100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

SB1282

Introduced 2/9/2017, by Sen. Pamela J. Althoff

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

235 ILCS 5/3-12 235 ILCS 5/5-1 235 ILCS 5/5-6

from Ch. 43, par. 115

Amends the Liquor Control Act of 1934. Removes provisions concerning third-party providers who ship wine on behalf of certain licensees, including reporting requirements, agency of a third-party provider, and rulemaking. Provides that grant funds from the Food and Drug Administration for conducting unannounced investigations of Illinois tobacco vendors are deposited into the Dram Shop Fund only until September 29, 2017. Removes an obsolete reporting requirement relating to compliance with the Federal ADAMHA Reorganization Act of 1992. Effective immediately.

LRB100 10282 RPS 20469 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning liquor.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by 5 changing Sections 3-12, 5-1, and 5-6 as follows:
- 6 (235 ILCS 5/3-12)

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Sec. 3-12. Powers and duties of State Commission.

8 (a) The State commission shall have the following powers,9 functions, and duties:

(1) To receive applications and to issue licenses to 10 manufacturers, foreign importers, importing distributors, 11 12 distributors, non-resident dealers, on premise consumption 13 retailers, off premise sale retailers, special event 14 retailer licensees, special use permit licenses, auction 15 liquor licenses, brew pubs, caterer retailers, 16 non-beverage users, railroads, including owners and 17 lessees of sleeping, dining and cafe cars, airplanes, boats, brokers, and wine maker's premises licensees in 18 accordance with the provisions of this Act, and to suspend 19 20 revoke such licenses upon the State commission's or 21 determination, upon notice after hearing, that a licensee 22 has violated any provision of this Act or any rule or regulation issued pursuant thereto and in effect for 30 23

1 days prior to such violation. Except in the case of an 2 action taken pursuant to a violation of Section 6-3, 6-5, 3 or 6-9, any action by the State Commission to suspend or 4 revoke a licensee's license may be limited to the license 5 for the specific premises where the violation occurred.

6 In lieu of suspending or revoking a license, the 7 commission may impose a fine, upon the State commission's 8 determination and notice after hearing, that a licensee has 9 violated any provision of this Act or any rule or 10 regulation issued pursuant thereto and in effect for 30 11 days prior to such violation.

For the purpose of this paragraph (1), when determining multiple violations for the sale of alcohol to a person under the age of 21, a second or subsequent violation for the sale of alcohol to a person under the age of 21 shall only be considered if it was committed within 5 years after the date when a prior violation for the sale of alcohol to a person under the age of 21 was committed.

19 The fine imposed under this paragraph may not exceed 20 \$500 for each violation. Each day that the activity, which gave rise to the original fine, continues is a separate 21 22 violation. The maximum fine that may be levied against any 23 licensee, for the period of the license, shall not exceed 24 \$20,000. The maximum penalty that may be imposed on a 25 licensee for selling a bottle of alcoholic liquor with a 26 foreign object in it or serving from a bottle of alcoholic

liquor with a foreign object in it shall be the destruction 1 2 of that bottle of alcoholic liquor for the first 10 bottles 3 so sold or served from by the licensee. For the eleventh bottle of alcoholic liquor and for each third bottle 4 5 thereafter sold or served from by the licensee with a 6 foreign object in it, the maximum penalty that may be 7 imposed on the licensee is the destruction of the bottle of 8 alcoholic liquor and a fine of up to \$50.

9 (2) To adopt such rules and regulations consistent with 10 the provisions of this Act which shall be necessary to 11 carry on its functions and duties to the end that the 12 health, safety and welfare of the People of the State of 13 Illinois shall be protected and temperance in the 14 consumption of alcoholic liquors shall be fostered and 15 promoted and to distribute copies of such rules and 16 regulations to all licensees affected thereby.

17 (3) To call upon other administrative departments of 18 the State, county and municipal governments, county and 19 city police departments and upon prosecuting officers for 20 such information and assistance as it deems necessary in 21 the performance of its duties.

(4) To recommend to local commissioners rules and
regulations, not inconsistent with the law, for the
distribution and sale of alcoholic liquors throughout the
State.

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(5) To inspect, or cause to be inspected, any premises

in this State where alcoholic liquors are manufactured, distributed, warehoused, or sold. Nothing in this Act authorizes an agent of the Commission to inspect private areas within the premises without reasonable suspicion or a warrant during an inspection. "Private areas" include, but are not limited to, safes, personal property, and closed desks.

8 (5.1) Upon receipt of a complaint or upon having 9 knowledge that any person is engaged in business as a 10 manufacturer, importing distributor, distributor, or 11 retailer without a license or valid license, to notify the 12 local liquor authority, file a complaint with the State's Attorney's Office of the county where the 13 incident 14 occurred, or initiate an investigation with the 15 appropriate law enforcement officials.

