100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

SB0764

Introduced 2/1/2017, by Sen. Julie A. Morrison

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/10-23.12	from Ch.	122,	par.	10-23.12
105 ILCS 5/27A-5				
105 ILCS 5/34-18.6	from Ch.	122,	par.	34-18.6

Amends the School Code. Requires each public school and charter school to post, in a clearly visible location in a public area of the school that is readily accessible to students, a sign in English and in Spanish that contains the toll-free telephone number operated by the Department of Children and Family Services to receive reports of child abuse or neglect. Permits the State Board of Education to adopt rules relating to the size and location of the sign.

LRB100 09190 NHT 19345 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

AN ACT concerning education.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
5 10-23.12, 27A-5, and 34-18.6 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/10-23.12) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-23.12)
Sec. 10-23.12. <u>Child abuse and neglect; detection,</u>
<u>reporting, and prevention.</u>
<u>(a)</u> To provide staff development for local school site
personnel who work with pupils in grades kindergarten through
87 in the detection, reporting, and prevention of child abuse
and neglect.

13 (b) Each public school and charter school shall post, in a 14 clearly visible location in a public area of the school that is 15 readily accessible to students, a sign in English and in 16 Spanish that contains the toll-free telephone number operated 17 by the Department of Children and Family Services to receive 18 reports of child abuse or neglect.

19The State Board of Education may adopt rules relating to20the size and location of the sign required by this subsection21(b).

22 (Source: P.A. 84-1308.)

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(105 ILCS 5/27A-5) 1

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(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 99-927)

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Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements.

(a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian, 4 5 nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter organized and operated as a nonprofit 6 school shall be 7 corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois. 8

9 (b) A charter school may be established under this Article 10 by creating a new school or by converting an existing public 11 school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning 12 on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3), in 13 all new applications to establish a charter school in a city having a population exceeding 500,000, operation of the charter 14 15 school shall be limited to one campus. The changes made to this 16 Section by Public Act 93-3 do not apply to charter schools 17 existing or approved on or before April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3). 18

(b-5) In this subsection (b-5), "virtual-schooling" means 19 20 a cyber school where students engage in online curriculum and instruction via the Internet and electronic communication with 21 22 their teachers at remote locations and with students 23 participating at different times.

From April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, there is a 24 25 moratorium on the establishment of charter schools with 26 virtual-schooling components in school districts other than a

1 school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. This 2 moratorium does not apply to a charter school with 3 virtual-schooling components existing or approved prior to 4 April 1, 2013 or to the renewal of the charter of a charter 5 school with virtual-schooling components already approved 6 prior to April 1, 2013.

7 On or before March 1, 2014, the Commission shall submit to 8 General Assembly а report the effect the on of 9 virtual-schooling, including without limitation the effect on 10 student performance, the costs associated with 11 virtual-schooling, and issues with oversight. The report shall 12 include policy recommendations for virtual-schooling.

(c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by its board of directors or other governing body in the manner provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open Meetings Act.

(d) For purposes of this subsection (d), "non-curricular 18 health and safety requirement" means any health and safety 19 20 requirement created by statute or rule to provide, maintain, preserve, or safeguard safe or healthful conditions for 21 22 students and school personnel or to eliminate, reduce, or 23 prevent threats to the health and safety of students and school personnel. "Non-curricular health and safety requirement" does 24 25 not include any course of study or specialized instructional 26 requirement for which the State Board has established goals and

learning standards or which is designed primarily to impart knowledge and skills for students to master and apply as an outcome of their education.

A charter school shall comply with all non-curricular 4 5 health and safety requirements applicable to public schools under the laws of the State of Illinois. On or before September 6 7 1, 2015, the State Board shall promulgate and post on its Internet website a list of non-curricular health and safety 8 9 requirements that a charter school must meet. The list shall be 10 updated annually no later than September 1. Any charter 11 contract between a charter school and its authorizer must 12 contain a provision that requires the charter school to follow 13 the list of all non-curricular health and safety requirements 14 promulgated by the State Board and any non-curricular health 15 and safety requirements added by the State Board to such list 16 during the term of the charter. Nothing in this subsection (d) 17 precludes an authorizer from including non-curricular health and safety requirements in a charter school contract that are 18 19 not contained in the list promulgated by the State Board, 20 including non-curricular health and safety requirements of the authorizing local school board. 21

(e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks, instructional materials, and student activities.

26 (f) A charter school shall be responsible for the

management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but 1 2 not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each 3 charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an outside, independent contractor retained by the charter 4 5 school. To ensure financial accountability for the use of public funds, on or before December 1 of every year of 6 operation, each charter school shall submit to its authorizer 7 8 and the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the Form 9 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal 10 Internal Revenue Service. In addition, if deemed necessary for 11 proper financial oversight of the charter school, an authorizer 12 may require quarterly financial statements from each charter 13 school.

