
20	expenses; and
21	(6) financial affidavits or other similar supporting
22	documentation provided by the applicant showing that
23	payment of the imposed fees, costs, and charges would
24	result in substantial hardship to the applicant or the
25	applicant's family.
26	(c-5) The court shall provide, through the office of the

1 clerk of the court, the application for waiver of court fees, costs, and charges simplified forms consistent with the 2 3 requirements of this Section and applicable Supreme Court Rules 4 to any person seeking to sue or defend an action who indicates 5 an inability to pay the fees, costs, and charges of the action. 6 The application and supporting affidavit may be incorporated into one simplified form. The clerk of the court shall post in 7 8 a conspicuous place in the courthouse a notice no smaller than 9 8.5 x 11 inches, using no smaller than 30-point typeface 10 printed in English and in Spanish, advising the public that 11 they may ask the court for permission to sue or defend a civil action without payment of fees, costs, and charges. The notice 12 13 shall be substantially as follows:

14 "If you are unable to pay the fees, costs, and charges 15 of an action you may ask the court to allow you to proceed 16 without paying them. Ask the clerk of the court for forms."

(d) (Blank). The court shall rule on applications under 17 18 this Section in a timely manner based on information contained in the application unless the court, in its discretion, 19 20 requires the applicant to personally appear to explain or 21 clarify information contained in the application. If the court 22 finds that the applicant is an indigent person, the court shall 23 enter an order permitting the applicant to sue or defend 24 without payment of fees, costs, or charges. If the application is denied, the court shall enter an order to that effect 25 26 stating the specific reasons for the denial. The clerk of the

1 court shall promptly mail or deliver a copy of the order to the 2 applicant.

(e) The clerk of the court shall not refuse to accept and 3 4 file any complaint, appearance, or other paper presented by the 5 applicant if accompanied by an application for waiver of court 6 fees, costs, and charges to sue or defend in forma pauperis, and those papers shall be considered filed on the date the 7 8 application is presented. If the application is denied or a 9 partial fees, costs, and charges waiver is granted, the order 10 shall state a date certain by which the necessary fees, costs, 11 and charges must be paid. For The court, for good cause shown, the court may allow an applicant who receives a partial fees, 12 13 costs, and charges waiver whose application is denied to defer 14 payment of fees, costs, and charges, make installment payments, 15 or make payment upon reasonable terms and conditions stated in 16 the order. The court may dismiss the claims or strike the defenses of any party failing to pay the fees, costs, and or 17 18 charges within the time and in the manner ordered by the court. 19 A judicial ruling on an application for waiver of court 20 assessments does not constitute a decision of a substantial issue in the case under Section 2-1001 of this Code A 21 22 determination concerning an application to sue or defend in 23 forma pauperis shall not be construed as a ruling on the 24 merits.

(f) The court may order granting a full or partial fees,
 <u>costs</u>, and charges waiver shall expire after one year. Upon

expiration of the waiver, or a reasonable period of time before 1 expiration, the party whose fees, costs, and charges were 2 waived may file another application for waiver and the court 3 shall consider the application in accordance with the 4 5 applicable Supreme Court Rule. an indigent person to pay all or a portion of the fees, costs, or charges waived pursuant to 6 7 this Section out of moneys recovered by the indigent person pursuant to a judgment or settlement resulting from the civil 8 9 action. However, nothing in this Section shall be construed to 10 limit the authority of a court to order another party to the 11 action to pay the fees, costs, or charges of the action.

(f-5) If, before or at the time of final disposition of the 12 13 case, the court obtains information, including information from the court file, suggesting that a person whose fees, 14 15 costs, and charges were initially waived was not entitled to a full or partial waiver at the time of application, the court 16 may require the person to appear at a court hearing by giving 17 the applicant no less than 10 days' written notice of the 18 hearing and the specific reasons why the initial waiver might 19 20 be reconsidered. The court may require the applicant to provide reasonably available evidence, including financial 21 22 information, to support his or her eligibility for the waiver, but the court shall not require submission of information that 23 24 is unrelated to the criteria for eligibility and application 25 requirements set forth in subdivisions (b) (1) or (b) (2) of this 26 Section. If the court finds that the person was not initially

1 entitled to any waiver, the person shall pay all fees, costs, and charges relating to the civil action, including any 2 previously-waived fees, costs, and charges. The order may state 3 4 terms of payment in accordance with subsection (e). The court 5 shall not conduct a hearing under this subsection more often 6 than once every 6 months.

(f-10) If, before or at the time of final disposition of 7 the case, the court obtains information, including information 8 9 from the court file, suggesting that a person who received a 10 full or partial waiver has experienced a change in financial 11 condition so that he or she is no longer eligible for that waiver, the court may require the person to appear at a court 12 13 hearing by giving the applicant no less than 10 days' written 14 notice of the hearing and the specific reasons why the waiver 15 might be reconsidered. The court may require the person to 16 provide reasonably available evidence, including financial information, to support his or her continued eligibility for 17 the waiver, but shall not require submission of information 18 19 that is unrelated to the criteria for eligibility and 20 application requirements set forth in subsections (b)(1) and (b) (2) of this Section. If the court enters an order finding 21 22 that the person is no longer entitled to a waiver, or is 23 entitled to a partial waiver different than that which the 24 person had previously received, the person shall pay the 25 requisite fees, costs, and charges from the date of the order 26 going forward. The order may state terms of payment in

1 accordance with subsection (e) of this Section. The court shall not conduct a hearing under this subsection more often than 2 3 once every 6 months. 4 (q) A court, in its discretion, may appoint counsel to 5 represent an indigent person, and that counsel shall perform 6 his or her duties without fees, charges, or reward. (h) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to affect 7 the right of a party to sue or defend an action in forma 8 9 pauperis without the payment of fees, costs, and or charges, or 10 the right of a party to court-appointed counsel, as authorized 11 by any other provision of law or by the rules of the Illinois Supreme Court. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to 12 13 limit the authority of a court to order another party to the 14 action to pay the fees, costs, and charges of the action. 15 (h-5) If a party is represented by a civil legal services 16 provider or an attorney in a court-sponsored pro bono program as defined in Section 5-105.5 of this Code, the attorney 17 representing that party shall file a certification with the 18 19 court in accordance with Supreme Court Rule 298 and that party 20 shall be allowed to sue or defend without payment of fees, costs, and charges without filing an application under this 21 22 Section. 23 (h-10) If an attorney files an appearance on behalf of a 24 person whose fees, costs, and charges were initially waived

25 <u>under this Section, the attorney must pay all fees, costs, and</u> 26 charges relating to the civil action, including any previously 10000SB1328ham001 -344- LRB100 08307 MRW 26652 a

1	waived fees, costs, and charges, unless the attorney is either
2	a civil legal services provider, representing his or her client
3	as part of a court-sponsored pro bono program as defined in
4	Section 5-105.1 of this Code, or appearing under a limited
5	scope appearance in accordance with Supreme Court Rule
6	<u>13(c)(6).</u>
7	(i) The provisions of this Section are severable under
8	Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.
9	(Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)";
10	and
11	Article 999. Nonacceleration; Effective Date

Section 999-95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

Section 999-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 2017, except that Articles 1, 5, 10, 15, 25, and 905 take effect on July 1, 2019.".