16 (5.2) To issue a cease and desist notice to persons 17 shipping alcoholic liquor into this State from a point 18 outside of this State if the shipment is in violation of 19 this Act.

20 (5.3) To receive complaints from licensees, local 21 officials, law enforcement agencies, organizations, and 22 persons stating that any licensee has been or is violating 23 any provision of this Act or the rules and regulations 24 issued pursuant to this Act. Such complaints shall be in 25 writing, signed and sworn to by the person making the 26 complaint, and shall state with specificity the facts in

relation to the alleged violation. If the Commission has 1 2 reasonable grounds to believe that the complaint 3 substantially alleges a violation of this Act or rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this Act, it shall conduct 4 5 an investigation. If, after conducting an investigation, 6 the Commission is satisfied that the alleged violation did 7 occur, it shall proceed with disciplinary action against 8 the licensee as provided in this Act.

9 (6) To hear and determine appeals from orders of a 10 local commission in accordance with the provisions of this 11 Act, as hereinafter set forth. Hearings under this 12 subsection shall be held in Springfield or Chicago, at 13 whichever location is the more convenient for the majority 14 of persons who are parties to the hearing.

15 (7) The commission shall establish uniform systems of 16 accounts to be kept by all retail licensees having more than 4 employees, and for this purpose the commission may 17 classify all retail licensees having more than 4 employees 18 19 and establish a uniform system of accounts for each class and prescribe the manner in which such accounts shall be 20 21 kept. The commission may also prescribe the forms of 22 accounts to be kept by all retail licensees having more 23 than 4 employees, including but not limited to accounts of 24 earnings and expenses and any distribution, payment, or 25 other distribution of earnings or assets, and any other 26 forms, records and memoranda which in the judgment of the

1 commission may be necessary or appropriate to carry out any 2 of the provisions of this Act, including but not limited to 3 such forms, records and memoranda as will readily and accurately disclose at all times the beneficial ownership 4 5 of such retail licensed business. The accounts, forms, records and memoranda shall be available at all reasonable 6 7 times for inspection by authorized representatives of the 8 commission local State or by any liquor control 9 commissioner or his or her authorized representative. The 10 commission, may, from time to time, alter, amend or repeal, 11 in whole or in part, any uniform system of accounts, or the 12 form and manner of keeping accounts.

(8) In the conduct of any hearing authorized to be held 13 14 by the commission, to appoint, at the commission's 15 discretion, hearing officers to conduct hearings involving 16 complex issues or issues that will require a protracted 17 period of time to resolve, to examine, or cause to be examined, under oath, any licensee, and to examine or cause 18 to be examined the books and records of such licensee; to 19 20 hear testimony and take proof material for its information 21 in the discharge of its duties hereunder; to administer or 22 cause to be administered oaths; for any such purpose to 23 issue subpoena or subpoenas to require the attendance of 24 witnesses and the production of books, which shall be 25 effective in any part of this State, and to adopt rules to 26 implement its powers under this paragraph (8).

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Any Circuit Court may by order duly entered, require the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books subpoenaed by the State commission and the court may compel obedience to its order by proceedings for contempt.

5 (9) To investigate the administration of laws in 6 relation to alcoholic liquors in this and other states and 7 any foreign countries, and to recommend from time to time 8 to the Governor and through him or her to the legislature 9 of this State, such amendments to this Act, if any, as it 10 may think desirable and as will serve to further the 11 general broad purposes contained in Section 1-2 hereof.

12 (10) To adopt such rules and regulations consistent 13 with the provisions of this Act which shall be necessary 14 for the control, sale or disposition of alcoholic liquor 15 damaged as a result of an accident, wreck, flood, fire or 16 other similar occurrence.

17 (11) To develop industry educational programs related 18 to responsible serving and selling, particularly in the 19 areas of overserving consumers and illegal underage 20 purchasing and consumption of alcoholic beverages.

21 (11.1) To license persons providing education and 22 training to alcohol beverage sellers and servers for 23 mandatory and non-mandatory training under the Beverage 24 Alcohol Sellers and Servers Education and Training 25 (BASSET) programs and to develop and administer a public 26 awareness program in Illinois to reduce or eliminate the

illegal purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverage 1 2 products by persons under the age of 21. Application for a license shall be made on forms provided by the State 3 Commission. 4

5 (12) To develop and maintain a repository of license 6 and regulatory information.

7 (13) (Blank). On or before January 15, 1994, the 8 Commission shall issue a written report to the Governor and 9 General Assembly that is to be based on a comprehensive 10 study of the impact on and implications for the State of 11 Illinois of Section 1926 of the Federal ADAMHA 12 Reorganization Act of 1992 (Public Law 102-321). This study shall address the extent to which Illinois currently 13 complies with the provisions of P.L. 102-321 and the rules 14 15 promulgated pursuant thereto.

