

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB5292

by Rep. Rita Mayfield

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act. Provides for the creation of the Chicago Casino Development Authority, whose duties include promotion and maintenance of a casino. Amends the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and the Riverboat Gambling Act to authorize electronic gaming at race tracks (and makes conforming changes in various Acts). Further amends the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Makes various changes concerning Board members. Indefinitely extends the authorization for advance deposit wagering. Contains provisions concerning testing of horses at county fairs and standardbred horses. Further amends the Riverboat Gambling Act. Changes the short title to the Illinois Gambling Act and changes corresponding references to the Act. Adds additional owners licenses, one of which authorizes the conduct of casino gambling in the City of Chicago. Makes changes in provisions concerning the admission tax and privilege tax. Makes other changes. Contains a severability provision. Effective immediately.

LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOME RULE NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning gaming.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

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ARTICLE 1.

Section 1-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
Chicago Casino Development Authority Act. References in this
Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

8 Section 1-2. Legislative intent.

9 (a) This Act is intended to benefit the people of the City 10 of Chicago and the State of Illinois by assisting economic 11 development and promoting tourism and by increasing the amount 12 of revenues available to the City and the State to assist and 13 support the City's pension obligation in accordance with Public 14 Act 99-506.

15 (b) While authorization of casino gambling in Chicago will 16 enhance investment, development, and tourism in Illinois, it is recognized that it will do so successfully only if public 17 18 confidence and trust in the credibility and integrity of the gambling operations and the regulatory process is maintained. 19 20 Therefore, the provisions of this Act are designed to allow the 21 Illinois Gaming Board to strictly regulate the facilities, persons, associations, and practices related to gambling 22

operations pursuant to the police powers of the State, including comprehensive law enforcement supervision. Consistent with the Gaming Board's authority, the Gaming Board alone shall regulate any Chicago casino, just as it now regulates every other casino in Illinois.

6 Section 1-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

7 "Authority" means the Chicago Casino Development Authority8 created by this Act.

9 "Casino" means one temporary land-based or water-based 10 facility and one permanent land-based or water-based facility 11 and airport gaming locations pursuant to Section 1-67 of this 12 Act at which lawful gambling is authorized and licensed as 13 provided in the Illinois Gambling Act.

14 "Casino Board" means the board appointed pursuant to this15 Act to govern and control the Authority.

16 "Casino management contract" means a legally binding 17 agreement between the Authority and a casino operator licensee 18 to operate or manage a casino.

19 "Casino operator licensee" means any person or entity 20 selected by the Authority and approved and licensed by the 21 Gaming Board to manage and operate a casino within the City of 22 Chicago pursuant to a casino management contract.

23 "City" means the City of Chicago.

24 "Entity" means a corporation, joint venture, partnership,25 limited liability company, trust, or unincorporated

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1 association.

2 "Executive director" means the person appointed by the 3 Casino Board to oversee the daily operations of the Authority. 4 "Gaming Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board created by 5 the Illinois Gambling Act.

6 "Mayor" means the Mayor of the City.

Section 1-12. Creation of the Authority. There is hereby created a political subdivision, unit of local government with only the powers authorized by law, body politic, and municipal corporation, by the name and style of the Chicago Casino Development Authority.

Section 1-13. Duties of the Authority. It shall be the duty 12 13 of the Authority, as an owners licensee under the Illinois 14 Gambling Act, to promote and maintain a casino in the City. The 15 Authority shall own, acquire, construct, lease, equip, and maintain grounds, buildings, and facilities for that purpose. 16 However, the Authority shall contract with a casino operator 17 18 licensee to manage and operate the casino and in no event shall the Authority or City manage or operate the casino. The 19 20 Authority may contract pursuant to the procedures set forth in 21 Section 1-115 with other third parties in order to fulfill its purpose. The Authority is responsible for the payment of any 22 fees required of a casino operator under subsection (a) of 23 24 Section 7.9 of the Illinois Gambling Act if the casino operator

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licensee is late in paying any such fees. The Authority is 1 granted all rights and powers necessary to perform such duties. 2 3 Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Authority and casino operator licensee are subject to the Illinois Gambling Act and 4 5 all of the rules of the Gaming Board, which shall be applied to the Authority and the casino operator licensee in a manner 6 7 consistent with that of other owners licensees under the 8 Illinois Gambling Act. Nothing in this Act shall confer 9 regulatory authority on the Chicago Casino Development 10 Authority. The Illinois Gaming Board shall have exclusive 11 regulatory authority over all gambling operations governed by 12 this Act.

13 Section 1-15. Casino Board.

14 (a) The governing and administrative powers of the 15 Authority shall be vested in a body known as the Chicago Casino 16 Development Board. The Casino Board shall consist of 5 members 17 appointed by the Mayor. One of these members shall be 18 designated by the Mayor to serve as chairperson. All of the 19 members appointed by the Mayor shall be residents of the City.

Each Casino Board appointee shall be subject to a preliminary background investigation completed by the Gaming Board within 30 days after the appointee's submission of his or her application to the Gaming Board. If the Gaming Board determines that there is a substantial likelihood that it will not find the appointee to be suitable to serve on the Casino

Board (applying the same standards for suitability to the 1 appointee as the Gaming Board would apply to an owners licensee 2 3 key person under the Gaming Board's adopted rules), then the Gaming Board shall provide a written notice of 4 such 5 determination to the appointee and the Corporation Counsel of the City. The Mayor may then appoint a new candidate. If no 6 7 such notice is delivered with respect to a particular 8 appointee, then commencing on the 31st day following the date 9 of the appointee's submission of his or her application to the 10 Gaming Board, the appointee shall be deemed an acting member of 11 the Casino Board and shall participate as a Casino Board 12 member.

13 Each appointee shall be subject to a full background 14 investigation and final approval by the Gaming Board prior to 15 the opening of the casino. The Gaming Board shall complete its full background investigation of the Casino Board appointee 16 17 within 3 months after the date of the appointee's submission of his or her application to the Gaming Board. If the Gaming Board 18 19 does not complete its background investigation within the 3-month period, then the Gaming Board shall give a written 20 explanation to the appointee, as well as the Mayor, the 21 22 Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 23 House of Representatives, as to why it has not reached a final determination and set forth a reasonable time when such 24 25 determination shall be made.

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(b) Casino Board members shall receive \$300 for each day

the Authority meets and shall be entitled to reimbursement of reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. A Casino Board member who serves in the office of secretary-treasurer may also receive compensation for services provided as that officer.

6 Section 1-20. Terms of appointments; resignation and 7 removal.

8 (a) The Mayor shall appoint 2 members of the Casino Board 9 for an initial term expiring July 1 of the year following final 10 approval by the Gaming Board, 2 members for an initial term 11 expiring July 1 three years following final approval by the 12 Gaming Board, and one member for an initial term expiring July 13 1 five years following final approval by the Gaming Board.

14 (b) All successors shall be appointed by the Mayor to hold 15 office for a term of 5 years from the first day of July of the 16 year in which they are appointed, except in the case of an appointment to fill a vacancy. Each member, including the 17 chairperson, shall hold office until the expiration of his or 18 19 her term and until his or her successor is appointed and qualified. Nothing shall preclude a member from serving 20 21 consecutive terms. Any member may resign from office, to take 22 effect when a successor has been appointed and qualified. A vacancy in office shall occur in the case of a member's death 23 24 or indictment, conviction, or plea of quilty to a felony. A 25 vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the Mayor

subject to the approval of the Gaming Board as provided in this
 Section.

3 (c) Members of the Casino Board shall serve at the pleasure 4 of the Mayor. The Mayor or the Gaming Board may remove any 5 member of the Casino Board upon a finding of incompetence, 6 neglect of duty, or misfeasance or malfeasance in office or for 7 a violation of this Act. The Gaming Board may remove any member 8 of the Casino Board for any violation of the Illinois Gambling 9 Act or the rules and regulations of the Gaming Board.

10 (d) No member of the Casino Board shall engage in any 11 political activity. For the purpose of this Section, "political 12 activity" means any activity in support of or in connection with any campaign for federal, State, or local elective office 13 or any political organization, but does not include activities 14 15 (i) relating to the support or opposition of any executive, 16 legislative, or administrative action, as those terms are 17 defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration Act, (ii) relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are otherwise 18 19 in furtherance of the person's official duties or governmental 20 and public service functions.

21 Section 1-25. Organization of Casino Board; meetings. 22 After appointment by the Mayor, the Casino Board shall organize 23 for the transaction of business, provided that the Casino Board 24 shall not take any formal action until after the Gaming Board 25 has completed its preliminary background investigation of at

least a quorum of the Casino Board as provided in subsection 1 2 (a) of Section 1-15. The Casino Board shall prescribe the time 3 and place for meetings, the manner in which special meetings may be called, and the notice that must be given to members. 4 5 All actions and meetings of the Casino Board shall be subject to the provisions of the Open Meetings Act. Three members of 6 7 the Casino Board shall constitute a quorum. All substantive action of the Casino Board shall be by resolution with an 8 affirmative vote of a majority of the members. 9

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Section 1-30. Executive director; officers.

(a) The Casino Board shall appoint an executive director,
 who shall be the chief executive officer of the Authority.

13 The executive director shall be subject to a preliminary 14 background investigation to be completed by the Gaming Board 15 within 30 days after the executive director's submission of his 16 or her application to the Gaming Board. If the Gaming Board determines that there is a substantial likelihood that it will 17 not find the executive director to be suitable to serve in that 18 19 position (applying the same standards for suitability as the 20 Gaming Board would apply to an owners licensee key person under 21 the Gaming Board's adopted rules), then the Gaming Board shall 22 provide a written notice of such determination to the appointee and the Corporation Counsel of the City. The Casino Board may 23 24 then appoint a new executive director. If no such notice is 25 delivered, then commencing on the 31st day following the date

1 of the executive director's submission of his or her 2 application to the Gaming Board, the executive director shall 3 commence all duties as the acting executive director of the 4 Authority.

5 The executive director shall be subject to a full background investigation and final approval by the Gaming Board 6 prior to the opening of the casino. The Gaming Board shall 7 8 complete its full background investigation of the executive 9 director within 3 months after the date of the executive 10 director's submission of his or her application to the Gaming 11 Board. If the Gaming Board does not complete its background 12 investigation within the 3-month period, then the Gaming Board 13 shall give a written explanation to the appointee, as well as 14 the Mayor, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 15 Speaker of the House of Representatives, as to why it has not 16 reached a final determination and set forth a reasonable time 17 when such determination shall be made.

(b) The Casino Board shall fix the compensation of the 18 19 executive director. Subject to the general control of the 20 Casino Board, the executive director shall be responsible for the management of the business, properties, and employees of 21 22 the Authority. The executive director shall direct the 23 enforcement of all resolutions, rules, and regulations of the Casino Board, and shall perform such other duties as may be 24 25 prescribed from time to time by the Casino Board. All employees 26 and independent contractors, consultants, engineers,

architects, accountants, attorneys, financial experts, construction experts and personnel, superintendents, managers, and other personnel appointed or employed pursuant to this Act shall report to the executive director. In addition to any other duties set forth in this Act, the executive director shall do or shall delegate to an employee or agent of the Authority to do all of the following:

8 (1) Direct and supervise the administrative affairs 9 and activities of the Authority in accordance with its 10 rules, regulations, and policies.

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(2) Attend meetings of the Casino Board.

12 (3) Keep minutes of all proceedings of the Casino13 Board.

14 (4) Approve all accounts for salaries, per diem
15 payments, and allowable expenses of the Casino Board and
16 its employees and consultants.

17 (5) Report and make recommendations to the Casino Board
18 concerning the terms and conditions of any casino
19 management contract.

20 (6) Perform any other duty that the Casino Board
 21 requires for carrying out the provisions of this Act.

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(7) Devote his or her full time to the duties of the office and not hold any other office or employment.

(c) The Casino Board may select a secretary-treasurer and
other officers to hold office at the pleasure of the Casino
Board. The Casino Board shall fix the duties of such officers.

Section 1-31. General rights and powers of the Authority. 1 2 (a) In addition to the duties and powers set forth in this 3 Act, the Authority shall have the following rights and powers: 4 (1) Adopt and alter an official seal. 5 (2) Establish and change its fiscal year. (3) Sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, all in its 6 7 own name, and agree to binding arbitration of any dispute to which it is a party. 8 9 (4) Adopt, amend, and repeal bylaws, rules, and 10 regulations consistent with the furtherance of the powers 11 and duties provided for. 12 (5) Maintain its principal office within the City and 13 such other offices as the Casino Board may designate. 14 (6) Select locations in the City for a temporary and a 15 permanent casino. 16 (7) Subject to the bidding procedures of Section 1-115 of this Act, retain or employ, either as regular employees 17 18 independent contractors, consultants, engineers, or 19 architects, accountants, attorneys, financial experts, 20 construction experts and personnel, superintendents, 21 managers and other professional personnel, and such other personnel as may be necessary in the judgment of the Casino 22 23 Board, and fix their compensation; however, employees of 24 the Authority shall be hired pursuant to and in accordance 25 with the rules and policies the Authority may adopt.

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(8) Pursuant to Section 1-115 of this Act, own, acquire, construct, equip, lease, operate, manage, and maintain grounds, buildings, and facilities to carry out its corporate purposes and duties.

5 (9) Pursuant to Section 1-115, and subject to the 6 oversight, review, and approval of the Gaming Board, enter 7 into, revoke, and modify contracts in accordance with the 8 rules of the Gaming Board as consistently applied to all 9 owners licensees under the Illinois Gambling Act, provided 10 that the Authority may enter into contracts for the design, 11 construction, and outfitting of a temporary casino prior to 12 the Gaming Board's final approval of the Authority's executive director and the members of the Casino Board and 13 14 prior to the Gaming Board's issuance of the Authority's 15 owners license. Provided further that the entities 16 selected by the Authority for the design, construction, and outfitting of the temporary casino shall be subject to a 17 preliminary background investigation to be completed by 18 19 the Gaming Board within 30 days after the Gaming Board is provided the identities of the entities. If the Gaming 20 Board determines that there is a substantial likelihood 21 22 that the entities are not suitable or acceptable to perform 23 their respective functions, then the Gaming Board shall 24 immediately provide notice of that determination to the 25 Authority. If no such notice is delivered, then, commencing 26 on the 31st day following the date on which the information

identifying such entities is provided to the Gaming Board, 1 2 such entities shall be permitted to commence the services 3 contemplated for the design, construction, and outfitting of the temporary casino. In no event, however, shall the 4 5 Authority open a casino until after the Gaming Board has finally approved the Authority's executive director and 6 7 the members of the Casino Board and the Gaming Board has 8 issued the Authority's owners license and the casino 9 operator's casino operator license.

(10) Enter into a casino management contract subject to
 the provisions of Section 1-45 of this Act.

12 (11) Negotiate and enter into intergovernmental 13 agreements with the State and its agencies, the City, and 14 other units of local government, in furtherance of the 15 powers and duties of the Casino Board.

16 (12) Receive and disburse funds for its own corporate
 17 purposes or as otherwise specified in this Act.

18 (13) Borrow money from any source, public or private, 19 for any corporate purpose, including, without limitation, 20 working capital for its operations, reserve funds, or 21 payment of interest, and to mortgage, pledge, or otherwise 22 encumber the property or funds of the Authority and to 23 contract with or engage the services of any person in 24 connection with any financing, including financial 25 institutions, issuers of letters of credit, or insurers and 26 enter into reimbursement agreements with this person or

entity which may be secured as if money were borrowed from the person or entity.

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(14) Issue bonds as provided for under this Act.

4 (15) Receive and accept from any source, private or
5 public, contributions, gifts, or grants of money or
6 property to the Authority.

7 (16) Provide for the insurance of any property, 8 operations, officers, members, agents, or employees of the 9 Authority against any risk or hazard, to self-insure or 10 participate in joint self-insurance pools or entities to 11 insure against such risk or hazard, and to provide for the 12 indemnification of its officers, members, employees, 13 contractors, or agents against any and all risks.

14 (17) Exercise all the corporate powers granted 15 Illinois corporations under the Business Corporation Act 16 of 1983, except to the extent that powers are inconsistent 17 with those of a body politic and municipal corporation.

18 (18) Do all things necessary or convenient to carry out19 the powers granted by this Act.

(b) The Casino Board shall comply with all applicable legal requirements imposed on other owners licensees to conduct all background investigations required under the Illinois Gambling Act and the rules of the Gaming Board. This requirement shall also extend to senior legal, financial, and administrative staff of the Authority. - 15 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

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1 Section 1-32. Ethical conduct.

(a) Casino Board members and employees of the Authority
must carry out their duties and responsibilities in such a
manner as to promote and preserve public trust and confidence
in the integrity and conduct of gaming.

6 (b) Except as may be required in the conduct of official duties, Casino Board members and employees of the Authority 7 8 shall not engage in gambling on any riverboat, in any casino, 9 or in an electronic gaming facility licensed by the Illinois legalized gambling 10 Gaming Board or engage in in anv 11 establishment identified by Gaming Board action that, in the 12 judgment of the Gaming Board, could represent a potential for a conflict of interest. 13

14 (c) A Casino Board member or employee of the Authority 15 shall not use or attempt to use his or her official position to 16 secure or attempt to secure any privilege, advantage, favor, or 17 influence for himself or herself or others.

(d) Casino Board members and employees of the Authority shall not hold or pursue employment, office, position, business, or occupation that may conflict with his or her official duties. Employees may engage in other gainful employment so long as that employment does not interfere or conflict with their duties. Such employment must be disclosed to the executive director and approved by the Casino Board.

(e) Casino Board members, employees of the Authority, and
 elected officials and employees of the City may not engage in

employment, communications, or any activity identified by the Casino Board or Gaming Board that, in the judgment of either entity, could represent the potential for or the appearance of a conflict of interest.

5 (f) Casino Board members, employees of the Authority, and elected officials and employees of the City may not have a 6 7 financial interest, directly or indirectly, in his or her own 8 in the name of any other person, partnership, name or 9 association, trust, corporation, or other entity in any 10 contract or subcontract for the performance of any work for the Authority. This prohibition shall extend to the holding or 11 12 acquisition of an interest in any entity identified by the 13 Casino Board or the Gaming Board that, in the judgment of either entity, could represent the potential for or the 14 15 appearance of a financial interest. The holding or acquisition 16 of an interest in such entities through an indirect means, such 17 as through a mutual fund, shall not be prohibited, except that the Gaming Board may identify specific investments or funds 18 19 that, in its judgment, are so influenced by gaming holdings as 20 to represent the potential for or the appearance of a conflict of interest. 21

(g) Casino Board members, employees of the Authority, and elected officials and employees of the City may not accept any gift, gratuity, service, compensation, travel, lodging, or thing of value, with the exception of unsolicited items of an incidental nature, from any person, corporation, or entity 1 doing business with the Authority.

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2 (h) No Casino Board member, employee of the Authority, or 3 elected official or employee of the City may, during employment or within a period of 2 years immediately after termination of 4 5 employment, knowingly accept employment or receive 6 compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the 7 8 Authority that resulted in contracts with an aggregate value of 9 at least \$25,000 or if that Casino Board member or employee has 10 made a decision that directly applied to the person or entity, 11 or its parent or affiliate.

12 (i) A spouse, child, or parent of a Casino Board member, 13 employee of the Authority, or elected official or employee of 14 the City may not have a financial interest, directly or 15 indirectly, in his or her own name or in the name of any other 16 person, partnership, association, trust, corporation, or other 17 entity in any contract or subcontract for the performance of any work for the Authority. This prohibition shall extend to 18 19 the holding or acquisition of an interest in any entity 20 identified by the Casino Board or Gaming Board that, in the judgment of either entity, could represent the potential for or 21 22 the appearance of a conflict of interest. The holding or 23 acquisition of an interest in such entities through an indirect means, such as through a mutual fund, shall not be prohibited, 24 25 except that the Gaming Board may identify specific investments 26 or funds that, in its judgment, are so influenced by gaming holdings as to represent the potential for or the appearance of
 a conflict of interest.

(j) A spouse, child, or parent of a Casino Board member, employee of the Authority, or elected official or employee of the City may not accept any gift, gratuity, service, compensation, travel, lodging, or thing of value, with the exception of unsolicited items of an incidental nature, from any person, corporation, or entity doing business with the Authority.

10 (k) A spouse, child, or parent of a Casino Board member, employee of the Authority, or elected official or employee of 11 12 the City may not, while the person is a Board member or 13 employee of the spouse or within a period of 2 years immediately after termination of employment, knowingly accept 14 15 employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a 16 person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged 17 in business with the Authority that resulted in contracts with an aggregate value of at least \$25,000 or if that Casino Board 18 member, employee, or elected official or employee of the City 19 20 has made a decision that directly applied to the person or entity, or its parent or affiliate. 21

(1) No Casino Board member, employee of the Authority, or elected official or employee of the City may attempt, in any way, to influence any person or entity doing business with the Authority or any officer, agent, or employee thereof to hire or contract with any person or entity for any compensated work.

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(m) No Casino Board member, employee of the Authority, or 1 2 elected official or employee of the City shall use or attempt 3 to use his or her official position to secure, or attempt to secure, any privilege, advantage, favor, or influence for 4 5 himself or herself or others. No Casino Board member, employee of the Authority, or elected official or employee of the City 6 7 shall, within one year immediately preceding appointment by the 8 employment, have been employed Mayor or or received 9 compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or 10 its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the 11 Casino Board, a licensee under this Act, or a licensee under 12 the Illinois Gambling Act.

13 (n) Any communication between an elected official of the 14 City and any applicant for or party to a casino management 15 contract with the Authority, or an officer, director, or 16 employee thereof, concerning any matter relating in any way to 17 gaming or the Authority shall be disclosed to the Casino Board and the Gaming Board. Such disclosure shall be in writing by 18 19 the official within 30 days after the communication and shall 20 be filed with the Casino Board and the Gaming Board. Disclosure 21 must consist of the date of the communication, the identity and 22 job title of the person with whom the communication was made, a 23 brief summary of the communication, the action requested or 24 recommended, all responses made, the identity and job title of 25 the person making the response, and any other pertinent information. In addition, if the communication is written or 26

1 digital, then the entire communication shall be disclosed.

2 Public disclosure of the written summary provided to the 3 Casino Board and the Gaming Board shall be subject to the 4 exemptions provided under Section 7 of the Freedom of 5 Information Act.

6 This subsection (n) shall not apply to communications 7 regarding traffic, law enforcement, security, environmental 8 issues, City services, transportation, or other routine 9 matters concerning the ordinary operations of the casino.

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(o) For purposes of this Section:

"Ordinary operations" means operations relating to the casino facility other than the conduct of gambling activities.

13 "Routine matters" includes the application for, issuance, 14 renewal, and other processes associated with City permits and 15 licenses.

16 "Employee of the City" means only those employees of the 17 City who provide services to the Authority or otherwise 18 influence the decisions of the Authority or the Casino Board.

(p) Any Casino Board member or employee of the Authority who violates any provision of this Section is guilty of a Class felony.

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Section 1-45. Casino management contracts.

(a) The Casino Board shall enter into a casino management
 contract with a casino operator subject to a background
 investigation and approval by the Gaming Board and payment by

the proposed casino operator of a fee of \$50,000,000, which 1 2 shall be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund. The Gaming Board shall complete its background investigation 3 and approval of the casino operator within 6 months after the 4 5 date that the proposed casino operator submits its application to the Gaming Board. If the Gaming Board does not complete its 6 7 background investigation and approval within the 6-month 8 period, then the Gaming Board shall give a written explanation 9 to the proposed casino operator and the chief legal officer of 10 the Authority as to why it has not reached a final 11 determination and when it reasonably expects to make a final 12 determination. Validity of the casino management contract is 13 contingent upon the issuance of a casino operator license. If 14 the Gaming Board grants a casino operator license, the Casino 15 Board shall transmit a copy of the executed casino management 16 contract to the Gaming Board.

17 (b) After (1) the Authority has been issued an owners license, (2) the Gaming Board has issued a casino operator 18 19 license, and (3) the Gaming Board has approved the members of 20 the Casino Board, the Authority may conduct gaming operations at a temporary facility, subject to the adopted rules of the 21 22 Gaming Board, for no longer than 24 months after gaming 23 operations begin. The Gaming Board may, after holding a public 24 hearing, grant an extension so long as a permanent facility is 25 not operational and the Authority is working in good faith to 26 complete the permanent facility. The Gaming Board may grant

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Section 1-47. Freedom of Information Act. The Authority
shall be a public body as defined in the Freedom of Information
Act and shall be subject to the provisions of the Freedom of
Information Act.

7 Section 1-50. Transfer of funds. The revenues received by 8 the Authority (other than amounts required to be paid pursuant 9 to the Illinois Gambling Act and amounts required to pay the 10 operating expenses of the Authority, to pay amounts due the 11 casino operator licensee pursuant to a casino management 12 contract, to repay any borrowing of the Authority made pursuant 13 to Section 1-31, to pay debt service on any bonds issued under 14 Section 1-75, and to pay any expenses in connection with the 15 issuance of such bonds pursuant to Section 1-75 or derivative products pursuant to Section 1-85) shall be transferred to the 16 17 City by the Authority. Moneys transferred to the City pursuant 18 to this Section shall be expended or obligated by the City for 19 pension payments in accordance with Public Act 99-506.

20 Section 1-60. Auditor General.

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(a) Prior to the issuance of bonds under this Act, the
Authority shall submit to the Auditor General a certification
that:

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(1) it is legally authorized to issue bonds;

2 (2) scheduled annual payments of principal and
3 interest on the bonds to be issued meet the requirements of
4 Section 1-75 of this Act;

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(3) no bond shall mature later than 30 years; and

6 (4) after payment of costs of issuance and necessary 7 deposits to funds and accounts established with respect to 8 debt service on the bonds, the net bond proceeds (exclusive 9 of any proceeds to be used to refund outstanding bonds) 10 will be used only for the purposes set forth in this Act.

11 The Authority also shall submit to the Auditor General its 12 projections on revenues to be generated and pledged to 13 repayment of the bonds as scheduled and such other information 14 as the Auditor General may reasonably request.

The Auditor General shall examine the certifications and 15 16 information submitted and submit a report to the Authority and 17 Board indicating whether the Gaming the required certifications, projections, and other information have been 18 19 submitted by the Authority and whether the assumptions 20 underlying the projections are not unreasonable in the 21 aggregate. The Auditor General shall submit the report no later 22 than 60 days after receiving the information required to be 23 submitted by the Authority.

The Auditor General shall submit a bill to the Authority for costs associated with the examinations and report required under this Section. The Authority shall reimburse in a timely - 24 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

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1 manner.

2 (b) The Authority shall enter into an intergovernmental agreement with the Auditor General authorizing the Auditor 3 General to, every 2 years, (i) review the financial audit of 4 5 the Authority performed by the Authority's certified public 6 accountants, (ii) perform a management audit of the Authority, 7 and (iii) perform a management audit of the casino operator licensee. The Auditor General shall provide the Authority and 8 9 the General Assembly with the audits and shall post on his or 10 her Internet website such portions of the audit or other 11 financial information as generally would be made publicly 12 available for other owners licensees under the Illinois 13 Gambling Act. The Auditor General shall submit a bill to the Authority for costs associated with the review and the audit 14 required under this Section, which costs shall not exceed 15 16 \$100,000, and the Authority shall reimburse the Auditor General 17 for such costs in a timely manner.

Section 1-62. Advisory committee. An Advisory Committee is 18 established to monitor, review, and report on 19 (1) the Authority's utilization of minority-owned business enterprises 20 21 and female-owned business enterprises, (2) employment of 22 females, and (3) employment of minorities with regard to the development and construction of the casino as authorized under 23 24 Section 7 of the Illinois Gambling Act. The Authority shall 25 work with the Advisory Committee in accumulating necessary information for the Committee to submit reports, as necessary,
 to the General Assembly and to the City.

The Committee shall consist of 9 members as provided in 3 this Section. Five members shall be selected by the Governor 4 5 and 4 members shall be selected by the Mayor. The Governor and Mayor shall each appoint at least one current member of the 6 7 General Assembly. The Advisory Committee shall meet 8 periodically and shall report the information to the Mayor of 9 the City and to the General Assembly by December 31st of every 10 year.

11 The Advisory Committee shall be dissolved on the date that 12 casino gambling operations are first conducted at a permanent 13 facility under the license authorized under Section 7 of the 14 Illinois Gambling Act. For the purposes of this Section, the 15 terms "female" and "minority person" have the meanings provided 16 in Section 2 of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, 17 Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act.

18 Section 1-65. Acquisition of property; eminent domain 19 proceedings. For the lawful purposes of this Act, the City may 20 acquire, by eminent domain or by condemnation proceedings in 21 the manner provided by the Eminent Domain Act, real or personal 22 property or interests in real or personal property located in the City, and the City may convey to the Authority property so 23 acquired. The acquisition of property under this Section is 24 25 declared to be for a public use.

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1 Section 1-67. Limitations on gaming at Chicago airports. 2 The Authority may conduct gaming operations in an airport under 3 the administration or control of the Chicago Department of 4 Aviation. Gaming operations may be conducted pursuant to this 5 Section so long as (i) gaming operations are conducted in a 6 secured area that is beyond the Transportation Security Administration security checkpoints and only available to 7 8 airline passengers at least 21 years of age who are members of 9 a private club, and not to the general public, (ii) gaming 10 operations are limited to slot machines, as defined in Section 11 4 of the Illinois Gambling Act, and (iii) the combined number of gaming positions operating in the City at the airports and 12 at the temporary and permanent casino facility does not exceed 13 14 the maximum number of gaming positions authorized pursuant to 15 subsection (h) of Section 7 of the Illinois Gambling Act. 16 Gaming operations at an airport are subject to all applicable laws and rules that apply to any other gaming facility under 17 this Act or the Illinois Gambling Act. 18

19 Section 1-70. Local regulation. In addition to this Act, 20 the Illinois Gambling Act, and all of the rules of the Gaming 21 Board, the casino facilities and operations therein shall be 22 subject to all ordinances and regulations of the City. The 23 construction, development, and operation of the casino shall 24 comply with all ordinances, regulations, rules, and controls of the City, including, but not limited to, those relating to zoning and planned development, building, fire prevention, and land use. However, the regulation of gaming operations is subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Gaming Board. The Gaming Board shall be responsible for the investigation for and issuance of all licenses required by this Act and the Illinois Gambling Act.

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Section 1-75. Borrowing.

9 (a) The Authority may borrow money and issue bonds as 10 provided in this Section. Bonds of the Authority may be issued 11 to provide funds for land acquisition, site assembly and 12 preparation, and the design and construction of the casino, as 13 defined in the Illinois Gambling Act, all ancillary and related 14 facilities comprising the casino complex, and all on-site and 15 off-site infrastructure improvements required in connection 16 with the development of the casino; to refund (at the time or in advance of any maturity or redemption) or redeem any bonds 17 of the Authority; to provide or increase a debt service reserve 18 19 fund or other reserves with respect to any or all of its bonds; or to pay the legal, financial, administrative, bond insurance, 20 21 credit enhancement, and other legal expenses of the 22 authorization, issuance, or delivery of bonds. In this Act, the "bonds" 23 term also includes notes of any kind, interim 24 certificates, refunding bonds, or any other evidence of 25 obligation for borrowed money issued under this Section. Bonds

1 2 may be issued in one or more series and may be payable and secured either on a parity with or separately from other bonds.

3 (b) The bonds of the Authority shall be payable from one or more of the following sources: (i) the property or revenues of 4 5 the Authority; (ii) revenues derived from the casino; (iii) 6 revenues derived from any casino operator licensee; (iv) fees, 7 bid proceeds, charges, lease payments, payments required 8 pursuant to any casino management contract or other revenues 9 payable to the Authority, or any receipts of the Authority; (v) 10 payments by financial institutions, insurance companies, or 11 others pursuant to letters or lines of credit, policies of 12 insurance, or purchase agreements; (vi) investment earnings 13 from funds or accounts maintained pursuant to a bond resolution or trust indenture; (vii) proceeds of refunding bonds; (viii) 14 15 any other revenues derived from or payments by the City; and 16 (ix) any payments by any casino operator licensee or others 17 pursuant to any guaranty agreement.

(c) Bonds shall be authorized by a resolution of the Authority and may be secured by a trust indenture by and between the Authority and a corporate trustee or trustees, which may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within or without the State. Bonds shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Bonds may bear interest payable at any time or
times and at any rate or rates, notwithstanding any other
provision of law to the contrary, and may be subject to

such other terms and conditions as may be provided by the
 resolution or indenture authorizing the issuance of such
 bonds.

4 (2) Bonds issued pursuant to this Section may be 5 payable on such dates and times as may be provided for by 6 the resolution or indenture authorizing the issuance of 7 such bonds; provided, however, that such bonds shall mature 8 no later than 30 years from the date of issuance.

9 (3) Bonds issued pursuant to this Section may be sold 10 pursuant to notice of sale and public bid or by negotiated 11 sale.

12 (4) Bonds shall be payable at a time or times, in the 13 denominations and form, including book entry form, either 14 coupon, registered, or both, and carry the registration and 15 privileges as to exchange, transfer or conversion, and 16 replacement of mutilated, lost, or destroyed bonds as the 17 resolution or trust indenture may provide.

18 (5) Bonds shall be payable in lawful money of the19 United States at a designated place.

20 (6) Bonds shall be subject to the terms of purchase,
21 payment, redemption, refunding, or refinancing that the
22 resolution or trust indenture provides.

(7) Bonds shall be executed by the manual or facsimile
signatures of the officers of the Authority designated by
the Board, which signatures shall be valid at delivery even
for one who has ceased to hold office.

1 2 (8) Bonds shall be sold at public or private sale in the manner and upon the terms determined by the Authority.

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(9) Bonds shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Debt Reform Act.

5 (d) The Authority shall adopt a procurement program with respect to contracts relating to underwriters, bond counsel, 6 financial advisors, and accountants. The program shall include 7 8 goals for the payment of not less than 30% of the total dollar 9 value of the fees from these contracts to minority-owned businesses and female-owned businesses as defined in the 10 Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with 11 12 Disabilities Act. The Authority shall conduct outreach to minority-owned businesses and female-owned 13 businesses. Outreach shall include, but is not limited to, advertisements 14 15 in periodicals and newspapers, mailings, and other appropriate 16 media. The Authority shall submit to the General Assembly a 17 comprehensive report that shall include, at a minimum, the details of the procurement plan, outreach efforts, and the 18 results of the efforts to achieve goals for the payment of 19 20 fees.

(e) Subject to the Illinois Gambling Act and rules of the Gaming Board regarding pledging of interests in holders of owners licenses, any resolution or trust indenture may contain provisions that may be a part of the contract with the holders of the bonds as to the following:

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(1) Pledging, assigning, or directing the use,

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investment, or disposition of revenues of the Authority or proceeds or benefits of any contract, including without limitation any rights in any casino management contract.

4 (2) The setting aside of loan funding deposits, debt 5 service reserves, replacement or operating reserves, cost 6 of issuance accounts and sinking funds, and the regulation, 7 investment, and disposition thereof.

8 (3) Limitations on the purposes to which or the 9 investments in which the proceeds of sale of any issue of 10 bonds or the Authority's revenues and receipts may be 11 applied or made.

12 (4) Limitations on the issue of additional bonds, the 13 terms upon which additional bonds may be issued and 14 secured, the terms upon which additional bonds may rank on 15 a parity with, or be subordinate or superior to, other 16 bonds.

17 (5) The refunding, advance refunding, or refinancing18 of outstanding bonds.

19 (6) The procedure, if any, by which the terms of any 20 contract with bondholders may be altered or amended and the 21 amount of bonds and holders of which must consent thereto 22 and the manner in which consent shall be given.

(7) Defining the acts or omissions that shall constitute a default in the duties of the Authority to holders of bonds and providing the rights or remedies of such holders in the event of a default, which may include

provisions restricting individual rights of action by
 bondholders.

3 (8) Providing for guarantees, pledges of property,
4 letters of credit, or other security, or insurance for the
5 benefit of bondholders.

6 (f) No member of the Casino Board, nor any person executing 7 the bonds, shall be liable personally on the bonds or subject 8 to any personal liability by reason of the issuance of the 9 bonds.

10 (g) The Authority may issue and secure bonds in accordance 11 with the provisions of the Local Government Credit Enhancement 12 Act.

13 (h) A pledge by the Authority of revenues and receipts as 14 security for an issue of bonds or for the performance of its 15 obligations under any casino management contract shall be valid 16 and binding from the time when the pledge is made. The revenues 17 and receipts pledged shall immediately be subject to the lien of the pledge without any physical delivery or further act, and 18 19 the lien of any pledge shall be valid and binding against any 20 person having any claim of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the Authority, irrespective of whether the 21 22 person has notice. No resolution, trust indenture, management 23 agreement or financing statement, continuation statement, or 24 other instrument adopted or entered into by the Authority need 25 be filed or recorded in any public record other than the 26 records of the Authority in order to perfect the lien against

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third persons, regardless of any contrary provision of law.

(i) Bonds that are being paid or retired by issuance, sale,
or delivery of bonds, and bonds for which sufficient funds have
been deposited with the paying agent or trustee to provide for
payment of principal and interest thereon, and any redemption
premium, as provided in the authorizing resolution, shall not
be considered outstanding for the purposes of this subsection.

8 (j) The bonds of the Authority shall not be indebtedness of 9 the State. The bonds of the Authority are not general 10 obligations of the State and are not secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State and the holders of bonds of 11 12 the Authority may not require the application of State revenues or funds to the payment of bonds of the Authority. The 13 14 foregoing non-recourse language must be printed in bold-face 15 type on the face of the bonds and in the preliminary and final 16 official statements on the bonds.

17 (k) The State of Illinois pledges and agrees with the owners of the bonds that it will not limit or alter the rights 18 19 and powers vested in the Authority by this Act so as to impair 20 the terms of any contract made by the Authority with the owners 21 or in any way impair the rights and remedies of the owners 22 until the bonds, together with interest on them, and all costs 23 and expenses in connection with any action or proceedings by or on behalf of the owners, are fully met and discharged. The 24 25 Authority is authorized to include this pledge and agreement in any contract with the owners of bonds issued under this 26

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1 Section.

2 (1) No person holding an elective office in the City, in 3 Cook County, or in this State, holding a seat in the General Assembly, or serving as a board member, trustee, officer, or 4 5 employee of the Authority, including the spouse of that person, may receive a legal, banking, consulting, or other fee related 6 to the issuance of bonds. This prohibition shall also apply to 7 8 a company or firm that employs a person holding an elective 9 office in the City, in Cook County, or in this State, holding a 10 seat in the General Assembly, or serving as a board member, 11 trustee, officer, or employee of the Authority, including the 12 spouse of that person, if the person or his or her spouse has greater than 7.5% ownership of the company or firm. 13

Section 1-85. Derivative products. With respect to all or 14 15 part of any issue of its bonds, the Authority may enter into 16 agreements or contracts with any necessary or appropriate person, which will have the benefit of providing to the 17 Authority an interest rate basis, cash flow basis, or other 18 19 basis different from that provided in the bonds for the payment 20 of interest. Such agreements or contracts may include, without 21 limitation, agreements or contracts commonly known as 22 "interest rate swap agreements", "forward payment conversion agreements", "futures", "options", "puts", or "calls" and 23 24 agreements or contracts providing for payments based on levels 25 of or changes in interest rates, agreements or contracts to

exchange cash flows or a series of payments, or to hedge payment, rate spread, or similar exposure. Any such agreement or contract shall be solely an obligation or indebtedness of the Authority and shall not be an obligation or indebtedness of the State, nor shall any party thereto have any recourse against the State in connection with the agreement or contract.

7 Section 1-90. Legality for investment. The State of 8 Illinois, all governmental entities, all public officers, 9 banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks and 10 institutions, building and loan associations, savings and loan 11 associations, investment companies, and other persons carrying 12 banking business, insurance companies, insurance on а 13 associations, and other persons carrying on an insurance 14 business, and all executors, administrators, guardians, 15 trustees, and other fiduciaries may legally invest any sinking 16 funds, moneys, or other funds belonging to them or within their control in any bonds issued under this Act. However, nothing in 17 this Section shall be construed as relieving any person or 18 19 entity from any duty of exercising reasonable care in selecting 20 securities for purchase or investment.