(g) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of 14 15 this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, all federal and State laws and rules applicable to public schools 16 17 that pertain to special education and the instruction of English learners, and its charter. A charter school is exempt 18 19 from all other State laws and regulations in this Code 20 governing public schools and local school board policies; however, a charter school is not exempt from the following: 21

(1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this Code regarding
criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide
Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer and Violent
Offender Against Youth Database of applicants for
employment;

SB0764 - 6 - LRB100 09190 NHT 19345 b (2) Sections 10-20.14, 10-22.6, 24-24, 34-19, 1 and 2 34-84a of this Code regarding discipline of students; 3 (3) the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act; 4 5 (4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit 6 Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of 7 officers, directors, employees, and agents; 8 (5) the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act; 9 (5.5) subsection (b) of Section 10-23.12 and 10 subsection (b) of Section 34-18.6 of this Code; 11 (6) the Illinois School Student Records Act; 12 (7) Section 10-17a of this Code regarding school report 13 cards; 14 (8) the P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act; 15 (9) Section 27-23.7 of this Code regarding bullying 16 prevention; 17 (10) Section 2-3.162 of this Code regarding student discipline reporting; and 18 (11) Section 22-80 of this Code. 19 20 The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection (g) is declaratory of existing law. 21 22 (h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a 23 school district, the governing body of a State college or university or public community college, or any other public or 24 25 for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a 26 school building and grounds or any other real property or

facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert 1 2 for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and 3 maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to 4 5 perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. However, a charter school that is established on or after April 6 7 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and that 8 operates in a city having a population exceeding 500,000 may 9 not contract with a for-profit entity to manage or operate the 10 school during the period that commences on April 16, 2003 (the 11 effective date of Public Act 93-3) and concludes at the end of 12 the 2004-2005 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this Section, a school district may charge a charter school 13 reasonable rent for the use of the district's buildings, 14 grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a charter 15 16 school contracts with a school district shall be provided by 17 the district at cost. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a local school board or with the governing body 18 of a State college or university or public community college 19 20 shall be provided by the public entity at cost.

(i) In no event shall a charter school that is established by converting an existing school or attendance center to charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other costs for the operation and maintenance of school district

facilities that are used by the charter school shall be subject to negotiation between the charter school and the local school board and shall be set forth in the charter.

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(j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age or grade level.

6 (k) If the charter school is approved by the Commission,
7 then the Commission charter school is its own local education
8 agency.

9 (Source: P.A. 98-16, eff. 5-24-13; 98-639, eff. 6-9-14; 98-669,
10 eff. 6-26-14; 98-739, eff. 7-16-14; 98-783, eff. 1-1-15;
11 98-1059, eff. 8-26-14; 98-1102, eff. 8-26-14; 99-30, eff.
12 7-10-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-245, eff. 8-3-15; 99-325, eff.
13 8-10-15; 99-456, eff. 9-15-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)

14 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 99-927)

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Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements.

(a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian,
nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter
school shall be organized and operated as a nonprofit
corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity
authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois.

(b) A charter school may be established under this Article by creating a new school or by converting an existing public school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3), in all new applications to establish a charter school in a city

having a population exceeding 500,000, operation of the charter school shall be limited to one campus. The changes made to this Section by Public Act 93-3 do not apply to charter schools existing or approved on or before April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3).

6 (b-5) In this subsection (b-5), "virtual-schooling" means 7 a cyber school where students engage in online curriculum and 8 instruction via the Internet and electronic communication with 9 their teachers at remote locations and with students 10 participating at different times.

11 From April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, there is a 12 moratorium on the establishment of charter schools with 13 virtual-schooling components in school districts other than a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. This 14 15 moratorium does not apply to а charter school with 16 virtual-schooling components existing or approved prior to 17 April 1, 2013 or to the renewal of the charter of a charter school with virtual-schooling components already approved 18 19 prior to April 1, 2013.

20 On or before March 1, 2014, the Commission shall submit to 21 the General Assembly а report on the effect of 22 virtual-schooling, including without limitation the effect on 23 performance, costs associated student the with 24 virtual-schooling, and issues with oversight. The report shall 25 include policy recommendations for virtual-schooling.

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(c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by

1 its board of directors or other governing body in the manner 2 provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school 3 shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open 4 Meetings Act.

5 (d) For purposes of this subsection (d), "non-curricular health and safety requirement" means any health and safety 6 7 requirement created by statute or rule to provide, maintain, 8 preserve, or safequard safe or healthful conditions for 9 students and school personnel or to eliminate, reduce, or 10 prevent threats to the health and safety of students and school 11 personnel. "Non-curricular health and safety requirement" does 12 not include any course of study or specialized instructional 13 requirement for which the State Board has established goals and learning standards or which is designed primarily to impart 14 15 knowledge and skills for students to master and apply as an 16 outcome of their education.