16 As part of its report, the Commission shall provide the 17 following essential information:

(i) the number of retail distributors of tobacco 18 19 products, by type and geographic area, in the State; 20 (ii) the number of reported citations and 21 successful convictions, categorized by type and 22 location of retail distributor, for violation of the 23 Prevention of Tobacco Use by Minors and Sale and Distribution of Tobacco Products Act and the Smokeless 24 25 Tobacco Limitation Act; 26

(iii) the extent and nature of -organized 1educational and governmental activities that are2intended to promote, encourage or otherwise secure3compliance with any Illinois laws that prohibit the4sale or distribution of tobacco products to minors; and5(iv) the level of access and availability of

6 tobacco products to individuals under the age of 18. 7 To obtain the data necessary to comply with the 8 provisions of P.L. 102 321 and the requirements of this 9 report, the Commission shall conduct random, unannounced 10 inspections of a geographically and scientifically 11 representative sample of the State's retail tobacco 12 distributors.

13The Commission shall consult with the Department of14Public Health, the Department of Human Services, the15Illinois State Police and any other executive branch16agency, and private organizations that may have17information relevant to this report.

18The Commission may contract with the Food and Drug19Administration of the U.S. Department of Health and Human20Services to conduct unannounced investigations of Illinois21tobacco vendors to determine compliance with federal laws22relating to the illegal sale of cigarettes and smokeless23tobacco products to persons under the age of 18.

(14) On or before April 30, 2008 and every 2 years
thereafter, the Commission shall present a written report
to the Governor and the General Assembly that shall be

based on a study of the impact of <u>Public Act 95-634</u> this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly on the business of soliciting, selling, and shipping wine from inside and outside of this State directly to residents of this State. As part of its report, the Commission shall provide all of the following information:

7 (A) The amount of State excise and sales tax
8 revenues generated.

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(B) The amount of licensing fees received.

10 (C) The number of cases of wine shipped from inside
11 and outside of this State directly to residents of this
12 State.

13 (D) The number of alcohol compliance operations14 conducted.

15 (E) The number of winery shipper's licenses16 issued.

17 (F) The number of each of the following: reported violations; cease and desist notices issued by the 18 19 Commission; notices of violations issued by the 20 Commission and to the Department of Revenue; and 21 notices and complaints of violations to law 22 enforcement officials, including, without limitation, 23 the Illinois Attorney General and the U.S. Department 24 of Treasury's Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau. 25 (15) As a means to reduce the underage consumption of 26 alcoholic liquors, the Commission shall conduct alcohol

compliance operations to investigate whether businesses that are soliciting, selling, and shipping wine from inside or outside of this State directly to residents of this State are licensed by this State or are selling or attempting to sell wine to persons under 21 years of age in violation of this Act.

7 (16) The Commission shall, in addition to notifying any 8 appropriate law enforcement agency, submit notices of 9 complaints or violations of Sections 6-29 and 6-29.1 by 10 persons who do not hold a winery shipper's license under 11 this amendatory Act to the Illinois Attorney General and to 12 the U.S. Department of Treasury's Alcohol and Tobacco Tax 13 and Trade Bureau.

14 (17) (A) A person licensed to make wine under the laws 15 of another state who has a winery shipper's license under 16 this amendatory Act and annually produces less than 25,000 17 gallons of wine or a person who has a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or 18 19 second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited wine 20 manufacturer's license under this Act and annually produces less than 25,000 gallons of wine may make 21 22 application to the Commission for a self-distribution 23 exemption to allow the sale of not more than 5,000 gallons 24 of the exemption holder's wine to retail licensees per 25 year.

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(B) In the application, which shall be sworn under

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penalty of perjury, such person shall state (1) the date it was established; (2) its volume of production and sales for each year since its establishment; (3) its efforts to establish distributor relationships; (4) that a self-distribution exemption is necessary to facilitate the marketing of its wine; and (5) that it will comply with the liquor and revenue laws of the United States, this State, and any other state where it is licensed.

10 (C) The Commission shall approve the application 11 for a self-distribution exemption if such person: (1) 12 is in compliance with State revenue and liquor laws; 13 is not a member of any affiliated group that (2) 14 produces more than 25,000 gallons of wine per annum or 15 produces any other alcoholic liquor; (3) will not 16 annually produce for sale more than 25,000 gallons of 17 wine; and (4) will not annually sell more than 5,000 gallons of its wine to retail licensees. 18

19 (D) A self-distribution exemption holder shall 20 annually certify to the Commission its production of 21 wine in the previous 12 months and its anticipated 22 production and sales for the next 12 months. The 23 Commission may fine, suspend, or revoke а 24 self-distribution exemption after a hearing if it 25 finds that the exemption holder has made a material 26 misrepresentation in its application, violated a

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revenue or liquor law of Illinois, exceeded production of 25,000 gallons of wine in any calendar year, or become part of an affiliated group producing more than 25,000 gallons of wine or any other alcoholic liquor.