21 Section 1-105. Budgets and reporting.

(a) The Casino Board shall annually adopt a budget for each
fiscal year. The budget may be modified from time to time in
the same manner and upon the same vote as it may be adopted.

The budget shall include the Authority's available funds and 1 2 estimated revenues and shall provide for payment of its obligations and estimated expenditures for the fiscal year, 3 without limitation, expenditures 4 including, for 5 administration, operation, maintenance and repairs, debt 6 service, and deposits into reserve and other funds and capital 7 projects.

8 (b) The Casino Board shall annually cause the finances of 9 the Authority to be audited by a firm of certified public 10 accountants selected by the Casino Board in accordance with the 11 rules of the Gaming Board and post on the Authority's Internet 12 website such financial information as is required to be posted 13 by all other owners licensees under the Illinois Gambling Act.

(c) The Casino Board shall, for each fiscal year, prepare 14 15 an annual report setting forth information concerning its 16 activities in the fiscal year and the status of the development 17 of the casino. The annual report shall include financial information of the Authority consistent with that which is 18 required for all other owners licensees under the Illinois 19 20 Gambling Act, the budget for the succeeding fiscal year, and the current capital plan as of the date of the report. Copies 21 22 of the annual report shall be made available to persons who 23 request them and shall be submitted not later than 120 days after the end of the Authority's fiscal year or, if the audit 24 25 of the Authority's financial statements is not completed within 26 120 days after the end of the Authority's fiscal year, as soon

as practical after completion of the audit, to the Governor,
 the Mayor, the General Assembly, and the Commission on
 Government Forecasting and Accountability.

Section 1-110. Deposit and withdrawal of funds.

5 (a) All funds deposited by the Authority in any bank or savings and loan association shall be placed in the name of the 6 7 Authority and shall be withdrawn or paid out only by check or 8 draft upon the bank or savings and loan association, signed by 9 2 officers or employees designated by the Casino Board. 10 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the Casino 11 Board may designate any of its members or any officer or 12 employee of the Authority to authorize the wire transfer of 13 funds deposited by the secretary-treasurer of funds in a bank 14 or savings and loan association for the payment of payroll and 15 employee benefits-related expenses.

No bank or savings and loan association shall receive public funds as permitted by this Section unless it has complied with the requirements established pursuant to Section 6 of the Public Funds Investment Act.

20 (b) If any officer or employee whose signature appears upon 21 any check or draft issued pursuant to this Act ceases (after 22 attaching his signature) to hold his or her office before the 23 delivery of such a check or draft to the payee, his or her 24 signature shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all 25 purposes with the same effect as if he or she had remained in

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1 office until delivery thereof.

Section 1-112. Contracts with the Authority or casino
 operator licensee; disclosure requirements.

4 (a) A bidder, respondent, offeror, or contractor for 5 contracts with the Authority or casino operator licensee shall 6 disclose the identity of all officers and directors and every 7 owner, beneficiary, or person with beneficial interest of more 8 than 1% or shareholder entitled to receive more than 1% of the 9 total distributable income of any corporation having any 10 interest in the contract or in the bidder, respondent, offeror, 11 or contractor. The disclosure shall be in writing and attested to by an owner, trustee, corporate official, or agent. If stock 12 13 in a corporation is publicly traded and there is no readily 14 known individual having greater than a 1% interest, then a 15 statement to that effect attested to by an officer or agent of 16 the corporation shall fulfill the disclosure statement requirement of this Section. A bidder, respondent, offeror, or 17 contractor shall notify the Authority of any changes in 18 officers, directors, ownership, or individuals having a 19 20 beneficial interest of more than 1%. Notwithstanding the 21 provisions of this subsection (a), the Gaming Board may adopt 22 rules in connection with contractors for contracts with the 23 Authority or the casino operator licensee.

(b) A bidder, respondent, offeror, or contractor for
 contracts with an annual value of \$25,000 or more or for a

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one year shall disclose all political 1 period to exceed 2 the bidder, respondent, offeror, contributions of or 3 contractor and any affiliated person or entity. Disclosure shall include at least the names and addresses of the 4 5 contributors and the dollar amounts of any contributions to any political committee made within the previous 2 years. The 6 7 disclosure must be submitted to the Gaming Board with a copy of the contract. All such disclosures shall be posted on the 8 9 websites of the Authority and the Gaming Board.

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(c) As used in this Section:

11 "Contribution" means contribution as defined in Section 12 9-1.4 of the Election Code.

13 "Affiliated person" means (i) any person with any ownership 14 interest or distributive share of the bidding, responding, or 15 contracting entity in excess of 1%, (ii) executive employees of 16 the bidding, responding, or contracting entity, and (iii) the 17 spouse, minor children, and parents of any such persons.

18 "Affiliated entity" means (i) any parent or subsidiary of 19 the bidding or contracting entity, (ii) any member of the same 20 unitary business group, or (iii) any political committee for 21 which the bidding, responding, or contracting entity is the 22 sponsoring entity.

(d) The Gaming Board may direct the Authority or a casino operator licensee to void a contract if a violation of this Section occurs. The Authority may direct a casino operator licensee to void a contract if a violation of this Section

1 occurs.

(e) All contracts pertaining to the actual operation of the casino and related gaming activities shall be entered into by the casino operator licensee and not the Authority and shall be subject to the regulation, oversight, and approval of the Gaming Board, applying the same regulation, oversight, and approval requirements as would be applied to any other owners licensee under the Illinois Gambling Act.

9 Section 1-115. Purchasing.

10 (a) The Casino Board shall designate an officer of the 11 Authority to serve as the Chief Procurement Officer for the 12 Authority. The Chief Procurement Officer shall have all powers and duties set forth in Section 15 of Division 10 of Article 8 13 14 of the Illinois Municipal Code. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the Chief Procurement Officer of the Authority 15 16 shall conduct procurements on behalf of the Authority subject to Title 2, Chapter 92 of the Municipal Code of Chicago, which 17 by its terms incorporates Division 10 of Article 8 of the 18 19 Illinois Municipal Code.

(b) All contracts for amounts greater than \$25,000 must be approved by the Casino Board and executed by the chairperson of the Casino Board and executive director of the Authority. Contracts for amounts of \$25,000 or less may be approved and executed by the Chief Procurement Officer for the Authority and executive director of the Authority, with approval by the chief HB5292 - 41 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

1 legal counsel for the Authority as to form and legality.

(c) All construction contracts and contracts for supplies,
materials, equipment, and services for amounts greater than
\$25,000 shall be let by a competitive selection process to the
lowest responsible proposer, after advertising for proposals,
except for the following:

7 (1) when repair parts, accessories, equipment, or
8 services are required for equipment or services previously
9 furnished or contracted for;

10 (2) when services such as water, light, heat, power, 11 telephone (other than long-distance service), or telegraph 12 are required;

13 (3) casino management contracts, which shall be
14 awarded as set forth in Section 1-45 of this Act;

15 (4) contracts where there is only one economically 16 feasible source;

17 (5) when a purchase is needed on an immediate, 18 emergency basis because there exists a threat to public 19 health or public safety, or when immediate expenditure is 20 necessary for repairs to Authority property in order to protect against further loss of or damage to Authority 21 22 property, to prevent or minimize serious disruption in 23 Authority services or to ensure the integrity of Authority 24 records;

(6) contracts for professional services other than for
 management of the casino, except such contracts described

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1 in subsection (d) of this Section; and

2 (7) contracts for the use, purchase, delivery, 3 or installation of (i) data movement, processing software, and services 4 equipment, and (ii) 5 telecommunications equipment, software, and services.

6 (d) Contracts for professional services for a term of more 7 than one year or contracts that may require payment in excess 8 of \$25,000 in one year shall be let by a competitive bidding 9 process to the most highly qualified firm that agrees to 10 compensation and other terms of engagement that are both 11 reasonable and acceptable to the Casino Board.

(e) All contracts involving less than \$25,000 shall be let by competitive selection process whenever possible, and in any event in a manner calculated to ensure the best interests of the public.

16 (f) In determining the responsibility of any proposer, the 17 Authority may take into account the proposer's (or an individual having a beneficial interest, 18 directly or indirectly, of more than 1% in such proposing entity) past 19 20 dealings with the Authority, the proposer's record of experience, adequacy of equipment, and ability to complete 21 22 performance within the time set, and other factors besides 23 financial responsibility. No such contract shall be awarded to 24 any proposer other than the lowest proposer (in case of purchase or expenditure) unless authorized or approved by a 25 vote of at least 3 members of the Casino Board and such action 26

is accompanied by a written statement setting forth the reasons for not awarding the contract to the highest or lowest proposer, as the case may be. The statement shall be kept on file in the principal office of the Authority and open to public inspection.

The Authority shall have the right to reject all 6 (a) 7 proposals and to re-advertise for proposals. If after any such 8 re-advertisement, no responsible and satisfactory proposals, 9 within the terms of the re-advertisement, is received, the 10 Authority may award such contract without competitive 11 selection. The contract must not be less advantageous to the 12 Authority than any valid proposal received pursuant to 13 advertisement.

14 (h) Advertisements for proposals and re-proposals shall be 15 published at least once in a daily newspaper of general 16 circulation published in the City at least 10 calendar days 17 before the time for receiving proposals and in an online the Authority's website. 18 bulletin published on Such advertisements shall state the time and place for receiving and 19 20 opening of proposals and, by reference to plans and specifications on file at the time of the first publication or 21 22 in the advertisement itself, shall describe the character of 23 the proposed contract in sufficient detail to fully advise 24 prospective proposers of their obligations and to ensure free 25 and open competitive selection.

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(i) All proposals in response to advertisements shall be

sealed and shall be publicly opened by the Authority. All 1 2 proposers shall be entitled to be present in person or by representatives. Cash or a certified or satisfactory cashier's 3 check, as a deposit of good faith, in a reasonable amount to be 4 5 fixed by the Authority before advertising for proposals, shall be required with the proposal. A bond for faithful performance 6 of the contract with surety or sureties satisfactory to the 7 8 Authority and adequate insurance may be required in reasonable 9 amounts to be fixed by the Authority before advertising for 10 proposals.

11 (j) The contract shall be awarded as promptly as possible 12 after the opening of proposals. The proposal of the successful 13 proposer, as well as the bids of the unsuccessful proposers, shall be placed on file and be open to public inspection 14 subject to the exemptions from disclosure provided under 15 16 Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act. All proposals 17 shall be void if any disclosure of the terms of any proposals in response to an advertisement is made or permitted to be made 18 19 by the Authority before the time fixed for opening proposals.

(k) Notice of each and every contract that is offered, including renegotiated contracts and change orders, shall be published in an online bulletin. The online bulletin must include at least the date first offered, the date submission of offers is due, the location that offers are to be submitted to, a brief purchase description, the method of source selection, information of how to obtain a comprehensive purchase

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description and any disclosure and contract forms, 1 and 2 encouragement to prospective vendors to hire qualified defined by Section 45-67 of the 3 as Illinois veterans, Procurement Code, and Illinois residents discharged from any 4 5 Illinois adult correctional center subject to Gaming Board licensing and eligibility rules. Notice of each and every 6 contract that is let or awarded, including renegotiated 7 8 contracts and change orders, shall be published in the online bulletin and must include at least all of the information 9 10 specified in this subsection (k), as well as the name of the 11 successful responsible proposer or offeror, the contract 12 price, and the number of unsuccessful responsive proposers and 13 any other disclosure specified in this Section. This notice must be posted in the online electronic bulletin prior to 14 15 execution of the contract.

Section 1-130. Affirmative action and equal opportunity
obligations of Authority.

(a) The Authority is subject to the requirements of Article 18 IV of Chapter 2-92 (Sections 2-92-650 through 2-92-720 19 inclusive) of the Chicago Municipal Code, as now or hereafter 20 21 amended, renumbered, or succeeded, concerning a Minority-Owned 22 and Women-Owned Business Enterprise Procurement Program for construction contracts, and Section 2-92-420 et seq. of the 23 Chicago Municipal Code, 24 as now or hereafter amended, renumbered, or succeeded, concerning a Minority-Owned and 25

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Women-Owned Business Enterprise Procurement Program.

2 (b) The Authority is authorized to enter into agreements with contractors' associations, labor unions, 3 and the contractors working on the development of the casino to 4 5 establish an apprenticeship preparedness training program to provide for an increase in the number of minority and female 6 7 journeymen and apprentices in the building trades and to enter 8 into agreements with community college districts or other 9 public or private institutions to provide readiness training. 10 The Authority is further authorized to enter into contracts 11 with public and private educational institutions and persons in 12 the gaming, entertainment, hospitality, and tourism industries to provide training for employment in those industries. 13

Section 1-135. Transfer of interest. Neither the Authority nor the City may sell, lease, rent, transfer, exchange, or otherwise convey any interest that they have in the casino without prior approval of the General Assembly.

Section 1-140. Home rule. The regulation and licensing of casinos and casino gaming, casino gaming facilities, and casino operator licensees under this Act are exclusive powers and functions of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate or license casinos, casino gaming, casino gaming facilities, or casino operator licensees under this Act, except as provided under this Act. This Section is a denial and limitation of home

HB5292 - 47 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of 1 2 Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. ARTICLE 90. 3 4 Section 90-1. Findings. The General Assembly makes all of 5 the following findings: 6 (1) That the cumulative reduction to pre-K through 12 7 education funding since 2009 is approximately 8 \$861,000,000. 9 (2) That general state aid to Illinois common schools 10 has been underfunded as a result of budget cuts, resulting 11 in pro-rated payments to school districts that are less 12 than the foundational level of \$6,119 per pupil, which 13 represents the minimum each pupil needs to be educated. 14 (3) That a significant infusion of new revenue is 15 necessary in order to fully fund the foundation level and to maintain and support education in Illinois. 16 17 (4) That the decline of the Illinois horse racing and 18 breeding program, a \$2.5 billion industry, would be 19 reversed if this amendatory Act of the 100th General 20 Assembly would be enacted. 21 (5) That the Illinois horse racing industry is on the 22 verge of extinction due to fierce competition from fully 23 developed horse racing and gaming operations in other 24 states.

(6) That allowing the State's horse racing venues, 1 2 currently licensed gaming destinations, to maximize their 3 capacities with gaming machines, would generate up to \$120 million to \$200 million for the State in the form of extra 4 5 licensing fees, plus an additional \$100 million to \$300 6 million in recurring annual tax revenue for the State to 7 help ensure that school, road, and other building projects 8 promised under the capital plan occur on schedule.

9 (7) That Illinois agriculture and other businesses 10 that support and supply the horse racing industry, already 11 a sector that employs over 37,000 Illinoisans, also stand 12 to substantially benefit and would be much more likely to 13 create additional jobs should Illinois horse racing once 14 again become competitive with other states.

(8) That by keeping these projects on track, the State
can be sure that significant job and economic growth will
in fact result from the previously enacted legislation.

(9) That gaming machines at Illinois horse racing
tracks would create an estimated 1,200 to 1,500 permanent
jobs, and an estimated capital investment of up to \$200
million to \$400 million at these race tracks would prompt
additional trade organization jobs necessary to construct
new facilities or remodel race tracks to operate electronic
gaming.

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Section 90-3. The State Officials and Employees Ethics Act

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is amended by changing Section 5-45 as follows:

2 (5 ILCS 430/5-45)

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Sec. 5-45. Procurement; revolving door prohibition.

4 (a) No former officer, member, or State employee, or spouse 5 or immediate family member living with such person, shall, 6 within a period of one year immediately after termination of 7 State employment, knowingly accept employment or receive 8 compensation or fees for services from a person or entity if 9 the officer, member, or State employee, during the year 10 immediately preceding termination of State employment, 11 participated personally and substantially in the award of State 12 contracts, or the issuance of State contract change orders, with a cumulative value of \$25,000 or more to the person or 13 14 entity, or its parent or subsidiary.

15 (b) No former officer of the executive branch or State 16 employee of the executive branch with regulatory or licensing 17 authority, or spouse or immediate family member living with such person, shall, within a period of one year immediately 18 after termination of State employment, knowingly accept 19 20 employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a 21 person or entity if the officer or State employee, during the 22 year immediately preceding termination of State employment, 23 participated personally and substantially in making а 24 regulatory or licensing decision that directly applied to the 25 person or entity, or its parent or subsidiary.

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(c) Within 6 months after the effective date of this 1 2 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, each executive branch constitutional officer and legislative leader, the 3 Auditor General, and the Joint Committee on Legislative Support 4 5 Services shall adopt a policy delineating which State positions under his or her jurisdiction and control, by the nature of 6 7 their duties, may have the authority to participate personally 8 and substantially in the award of State contracts or in 9 regulatory or licensing decisions. The Governor shall adopt 10 such a policy for all State employees of the executive branch 11 not under the jurisdiction and control of any other executive 12 branch constitutional officer.

The policies required under subsection (c) of this Section shall be filed with the appropriate ethics commission established under this Act or, for the Auditor General, with the Office of the Auditor General.

(d) Each Inspector General shall have the authority to determine that additional State positions under his or her jurisdiction, not otherwise subject to the policies required by subsection (c) of this Section, are nonetheless subject to the notification requirement of subsection (f) below due to their involvement in the award of State contracts or in regulatory or licensing decisions.

(e) The Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services,
 the Auditor General, and each of the executive branch
 constitutional officers and legislative leaders subject to

Section provide written 1 subsection (C) of this shall 2 notification to all employees in positions subject to the policies required by subsection (c) or a determination made 3 under subsection (d): (1) upon hiring, promotion, or transfer 4 5 into the relevant position; and (2) at the time the employee's 6 duties are changed in such a way as to qualify that employee. 7 An employee receiving notification must certify in writing that 8 the person was advised of the prohibition and the requirement 9 to notify the appropriate Inspector General in subsection (f).

10 (f) Any State employee in a position subject to the 11 policies required by subsection (c) or to a determination under 12 subsection (d), but who does not fall within the prohibition of 13 subsection (h) below, who is offered non-State employment 14 during State employment or within a period of one year 15 immediately after termination of State employment shall, prior 16 to accepting such non-State employment, notify the appropriate 17 Inspector General. Within 10 calendar days after receiving notification from an employee in a position subject to the 18 policies required by subsection (c), such Inspector General 19 20 shall make a determination as to whether the State employee is restricted from accepting such employment by subsection (a) or 21 22 (b). In making a determination, in addition to any other 23 relevant information, an Inspector General shall assess the effect of the prospective employment or relationship upon 24 25 decisions referred to in subsections (a) and (b), based on the 26 totality of the participation by the former officer, member, or

State employee in those decisions. A determination by an 1 2 Inspector General must be in writing, signed and dated by the Inspector General, and delivered to the subject of the 3 determination within 10 calendar days or the person is deemed 4 5 eligible for the employment opportunity. For purposes of this subsection, "appropriate Inspector General" means 6 (i) for and 7 employees of the legislative branch, members the 8 Legislative Inspector General; (ii) for the Auditor General and 9 employees of the Office of the Auditor General, the Inspector 10 General provided for in Section 30-5 of this Act; and (iii) for 11 executive branch officers and employees, the Inspector General 12 having jurisdiction over the officer or employee. Notice of any 13 determination of an Inspector General and of any such appeal shall be given to the ultimate jurisdictional authority, the 14 15 Attorney General, and the Executive Ethics Commission.

16 (g) An Inspector General's determination regarding 17 restrictions under subsection (a) or (b) may be appealed to the 18 appropriate Ethics Commission by the person subject to the 19 decision or the Attorney General no later than the 10th 20 calendar day after the date of the determination.

21 On appeal, the Ethics Commission or Auditor General shall 22 seek, accept, and consider written public comments regarding a 23 determination. In deciding whether to uphold an Inspector 24 General's determination, the appropriate Ethics Commission or 25 Auditor General shall assess, in addition to any other relevant 26 information, the effect of the prospective employment or relationship upon the decisions referred to in subsections (a) and (b), based on the totality of the participation by the former officer, member, or State employee in those decisions. The Ethics Commission shall decide whether to uphold an Inspector General's determination within 10 calendar days or the person is deemed eligible for the employment opportunity.

7 (h) The following officers, members, or State employees 8 shall not, within a period of one year immediately after 9 termination of office or State employment, knowingly accept 10 employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a 11 person or entity if the person or entity or its parent or 12 subsidiary, during the year immediately preceding termination 13 of State employment, was a party to a State contract or 14 contracts with a cumulative value of \$25,000 or more involving 15 the officer, member, or State employee's State agency, or was 16 the subject of a regulatory or licensing decision involving the 17 officer, member, or State employee's State agency, regardless of whether he or she participated personally and substantially 18 in the award of the State contract or contracts or the making 19 20 of the regulatory or licensing decision in question:

21

(1) members or officers;

(2) members of a commission or board created by theIllinois Constitution;

24 (3) persons whose appointment to office is subject to
25 the advice and consent of the Senate;

26

(4) the head of a department, commission, board,

division, bureau, authority, or other administrative unit
 within the government of this State;

3 (5) chief procurement officers, State purchasing
4 officers, and their designees whose duties are directly
5 related to State procurement; and

6 (6) chiefs of staff, deputy chiefs of staff, associate
7 chiefs of staff, assistant chiefs of staff, and deputy
8 governors;-

9

(7) employees of the Illinois Racing Board; and

10

(8) employees of the Illinois Gaming Board.

11 (i) For the purposes of this Section, with respect to 12 officers or employees of a regional transit board, as defined in this Act, the phrase "person or entity" does not include: 13 14 (i) the United States government, (ii) the State, (iii) 15 municipalities, as defined under Article VII, Section 1 of the Illinois Constitution, (iv) units of local government, as 16 17 defined under Article VII, Section 1 of the Illinois Constitution, or (v) school districts. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 8-18-09; 97-653, eff. 1-13-12.)

20 Section 90-5. The Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and 21 Dependency Act is amended by changing Section 5-20 as follows:

22 (20 ILCS 301/5-20)

23 Sec. 5-20. Compulsive gambling program.

24 (a) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall

establish a program for public education, research, and training regarding problem and compulsive gambling and the treatment and prevention of problem and compulsive gambling. Subject to specific appropriation for these stated purposes, the program must include all of the following:

6 (1) Establishment and maintenance of a toll-free "800" 7 telephone number to provide crisis counseling and referral 8 services to families experiencing difficulty as a result of 9 problem or compulsive gambling.

10 (2) Promotion of public awareness regarding the 11 recognition and prevention of problem and compulsive 12 gambling.

13 (3) Facilitation, through in-service training and
14 other means, of the availability of effective assistance
15 programs for problem and compulsive gamblers.

16 (4) Conducting studies to identify adults and
17 juveniles in this State who are, or who are at risk of
18 becoming, problem or compulsive gamblers.

19 (b) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall either 20 establish and maintain the program or contract with a private 21 or public entity for the establishment and maintenance of the 22 program. Subject to appropriation, either the Department or the 23 private or public entity shall implement the toll-free 24 telephone number, promote public awareness, and conduct 25 in-service training concerning problem and compulsive 26 gambling.

(c) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall produce
 and supply the signs specified in Section 10.7 of the Illinois
 Lottery Law, Section 34.1 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of
 1975, Section 4.3 of the Bingo License and Tax Act, Section 8.1
 of the Charitable Games Act, and Section 13.1 of the <u>Illinois</u>
 Riverboat Gambling Act.

7 (Source: P.A. 89-374, eff. 1-1-96; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.)

8 Section 90-6. The Department of Commerce and Economic 9 Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is 10 amended by adding Sections 605-530 and 605-535 as follows:

11 (20 ILCS 605/605-530 new)

12 Sec. 605-530. The Depressed Communities Economic 13 Development Board. 14 (a) The Depressed Communities Economic Development Board 15 is created as an advisory board within the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity. The Board shall consist of 16 17 the following members: (1) 3 members appointed by the Governor, one of whom 18 19 shall be appointed to serve an initial term of one year and 20 2 of whom shall be appointed to serve an initial term of 2 21 years; 22 (2) 2 members appointed by the Speaker of the House of 23 Representatives, one of whom shall be appointed to serve an 24 initial term of one year and one of whom shall be appointed

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1	to serve an initial term of 2 years;
2	(3) 2 members appointed by the President of the Senate,
3	one of whom shall be appointed to serve an initial term of
4	one year and one of whom shall be appointed to serve an
5	initial term of 2 years;
6	(4) 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
7	House of Representatives, one of whom shall be appointed to
8	serve an initial term of one year and one of whom shall be
9	appointed to serve an initial term of 2 years; and
10	(5) 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
11	Senate, one of whom shall be appointed to serve an initial
12	term of one year and one of whom shall be appointed to
13	serve an initial term of 2 years.
14	The members of the Board shall elect a member to serve as
15	chair of the Board. The members of the Board shall reflect the
16	composition of the Illinois population with regard to ethnic
17	and racial composition.
18	After the initial terms, each member shall be appointed to
19	serve a term of 2 years and until his or her successor has been
20	appointed and assumes office. If a vacancy occurs in the Board
21	membership, then the vacancy shall be filled in the same manner
22	as the initial appointment. No member of the Board shall, at
23	the time of his or her appointment or within 2 years before the
24	appointment, hold elected office or be appointed to a State
25	board, commission, or agency. All Board members are subject to
26	the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.

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1	(b) Board members shall serve without compensation, but may
2	be reimbursed for their reasonable travel expenses from funds
3	available for that purpose. The Department of Commerce and
4	Economic Opportunity shall provide staff and administrative
5	support services to the Board.
6	(c) The Board must make recommendations, which must be
7	approved by a majority of the Board, to the Department of
8	Commerce and Economic Opportunity concerning the award of
9	grants from amounts appropriated to the Department from the
10	Depressed Communities Economic Development Fund, a special
11	fund created in the State treasury. The Department must make
12	grants to public or private entities submitting proposals to
13	the Board to revitalize an Illinois depressed community. Grants
14	may be used by these entities only for those purposes
15	conditioned with the grant. For the purposes of this subsection
16	(c), plans for revitalizing an Illinois depressed community
17	include plans intended to curb high levels of poverty,
18	unemployment, job and population loss, and general distress. An
19	Illinois depressed community is an area where the poverty rate,
20	as determined by using the most recent data released by the

21 United States Census Bureau, is at least 3% greater than the 22 State poverty rate as determined by using the most recent data 23 released by the United States Census Bureau.

24 (20 ILCS 605/605-535 new)

25 <u>Sec. 605-535. The Commission on the Future of Economic</u>

1	Development of the Latino Community.
2	(a) There is hereby created the Commission on the Future of
3	Economic Development of the Latino Community within the
4	Department. The purpose of the Commission shall be to maintain
5	and develop the economy of Latinos and to provide opportunities
6	for this community, which will enhance and expand the quality
7	<u>of their lives.</u>
8	The Commission shall concentrate its major efforts on
9	strategic planning, policy research and analysis, advocacy,
10	evaluation, and promoting coordination and collaboration.
11	During each regular legislative session, the Commission
12	must consult with appropriate legislative committees about the
13	State's economic development needs and opportunities in the
14	Latino community.
15	By October 1st of each even-numbered year, the Commission
16	must submit to the Governor and the General Assembly a biennial
17	comprehensive statewide economic development strategy for the
18	Latino community with a report on progress from the previous
19	comprehensive strategy.
20	The comprehensive statewide economic development strategy
21	may include, but is not limited to:
22	(1) an assessment of the Latino community's economic
23	vitality;
24	(2) recommended goals, objectives, and priorities for
25	the next biennium and the future;
26	(3) a common set of outcomes and benchmarks for the

1	economic development system as a whole for the Latino
2	<pre>community;</pre>
3	(4) recommendations for removing barriers for Latinos
4	in employment;
5	(5) an inventory of existing relevant programs
6	compiled by the Commission from materials submitted by
7	agencies;
8	(6) recommendations for expanding, discontinuing, or
9	redirecting existing programs or adding new programs to
10	better serve the Latino community; and
11	(7) recommendations of best practices and public and
12	private sector roles in implementing the comprehensive
13	statewide economic development strategy.
14	In developing the biennial statewide economic development
15	strategy, goals, objectives, priorities, and recommendations,
16	the Commission shall consult, collaborate, and coordinate with
17	relevant State agencies, private sector business, nonprofit
18	organizations involved in economic development, trade
19	associations, associate development organizations, and
20	relevant local organizations in order to avoid duplication of
21	<u>effort.</u>
22	State agencies shall cooperate with the Commission and
23	provide information as the Commission may reasonably request.
24	The Commission shall review and make budget
25	recommendations to the Governor's Office of Management and
2.6	Budget and the General Assembly in areas relating to the

1	economic development in the State's Latino community.
2	The Commission shall evaluate its own performance on a
3	regular basis.
4	The Commission may accept gifts, grants, donations,
5	sponsorships, or contributions from any federal, State, or
6	local governmental agency or program, or any private source,
7	and expend the same for any purpose consistent with this
8	Section.
9	(b) The Commission shall consist of 12 voting members,
10	appointed by the Governor, 4 of whom shall be appointed to
11	serve an initial term of one year, 4 of whom shall be appointed
12	to serve an initial term of 2 years, and 4 of whom shall be
13	appointed to serve an initial term of 3 years. After the
14	initial term, each member shall be appointed to a term of 3
15	years. Members of the Commission shall serve at the pleasure of
16	the Governor for not more than 2 consecutive 3-year terms. In
17	appointing members, the Governor shall appoint individuals
18	from the following private industry sectors:
19	(1) production agriculture;
20	(2) at least 2 individuals from manufacturing, one of
21	whom shall represent a company with no more than 75
22	employees;
23	(3) transportation, construction, and logistics;
24	(4) travel and tourism;
25	(5) financial services and insurance;
26	(6) information technology and communications; and

1	(7) biotechnology.
2	The members of the Commission shall choose a member to
3	serve as chair of the Commission. The members of the Commission
4	shall be representative, to the extent possible, of the various
5	geographic areas of the State. The Director shall serve as an
6	ad hoc nonvoting member of the Commission. Vacancies shall be
7	filled in the same manner as the original appointments. The
8	members of the Commission shall serve without compensation.
9	(c) The Commission shall meet at least 4 times per year,
10	with at least one meeting each calendar quarter, at the call of
11	the director or 4 voting members of the Commission. The staff
12	and support for the Commission shall be provided by the
13	Department.
14	(d) The Commission and Department are encouraged to involve
15	other essential groups in the work of the Commission,
16	including, but not limited to:
17	(1) public universities;
18	(2) community colleges;
19	(3) other educational institutions; and
20	(4) the Department of Labor.
21	(e) The Commission shall make recommendations, which must
22	be approved by a majority of the members of the Commission, to
23	the Department concerning the award of grants from amounts
24	appropriated to the Department from the Latino Community
25	Economic Development Fund, a special fund in the State
0.6	

26 treasury. The Department shall make grants to public or private

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entities submitting proposals to the Commission to assist in the economic development of the Latino community. Grants may be used by these entities only for those purposes conditioned with the grant. The Commission shall coordinate with the Department
to develop grant criteria.
(f) For the purposes of this Section:
"Department" means the Department of Commerce and Economic
Development.
"Director" means the Director of Commerce and Economic
Development.
"Educational institutions" means nonprofit public and
private colleges, community colleges, State colleges, and
universities in this State.
Section 90-8. The Illinois Lottery Law is amended by
changing Section 9.1 as follows:

16 (20 ILCS 1605/9.1)

Sec. 9.1. Private manager and management agreement. 17

18 (a) As used in this Section:

"Offeror" means a person or group of persons that responds 19 to a request for qualifications under this Section. 20

21 "Request for qualifications" means all materials and documents prepared by the Department to solicit the following 22 23 from offerors:

24

(1) Statements of qualifications.

1 (2) Proposals to enter into a management agreement, 2 including the identity of any prospective vendor or vendors 3 that the offeror intends to initially engage to assist the 4 offeror in performing its obligations under the management 5 agreement.

6 "Final offer" means the last proposal submitted by an 7 offeror in response to the request for qualifications, 8 including the identity of any prospective vendor or vendors 9 that the offeror intends to initially engage to assist the 10 offeror in performing its obligations under the management 11 agreement.

12 "Final offeror" means the offeror ultimately selected by 13 the Governor to be the private manager for the Lottery under 14 subsection (h) of this Section.

(b) By September 15, 2010, the Governor shall select a private manager for the total management of the Lottery with integrated functions, such as lottery game design, supply of goods and services, and advertising and as specified in this Section.

20 (C) Pursuant to the terms of this subsection, the endeavor to expeditiously terminate 21 Department shall the 22 existing contracts in support of the Lottery in effect on the 23 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly in connection with the selection of the private 24 25 manager. As part of its obligation to terminate these contracts 26 and select the private manager, the Department shall establish a mutually agreeable timetable to transfer the functions of existing contractors to the private manager so that existing Lottery operations are not materially diminished or impaired during the transition. To that end, the Department shall do the following:

6 (1) where such contracts contain a provision 7 authorizing termination upon notice, the Department shall 8 provide notice of termination to occur upon the mutually 9 agreed timetable for transfer of functions;

10 (2) upon the expiration of any initial term or renewal 11 term of the current Lottery contracts, the Department shall 12 not renew such contract for a term extending beyond the 13 mutually agreed timetable for transfer of functions; or

14 (3) in the event any current contract provides for 15 termination of that contract upon the implementation of a 16 contract with the private manager, the Department shall 17 perform all necessary actions to terminate the contract on 18 the date that coincides with the mutually agreed timetable 19 for transfer of functions.

If the contracts to support the current operation of the Lottery in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly are not subject to termination as provided for in this subsection (c), then the Department may include a provision in the contract with the private manager specifying a mutually agreeable methodology for incorporation. (c-5) The Department shall include provisions in the

management agreement whereby the private manager shall, for a 1 2 fee, and pursuant to a contract negotiated with the Department (the "Employee Use Contract"), utilize the services of current 3 Department employees to assist in the administration and 4 5 operation of the Lottery. The Department shall be the employer of all such bargaining unit employees assigned to perform such 6 work for the private manager, and such employees shall be State 7 8 employees, as defined by the Personnel Code. Department 9 employees shall operate under the same employment policies, 10 rules, regulations, and procedures, as other employees of the 11 Department. In addition, neither historical representation 12 rights under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, nor 13 existing collective bargaining agreements, shall be disturbed 14 by the management agreement with the private manager for the 15 management of the Lottery.

16 (d) The management agreement with the private manager shall 17 include all of the following:

18 (1) A term not to exceed 10 years, including any 19 renewals.

20

(2) A provision specifying that the Department:

21 (A) shall exercise actual control over all
 22 significant business decisions;

(A-5) has the authority to direct or countermand
operating decisions by the private manager at any time;
(B) has ready access at any time to information
regarding Lottery operations;

1 (C) has the right to demand and receive information 2 from the private manager concerning any aspect of the 3 Lottery operations at any time; and

4 (D) retains ownership of all trade names,
5 trademarks, and intellectual property associated with
6 the Lottery.

7 (3) A provision imposing an affirmative duty on the
8 private manager to provide the Department with material
9 information and with any information the private manager
10 reasonably believes the Department would want to know to
11 enable the Department to conduct the Lottery.

12 (4) A provision requiring the private manager to provide the Department with advance notice of any operating 13 14 decision that bears significantly on the public interest, 15 including, but not limited to, decisions on the kinds of 16 games to be offered to the public and decisions affecting 17 the relative risk and reward of the games being offered, so the Department has a reasonable opportunity to evaluate and 18 19 countermand that decision.

(5) A provision providing for compensation of the private manager that may consist of, among other things, a fee for services and a performance based bonus as consideration for managing the Lottery, including terms that may provide the private manager with an increase in compensation if Lottery revenues grow by a specified percentage in a given year.

1

(6) (Blank).

2 (7) A provision requiring the deposit of all Lottery
3 proceeds to be deposited into the State Lottery Fund except
4 as otherwise provided in Section 20 of this Act.

5 (8) A provision requiring the private manager to locate
6 its principal office within the State.

7 (8-5) A provision encouraging that at least 20% of the 8 cost of contracts entered into for goods and services by 9 the private manager in connection with its management of 10 the Lottery, other than contracts with sales agents or 11 technical advisors, be awarded to businesses that are a 12 minority-owned business, a women-owned business, or a business owned by a person with disability, as those terms 13 14 are defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, 15 Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act.

16 (9) A requirement that so long as the private manager 17 complies with all the conditions of the agreement under the 18 oversight of the Department, the private manager shall have 19 the following duties and obligations with respect to the 20 management of the Lottery:

(A) The right to use equipment and other assetsused in the operation of the Lottery.

(B) The rights and obligations under contractswith retailers and vendors.

25 (C) The implementation of a comprehensive security26 program by the private manager.

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1 (D) The implementation of a comprehensive system 2 of internal audits.

(E) The implementation of a program by the private manager to curb compulsive gambling by persons playing the Lottery.

6 (F) A system for determining (i) the type of 7 Lottery games, (ii) the method of selecting winning 8 tickets, (iii) the manner of payment of prizes to 9 holders of winning tickets, (iv) the frequency of 10 drawings of winning tickets, (v) the method to be used 11 in selling tickets, (vi) a system for verifying the 12 validity of tickets claimed to be winning tickets, 13 (vii) the basis upon which retailer commissions are 14 established by the manager, and (viii) minimum 15 payouts.

16 (10) A requirement that advertising and promotion must
17 be consistent with Section 7.8a of this Act.

18 (11) A requirement that the private manager market the 19 Lottery to those residents who are new, infrequent, or 20 lapsed players of the Lottery, especially those who are 21 most likely to make regular purchases on the Internet as 22 permitted by law.

23 (12) A code of ethics for the private manager's24 officers and employees.

(13) A requirement that the Department monitor and
 oversee the private manager's practices and take action

1 that the Department considers appropriate to ensure that 2 the private manager is in compliance with the terms of the 3 management agreement, while allowing the manager, unless 4 specifically prohibited by law or the management 5 agreement, to negotiate and sign its own contracts with 6 vendors.

7 (14) A provision requiring the private manager to
8 periodically file, at least on an annual basis, appropriate
9 financial statements in a form and manner acceptable to the
10 Department.

11

(15) Cash reserves requirements.

12 (16) Procedural requirements for obtaining the prior 13 approval of the Department when a management agreement or 14 an interest in a management agreement is sold, assigned, 15 transferred, or pledged as collateral to secure financing.

16 (17) Grounds for the termination of the management
 17 agreement by the Department or the private manager.

18

(18) Procedures for amendment of the agreement.

19 (19) A provision requiring the private manager to 20 engage in an open and competitive bidding process for any procurement having a cost in excess of \$50,000 that is not 21 22 a part of the private manager's final offer. The process 23 shall favor the selection of a vendor deemed to have submitted a proposal that provides the Lottery with the 24 25 best overall value. The process shall not be subject to the 26 provisions of the Illinois Procurement Code, unless

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specifically required by the management agreement.

2 The transition of rights and obligations, (20)3 including any associated equipment or other assets used in the operation of the Lottery, from the manager to any 4 manager of the 5 successor lotterv, including the Department, following the termination of or foreclosure 6 7 upon the management agreement.

8 (21) Right of use of copyrights, trademarks, and 9 service marks held by the Department in the name of the 10 State. The agreement must provide that any use of them by 11 the manager shall only be for the purpose of fulfilling its 12 obligations under the management agreement during the term 13 of the agreement.

14 (22) The disclosure of any information requested by the
15 Department to enable it to comply with the reporting
16 requirements and information requests provided for under
17 subsection (p) of this Section.

(e) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Department shall select a private manager through a competitive request for qualifications process consistent with Section 20-35 of the Illinois Procurement Code, which shall take into account:

(1) the offeror's ability to market the Lottery to
those residents who are new, infrequent, or lapsed players
of the Lottery, especially those who are most likely to
make regular purchases on the Internet;

1 (2) the offeror's ability to address the State's 2 concern with the social effects of gambling on those who 3 can least afford to do so;

4 (3) the offeror's ability to provide the most 5 successful management of the Lottery for the benefit of the 6 people of the State based on current and past business 7 practices or plans of the offeror; and

8 (4) the offeror's poor or inadequate past performance 9 in servicing, equipping, operating or managing a lottery on 10 behalf of Illinois, another State or foreign government and 11 attracting persons who are not currently regular players of 12 a lottery.

