

## Sen. Melinda Bush

## Filed: 5/18/2018

10000HB5770sam002

LRB100 19591 AXK 40454 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5770

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend House Bill 5770 by replacing

3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section

5 14-6.01 as follows:

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6 (105 ILCS 5/14-6.01) (from Ch. 122, par. 14-6.01)

Sec. 14-6.01. Powers and duties of school boards. School boards of one or more school districts establishing and maintaining any of the educational facilities described in this Article shall, in connection therewith, exercise similar powers and duties as are prescribed by law for the establishment, maintenance and management of other recognized educational facilities. Such school boards shall include only eligible children in the program and shall comply with all the requirements of this Article and all rules and regulations established by the State Board of Education. Such school boards

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children shall part-time attendance accept in disabilities of the types described in Sections 14-1.02 through 14-1.07 who are enrolled in nonpublic schools. A request for part-time attendance must be submitted by a parent or guardian of the child with a disability and may be made only to those public schools located in the district where the child attending the nonpublic school resides; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting an agreement between the district where the child resides and another public school district to provide special educational services if such an arrangement is deemed more convenient and economical. Special education and related services must be provided in accordance with the student's IEP no later than 10 school attendance days after notice is provided to the parents pursuant to Section 300.503 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations and implementing rules adopted by the State Board Education. Transportation for students in part time attendance shall be provided only if required in the child's individualized educational program on the basis of the child's disabling condition or as the special education program location may require.

Beginning with the 2019-2020 school year, a school board shall post on its Internet website, if any, and incorporate into its student handbook or newsletter notice that students with disabilities who do not qualify for an individualized education program, as required by the federal Individuals with

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Disabilities Education Act and implementing provisions of this Code, may qualify for services under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 if the child (i) has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, (ii) has a record of a physical or mental impairment, or (iii) is regarded as having a physical or mental impairment. A school board shall publish a public notice in its newsletter of general circulation or in the newsletter of another governmental entity of general circulation in the district or if neither is available in the district, then in a newspaper of general circulation in the district, the right of all children with disabilities to a free appropriate public education as provided under this Code. Such notice shall identify the location and phone number of the office or agent of the school district to whom inquiries should be directed regarding the identification, assessment and placement of such children.

School boards shall immediately provide upon request by any person written materials and other information that indicates the specific policies, procedures, rules and regulations regarding the identification, evaluation or educational placement of children with disabilities under Section 14-8.02 of the School Code. Such information shall include information regarding all rights and entitlements of such children under this Code, and of the opportunity to present complaints with respect to any matter relating to educational placement of the

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student, or the provision of a free appropriate public education and to have an impartial due process hearing on the complaint. The notice shall inform the parents or guardian in the parents' or guardian's native language, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so, of their rights and all procedures available pursuant to this Act and federal Public Law 94-142; it shall be the responsibility of the State Superintendent to develop uniform notices setting forth the procedures available under this Act and federal Public Law 94-142, as amended, to be used by all school boards. The notice shall also inform the parents or guardian of the availability upon request of a list of free or low-cost legal and other relevant services available locally to assist parents or guardians in exercising rights or entitlements under this Code.

Any parent or guardian who is deaf, or does not normally communicate using spoken English, who participates in a meeting with a representative of a local educational agency for the purposes of developing an individualized educational program shall be entitled to the services of an interpreter.

No student with a disability or, in a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code, child with a learning disability may be denied promotion, graduation or a general diploma on the basis of failing a minimal competency test when such failure can be directly related to the disabling condition of the student. For the purpose of this Act, "minimal competency testing" is defined as tests which are constructed

to measure the acquisition of skills to or beyond a certain defined standard.

3 Effective July 1, 1966, high school districts 4 financially responsible for the education of pupils with 5 disabilities who are residents in their districts when such 6 pupils have reached age 15 but may admit children with disabilities into special educational facilities without 7 8 regard to graduation from the eighth grade after such pupils 9 have reached the age of 14 1/2 years. Upon a pupil with a 10 disability attaining the age of 14 1/2 years, it shall be the 11 duty of the elementary school district in which the pupil resides to notify the high school district in which the pupil 12 13 resides of the pupil's current eligibility for special 14 education services, of the pupil's current program, and of all 15 evaluation data upon which the current program is based. After 16 an examination of that information the high school district may accept the current placement and all subsequent timelines shall 17 18 be governed by the current individualized educational program; 19 or the high school district may elect to conduct its own 20 evaluation and multidisciplinary staff conference 2.1 formulate its own individualized educational program, in which 22 case the procedures and timelines contained in Section 14-8.02 23 shall apply.

24 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-592, eff. 7-22-16;

25 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 1
- 2 becoming law.".