(E) Except in hearings for violations of this Act or <u>Public Act 95-634</u> amendatory Act or a bona fide investigation by duly sworn law enforcement officials, the Commission, or its agents, the Commission shall maintain the production and sales information of a self-distribution exemption holder as confidential and shall not release such information to any person.

12 (F) The Commission shall issue regulations
13 governing self-distribution exemptions consistent with
14 this Section and this Act.

15 (G) Nothing in this subsection (17) shall prohibit
16 a self-distribution exemption holder from entering
17 into or simultaneously having a distribution agreement
18 with a licensed Illinois distributor.

19 (H) It is the intent of this subsection (17) to 20 promote and continue orderly markets. The General Assembly finds that in order to preserve Illinois' 21 22 regulatory distribution system it is necessary to 23 create an exception for smaller makers of wine as their 24 wines are frequently adjusted in varietals, mixes, 25 vintages, and taste to find and create market niches 26 sometimes too small for distributor or importing 1distributorbusinessstrategies.Limited2self-distribution rights will afford and allow smaller3makers of wine access to the marketplace in order to4develop a customer base without impairing the5integrity of the 3-tier system.

6 (18) (A) A class 1 brewer licensee, who must also be 7 either a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer 8 and annually manufacture less than 930,000 gallons of beer, 9 may make application to the State Commission for a 10 self-distribution exemption to allow the sale of not more 11 than 232,500 gallons of the exemption holder's beer to 12 retail licensees per year.

(B) In the application, which shall be sworn under 13 14 penalty of perjury, the class 1 brewer licensee shall 15 state (1) the date it was established; (2) its volume 16 of beer manufactured and sold for each year since its establishment; its efforts to 17 (3) establish 18 distributor relationships; (4) that а 19 self-distribution exemption is necessary to facilitate 20 the marketing of its beer; and (5) that it will comply 21 with the alcoholic beverage and revenue laws of the 22 United States, this State, and any other state where it 23 is licensed.

(C) Any application submitted shall be posted on
the State Commission's website at least 45 days prior
to action by the State Commission. The State Commission

shall approve the application for a self-distribution 1 2 exemption if the class 1 brewer licensee: (1) is in 3 compliance with the State, revenue, and alcoholic beverage laws; (2) is not a member of any affiliated 4 5 group that manufactures manufacturers more than 6 930,000 gallons of beer per annum or produces any other 7 alcoholic beverages; (3) shall not annually 8 manufacture for sale more than 930,000 gallons of beer; 9 (4) shall not annually sell more than 232,500 gallons its beer to retail licensees; and 10 of (5) has 11 relinquished any brew pub license held by the licensee, 12 including any ownership interest it held in the 13 licensed brew pub.

(D) A self-distribution exemption holder shall 14 15 annually certify to the State Commission its 16 manufacture of beer during the previous 12 months and 17 its anticipated manufacture and sales of beer for the next 12 months. The State Commission may fine, suspend, 18 19 revoke a self-distribution exemption after a or 20 hearing if it finds that the exemption holder has made 21 material misrepresentation in its application, а 22 violated a revenue or alcoholic beverage law of 23 Illinois, exceeded the manufacture of 930,000 gallons 24 of beer in any calendar year or became part of an 25 affiliated group manufacturing more than 930,000 26 gallons of beer or any other alcoholic beverage.

1 (E) The State Commission shall issue rules and 2 regulations governing self-distribution exemptions 3 consistent with this Act.

(F) Nothing in this paragraph (18) shall prohibit a 4 5 self-distribution exemption holder from entering into or simultaneously having a distribution agreement with 6 7 licensed Illinois importing distributor or а а 8 distributor. If a self-distribution exemption holder 9 enters into a distribution agreement and has assigned 10 distribution rights to an importing distributor or 11 distributor, then the self-distribution exemption 12 holder's distribution rights in the assigned 13 territories shall cease in a reasonable time not to 14 exceed 60 days.

15 (G) It is the intent of this paragraph (18) to 16 promote and continue orderly markets. The General 17 Assembly finds that in order to preserve Illinois' regulatory distribution system, it is necessary to 18 19 create an exception for smaller manufacturers in order 20 to afford and allow such smaller manufacturers of beer 21 access to the marketplace in order to develop a 22 customer base without impairing the integrity of the 23 3-tier system.

(b) On or before April 30, 1999, the Commission shall
present a written report to the Governor and the General
Assembly that shall be based on a study of the impact of <u>Public</u>

<u>Act 90-739</u> this amendatory Act of 1998 on the business of
 soliciting, selling, and shipping alcoholic liquor from
 outside of this State directly to residents of this State.