13 (f) The Department may retain the services of an advisor or 14 advisors with significant experience in financial services or 15 the management, operation, and procurement of goods, services, 16 and equipment for a government-run lottery to assist in the 17 preparation of the terms of the request for qualifications and selection of the private manager. Any prospective advisor 18 seeking to provide services under this subsection (f) shall 19 20 disclose any material business or financial relationship 21 during the past 3 years with any potential offeror, or with a 22 contractor or subcontractor presently providing qoods, 23 services, or equipment to the Department to support the Lottery. The Department shall evaluate the material business or 24 25 financial relationship of each prospective advisor. The 26 Department shall not select any prospective advisor with a

substantial business or financial relationship that 1 the 2 Department deems to impair the objectivity of the services to 3 be provided by the prospective advisor. During the course of the advisor's engagement by the Department, and for a period of 4 5 one year thereafter, the advisor shall not enter into any business or financial relationship with any offeror or any 6 7 vendor identified to assist an offeror in performing its 8 obligations under the management agreement. Any advisor 9 retained by the Department shall be disqualified from being an 10 offeror. The Department shall not include terms in the request 11 for qualifications that provide a material advantage whether 12 directly or indirectly to any potential offeror, or any 13 subcontractor presently providing contractor or qoods, 14 services, or equipment to the Department to support the 15 Lottery, including terms contained in previous responses to 16 requests for proposals or qualifications submitted to 17 Illinois, another State or foreign government when those terms are uniquely associated with a particular potential offeror, 18 19 contractor, or subcontractor. The request for proposals 20 offered by the Department on December 22, 2008 as "LOT08GAMESYS" and reference number "22016176" is declared 21 22 void.

(g) The Department shall select at least 2 offerors as finalists to potentially serve as the private manager no later than August 9, 2010. Upon making preliminary selections, the Department shall schedule a public hearing on the finalists'

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proposals and provide public notice of the hearing at least 7 calendar days before the hearing. The notice must include all of the following:

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(1) The date, time, and place of the hearing.

(2) The subject matter of the hearing.

6 (3) A brief description of the management agreement to 7 be awarded.

8 (4) The identity of the offerors that have been 9 selected as finalists to serve as the private manager.

10

(5) The address and telephone number of the Department.

11 (h) At the public hearing, the Department shall (i) provide 12 sufficient time for each finalist to present and explain its proposal to the Department and the Governor or the Governor's 13 14 designee, including an opportunity to respond to questions 15 posed by the Department, Governor, or designee and (ii) allow 16 the public and non-selected offerors to comment on the 17 presentations. The Governor or a designee shall attend the public hearing. After the public hearing, the Department shall 18 19 have 14 calendar days to recommend to the Governor whether a 20 management agreement should be entered into with a particular 21 finalist. After reviewing the Department's recommendation, the 22 Governor may accept or reject the Department's recommendation, 23 and shall select a final offeror as the private manager by publication of a notice in the Illinois Procurement Bulletin on 24 or before September 15, 2010. The Governor shall include in the 25 26 notice a detailed explanation and the reasons why the final

1 offeror is superior to other offerors and will provide 2 management services in a manner that best achieves the 3 objectives of this Section. The Governor shall also sign the 4 management agreement with the private manager.

5 (i) Any action to contest the private manager selected by 6 the Governor under this Section must be brought within 7 7 calendar days after the publication of the notice of the 8 designation of the private manager as provided in subsection 9 (h) of this Section.

10 (j) The Lottery shall remain, for so long as a private 11 manager manages the Lottery in accordance with provisions of 12 this Act, a Lottery conducted by the State, and the State shall 13 not be authorized to sell or transfer the Lottery to a third 14 party.

15 (k) Any tangible personal property used exclusively in 16 connection with the lottery that is owned by the Department and 17 leased to the private manager shall be owned by the Department 18 in the name of the State and shall be considered to be public 19 property devoted to an essential public and governmental 20 function.

(1) The Department may exercise any of its powers under this Section or any other law as necessary or desirable for the execution of the Department's powers under this Section.

(m) Neither this Section nor any management agreement
 entered into under this Section prohibits the General Assembly
 from authorizing forms of gambling that are not in direct

competition with the Lottery. <u>The forms of gambling authorized</u> <u>by this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly constitute</u> <u>authorized forms of gambling that are not in direct competition</u> with the Lottery.

5 (n) The private manager shall be subject to a complete investigation in the third, seventh, and tenth years of the 6 agreement (if the agreement is for a 10-year term) by the 7 8 Department in cooperation with the Auditor General to determine 9 whether the private manager has complied with this Section and 10 the management agreement. The private manager shall bear the 11 cost of an investigation or reinvestigation of the private 12 manager under this subsection.

13 (o) The powers conferred by this Section are in addition 14 and supplemental to the powers conferred by any other law. If any other law or rule is inconsistent with this Section, 15 16 including, but not limited to, provisions of the Illinois 17 Procurement Code, then this Section controls as to any management agreement entered into under this Section. This 18 19 Section and any rules adopted under this Section contain full 20 and complete authority for a management agreement between the 21 Department and a private manager. No law, procedure, 22 proceeding, publication, notice, consent, approval, order, or 23 act by the Department or any other officer, Department, agency, or instrumentality of the State or any political subdivision is 24 25 required for the Department to enter into a management agreement under this Section. This Section contains full and 26

1 complete authority for the Department to approve any contracts 2 entered into by a private manager with a vendor providing 3 goods, services, or both goods and services to the private 4 manager under the terms of the management agreement, including 5 subcontractors of such vendors.

6 Upon receipt of a written request from the Chief 7 Procurement Officer, the Department shall provide to the Chief 8 Procurement Officer a complete and un-redacted copy of the 9 management agreement or any contract that is subject to the 10 Department's approval authority under this subsection (o). The 11 Department shall provide a copy of the agreement or contract to 12 the Chief Procurement Officer in the time specified by the 13 Chief Procurement Officer in his or her written request, but no later than 5 business days after the request is received by the 14 15 Department. The Chief Procurement Officer must retain any 16 portions of the management agreement or of any contract 17 designated by the Department as confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information in complete confidence pursuant to 18 subsection (g) of Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act. 19 20 The Department shall also provide the Chief Procurement Officer with reasonable advance written notice of any contract that is 21 22 pending Department approval.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, the Chief Procurement Officer shall adopt administrative rules, including emergency rules, to establish a procurement process to select a successor private manager if

a private management agreement has been terminated. 1 The 2 selection process shall at a minimum take into account the criteria set forth in items (1) through (4) of subsection (e) 3 of this Section and may include provisions consistent with 4 subsections (f), (g), (h), and (i) of this Section. The Chief 5 6 Procurement Officer shall also implement and administer the 7 adopted selection process upon the termination of a private 8 The Department, after the management agreement. Chief 9 Procurement Officer certifies that the procurement process has 10 been followed in accordance with the rules adopted under this 11 subsection (o), shall select a final offeror as the private 12 manager and sign the management agreement with the private 13 manager.

Except as provided in Sections 21.5, 21.6, 21.7, 21.8, and 21.9, the Department shall distribute all proceeds of lottery tickets and shares sold in the following priority and manner:

17

(1) The payment of prizes and retailer bonuses.

18 (2) The payment of costs incurred in the operation and
19 administration of the Lottery, including the payment of
20 sums due to the private manager under the management
21 agreement with the Department.

(3) On the last day of each month or as soon thereafter
as possible, the State Comptroller shall direct and the
State Treasurer shall transfer from the State Lottery Fund
to the Common School Fund an amount that is equal to the
proceeds transferred in the corresponding month of fiscal

year 2009, as adjusted for inflation, to the Common School
 Fund.

3 (4) On or before the last day of each fiscal year,
4 deposit any remaining proceeds, subject to payments under
5 items (1), (2), and (3) into the Capital Projects Fund each
6 fiscal year.

7 (p) The Department shall be subject to the following
8 reporting and information request requirements:

9 (1) the Department shall submit written quarterly 10 reports to the Governor and the General Assembly on the 11 activities and actions of the private manager selected 12 under this Section;

13 (2) upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer, the 14 Department shall promptly produce information related to 15 the procurement activities of the Department and the 16 private manager requested by the Chief Procurement 17 Officer; the Chief Procurement Officer must retain confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information 18 19 designated by the Department in complete confidence 20 pursuant to subsection (g) of Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act; and 21

(3) at least 30 days prior to the beginning of the
Department's fiscal year, the Department shall prepare an
annual written report on the activities of the private
manager selected under this Section and deliver that report
to the Governor and General Assembly.

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(Source: P.A. 99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-391, eff. 8-25-17.)

Section 90-10. The Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 2505-305 as follows:

5 (20 ILCS 2505/2505-305) (was 20 ILCS 2505/39b15.1)

6 Sec. 2505-305. Investigators.

7 (a) The Department has the power to appoint investigators 8 to conduct all investigations, searches, seizures, arrests, 9 and other duties imposed under the provisions of any law 10 administered by the Department. Except as provided in 11 subsection (c), these investigators have and may exercise all 12 the powers of peace officers solely for the purpose of 13 enforcing taxing measures administered by the Department.

(b) The Director must authorize to each investigator employed under this Section and to any other employee of the Department exercising the powers of a peace officer a distinct badge that, on its face, (i) clearly states that the badge is authorized by the Department and (ii) contains a unique identifying number. No other badge shall be authorized by the Department.

(c) The Department may enter into agreements with the Illinois Gaming Board providing that investigators appointed under this Section shall exercise the peace officer powers set forth in paragraph (20.6) of subsection (c) of Section 5 of the HB5292 - 81 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

1 <u>Illinois Riverboat</u> Gambling Act.

2 (Source: P.A. 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)

3 Section 90-12. The Illinois State Auditing Act is amended
4 by changing Section 3-1 as follows:

5 (30 ILCS 5/3-1) (from Ch. 15, par. 303-1)

6 Sec. 3-1. Jurisdiction of Auditor General. The Auditor 7 General has jurisdiction over all State agencies to make post 8 audits and investigations authorized by or under this Act or 9 the Constitution.

10 The Auditor General has jurisdiction over local government 11 agencies and private agencies only:

(a) to make such post audits authorized by or under 12 13 this Act as are necessary and incidental to a post audit of 14 a State agency or of a program administered by a State 15 agency involving public funds of the State, but this jurisdiction does not include any authority to review local 16 governmental 17 agencies in the obligation, receipt, 18 expenditure or use of public funds of the State that are granted without limitation or condition imposed by law, 19 20 other than the general limitation that such funds be used 21 for public purposes;

(b) to make investigations authorized by or under thisAct or the Constitution; and

24

(c) to make audits of the records of local government

agencies to verify actual costs of state-mandated programs when directed to do so by the Legislative Audit Commission at the request of the State Board of Appeals under the State Mandates Act.

5 In addition to the foregoing, the Auditor General may conduct an audit of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 6 7 Authority, the Regional Transportation Authority, the Suburban Bus Division, the Commuter Rail Division and the Chicago 8 9 Transit Authority and any other subsidized carrier when 10 authorized by the Legislative Audit Commission. Such audit may 11 be a financial, management or program audit, or any combination 12 thereof.

The audit shall determine whether they are operating in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Subject to the limitations of this Act, the Legislative Audit Commission may by resolution specify additional determinations to be included in the scope of the audit.

In addition to the foregoing, the Auditor General must also 18 conduct a financial audit of the Illinois Sports Facilities 19 20 Authority's expenditures of public funds in connection with the 21 reconstruction, renovation, remodeling, extension, or 22 improvement of all or substantially all of any existing 23 "facility", as that term is defined in the Illinois Sports 24 Facilities Authority Act.

The Auditor General may also conduct an audit, when authorized by the Legislative Audit Commission, of any hospital which receives 10% or more of its gross revenues from payments
 from the State of Illinois, Department of Healthcare and Family
 Services (formerly Department of Public Aid), Medical
 Assistance Program.

5 The Auditor General is authorized to conduct financial and 6 compliance audits of the Illinois Distance Learning Foundation 7 and the Illinois Conservation Foundation.

8 As soon as practical after the effective date of this 9 amendatory Act of 1995, the Auditor General shall conduct a 10 compliance and management audit of the City of Chicago and any 11 other entity with regard to the operation of Chicago O'Hare 12 International Airport, Chicago Midway Airport and Merrill C. Meigs Field. The audit shall include, but not be limited to, an 13 14 examination of revenues, expenses, and transfers of funds; 15 purchasing and contracting policies and practices; staffing 16 levels; and hiring practices and procedures. When completed, 17 the audit required by this paragraph shall be distributed in accordance with Section 3-14. 18

19 The Auditor General shall conduct a financial and 20 compliance and program audit of distributions from the 21 Municipal Economic Development Fund during the immediately 22 preceding calendar year pursuant to Section 8-403.1 of the 23 Public Utilities Act at no cost to the city, village, or incorporated town that received the distributions. 24

25 The Auditor General must conduct an audit of the Health 26 Facilities and Services Review Board pursuant to Section 19.5

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1 of the Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act.

2 <u>The Auditor General must conduct an audit of the Chicago</u>
 3 <u>Casino Development Authority pursuant to Section 1-60 of the</u>
 4 Chicago Casino Development Authority Act.

5 The Auditor General of the State of Illinois shall annually conduct or cause to be conducted a financial and compliance 6 7 audit of the books and records of any county water commission organized pursuant to the Water Commission Act of 1985 and 8 9 shall file a copy of the report of that audit with the Governor 10 and the Legislative Audit Commission. The filed audit shall be 11 open to the public for inspection. The cost of the audit shall 12 be charged to the county water commission in accordance with 13 Section 6z-27 of the State Finance Act. The county water commission shall make available to the Auditor General its 14 15 books and records and any other documentation, whether in the 16 possession of its trustees or other parties, necessary to 17 conduct the audit required. These audit requirements apply only through July 1, 2007. 18

19 The Auditor General must conduct audits of the Rend Lake 20 Conservancy District as provided in Section 25.5 of the River 21 Conservancy Districts Act.

The Auditor General must conduct financial audits of the Southeastern Illinois Economic Development Authority as provided in Section 70 of the Southeastern Illinois Economic Development Authority Act.

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The Auditor General shall conduct a compliance audit in

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1	accordance with subsections (d) and (f) of Section 30 of the
2	Innovation Development and Economy Act.
3	(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-31, eff. 6-30-09;
4	96-939, eff. 6-24-10.)
5	Section 90-15. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
6	Sections 5.886, 5.887, 5.888, and 6z-105 and by changing
7	Section 6z-45 as follows:
8	(30 ILCS 105/5.886 new)
9	Sec. 5.886. The Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund.
10	(30 ILCS 105/5.887 new)
11	Sec. 5.887. The Depressed Communities Economic Development
12	<u>Fund.</u>
13	(30 ILCS 105/5.888 new)
14	Sec. 5.888. The Latino Community Economic Development
15	<u>Fund.</u>
16	(30 ILCS 105/6z-45)
17	Sec. 6z-45. The School Infrastructure Fund.
18	(a) The School Infrastructure Fund is created as a special
19	fund in the State Treasury.
20	In addition to any other deposits authorized by law,
21	beginning January 1, 2000, on the first day of each month, or

as soon thereafter as may be practical, the State Treasurer and 1 2 State Comptroller shall transfer the sum of \$5,000,000 from the General Revenue Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund, except 3 that, notwithstanding any other provision of law, and in 4 5 addition to any other transfers that may be provided for by law, before June 30, 2012, the Comptroller and the Treasurer 6 shall transfer \$45,000,000 from the General Revenue Fund into 7 8 the School Infrastructure Fund, and, for fiscal year 2013 only, 9 the Treasurer and the Comptroller shall transfer \$1,250,000 from the General Revenue Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund 10 11 on the first day of each month; provided, however, that no such 12 transfers shall be made from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 13 2003.

14 (a-5) Money in the School Infrastructure Fund may be used 15 to pay the expenses of the State Board of Education, the 16 Governor's Office of Management and Budget, and the Capital 17 Development Board in administering programs under the School 18 Construction Law, the total expenses not to exceed \$1,315,000 19 in any fiscal year.

(b) Subject to the transfer provisions set forth below, money in the School Infrastructure Fund shall, if and when the State of Illinois incurs any bonded indebtedness for the construction of school improvements under subsection (e) of Section 5 of the General Obligation Bond Act, be set aside and used for the purpose of paying and discharging annually the principal and interest on that bonded indebtedness then due and

1 payable, and for no other purpose.

2 In addition to other transfers to the General Obligation 3 Bond Retirement and Interest Fund made pursuant to Section 15 of the General Obligation Bond Act, upon each delivery of bonds 4 5 issued for construction of school improvements under the School 6 Construction Law, the State Comptroller shall compute and 7 certify to the State Treasurer the total amount of principal 8 of, interest on, and premium, if any, on such bonds during the 9 then current and each succeeding fiscal year. With respect to variable 10 the interest payable on rate bonds, such 11 certifications shall be calculated at the maximum rate of 12 interest that may be payable during the fiscal year, after taking into account any credits permitted in the related 13 14 indenture or other instrument against the amount of such 15 interest required to be appropriated for that period.

16 On or before the last day of each month, the State 17 Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the School Infrastructure Fund to the General Obligation Bond Retirement 18 19 and Interest Fund an amount sufficient to pay the aggregate of 20 the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on the 21 bonds payable on their next payment date, divided by the number 22 of monthly transfers occurring between the last previous 23 payment date (or the delivery date if no payment date has yet 24 occurred) and the next succeeding payment date. Interest 25 payable on variable rate bonds shall be calculated at the 26 maximum rate of interest that may be payable for the relevant

period, after taking into account any credits permitted in the 1 2 related indenture or other instrument against the amount of 3 such interest required to be appropriated for that period. Interest for which moneys have already been deposited into the 4 5 capitalized interest account within the General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund shall not be included in the 6 7 calculation of the amounts to be transferred under this 8 subsection.

9 (b-5) The money deposited into the School Infrastructure 10 Fund from transfers pursuant to subsections (c-30) and (c-35) 11 of Section 13 of the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act shall be 12 applied, without further direction, as provided in subsection 13 (b-3) of Section 5-35 of the School Construction Law.

14 (c) The surplus, if any, in the School Infrastructure Fund 15 after payments made pursuant to subsections (a-5), (b), and 16 (b-5) of this Section shall, subject to appropriation, be used 17 as follows:

18 First - to make 3 payments to the School Technology 19 Revolving Loan Fund as follows:

Transfer of \$30,000,000 in fiscal year 1999;

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Transfer of \$20,000,000 in fiscal year 2000; and

22 Transfer of \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2001.

23 Second - to pay any amounts due for grants for school 24 construction projects and debt service under the School 25 Construction Law.

26 Third - to pay any amounts due for grants for school

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1	maintenance projects under the School Construction Law.
2	(Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17.)
3	(30 ILCS 105/6z-105 new)
4	Sec. 6z-105. The Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund.
5	(a) The Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund is created as a
6	special fund in the State treasury.
7	(b) The revenues in the Fund shall be used, subject to
8	appropriation, by the Comptroller for the purpose of providing
9	appropriations to the Illinois Gaming Board for the
10	administration and enforcement of the Illinois Gambling Act and
11	the applicable provisions of the Chicago Casino Development
12	Authority Act, with any remaining amounts being transferred to
13	the General Revenue Fund.
14	(c) The Fund shall consist of fee revenues received
15	pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 1-45 of the Chicago
16	Casino Development Authority Act and pursuant to subsections
17	(e-10), (e-15), (h), and (h-5) of Section 7 and subsections
18	(b), (c), (d), and (k) of Section 7.7 of the Illinois Gambling
19	Act. All interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall be
20	deposited into the Fund.
21	(d) The Fund shall not be subject to administrative charges
22	or chargebacks, including, but not limited to, those authorized
23	under subsection (h) of Section 8 of this Act.

24 Section 90-20. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by

1 changing Sections 201, 303, 304 and 710 as follows:

2 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)

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Sec. 201. Tax imposed.

4 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby 5 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate for 6 each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the privilege 7 of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this 8 State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other occupation or 9 privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal 10 corporation or political subdivision thereof.

(b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by subsection (d-1):

14 (1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
15 taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
16 to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
17 year.

(2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending
after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2
1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii)
3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June
30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

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(3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for

1 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending 2 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the 3 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and
ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum
of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and
ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum
of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015,
and ending prior to July 1, 2017, an amount equal to 3.75%
of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

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(5.3) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,

for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 2017, and ending after June 30, 2017, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 4.95% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5.

7 (5.4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, 8 for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2017, an 9 amount equal to 4.95% of the taxpayer's net income for the 10 taxable year.

(6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30, 18 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

(8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January
1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net
income for the taxable year.

(9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after

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December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

6 (10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 7 beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to 8 January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's 9 net income for the taxable year.

(11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after
December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of
the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January
1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December
31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

17 (12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 18 beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to 19 July 1, 2017, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's 20 net income for the taxable year.

(13) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 2017, and ending after June 30, 2017, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 2017, - 94 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

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as calculated under Section 202.5.

2 (14) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2017, an amount equal to 7% 3 of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year. 4

5 The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the provisions of Section 201.5. 6

7 (b-5) Surcharge; sale or exchange of assets, properties, and intangibles of electronic gaming licensees. For each of 8 9 taxable years 2018 through 2026, a surcharge is imposed on all taxpayers on income arising from the sale or exchange of 10 11 capital assets, depreciable business property, real property 12 used in the trade or business, and Section 197 intangibles (i) 13 of an organization licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and (ii) of an electronic gaming licensee under the 14 Illinois Gambling Act. The amount of the surcharge is equal to 15 16 the amount of federal income tax liability for the taxable year 17 attributable to those sales and exchanges. The surcharge imposed shall not apply if: 18

19 (1) the electronic gaming license, organization 20 license, or race track property is transferred as a result 21 of any of the following:

22 (A) bankruptcy, a receivership, or a debt 23 adjustment initiated by or against the initial 24 licensee or the substantial owners of the initial 25 licensee; 26

(B) cancellation, revocation, or termination of

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1	any such license by the Illinois Gaming Board or the
2	Illinois Racing Board;
3	(C) a determination by the Illinois Gaming Board
4	that transfer of the license is in the best interests
5	of Illinois gaming;
6	(D) the death of an owner of the equity interest in
7	<u>a licensee;</u>
8	(E) the acquisition of a controlling interest in
9	the stock or substantially all of the assets of a
10	publicly traded company;
11	(F) a transfer by a parent company to a wholly
12	owned subsidiary; or
13	(G) the transfer or sale to or by one person to
14	another person where both persons were initial owners
15	of the license when the license was issued; or
16	(2) the controlling interest in the electronic gaming
17	license, organization license, or race track property is
18	transferred in a transaction to lineal descendants in which
19	<u>no gain or loss is recognized or as a result of a</u>
20	transaction in accordance with Section 351 of the Internal
21	Revenue Code in which no gain or loss is recognized; or
22	(3) live horse racing was not conducted in 2011 under a
23	license issued pursuant to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of
24	<u>1975.</u>
25	The transfer of an electronic gaming license, organization
26	license, or race track property by a person other than the

initial licensee to receive the electronic gaming license is not subject to a surcharge. The Department shall adopt rules necessary to implement and administer this subsection.

Personal Property Tax Replacement Tax. 4 (C) Income 5 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property 6 Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every 7 8 corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership 9 and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979. 10 Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving 11 income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property 12 Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income 13 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by 14 this State or by any municipal corporation or political 15 16 subdivision thereof.

17 (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax 18 imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section 19 20 in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall 21 22 be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net 23 income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this 24 25 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an 26

1 additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income 2 for the taxable year.

(d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the 3 case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the 4 5 Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax 6 7 (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed 8 are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined 9 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except determination premiums from 10 that for purposes of this 11 reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate 12 reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending 13 on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax 14 imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not 15 increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed 16 under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act, 17 shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for 18 19 the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of 20 domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign 21 22 insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits 23 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the 24 25 purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes 26 a mutual insurer under common management.

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(1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event
 shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections
 (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

(A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign
insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all
credits allowed under this Act, plus

(B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the
Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company
tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation
Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under
Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,

equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b) and (d).

19 (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this
20 subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed
21 by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by
22 subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
23 Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i)
24 has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by
25 subsection (d).

26 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250.

(e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit
against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for
investment in qualified property.

5 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5%6 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during the taxable year, provided such property is placed in 7 8 service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an 9 additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified 10 property placed in service during the taxable year, 11 provided such property is placed in service on or after 12 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within 13 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding 14 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records 15 filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have 16 17 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in which they file employment records with the Illinois 18 19 Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to 20 this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing 21 22 law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the 23 increase in base employment within Illinois over the 24 preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall 25 be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 26

1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall 1 2 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 3 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year 4 5 other than the year in which the property was placed in 6 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after 7 December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the 8 credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the 9 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the 10 credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it 11 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later 12 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to 13 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the 14 excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments 15 which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time 16 equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an 17 enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois and (iii) is certified by the 18 Enterprise Zone Act 19 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now 20 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) as 21 complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and 22 (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and 23 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic 24 Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all 25 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for 26

the tax year in which the property is placed in service, 1 2 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability 3 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried 4 5 forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable 6 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall 7 be applied to the earliest year for which there is a 8 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 9 that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit 10 shall be applied first.

11 (2) The term "qualified property" means property 12 which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
buildings and structural components of buildings and
signs that are real property, but not including land or
improvements to real property that are not a structural
component of a building such as landscaping, sewer
lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and
other appurtenances;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
(e);

(C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

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1 (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is 2 primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal 3 or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment 4 5 Zone established pursuant to the River Edge 6 Redevelopment Zone Act; and

7 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in 8 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 9 the credit provided by this subsection (e) or 10 subsection (f).

11 (3) purposes of this subsection (e), For 12 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production tangible personal property by procedures commonly 13 of 14 regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or 15 assembling which changes some existing material into new 16 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of 17 this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the 18 19 Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), 20 the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal 21 property for use or consumption and not for resale, or 22 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible 23 personal property for use or consumption and not for 24 resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible 25 personal property" has the same meaning as when that term 26 is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for

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1 taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not 2 include the generation, transmission, or distribution of 3 electricity.

4 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
5 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
6 income tax purposes.

7 (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax 8 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed 9 in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such 10 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the 11 date of such increase in basis.

(6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

14 (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to 15 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 16 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 17 any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property 18 Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be 19 Such increase shall be determined by (i) 20 increased. 21 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 22 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 23 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 24 computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 25 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 26 purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of

qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

4 (8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
5 the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
6 incurred after December 31, 2018, except for costs incurred
7 pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before
8 December 31, 2018.

9 (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, 10 a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the 11 credits to which the partnership is entitled under this 12 subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only 13 14 against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this 15 Section. If the partnership makes that election, those 16 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in 17 Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules 18 19 promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of 20 the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that 21 taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on 22 its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for 23 that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits 24 shall be irrevocable.

25 For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, 26 a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction

under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) 1 2 of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter 3 S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be 4 5 allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during 6 7 taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S the 8 corporation, determined in accordance with the 9 determination of income and distributive share of income 10 under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal 11 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 12 of Section 250.

13 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge
14 Redevelopment Zone.

15 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the 16 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 17 investment in qualified property which is placed in service in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois 18 19 Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on 20 or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone 21 established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 22 shareholders of Act. For partners, Subchapter S 23 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, 24 if the liability company is treated as a partnership for 25 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall 26 be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be

determined in accordance with the determination of income 1 2 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 3 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit 4 5 shall be available only in the taxable year in which the 6 property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or 7 River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to 8 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for 9 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section 10 to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 11 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in 12 which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount 13 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, 14 whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability 15 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and 16 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be 17 applied to the earliest year for which there 18 is a 19 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 20 that is available to offset a liability, the credit 21 accruing first in time shall be applied first.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"

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1 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not 2 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection 3 (f);

4 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
5 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

6 (D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge 7 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

8 (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in 9 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 10 the credit provided by this subsection (f) or 11 subsection (e).

12 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
13 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
14 income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such
increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the
date of such increase in basis.

(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within
48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of
any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone

or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after 1 2 being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections 3 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) 4 5 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 6 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 7 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 8 computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 9 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 10 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of 11 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the 12 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified 13 property to the extent of such reduction.

(7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal 14 15 to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in 16 service during the taxable year in а River Edge 17 Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base 18 19 employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over 20 the preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's 21 employment records filed with the Illinois Department of 22 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois 23 shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base 24 employment for the first year in which they file employment 25 with the Illinois Department of records Employment 26 Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment

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within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

(g) (Blank).

(h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

7 (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 8 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be 9 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) (b) of this Section for investment in qualified 10 and 11 property which is placed in service by a Department of 12 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such 13 14 property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the 15 minimum investments in qualified property set forth in 16 subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 17 Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the 18 Illinois 19 Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact 20 Businesses under subdivisions (a) (3) (B), (a) (3) (C), and 21 (a) (3) (D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone 22 Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by 23 24 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The 25 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the 26 taxable year in which such investments have been completed.

1 The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum 2 investment by a designated high impact business authorized 3 under subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable 4 5 year in which the property is placed in service and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 6 7 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) 8 and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending 9 on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed 10 for the tax year in which the property is placed in 11 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax 12 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original 13 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess 14 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 15 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 16 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which 17 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the 18 19 credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

20 Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 21 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and 22 reflect existing law.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
buildings and structural components of buildings;
(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the

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Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (h);

(C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

7 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone
8 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this
9 Section.

10 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
11 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
12 income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of
such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on
the date of such increase in basis.

19 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same20 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year ending on or before December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under

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subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable 1 2 year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined 3 by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for such property 4 5 was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed 6 7 credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For 8 the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the 9 basis of qualified property resulting from 10 redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a 11 disposition of qualified property to the extent of such 12 reduction.

13 (7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 14 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this 15 subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and 16 the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of 17 the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under 18 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased 19 20 for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its 21 facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit 22 received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

23 (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 24 Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit 25 shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 26 (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and

1 (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by 2 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this 3 Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income 4 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois 5 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax 6 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

7 Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this 8 subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed 9 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) 10 and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original 11 liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried 12 forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit 13 year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any 14 year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be 15 applied first to the earliest year for which there is a 16 17 liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the 18 19 earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied 20 first.

If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax

1 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the 2 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different 3 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable 4 year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

5 (j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31, 6 7 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 8 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all 9 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by 10 the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational 11 12 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled 13 or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax 14 15 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such 16 training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S 17 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 18 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a 19 20 credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of 21 22 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 23 Internal Revenue Code.

Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is

first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or after December 31, 2003.

8 (k) Research and development credit. For tax years ending 9 after July 1, 1990 and prior to December 31, 2003, and 10 beginning again for tax years ending on or after December 31, 11 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 2022, a taxpayer shall be 12 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 13 (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this 14 State. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by 15 subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the 16 qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in 17 this State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the 18 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 19 20 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance 21 22 with the determination of income and distributive share of 23 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 24 Internal Revenue Code.

25 For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures"
26 means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal

credit for increasing research activities which would be 1 2 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for 3 increasing research activities in this State" means the excess 4 5 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period, 6 "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average 7 8 of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base 9 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately 10 preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being 11 made.

12 Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the 13 unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over 14 15 as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 16 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs 17 first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year 18 ending on or after December 31, 2003. 19

If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest 2 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the 3 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still 24 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be 25 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax 26 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused

1 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next 2 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except 3 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more 4 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the 5 credit is given was incurred.

No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the
91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable
years beginning before January 1, 1999.

9 It is the intent of the General Assembly that the research 10 and development credit under this subsection (k) shall apply 11 continuously for all tax years ending on or after December 31, 12 2004 and ending prior to January 1, 2022, including, but not limited to, the period beginning on January 1, 2016 and ending 13 on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th 14 General Assembly. All actions taken in reliance on the 15 16 continuation of the credit under this subsection (k) by any 17 taxpayer are hereby validated.

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(1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

19 (i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on 20 or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a 21 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) 22 of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed 23 eligible remediation costs, specified as in this 24 subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the 25 26 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under

Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were 1 2 paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for 3 which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the recorded under Section 58.10 of 4 Agency and the 5 Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed 6 for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the 7 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not 8 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related 9 party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a 10 release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site 11 that was identified and addressed by the remedial action 12 Site Remediation pursuant to the Program of the Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control 13 14 rules are adopted pursuant to the Illinois Board 15 Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and 16 enforcement of Section 58.9 of the Environmental 17 Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with 18 19 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" 20 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code 21 22 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a 23 deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of 24 Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being 25 a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The 26 credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a)

and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible 1 2 remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except 3 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the 4 5 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now 6 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The 7 total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with 8 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and 9 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be 10 allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in 11 accordance with the determination of income and 12 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. 13

14 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 15 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 16 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year 17 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of 18 19 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the 20 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). 21 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 22 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 23 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 24 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 25 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under 26 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of

all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 1 2 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 3 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect 4 the 5 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 6 7 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 8 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the 9 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 10 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 11 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 12 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

(iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
Environmental Protection Act.

16 (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years 17 ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit 18 19 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this 20 Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of 21 the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of 22 qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total 23 credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the custodian of qualifying pupils exceed (i) \$500 for tax years 24 25 ending prior to December 31, 2017, and (ii) \$750 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2017. In no event shall a 26

credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability 1 2 under this Act to less than zero. Notwithstanding any other 3 provision of law, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, no taxpayer may claim a credit under this 4 5 subsection (m) if the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds (i) \$500,000, in the case of spouses 6 7 filing a joint federal tax return or (ii) \$250,000, in the case of all other taxpayers. This subsection is exempt from the 8 9 provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

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For purposes of this subsection:

11 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are 12 residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of 13 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is 14 15 sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through 16 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in 17 this subsection.

18 "Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on 19 behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition, 20 book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is 21 enrolled during the regular school year.

"School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code, except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to

attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for
 the credit under this Section.

3 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an 4 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal 5 guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

6 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax7 credit.

8 (i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006, 9 a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 10 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 11 certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation 12 costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" 13 14 costs approved by the Illinois Environmental means 15 Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the 16 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing 17 environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation 18 19 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 20 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must 21 be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of 22 the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is 23 not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any 24 related party caused or contributed to, in any material 25 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under 26 the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial

action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the 1 2 Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit 3 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control 4 5 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 6 7 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this 8 Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes 9 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the 10 Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the 11 persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs 12 (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue 13 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any 14 of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed 15 by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the 16 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site. 17

(ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 18 19 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 20 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This 21 22 credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 23 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 24 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 25 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 26 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under

this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 1 2 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 3 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 4 5 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 6 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 7 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 8 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 9 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the 10 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 11 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 12 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 13 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

14 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
15 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
16 Environmental Protection Act.

17 (o) For each of taxable years during the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program, a surcharge is imposed on 18 19 all taxpayers on income arising from the sale or exchange of 20 capital assets, depreciable business property, real property used in the trade or business, and Section 197 intangibles of 21 22 an organization registrant under the Compassionate Use of 23 Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act. The amount of the surcharge 24 is equal to the amount of federal income tax liability for the 25 taxable year attributable to those sales and exchanges. The 26 surcharge imposed does not apply if:

(1)medical cannabis cultivation 1 the center 2 registration, medical cannabis dispensary registration, or 3 the property of a registration is transferred as a result of any of the following: 4 5 (A) bankruptcy, a receivership, or а debt 6 adjustment initiated by or against the initial registration or the substantial owners of the initial 7 registration; 8 9 (B) cancellation, revocation, or termination of 10 any registration by the Illinois Department of Public 11 Health; 12 (C) a determination by the Illinois Department of 13 Public Health that transfer of the registration is in the best interests of Illinois qualifying patients as 14 15 defined by the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis 16 Pilot Program Act; 17 (D) the death of an owner of the equity interest in 18 a registrant; (E) the acquisition of a controlling interest in 19 20 the stock or substantially all of the assets of a 21 publicly traded company; 22 (F) a transfer by a parent company to a wholly 23 owned subsidiary; or 24 (G) the transfer or sale to or by one person to 25 another person where both persons were initial owners 26 of the registration when the registration was issued;

or

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2 the cannabis cultivation center registration, (2) 3 medical cannabis dispensary registration, or the controlling interest in a registrant's property is 4 5 transferred in a transaction to lineal descendants in which gain or loss is recognized or as a result of a 6 no 7 transaction in accordance with Section 351 of the Internal 8 Revenue Code in which no gain or loss is recognized.

9 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

10 (35 ILCS 5/303) (from Ch. 120, par. 3-303)

11 Sec. 303. (a) In general. Any item of capital gain or loss, 12 and any item of income from rents or royalties from real or 13 tangible personal property, interest, dividends, and patent or 14 copyright royalties, and prizes awarded under the Illinois 15 Lottery Law, and, for taxable years ending on or after December 16 31, 2018, wagering and gambling winnings from Illinois sources as set forth in subsection (e-1) of this Section, to the extent 17 18 such item constitutes nonbusiness income, together with any item of deduction directly allocable thereto, shall be 19 20 allocated by any person other than a resident as provided in 21 this Section.

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(b) Capital gains and losses.

(1) Real property. Capital gains and losses from sales
or exchanges of real property are allocable to this State
if the property is located in this State.

1 (2) Tangible personal property. Capital gains and 2 losses from sales or exchanges of tangible personal 3 property are allocable to this State if, at the time of 4 such sale or exchange:

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(A) The property had its situs in this State; or

6 (B) The taxpayer had its commercial domicile in 7 this State and was not taxable in the state in which 8 the property had its situs.

9 (3) Intangibles. Capital gains and losses from sales or 10 exchanges of intangible personal property are allocable to 11 this State if the taxpayer had its commercial domicile in 12 this State at the time of such sale or exchange.

13 (c) Rents and royalties.

14 (1) Real property. Rents and royalties from real
15 property are allocable to this State if the property is
16 located in this State.

17 (2) Tangible personal property. Rents and royalties
18 from tangible personal property are allocable to this
19 State:

20 (A) If and to the extent that the property is 21 utilized in this State; or

(B) In their entirety if, at the time such rents or
royalties were paid or accrued, the taxpayer had its
commercial domicile in this State and was not organized
under the laws of or taxable with respect to such rents
or royalties in the state in which the property was

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The extent of utilization of tangible 1 utilized. personal property in a state is determined by 2 3 multiplying the rents or royalties derived from such property by a fraction, the numerator of which is the 4 5 number of days of physical location of the property in 6 the state during the rental or royalty period in the taxable year and the denominator of which is the number 7 of days of physical location of the property everywhere 8 9 during all rental or royalty periods in the taxable 10 year. If the physical location of the property during 11 the rental or royalty period is unknown or 12 unascertainable by the taxpayer, tangible personal 13 property is utilized in the state in which the property 14 was located at the time the rental or royalty payer 15 obtained possession.

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(d) Patent and copyright royalties.

17 (1) Allocation. Patent and copyright royalties are18 allocable to this State:

(A) If and to the extent that the patent or copyright is utilized by the payer in this State; or

(B) If and to the extent that the patent or copyright is utilized by the payer in a state in which the taxpayer is not taxable with respect to such royalties and, at the time such royalties were paid or accrued, the taxpayer had its commercial domicile in this State.

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(2) Utilization.

2 (A) A patent is utilized in a state to the extent 3 that it is employed in production, fabrication, manufacturing or other processing in the state or to 4 5 the extent that a patented product is produced in the state. If the basis of receipts from patent royalties 6 does not permit allocation to states or if 7 the 8 accounting procedures do not reflect states of 9 utilization, the patent is utilized in this State if 10 the taxpayer has its commercial domicile in this State.