17 A charter school shall comply with all non-curricular health and safety requirements applicable to public schools 18 under the laws of the State of Illinois. On or before September 19 20 1, 2015, the State Board shall promulgate and post on its Internet website a list of non-curricular health and safety 21 22 requirements that a charter school must meet. The list shall be 23 updated annually no later than September 1. Any charter contract between a charter school and its authorizer must 24 25 contain a provision that requires the charter school to follow 26 the list of all non-curricular health and safety requirements

1 promulgated by the State Board and any non-curricular health 2 and safety requirements added by the State Board to such list 3 during the term of the charter. Nothing in this subsection (d) precludes an authorizer from including non-curricular health 4 5 and safety requirements in a charter school contract that are not contained in the list promulgated by the State Board, 6 including non-curricular health and safety requirements of the 7 8 authorizing local school board.

9 (e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a 10 charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a 11 charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks, 12 instructional materials, and student activities.

13 A charter school shall be responsible (f) for the 14 management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but 15 not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each 16 charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an 17 outside, independent contractor retained by the charter school. To ensure financial accountability for the use of 18 19 public funds, on or before December 1 of every year of 20 operation, each charter school shall submit to its authorizer and the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the Form 21 22 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal 23 Internal Revenue Service. In addition, if deemed necessary for 24 proper financial oversight of the charter school, an authorizer 25 may require quarterly financial statements from each charter 26 school.

(q) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of 1 2 this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, all 3 federal and State laws and rules applicable to public schools that pertain to special education and the instruction of 4 5 English learners, and its charter. A charter school is exempt 6 from all other State laws and regulations in this Code 7 governing public schools and local school board policies; 8 however, a charter school is not exempt from the following:

9 (1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this Code regarding 10 criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide 11 Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer and Violent 12 Offender Against Youth Database of applicants for 13 employment;

14 (2) Sections 10-20.14, 10-22.6, 24-24, 34-19, and
 15 34-84a of this Code regarding discipline of students;

16 (3) the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees
17 Tort Immunity Act;

18 (4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit
19 Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of
20 officers, directors, employees, and agents;

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(5) the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;

 22
 (5.5)
 subsection
 (b)
 of
 Section
 10-23.12
 and

 23
 subsection
 (b)
 of
 Section
 34-18.6
 of
 this
 Code;

24

(6) the Illinois School Student Records Act;

25 (7) Section 10-17a of this Code regarding school report
 26 cards;

(8) the P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act;
 (9) Section 27-23.7 of this Code regarding bullying
 prevention;

4 (10) Section 2-3.162 of this Code regarding student 5 discipline reporting; and

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(11) Sections 22-80 and 27-8.1 of this Code.

7 The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection (g)
8 is declaratory of existing law.

9 (h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a 10 school district, the governing body of a State college or 11 university or public community college, or any other public or 12 for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a 13 school building and grounds or any other real property or facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert 14 for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and 15 16 maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, 17 activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. 18 However, a charter school that is established on or after April 19 20 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and that operates in a city having a population exceeding 500,000 may 21 22 not contract with a for-profit entity to manage or operate the 23 school during the period that commences on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and concludes at the end of 24 25 the 2004-2005 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) 26 of this Section, a school district may charge a charter school

reasonable rent for the use of the district's buildings, grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a school district shall be provided by the district at cost. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a local school board or with the governing body of a State college or university or public community college shall be provided by the public entity at cost.

(i) In no event shall a charter school that is established 8 9 by converting an existing school or attendance center to charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is 10 11 deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter 12 agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other 13 costs for the operation and maintenance of school district 14 facilities that are used by the charter school shall be subject 15 to negotiation between the charter school and the local school 16 board and shall be set forth in the charter.

17 (j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age or 18 grade level.

19 (k) If the charter school is approved by the Commission, 20 then the Commission charter school is its own local education 21 agency.

(Source: P.A. 98-16, eff. 5-24-13; 98-639, eff. 6-9-14; 98-669,
eff. 6-26-14; 98-739, eff. 7-16-14; 98-783, eff. 1-1-15;
98-1059, eff. 8-26-14; 98-1102, eff. 8-26-14; 99-30, eff.
7-10-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-245, eff. 8-3-15; 99-325, eff.
8-10-15; 99-456, eff. 9-15-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-927,

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1 eff. 6-1-17.)

(105 ILCS 5/34-18.6) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-18.6)
Sec. 34-18.6. Child abuse and neglect<u>;</u>-detection,
reporting<u></u> and prevention.

5 <u>(a)</u> The Board of Education may provide staff development 6 for local school site personnel who work with pupils in grades 7 kindergarten through 87 in the detection, reporting, and 8 prevention of child abuse and neglect.

9 <u>(b) Each public school and charter school shall post, in a</u> 10 <u>clearly visible location in a public area of the school that is</u> 11 <u>readily accessible to students, a sign in English and in</u> 12 <u>Spanish that contains the toll-free telephone number operated</u> 13 <u>by the Department of Children and Family Services to receive</u> 14 <u>reports of child abuse or neglect.</u>

15 <u>The State Board of Education may adopt rules relating to</u> 16 <u>the size and location of the sign required by this subsection</u> 17 <u>(b).</u>

18 (Source: P.A. 84-1308.)

19 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 20 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 21 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section 22 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does 23 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes 24 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other

1 Public Act.