As part of its report, the Commission shall provide the 5 following information:

6 (i) the amount of State excise and sales tax revenues
7 generated as a result of <u>Public Act 90-739</u> this amendatory
8 Act of 1998;

9 (ii) the amount of licensing fees received as a result
10 of <u>Public Act 90-739</u> this amendatory Act of 1998;

(iii) the number of reported violations, the number of cease and desist notices issued by the Commission, the number of notices of violations issued to the Department of Revenue, and the number of notices and complaints of violations to law enforcement officials.

16 (Source: P.A. 98-401, eff. 8-16-13; 98-939, eff. 7-1-15; 17 98-941, eff. 1-1-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-448, eff. 8-24-15; 18 revised 9-13-16.)

19 (235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115)

Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control
Commission shall be of the following classes:

(a) Manufacturer's license - Class 1. Distiller, Class 2.
Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine
Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.
First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class

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1	8. Limited Wine Manufacturer, Class 9. Craft Distiller, Class							
2	10. Class 1 Brewer, Class 11. Class 2 Brewer,							
3	(b) Distributor's license,							
4	(c) Importing Distributor's license,							
5	(d) Retailer's license,							
6	(e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit),							
7	(f) Railroad license,							
8	(g) Boat license,							
9	(h) Non-Beverage User's license,							
10	(i) Wine-maker's premises license,							
11	(j) Airplane license,							
12	(k) Foreign importer's license,							
13	(1) Broker's license,							
14	(m) Non-resident dealer's license,							
15	(n) Brew Pub license,							
16	(o) Auction liquor license,							
17	(p) Caterer retailer license,							
18	(q) Special use permit license,							
19	(r) Winery shipper's license,							
20	(s) Craft distiller tasting permit.							
21	No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal							
22	business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine							
23	may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a							
24	wine manufacturer's license.							
25	(a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture,							
26	importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale of							

1 alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be
2 permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows:

3 Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of 4 alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing 5 distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no 6 other licensees.

7 Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined 8 herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to 9 rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers 10 and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.

11 Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to 12 importing distributors and distributors and may make sales as 13 authorized under subsection (e) of Section 6-4 of this Act.

14 Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and 15 deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers, 16 importing distributors and distributors, and to no other 17 licensees.

18 Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales 19 and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to 20 manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to 21 no other licensees.

Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public

Act 95-634), is a holder of a first-class wine-maker's license and annually produces more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with Public Act 95-634.

Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow 6 7 the manufacture of between 50,000 and 150,000 gallons of wine 8 per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors 9 in this State and to persons without the State, as may be 10 permitted by law. A person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-634), is a holder of a 11 12 second-class wine-maker's license and annually produces more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its 13 wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or 14 15 before July 1, 2008 in compliance with Public Act 95-634.

16 Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and 17 deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to 18 distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the 19 provisions of this Act.

Class 9. A craft distiller license shall allow the manufacture of up to 100,000 March 1, 2013 (Public Act 97-1166) gallons of spirits by distillation per year and the storage of such spirits. If a craft distiller licensee, including a craft distiller licensee who holds more than one craft distiller license, is not affiliated with any other manufacturer of spirits, then the craft distiller licensee may sell such

spirits to distributors in this State and up to 2,500 gallons 1 2 of such spirits to non-licensees to the extent permitted by any 3 exemption approved by the Commission pursuant to Section 6-4 of this Act. A craft distiller license holder may store such 4 5 spirits at a non-contiguous licensed location, but at no time shall a craft distiller license holder directly or indirectly 6 7 produce in the aggregate more than 100,000 gallons of spirits 8 per year.

9 A craft distiller licensee may hold more than one craft 10 distiller's license. However, a craft distiller that holds more 11 than one craft distiller license shall not manufacture, in the 12 aggregate, more than 100,000 gallons of spirits by distillation 13 per year and shall not sell, in the aggregate, more than 2,500 gallons of such spirits to non-licensees in accordance with an 14 15 exemption approved by the State Commission pursuant to Section 16 6-4 of this Act.

Any craft distiller licensed under this Act who on July 28, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1367) was licensed as a distiller and manufactured no more spirits than permitted by this Section shall not be required to pay the initial licensing fee.

22 Class 10. A class 1 brewer license, which may only be 23 issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer, 24 shall allow the manufacture of up to 930,000 gallons of beer 25 per year provided that the class 1 brewer licensee does not 26 manufacture more than a combined 930,000 gallons of beer per

year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 930,000 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing distributors and distributors and to retail licensees in accordance with the conditions set forth in paragraph (18) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12 of this Act.