(B) A copyright is utilized in a state to the 11 12 extent that printing or other publication originates 13 in the state. If the basis of receipts from copyright royalties does not permit allocation to states or if 14 15 the accounting procedures do not reflect states of 16 utilization, the copyright is utilized in this State if 17 the taxpayer has its commercial domicile in this State. (e) Illinois lottery prizes. Prizes awarded under the 18 19 Illinois Lottery Law are allocable to this State. Payments 20 received in taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2013, 21 from the assignment of a prize under Section 13.1 of the 22 Illinois Lottery Law are allocable to this State.

(e-1) Wagering and gambling winnings. Payments received in
 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2018 of winnings
 from pari-mutuel wagering conducted at a wagering facility
 licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and from

<u>gambling games conducted on a riverboat or in a casino or</u>
 <u>electronic gaming facility licensed under the Illinois</u>
 Gambling Act are allocable to this State.

4 (e-5) Unemployment benefits. Unemployment benefits paid by
5 the Illinois Department of Employment Security are allocable to
6 this State.

7 (f) Taxability in other state. For purposes of allocation 8 of income pursuant to this Section, a taxpayer is taxable in 9 another state if:

10 (1) In that state he is subject to a net income tax, a 11 franchise tax measured by net income, a franchise tax for 12 the privilege of doing business, or a corporate stock tax; 13 or

14 (2) That state has jurisdiction to subject the taxpayer
15 to a net income tax regardless of whether, in fact, the
16 state does or does not.

17 (g) Cross references.

18 (1) For allocation of interest and dividends by persons
19 other than residents, see Section 301(c)(2).

20 (2) For allocation of nonbusiness income by residents,
21 see Section 301(a).

22 (Source: P.A. 97-709, eff. 7-1-12; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14.)

23 (35 ILCS 5/304) (from Ch. 120, par. 3-304)

24 Sec. 304. Business income of persons other than residents.

25 (a) In general. The business income of a person other than

a resident shall be allocated to this State if such person's 1 2 business income is derived solely from this State. If a person other than a resident derives business income from this State 3 and one or more other states, then, for tax years ending on or 4 5 before December 30, 1998, and except as otherwise provided by such person's business 6 this Section, income shall be apportioned to this State by multiplying the income by a 7 8 fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of the property 9 factor (if any), the payroll factor (if any) and 200% of the 10 sales factor (if any), and the denominator of which is 4 reduced by the number of factors other than the sales factor 11 12 which have a denominator of zero and by an additional 2 if the 13 sales factor has a denominator of zero. For tax years ending on 14 or after December 31, 1998, and except as otherwise provided by 15 this Section, persons other than residents who derive business 16 income from this State and one or more other states shall 17 compute their apportionment factor by weighting their property, payroll, and sales factors as provided in subsection 18 (h) of this Section. 19

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(1) Property factor.

(A) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the person's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in the trade or business in this State during the taxable year and the denominator of which is the average value of all the person's real and tangible personal property owned or

rented and used in the trade or business during the taxable
 year.

3 (B) Property owned by the person is valued at its 4 original cost. Property rented by the person is valued at 8 5 times the net annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate is 6 the annual rental rate paid by the person less any annual 7 rental rate received by the person from sub-rentals.

8 (C) The average value of property shall be determined 9 by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the 10 taxable year but the Director may require the averaging of 11 monthly values during the taxable year if reasonably 12 required to reflect properly the average value of the 13 person's property.

14 (2) Payroll factor.

15 (A) The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of 16 which is the total amount paid in this State during the 17 taxable year by the person for compensation, and the 18 denominator of which is the total compensation paid 19 everywhere during the taxable year.

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(B) Compensation is paid in this State if:

(i) The individual's service is performed entirely
within this State;

(ii) The individual's service is performed both
within and without this State, but the service
performed without this State is incidental to the
individual's service performed within this State; or

1 (iii) Some of the service is performed within this 2 State and either the base of operations, or if there is 3 no base of operations, the place from which the service is directed or controlled is within this State, or the 4 5 base of operations or the place from which the service 6 is directed or controlled is not in any state in which 7 some part of the service is performed, but the individual's residence is in this State. 8

9 (iv) Compensation paid to nonresident professional 10 athletes.

11 (a) General. The Illinois source income of a 12 nonresident individual who is а member of а 13 professional athletic team includes the portion of the 14 individual's total compensation for services performed 15 as a member of a professional athletic team during the 16 taxable year which the number of duty days spent within this State performing services for the team in any 17 18 manner during the taxable year bears to the total 19 number of duty days spent both within and without this 20 State during the taxable year.

(b) Travel days. Travel days that do not involve
either a game, practice, team meeting, or other similar
team event are not considered duty days spent in this
State. However, such travel days are considered in the
total duty days spent both within and without this
State.

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(c) Definitions. For purposes of this subpart
(iv):

(1) The term "professional athletic team" includes, but is not limited to, any professional baseball, basketball, football, soccer, or hockey team.

"member of a professional 7 (2)The term 8 athletic team" includes those employees who are 9 active players, players on the disabled list, and 10 any other persons required to travel and who travel 11 with and perform services on behalf of a 12 professional athletic team on a regular basis. 13 This includes, but is not limited to, coaches, 14 managers, and trainers.

15 (3) Except as provided in items (C) and (D) of 16 this subpart (3), the term "duty days" means all 17 days during the taxable year from the beginning of athletic team's professional official 18 the 19 pre-season training period through the last game 20 in which the team competes or is scheduled to 21 compete. Duty days shall be counted for the year in 22 which they occur, including where a team's 23 official pre-season training period through the 24 game in which the team competes or last is 25 scheduled to compete, occurs during more than one 26 tax year.

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(A) Duty days shall also include days on 1 2 which a member of a professional athletic team 3 performs service for a team on a date that does not fall within the foregoing period (e.g., 4 5 participation in instructional leagues, the "All Star Game", or promotional "caravans"). 6 7 Performing a service for a professional 8 athletic team includes conducting training and 9 rehabilitation activities. when such 10 activities are conducted at team facilities. 11 (B) Also included in duty days are game 12 days, practice days, days spent at team 13 meetings, promotional caravans, preseason 14 training camps, and days served with the team 15 through all post-season games in which the team 16 competes or is scheduled to compete. 17 (C) Duty days for any person who joins a team during the period from the beginning of 18 19 the professional athletic team's official 20 pre-season training period through the last 21 game in which the team competes, or is 22 scheduled to compete, shall begin on the day

scheduled to compete, shall begin on the day that person joins the team. Conversely, duty days for any person who leaves a team during this period shall end on the day that person leaves the team. Where a person switches teams

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during a taxable year, a separate duty-day calculation shall be made for the period the person was with each team.

(D) Days for which a member of a professional athletic team is not compensated and is not performing services for the team in any manner, including days when such member of a professional athletic team has been suspended without pay and prohibited from performing any services for the team, shall not be treated as duty days.

12 Days for which a member of (E) а 13 professional athletic team is on the disabled 14 list and does not conduct rehabilitation 15 activities at facilities of the team, and is 16 not otherwise performing services for the team 17 in Illinois, shall not be considered duty days spent in this State. All days on the disabled 18 19 list, however, are considered to be included in 20 total duty days spent both within and without this State. 21

(4) The term "total compensation for services
performed as a member of a professional athletic
team" means the total compensation received during
the taxable year for services performed:

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(A) from the beginning of the official

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pre-season training period through the last game in which the team competes or is scheduled to compete during that taxable year; and

(B) during the taxable year on a date which does not fall within the foregoing period (e.g., participation in instructional leagues, the "All Star Game", or promotional caravans).

8 This compensation shall include, but is not 9 limited to, salaries, wages, bonuses as described in this subpart, and any other type of compensation 10 11 paid during the taxable year to a member of a 12 professional athletic team for services performed 13 in that year. This compensation does not include 14 strike benefits, severance pay, termination pay, option year buy-out 15 contract or payments, 16 expansion or relocation payments, or any other 17 payments not related to services performed for the 18 team.

19 For purposes of this subparagraph, "bonuses" 20 included in "total compensation for services 21 performed as a member of a professional athletic 22 team" subject to the allocation described in 23 Section 302(c)(1) are: bonuses earned as a result 24 of play (i.e., performance bonuses) during the 25 season, including bonuses paid for championship, 26 playoff or "bowl" games played by a team, or for - 138 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

selection to all-star league or other honorary 1 2 positions; and bonuses paid for signing а 3 contract, unless the payment of the signing bonus is not conditional upon the signee playing any 4 5 games for the team or performing any subsequent 6 services for the team or even making the team, the 7 signing bonus is payable separately from the salary and any other compensation, and the signing 8 9 bonus is nonrefundable.

10 (3) Sales factor.

(A) The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sales of the person in this State during the taxable year, and the denominator of which is the total sales of the person everywhere during the taxable year.

(B) Sales of tangible personal property are in thisState if:

17 (i) The property is delivered or shipped to a
18 purchaser, other than the United States government,
19 within this State regardless of the f. o. b. point or
20 other conditions of the sale; or

(ii) The property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this State and either the purchaser is the United States government or the person is not taxable in the state of the purchaser; provided, however, that premises owned or leased by a person who has independently contracted

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with the seller for the printing of newspapers, 1 2 periodicals or books shall not be deemed to be an 3 office, store, warehouse, factory or other place of storage for purposes of this Section. Sales of tangible 4 5 personal property are not in this State if the seller 6 and purchaser would be members of the same unitary 7 business group but for the fact that either the seller or purchaser is a person with 80% or more of total 8 9 business activity outside of the United States and the 10 property is purchased for resale.

(B-1) Patents, copyrights, trademarks, and similar
 items of intangible personal property.

(i) Gross receipts from the licensing, sale, or
other disposition of a patent, copyright, trademark,
or similar item of intangible personal property, other
than gross receipts governed by paragraph (B-7) of this
item (3), are in this State to the extent the item is
utilized in this State during the year the gross
receipts are included in gross income.

(ii) Place of utilization.

(I) A patent is utilized in a state to the 21 22 it is employed in production, extent that 23 fabrication, manufacturing, or other processing in 24 the state or to the extent that a patented product 25 is produced in the state. If a patent is utilized 26 in more than one state, the extent to which it is

1 utilized in any one state shall be a fraction equal 2 to the gross receipts of the licensee or purchaser 3 from sales or leases of items produced, fabricated, manufactured, or processed within that 4 5 state using the patent and of patented items produced within that state, divided by the total of 6 7 such gross receipts for all states in which the 8 patent is utilized.

9 (II) A copyright is utilized in a state to the 10 extent that printing or other publication 11 originates in the state. If a copyright is utilized 12 in more than one state, the extent to which it is 13 utilized in any one state shall be a fraction equal 14 to the gross receipts from sales or licenses of 15 materials printed or published in that state 16 divided by the total of such gross receipts for all 17 states in which the copyright is utilized.

(III) Trademarks and other items of intangible
personal property governed by this paragraph (B-1)
are utilized in the state in which the commercial
domicile of the licensee or purchaser is located.

(iii) If the state of utilization of an item of
property governed by this paragraph (B-1) cannot be
determined from the taxpayer's books and records or
from the books and records of any person related to the
taxpayer within the meaning of Section 267(b) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 267, the gross 2 receipts attributable to that item shall be excluded 3 from both the numerator and the denominator of the 4 sales factor.

5 (B-2) Gross receipts from the license, sale, or other 6 disposition of patents, copyrights, trademarks, and 7 similar items of intangible personal property, other than 8 gross receipts governed by paragraph (B-7) of this item 9 (3), may be included in the numerator or denominator of the sales factor only if gross receipts from licenses, sales, 10 11 or other disposition of such items comprise more than 50% 12 of the taxpayer's total gross receipts included in gross income during the tax year and during each of the 2 13 14 immediately preceding tax years; provided that, when a 15 taxpayer is a member of a unitary business group, such 16 determination shall be made on the basis of the gross 17 receipts of the entire unitary business group.

(B-5) For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
2008, except as provided in subsections (ii) through (vii),
receipts from the sale of telecommunications service or
mobile telecommunications service are in this State if the
customer's service address is in this State.

(i) For purposes of this subparagraph (B-5), the
 following terms have the following meanings:

25 "Ancillary services" means services that are
 26 associated with or incidental to the provision of

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"telecommunications services", including but not limited to "detailed telecommunications billing", "directory assistance", "vertical service", and "voice mail services".

"Air-to-Ground Radiotelephone service" means a radio service, as that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.

"Call-by-call Basis" means any method of charging
for telecommunications services where the price is
measured by individual calls.

13 "Communications Channel" means a physical or 14 virtual path of communications over which signals are 15 transmitted between or among customer channel 16 termination points.

17 "Conference bridging service" means an "ancillary 18 service" that links two or more participants of an 19 audio or video conference call and may include the 20 provision of a telephone number. "Conference bridging 21 service" does not include the "telecommunications 22 services" used to reach the conference bridge.

"Customer Channel Termination Point" means the
location where the customer either inputs or receives
the communications.

"Detailed telecommunications billing service"

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means an "ancillary service" of separately stating information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing statement.

4 "Directory assistance" means an "ancillary
5 service" of providing telephone number information,
6 and/or address information.

7 "Home service provider" means the facilities based
8 carrier or reseller with which the customer contracts
9 for the provision of mobile telecommunications
10 services.

11 "Mobile telecommunications service" means 12 commercial mobile radio service, as defined in Section 13 20.3 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations as 14 in effect on June 1, 1999.

15 "Place of primary use" means the street address 16 representative of where the customer's use of the 17 telecommunications service primarily occurs, which must be the residential street address or the primary 18 business street address of the customer. In the case of 19 20 mobile telecommunications services, "place of primary use" must be within the licensed service area of the 21 22 home service provider.

23 "Post-paid telecommunication service" means the 24 telecommunications service obtained by making a 25 payment on a call-by-call basis either through the use 26 of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank

card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by 1 charge made to a telephone number which is not 2 3 associated with the origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A post-paid 4 calling 5 service includes telecommunications service, except a 6 prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a 7 prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a telecommunication service. 8

9 "Prepaid telecommunication service" means the 10 right to access exclusively telecommunications 11 services, which must be paid for in advance and which 12 enables the origination of calls using an access number 13 authorization code, whether or manually or 14 electronically dialed, and that is sold in 15 predetermined units or dollars of which the number 16 declines with use in a known amount.

17 "Prepaid Mobile telecommunication service" means a telecommunications service that provides the right to 18 utilize mobile wireless service as well as other 19 20 non-telecommunication services, including but not 21 limited to ancillary services, which must be paid for 22 in advance that is sold in predetermined units or 23 dollars of which the number declines with use in a 24 known amount.

25 "Private communication service" means a
 26 telecommunication service that entitles the customer

to exclusive or priority use of a communications 1 2 channel or group of channels between or among 3 termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are connected, and includes 4 5 switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any associated services 6 other that are provided in 7 connection with the use of such channel or channels.

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"Service address" means:

(a) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid;

13 (b) If the location in line (a) is not known, 14 service address means the origination point of the 15 signal of the telecommunications services first 16 identified by either the seller's 17 telecommunications system in information or received by the seller from its service provider 18 19 where the system used to transport such signals is 20 not that of the seller; and

(c) If the locations in line (a) and line (b)
are not known, the service address means the
location of the customer's place of primary use.

24 "Telecommunications service" means the electronic
25 transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice, data,
26 audio, video, or any other information or signals to a

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1 point, or between among points. The or term 2 "telecommunications service" includes such 3 transmission, conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, 4 5 code or protocol of the content for purposes of 6 transmission, conveyance or routing without regard to 7 whether such service is referred to as voice over Internet protocol services or is classified by the 8 Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value 9 added. "Telecommunications service" does not include: 10

(a) Data processing and information services
that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored,
processed, or retrieved and delivered by an
electronic transmission to a purchaser when such
purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying
transaction is the processed data or information;

17 (b) Installation or maintenance of wiring or
18 equipment on a customer's premises;

(c) Tangible personal property;

20 (d) Advertising, including but not limited to
 21 directory advertising;

(e) Billing and collection services providedto third parties;

(f) Internet access service;

25 (g) Radio and television audio and video
 26 programming services, regardless of the medium,

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1 including furnishing of transmission, the 2 conveyance and routing of such services by the 3 programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video programming services shall include 4 5 but not be limited to cable service as defined in 47 USC 522(6) and audio and video programming 6 7 services delivered by commercial mobile radio 8 service providers, as defined in 47 CFR 20.3;

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(h) "Ancillary services"; or

10(i)Digitalproducts"delivered11electronically", including but not limited to12software, music, video, reading materials or ring13tones.

14 "Vertical service" means an "ancillary service" 15 that is offered in connection with one or more 16 "telecommunications services", which offers advanced 17 calling features that allow customers to identify 18 callers and to manage multiple calls and call 19 connections, including "conference bridging services".

20 "Voice mail service" means an "ancillary service" 21 that enables the customer to store, send or receive 22 recorded messages. "Voice mail service" does not 23 include any "vertical services" that the customer may 24 be required to have in order to utilize the "voice mail 25 service".

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(ii) Receipts from the sale of telecommunications

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service sold on an individual call-by-call basis are in this State if either of the following applies:

(a) The call both originates and terminates in this State.

(b) The call either originates or terminates in this State and the service address is located in this State.

8 (iii) Receipts from the sale of postpaid 9 telecommunications service at retail are in this State 10 if the origination point of the telecommunication 11 signal, as first identified by the service provider's 12 telecommunication system identified or as by 13 information received by the seller from its service provider 14 if the system used to transport 15 telecommunication signals is not the seller's, is 16 located in this State.

17 (iv) Receipts from the sale of prepaid service 18 telecommunications or prepaid mobile telecommunications service at retail are in this State 19 20 if the purchaser obtains the prepaid card or similar means of conveyance at a location in this State. 21 22 Receipts from recharging a prepaid telecommunications 23 service or mobile telecommunications service is in 24 this State if the purchaser's billing information 25 indicates a location in this State.

26 (v) Receipts from the sale of private

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communication services are in this State as follows:

2 (a) 100% of receipts from charges imposed at
3 each channel termination point in this State.

(b) 100% of receipts from charges for the total channel mileage between each channel termination point in this State.

7 (c) 50% of the total receipts from charges for service segments when those segments are between 2 8 9 customer channel termination points, 1 of which is 10 located in this State and the other is located 11 outside of this State, which segments are 12 separately charged.

13 The receipts from charges for service (d) 14 segments with a channel termination point located 15 in this State and in two or more other states, and 16 which segments are not separately billed, are in 17 this State based on a percentage determined by number of 18 dividing the customer channel 19 termination points in this State by the total 20 number of customer channel termination points.

(vi) Receipts from charges for ancillary services for telecommunications service sold to customers at retail are in this State if the customer's primary place of use of telecommunications services associated with those ancillary services is in this State. If the seller of those ancillary services cannot determine

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where the associated telecommunications are located,
 then the ancillary services shall be based on the
 location of the purchaser.

4 (vii) Receipts to access a carrier's network or 5 from the sale of telecommunication services or 6 ancillary services for resale are in this State as 7 follows:

8 (a) 100% of the receipts from access fees 9 attributable to intrastate telecommunications 10 service that both originates and terminates in 11 this State.

12 (b) 50% of the receipts from access fees
13 attributable to interstate telecommunications
14 service if the interstate call either originates
15 or terminates in this State.

(c) 100% of the receipts from interstate end user access line charges, if the customer's service address is in this State. As used in this subdivision, "interstate end user access line charges" includes, but is not limited to, the surcharge approved by the federal communications commission and levied pursuant to 47 CFR 69.

(d) Gross receipts from sales of
 telecommunication services or from ancillary
 services for telecommunications services sold to
 other telecommunication service providers for

resale shall be sourced to this State using the apportionment concepts used for non-resale receipts of telecommunications services if the information is readily available to make that determination. If the information is not readily available, then the taxpayer may use any other reasonable and consistent method.

8 (B-7) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 9 2008, receipts from the sale of broadcasting services are 10 in this State if the broadcasting services are received in 11 this State. For purposes of this paragraph (B-7), the 12 following terms have the following meanings:

13 "Advertising revenue" means consideration received 14 by the taxpayer in exchange for broadcasting services 15 or allowing the broadcasting of commercials or 16 announcements in connection with the broadcasting of 17 film or radio programming, from sponsorships of the programming, or from product placements 18 in the 19 programming.

20 "Audience factor" means the ratio that the audience or subscribers located in this State of a 21 22 station, a network, or a cable system bears to the 23 total audience or total subscribers for that station, 24 network, or cable system. The audience factor for film 25 or radio programming shall be determined by reference to the books and records of the taxpayer or by 26

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reference to published rating statistics provided the method used by the taxpayer is consistently used from year to year for this purpose and fairly represents the taxpayer's activity in this State.

5 "Broadcast" or "broadcasting" or "broadcasting 6 services" means the transmission or provision of film 7 or radio programming, whether through the public 8 airwaves, by cable, by direct or indirect satellite 9 transmission, or by any other means of communication, 10 either through a station, a network, or a cable system.

11 "Film" or "film programming" means the broadcast 12 on television of any and all performances, events, or 13 productions, including but not limited to news, 14 sporting events, plays, stories, or other literary, 15 commercial, educational, or artistic works, either 16 live or through the use of video tape, disc, or any other type of format or medium. Each episode of a 17 series of films produced for television 18 shall 19 constitute separate "film" notwithstanding that the 20 series relates to the same principal subject and is 21 produced during one or more tax periods.

22 "Radio" or "radio programming" means the broadcast 23 on radio of any and all performances, events, or 24 productions, including but not limited to news, 25 sporting events, plays, stories, or other literary, 26 commercial, educational, or artistic works, either

live or through the use of an audio tape, disc, or any 1 other format or medium. Each episode in a series of 2 3 radio programming produced for radio broadcast shall constitute separate "radio programming" 4 а 5 notwithstanding that the series relates to the same 6 principal subject and is produced during one or more 7 tax periods.

8 (i) In the case of advertising revenue from 9 broadcasting, the customer is the advertiser and 10 the service is received in this State if the 11 commercial domicile of the advertiser is in this 12 State.

13 the where film (ii) In case or radio 14 programming is broadcast by a station, a network, 15 or a cable system for a fee or other remuneration 16 received from the recipient of the broadcast, the 17 portion of the service that is received in this State is measured by the portion of the recipients 18 broadcast 19 of the located in this State. 20 Accordingly, the fee or other remuneration for such service that is included in the Illinois 21 22 numerator of the sales factor is the total of those remuneration received 23 other fees or from 24 recipients in Illinois. For purposes of this 25 paragraph, a taxpayer may determine the location of the recipients of its broadcast using the 26

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address of the recipient shown in its contracts with the recipient or using the billing address of the recipient in the taxpayer's records.

(iii) In the case where film or 4 radio 5 programming is broadcast by a station, a network, 6 or a cable system for a fee or other remuneration 7 from the person providing the programming, the portion of the broadcast service that is received 8 9 by such station, network, or cable system in this State is measured by the portion of recipients of 10 11 the broadcast located in this State. Accordingly, 12 amount of revenue related to such the an 13 arrangement that is included in the Tllinois 14 numerator of the sales factor is the total fee or 15 other total remuneration from the person providing 16 programming related to that broadcast the 17 multiplied by the Illinois audience factor for that broadcast. 18

19 In the case where film or radio (iv) 20 programming is provided by a taxpayer that is a network or station to a customer for broadcast in 21 22 exchange for a fee or other remuneration from that 23 customer the broadcasting service is received at 24 the location of the office of the customer from 25 which the services were ordered in the regular 26 course of the customer's trade or business.

Accordingly, in such a case the revenue derived by the taxpayer that is included in the taxpayer's Illinois numerator of the sales factor is the revenue from such customers who receive the broadcasting service in Illinois.

6 (v) In the case where film or radio programming 7 is provided by a taxpayer that is not a network or station to another person for broadcasting in 8 9 exchange for a fee or other remuneration from that 10 person, the broadcasting service is received at the location of the office of the customer from 11 12 which the services were ordered in the regular 13 course of the customer's trade or business. 14 Accordingly, in such a case the revenue derived by 15 the taxpayer that is included in the taxpayer's 16 Illinois numerator of the sales factor is the 17 revenue from such customers who receive the broadcasting service in Illinois. 18

(B-8) Gross receipts from winnings under the Illinois
Lottery Law from the assignment of a prize under Section
13.1 of the Illinois Lottery Law are received in this
State. This paragraph (B-8) applies only to taxable years
ending on or after December 31, 2013.

24 (B-9) For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
 25 2018, gross receipts from winnings from pari-mutuel
 26 wagering conducted at a wagering facility licensed under

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1 the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or from winnings from 2 gambling games conducted on a riverboat or in a casino or 3 electronic gaming facility licensed under the Illinois Gambling Act are in this State. 4 5 (C) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2008, 6 sales, other than sales governed by paragraphs (B), (B-1), 7 (B-2), and (B-8) are in this State if: (i) The income-producing activity is performed in 8 this State; or 9 10 (ii) The income-producing activity is performed 11 both within and without this State and a greater 12 proportion of income-producing activity the performed within this State than without this State, 13 14 based on performance costs. (C-5) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 15 16 2008, sales, other than sales governed by paragraphs (B), (B-1), (B-2), (B-5), and (B-7), are in this State if any of 17

19 (i) Sales from the sale or lease of real property 20 are in this State if the property is located in this State. 21

the following criteria are met:

22 (ii) Sales from the lease or rental of tangible personal property are in this State if the property is 23 24 located in this State during the rental period. Sales 25 from the lease or rental of tangible personal property 26 that is characteristically moving property, including,

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but not limited to, motor vehicles, rolling stock, aircraft, vessels, or mobile equipment are in this State to the extent that the property is used in this State.

(iii) In the case of interest, net gains (but not less than zero) and other items of income from intangible personal property, the sale is in this State if:

9 (a) in the case of a taxpayer who is a dealer 10 in the item of intangible personal property within 11 the meaning of Section 475 of the Internal Revenue 12 Code, the income or gain is received from a 13 customer in this State. For purposes of this 14 subparagraph, a customer is in this State if the 15 customer is an individual, trust or estate who is a 16 resident of this State and, for all other 17 customers, if the customer's commercial domicile is in this State. Unless the dealer has actual 18 19 knowledge of the residence or commercial domicile 20 of a customer during a taxable year, the customer shall be deemed to be a customer in this State if 21 22 the billing address of the customer, as shown in 23 the records of the dealer, is in this State; or

24 (b) in all other cases, if the 25 income-producing activity of the taxpayer is 26 performed in this State or, if the

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income-producing activity of the taxpayer is performed both within and without this State, if a greater proportion of the income-producing activity of the taxpayer is performed within this State than in any other state, based on performance costs.

(iv) Sales of services are in this State if the 7 services are received in this State. For the purposes 8 9 of this section, gross receipts from the performance of 10 services provided to a corporation, partnership, or 11 trust may only be attributed to a state where that 12 corporation, partnership, or trust has a fixed place of 13 business. If the state where the services are received 14 is not readily determinable or is a state where the 15 corporation, partnership, or trust receiving the 16 service does not have a fixed place of business, the 17 services shall be deemed to be received at the location of the office of the customer from which the services 18 19 were ordered in the regular course of the customer's 20 trade or business. If the ordering office cannot be determined, the services shall be deemed to be received 21 22 at the office of the customer to which the services are 23 billed. If the taxpayer is not taxable in the state in 24 which the services are received, the sale must be 25 excluded from both the numerator and the denominator of 26 the sales factor. The Department shall adopt rules

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prescribing where specific types of service are received, including, but not limited to, publishing, and utility service.

(D) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 4 1995, the following items of income shall not be included 5 in the numerator or denominator of the sales factor: 6 dividends; amounts included under Section 78 of the 7 8 Internal Revenue Code; and Subpart F income as defined in 9 Section 952 of the Internal Revenue Code. No inference 10 shall be drawn from the enactment of this paragraph (D) in 11 construing this Section for taxable years ending before 12 December 31, 1995.

(E) Paragraphs (B-1) and (B-2) shall apply to tax years 13 14 ending on or after December 31, 1999, provided that a 15 taxpayer may elect to apply the provisions of these 16 paragraphs to prior tax years. Such election shall be made 17 in the form and manner prescribed by the Department, shall be irrevocable, and shall apply to all tax years; provided 18 19 that, if a taxpayer's Illinois income tax liability for any 20 tax year, as assessed under Section 903 prior to January 1, 21 1999, was computed in a manner contrary to the provisions 22 of paragraphs (B-1) or (B-2), no refund shall be payable to 23 the taxpayer for that tax year to the extent such refund is 24 the result of applying the provisions of paragraph (B-1) or 25 (B-2) retroactively. In the case of a unitary business 26 group, such election shall apply to all members of such

1 group for every tax year such group is in existence, but 2 shall not apply to any taxpayer for any period during which 3 that taxpayer is not a member of such group.

(b) Insurance companies.

5 (1)In general. Except as otherwise provided by 6 paragraph (2), business income of an insurance company for 7 a taxable year shall be apportioned to this State by 8 multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of 9 which is the direct premiums written for insurance upon 10 property or risk in this State, and the denominator of 11 which is the direct premiums written for insurance upon 12 property or risk everywhere. For purposes of this subsection, the term "direct premiums written" means the 13 14 total amount of direct premiums written, assessments and 15 annuity considerations as reported for the taxable year on 16 the annual statement filed by the company with the Illinois 17 Director of Insurance in the form approved by the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners or such other form as 18 19 may be prescribed in lieu thereof.

20 (2) Reinsurance. If the principal source of premiums 21 written by an insurance company consists of premiums for 22 reinsurance accepted by it, the business income of such 23 company shall be apportioned to this State by multiplying 24 such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the 25 sum of (i) direct premiums written for insurance upon 26 property or risk in this State, plus (ii) premiums written

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for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risk in 1 this State, and the denominator of which is the sum of 2 3 (iii) direct premiums written for insurance upon property risk everywhere, plus (iv) premiums written for 4 or 5 reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risk 6 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph, premiums 7 written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or 8 risk in this State, whether or not otherwise determinable, 9 may, at the election of the company, be determined on the 10 basis of the proportion which premiums written for 11 reinsurance accepted from companies commercially domiciled 12 in Illinois bears to premiums written for reinsurance 13 accepted from all sources, or, alternatively, in the 14 proportion which the sum of the direct premiums written for 15 insurance upon property or risk in this State by each 16 ceding company from which reinsurance is accepted bears to 17 the sum of the total direct premiums written by each such ceding company for the taxable year. The election made by a 18 19 company under this paragraph for its first taxable year 20 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall be binding for that company for that taxable year and for all subsequent 21 22 taxable years, and may be altered only with the written 23 permission of the Department, which shall not be 24 unreasonably withheld.

25 (c) Financial organizations.

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(1) In general. For taxable years ending before

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December 31, 2008, business income of a financial 1 organization shall be apportioned to this State by 2 3 multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is its business income from sources within this 4 5 State, and the denominator of which is its business income 6 from all sources. For the purposes of this subsection, the business income of a financial organization from sources 7 within this State is the sum of the amounts referred to in 8 9 subparagraphs (A) through (E) following, but excluding the 10 adjusted income of an international banking facility as 11 determined in paragraph (2):

> (A) Fees, commissions or other compensation for financial services rendered within this State;

(B) Gross profits from trading in stocks, bonds or other securities managed within this State;

(C) Dividends, and interest from Illinois customers, which are received within this State;

(D) Interest charged to customers at places of
business maintained within this State for carrying
debit balances of margin accounts, without deduction
of any costs incurred in carrying such accounts; and

(E) Any other gross income resulting from the operation as a financial organization within this State. In computing the amounts referred to in paragraphs (A) through (E) of this subsection, any amount received by a member of an affiliated group

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1 (determined under Section 1504(a) of the Internal
2 Revenue Code but without reference to whether any such
3 corporation is an "includible corporation" under
4 Section 1504(b) of the Internal Revenue Code) from
5 another member of such group shall be included only to
6 the extent such amount exceeds expenses of the
7 recipient directly related thereto.

8 (2) International Banking Facility. For taxable years
9 ending before December 31, 2008:

10 (A) Adjusted Income. The adjusted income of an
11 international banking facility is its income reduced
12 by the amount of the floor amount.

(B) Floor Amount. The floor amount shall be the
amount, if any, determined by multiplying the income of
the international banking facility by a fraction, not
greater than one, which is determined as follows:

(i) The numerator shall be:

18 The average aggregate, determined on а 19 quarterly basis, of the financial organization's 20 loans to banks in foreign countries, to foreign 21 domiciled borrowers (except where secured 22 primarily by real estate) and to foreign 23 foreign official governments and other 24 institutions, reported for its branches, as 25 agencies and offices within the state on its 26 "Consolidated Report of Condition", Schedule A,

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Lines 2.c., 5.b., and 7.a., which was filed with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and other regulatory authorities, for the year 1980, minus

5 The average aggregate, determined on а 6 quarterly basis, of such loans (other than loans of 7 an international banking facility), as reported by financial institution for its 8 the branches, 9 agencies and offices within the state, on the 10 corresponding Schedule and lines of the 11 Consolidated Report of Condition for the current 12 taxable year, provided, however, that in no case 13 shall the amount determined in this clause (the subtrahend) exceed the amount determined in the 14 15 preceding clause (the minuend); and

16 (ii) the denominator shall be the average 17 aggregate, determined on a quarterly basis, of the international banking facility's loans to banks in 18 19 foreign countries, to foreign domiciled borrowers 20 (except where secured primarily by real estate) 21 and to foreign governments and other foreign official institutions, which were recorded in its 22 23 financial accounts for the current taxable year.

(C) Change to Consolidated Report of Condition and
 in Qualification. In the event the Consolidated Report
 of Condition which is filed with the Federal Deposit

1 Insurance Corporation and other regulatory authorities is altered so that the information required for 2 3 determining the floor amount is not found on Schedule A, lines 2.c., 5.b. and 7.a., the financial institution 4 5 shall notify the Department and the Department may, by regulations or otherwise, prescribe or authorize the 6 7 use of an alternative source for such information. The financial institution shall also notify the Department 8 9 should its international banking facility fail to 10 qualify as such, in whole or in part, or should there 11 be any amendment or change to the Consolidated Report 12 of Condition, as originally filed, to the extent such amendment or change alters the information used in 13 14 determining the floor amount.

15 (3) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 16 2008, the business income of a financial organization shall be apportioned to this State by multiplying such income by 17 a fraction, the numerator of which is its gross receipts 18 19 from sources in this State or otherwise attributable to 20 this State's marketplace and the denominator of which is 21 its gross receipts everywhere during the taxable year. 22 "Gross receipts" for purposes of this subparagraph (3) 23 gross income, including net taxable gain means on 24 disposition of assets, including securities and money 25 market instruments, when derived from transactions and 26 activities in the regular course of the financial

1 organization's trade or business. The following examples
2 are illustrative:

(i) Receipts from the lease or rental of real or 3 tangible personal property are in this State if the 4 5 property is located in this State during the rental 6 period. Receipts from the lease or rental of tangible personal property that is characteristically moving 7 property, including, but not limited to, motor 8 9 vehicles, rolling stock, aircraft, vessels, or mobile 10 equipment are from sources in this State to the extent 11 that the property is used in this State.

(ii) Interest income, commissions, fees, gains on disposition, and other receipts from assets in the nature of loans that are secured primarily by real estate or tangible personal property are from sources in this State if the security is located in this State.

(iii) Interest income, commissions, fees, gains on
disposition, and other receipts from consumer loans
that are not secured by real or tangible personal
property are from sources in this State if the debtor
is a resident of this State.

(iv) Interest income, commissions, fees, gains on
disposition, and other receipts from commercial loans
and installment obligations that are not secured by
real or tangible personal property are from sources in
this State if the proceeds of the loan are to be

applied in this State. If it cannot be determined where 1 2 the funds are to be applied, the income and receipts are from sources in this State if the office of the 3 borrower from which the loan was negotiated in the 4 5 regular course of business is located in this State. If 6 the location of this office cannot be determined, the 7 income and receipts shall be excluded from the numerator and denominator of the sales factor. 8

9 (v) Interest income, fees, gains on disposition, 10 service charges, merchant discount income, and other 11 receipts from credit card receivables are from sources 12 in this State if the card charges are regularly billed 13 to a customer in this State.

(vi) Receipts from the performance of services,
including, but not limited to, fiduciary, advisory,
and brokerage services, are in this State if the
services are received in this State within the meaning
of subparagraph (a) (3) (C-5) (iv) of this Section.

(vii) Receipts from the issuance of travelers
checks and money orders are from sources in this State
if the checks and money orders are issued from a
location within this State.

(viii) Receipts from investment assets and
activities and trading assets and activities are
included in the receipts factor as follows:

(1) Interest, dividends, net gains (but not

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less than zero) and other income from investment 1 2 assets and activities from trading assets and 3 activities shall be included in the receipts factor. Investment assets and activities 4 and 5 trading assets and activities include but are not 6 limited to: investment securities; trading account assets; federal funds; securities purchased and 7 8 sold under agreements to resell or repurchase; 9 options; futures contracts; forward contracts; 10 notional principal contracts such as swaps; 11 equities; and foreign currency transactions. With 12 respect to the investment and trading assets and 13 activities described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) 14 of this paragraph, the receipts factor shall 15 include the amounts described in such 16 subparagraphs.

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17(A) The receipts factor shall include the18amount by which interest from federal funds19sold and securities purchased under resale20agreements exceeds interest expense on federal21funds purchased and securities sold under22repurchase agreements.

(B) The receipts factor shall include the
amount by which interest, dividends, gains and
other income from trading assets and
activities, including but not limited to

1assets and activities in the matched book, in2the arbitrage book, and foreign currency3transactions, exceed amounts paid in lieu of4interest, amounts paid in lieu of dividends,5and losses from such assets and activities.

(2) The numerator of the receipts factor includes interest, dividends, net gains (but not less than zero), and other income from investment assets and activities and from trading assets and activities described in paragraph (1) of this subsection that are attributable to this State.

12 (A) The amount of interest, dividends, net 13 gains (but not less than zero), and other 14 income from investment assets and activities in the investment account to be attributed to 15 16 this State and included in the numerator is 17 determined by multiplying all such income from 18 such assets and activities by a fraction, the 19 numerator of which is the gross income from 20 such assets and activities which are properly 21 assigned to a fixed place of business of the 22 taxpayer within this State and the denominator 23 of which is the gross income from all such 24 assets and activities.

(B) The amount of interest from federalfunds sold and purchased and from securities

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purchased under resale agreements and securities sold under repurchase agreements attributable to this State and included in the numerator is determined by multiplying the amount described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of this subsection from such funds and such securities by a fraction, the numerator of which is the gross income from such funds and such securities which are properly assigned to a fixed place of business of the taxpayer within this State and the denominator of which is the gross income from all such funds and such securities.

14 The amount of interest, dividends, (C) 15 gains, and other income from trading assets and 16 activities, including but not limited to 17 assets and activities in the matched book, in 18 arbitrage book and foreign currency the 19 transactions (but excluding amounts described 20 in subparagraphs (A) or (B) of this paragraph), 21 attributable to this State and included in the 22 numerator is determined by multiplying the 23 amount described in subparagraph (B) of 24 paragraph (1) of this subsection by a fraction, 25 the numerator of which is the gross income from 26 such trading assets and activities which are

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properly assigned to a fixed place of business of the taxpayer within this State and the denominator of which is the gross income from all such assets and activities.

(D) Properly assigned, for purposes of this paragraph (2) of this subsection, means the investment or trading asset or activity is assigned to the fixed place of business with which it has a preponderance of substantive contacts. An investment or trading asset or activity assigned by the taxpayer to a fixed place of business without the State shall be presumed to have been properly assigned if:

14 (i) the taxpayer has assigned, in the 15 regular course of its business, such asset 16 or activity on its records to a fixed place 17 of business consistent with federal or 18 state regulatory requirements;

19(ii) such assignment on its records is20based upon substantive contacts of the21asset or activity to such fixed place of22business; and

23 (iii) the taxpayer uses such records
24 reflecting assignment of such assets or
25 activities for the filing of all state and
26 local tax returns for which an assignment

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of such assets or activities to a fixed place of business is required.

3 (E) The presumption of proper assignment of an investment or trading asset or activity 4 5 provided in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) 6 of this subsection may be rebutted upon a 7 showing by the Department, supported by a preponderance of the evidence, 8 that the of 9 substantive preponderance contacts 10 regarding such asset or activity did not occur 11 at the fixed place of business to which it was 12 assigned on the taxpayer's records. If the 13 fixed place of business that has а 14 preponderance of substantive contacts cannot 15 be determined for an investment or trading 16 asset or activity to which the presumption in 17 subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) of this 18 subsection does not apply or with respect to 19 which that presumption has been rebutted, that 20 asset or activity is properly assigned to the 21 state in which the taxpayer's commercial 22 domicile is located. For purposes of this 23 subparagraph (E), it shall be presumed, 24 subject to rebuttal, that taxpayer's 25 commercial domicile is in the state of the 26 United States or the District of Columbia to

1	which the greatest number of employees are
2	regularly connected with the management of the
3	investment or trading income or out of which
4	they are working, irrespective of where the
5	services of such employees are performed, as of
6	the last day of the taxable year.

- 7 (4) (Blank).
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(5) (Blank).

9 (c-1) Federally regulated exchanges. For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2012, business income of a 10 11 federally regulated exchange shall, at the option of the 12 federally regulated exchange, be apportioned to this State by 13 multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is its business income from sources within this State, and the 14 denominator of which is its business income from all sources. 15 16 For purposes of this subsection, the business income within 17 this State of a federally regulated exchange is the sum of the following: 18

19 (1) Receipts attributable to transactions executed on
20 a physical trading floor if that physical trading floor is
21 located in this State.

(2) Receipts attributable to all other matching,
execution, or clearing transactions, including without
limitation receipts from the provision of matching,
execution, or clearing services to another entity,
multiplied by (i) for taxable years ending on or after

December 31, 2012 but before December 31, 2013, 63.77%; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2013, 27.54%.

4 (3) All other receipts not governed by subparagraphs
5 (1) or (2) of this subsection (c-1), to the extent the
6 receipts would be characterized as "sales in this State"
7 under item (3) of subsection (a) of this Section.

"Federally regulated exchange" means (i) a "registered 8 9 entity" within the meaning of 7 U.S.C. Section 1a(40)(A), (B), 10 or (C), (ii) an "exchange" or "clearing agency" within the 11 meaning of 15 U.S.C. Section 78c (a) (1) or (23), (iii) any such 12 entities regulated under any successor regulatory structure to the foregoing, and (iv) all taxpayers who are members of the 13 same unitary business group as a federally regulated exchange, 14 15 determined without regard to the prohibition in Section 16 1501(a)(27) of this Act against including in a unitary business 17 group taxpayers who are ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of this Section: 18 provided that this subparagraph (iv) shall apply only if 50% or 19 more of the business receipts of the unitary business group 20 determined by application of this subparagraph (iv) for the 21 22 taxable year are attributable to the matching, execution, or 23 clearing of transactions conducted by an entity described in subparagraph (i), (ii), or (iii) of this paragraph. 24

In no event shall the Illinois apportionment percentage computed in accordance with this subsection (c-1) for any

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taxpayer for 1 any tax year be less than the Illinois 2 apportionment percentage computed under this subsection (c-1)3 for that taxpayer for the first full tax year ending on or after December 31, 2013 for which this subsection (c-1) applied 4 5 to the taxpayer.

6 (d) Transportation services. For taxable years ending 7 before December 31, 2008, business income derived from 8 furnishing transportation services shall be apportioned to 9 this State in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2):

10 (1) Such business income (other than that derived from 11 transportation by pipeline) shall be apportioned to this 12 State by multiplying such income by a fraction, the 13 numerator of which is the revenue miles of the person in 14 this State, and the denominator of which is the revenue 15 miles of the person everywhere. For purposes of this 16 paragraph, a revenue mile is the transportation of 1 17 passenger or 1 net ton of freight the distance of 1 mile for a consideration. Where a person is engaged in the 18 19 transportation of both passengers and freight, the 20 fraction above referred to shall be determined by means of an average of the passenger revenue mile fraction and the 21 22 freight revenue mile fraction, weighted to reflect the 23 person's

(A) relative railway operating income from total
 passenger and total freight service, as reported to the
 Interstate Commerce Commission, in the case of

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transportation by railroad, and

2 (B) relative gross receipts from passenger and 3 freight transportation, in case of transportation 4 other than by railroad.

5 (2) Such business income derived from transportation 6 bv pipeline shall be apportioned to this State by 7 multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of 8 which is the revenue miles of the person in this State, and 9 the denominator of which is the revenue miles of the person everywhere. For the purposes of this paragraph, a revenue 10 11 mile is the transportation by pipeline of 1 barrel of oil, 12 1,000 cubic feet of gas, or of any specified quantity of any other substance, the distance of 1 mile for a 13 14 consideration.

15 (3) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 16 2008, business income derived from providing 17 transportation services other than airline services shall be apportioned to this State by using a fraction, (a) the 18 19 numerator of which shall be (i) all receipts from any 20 movement or shipment of people, goods, mail, oil, gas, or any other substance (other than by airline) that both 21 22 originates and terminates in this State, plus (ii) that 23 portion of the person's gross receipts from movements or 24 shipments of people, goods, mail, oil, gas, or any other 25 substance (other than by airline) that originates in one 26 state or jurisdiction and terminates in another state or

jurisdiction, that is determined by the ratio that the 1 2 miles traveled in this State bears to total miles 3 everywhere and (b) the denominator of which shall be all revenue derived from the movement or shipment of people, 4 5 goods, mail, oil, gas, or any other substance (other than 6 bv airline). Where а taxpayer is engaged in the 7 transportation of passengers and freight, both the 8 fraction above referred to shall first be determined 9 separately for passenger miles and freight miles. Then an 10 average of the passenger miles fraction and the freight 11 miles fraction shall be weighted to reflect the taxpayer's:

12 (A) relative railway operating income from total 13 passenger and total freight service, as reported to the 14 Surface Transportation Board, in the case of 15 transportation by railroad; and

(B) relative gross receipts from passenger and
freight transportation, in case of transportation
other than by railroad.

19 (4) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, business income derived from furnishing airline 20 21 transportation services shall be apportioned to this State 22 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of 23 which is the revenue miles of the person in this State, and 24 the denominator of which is the revenue miles of the person 25 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph, a revenue mile 26 is the transportation of one passenger or one net ton of

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freight the distance of one mile for a consideration. If a
person is engaged in the transportation of both passengers
and freight, the fraction above referred to shall be
determined by means of an average of the passenger revenue
mile fraction and the freight revenue mile fraction,
weighted to reflect the person's relative gross receipts
from passenger and freight airline transportation.

8 (e) Combined apportionment. Where 2 or more persons are 9 engaged in a unitary business as described in subsection 10 (a)(27) of Section 1501, a part of which is conducted in this 11 State by one or more members of the group, the business income 12 attributable to this State by any such member or members shall 13 be apportioned by means of the combined apportionment method.

(f) Alternative allocation. If 14 the allocation and 15 apportionment provisions of subsections (a) through (e) and of 16 subsection (h) do not, for taxable years ending before December 17 31, 2008, fairly represent the extent of a person's business activity in this State, or, for taxable years ending on or 18 19 after December 31, 2008, fairly represent the market for the 20 person's goods, services, or other sources of business income, 21 the person may petition for, or the Director may, without a 22 petition, permit or require, in respect of all or any part of 23 the person's business activity, if reasonable:

24

(1) Separate accounting;

25 (2) The exclusion of any one or more factors;

26

(3) The inclusion of one or more additional factors

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which will fairly represent the person's business
 activities or market in this State; or

3 (4) The employment of any other method to effectuate an
4 equitable allocation and apportionment of the person's
5 business income.

(g) Cross reference. For allocation of business income by
residents, see Section 301(a).

8 (h) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1998, the 9 apportionment factor of persons who apportion their business 10 income to this State under subsection (a) shall be equal to:

(1) for tax years ending on or after December 31, 1998 and before December 31, 1999, 16 2/3% of the property factor plus 16 2/3% of the payroll factor plus 66 2/3% of the sales factor;

15 (2) for tax years ending on or after December 31, 1999
16 and before December 31, 2000, 8 1/3% of the property factor
17 plus 8 1/3% of the payroll factor plus 83 1/3% of the sales
18 factor;

19 (3) for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2000,20 the sales factor.

21 If, in any tax year ending on or after December 31, 1998 and 22 before December 31, 2000, the denominator of the payroll, 23 property, or sales factor is zero, the apportionment factor 24 computed in paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection for that 25 year shall be divided by an amount equal to 100% minus the 26 percentage weight given to each factor whose denominator is - 180 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

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- 1 equal to zero.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

3 (35 ILCS 5/710) (from Ch. 120, par. 7-710)

4 Sec. 710. Withholding from lottery winnings.

5 (a) In general.

6 (1) Any person making a payment to a resident or 7 nonresident of winnings under the Illinois Lottery Law and not required to withhold Illinois income tax from such 8 9 payment under Subsection (b) of Section 701 of this Act 10 because those winnings are not subject to Federal income 11 tax withholding, must withhold Illinois income tax from 12 such payment at a rate equal to the percentage tax rate for 13 individuals provided in subsection (b) of Section 201, 14 provided that withholding is not required if such payment of winnings is less than \$1,000. 15

16 (2) In the case of an assignment of a lottery prize
17 under Section 13.1 of the Illinois Lottery Law, any person
18 making a payment of the purchase price after December 31,
19 2013, shall withhold from the amount of each payment at a
20 rate equal to the percentage tax rate for individuals
21 provided in subsection (b) of Section 201.

22 (3) Any person making a payment after December 31, 2018
 23 to a resident or nonresident of winnings from pari-mutuel
 24 wagering conducted at a wagering facility licensed under
 25 the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or from gambling

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games conducted on a riverboat or in a casino or electronic gaming facility licensed under the Illinois Gambling Act must withhold Illinois income tax from such payment at a

4 rate equal to the percentage tax rate for individuals
5 provided in subsection (b) of Section 201, provided that
6 the person making the payment is required to withhold under
7 Section 3402(q) of the Internal Revenue Code.

8 (b) Credit for taxes withheld. Any amount withheld under 9 Subsection (a) shall be a credit against the Illinois income 10 tax liability of the person to whom the payment of winnings was 11 made for the taxable year in which that person incurred an 12 Illinois income tax liability with respect to those winnings. 13 (Source: P.A. 98-496, eff. 1-1-14.)

Section 90-23. The Property Tax Code is amended by adding Section 15-144 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 200/15-144 new)

Sec. 15-144. Chicago Casino Development Authority. All property owned by the Chicago Casino Development Authority is exempt. Any property owned by the Chicago Casino Development Authority and leased to any other entity is not exempt.

Section 90-24. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by adding Section 8-10-2.6 as follows:

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(65 ILCS 5/8-10-2.6 new)
 <u>Sec. 8-10-2.6. Chicago Casino Development Authority.</u>
 <u>Except as otherwise provided in the Chicago Casino Development</u>
 <u>Authority Act, this Division 10 applies to purchase orders and</u>
 <u>contracts relating to the Chicago Casino Development</u>
 <u>Authority.</u>

7 Section 90-25. The Joliet Regional Port District Act is
8 amended by changing Section 5.1 as follows:

9 (70 ILCS 1825/5.1) (from Ch. 19, par. 255.1)

10 Sec. 5.1. Riverboat and casino gambling. Notwithstanding 11 any other provision of this Act, the District may not regulate the operation, conduct, or navigation of any riverboat gambling 12 casino licensed under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, and 13 the District may not license, tax, or otherwise levy any 14 15 assessment of any kind on any riverboat gambling casino licensed under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act. The General 16 17 Assembly declares that the powers to regulate the operation, conduct, and navigation of riverboat gambling casinos and to 18 license, tax, and levy assessments upon riverboat gambling 19 20 casinos are exclusive powers of the State of Illinois and the 21 Illinois Gaming Board as provided in the Illinois Riverboat 22 Gambling Act.

23 (Source: P.A. 87-1175.)

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- Section 90-30. The Consumer Installment Loan Act is amended
 by changing Section 12.5 as follows:
- 3 (205 ILCS 670/12.5)

4

Sec. 12.5. Limited purpose branch.

5 (a) Upon the written approval of the Director, a licensee 6 may maintain a limited purpose branch for the sole purpose of 7 making loans as permitted by this Act. A limited purpose branch 8 may include an automatic loan machine. No other activity shall 9 be conducted at the site, including but not limited to, 10 accepting payments, servicing the accounts, or collections.

11 (b) The licensee must submit an application for a limited 12 purpose branch to the Director on forms prescribed by the 13 Director with an application fee of \$300. The approval for the 14 limited purpose branch must be renewed concurrently with the 15 renewal of the licensee's license along with a renewal fee of 16 \$300 for the limited purpose branch.

(c) The books, accounts, records, and files of the limited purpose branch's transactions shall be maintained at the licensee's licensed location. The licensee shall notify the Director of the licensed location at which the books, accounts, records, and files shall be maintained.

(d) The licensee shall prominently display at the limited purpose branch the address and telephone number of the licensee's licensed location.

25

(e) No other business shall be conducted at the site of the

1 limited purpose branch unless authorized by the Director.

2 (f) The Director shall make and enforce reasonable rules3 for the conduct of a limited purpose branch.

(g) A limited purpose branch may not be located within
1,000 feet of a facility operated by an inter-track wagering
licensee or an organization licensee subject to the Illinois
Horse Racing Act of 1975, on a riverboat <u>or in a casino</u> subject
to the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act, or within 1,000 feet of
the location at which the riverboat docks <u>or within 1,000 feet</u>
<u>of a casino</u>.

11 (Source: P.A. 90-437, eff. 1-1-98.)

Section 90-35. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is amended by changing Sections 1.2, 3.11, 3.12, 6, 9, 15, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 26, 26.8, 26.9, 27, 30, 30.5, 31, 32.1, 36, 40, and 54.75 and by adding Sections 3.31, 3.32, 3.33, 3.35, 3.36, 34.3, and 56 as follows:

17 (230 ILCS 5/1.2)

Sec. 1.2. Legislative intent. This Act is intended to benefit the people of the State of Illinois by <u>encouraging the</u> <u>breeding and production of race horses</u>, assisting economic development and promoting Illinois tourism. The General Assembly finds and declares it to be the public policy of the State of Illinois to:

24 (a) support and enhance Illinois' horse racing industry,

which is a significant component within the agribusiness industry;

3 (b) ensure that Illinois' horse racing industry remains 4 competitive with neighboring states;

5 (c) stimulate growth within Illinois' horse racing 6 industry, thereby encouraging new investment and development 7 to produce additional tax revenues and to create additional 8 jobs;

(d) promote the further growth of tourism;

10 (e) encourage the breeding of thoroughbred and 11 standardbred horses in this State; and

12 (f) ensure that public confidence and trust in the 13 credibility and integrity of racing operations and the 14 regulatory process is maintained.

15 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)

16 (230 ILCS 5/3.11) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-3.11)

Sec. 3.11. "Organization Licensee" means any person receiving an organization license from the Board to conduct a race meeting or meetings. <u>With respect only to electronic</u> <u>gaming, "organization licensee" includes the authorization for</u> <u>an electronic gaming license under subsection (a) of Section 56</u> <u>of this Act.</u>

23 (Source: P.A. 79-1185.)

24 (230 ILCS 5/3.12) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-3.12)

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1	Sec. 3.12. Pari-mutuel system of wagering. "Pari-mutuel
2	system of wagering" means a form of wagering on the outcome of
3	horse races in which wagers are made in various denominations
4	on a horse or horses and all wagers for each race are pooled
5	and held by a licensee for distribution in a manner approved by
6	the Board. "Pari-mutuel system of wagering" shall not include
7	wagering on historic races. Wagers may be placed via any method
8	or at any location authorized under this Act.
9	(Source: P.A. 96-762, eff. 8-25-09.)
10	(230 ILCS 5/3.31 new)
11	Sec. 3.31. Adjusted gross receipts. "Adjusted gross
1 0	receipts" means the gross receipts less winnings paid to
12	receipts means the gross receipts ress winnings part to
12	wagerers.
13	wagerers.
13 14	<u>wagerers.</u> (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new)
13 14 15	<u>wagerers.</u> (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new) <u>Sec. 3.32. Gross receipts. "Gross receipts" means the total</u>
13 14 15 16	<pre>wagerers. (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new) Sec. 3.32. Gross receipts. "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or</pre>
13 14 15 16 17	<pre>wagerers. (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new) Sec. 3.32. Gross receipts. "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or electronic cards by riverboat or casino patrons or electronic</pre>
13 14 15 16 17	<pre>wagerers. (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new) Sec. 3.32. Gross receipts. "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or electronic cards by riverboat or casino patrons or electronic</pre>
13 14 15 16 17 18	<pre>wagerers. (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new) Sec. 3.32. Gross receipts. "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or electronic cards by riverboat or casino patrons or electronic gaming patrons.</pre>
13 14 15 16 17 18	<pre>wagerers. (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new) Sec. 3.32. Gross receipts. "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or electronic cards by riverboat or casino patrons or electronic gaming patrons. (230 ILCS 5/3.33 new)</pre>
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<pre>wagerers. (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new) Sec. 3.32. Gross receipts. "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or electronic cards by riverboat or casino patrons or electronic gaming patrons. (230 ILCS 5/3.33 new) Sec. 3.33. Electronic gaming. "Electronic gaming" means</pre>

1	that	is	conducted	at	а	race	track	pursuant	to	an	electronic
2	gamir	ng l	icense.								

3

(230 ILCS 5/3.35 new)

<u>Sec. 3.35. Electronic gaming license.</u> "Electronic gaming
<u>license</u>" means a license issued by the Illinois Gaming Board
<u>under Section 7.7 of the Illinois Gambling Act authorizing</u>
electronic gaming at an electronic gaming facility.

8 (230 ILCS 5/3.36 new)
 9 Sec. 3.36. Electronic gaming facility. "Electronic gaming
 10 facility" means that portion of an organization licensee's race
 11 track facility at which electronic gaming is conducted.

12 (230 ILCS 5/6) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-6)

13 Sec. 6. <u>Restrictions on Board members</u>.

14 (a) No person shall be appointed a member of the Board or continue to be a member of the Board if the person or any 15 16 member of their immediate family is a member of the Board of Directors, employee, or financially interested in any of the 17 18 following: (i) any licensee or other person who has applied for 19 racing dates to the Board, or the operations thereof including, but not limited to, <u>concessions</u>, <u>data</u> processing, track 20 21 maintenance, track security, and pari-mutuel operations, 22 located, scheduled or doing business within the State of 23 Illinois, (ii) any race horse competing at a meeting under the

Board's jurisdiction, or (iii) any licensee under the Illinois 1 2 Gambling Act. No person shall be appointed a member of the Board or continue to be a member of the Board who is (or any 3 member of whose family is) a member of the Board of Directors 4 5 of, or who is a person financially interested in, any licensee 6 or other person who has applied for racing dates to the Board, 7 or the operations thereof including, but not limited to, 8 concessions, data processing, track maintenance, track 9 security and pari mutuel operations, located, scheduled or 10 doing business within the State of Illinois, or in any race 11 horse competing at a meeting under the Board's jurisdiction. No 12 Board member shall hold any other public office for which he 13 shall receive compensation other than necessary travel or 14 incidental expenses. (b) No person shall be a member of the Board who is not of 15 16 good moral character or who has been convicted of, or is under 17 indictment for, a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other state, or the United States. 18 (c) No member of the Board or employee shall engage in any 19 20 political activity. For the purposes of this subsection (c): 21 22 "Political" means any activity in support of or in 23 connection with any campaign for State or local elective office or any political organization, but does not include activities 24 25 (i) relating to the support or opposition of any executive,

26 legislative, or administrative action (as those terms are

defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration Act), (ii)
relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are otherwise
in furtherance of the person's official State duties or
governmental and public service functions.

5 <u>"Political organization" means a party, committee,</u> 6 <u>association, fund, or other organization (whether or not</u> 7 <u>incorporated) that is required to file a statement of</u> 8 <u>organization with the State Board of Elections or county clerk</u> 9 <u>under Section 9-3 of the Election Code, but only with regard to</u> 10 <u>those activities that require filing with the State Board of</u> 11 Elections or county clerk.

12 (d) Board members and employees may not engage in communications or any activity that may cause or have the 13 14 appearance of causing a conflict of interest. A conflict of interest exists if a situation influences or creates the 15 appearance that it may influence judgment or performance of 16 17 regulatory duties and responsibilities. This prohibition shall extend to any act identified by Board action that, in the 18 19 judgment of the Board, could represent the potential for or the 20 appearance of a conflict of interest.

(e) Board members and employees may not accept any gift, gratuity, service, compensation, travel, lodging, or thing of value, with the exception of unsolicited items of an incidental nature, from any person, corporation, limited liability company, or entity doing business with the Board.

26 (f) A Board member or employee shall not use or attempt to

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1	use his or her official position to secure, or attempt to
2	secure, any privilege, advantage, favor, or influence for
3	himself or herself or others. No Board member or employee,
4	within a period of one year immediately preceding nomination by
5	the Governor or employment, shall have been employed or
6	received compensation or fees for services from a person or
7	entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in
8	business with the Board, a licensee or a licensee under the
9	Illinois Gambling Act. In addition, all Board members and
10	employees are subject to the restrictions set forth in Section

11 <u>5-45 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.</u>

12 (Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)

13 (230 ILCS 5/9) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-9)

14 Sec. 9. The Board shall have all powers necessary and 15 proper to fully and effectively execute the provisions of this 16 Act, including, but not limited to, the following:

17 (a) The Board is vested with jurisdiction and supervision over all race meetings in this State, over all licensees doing 18 19 business in this State, over all occupation licensees, and over 20 the facilities of all persons on any licensee. Such 21 jurisdiction shall include the power to issue licenses to the 22 Illinois Department of Agriculture authorizing the pari-mutuel system of wagering on harness and Quarter Horse races held (1) 23 24 at the Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County, and (2) at the DuQuoin State Fair in Perry County. The jurisdiction of the 25

Board shall also include the power to issue licenses to county fairs which are eligible to receive funds pursuant to the Agricultural Fair Act, as now or hereafter amended, or their agents, authorizing the pari-mutuel system of wagering on horse races conducted at the county fairs receiving such licenses. Such licenses shall be governed by subsection (n) of this Section.

Upon application, the Board shall issue a license to the 8 9 Illinois Department of Agriculture to conduct harness and 10 Ouarter Horse races at the Illinois State Fair and at the 11 DuQuoin State Fairgrounds during the scheduled dates of each 12 fair. The Board shall not require and the Department of 13 Agriculture shall be exempt from the requirements of Sections 14 15.3, 18 and 19, paragraphs (a) (2), (b), (c), (d), (e), (e-5), 15 (e-10), (f), (g), and (h) of Section 20, and Sections 21, 24 16 and 25. The Board and the Department of Agriculture may extend 17 any or all of these exemptions to any contractor or agent engaged by the Department of Agriculture to conduct its race 18 meetings when the Board determines that this would best serve 19 20 the public interest and the interest of horse racing.

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, it shall be lawful for any licensee to operate pari-mutuel wagering or contract with the Department of Agriculture to operate pari-mutuel wagering at the DuQuoin State Fairgrounds or for the Department to enter into contracts with a licensee, employ its owners, employees or agents and employ such other

occupation licensees as the Department deems necessary in
 connection with race meetings and wagerings.

(b) The Board is vested with the full power to promulgate 3 reasonable rules and regulations for the 4 purpose of 5 administering the provisions of this Act and to prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which all 6 7 horse race meetings or wagering in the State shall be 8 conducted. Such reasonable rules and regulations are to provide 9 for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public 10 interest and to promote the best interests of horse racing and 11 to impose penalties for violations thereof.

12 (c) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it 13 delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter the 14 facilities and other places of business of any licensee to 15 determine whether there has been compliance with the provisions 16 of this Act and its rules and regulations.

17 (d) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the authority to 18 19 investigate alleged violations of the provisions of this Act, 20 its reasonable rules and regulations, orders and final 21 decisions; the Board shall take appropriate disciplinary 22 action against any licensee or occupation licensee for 23 violation thereof or institute appropriate legal action for the 24 enforcement thereof.

(e) The Board, and any person or persons to whom itdelegates this power, may eject or exclude from any race

meeting or the facilities of any licensee, or any part thereof, 1 2 any occupation licensee or any other individual whose conduct 3 or reputation is such that his presence on those facilities may, in the opinion of the Board, call into question the 4 5 honesty and integrity of horse racing or wagering or interfere with the orderly conduct of horse racing or wagering; provided, 6 7 however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected from the 8 facilities of any licensee solely on the grounds of race, 9 color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex. The power to 10 eject or exclude an occupation licensee or other individual may 11 be exercised for just cause by the licensee or the Board, 12 subject to subsequent hearing by the Board as to the propriety 13 of said exclusion.

The Board is vested with the power to acquire, 14 (f) 15 establish, maintain and operate (or provide by contract to 16 maintain and operate) testing laboratories and related 17 facilities, for the purpose of conducting saliva, blood, urine and other tests on the horses run or to be run in any horse race 18 19 meeting, including races run at county fairs, and to purchase 20 all equipment and supplies deemed necessary or desirable in connection with any such testing laboratories and related 21 22 facilities and all such tests.

(g) The Board may require that the records, including financial or other statements of any licensee or any person affiliated with the licensee who is involved directly or indirectly in the activities of any licensee as regulated under

this Act to the extent that those financial or other statements 1 relate to such activities be kept in such manner as prescribed 2 3 by the Board, and that Board employees shall have access to those records during reasonable business hours. Within 120 days 4 5 of the end of its fiscal year, each licensee shall transmit to the Board an audit of the financial transactions and condition 6 7 of the licensee's total operations. All audits shall be 8 conducted by certified public accountants. Each certified 9 public accountant must be registered in the State of Illinois 10 under the Illinois Public Accounting Act. The compensation for 11 each certified public accountant shall be paid directly by the 12 licensee to the certified public accountant. A licensee shall also submit any other financial or related information the 13 14 Board deems necessary to effectively administer this Act and 15 all rules, regulations, and final decisions promulgated under 16 this Act.

17 (h) The Board shall name and appoint in the manner provided by the rules and regulations of the Board: an Executive 18 Director; a State director of mutuels; State veterinarians and 19 20 representatives to take saliva, blood, urine and other tests on 21 horses; licensing personnel; revenue inspectors; and State 22 seasonal employees (excluding admission ticket sellers and 23 mutuel clerks). All of those named and appointed as provided in 24 this subsection shall serve during the pleasure of the Board; 25 their compensation shall be determined by the Board and be paid 26 in the same manner as other employees of the Board under this

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1 Act.

(i) The Board shall require that there shall be 3 stewards at each horse race meeting, at least 2 of whom shall be named and appointed by the Board. Stewards appointed or approved by the Board, while performing duties required by this Act or by the Board, shall be entitled to the same rights and immunities as granted to Board members and Board employees in Section 10 of this Act.

9 (j) The Board may discharge any Board employee who fails or 10 refuses for any reason to comply with the rules and regulations 11 of the Board, or who, in the opinion of the Board, is guilty of 12 fraud, dishonesty or who is proven to be incompetent. The Board shall have no right or power to determine who shall be 13 14 officers, directors or employees of any licensee, or their 15 salaries except the Board may, by rule, require that all or any 16 officials or employees in charge of or whose duties relate to 17 the actual running of races be approved by the Board.

18 (k) The Board is vested with the power to appoint delegates 19 to execute any of the powers granted to it under this Section 20 for the purpose of administering this Act and any rules or 21 regulations promulgated in accordance with this Act.

(1) The Board is vested with the power to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against an individual and up to \$10,000 against a licensee for each violation of any provision of this Act, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which, in the Board's discretion, is - 196 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

a detriment or impediment to horse racing or wagering. 1 2 Beginning on the date when any organization licensee begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming 3 license issued under the Illinois Gambling Act, the power 4 5 granted to the Board pursuant to this subsection (1) shall authorize the Board to impose penalties of up to \$10,000 6 against an individual and up to \$25,000 against a licensee. All 7 8 such civil penalties shall be deposited into the Horse Racing 9 Fund.

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10 (m) The Board is vested with the power to prescribe a form 11 to be used by licensees as an application for employment for 12 employees of each licensee.

13 (n) The Board shall have the power to issue a license to 14 any county fair, or its agent, authorizing the conduct of the pari-mutuel system of wagering. The Board is vested with the 15 16 full power to promulgate reasonable rules, regulations and 17 conditions under which all horse race meetings licensed pursuant to this subsection shall be held and conducted, 18 including rules, regulations and conditions for the conduct of 19 20 the pari-mutuel system of wagering. The rules, regulations and conditions shall provide for the prevention of practices 21 22 detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests 23 of horse racing, and shall prescribe penalties for violations thereof. Any authority granted the Board under this Act shall 24 25 extend to its jurisdiction and supervision over county fairs, 26 or their agents, licensed pursuant to this subsection. However,

the Board may waive any provision of this Act or its rules or regulations which would otherwise apply to such county fairs or their agents.

(o) Whenever the Board is authorized or required by law to 4 5 consider some aspect of criminal history record information for 6 the purpose of carrying out its statutory powers and 7 responsibilities, then, upon request and payment of fees in conformance with the requirements of Section 2605-400 of the 8 9 Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-400), the 10 Department of State Police is authorized to furnish, pursuant to positive identification, such information contained in 11 12 State files as is necessary to fulfill the request.

(p) To insure the convenience, comfort, and wagering accessibility of race track patrons, to provide for the maximization of State revenue, and to generate increases in purse allotments to the horsemen, the Board shall require any licensee to staff the pari-mutuel department with adequate personnel.

19 (Source: P.A. 97-1060, eff. 8-24-12.)

20 (230 ILCS 5/15) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-15)

Sec. 15. (a) The Board shall, in its discretion, issue occupation licenses to horse owners, trainers, harness drivers, jockeys, agents, apprentices, grooms, stable foremen, exercise persons, veterinarians, valets, blacksmiths, concessionaires and others designated by the Board whose work,

in whole or in part, is conducted upon facilities within the 1 2 State. Such occupation licenses will be obtained prior to the 3 persons engaging in their vocation upon such facilities. The Board shall not license pari-mutuel clerks, 4 parking 5 attendants, security quards and employees of concessionaires. 6 No occupation license shall be required of any person who works at facilities within this State as a pari-mutuel clerk, parking 7 8 security quard attendant, or as an employee of а 9 concessionaire. Concessionaires of the Illinois State Fair and 10 DuQuoin State Fair and employees of the Illinois Department of 11 Agriculture shall not be required to obtain an occupation 12 license by the Board.

13 (b) Each application for an occupation license shall be on 14 forms prescribed by the Board. Such license, when issued, shall 15 be for the period ending December 31 of each year, except that 16 the Board in its discretion may grant 3-year licenses. The 17 application shall be accompanied by a fee of not more than \$25 per year or, in the case of 3-year occupation license 18 applications, a fee of not more than \$60. Each applicant shall 19 20 set forth in the application his full name and address, and if he had been issued prior occupation licenses or has been 21 22 licensed in any other state under any other name, such name, 23 his age, whether or not a permit or license issued to him in 24 any other state has been suspended or revoked and if so whether 25 such suspension or revocation is in effect at the time of the 26 application, and such other information as the Board may

require. Fees for registration of stable names shall not exceed 1 2 \$50.00. Beginning on the date when any organization licensee 3 begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license issued under the Illinois Gambling Act, the fee 4 5 for registration of stable names shall not exceed \$150, and the application fee for an occupation license shall not exceed \$75, 6 per year or, in the case of a 3-year occupation license 7 8 application, the fee shall not exceed \$180.

9 (c) The Board may in its discretion refuse an occupation 10 license to any person:

11

(1) who has been convicted of a crime;

12 (2) who is unqualified to perform the duties required13 of such applicant;

14 (3) who fails to disclose or states falsely any
15 information called for in the application;

16 (4) who has been found guilty of a violation of this
17 Act or of the rules and regulations of the Board; or

(5) whose license or permit has been suspended, revoked
or denied for just cause in any other state.

20 (d) The Board may suspend or revoke any occupation license:

21 (1) for violation of any of the provisions of this Act;
22 or

(2) for violation of any of the rules or regulations ofthe Board; or

(3) for any cause which, if known to the Board, would
 have justified the Board in refusing to issue such

1

occupation license; or

2

(4) for any other just cause.

3 (e) Each applicant shall submit his or her fingerprints to the Department of State Police in the form and manner 4 Department of State 5 prescribed by the Police. These fingerprints shall be checked against the fingerprint records 6 7 now and hereafter filed in the Department of State Police and 8 Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records 9 databases. The Department of State Police shall charge a fee 10 for conducting the criminal history records check, which shall 11 be deposited in the State Police Services Fund and shall not 12 exceed the actual cost of the records check. The Department of 13 Police shall furnish, State pursuant to positive identification, records of conviction to the Board. Each 14 15 applicant for licensure shall submit with his occupation 16 license application, on forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of 17 his fingerprints. All such applicants shall appear in person at the location designated by the Board for the purpose of 18 19 submitting such sets of fingerprints; however, with the prior approval of a State steward, an applicant may have such sets of 20 21 fingerprints taken by an official law enforcement agency and 22 submitted to the Board.

(f) The Board may, in its discretion, issue an occupation license without submission of fingerprints if an applicant has been duly licensed in another recognized racing jurisdiction after submitting fingerprints that were subjected to a Federal

Bureau of Investigation criminal history background check in
 that jurisdiction.

3 (g) Beginning on the date when any organization licensee begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic 4 5 gaming license issued under the Illinois Gambling Act, the 6 Board may charge each applicant a reasonable non-refundable fee to defray the costs associated with the background 7 investigation conducted by the Board. This fee shall be 8 9 exclusive of any other fee or fees charged in connection with an application for and, if applicable, the issuance of, an 10 11 electronic gaming license. If the costs of the investigation 12 exceed the amount of the fee charged, the Board shall immediately notify the applicant of the additional amount owed, 13 14 payment of which must be submitted to the Board within 7 days after such notification. All information, records, interviews, 15 16 reports, statements, memoranda, or other data supplied to or 17 used by the Board in the course of its review or investigation of an applicant for a license or renewal under this Act shall 18 be privileged, strictly confidential, and shall be used only 19 20 for the purpose of evaluating an applicant for a license or a renewal. Such information, records, interviews, reports, 21 22 statements, memoranda, or other data shall not be admissible as 23 evidence, nor discoverable, in any action of any kind in any 24 court or before any tribunal, board, agency, or person, except 25 for any action deemed necessary by the Board.

26 (Source: P.A. 93-418, eff. 1-1-04.)

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(230 ILCS 5/18) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-18)

Sec. 18. (a) Together with its application, each applicant 2 3 for racing dates shall deliver to the Board a certified check 4 or bank draft payable to the order of the Board for \$1,000. In 5 the event the applicant applies for racing dates in 2 or 3 6 successive calendar years as provided in subsection (b) of 7 Section 21, the fee shall be \$2,000. Filing fees shall not be 8 refunded in the event the application is denied. Beginning on 9 the date when any organization licensee begins conducting 10 electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license 11 issued under the Illinois Gambling Act, the application fee for 12 racing dates imposed by this subsection (a) shall be \$10,000 13 and the application fee for racing dates in 2 or 3 successive calendar years as provided in subsection (b) of Section 21 14 shall be \$20,000. All filing fees shall be deposited into the 15 16 Horse Racing Fund.

(b) In addition to the filing fee imposed by subsection (a) 17 of \$1000 and the fees provided in subsection (j) of Section 20, 18 19 each organization licensee shall pay a license fee of \$100 for each racing program on which its daily pari-mutuel handle is 20 21 \$400,000 or more but less than \$700,000, and a license fee of 22 \$200 for each racing program on which its daily pari-mutuel handle is \$700,000 or more. The additional fees required to be 23 24 paid under this Section by this amendatory Act of 1982 shall be 25 remitted by the organization licensee to the Illinois Racing

Board with each day's graduated privilege tax or pari-mutuel 1 2 tax and breakage as provided under Section 27. Beginning on the 3 date when any organization licensee begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license 4 5 issued under the Illinois Gambling Act, the license fee imposed by this subsection (b) shall be \$200 for each racing program on 6 7 which the organization licensee's daily pari-mutuel handle is \$100,000 or more, but less than \$400,000, and the license fee 8 9 imposed by this subsection (b) shall be \$400 for each racing 10 program on which the organization licensee's daily pari-mutuel 11 handle is \$400,000 or more.

(c) Sections 11-42-1, 11-42-5, and 11-54-1 of the "Illinois
Municipal Code," approved May 29, 1961, as now or hereafter
amended, shall not apply to any license under this Act.
(Source: P.A. 97-1060, eff. 8-24-12.)

16 (230 ILCS 5/19) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-19)

Sec. 19. (a) No organization license may be granted to conduct a horse race meeting:

(1) except as provided in subsection (c) of Section 21 of this Act, to any person at any place within 35 miles of any other place licensed by the Board to hold a race meeting on the same date during the same hours, the mileage measurement used in this subsection (a) shall be certified to the Board by the Bureau of Systems and Services in the Illinois Department of Transportation as the most commonly

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used public way of vehicular travel;

(2) to any person in default in the payment of any
obligation or debt due the State under this Act, provided
no applicant shall be deemed in default in the payment of
any obligation or debt due to the State under this Act as
long as there is pending a hearing of any kind relevant to
such matter;

8 (3) to any person who has been convicted of the 9 violation of any law of the United States or any State law 10 which provided as all or part of its penalty imprisonment 11 in any penal institution; to any person against whom there 12 is pending a Federal or State criminal charge; to any 13 person who is or has been connected with or engaged in the 14 operation of any illegal business; to any person who does 15 not enjoy a general reputation in his community of being an 16 honest, upright, law-abiding person; provided that none of 17 the matters set forth in this subparagraph (3) shall make any person ineligible to be granted an organization license 18 19 if the Board determines, based on circumstances of any such 20 case, that the granting of a license would not be 21 detrimental to the interests of horse racing and of the 22 public;

(4) to any person who does not at the time of application for the organization license own or have a contract or lease for the possession of a finished race track suitable for the type of racing intended to be held

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by the applicant and for the accommodation of the public.

2 (b) <u>(Blank)</u> Horse racing on Sunday shall be prohibited 3 unless authorized by ordinance or referendum of the 4 municipality in which a race track or any of its appurtenances 5 or facilities are located, or utilized.

6 (c) If any person is ineligible to receive an organization license because of any of the matters set forth in subsection 7 (a) (2) or subsection (a) (3) of this Section, any other or 8 9 separate person that either (i) controls, directly or 10 indirectly, such ineligible person or (ii) is controlled, 11 directly or indirectly, by such ineligible person or by a 12 person which controls, directly or indirectly, such ineligible 13 person shall also be ineligible.

14 (Source: P.A. 88-495; 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)

15 (230 ILCS 5/20) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-20)

Sec. 20. (a) Any person desiring to conduct a horse race meeting may apply to the Board for an organization license. The application shall be made on a form prescribed and furnished by the Board. The application shall specify:

(1) the dates on which it intends to conduct the horse
race meeting, which dates shall be provided under Section
21;

(2) the hours of each racing day between which it
intends to hold or conduct horse racing at such meeting;
(3) the location where it proposes to conduct the

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meeting; and

2 (4) any other information the Board may reasonably3 require.