8 Class 11. A class 2 brewer license, which may only be 9 issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer, 10 shall allow the manufacture of up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer 11 per year provided that the class 2 brewer licensee does not 12 manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000 gallons of beer per 13 year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or 14 indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 3,720,000 15 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class 16 2 brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing 17 distributors and distributors, but shall not make sales or deliveries to any other licensee. If the State Commission 18 19 provides prior approval, a class 2 brewer licensee may annually 20 transfer up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer manufactured by that class 2 brewer licensee to the premises of a licensed class 2 21 22 brewer wholly owned and operated by the same licensee.

(a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor to licensed distributors or importing distributors and which enlists agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf

who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis in this State must register those agents, representatives, or persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting 4 5 on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form to the Commission. The form shall be developed by 6 the 7 Commission and shall include the name and address of the 8 applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she 9 represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or 10 discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other 11 questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in 12 the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed 13 material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material 14 fact under oath in an application is guilty of a Class B 15 misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements, 16 misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material 17 facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for suspension or revocation of the registration. The State 18 19 Commission shall post a list of registered agents on the 20 Commission's website.

(b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors and sale of alcoholic liquors to licensees in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. No person licensed as a distributor shall be granted a non-resident dealer's license.

(c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and

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held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the 1 2 filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with 3 the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of any fee, immediately issue such importing distributor's 4 5 license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point 6 7 in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of 8 alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and 9 the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof, 10 but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed, 11 labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all 12 provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors. The 13 importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to 14 15 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident 16 dealers and foreign importers only. No person licensed as an 17 importing distributor shall be granted a non-resident dealer's license. 18

(d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell 19 and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in 20 the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not 21 22 for resale in any form. Nothing in Public Act 95-634 shall 23 deny, limit, remove, or restrict the ability of a holder of a retailer's license to transfer, deliver, or ship alcoholic 24 25 liquor to the purchaser for use or consumption subject to any 26 applicable local law or ordinance. Any retail license issued to

a manufacturer shall only permit the manufacturer to sell beer 1 2 at retail on the premises actually occupied by the 3 manufacturer. For the purpose of further describing the type of business conducted at a retail licensed premises, a retailer's 4 5 licensee may be designated by the State Commission as (i) an on premise consumption retailer, (ii) an off premise sale 6 7 retailer, or (iii) a combined on premise consumption and off 8 premise sale retailer.

9 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection 10 (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special 11 event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted 12 under subsection (e).

13 (e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit) 14 shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an 15 Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases 16 less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in 17 which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and 18 19 offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or 20 consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the location and on the specific dates designated for the special 21 22 event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer 23 license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 24 25 Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section 26 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid

exemption identification number issued under Section 1q of the 1 2 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the 3 Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is 4 5 not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the 6 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption 7 8 number under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 9 in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special 10 event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii) 11 submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State 12 Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability 13 in the maximum limits; and (iii) show proof insurance 14 satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has 15 obtained local authority approval.

16 (f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import 17 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors 18 19 in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors 20 directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; 21 22 and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided 23 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with 24 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be 25 sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car 26 operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State;

and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the 1 2 above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad 3 license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense 4 5 alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly 6 7 operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any 8 9 licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for 10 each car in which such sales are made.

(g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any riverboat operated under the Riverboat Gambling Act, which boat or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant thereon.

17 (h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or 18 importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon 19 20 the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such 21 22 licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in 23 subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase, 24 25 possession and use of limited and stated quantities of 26 alcoholic liquor as follows:

1	Class	1,	not	to	exceed	500	gallons
2	Class	2,	not	to	exceed	1,000	gallons
3	Class	3,	not	to	exceed	5,000	gallons
4	Class	4,	not	to	exceed		gallons
5	Class	5,	not	to	exceed		gallons

6 (i) A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee 7 that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license to 8 sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in 9 such license not more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class 10 wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's 11 licensed premises per year for use or consumption, but not for 12 resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's 13 license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises 14 15 specified in such license up to 100,000 gallons of the 16 second-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the second-class 17 wine-maker's licensed premises per year for use or consumption but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license 18 19 shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class 20 wine-maker's license or a second-class wine-maker's license to 21 sell and offer for sale at retail at the premises specified in 22 the wine-maker's premises license, for use or consumption but 23 not for resale in any form, any beer, wine, and spirits 24 purchased from a licensed distributor. Upon approval from the 25 State Commission, a wine-maker's premises license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at (i) the wine-maker's 26

licensed premises and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for use and consumption and not for resale. Each location shall require additional licensing per location as specified in Section 5-3 of this Act. A wine-maker's premises licensee shall secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount at least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act.

8 (j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import 9 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United 10 States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors 11 in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors 12 directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; 13 14 and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided 15 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with 16 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be 17 sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject 18 to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to 19 20 importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit 21 the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger 22 airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, 23 but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic 24 liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane 25 license shall be required of an airline company if liquor 26 service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual

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fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3.