(b) A separate application for an organization license 4 5 shall be filed for each horse race meeting which such person proposes to hold. Any such application, if made by an 6 7 individual, or by any individual as trustee, shall be signed 8 and verified under oath by such individual. If the application 9 is made by individuals, then it shall be signed and verified 10 under oath by at least 2 of the individuals; if the application 11 is made by or a partnership, it shall be signed and verified 12 under oath by at least 2 of such individuals or members of such partnership as the case may be. If made by an association, a 13 14 corporation, a corporate trustee, a limited liability company, 15 or any other entity, it shall be signed by an authorized 16 officer, a partner, a member, or a manager, as the case may be, 17 of the entity the president and attested by the secretary or assistant secretary under the seal of such association, trust 18 19 or corporation if it has a seal, and shall also be verified 20 under oath by one of the signing officers.

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(c) The application shall specify:

(1) the name of the persons, association, trust, or
 corporation making such application; and

24 <u>(2)</u> the <u>principal</u> post office address of the applicant; 25 <u>(3)</u> if the applicant is a trustee, the names and 26 addresses of the beneficiaries; if <u>the applicant is</u> a

corporation, the names and post office addresses of all 1 2 officers, stockholders if and directors; or such 3 stockholders hold stock as a nominee or fiduciary, the names and post office addresses of the parties these 4 5 persons, partnerships, corporations, or trusts who are the 6 beneficial owners thereof or who are beneficially 7 interested therein; and if the applicant is a partnership, 8 the names and post office addresses of all partners, 9 general or limited; if the applicant is a limited liability 10 company, the names and addresses of the manager and 11 members; and if the applicant is any other entity, the 12 names and addresses of all officers or other authorized 13 persons of the entity corporation, the name of the state of 14 its incorporation shall be specified.

(d) The applicant shall execute and file with the Board a good faith affirmative action plan to recruit, train, and upgrade minorities in all classifications within the association.

(e) With such application there shall be delivered to the 19 20 Board a certified check or bank draft payable to the order of 21 the Board for an amount equal to \$1,000. All applications for 22 the issuance of an organization license shall be filed with the 23 Board before August 1 of the year prior to the year for which application is made and shall be acted upon by the Board at a 24 25 meeting to be held on such date as shall be fixed by the Board 26 during the last 15 days of September of such prior year. At

such meeting, the Board shall announce the award of the racing 1 2 meets, live racing schedule, and designation of host track to 3 the applicants and its approval or disapproval of each application. No announcement shall be considered binding until 4 5 a formal order is executed by the Board, which shall be executed no later than October 15 of that prior year. Absent 6 7 the agreement of the affected organization licensees, the Board 8 shall not grant overlapping race meetings to 2 or more tracks 9 that are within 100 miles of each other to conduct the 10 thoroughbred racing.

11 (e-1) In awarding standardbred racing dates for calendar 12 year 2019, the Board shall award at least 160 racing dates, and each organization licensee shall average at least 10 races for 13 14 each racing date awarded. In awarding standardbred racing dates for calendar year 2020, the Board shall award at least 200 15 16 racing dates, and each organization licensee shall average at 17 least 11 races for each racing date awarded. In awarding standardbred racing dates for calendar year 2021 and 18 19 thereafter, the Board shall award at least 260 racing dates, 20 and each organization licensee shall average at least 11 races 21 for each racing date awarded unless a lesser schedule of live 22 racing is a result of an agreement with the organization 23 representing the largest number of standardbred owners, 24 breeders, trainers, drivers, caretakers in the State. 25 Standardbred racing conducted in Sangamon County shall not be 26 considered races under this subsection (e-1).

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1	(e-2) In awarding racing dates for calendar year 2019 and
2	thereafter, the Board shall award thoroughbred racing days to
3	Cook County organization licensees commensurate with these
4	organization licensees' requirement that they shall run at
5	least 1,950 thoroughbred races in the aggregate, so long as 2
6	organization licensees are conducting electronic gaming
7	operations. Additionally, if the organization licensees that
8	run thoroughbred races in Cook County are conducting electronic
9	gaming operations, the Board shall increase the number of
10	thoroughbred races to be run in Cook County in the aggregate to
11	at least the following:
12	(i) 2,050 races in any year following the most recent
13	preceding complete calendar year when the combined
14	adjusted gross receipts of the electronic gaming licensees
15	operating at Cook County race tracks total in excess of
16	\$200,000,000, but do not exceed \$250,000,000;
17	(ii) 2,125 races in any year following the most recent
18	preceding complete calendar year when the combined
19	adjusted gross receipts of the electronic gaming licensees
20	operating at Cook County race tracks total in excess of
21	\$250,000,000, but do not exceed \$300,000,000;
22	(iii) 2,200 races in any year following the most recent
23	preceding complete calendar year when the combined
0.4	

24 <u>adjusted gross receipts of the electronic gaming licensees</u>
25 <u>operating at Cook County race tracks total in excess of</u>
26 <u>\$300,000,000, but do not exceed \$350,000,000;</u>

1	(iv) 2,300 races in any year following the most recent
2	preceding complete calendar year when the combined
3	adjusted gross receipts of the electronic gaming licensees
4	operating at Cook County race tracks total in excess of
5	\$350,000,000, but do not exceed \$400,000,000;
6	(v) 2,375 races in any year following the most recent
7	preceding complete calendar year when the combined
8	adjusted gross receipts of the electronic gaming licensees
9	<u>operating at Cook County race tracks total in excess of</u>
10	\$400,000,000, but do not exceed \$450,000,000;
11	(vi) 2,450 races in any year following the most recent
12	preceding complete calendar year when the combined
13	adjusted gross receipts of the electronic gaming licensees
14	operating at Cook County race tracks total in excess of
15	\$450,000,000, but do not exceed \$500,000,000;
16	(vii) 2,550 races in any year following the most recent
17	preceding complete calendar year when the combined
18	adjusted gross receipts of the electronic gaming licensees
19	operating at Cook County race tracks exceeds \$500,000,000.
20	In awarding racing dates under this subsection (e-2), the
21	Board shall have the discretion to allocate those thoroughbred
22	racing dates among these Cook County organization licensees.
23	<u>(e-3) In awarding racing dates for calendar year 2019 and</u>
24	thereafter in connection with a race track in Madison County,
25	the Board shall award racing dates and such organization
26	licensee shall run at least 700 thoroughbred races at the race

26 licensee shall run at least 700 thoroughbred races at the race

1	track in Madison County each year.
2	Notwithstanding Section 7.7 of the Illinois Gambling Act or
3	any provision of this Act other than subsection (e-4.5), for
4	each calendar year for which an electronic gaming licensee
5	located in Madison County requests racing dates resulting in
6	less than 700 live thoroughbred races at its race track
7	facility, the electronic gaming licensee may not conduct
8	electronic gaming for the calendar year of such requested live
9	races.
10	(e-4) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 7.7 of the
11	Illinois Gambling Act or any provision of this Act other than
12	subsections (e-3) and (e-4.5), for each calendar year for which
13	an electronic gaming licensee requests thoroughbred racing
14	dates which results in a number of live races under its
15	organization license that is less than the total number of live
16	races which it conducted in 2017 at its race track facility,
17	the electronic gaming licensee may not conduct electronic
18	gaming for the calendar year of such requested live races.
19	(e-4.1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 7.7 of
20	the Illinois Gambling Act or any provision of this Act other

other than subsections (e-3) and (e-4.5), for each calendar year for which an organization licensee requests racing dates for standardbred racing which results in a number of live races that is less than the total number of live races required in subsection (e-1), the electronic gaming licensee may not conduct electronic gaming for the calendar year of such

1 <u>requested live races.</u>

2	(e-4.5) The Board shall ensure that each organization
3	licensee shall individually run a sufficient number of races
4	per year to qualify for an electronic gaming license under this
5	Act. The General Assembly finds that the minimum live racing
6	guarantees contained in subsections (e-1), (e-2), and (e-3) are
7	in the best interest of the sport of horse racing, and that
8	such guarantees may only be reduced in the limited
9	circumstances described in this subsection. The Board may
10	decrease the number of racing days without affecting an
11	organization licensee's ability to conduct electronic gaming
12	only if the Board determines, after notice and hearing, that:
13	(i) a decrease is necessary to maintain a sufficient
14	number of betting interests per race to ensure the
15	integrity of racing;
16	(ii) there are unsafe track conditions due to weather
17	<u>or acts of God;</u>
18	(iii) there is an agreement between an organization
19	licensee and the breed association that is applicable to
20	the involved live racing guarantee, such association
21	representing either the largest number of thoroughbred
22	owners and trainers or the largest number of standardbred
23	owners, trainers and drivers who race horses at the
24	involved organization licensee's racing meeting, so long
25	as the agreement does not compromise the integrity of the
26	sport of horse racing; or

1	(iv) the horse population or purse levels a	re
2	insufficient to provide the number of racing opportuniti	.es
3	otherwise required in this Act.	

4 In decreasing the number of racing dates in accordance with 5 this subsection, the Board shall hold a hearing and shall provide the public and all interested parties notice and an 6 opportunity to be heard. The Board shall accept testimony from 7 all interested parties, including any association representing 8 9 owners, trainers, jockeys, or drivers who will be affected by the decrease in racing dates. The Board shall provide a written 10 11 explanation of the reasons for the decrease and the Board's 12 findings. The written explanation shall include a listing and 13 content of all communication between any party and any Illinois 14 Racing Board member or staff that does not take place at a 15 public meeting of the Board.

16 (e-5) In reviewing an application for the purpose of 17 granting an organization license consistent with the best 18 interests of the public and the sport of horse racing, the 19 Board shall consider:

(1) the character, reputation, experience, and
financial integrity of the applicant and of any other
separate person that either:

23 (i) controls the applicant, directly or24 indirectly, or

(ii) is controlled, directly or indirectly, bythat applicant or by a person who controls, directly or

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indirectly, that applicant;

2 (2) the applicant's facilities or proposed facilities
3 for conducting horse racing;

4 (3) the total revenue without regard to Section 32.1 to
5 be derived by the State and horsemen from the applicant's
6 conducting a race meeting;

7 (4) the applicant's good faith affirmative action plan
8 to recruit, train, and upgrade minorities in all employment
9 classifications;

(5) the applicant's financial ability to purchase and
 maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance;

12 (6) the applicant's proposed and prior year's 13 promotional and marketing activities and expenditures of 14 the applicant associated with those activities;

15 (7) an agreement, if any, among organization licensees
16 as provided in subsection (b) of Section 21 of this Act;
17 and

(8) the extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets
other standards for the issuance of an organization license
that the Board shall adopt by rule.

In granting organization licenses and allocating dates for horse race meetings, the Board shall have discretion to determine an overall schedule, including required simulcasts of Illinois races by host tracks that will, in its judgment, be conducive to the best interests of the public and the sport of horse racing.

with

(e-10) The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act shall 1 2 apply to administrative procedures of the Board under this Act 3 for the granting of an organization license, except that (1) notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of Section 4 5 10-40 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act regarding cross-examination, the Board may prescribe rules limiting the 6 7 right of an applicant or participant in any proceeding to award an organization license to conduct cross-examination of 8 9 witnesses at that proceeding where that cross-examination 10 would unduly obstruct the timely award of an organization 11 license under subsection (e) of Section 20 of this Act; (2) the 12 provisions of Section 10-45 of the Illinois Administrative 13 Procedure Act regarding proposals for decision are excluded 14 under this Act; (3) notwithstanding the provisions of 15 subsection (a) of Section 10-60 of the Illinois Administrative 16 Procedure Act regarding ex parte communications, the Board may 17 rules allowing ex parte communications prescribe applicants or participants in a proceeding to award an 18 19 organization license where conducting those communications 20 would be in the best interest of racing, provided all those communications are made part of the record of that proceeding 21 22 pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 10-60 of the Illinois 23 Administrative Procedure Act; (4) the provisions of Section 14a of this Act and the rules of the Board promulgated under that 24

25 Section shall apply instead of the provisions of Article 10 of 26 the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act regarding

administrative law judges; and (5) the provisions of subsection (d) of Section 10-65 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act that prevent summary suspension of a license pending revocation or other action shall not apply.

5 (f) The Board may allot racing dates to an organization 6 licensee for more than one calendar year but for no more than 3 successive calendar years in advance, provided that the Board 7 8 shall review such allotment for more than one calendar year 9 prior to each year for which such allotment has been made. The 10 granting of an organization license to a person constitutes a 11 privilege to conduct a horse race meeting under the provisions 12 of this Act, and no person granted an organization license 13 shall be deemed to have a vested interest, property right, or 14 future expectation to receive an organization license in any 15 subsequent year as a result of the granting of an organization 16 license. Organization licenses shall be subject to revocation 17 if the organization licensee has violated any provision of this Act or the rules and regulations promulgated under this Act or 18 has been convicted of a crime or has failed to disclose or has 19 20 stated falsely any information called for in the application 21 for an organization license. Any organization license 22 revocation proceeding shall be in accordance with Section 16 23 regarding suspension and revocation of occupation licenses.

(f-5) If, (i) an applicant does not file an acceptance of
the racing dates awarded by the Board as required under part
(1) of subsection (h) of this Section 20, or (ii) an

organization licensee has its license suspended or revoked 1 2 under this Act, the Board, upon conducting an emergency hearing 3 as provided for in this Act, may reaward on an emergency basis pursuant to rules established by the Board, racing dates not 4 5 accepted or the racing dates associated with any suspension or revocation period to one or more organization licensees, new 6 7 applicants, or any combination thereof, upon terms and conditions that the Board determines are in the best interest 8 9 of racing, provided, the organization licensees or new 10 applicants receiving the awarded racing dates file an 11 acceptance of those reawarded racing dates as required under 12 paragraph (1) of subsection (h) of this Section 20 and comply 13 the other provisions of this Act. The with Illinois 14 Administrative Procedure Act shall not apply the to 15 administrative procedures of the Board in conducting the 16 emergency hearing and the reallocation of racing dates on an 17 emergency basis.

18 (q) (Blank).

(h) The Board shall send the applicant a copy of its formally executed order by certified mail addressed to the applicant at the address stated in his application, which notice shall be mailed within 5 days of the date the formal order is executed.

Each applicant notified shall, within 10 days after receipt of the final executed order of the Board awarding racing dates: (1) file with the Board an acceptance of such award in

1 the form prescribed by the Board;

2 (2) pay to the Board an additional amount equal to \$110
3 for each racing date awarded; and

4 (3) file with the Board the bonds required in Sections
5 21 and 25 at least 20 days prior to the first day of each
6 race meeting.

7 Upon compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (1), (2), and 8 (3) of this subsection (h), the applicant shall be issued an 9 organization license.

10 If any applicant fails to comply with this Section or fails 11 to pay the organization license fees herein provided, no 12 organization license shall be issued to such applicant.

13 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)

14 (230 ILCS 5/21) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-21)

15 Sec. 21. (a) Applications for organization licenses must be 16 filed with the Board at a time and place prescribed by the rules and regulations of the Board. The Board shall examine the 17 applications within 21 days after the date allowed for filing 18 19 with respect to their conformity with this Act and such rules 20 and regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. If any 21 application does not comply with this Act or the rules and 22 regulations prescribed by the Board, such application may be rejected and an organization license refused to the applicant, 23 24 or the Board may, within 21 days of the receipt of such 25 application, advise the applicant of the deficiencies of the

application under the Act or the rules and regulations of the 1 2 Board, and require the submittal of an amended application 3 within a reasonable time determined by the Board; and upon submittal of the amended application by the applicant, the 4 5 Board may consider the application consistent with the process described in subsection (e-5) of Section 20 of this Act. If it 6 7 is found to be in compliance with this Act and the rules and 8 regulations of the Board, the Board may then issue an 9 organization license to such applicant.

10 (b) The Board may exercise discretion in granting racing 11 dates to qualified applicants different from those requested by 12 the applicants in their applications. However, if all eligible applicants for organization licenses whose tracks are located 13 within 100 miles of each other execute and submit to the Board 14 15 a written agreement among such applicants as to the award of 16 racing dates, including where applicable racing programs, for 17 up to 3 consecutive years, then subject to annual review of each applicant's compliance with Board rules and regulations, 18 provisions of this Act and conditions contained in annual dates 19 20 orders issued by the Board, the Board may grant such dates and 21 programs to such applicants as so agreed by them if the Board 22 determines that the grant of these racing dates is in the best 23 interests of racing. The Board shall treat any such agreement as the agreement signatories' joint and several application for 24 25 racing dates during the term of the agreement.

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(c) Where 2 or more applicants propose to conduct horse

1 race meetings within 35 miles of each other, as certified to 2 the Board under Section 19 (a) (1) of this Act, on conflicting 3 dates, the Board may determine and grant the number of racing 4 days to be awarded to the several applicants in accordance with 5 the provisions of subsection (e-5) of Section 20 of this Act.

6

(d) (Blank).

7 (e) Prior to the issuance of an organization license, the 8 applicant shall file with the Board a bond payable to the State 9 of Illinois in the sum of \$200,000, executed by the applicant 10 and a surety company or companies authorized to do business in 11 this State, and conditioned upon the payment by the 12 organization licensee of all taxes due under Section 27, other 13 monies due and payable under this Act, all purses due and 14 payable, and that the organization licensee will upon 15 presentation of the winning ticket or tickets distribute all 16 sums due to the patrons of pari-mutuel pools. Beginning on the 17 date when any organization licensee begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license 18 19 issued under the Illinois Gambling Act, the amount of the bond 20 required under this subsection (e) shall be \$500,000.

(f) Each organization license shall specify the person to whom it is issued, the dates upon which horse racing is permitted, and the location, place, track, or enclosure where the horse race meeting is to be held.

(g) Any person who owns one or more race tracks within the
State may seek, in its own name, a separate organization

1 license for each race track.

2 (h) All racing conducted under such organization license is 3 subject to this Act and to the rules and regulations from time 4 to time prescribed by the Board, and every such organization 5 license issued by the Board shall contain a recital to that 6 effect.

7 (i) Each such organization licensee may provide that at
8 least one race per day may be devoted to the racing of quarter
9 horses, appaloosas, arabians, or paints.

10 (j) In acting on applications for organization licenses, 11 the Board shall give weight to an organization license which 12 has implemented a good faith affirmative action effort to 13 recruit, train and upgrade minorities in all classifications 14 within the organization license.

15 (Source: P.A. 90-754, eff. 1-1-99; 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)

16 (230 ILCS 5/24) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-24)

17 Sec. 24. (a) No license shall be issued to or held by an organization licensee unless all of its officers, directors, 18 and holders of ownership interests of at least 5% are first 19 20 approved by the Board. The Board shall not give approval of an 21 organization license application to any person who has been 22 convicted of or is under an indictment for a crime of moral turpitude or has violated any provision of the racing law of 23 24 this State or any rules of the Board.

25 (b) An organization licensee must notify the Board within

1 10 days of any change in the holders of a direct or indirect 2 interest in the ownership of the organization licensee. The 3 Board may, after hearing, revoke the organization license of 4 any person who registers on its books or knowingly permits a 5 direct or indirect interest in the ownership of that person 6 without notifying the Board of the name of the holder in 7 interest within this period.

8 (c) In addition to the provisions of subsection (a) of this 9 Section, no person shall be granted an organization license if 10 any public official of the State or member of his or her family 11 holds any ownership or financial interest, directly or 12 indirectly, in the person.

(d) No person which has been granted an organization license to hold a race meeting shall give to any public official or member of his family, directly or indirectly, for or without consideration, any interest in the person. The Board shall, after hearing, revoke the organization license granted to a person which has violated this subsection.

19 (e) (Blank).

(f) No organization licensee or concessionaire or officer, director or holder or controller of 5% or more legal or beneficial interest in any organization licensee or concession shall make any sort of gift or contribution <u>that is prohibited</u> <u>under Article 10 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics</u> <u>Act of any kind</u> or pay or give any money or other thing of value to any person who is a public official, or a candidate or

HB5292 - 223 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b nominee for public office if that payment or gift is prohibited 1 2 under Article 10 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics 3 Act. (Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.) 4 5 (230 ILCS 5/25) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-25) 6 Sec. 25. Admission charge; bond; fine. 7 (a) There shall be paid to the Board at such time or times as it shall prescribe, the sum of fifteen cents (15¢) for each 8 9 person entering the grounds or enclosure of each organization 10 licensee and inter-track wagering licensee upon a ticket of 11 admission except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of 12 this Act. If tickets are issued for more than one day then the sum of fifteen cents (15¢) shall be paid for each person using 13 14 such ticket on each day that the same shall be used. Provided, 15 however, that no charge shall be made on tickets of admission 16 issued to and in the name of directors, officers, agents or the organization licensee, or inter-track 17 employees of 18 wagering licensee, or to owners, trainers, jockeys, drivers and their employees or to any person or persons entering the 19 grounds or enclosure for the transaction of business in 20 21 connection with such race meeting. The organization licensee or 22 inter-track wagering licensee may, if it desires, collect such amount from each ticket holder in addition to the amount or 23 24 amounts charged for such ticket of admission. Beginning on the date when any organization licensee begins conducting 25

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electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license 1 2 issued under the Illinois Gambling Act, the admission charge imposed by this subsection (a) shall be 40 cents for each 3 person entering the grounds or enclosure of each organization 4 5 licensee and inter-track wagering licensee upon a ticket of admission, and if such tickets are issued for more than one 6 7 day, 40 cents shall be paid for each person using such ticket 8 on each day that the same shall be used.

9 (b) Accurate records and books shall at all times be kept and maintained by the organization licensees and inter-track 10 11 wagering licensees showing the admission tickets issued and 12 used on each racing day and the attendance thereat of each 13 horse racing meeting. The Board or its duly authorized representative or representatives shall at all reasonable 14 15 times have access to the admission records of any organization 16 licensee and inter-track wagering licensee for the purpose of 17 examining and checking the same and ascertaining whether or not the proper amount has been or is being paid the State of 18 Illinois as herein provided. The Board shall also require, 19 20 before issuing any license, that the licensee shall execute and deliver to it a bond, payable to the State of Illinois, in such 21 22 sum as it shall determine, not, however, in excess of fifty 23 thousand dollars (\$50,000), with a surety or sureties to be approved by it, conditioned for the payment of all sums due and 24 25 payable or collected by it under this Section upon admission 26 fees received for any particular racing meetings. The Board may

also from time to time require sworn statements of the number 1 2 or numbers of such admissions and may prescribe blanks upon 3 which such reports shall be made. Any organization licensee or inter-track wagering licensee failing or refusing to pay the 4 5 amount found to be due as herein provided, shall be deemed quilty of a business offense and upon conviction shall be 6 7 punished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in addition to the amount due from such organization 8 9 licensee or inter-track wagering licensee as herein provided. 10 All fines paid into court by an organization licensee or 11 inter-track wagering licensee found guilty of violating this 12 Section shall be transmitted and paid over by the clerk of the 13 court to the Board. Beginning on the date when any organization 14 licensee begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license issued under the Illinois Gambling 15 16 Act, any fine imposed pursuant to this subsection (b) shall not exceed \$10,000. 17

18 (Source: P.A. 88-495; 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)

19 (230 ILCS 5/26) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-26)

20 Sec. 26. Wagering.

(a) Any licensee may conduct and supervise the pari-mutuel system of wagering, as defined in Section 3.12 of this Act, on horse races conducted by an Illinois organization licensee or conducted at a racetrack located in another state or country and televised in Illinois in accordance with subsection (g) of

Section 26 of this Act. Subject to the prior consent of the 1 2 Board, licensees may supplement any pari-mutuel pool in order to guarantee a minimum distribution. Such pari-mutuel method of 3 wagering shall not, under any circumstances if conducted under 4 5 the provisions of this Act, be held or construed to be 6 unlawful, other statutes of this State to the contrary 7 notwithstanding. Subject to rules for advance wagering 8 promulgated by the Board, any licensee may accept wagers in 9 advance of the day of the race wagered upon occurs.

10 (b) Except for those gaming activities for which a license 11 is obtained and authorized under the Illinois Lottery Law, the 12 Charitable Games Act, the Raffles and Poker Runs Act, or the 13 Illinois Gambling Act, no No other method of betting, pool 14 making, wagering or gambling shall be used or permitted by the licensee. Each licensee may retain, subject to the payment of 15 16 all applicable taxes and purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of 17 all money wagered under subsection (a) of this Section, except as may otherwise be permitted under this Act. 18

(b-5) An individual may place a wager under the pari-mutuel system from any licensed location authorized under this Act provided that wager is electronically recorded in the manner described in Section 3.12 of this Act. Any wager made electronically by an individual while physically on the premises of a licensee shall be deemed to have been made at the premises of that licensee.

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(c) Until January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for

payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior 1 2 to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the 3 licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum remaining unclaimed, 4 5 less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for the purpose of quaranteeing minimum distributions of any 6 7 pari-mutuel pool, shall be paid to the Illinois Veterans' 8 Rehabilitation Fund of the State treasury, except as provided 9 in subsection (q) of Section 27 of this Act.

(c-5) Beginning January 1, 2000, the sum held by any 10 11 licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if 12 unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that 13 date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum 14 15 remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed 16 by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum 17 distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be evenly distributed to the purse account of the organization licensee 18 19 and the organization licensee.

(d) A pari-mutuel ticket shall be honored until December 31 of the next calendar year, and the licensee shall pay the same and may charge the amount thereof against unpaid money similarly accumulated on account of pari-mutuel tickets not presented for payment.

(e) No licensee shall knowingly permit any minor, otherthan an employee of such licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey,

driver, or employee thereof, to be admitted during a racing 1 2 program unless accompanied by a parent or guardian, or any 3 minor to be a patron of the pari-mutuel system of wagering supervised by it. The admission 4 conducted or of anv 5 unaccompanied minor, other than an employee of the licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof at a 6 race track is a Class C misdemeanor. 7

8 (f) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, an 9 organization licensee may contract with an entity in another 10 state or country to permit any legal wagering entity in another 11 state or country to accept wagers solely within such other 12 state or country on races conducted by the organization 13 licensee in this State. Beginning January 1, 2000, these wagers shall not be subject to State taxation. Until January 1, 2000, 14 when the out-of-State entity conducts a pari-mutuel pool 15 16 separate from the organization licensee, a privilege tax equal 17 to 7 1/2% of all monies received by the organization licensee from entities in other states or countries pursuant to such 18 19 contracts is imposed on the organization licensee, and such 20 privilege tax shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours of receipt of the moneys from the simulcast. 21 22 When the out-of-State entity conducts a combined pari-mutuel 23 pool with the organization licensee, the tax shall be 10% of all monies received by the organization licensee with 25% of 24 25 the receipts from this 10% tax to be distributed to the county in which the race was conducted. 26

An organization licensee may permit one or more of its 1 2 races to be utilized for pari-mutuel wagering at one or more locations in other states and may transmit audio and visual 3 signals of races the organization licensee conducts to one or 4 5 more locations outside the State or country and may also permit pari-mutuel pools in other states or countries to be combined 6 7 with its gross or net wagering pools or with wagering pools 8 established by other states.

9 (q) A host track may accept interstate simulcast wagers on 10 horse races conducted in other states or countries and shall 11 control the number of signals and types of breeds of racing in 12 its simulcast program, subject to the disapproval of the Board. 13 The Board may prohibit a simulcast program only if it finds 14 that the simulcast program is clearly adverse to the integrity 15 of racing. The host track simulcast program shall include the 16 signal of live racing of all organization licensees. All 17 non-host licensees and advance deposit wagering licensees shall carry the signal of and accept wagers on live racing of 18 19 all organization licensees. Advance deposit wagering licensees 20 shall not be permitted to accept out-of-state wagers on any Illinois signal provided pursuant to this Section without the 21 22 approval and consent of the organization licensee providing the 23 signal. For one year after August 15, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-968), non-host licensees may carry the host 24 25 track simulcast program and shall accept wagers on all races 26 included as part of the simulcast program of horse races

conducted at race tracks located within North America upon 1 2 which wagering is permitted. For a period of one year after August 15, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-968), on 3 horse races conducted at race tracks located outside of North 4 5 America, non-host licensees may accept wagers on all races included as part of the simulcast program upon which wagering 6 7 is permitted. Beginning August 15, 2015 (one year after the effective date of Public Act 98-968), non-host licensees may 8 9 carry the host track simulcast program and shall accept wagers 10 on all races included as part of the simulcast program upon 11 which wagering is permitted. All organization licensees shall 12 provide their live signal to all advance deposit wagering 13 licensees for a simulcast commission fee not to exceed 6% of the advance deposit wagering licensee's Illinois handle on the 14 15 organization licensee's signal without prior approval by the 16 Board. The Board may adopt rules under which it may permit 17 simulcast commission fees in excess of 6%. The Board shall adopt rules limiting the interstate commission fees charged to 18 19 an advance deposit wagering licensee. The Board shall adopt 20 rules regarding advance deposit wagering on interstate simulcast races that shall reflect, among other things, the 21 22 General Assembly's desire to maximize revenues to the State, 23 and organizational licensees. horsemen purses, However, 24 organization licensees providing live signals pursuant to the 25 requirements of this subsection (q) may petition the Board to 26 withhold their live signals from an advance deposit wagering

licensee if the organization licensee discovers and the Board 1 2 finds reputable or credible information that the advance 3 deposit wagering licensee is under investigation by another state or federal governmental agency, the advance deposit 4 5 wagering licensee's license has been suspended in another state, or the advance deposit wagering licensee's license is in 6 7 revocation proceedings in another state. The organization 8 licensee's provision of their live signal to an advance deposit 9 wagering licensee under this subsection (g) pertains to wagers Advance 10 placed from within Illinois. deposit wagering 11 licensees may place advance deposit wagering terminals at 12 wagering facilities as a convenience to customers. The advance 13 deposit wagering licensee shall not charge or collect any fee 14 from purses for the placement of the advance deposit wagering 15 terminals. The costs and expenses of the host track and 16 non-host licensees associated with interstate simulcast 17 wagering, other than the interstate commission fee, shall be borne by the host track and all non-host licensees incurring 18 these costs. The interstate commission fee shall not exceed 5% 19 20 of Illinois handle on the interstate simulcast race or races 21 without prior approval of the Board. The Board shall promulgate 22 rules under which it may permit interstate commission fees in 23 excess of 5%. The interstate commission fee and other fees charged by the sending racetrack, including, but not limited 24 25 to, satellite decoder fees, shall be uniformly applied to the host track and all non-host licensees. 26

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, through 1 2 December 31, 2018, an organization licensee, with the consent 3 of the horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race 4 5 horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting, may maintain a system whereby advance deposit wagering may take 6 place or an organization licensee, with the consent of the 7 8 association representing the largest number of horsemen 9 owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race 10 horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting, may 11 contract with another person to carry out a system of advance 12 deposit wagering. Such consent may not be unreasonably 13 withheld. Only with respect to an appeal to the Board that 14 consent for an organization licensee that maintains its own 15 advance deposit wagering system is being unreasonably 16 withheld, the Board shall issue a final order within 30 days 17 after initiation of the appeal, and the organization licensee's advance deposit wagering system may remain operational during 18 that 30-day period. The actions of any organization licensee 19 20 who conducts advance deposit wagering or any person who has a contract with an organization licensee to conduct advance 21 22 deposit wagering who conducts advance deposit wagering on or 23 after January 1, 2013 and prior to June 7, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-18) taken in reliance on the changes made 24 25 to this subsection (q) by Public Act 98-18 are hereby 26 validated, provided payment of all applicable pari-mutuel

1 taxes are remitted to the Board. All advance deposit wagers 2 placed from within Illinois must be placed through a 3 Board-approved advance deposit wagering licensee; no other entity may accept an advance deposit wager from a person within 4 5 Illinois. All advance deposit wagering is subject to any rules 6 adopted by the Board. The Board may adopt rules necessary to 7 regulate advance deposit wagering through the use of emergency rulemaking in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois 8 9 Administrative Procedure Act. The General Assembly finds that 10 the adoption of rules to regulate advance deposit wagering is 11 deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, 12 safety, and welfare. An advance deposit wagering licensee may 13 retain all moneys as agreed to by contract with an organization 14 licensee. Any moneys retained by the organization licensee from 15 advance deposit wagering, not including moneys retained by the 16 advance deposit wagering licensee, shall be paid 50% to the 17 organization licensee's purse account and 50% to the organization licensee. With the exception of any organization 18 licensee that is owned by a publicly traded company that is 19 20 incorporated in a state other than Illinois and advance deposit wagering licensees under contract with such organization 21 22 licensees, organization licensees that maintain advance 23 deposit wagering systems and advance deposit wagering licensees that contract with organization licensees shall 24 25 provide sufficiently detailed monthly accountings to the 26 horsemen association representing the largest number of

owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race 1 horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting so that 2 3 the horsemen association, as an interested party, can confirm the accuracy of the amounts paid to the purse account at the 4 5 horsemen association's affiliated organization licensee from 6 advance deposit wagering. If more than one breed races at the same race track facility, then the 50% of the moneys to be paid 7 8 to an organization licensee's purse account shall be allocated 9 among all organization licensees' purse accounts operating at 10 that race track facility proportionately based on the actual 11 number of host days that the Board grants to that breed at that 12 race track facility in the current calendar year. To the extent any fees from advance deposit wagering conducted in Illinois 13 14 for wagers in Illinois or other states have been placed in 15 escrow or otherwise withheld from wagers pending a 16 determination of the legality of advance deposit wagering, no 17 action shall be brought to declare such wagers or the disbursement of any fees previously escrowed illegal. 18

19 (1) Between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. an 20 inter-track wagering licensee other than the host track may 21 supplement the host track simulcast program with 22 additional simulcast races or race programs, provided that 23 between January 1 and the third Friday in February of any 24 inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is vear, 25 in Illinois during this period, occurring onlv 26 thoroughbred races may be used for supplemental interstate

1 simulcast purposes. The Board shall withhold approval for a 2 supplemental interstate simulcast only if it finds that the 3 simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. A supplemental interstate simulcast may be transmitted from 4 5 inter-track wagering licensee to its affiliated an non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for a 6 supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by the 7 non-host licensee and its affiliated non-host licensees 8 9 receiving the simulcast.

10 (2) Between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. an 11 inter-track wagering licensee other than the host track may 12 receive supplemental interstate simulcasts only with the consent of the host track, except when the Board finds that 13 14 the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of 15 racing. Consent granted under this paragraph (2) to any 16 inter-track wagering licensee shall be deemed consent to 17 all non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for the supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by all 18 19 participating non-host licensees.

20 (3) Each licensee conducting interstate simulcast 21 wagering may retain, subject to the payment of all 22 applicable taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 23 17% of all money wagered. If any licensee conducts the 24 pari-mutuel system wagering on races conducted at 25 racetracks in another state or country, each such race or 26 race program shall be considered a separate racing day for

the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing 1 the privilege tax of that daily handle as provided in 2 3 subsection (a) of Section 27. Until January 1, 2000, from sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this 4 the 5 subsection, each inter-track wagering location licensee 6 shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on simulcast 7 wagering to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, subject 8 to the provisions of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (11) of 9 subsection (h) of Section 26 of this Act.

10 (4) A licensee who receives an interstate simulcast may 11 combine its gross or net pools with pools at the sending 12 racetracks pursuant to rules established by the Board. All 13 licensees combining their gross pools at sending а 14 racetrack shall adopt the take-out percentages of the sending racetrack. A licensee may also establish a separate 15 16 pool and takeout structure for wagering purposes on races 17 conducted at race tracks outside of the State of Illinois. The licensee may permit pari-mutuel wagers placed in other 18 19 states or countries to be combined with its gross or net 20 wagering pools or other wagering pools.

(5) After the payment of the interstate commission fee (except for the interstate commission fee on a supplemental interstate simulcast, which shall be paid by the host track and by each non-host licensee through the host-track) and all applicable State and local taxes, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, the remainder of

1 moneys retained from simulcast wagering pursuant to this 2 subsection (g), and Section 26.2 shall be divided as 3 follows:

4 (A) For interstate simulcast wagers made at a host
5 track, 50% to the host track and 50% to purses at the
6 host track.

7 (B) For wagers placed on interstate simulcast simulcasts defined 8 races, supplemental as in 9 subparagraphs (1) and (2), and separately pooled races 10 conducted outside of the State of Illinois made at a 11 non-host licensee, 25% to the host track, 25% to the 12 non-host licensee, and 50% to the purses at the host 13 track.

14 (6) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the 15 contrary, non-host licensees who derive their licenses 16 from a track located in a county with a population in 17 excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River may receive supplemental interstate simulcast races at all 18 19 times subject to Board approval, which shall be withheld 20 only upon a finding that a supplemental interstate 21 simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing.

(7) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the contrary, after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the

1 Mississippi River shall retain 50% of the retention from 2 interstate simulcast wagers and shall pay 50% to purses at 3 the track from which the non-host licensee derives its 4 license as follows:

5 (A) Between January 1 and the third Friday in 6 February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is 7 occurring in Illinois during this period, when the 8 interstate simulcast is a standardbred race, the purse 9 share to its standardbred purse account;

10 (B) Between January 1 and the third Friday in 11 February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is 12 occurring in Illinois during this period, and the 13 interstate simulcast is a thoroughbred race, the purse 14 share to its interstate simulcast purse pool to be 15 distributed under paragraph (10) of this subsection 16 (g);

(C) Between January 1 and the third Friday in 17 February, inclusive, if live thoroughbred racing is 18 19 occurring in Illinois, between 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. 20 the purse share from wagers made during this time 21 period to its thoroughbred purse account and between 22 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. the purse share from wagers 23 made during this time period to its standardbred purse 24 accounts;

(D) Between the third Saturday in February and
 December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs

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between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m., the purse share to its thoroughbred purse account;

3 (E) Between the third Saturday in February and 4 December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs 5 between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., the purse 6 share to its standardbred purse account.

7 (7.1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no standardbred racing is conducted at 8 9 a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar 10 year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys 11 derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and 12 inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 13 14 a.m. during that calendar year shall be paid as follows:

15 (A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at
16 that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many
17 racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000,
18 80% shall be paid to its thoroughbred purse account;
19 and

(B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the
Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund and shall
be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois
conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county
fairgrounds. The moneys deposited into the Fund
pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited
within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall

be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys 1 paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall 2 3 not be commingled with other moneys paid into that The moneys deposited pursuant 4 Fund. to this 5 subparagraph (B) shall be allocated as provided by the Department of Agriculture, with the 6 advice and 7 assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund 8 Advisory Board.

9 (7.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act 10 to the contrary, if no thoroughbred racing is conducted at 11 a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar 12 year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and 13 14 inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and 15 (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:3016 p.m. during that calendar year shall be deposited as 17 follows:

(A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at
that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many
racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000,
80% shall be deposited into its standardbred purse
account; and

(B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the
Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund. Moneys
deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse
Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B)

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shall be paid to Illinois conceived and foaled 1 2 thoroughbred breeders' programs and to thoroughbred 3 purses for races conducted at any county fairgrounds for Illinois conceived and foaled horses at 4 the 5 discretion of the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred 6 7 Breeders Fund Advisory Board. The moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund 8 9 pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited 10 within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall 11 be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys 12 paid to thoroughbred purses under this Act, and shall 13 not be commingled with other moneys deposited into that 14 Fund.

15 (7.3) If no live standardbred racing is conducted at a 16 racetrack located in Madison County in calendar year 2000 2001, an organization licensee who is licensed to 17 or 18 conduct horse racing at that racetrack shall, before 19 January 1, 2002, pay all moneys derived from simulcast 20 wagering and inter-track wagering in calendar years 2000 21 and 2001 and paid into the licensee's standardbred purse 22 account as follows:

(A) Eighty percent to that licensee's thoroughbred
 purse account to be used for thoroughbred purses; and

(B) Twenty percent to the Illinois Colt Stakes
 Purse Distribution Fund.

Failure to make the payment to the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund before January 1, 2002 shall result in the immediate revocation of the licensee's organization license, inter-track wagering license, and inter-track wagering location license.

6 Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse 7 Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for 8 Illinois 9 conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county 10 fairgrounds. Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes 11 Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) 12 shall be used as determined by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois 13 14 Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, shall be in 15 addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to 16 standardbred purses under this Act, and shall not be 17 commingled with any other moneys paid into that Fund.