2 (k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee 3 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed to non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other 4 5 than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing 6 7 distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that (i) 8 the foreign importer registers with the State Commission every 9 brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois 10 licensees during the license period, (ii) the foreign importer complies with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 of this Act 11 12 with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and 13 14 (iii) the foreign importer complies with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these 15 16 provisions apply to manufacturers.

17 (1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply 18 alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who 19 20 offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers 21 22 or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in 23 order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor, importing distributor or foreign importer, whether such 24 solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the 25 State of Illinois. 26

1 No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois 2 Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any 3 alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered 4 for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the 5 holder of a valid broker's license.

6 The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the 7 broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or 8 deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward 9 to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of 10 said transaction in such form as the Commission may by 11 regulations prescribe.

12 (ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person 13 within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee 14 or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for 15 alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to 16 be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside 17 of this State by an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who 18 19 promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act. 20

A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic liquors.

This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors, employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who

has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to its registrants thereunder.

5 Any agent, representative, or person subject to 6 registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall 7 not be eligible to receive a broker's license.

8 (m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such 9 licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this 10 State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such 11 alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and 12 importing distributors and to no one else in this State; 13 provided that (i) said non-resident dealer shall register with 14 the Illinois Liquor Control Commission each and every brand of 15 alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell to Illinois 16 licensees during the license period, (ii) it shall comply with 17 all of the provisions of Section 6-9 hereof with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the 18 right to sell such brands at wholesale, and 19 (iii) the 20 non-resident dealer shall comply with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these 21 22 provisions apply to manufacturers. No person licensed as a 23 non-resident dealer shall be granted a distributor's or importing distributor's license. 24

(n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee to only (i)
 manufacture up to 155,000 gallons of beer per year only on the

premises specified in the license, (ii) make sales of the beer 1 2 manufactured on the premises or, with the approval of the 3 Commission, beer manufactured on another brew pub licensed premises that is wholly owned and operated by the same licensee 4 5 to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees for use and consumption, (iii) store the beer upon the 6 7 premises, (iv) sell and offer for sale at retail from the 8 licensed premises for off-premises consumption no more than 9 155,000 gallons per year so long as such sales are only made 10 in-person, (v) sell and offer for sale at retail for use and 11 consumption on the premises specified in the license any form 12 of alcoholic liquor purchased from a licensed distributor or 13 importing distributor, and (vi) with the prior approval of the Commission, annually transfer no more than 155,000 gallons of 14 15 beer manufactured on the premises to a licensed brew pub wholly 16 owned and operated by the same licensee.

17 A brew pub licensee shall not under any circumstance sell 18 or offer for sale beer manufactured by the brew pub licensee to 19 retail licensees.

20 holds a class А person who 2 brewer license may simultaneously hold a brew pub license if the class 2 brewer 21 22 (i) does not, under any circumstance, sell or offer for sale 23 beer manufactured by the class 2 brewer to retail licensees; (ii) does not hold more than 3 brew pub licenses in this State; 24 (iii) does not manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000 25 26 gallons of beer per year, including the beer manufactured at

the brew pub; and (iv) is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor.

5 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a licensed 6 brewer, class 2 brewer, or non-resident dealer who before July 7 1, 2015 manufactured less than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per 8 year and held a brew pub license on or before July 1, 2015 may 9 (i) continue to qualify for and hold that brew pub license for 10 the licensed premises and (ii) manufacture more than 3,720,000 11 gallons of beer per year and continue to qualify for and hold 12 that brew pub license if that brewer, class 2 brewer, or non-resident dealer does not simultaneously hold a class 1 13 brewer license and is not a member of or affiliated with, 14 15 directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 16 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or that produces any other 17 alcoholic liquor.

(o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or unlicensed.

(p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor

1 license will be issued to a person and it will permit the 2 auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the 3 State. An auction liquor license must be obtained for each 4 auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date.

5 (q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor 6 inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises 7 8 specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer 9 for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the 10 license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for 11 use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special 12 use permit license may be granted for the following time periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days 13 14 per location in any 12-month 12 month period. An applicant for 15 the special use permit license must also submit with the 16 application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the 17 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the maximum limits and have local authority approval. 18