(7.4) If live standardbred racing is conducted at a 18 19 racetrack located in Madison County at any time in calendar 20 year 2001 before the payment required under paragraph (7.3) has been made, the organization licensee who is licensed to 21 22 conduct racing at that racetrack shall pay all moneys 23 derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and 24 inter-track wagering during calendar years 2000 and 2001 25 that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated 26 between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during 2000 or

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2001 to the standardbred purse account at that racetrack to be used for standardbred purses.

(8) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the
contrary, an organization licensee from a track located in
a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that
borders the Mississippi River and its affiliated non-host
licensees shall not be entitled to share in any retention
generated on racing, inter-track wagering, or simulcast
wagering at any other Illinois wagering facility.

10 (8.1) Notwithstanding any provisions in this Act to the 11 contrary, if 2 organization licensees are conducting 12 standardbred race meetings concurrently between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., after payment of all applicable 13 14 State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, the 15 remainder of the amount retained from simulcast wagering 16 otherwise attributable to the host track and to host track 17 purses shall be split daily between the 2 organization 18 licensees and the purses at the tracks of the 2 19 organization licensees, respectively, based on each 20 organization licensee's share of the total live handle for 21 that day, provided that this provision shall not apply to 22 any non-host licensee that derives its license from a track 23 located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 24 and that borders the Mississippi River.

25 (9) (Blank).

26 (10) (Blank).

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(11) (Blank).

(12) The Board shall have authority to compel all host
tracks to receive the simulcast of any or all races
conducted at the Springfield or DuQuoin State fairgrounds
and include all such races as part of their simulcast
programs.

7 (13) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, 8 in the event that the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on 9 Illinois horse races at all wagering facilities in any 10 calendar year is less than 75% of the total Illinois 11 pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all such 12 wagering facilities for calendar year 1994, then each 13 wagering facility that has an annual total Illinois 14 pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races that is less 15 than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on 16 Illinois horse races at such wagering facility for calendar 17 year 1994, shall be permitted to receive, from any amount otherwise payable to the purse account at the race track 18 19 with which the wagering facility is affiliated in the 20 succeeding calendar year, an amount equal to 2% of the differential in total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on 21 22 Illinois horse races at the wagering facility between that 23 calendar year in question and 1994 provided, however, that 24 a wagering facility shall not be entitled to any such 25 payment until the Board certifies in writing to the 26 wagering facility the amount to which the wagering facility

1 is entitled and a schedule for payment of the amount to the wagering facility, based on: (i) the racing dates awarded 2 3 to the race track affiliated with the wagering facility during the succeeding year; (ii) the sums available or 4 5 anticipated to be available in the purse account of the 6 race track affiliated with the wagering facility for purses 7 during the succeeding year; and (iii) the need to ensure 8 reasonable purse levels during the payment period. The 9 Board's certification shall be provided no later than 10 January 31 of the succeeding year. In the event a wagering 11 facility entitled to a payment under this paragraph (13) is 12 affiliated with a race track that maintains purse accounts 13 for both standardbred and thoroughbred racing, the amount 14 to be paid to the wagering facility shall be divided between each purse account pro rata, based on the amount of 15 16 Illinois handle on Illinois standardbred and thoroughbred racing respectively at the wagering facility during the 17 previous calendar year. Annually, the General Assembly 18 19 shall appropriate sufficient funds from the General 20 Revenue Fund to the Department of Agriculture for payment 21 into the thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing purse 22 accounts at Illinois pari-mutuel tracks. The amount paid to 23 each purse account shall be the amount certified by the 24 Illinois Racing Board in January to be transferred from 25 each account to each eligible racing facility in accordance 26 with the provisions of this Section. Beginning in the

1	calendar year in which an organization licensee that is
2	eligible to receive payment under this paragraph (13)
3	begins to receive funds from electronic gaming, the amount
4	of the payment due to all wagering facilities licensed
5	under that organization licensee under this paragraph (13)
6	shall be the amount certified by the Board in January of
7	that year. An organization licensee and its related
8	wagering facilities shall no longer be able to receive
9	payments under this paragraph (13) beginning in the year
10	subsequent to the first year in which the organization
11	licensee begins to receive funds from electronic gaming.

(h) The Board may approve and license the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees subject to the following terms and conditions:

16 (1) Any person licensed to conduct a race meeting (i) 17 at a track where 60 or more days of racing were conducted during the immediately preceding calendar year or where 18 over the 5 immediately preceding calendar years an average 19 of 30 or more days of racing were conducted annually may be 20 issued an inter-track wagering license; (ii) at a track 21 22 located in a county that is bounded by the Mississippi 23 River, which has a population of less than 150,000 according to the 1990 decennial census, and an average of 24 25 at least 60 days of racing per year between 1985 and 1993 26 may be issued an inter-track wagering license; or (iii) at - 247 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

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a track awarded standardbred racing dates in 2019 and 1 2 thereafter; or (iv) at a track located in Madison County that conducted at least 100 days of live racing during the 3 immediately preceding calendar year may be issued an 4 5 inter-track wagering license, unless a lesser schedule of live racing is the result of (A) weather, unsafe track 6 7 conditions, or other acts of God; (B) an agreement between 8 organization licensee and the associations the 9 representing the largest number of owners, trainers, 10 jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that 11 organization licensee's racing meeting; or (C) a finding by 12 the Board of extraordinary circumstances and that it was in 13 the best interest of the public and the sport to conduct 14 fewer than 100 days of live racing. Any such person having 15 operating control of the racing facility may receive 16 inter-track wagering location licenses. An eligible race 17 track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River 18 19 may establish up to 9 inter-track wagering locations, an eligible race track located in Stickney Township in Cook 20 21 County may establish up to 16 inter-track wagering 22 locations, and an eligible race track located in Palatine 23 Township in Cook County may establish up to 18 inter-track 24 wagering locations. An eligible race track conducting 25 standardbred racing may have up to 9 inter-track wagering 26 locations. An application for said license shall be filed

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with the Board prior to such dates as may be fixed by the 1 Board. With an application for an inter-track wagering 2 location license there shall be delivered to the Board a 3 certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the 4 5 Board for an amount equal to \$500. The application shall be 6 on forms prescribed and furnished by the Board. The 7 application shall comply with all other rules, regulations conditions imposed by the Board in connection 8 and 9 therewith.

10 (2)The Board shall examine the applications with 11 respect to their conformity with this Act and the rules and 12 regulations imposed by the Board. If found to be in compliance with the Act and rules and regulations of the 13 14 Board, the Board may then issue a license to conduct 15 inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering to such 16 applicant. All such applications shall be acted upon by the 17 Board at a meeting to be held on such date as may be fixed 18 by the Board.

19 (3) In granting licenses to conduct inter-track 20 wagering and simulcast wagering, the Board shall give due 21 consideration to the best interests of the public, of horse 22 racing, and of maximizing revenue to the State.

(4) Prior to the issuance of a license to conduct
inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the applicant
shall file with the Board a bond payable to the State of
Illinois in the sum of \$50,000, executed by the applicant

and a surety company or companies authorized to do business in this State, and conditioned upon (i) the payment by the licensee of all taxes due under Section 27 or 27.1 and any other monies due and payable under this Act, and (ii) distribution by the licensee, upon presentation of the winning ticket or tickets, of all sums payable to the patrons of pari-mutuel pools.

8 (5) Each license to conduct inter-track wagering and 9 simulcast wagering shall specify the person to whom it is 10 issued, the dates on which such wagering is permitted, and 11 the track or location where the wagering is to be 12 conducted.

13 (6) All wagering under such license is subject to this
14 Act and to the rules and regulations from time to time
15 prescribed by the Board, and every such license issued by
16 the Board shall contain a recital to that effect.

17 (7) An inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track 18 wagering location licensee may accept wagers at the track 19 or location where it is licensed, or as otherwise provided 20 under this Act.

(8) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall
not be conducted at any track less than <u>4</u> 5 miles from a
track at which a racing meeting is in progress.

(8.1) Inter-track wagering location licensees who
 derive their licenses from a particular organization
 licensee shall conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast

wagering only at locations that are within 160 miles of 1 that race track where the particular organization licensee 2 3 licensed to conduct racing. However, inter-track is wagering and simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by 4 5 those licensees at any location within 5 miles of any race track at which a horse race meeting has been licensed in 6 7 the current year, unless the person having operating 8 control of such race track has given its written consent to 9 inter-track wagering location licensees, which such 10 consent must be filed with the Board at or prior to the 11 time application is made. In the case of any inter-track 12 wagering location licensee initially licensed after 13 December 31, 2013, inter-track wagering and simulcast 14 wagering shall not be conducted by those inter-track 15 wagering location licensees that are located outside the 16 City of Chicago at any location within 8 miles of any race 17 track at which a horse race meeting has been licensed in 18 the current year, unless the person having operating 19 control of such race track has given its written consent to 20 such inter-track wagering location licensees, which 21 consent must be filed with the Board at or prior to the 22 time application is made.

(8.2) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall
 not be conducted by an inter-track wagering location
 licensee at any location within 500 feet of an existing
 church, an or existing elementary or secondary public

1 school, or an existing elementary or secondary private 2 school registered with or recognized by the State Board of 3 Education school, nor within 500 feet of the residences of more than 50 registered voters without receiving written 4 5 permission from a majority of the registered voters at such residences. Such written permission statements shall be 6 7 filed with the Board. The distance of 500 feet shall be 8 measured to the nearest part of any building used for 9 services, education programs, residential worship 10 purposes, or conducting inter-track wagering bv an 11 inter-track wagering location licensee, and not to 12 property boundaries. However, inter-track wagering or 13 simulcast wagering may be conducted at a site within 500 14 feet of a church, school or residences of 50 or more 15 registered voters if such church, school or residences have 16 been erected or established, or such voters have been 17 registered, after Board the the issues original 18 inter-track wagering location license at the site in 19 question. Inter-track wagering location licensees may 20 conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only in areas that are zoned for commercial or manufacturing 21 22 purposes or in areas for which a special use has been 23 approved by the local zoning authority. However, no license 24 to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering 25 shall be granted by the Board with respect to any 26 inter-track wagering location within the jurisdiction of

any local zoning authority which has, by ordinance or by 1 2 resolution, prohibited the establishment of an inter-track 3 wagering location within its jurisdiction. However, inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering 4 mav be 5 conducted at a site if such ordinance or resolution is 6 enacted after the Board licenses the original inter-track 7 wagering location licensee for the site in question.

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(9) (Blank).

9 inter-track wagering (10)An licensee or an 10 inter-track wagering location licensee may retain, subject 11 to the payment of the privilege taxes and the purses, an 12 amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. Each program of racing conducted by each inter-track wagering licensee 13 14 inter-track wagering location licensee shall or be 15 considered a separate racing day for the purpose of 16 determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax or pari-mutuel tax on such daily handle as provided in 17 Section 27. 18

19 (10.1) Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 20 27 of this Act, inter-track wagering location licensees 21 shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to 22 the municipality in which such location is situated and 1% 23 of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the county in 24 which such location is situated. In the event that an 25 inter-track wagering location licensee is situated in an 26 unincorporated area of a county, such licensee shall pay 2%

of the pari-mutuel handle from such location to such
 county.

(10.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 3 Act, with respect to inter-track wagering at a race track 4 located in a county that has a population of more than 5 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River ("the 6 first race track"), or at a facility operated by an 7 8 inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering 9 location licensee that derives its license from the 10 organization licensee that operates the first race track, 11 on races conducted at the first race track or on races 12 conducted at another Illinois race track and simultaneously televised to the first race track or to a 13 14 facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or 15 inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its 16 license from the organization licensee that operates the 17 first race track, those moneys shall be allocated as follows: 18

(A) That portion of all moneys wagered on
standardbred racing that is required under this Act to
be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for
standardbred races.

(B) That portion of all moneys wagered on
thoroughbred racing that is required under this Act to
be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for
thoroughbred races.

1 (11) (A) After payment of the privilege or pari-mutuel 2 tax, any other applicable taxes, and the costs and expenses 3 connection with the gathering, transmission, in and dissemination of all data necessary to the conduct of 4 5 inter-track wagering, the remainder of the monies retained under either Section 26 or Section 26.2 of this Act by the 6 7 inter-track wagering licensee on inter-track wagering 8 shall be allocated with 50% to be split between the 2 9 participating licensees and 50% to purses, except that an 10 inter-track wagering licensee that derives its license 11 from a track located in a county with a population in 12 excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River 13 shall not divide any remaining retention with the Illinois 14 organization licensee that provides the race or races, and 15 an inter-track wagering licensee that accepts wagers on 16 races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 17 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not 18 19 divide any remaining retention with that organization 20 licensee.

21 (B) From the sums permitted to be retained pursuant to 22 this Act each inter-track wagering location licensee shall 23 pay (i) the privilege or pari-mutuel tax to the State; (ii) 24 4.75% of the pari-mutuel handle on inter-track wagering at 25 purses, except that such location on races as an 26 inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its

license from a track located in a county with a population 1 2 in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River 3 shall retain all purse moneys for its own purse account consistent with distribution set forth in this subsection 4 5 (h), and inter-track wagering location licensees that 6 accept wagers on races conducted by an organization 7 licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 8 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall 9 distribute all purse moneys to purses at the operating host 10 track; (iii) until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, 1% of the 11 12 pari-mutuel handle wagered on inter-track wagering and 13 simulcast wagering at each inter-track wagering location 14 licensee facility to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, provided that, to the extent the total amount collected and 15 16 distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund under 17 this subsection (h) during any calendar year exceeds the amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax 18 19 Allocation Fund during calendar year 1994, that excess amount shall be redistributed (I) to all inter-track 20 wagering location licensees, based on each licensee's 21 22 pro-rata share of the total handle from inter-track 23 simulcast wagering for all wagering and inter-track 24 wagering location licensees during the calendar year in 25 which this provision is applicable; then (II) the amounts 26 redistributed to each inter-track wagering location

licensee as described in subpart (I) shall be further 1 2 redistributed as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph 3 (5) of subsection (g) of this Section 26 provided first, that the shares of those amounts, which are to be 4 5 redistributed to the host track or to purses at the host 6 track under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection 7 (q) of this Section 26 shall be redistributed based on each 8 host track's pro rata share of the total inter-track 9 wagering and simulcast wagering handle at all host tracks 10 during the calendar year in question, and second, that any 11 amounts redistributed as described in part (I) to an 12 inter-track wagering location licensee that accepts wagers 13 races conducted by an organization licensee that on 14 conducts a race meet in a county with a population in 15 excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River 16 shall be further redistributed as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E) of paragraph (7) of subsection 17 (q) of this Section 26, with the portion of that further 18 19 redistribution allocated to purses at that organization 20 licensee to be divided between standardbred purses and 21 thoroughbred purses based on the amounts otherwise 22 allocated to purses at that organization licensee during 23 the calendar year in question; and (iv) 8% of the 24 pari-mutuel handle on inter-track wagering wagered at such 25 location to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting 26 its wagering. The remainder of the monies retained by the

inter-track wagering location licensee shall be allocated 1 2 40% to the location licensee and 60% to the organization 3 licensee which provides the Illinois races to the location, except that an inter-track wagering location licensee that 4 5 derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the 6 7 Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention 8 with the organization licensee that provides the race or 9 races and an inter-track wagering location licensee that 10 accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization 11 licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a 12 population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention 13 14 organization licensee. Notwithstanding the with the 15 provisions of clauses (ii) and (iv) of this paragraph, in 16 the case of the additional inter-track wagering location 17 licenses authorized under paragraph (1) of this subsection (h) by Public Act 87-110, those licensees shall pay the 18 19 following amounts as purses: during the first 12 months the 20 licensee is in operation, 5.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location on races; during the second 12 21 22 months, 5.25%; during the third 12 months, 5.75%; during 23 the fourth 12 months, 6.25%; and during the fifth 12 months 24 and thereafter, 6.75%. The following amounts shall be 25 retained by the licensee to satisfy all costs and expenses 26 of conducting its wagering: during the first 12 months the

licensee is in operation, 8.25% of the pari-mutuel handle 1 2 wagered at the location; during the second 12 months, 3 8.25%; during the third 12 months, 7.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 7.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and 4 5 thereafter, 6.75%. For additional inter-track wagering 6 location licensees authorized under Public Act 89-16, 7 purses for the first 12 months the licensee is in operation 8 shall be 5.75% of the pari-mutuel wagered at the location, 9 purses for the second 12 months the licensee is in 10 operation shall be 6.25%, and purses thereafter shall be 11 6.75%. For additional inter-track location licensees 12 authorized under Public Act 89-16, the licensee shall be allowed to retain to satisfy all costs and expenses: 7.75% 13 14 of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location during 15 its first 12 months of operation, 7.25% during its second 16 12 months of operation, and 6.75% thereafter.

17 (C) There is hereby created the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund which shall remain in existence until 18 19 December 31, 1999. Moneys remaining in the Fund after December 31, 1999 shall be paid into the General Revenue 20 21 Fund. Until January 1, 2000, all monies paid into the Horse 22 Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) 23 by inter-track wagering location licensees located in park 500,000 population or less, or in 24 districts of a 25 municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the 26

county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state 1 2 Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 of 3 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, and Mav 1, 1994 shall be allocated 4 operating on bv 5 appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture. 6 7 Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to 8 promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding 9 industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of 10 Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee 11 appointed by the Governor consisting of the following 12 members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve 13 2 representatives of chairman; organization as 14 licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in 15 this State, recommended by those licensees; 2 16 representatives of organization licensees conducting 17 standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois 18 19 Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, 20 recommended by that Foundation; a representative of 21 Standardbred the Illinois Owners and Breeders 22 Association, recommended by that Association; a 23 representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and 24 Protective Association or any successor organization 25 thereto established in Illinois comprised of the 26 largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by

1 that Association or that successor organization; and a 2 representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's 3 Association, recommended by that Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, 4 5 commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a 6 representative of any of the above-named entities has 7 not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to 8 9 fill that position. Committee members shall receive no 10 compensation for their services as members but shall be 11 reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and 12 disbursements incurred in the performance of their duties. 13 official The 50% of remaining this two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for 14 15 premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the 16 Agricultural Fair Act;

17 Four-sevenths to park districts or municipalities that do not have a park district of 500,000 population 18 19 or less for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering 20 location licensee is located in such a park district) 21 or to conservation districts for museum purposes (if an 22 inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a 23 municipality that is not included within any park 24 district but is included within a conservation 25 district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is 26 contiguous to the state of Indiana and (ii) has a 1990

population of 88,257 according to the United States 1 2 Bureau of the Census, except that if the conservation 3 district does not maintain a museum, the monies shall be allocated equally between the county and the 4 5 municipality in which the inter-track wagering 6 location licensee is located for general purposes) or 7 to a municipal recreation board for park purposes (if 8 an inter-track wagering location licensee is located 9 in a municipality that is not included within any park 10 district and park maintenance is the function of the 11 municipal recreation board and the municipality has a 12 1990 population of 9,302 according to the United States 13 Bureau of the Census); provided that the monies are 14 distributed to each park district or conservation 15 district or municipality that does not have a park district in an amount equal to four-sevenths of the 16 17 amount collected by each inter-track wagering location licensee within the park district or conservation 18 19 district or municipality for the Fund. Monies that were 20 paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund before August 9, 1991 (the effective date of Public Act 21 22 87-110) by an inter-track wagering location licensee 23 located in a municipality that is not included within 24 any park district but is included within a conservation 25 district as provided in this paragraph shall, as soon 26 as practicable after August 9, 1991 (the effective date

of Public Act 87-110), be allocated and paid to that 1 conservation district as provided in this paragraph. 2 3 Any park district or municipality not maintaining a museum may deposit the monies in the corporate fund of 4 5 the park district or municipality where the inter-track wagering location is located, to be used 6 7 for general purposes; and

8 One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be 9 used for distribution to agricultural home economics 10 extension councils in accordance with "An Act in 11 relation to additional support and finances for the 12 Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in 13 the several counties of this State and making an 14 appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967.

Until January 1, 2000, all other monies paid into the
Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph
(11) shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture. 18 19 Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to 20 promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding 21 industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of 22 Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee 23 appointed by the Governor consisting of the following 24 members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve 25 2 representatives of as chairman; organization 26 licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in

State, recommended by those licensees; 1 this 2 2 representatives of organization licensees conducting 3 standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois 4 5 Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, 6 recommended by that Foundation; a representative of 7 the Illinois Standardbred Owners and Breeders 8 Association, recommended by that Association; а 9 representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and 10 Protective Association or any successor organization 11 thereto established in Illinois comprised of the 12 largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by 13 that Association or that successor organization; and a 14 representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's by 15 Association, recommended that Association. 16 Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, 17 commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has 18 19 not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered 20 year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to 21 fill that position. Committee members shall receive no 22 compensation for their services as members but shall be 23 reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and 24 disbursements incurred in the performance of their 25 official duties. The remaining 50% of this 26 two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for

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premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to museums and aquariums located in park districts of over 500,000 population; provided that the monies are distributed in accordance with the previous year's distribution of the maintenance tax for such museums and aquariums as provided in Section 2 of the Park District Aquarium and Museum Act; and

9 One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be 10 used for distribution to agricultural home economics 11 extension councils in accordance with "An Act in 12 relation to additional support and finances for the 13 Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an 14 15 appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967. This 16 subparagraph (C) shall be inoperative and of no force 17 and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

(D) Except as provided in paragraph (11) of this
subsection (h), with respect to purse allocation from
inter-track wagering, the monies so retained shall be
divided as follows:

(i) If the inter-track wagering licensee,
except an inter-track wagering licensee that
derives its license from an organization licensee
located in a county with a population in excess of
230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is

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not conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the entire purse allocation shall be to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted.

5 (ii) If the inter-track wagering licensee, 6 except an inter-track wagering licensee that 7 derives its license from an organization licensee 8 located in a county with a population in excess of 9 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is 10 also conducting its own race meeting during the 11 same dates, then the purse allocation shall be as 12 follows: 50% to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted; 50% to purses at 13 14 the track where the inter-track wagering licensee 15 is accepting such wagers.

16 (iii) If the inter-track wagering is being 17 conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee, except an inter-track wagering location 18 19 licensee that derives its license from an 20 organization licensee located in a county with a 21 population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the 22 Mississippi River, the entire purse allocation for 23 Illinois races shall be to purses at the track 24 where the race meeting being wagered on is being 25 held.

(12) The Board shall have all powers necessary and

proper to fully supervise and control the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees, including, but not limited to the following:

5 (A) The Board is vested with power to promulgate 6 reasonable rules and regulations for the purpose of 7 administering the conduct of this wagering and to 8 prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions 9 under which such wagering shall be held and conducted. 10 Such rules and regulations are to provide for the 11 prevention of practices detrimental to the public 12 interest and for the best interests of said wagering 13 and to impose penalties for violations thereof.

(B) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it
delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter
the facilities of any licensee to determine whether
there has been compliance with the provisions of this
Act and the rules and regulations relating to the
conduct of such wagering.

20 (C) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it 21 delegates this power, may eject or exclude from any 22 licensee's facilities, any person whose conduct or 23 reputation is such that his presence on such premises 24 may, in the opinion of the Board, call into the 25 question the honesty and integrity of, or interfere 26 with the orderly conduct of such wagering; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected from such premises solely on the grounds of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex.

(D) (Blank).

5 (E) The Board is vested with the power to appoint 6 delegates to execute any of the powers granted to it 7 under this Section for the purpose of administering 8 this wagering and any rules and regulations 9 promulgated in accordance with this Act.

10 (F) The Board shall name and appoint a State 11 director of this wagering who shall be a representative 12 of the Board and whose duty it shall be to supervise 13 the conduct of inter-track wagering as may be provided 14 for by the rules and regulations of the Board; such 15 rules and regulation shall specify the method of 16 appointment and the Director's powers, authority and 17 duties.

(G) The Board is vested with the power to impose 18 19 civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and 20 up to \$10,000 against licensees for each violation of any provision of this Act relating to the conduct of 21 22 this wagering, any rules adopted by the Board, any 23 order of the Board or any other action which in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to 24 25 such wagering.

(13) The Department of Agriculture may enter into

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agreements with licensees authorizing such licensees to 1 2 conduct inter-track wagering on races to be held at the 3 licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture. Such agreement shall specify the races of the 4 5 Department of Agriculture's licensed race meeting upon 6 which the licensees will conduct wagering. In the event 7 that a licensee conducts inter-track pari-mutuel wagering 8 on races from the Illinois State Fair or DuQuoin State Fair 9 which are in addition to the licensee's previously approved 10 racing program, those races shall be considered a separate 11 racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle 12 and computing the privilege or pari-mutuel tax on that 13 daily handle as provided in Sections 27 and 27.1. Such 14 agreements shall be approved by the Board before such 15 wagering may be conducted. In determining whether to grant 16 approval, the Board shall give due consideration to the 17 best interests of the public and of horse racing. The provisions of paragraphs (1), (8), (8.1), and (8.2) of 18 19 subsection (h) of this Section which are not specified in this paragraph (13) shall not apply to licensed race 20 meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture at the 21 22 Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County or the DuQuoin State 23 Fair in Perry County, or to any wagering conducted on those 24 race meetings.

(14) An inter-track wagering location license
 authorized by the Board in 2016 that is owned and operated

by a race track in Rock Island County shall be transferred 1 2 to a commonly owned race track in Cook County on August 12, (the effective date of Public Act 99-757). The 3 2016 licensee shall retain its status in relation to purse 4 distribution under paragraph (11) of this subsection (h) 5 following the transfer to the new entity. The pari-mutuel 6 tax credit under Section 32.1 shall not be applied toward 7 8 any pari-mutuel tax obligation of the inter-track wagering 9 location licensee of the license that is transferred under 10 this paragraph (14).

(i) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, the conduct of wagering at wagering facilities is authorized on all days, except as limited by subsection (b) of Section 19 of this Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-756, eff. 8-12-16; 99-757, eff. 8-12-16; 16 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

17 (230 ILCS 5/26.8)

Sec. 26.8. Beginning on February 1, 2014 and through 18 December 31, 2018, each wagering licensee may impose a 19 surcharge of up to 0.5% on winning wagers and winnings from 20 21 wagers. The surcharge shall be deducted from winnings prior to 22 payout. All amounts collected from the imposition of this surcharge shall be evenly distributed to the organization 23 24 licensee and the purse account of the organization licensee with which the licensee is affiliated. The amounts distributed 25

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under this Section shall be in addition to the amounts paid pursuant to paragraph (10) of subsection (h) of Section 26, Section 26.3, Section 26.4, Section 26.5, and Section 26.7. (Source: P.A. 98-624, eff. 1-29-14; 99-756, eff. 8-12-16.)

5 (230 ILCS 5/26.9)

6 Sec. 26.9. Beginning on February 1, 2014 and through December 31, 2018, in addition to the surcharge imposed in 7 Sections 26.3, 26.4, 26.5, 26.7, and 26.8 of this Act, each 8 9 licensee shall impose a surcharge of 0.2% on winning wagers and 10 winnings from wagers. The surcharge shall be deducted from 11 winnings prior to payout. All amounts collected from the 12 surcharges imposed under this Section shall be remitted to the Board. From amounts collected under this Section, the Board 13 14 shall deposit an amount not to exceed \$100,000 annually into 15 the Quarter Horse Purse Fund and all remaining amounts into the 16 Horse Racing Fund.

17 (Source: P.A. 98-624, eff. 1-29-14; 99-756, eff. 8-12-16.)

18 (230 ILCS 5/27) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-27)

Sec. 27. (a) In addition to the organization license fee provided by this Act, until January 1, 2000, a graduated privilege tax is hereby imposed for conducting the pari-mutuel system of wagering permitted under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, all of the breakage of each racing day held by any

licensee in the State shall be paid to the State. Until January 1 1, 2000, such daily graduated privilege tax shall be paid by 2 3 the licensee from the amount permitted to be retained under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, each day's graduated privilege 4 5 tax, breakage, and Horse Racing Tax Allocation funds shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the 6 7 close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within 8 such other time as the Board prescribes. The privilege tax 9 hereby imposed, until January 1, 2000, shall be a flat tax at 10 the rate of 2% of the daily pari-mutuel handle except as 11 provided in Section 27.1.

12 In addition, every organization licensee, except as provided in Section 27.1 of this Act, which conducts multiple 13 wagering shall pay, until January 1, 2000, as a privilege tax 14 15 on multiple wagers an amount equal to 1.25% of all moneys 16 wagered each day on such multiple wagers, plus an additional 17 amount equal to 3.5% of the amount wagered each day on any other multiple wager which involves a single betting interest 18 on 3 or more horses. The licensee shall remit the amount of 19 20 such taxes to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after 21 the close of the racing day on which it is assessed or within 22 such other time as the Board prescribes.

This subsection (a) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

25 (a-5) Beginning on January 1, 2000, a flat pari-mutuel tax
26 at the rate of 1.5% of the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed

at all pari-mutuel wagering facilities and on advance deposit 1 2 wagering from a location other than a wagering facility, except 3 as otherwise provided for in this subsection (a-5). In addition to the pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance deposit wagering 4 5 pursuant to this subsection (a-5), beginning on August 24, 2012 (the effective date of Public Act 97-1060) and through December 6 7 31, 2018, an additional pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 0.25% 8 shall be imposed on advance deposit wagering. Until August 25, 9 2012, the additional 0.25% pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance 10 deposit wagering by Public Act 96-972 shall be deposited into the Quarter Horse Purse Fund, which shall be created as a 11 12 non-appropriated trust fund administered by the Board for 13 grants to thoroughbred organization licensees for payment of 14 purses for quarter horse races conducted by the organization licensee. Beginning on August 26, 2012, the additional 0.25% 15 16 pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance deposit wagering shall be 17 deposited into the Standardbred Purse Fund, which shall be created as a non-appropriated trust fund administered by the 18 Board, for grants to the standardbred organization licensees 19 20 for payment of purses for standardbred horse races conducted by 21 the organization licensee. Thoroughbred organization licensees 22 may petition the Board to conduct quarter horse racing and 23 receive purse grants from the Quarter Horse Purse Fund. The Board shall have complete discretion in distributing the 24 Quarter Horse Purse Fund to the petitioning organization 25 licensees. Beginning on July 26, 2010 (the effective date of 26

Public Act 96-1287), a pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 0.75% of 1 2 the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed at a pari-mutuel facility whose license is derived from a track located in a 3 county that borders the Mississippi River and conducted live 4 5 racing in the previous year. The pari-mutuel tax imposed by this subsection (a-5) shall be remitted to the Department of 6 7 Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board 8 9 prescribes.

10 <u>(a-10) Beginning on the date when an organization licensee</u> 11 <u>begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic</u> 12 <u>gaming license, the following pari-mutuel tax is imposed upon</u> 13 <u>an organization licensee on Illinois races at the licensee's</u> 14 <u>race track:</u>

15 <u>1.5% of the pari-mutuel handle at or below the average</u>
 16 <u>daily pari-mutuel handle for 2011.</u>

17 <u>2% of the pari-mutuel handle above the average daily</u> 18 <u>pari-mutuel handle for 2011 up to 125% of the average daily</u> 19 <u>pari-mutuel handle for 2011.</u>

20 <u>2.5% of the pari-mutuel handle 125% or more above the</u>
21 <u>average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2011 up to 150% of the</u>
22 <u>average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2011.</u>

233% of the pari-mutuel handle 150% or more above the24average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2011 up to 175% of the25average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2011.

26 <u>3.5% of the pari-mutuel handle 175% or more above the</u>

average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2011.
The pari-mutuel tax imposed by this subsection (a-10) shall
be remitted to the Board within 48 hours after the close of the
racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time
as the Board prescribes.

6 (b) On or before December 31, 1999, in the event that any 7 organization licensee conducts 2 separate programs of races on 8 any day, each such program shall be considered a separate 9 racing day for purposes of determining the daily handle and 10 computing the privilege tax on such daily handle as provided in 11 subsection (a) of this Section.

12 (c) Licensees shall at all times keep accurate books and 13 records of all monies wagered on each day of a race meeting and 14 of the taxes paid to the Department of Revenue under the provisions of this Section. The Board or its duly authorized 15 16 representative or representatives shall at all reasonable 17 times have access to such records for the purpose of examining and checking the same and ascertaining whether the proper 18 amount of taxes is being paid as provided. The Board shall 19 20 require verified reports and a statement of the total of all 21 monies wagered daily at each wagering facility upon which the 22 taxes are assessed and may prescribe forms upon which such 23 reports and statement shall be made.

24 (d) <u>Before a license is issued or re-issued, the licensee</u>
25 <u>shall post a bond in the sum of \$500,000 to the State of</u>
26 <u>Illinois. The bond shall be used to guarantee that the licensee</u>

1	faithfully makes the payments, keeps the books and records and
2	makes reports, and conducts games of chance in conformity with
3	this Act and the rules adopted by the Board. The bond shall not
4	be canceled by a surety on less than 30 days' notice in writing
5	to the Board. If a bond is canceled and the licensee fails to
6	file a new bond with the Board in the required amount on or
7	before the effective date of cancellation, the licensee's
8	license shall be revoked. The total and aggregate liability of
9	the surety on the bond is limited to the amount specified in
10	the bond. Any licensee failing or refusing to pay the amount of
11	any tax due under this Section shall be guilty of a business
12	offense and upon conviction shall be fined not more than \$5,000
13	in addition to the amount found due as tax under this Section.
14	Each day's violation shall constitute a separate offense. All
15	fines paid into Court by a licensee hereunder shall be
16	transmitted and paid over by the Clerk of the Court to the
17	Board.

(e) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax, or
racing fee, except as provided in this Act, shall be assessed
or collected from any such licensee by the State.

(f) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax or racing fee shall be assessed or collected from any such licensee by units of local government except as provided in paragraph 10.1 of subsection (h) and subsection (f) of Section 26 of this Act. However, any municipality that has a Board licensed horse race meeting at a race track wholly within its

corporate boundaries or a township that has a Board licensed 1 2 horse race meeting at a race track wholly within the 3 unincorporated area of the township may charge a local amusement tax not to exceed 10¢ per admission to such horse 4 5 race meeting by the enactment of an ordinance. However, any municipality or county that has a Board licensed inter-track 6 7 location facility wholly within its corporate wagering 8 boundaries may each impose an admission fee not to exceed \$1.00 9 per admission to such inter-track wagering location facility, 10 so that a total of not more than \$2.00 per admission may be 11 imposed. Except as provided in subparagraph (g) of Section 27 12 of this Act, the inter-track wagering location licensee shall 13 collect any and all such fees and within 48 hours remit the 14 fees to the Board as the Board prescribes, which shall, 15 pursuant to rule, cause the fees to be distributed to the 16 county or municipality.

17 (q) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, if in any calendar year the total taxes and fees from 18 19 wagering on live racing and from inter-track wagering required 20 to be collected from licensees and distributed under this Act to all State and local governmental authorities exceeds the 21 22 amount of such taxes and fees distributed to each State and 23 local governmental authority to which each State and local governmental authority was entitled under this Act for calendar 24 25 year 1994, then the first \$11 million of that excess amount 26 shall be allocated at the earliest possible date for

distribution as purse money for the succeeding calendar year. Upon reaching the 1994 level, and until the excess amount of taxes and fees exceeds \$11 million, the Board shall direct all licensees to cease paying the subject taxes and fees and the Board shall direct all licensees to allocate any such excess amount for purses as follows:

7 (i) the excess amount shall be initially divided
8 between thoroughbred and standardbred purses based on the
9 thoroughbred's and standardbred's respective percentages
10 of total Illinois live wagering in calendar year 1994;

11 (ii) each thoroughbred and standardbred organization 12 licensee issued organization licensee an in that succeeding allocation year shall be allocated an amount 13 14 equal to the product of its percentage of total Illinois 15 live thoroughbred or standardbred wagering in calendar 16 year 1994 (the total to be determined based on the sum of 17 1994 on-track wagering for all organization licensees issued organization licenses in both the allocation year 18 19 and the preceding year) multiplied by the total amount 20 allocated for standardbred or thoroughbred purses, provided that the first \$1,500,000 of the amount allocated 21 22 to standardbred purses under item (i) shall be allocated to 23 the Department of Agriculture to be expended with the 24 assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred 25 Breeders Funds Advisory Board for the purposes listed in 26 subsection (q) of Section 31 of this Act, before the amount

allocated to standardbred purses under item (i) is
 allocated to standardbred organization licensees in the
 succeeding allocation year.

To the extent the excess amount of taxes and fees to be collected and distributed to State and local governmental authorities exceeds \$11 million, that excess amount shall be collected and distributed to State and local authorities as provided for under this Act.

9 (Source: P.A. 98-18, eff. 6-7-13; 98-624, eff. 1-29-14; 99-756,
10 eff. 8-12-16.)

11 (230 ILCS 5/30) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-30)

12 Sec. 30. (a) The General Assembly declares that it is the 13 policy of this State to encourage the breeding of thoroughbred 14 horses in this State and the ownership of such horses by 15 residents of this State in order to provide for: sufficient 16 numbers of high quality thoroughbred horses to participate in thoroughbred racing meetings in this State, and to establish 17 18 and preserve the agricultural and commercial benefits of such breeding and racing industries to the State of Illinois. It is 19 20 the intent of the General Assembly to further this policy by 21 the provisions of this Act.

(b) Each organization licensee conducting a thoroughbred racing meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide at least two races each day limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses or Illinois foaled horses or both. A minimum of 6 races shall be conducted each week limited to Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horses or both. No horses shall be permitted to start in such races unless duly registered under the rules of the Department of Agriculture.

5 (c) Conditions of races under subsection (b) shall be 6 commensurate with past performance, quality, and class of 7 Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses 8 available. If, however, sufficient competition cannot be had 9 among horses of that class on any day, the races may, with 10 consent of the Board, be eliminated for that day and substitute 11 races provided.

12 (d) There is hereby created a special fund of the State 13 Treasury to be known as the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders 14 Fund.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall become a non-appropriated trust fund held separately from State moneys. Expenditures from this Fund shall no longer be subject to appropriation.

Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, 8.5% of all the monies received by the State as privilege taxes on Thoroughbred racing meetings shall be paid into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.

24 <u>Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,</u>
25 <u>amounts deposited into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund</u>
26 <u>from revenues generated by electronic gaming after the</u>

<u>effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General</u> <u>Assembly shall be in addition to tax and fee amounts paid under</u> this Section for calendar year 2018 and thereafter.

4 (e) The Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be
5 administered by the Department of Agriculture with the advice
6 and assistance of the Advisory Board created in subsection (f)
7 of this Section.

8 (f) The Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board 9 shall consist of the Director of the Department of Agriculture, 10 who shall serve as Chairman; a member of the Illinois Racing 11 Board, designated by it; 2 representatives of the organization 12 licensees conducting thoroughbred racing meetings, recommended by them; 2 representatives of the Illinois Thoroughbred 13 14 Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by it; one 15 representative and 2 representatives of the Horsemen's 16 Benevolent Protective Association; and one representative from 17 the Illinois Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association or any successor organization established in Illinois comprised of 18 19 the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by it, 20 with one representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association to come from its Illinois Division, and 21 22 one from its Chicago Division. Advisory Board members shall 23 serve for 2 years commencing January 1 of each odd numbered organization 24 vear. If representatives of the licensees 25 conducting thoroughbred racing meetings, the Illinois 26 Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, and the

Horsemen's Benevolent Protection Association, and the Illinois 1 2 Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association have not been recommended by January 1, of each odd numbered year, the Director of the 3 Department of Agriculture shall make an appointment for the 4 5 organization failing to so recommend a member of the Advisory Board. Advisory Board members shall receive no compensation for 6 7 their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all 8 actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the execution of their official duties. 9

10 (g) No monies shall be expended from the Illinois 11 Thoroughbred Breeders Fund except as appropriated by the 12 General Assembly. Monies <u>expended</u> appropriated from the 13 Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be expended by the 14 Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of 15 the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, for the 16 following purposes only:

17 (1) To provide purse supplements to owners of horses participating in races limited to Illinois conceived and 18 foaled and Illinois foaled horses. Any such purse 19 20 supplements shall not be included in and shall be paid in addition to any purses, stakes, or breeders' awards offered 21 22 by each organization licensee as determined by agreement 23 between such organization licensee and an organization representing the horsemen. No monies from the Illinois 24 25 Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be used to provide purse 26 supplements for claiming races in which the minimum

1 claiming price is less than \$7,500.