19 (r) A winery shipper's license shall allow a person with a 20 first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited 21 22 wine manufacturer's license or who is licensed to make wine 23 under the laws of another state to ship wine made by that licensee directly to a resident of this State who is 21 years 24 25 of age or older for that resident's personal use and not for resale. Prior to receiving a winery shipper's license, an 26

applicant for the license must provide the Commission with a 1 2 true copy of its current license in any state in which it is licensed as a manufacturer of wine. An applicant for a winery 3 shipper's license must also complete an application form that 4 5 provides any other information the Commission deems necessary. 6 The application form shall include all addresses from which the 7 applicant for a winery shipper's license intends to ship wine, 8 including the name and address of any third party, except for a 9 common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf of the 10 manufacturer. The application form shall include an 11 acknowledgement consenting to the jurisdiction of the 12 Commission, the Illinois Department of Revenue, and the courts 13 of this State concerning the enforcement of this Act and any 14 related laws, rules, and regulations, including authorizing 15 the Department of Revenue and the Commission to conduct audits 16 for the purpose of ensuring compliance with Public Act 95-634, 17 and an acknowledgement that the wine manufacturer is in compliance with Section 6-2 of this Act. Any third party, 18 19 except for a common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf 20 of a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's licensee, 21 a first-class or second-class wine-maker's licensee, a limited 22 wine manufacturer's licensee, or a person who is licensed to 23 make wine under the laws of another state shall also be disclosed by the winery shipper's licensee, and a copy of the 24 25 written appointment of the third-party wine provider, except 26 for a common carrier, to the wine manufacturer shall be filed

with the State Commission as a supplement to the winery shipper's license application or any renewal thereof. The winery shipper's license holder shall affirm under penalty of perjury, as part of the winery shipper's license application or renewal, that he or she only ships wine, either directly or indirectly through a third party provider, from the licensee's own production.

8 Except for a common carrier, a third party provider 9 shipping wine on behalf of a winery shipper's license holder is the agent of the winery shipper's license holder and, as such, 10 11 a winery shipper's license holder is responsible for the acts 12 and omissions of the third-party provider acting on behalf of the license holder. A third-party provider, except for a common 13 carrier, that engages in shipping wine into Illinois on behalf 14 of a winery shipper's license holder shall consent to the 15 16 jurisdiction of the State Commission and the State. Any 17 third party, except for a common carrier, holding such an appointment shall, by February 1 of each calendar year, file 18 19 with the State Commission a statement detailing each shipment made to an Illinois resident. The State Commission shall adopt 20 21 rules as soon as practicable to implement the requirements of 22 this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly and shall 23 adopt rules prohibiting any such third-party appointment of a third-party provider, except for a common carrier, that has 24 been deemed by the State Commission to have violated the 25 26 provisions of this Act with regard to any winery shipper

1 licensee.

2 A winery shipper licensee must pay to the Department of 3 Revenue the State liquor gallonage tax under Section 8-1 for all wine that is sold by the licensee and shipped to a person 4 5 in this State. For the purposes of Section 8-1, a winery shipper licensee shall be taxed in the same manner as a 6 manufacturer of wine. A licensee who is not otherwise required 7 to register under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act must 8 9 register under the Use Tax Act to collect and remit use tax to 10 the Department of Revenue for all gallons of wine that are sold 11 by the licensee and shipped to persons in this State. If a 12 licensee fails to remit the tax imposed under this Act in 13 accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Act, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with 14 the provisions of Article VII of this Act. If a licensee fails 15 16 to properly register and remit tax under the Use Tax Act or the 17 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act for all wine that is sold by the winery shipper and shipped to persons in this State, the winery 18 shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the 19 20 provisions of Article VII of this Act.

A winery shipper licensee must collect, maintain, and submit to the Commission on a semi-annual basis the total number of cases per resident of wine shipped to residents of this State. A winery shipper licensed under this subsection (r) must comply with the requirements of Section 6-29 of this Act. Pursuant to paragraph (5.1) or (5.3) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12, the State Commission may receive, respond to, and
 investigate any complaint and impose any of the remedies
 specified in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12.

(s) A craft distiller tasting permit license shall allow an 4 5 Illinois licensed craft distiller to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor inventory from its craft distiller licensed 6 7 premises to the premises specified in the license hereby 8 created and to conduct a sampling, only in the premises 9 specified in the license hereby created, of the transferred 10 alcoholic liquor in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 11 6-31 of this Act. The transferred alcoholic liquor may not be 12 sold or resold in any form. An applicant for the craft 13 distiller tasting permit license must also submit with the 14 application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the 15 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the 16 maximum limits and have local authority approval.

17 (Source: P.A. 98-394, eff. 8-16-13; 98-401, eff. 8-16-13; 18 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-448, eff. 8-24-15; 99-642, eff. 19 7-28-16; 99-800, eff. 8-12-16; 99-902, eff. 8-26-16; 99-904, 20 eff. 1-1-17; revised 9-15-16.)

21 (235 ILCS 5/5-6)

Sec. 5-6. FDA grant funds. Grant funds received from the Food and Drug Administration of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for conducting unannounced investigations of Illinois tobacco vendors shall be deposited into the Dram

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- 1 Shop Fund <u>until September 29, 2017</u>.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 90-9, eff. 7-1-97.)
- 3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon4 becoming law.