2 (2) To provide stakes and awards to be paid to the 3 owners of the winning horses in certain races limited to 4 Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses 5 designated as stakes races.

6 (2.5) To provide an award to the owner or owners of an 7 Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horse that 8 wins a maiden special weight, an allowance, overnight 9 handicap race, or claiming race with claiming price of 10 \$10,000 or more providing the race is not restricted to 11 Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horses. 12 Awards shall also be provided to the owner or owners of Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses 13 14 that place second or third in those races. To the extent 15 that additional moneys are required to pay the minimum 16 additional awards of 40% of the purse the horse earns for 17 placing first, second or third in those races for Illinois foaled horses and of 60% of the purse the horse earns for 18 19 placing first, second or third in those races for Illinois 20 conceived and foaled horses, those moneys shall be provided 21 from the purse account at the track where earned.

(3) To provide stallion awards to the owner or owners
 of any stallion that is duly registered with the Illinois
 Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Program prior to the effective
 date of this amendatory Act of 1995 whose duly registered
 Illinois conceived and foaled offspring wins a race

1 conducted at an Illinois thoroughbred racing meeting other 2 than a claiming race, provided that the stallion stood 3 service within Illinois at the time the offspring was conceived and that the stallion did not stand for service 4 5 outside of Illinois at any time during the year in which 6 the offspring was conceived. Such award shall not be paid 7 to the owner or owners of an Illinois stallion that served 8 outside this State at any time during the calendar year in 9 which such race was conducted.

10 (4) To provide \$75,000 annually for purses to be 11 distributed to county fairs that provide for the running of 12 during each county fair exclusively for races the thoroughbreds conceived and foaled in Illinois. 13 The 14 conditions of the races shall be developed by the county 15 fair association and reviewed by the Department with the 16 advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board. There shall be no wagering of 17 any kind on the running of Illinois conceived and foaled 18 19 races at county fairs.

20 (4.1) To provide purse money for an Illinois stallion
 21 stakes program.

(5) No less than <u>90%</u> 80% of all monies appropriated
from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be
expended for the purposes in (1), (2), (2.5), (3), (4),
(4.1), and (5) as shown above.

26

(6) To provide for educational programs regarding the

- 1 thoroughbred breeding industry.
- 2

(7) To provide for research programs concerning the health, development and care of the thoroughbred horse.

3 4

5

(8) To provide for a scholarship and training program for students of equine veterinary medicine.

6 (9) To provide for dissemination of public information 7 designed to promote the breeding of thoroughbred horses in 8 Illinois.

9 (10) To provide for all expenses incurred in the 10 administration of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.

11 (h) The Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund is not subject 12 to administrative charges or chargebacks, including, but not 13 limited to, those authorized under Section 8h of the State Finance Act. Whenever the Governor finds that the amount in the 14 15 Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund is more than the total of 16 the outstanding appropriations from such fund, the Governor 17 shall notify the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer of such fact. The Comptroller and the State Treasurer, upon 18 receipt of such notification, shall transfer such excess amount 19 20 from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund to the General Revenue Fund. 21

(i) <u>A sum equal to 13% of the first prize money of every</u>
 <u>purse won by an Illinois foaled or Illinois conceived and</u>
 <u>foaled horse in races not limited to Illinois foaled horses or</u>
 <u>Illinois conceived and foaled horses, or both, shall be paid by</u>
 <u>the organization licensee conducting the horse race meeting.</u>

1	Such sum shall be paid 50% from the organization licensee's
2	share of the money wagered and 50% from the purse account as
3	follows: 11 1/2% to the breeder of the winning horse and 1 1/2%
4	to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and
5	owners who representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred
6	Breeders Fund Advisory Board for verifying the amounts of
7	breeders' awards earned, ensuring their distribution in
8	accordance with this Act, and servicing and promoting the
9	Illinois thoroughbred horse racing industry. Beginning in the
10	calendar year in which an organization licensee that is
11	eligible to receive payments under paragraph (13) of subsection
12	(g) of Section 26 of this Act begins to receive funds from
13	electronic gaming, a sum equal to 21 1/2% of the first prize
14	money of every purse won by an Illinois foaled or an Illinois
15	conceived and foaled horse in races not limited to an Illinois
16	conceived and foaled horse, or both, shall be paid 30% from the
17	organization licensee's account and 70% from the purse account
18	as follows: 20% to the breeder of the winning horse and 1 $1/2$ %
19	to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and
20	owners whose representatives serves on the Illinois
21	Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for verifying the
22	amounts of breeders' awards earned, ensuring their
23	distribution in accordance with this Act, and servicing and
24	promoting the Illinois Thoroughbred racing industry. A sum
25	equal to 12 1/2% of the first prize money of every purse won by
26	an Illinois foaled or an Illinois conceived and foaled horse in

races not limited to Illinois foaled horses or Illinois 1 2 conceived and foaled horses, or both, shall be paid by the organization licensee conducting the horse race meeting. Such 3 sum shall be paid from the organization licensee's share of the 4 5 money wagered as follows: 11 1/2% to the breeder of the winning 6 horse and 18 -to the organization representing thoroughbred 7 breeders and owners whose representative serves on the Illinois 8 Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for verifying the 9 amounts of breeders' awards earned, assuring their 10 distribution in accordance with this Act, and servicing and 11 promoting the Illinois thoroughbred horse racing industry. The 12 organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners 13 shall cause all expenditures of monies received under this subsection (i) to be audited at least annually by a registered 14 15 public accountant. The organization shall file copies of each 16 annual audit with the Racing Board, the Clerk of the House of 17 Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate, and shall make copies of each annual audit available to the public upon 18 request and upon payment of the reasonable cost of photocopying 19 20 the requested number of copies. Such payments shall not reduce any award to the owner of the horse or reduce the taxes payable 21 22 under this Act. Upon completion of its racing meet, each 23 organization licensee shall deliver to the organization 24 representing thoroughbred breeders and owners whose representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders 25 Fund Advisory Board a listing of all the Illinois foaled and 26

the Illinois conceived and foaled horses which won breeders' awards and the amount of such breeders' awards under this subsection to verify accuracy of payments and assure proper distribution of breeders' awards in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Such payments shall be delivered by the organization licensee within 30 days of the end of each race meeting.

(j) A sum equal to 13% of the first prize money won in 8 9 every race limited to Illinois foaled horses or Illinois conceived and foaled horses, or both, shall be paid in the 10 11 following manner by the organization licensee conducting the 12 horse race meeting, 50% from the organization licensee's share 13 of the money wagered and 50% from the purse account as follows: 14 11 1/2% to the breeders of the horses in each such race which are the official first, second, third, and fourth finishers and 15 16 1 1/2% to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders 17 and owners whose representatives serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for verifying the 18 amounts of breeders' awards earned, ensuring their proper 19 20 distribution in accordance with this Act, and servicing and 21 promoting the Illinois horse racing industry. Beginning in the 22 calendar year in which an organization licensee that is 23 eligible to receive payments under paragraph (13) of subsection 24 (g) of Section 26 of this Act begins to receive funds from 25 electronic gaming, a sum of 21 1/2% of every purse in a race limited to Illinois foaled horses or Illinois conceived and 26

1	foaled horses, or both, shall be paid by the organization
2	licensee conducting the horse race meeting. Such sum shall be
3	paid 30% from the organization licensee's account and 70% from
4	the purse account as follows: 20% to the breeders of the horses
5	in each such race who are official first, second, third and
6	fourth finishers and 1 1/2% to the organization representing
7	thoroughbred breeders and owners whose representatives serve
8	on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for
9	verifying the amounts of breeders' awards earned, ensuring
10	their proper distribution in accordance with this Act, and
11	servicing and promoting the Illinois thoroughbred horse racing
12	industry. The organization representing thoroughbred breeders
13	and owners shall cause all expenditures of moneys received
14	under this subsection (j) to be audited at least annually by a
15	registered public accountant. The organization shall file
16	copies of each annual audit with the Racing Board, the Clerk of
17	the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate,
18	and shall make copies of each annual audit available to the
19	public upon request and upon payment of the reasonable cost of
20	photocopying the requested number of copies. A sum equal to 12
21	1/2% of the first prize money won in each race limited to
22	Illinois foaled horses or Illinois conceived and foaled horses,
23	or both, shall be paid in the following manner by the
24	organization licensee conducting the horse race meeting, from
25	the organization licensee's share of the money wagered: 11 1/2%
26	to the breeders of the horses in each such race which are the

official first, second, third and fourth finishers and 1% to 1 2 the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners whose representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred 3 Breeders Fund Advisory Board for verifying the amounts of 4 5 breeders' awards earned, assuring their proper distribution in 6 accordance with this Act, and servicing and promoting the 7 Illinois thoroughbred horse racing industry. The organization 8 representing thoroughbred breeders and owners shall cause all expenditures of monies received under this subsection (j) to be 9 10 audited at least annually by a registered public accountant. 11 The organization shall file copies of each annual audit with 12 the Racing Board, the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate, and shall make copies of 13 -each annual audit available to the public upon request and upon 14 15 payment of the reasonable cost of photocopying the requested 16 number of copies. 17 The amounts $\frac{11 + 1/2}{2}$ paid to the breeders in accordance with this subsection shall be distributed as follows: 18 19 (1) 60% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the horse which finishes in the official first position; 20

(2) 20% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the
horse which finishes in the official second position;

(3) 15% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of thehorse which finishes in the official third position; and

(4) 5% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the
horse which finishes in the official fourth position.

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Such payments shall not reduce any award to the owners of a 1 horse or reduce the taxes payable under this Act. 2 Upon 3 completion of its racing meet, each organization licensee shall deliver to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders 4 5 and owners whose representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board a listing of all the 6 7 Illinois foaled and the Illinois conceived and foaled horses which won breeders' awards and the amount of such breeders' 8 9 awards in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Such 10 payments shall be delivered by the organization licensee within 11 30 days of the end of each race meeting.

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12 (k) The term "breeder", as used herein, means the owner of 13 the mare at the time the foal is dropped. An "Illinois foaled 14 horse" is a foal dropped by a mare which enters this State on 15 or before December 1, in the year in which the horse is bred, 16 provided the mare remains continuously in this State until its 17 foal is born. An "Illinois foaled horse" also means a foal born of a mare in the same year as the mare enters this State on or 18 19 before March 1, and remains in this State at least 30 days 20 after foaling, is bred back during the season of the foaling to 21 an Illinois Registered Stallion (unless a veterinarian 22 certifies that the mare should not be bred for health reasons), 23 and is not bred to a stallion standing in any other state during the season of foaling. An "Illinois foaled horse" also 24 25 means a foal born in Illinois of a mare purchased at public 26 auction subsequent to the mare entering this State on or before

March 1 prior to February 1 of the foaling year providing the mare is owned solely by one or more Illinois residents or an Illinois entity that is entirely owned by one or more Illinois residents.

5 (1) The Department of Agriculture shall, by rule, with the
6 advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders
7 Fund Advisory Board:

8 (1) Qualify stallions for Illinois breeding; such 9 stallions to stand for service within the State of Illinois 10 at the time of a foal's conception. Such stallion must not 11 stand for service at any place outside the State of 12 Illinois during the calendar year in which the foal is conceived. The Department of Agriculture may assess and 13 14 collect an application fee of up to \$500 fees for the 15 registration of Illinois-eligible stallions. All fees 16 collected are to be held in trust accounts for the purposes 17 set forth in this Act and in accordance with Section 205-15 18 of the Department of Agriculture Law paid into the Illinois 19 Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.

20 (2) Provide for the registration of Illinois conceived and foaled horses and Illinois foaled horses. No such horse 21 22 shall compete in the races limited to Illinois conceived 23 and foaled horses or Illinois foaled horses or both unless 24 registered with the Department of Agriculture. The 25 Department of Agriculture may prescribe such forms as are 26 necessary to determine the eligibility of such horses. The

1 Department of Agriculture may assess and collect 2 application fees for the registration of Illinois-eligible 3 foals. All fees collected are to be held in trust accounts for the purposes set forth in this Act and in accordance 4 5 with Section 205-15 of the Department of Agriculture Law paid into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund. No 6 7 person shall knowingly prepare or cause preparation of an 8 application for registration of such foals containing 9 false information.

10 (m) The Department of Agriculture, with the advice and 11 assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory 12 Board, shall provide that certain races limited to Illinois 13 conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses be stakes races 14 and determine the total amount of stakes and awards to be paid 15 to the owners of the winning horses in such races.

16 In determining the stakes races and the amount of awards 17 for such races, the Department of Agriculture shall consider factors, including but not limited to, the amount of money 18 19 appropriated for the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund 20 program, organization licensees' contributions, availability 21 of stakes caliber horses as demonstrated by past performances, 22 whether the race can be coordinated into the proposed racing 23 dates within organization licensees' racing dates, opportunity for colts and fillies and various age groups to race, public 24 25 wagering on such races, and the previous racing schedule.

(n) The Board and the organizational licensee shall notify

26

the Department of the conditions and minimum purses for races 1 2 limited to Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled 3 horses conducted for each organizational licensee conducting a thoroughbred racing meeting. The Department of Agriculture 4 5 with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board may allocate monies for purse 6 7 supplements for such races. In determining whether to allocate 8 money and the amount, the Department of Agriculture shall 9 consider factors, including but not limited to, the amount of 10 money appropriated for the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund 11 program, the number of races that may occur, and the 12 organizational licensee's purse structure.

13 (o) (Blank).

14 (Source: P.A. 98-692, eff. 7-1-14.)

15 (230 ILCS 5/30.5)

16 Sec. 30.5. Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund.

(a) The General Assembly declares that it is the policy of 17 18 this State to encourage the breeding of racing quarter horses 19 in this State and the ownership of such horses by residents of 20 this State in order to provide for sufficient numbers of high 21 quality racing quarter horses in this State and to establish 22 and preserve the agricultural and commercial benefits of such breeding and racing industries to the State of Illinois. It is 23 24 the intent of the General Assembly to further this policy by 25 the provisions of this Act.

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There is hereby created non-appropriated trust a 1 (b) 2 special fund in the State Treasury to be known as the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund, which is held separately 3 from State moneys. Except as provided in subsection (q) of 4 5 Section 27 of this Act, 8.5% of all the moneys received by the State as pari-mutuel taxes on quarter horse racing shall be 6 7 paid into the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund. The 8 Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund shall not be 9 subject to administrative charges or chargebacks, including, 10 but not limited to, those authorized under Section 8h of the 11 State Finance Act.

12 (c) The Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund shall 13 be administered by the Department of Agriculture with the 14 advice and assistance of the Advisory Board created in 15 subsection (d) of this Section.

16 (d) The Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund 17 Advisory Board shall consist of the Director of the Department of Agriculture, who shall serve as Chairman; a member of the 18 19 Illinois Racing Board, designated by it; one representative of 20 the organization licensees conducting pari-mutuel quarter 21 horse racing meetings, recommended by them; 2 representatives 22 of the Illinois Running Quarter Horse Association, recommended 23 by it; and the Superintendent of Fairs and Promotions from the 24 Department of Agriculture. Advisory Board members shall serve 25 for 2 years commencing January 1 of each odd numbered year. If 26 representatives have not been recommended by January 1 of each

1 odd numbered year, the Director of the Department of 2 Agriculture may make an appointment for the organization 3 failing to so recommend a member of the Advisory Board. 4 Advisory Board members shall receive no compensation for their 5 services as members but may be reimbursed for all actual and 6 necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the execution 7 of their official duties.

8 (e) <u>Moneys in</u> No moneys shall be expended from the Illinois 9 Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund except as appropriated by 10 the General Assembly. Moneys appropriated from the Illinois 11 Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund shall be expended by the 12 Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of 13 the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund Advisory Board, 14 for the following purposes only:

15 (1) To provide stakes and awards to be paid to the 16 owners of the winning horses in certain races. This 17 provision is limited to Illinois conceived and foaled 18 horses.

19 (2) To provide an award to the owner or owners of an
 20 Illinois conceived and foaled horse that wins a race when
 21 pari-mutuel wagering is conducted; providing the race is
 22 not restricted to Illinois conceived and foaled horses.

23 (3) To provide purse money for an Illinois stallion24 stakes program.

(4) To provide for purses to be distributed for the
 running of races during the Illinois State Fair and the

DuQuoin State Fair exclusively for quarter horses
 conceived and foaled in Illinois.

3 (5) To provide for purses to be distributed for the 4 running of races at Illinois county fairs exclusively for 5 quarter horses conceived and foaled in Illinois.

6 (6) To provide for purses to be distributed for running 7 races exclusively for quarter horses conceived and foaled 8 in Illinois at locations in Illinois determined by the 9 Department of Agriculture with advice and consent of the 10 Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund Advisory 11 Board.

12 (7) No less than 90% of all moneys appropriated from 13 the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund shall be 14 expended for the purposes in items (1), (2), (3), (4), and 15 (5) of this subsection (e).

16 (8) To provide for research programs concerning the17 health, development, and care of racing quarter horses.

18 (9) To provide for dissemination of public information
19 designed to promote the breeding of racing quarter horses
20 in Illinois.

(10) To provide for expenses incurred in the
 administration of the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse
 Breeders Fund.

(f) The Department of Agriculture shall, by rule, with the
advice and assistance of the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse
Breeders Fund Advisory Board:

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(1) Qualify stallions for Illinois breeding; such 1 2 stallions to stand for service within the State of 3 Illinois, at the time of a foal's conception. Such stallion must not stand for service at any place outside the State 4 5 of Illinois during the calendar year in which the foal is conceived. The Department of Agriculture may assess and 6 for the 7 application fees registration collect of 8 Illinois-eligible stallions. All fees collected are to be 9 paid into the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund.

10 (2) Provide for the registration of Illinois conceived 11 and foaled horses. No such horse shall compete in the races 12 limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses unless it 13 is registered with the Department of Agriculture. The 14 Department of Agriculture may prescribe such forms as are 15 necessary to determine the eligibility of such horses. The 16 Department of Agriculture may assess and collect 17 application fees for the registration of Illinois-eligible foals. All fees collected are to be paid into the Illinois 18 19 Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund. No person shall 20 knowingly prepare or cause preparation of an application 21 for registration of such foals that contains false 22 information.

(g) The Department of Agriculture, with the advice and
 assistance of the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund
 Advisory Board, shall provide that certain races limited to
 Illinois conceived and foaled be stakes races and determine the

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1 total amount of stakes and awards to be paid to the owners of 2 the winning horses in such races.

3 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)

4 (230 ILCS 5/31) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-31)

5 Sec. 31. (a) The General Assembly declares that it is the 6 policy of this State to encourage the breeding of standardbred 7 horses in this State and the ownership of such horses by 8 residents of this State in order to provide for: sufficient 9 numbers of high quality standardbred horses to participate in 10 harness racing meetings in this State, and to establish and 11 preserve the agricultural and commercial benefits of such 12 breeding and racing industries to the State of Illinois. It is the intent of the General Assembly to further this policy by 13 14 the provisions of this Section of this Act.

15 (b) Each organization licensee conducting a harness racing 16 meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide for at least two 17 races each race program limited to Illinois conceived and 18 foaled horses. A minimum of 6 races shall be conducted each 19 week limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses. No horses 20 shall be permitted to start in such races unless duly 21 registered under the rules of the Department of Agriculture.

22 (b-5) Organization licensees, not including the Illinois 23 State Fair or the DuQuoin State Fair, shall provide stake races 24 and early closer races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses 25 so that purses distributed for such races shall be no less than <u>17% of total purses distributed for harness racing in that</u>
 <u>calendar year in addition to any stakes payments and starting</u>
 fees contributed by horse owners.

4 <u>(b-10) Each organization licensee conducting a harness</u> 5 racing meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide an owner 6 award to be paid from the purse account equal to 25% of the 7 amount earned by Illinois conceived and foaled horses in races 8 that are not restricted to Illinois conceived and foaled 9 horses. The owner awards shall not be paid on races below the 10 \$10,000 claiming class.

(c) Conditions of races under subsection (b) shall be commensurate with past performance, quality and class of Illinois conceived and foaled horses available. If, however, sufficient competition cannot be had among horses of that class on any day, the races may, with consent of the Board, be eliminated for that day and substitute races provided.

17 (d) There is hereby created a special fund of the State
18 Treasury to be known as the Illinois Standardbred Breeders
19 Fund.

During the calendar year 1981, and each year thereafter, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, eight and one-half per cent of all the monies received by the State as privilege taxes on harness racing meetings shall be paid into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund.

(e) The Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall beadministered by the Department of Agriculture with the

1 assistance and advice of the Advisory Board created in 2 subsection (f) of this Section.

(f) The Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board 3 is hereby created. The Advisory Board shall consist of the 4 5 Director of the Department of Agriculture, who shall serve as Chairman; the Superintendent of the Illinois State Fair; a 6 7 member of the Illinois Racing Board, designated by it; a 8 representative of the largest association of Illinois 9 standardbred owners and breeders, recommended by it; a statewide association representing 10 representative of а 11 agricultural fairs in Illinois, recommended by it, such 12 representative to be from a fair at which Illinois conceived 13 and foaled racing is conducted; a representative of the 14 organization licensees conducting harness racing meetings, 15 recommended by them; a representative of the Breeder's 16 Committee of the association representing the largest number of standardbred owners, breeders, trainers, caretakers, and 17 drivers, recommended by it; and a representative of 18 the association representing the largest number of standardbred 19 breeders, trainers, caretakers, and 20 owners, drivers, recommended by it. Advisory Board members shall serve for 2 21 22 years commencing January 1 of each odd numbered year. If 23 representatives of the largest association of Illinois standardbred owners and breeders, a statewide association of 24 25 agricultural fairs in Illinois, the association representing 26 the largest number of standardbred owners, breeders, trainers,

caretakers, and drivers, a member of the Breeder's Committee of 1 2 the of association representing the largest number 3 standardbred owners, breeders, trainers, caretakers, and drivers, and the organization licensees conducting harness 4 5 racing meetings have not been recommended by January 1 of each Director of the 6 odd numbered year, the Department of 7 Agriculture shall make an appointment for the organization 8 failing to so recommend a member of the Advisory Board. 9 Advisory Board members shall receive no compensation for their 10 services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and 11 necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the execution 12 of their official duties.

13 No monies shall be expended from the Illinois (q) 14 Standardbred Breeders Fund except as appropriated by the 15 General Assembly. Monies appropriated from the Illinois 16 Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be expended by the Department 17 of Agriculture, with the assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for the following 18 19 purposes only:

To provide purses for races limited to Illinois
 conceived and foaled horses at the State Fair <u>and the</u>
 <u>DuQuoin State Fair</u>.

23 2. To provide purses for races limited to Illinois24 conceived and foaled horses at county fairs.

3. To provide purse supplements for races limited toIllinois conceived and foaled horses conducted by

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associations conducting harness racing meetings.

4. No less than 75% of all monies in the Illinois
Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be expended for purses in
1, 2 and 3 as shown above.

5 5. In the discretion of the Department of Agriculture to provide awards to harness breeders of Illinois conceived 6 7 and foaled horses which win races conducted by organization 8 licensees conducting harness racing meetings. A breeder is 9 the owner of a mare at the time of conception. No more than 10 10% of all monies appropriated from the Illinois 11 Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be expended for such 12 harness breeders awards. No more than 25% of the amount 13 expended for harness breeders awards shall be expended for 14 expenses incurred in the administration of such harness 15 breeders awards.

16 6. To pay for the improvement of racing facilities
17 located at the State Fair and County fairs.

18 7. To pay the expenses incurred in the administration19 of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund.

8. To promote the sport of harness racing, including
grants up to a maximum of \$7,500 per fair per year for
conducting pari-mutuel wagering during the advertised
dates of a county fair.

24 <u>9. To pay up to \$50,000 annually for the Department of</u>
 25 <u>Agriculture to conduct drug testing at county fairs racing</u>
 26 <u>standardbred horses.</u>

(h) (Blank) Whenever the Governor finds that the amount in 1 the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund is more than the total 2 of the outstanding appropriations from such fund, the Governor 3 shall notify the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer of 4 5 such fact. The Comptroller and the State Treasurer, upon receipt of such notification, shall transfer such excess amount 6 7 from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund to the General 8 Revenue Fund.

9 (i) A sum equal to 13% $12 \cdot 1/2\%$ of the first prize money of the gross every purse won by an Illinois conceived and foaled 10 11 horse shall be paid 50% by the organization licensee conducting 12 the horse race meeting to the breeder of such winning horse from the organization licensee's account and 50% from the purse 13 14 account of the licensee share of the money wagered. Such 15 payment shall not reduce any award to the owner of the horse or 16 reduce the taxes payable under this Act. Such payment shall be 17 delivered by the organization licensee at the end of each 18 quarter race meeting.

(j) The Department of Agriculture shall, by rule, with the assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board:

Qualify stallions for Illinois Standardbred
 Breeders Fund breeding; such stallion shall be owned by a
 resident of the State of Illinois or by an Illinois
 corporation all of whose shareholders, directors, officers
 and incorporators are residents of the State of Illinois.

Such stallion shall stand for service at and within the 1 2 State of Illinois at the time of a foal's conception, and 3 such stallion must not stand for service at any place, nor may semen from such stallion be transported, outside the 4 State of Illinois during that calendar year in which the 5 6 foal is conceived and that the owner of the stallion was for the 12 months prior, a resident of Illinois. Foals 7 8 conceived outside the State of Illinois from shipped semen 9 from a stallion qualified for breeders' awards under this 10 Section are not eligible to participate in the Illinois 11 conceived and foaled program. The articles of agreement of 12 any partnership, joint venture, limited partnership, 13 association or corporation and any bylaws syndicate, and 14 stock certificates must contain a restriction that 15 provides that the ownership or transfer of interest by any 16 one of the persons a party to the agreement can only be 17 made to a person who qualifies as an Illinois resident.

2. Provide for the registration of Illinois conceived 18 19 and foaled horses and no such horse shall compete in the races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses 20 21 unless registered with the Department of Agriculture. The 22 Department of Agriculture may prescribe such forms as may 23 be necessary to determine the eligibility of such horses. 24 No person shall knowingly prepare or cause preparation of 25 an application for registration of such foals containing 26 false information. A mare (dam) must be in the state at

least 180 30 days prior to foaling or remain in the State 1 2 at least 30 days at the time of foaling. Beginning with the 3 1996 breeding season and for foals of 1997 and thereafter, a foal conceived in the State of Illinois by transported 4 5 fresh semen may be eligible for Illinois conceived and foaled registration provided all breeding and foaling 6 7 requirements are met. The stallion must be qualified for 8 Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund breeding at the time of 9 conception and the mare must be inseminated within the 10 State of Illinois. The foal must be dropped in Illinois and 11 properly registered with the Department of Agriculture in 12 accordance with this Act.

3. Provide that at least a 5 day racing program shall be conducted at the State Fair each year, which program shall include at least the following races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses: (a) a two year old Trot and Pace, and Filly Division of each; (b) a three year old Trot and Pace, and Filly Division of each; (c) an aged Trot and Pace, and Mare Division of each.

4. Provide for the payment of nominating, sustaining and starting fees for races promoting the sport of harness racing and for the races to be conducted at the State Fair as provided in subsection (j) 3 of this Section provided that the nominating, sustaining and starting payment required from an entrant shall not exceed 2% of the purse of such race. All nominating, sustaining and starting

payments shall be held for the benefit of entrants and shall be paid out as part of the respective purses for such races. Nominating, sustaining and starting fees shall be held in trust accounts for the purposes as set forth in this Act and in accordance with Section 205-15 of the Department of Agriculture Law (20 ILCS 205/205-15).

7 5. Provide for the registration with the Department of
8 Agriculture of Colt Associations or county fairs desiring
9 to sponsor races at county fairs.

6. Provide for the promotion of producing standardbred
 racehorses by providing a bonus award program for owners of
 2-year-old horses that win multiple major stakes races that
 are limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses.

14 (k) The Department of Agriculture, with the advice and 15 assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory 16 Board, may allocate monies for purse supplements for such 17 races. In determining whether to allocate money and the amount, of Agriculture shall consider 18 the Department factors, 19 including but not limited to, the amount of money appropriated 20 for the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund program, the number 21 of races that may occur, and an organizational licensee's purse 22 structure. The organizational licensee shall notify the 23 Department of Agriculture of the conditions and minimum purses for races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses to be 24 25 conducted by each organizational licensee conducting a harness 26 racing meeting for which purse supplements have been

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1 negotiated.

(1) All races held at county fairs and the State Fair which
receive funds from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund
shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the United
States Trotting Association unless otherwise modified by the
Department of Agriculture.

(m) At all standardbred race meetings held or conducted 7 8 under authority of a license granted by the Board, and at all 9 standardbred races held at county fairs which are approved by 10 the Department of Agriculture or at the Illinois or DuQuoin 11 State Fairs, no one shall jog, train, warm up or drive a 12 standardbred horse unless he or she is wearing a protective 13 safety helmet, with the chin strap fastened and in place, which 14 meets the standards and requirements as set forth in the 1984 15 Standard for Protective Headgear for Use in Harness Racing and 16 Other Equestrian Sports published by the Snell Memorial 17 Foundation, or any standards and requirements for headqear the Illinois Racing Board may approve. Any other standards and 18 19 requirements so approved by the Board shall equal or exceed 20 those published by the Snell Memorial Foundation. Any equestrian helmet bearing the Snell label shall be deemed to 21 22 have met those standards and requirements.

23 (Source: P.A. 99-756, eff. 8-12-16.)

24 (230 ILCS 5/32.1)

25 Sec. 32.1. Pari-mutuel tax credit; statewide racetrack

1 real estate equalization.

2 (a) In order to encourage new investment in Illinois 3 racetrack facilities and mitigate differing real estate tax burdens among all racetracks, the licensees affiliated or 4 5 associated with each racetrack that has been awarded live racing dates in the current year shall receive an immediate 6 7 pari-mutuel tax credit in an amount equal to the greater of (i) 8 50% of the amount of the real estate taxes paid in the prior 9 year attributable to that racetrack, or (ii) the amount by 10 which the real estate taxes paid in the prior year attributable 11 to that racetrack exceeds 60% of the average real estate taxes 12 paid in the prior year for all racetracks awarded live horse 13 racing meets in the current year.

14 Each year, regardless of whether the organization licensee 15 conducted live racing in the year of certification, the Board 16 shall certify in writing, prior to December 31, the real estate 17 taxes paid in that year for each racetrack and the amount of the pari-mutuel tax credit that each organization licensee, 18 19 inter-track wagering licensee, and inter-track wagering 20 location licensee that derives its license from such racetrack 21 is entitled in the succeeding calendar year. The real estate 22 taxes considered under this Section for any racetrack shall be 23 those taxes on the real estate parcels and related facilities 24 used to conduct a horse race meeting and inter-track wagering 25 at such racetrack under this Act. In no event shall the amount of the tax credit under this Section exceed the amount of 26

pari-mutuel taxes otherwise calculated under this Act. The amount of the tax credit under this Section shall be retained by each licensee and shall not be subject to any reallocation or further distribution under this Act. The Board may promulgate emergency rules to implement this Section.

6 (b) If the organization licensee is operating electronic gaming, then, for the 5-year period beginning on the January 1 7 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year 8 9 during which an organization licensee begins conducting electronic gaming operations pursuant to an electronic gaming 10 11 license issued under the Illinois Gambling Act, the 12 organization licensee shall make capital expenditures, in an 13 amount equal to no less than 50% of the tax credit under this 14 Section, to the improvement and maintenance of the backstretch, including, but not limited to, backstretch barns, dormitories, 15 16 and services for backstretch workers. Those capital 17 expenditures must be in addition to, and not in lieu of, the capital expenditures made for backstretch improvements in 18 19 calendar year 2015, as reported to the Board in the 20 organization licensee's application for racing dates and as certified by the Board. The organization licensee is required 21 22 to annually submit the list and amounts of these capital 23 expenditures to the Board by January 30th of the year following 24 the expenditure. 25 (c) If the organization licensee is operating electronic

26 gaming in accordance with paragraph (b), then, after the 5-year

1	period beginning on January 1 of the calendar year immediately
2	following the calendar year during which an organization
3	licensee begins conducting electronic gaming operations
4	pursuant to an electronic gaming license issued under the
5	Illinois Gambling Act, the organization license is ineligible
6	to receive a tax credit under this Section.
7	(Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

8 (230 ILCS 5/34.3 new)

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9 <u>Sec. 34.3. Drug testing. The Illinois Racing Board and the</u> 10 <u>Department of Agriculture shall jointly establish a program for</u> 11 <u>the purpose of conducting drug testing of horses at county</u> 12 <u>fairs and shall adopt any rules necessary for enforcement of</u> 13 <u>the program. The rules shall include appropriate penalties for</u> 14 <u>violations.</u>

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(230 ILCS 5/36) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-36)

16 Sec. 36. (a) Whoever administers or conspires to administer 17 to any horse a hypnotic, narcotic, stimulant, depressant or any 18 chemical substance which may affect the speed of a horse at any time in any race where the purse or any part of the purse is 19 20 made of money authorized by any Section of this Act, except 21 those chemical substances permitted by ruling of the Board, internally, externally or by hypodermic method in a race or 22 23 prior thereto, or whoever knowingly enters a horse in any race 24 within a period of 24 hours after any hypnotic, narcotic,

stimulant, depressant or any other chemical substance which may affect the speed of a horse at any time, except those chemical substances permitted by ruling of the Board, has been administered to such horse either internally or externally or by hypodermic method for the purpose of increasing or retarding the speed of such horse shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony. The Board shall suspend or revoke such violator's license.

8 (b) The term "hypnotic" as used in this Section includes 9 all barbituric acid preparations and derivatives.

10 (c) The term "narcotic" as used in this Section includes 11 opium and all its alkaloids, salts, preparations and 12 derivatives, cocaine and all its salts, preparations and 13 derivatives and substitutes.

14 (d) The provisions of this Section 36 and the treatment 15 authorized herein apply to horses entered in and competing in 16 race meetings as defined in Section 3.07 of this Act and to 17 horses entered in and competing at any county fair.

18 (Source: P.A. 79-1185.)

19 (230 ILCS 5/40) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-40)

Sec. 40. (a) The imposition of any fine or penalty provided in this Act shall not preclude the Board in its rules and regulations from imposing a fine or penalty for any other action which, in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to horse racing.

25 (b) The Director of Agriculture or his or her authorized

1 representative shall impose the following monetary penalties 2 and hold administrative hearings as required for failure to 3 submit the following applications, lists, or reports within the 4 time period, date or manner required by statute or rule or for 5 removing a foal from Illinois prior to inspection:

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(1) late filing of a renewal application for offering or standing stallion for service:

8 (A) if an application is submitted no more than 30
9 days late, \$50;

10 (B) if an application is submitted no more than 45
11 days late, \$150; or

12 (C) if an application is submitted more than 45
13 days late, if filing of the application is allowed
14 under an administrative hearing, \$250;

(2) late filing of list or report of mares bred:

16 (A) if a list or report is submitted no more than
17 30 days late, \$50;

(B) if a list or report is submitted no more than
60 days late, \$150; or

20 (C) if a list or report is submitted more than 60
21 days late, if filing of the list or report is allowed
22 under an administrative hearing, \$250;

(3) filing an Illinois foaled thoroughbred mare status
report after <u>the statutory deadline as provided in</u>
<u>subsection (k) of Section 30 of this Act</u> December 31:

(A) if a report is submitted no more than 30 days

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late, \$50; 1 (B) if a report is submitted no more than 90 days 2 late, \$150; 3 (C) if a report is submitted no more than 150 days 4 5 late, \$250; or (D) if a report is submitted more than 150 days 6 7 late, if filing of the report is allowed under an 8 administrative hearing, \$500; 9 (4) late filing of application for foal eligibility certificate: 10 11 (A) if an application is submitted no more than 30 12 days late, \$50; 13 (B) if an application is submitted no more than 90 14 days late, \$150; 15 (C) if an application is submitted no more than 150 16 days late, \$250; or 17 (D) if an application is submitted more than 150 days late, if filing of the application is allowed 18 under an administrative hearing, \$500; 19 20 (5) failure to report the intent to remove a foal from Illinois 21 prior to inspection, identification and 22 certification by a Department of Agriculture investigator, 23 \$50; and 24 (6) if a list or report of mares bred is incomplete, 25 \$50 per mare not included on the list or report. 26 Any person upon whom monetary penalties are imposed under

this Section 3 times within a 5-year period shall have any further monetary penalties imposed at double the amounts set forth above. All monies assessed and collected for violations relating to thoroughbreds shall be paid into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund. All monies assessed and collected for violations relating to standardbreds shall be paid into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund.

8 (Source: P.A. 99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

9 (230 ILCS 5/54.75)

10 Sec. 54.75. Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund.

11 (a) There is created a Fund to be known as the Horse Racing 12 Equity Trust Fund, which is a non-appropriated trust fund held 13 separate and apart from State moneys. The Fund shall consist of 14 moneys paid into it by owners licensees under the Illinois 15 Riverboat Gambling Act for the purposes described in this 16 Section. The Fund shall be administered by the Board. Moneys in the Fund shall be distributed as directed and certified by the 17 18 Board in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b).

(b) The moneys deposited into the Fund, plus any accrued interest on those moneys, shall be distributed within 10 days after those moneys are deposited into the Fund as follows:

(1) Sixty percent of all moneys distributed under this
subsection shall be distributed to organization licensees
to be distributed at their race meetings as purses.
Fifty-seven percent of the amount distributed under this

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paragraph (1) shall be distributed for thoroughbred race 1 2 meetings and 43% shall be distributed for standardbred race 3 meetings. Within each breed, moneys shall be allocated to each organization licensee's purse fund in accordance with 4 5 the ratio between the purses generated for that breed by 6 that licensee during the prior calendar year and the total 7 purses generated throughout the State for that breed during the prior calendar year by licensees in the current 8 9 calendar year.

10 (2) The remaining 40% of the moneys distributed under11 this subsection (b) shall be distributed as follows:

(A) 11% shall be distributed to any person (or its successors or assigns) who had operating control of a racetrack that conducted live racing in 2002 at a racetrack in a county with at least 230,000 inhabitants that borders the Mississippi River and is a licensee in the current year; and

(B) the remaining 89% shall be distributed pro rata 18 19 according to the aggregate proportion of total handle 20 from wagering on live races conducted in Illinois 21 (irrespective of where the wagers are placed) for 22 calendar years 2004 and 2005 to any person (or its 23 successors or assigns) who (i) had majority operating 24 control of a racing facility at which live racing was 25 conducted in calendar year 2002, (ii) is a licensee in 26 the current year, and (iii) is not eligible to receive

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moneys under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (2).

2 The moneys received by an organization licensee 3 under this paragraph (2) shall be used by each organization licensee to improve, maintain, market, 4 5 and otherwise operate its racing facilities to conduct live racing, which shall include backstretch services 6 7 and capital improvements related to live racing and the 8 backstretch. Any organization licensees sharing common 9 ownership may pool the moneys received and spent at all 10 racing facilities commonly owned in order to meet these 11 requirements.

12 If any person identified in this paragraph (2) becomes 13 ineligible to receive moneys from the Fund, such amount 14 shall be redistributed among the remaining persons in 15 proportion to their percentages otherwise calculated.

16 (c) The Board shall monitor organization licensees to 17 ensure that moneys paid to organization licensees under this 18 Section are distributed by the organization licensees as 19 provided in subsection (b).

20 (Source: P.A. 95-1008, eff. 12-15-08.)

(230 ILCS 5/56 new)
 Sec. 56. Electronic gaming.
 (a) A person, firm, corporation, or limited liability
 company having operating control of a race track may apply to
 the Gaming Board for an electronic gaming license. An

1	electronic gaming license shall authorize its holder to conduct
2	electronic gaming on the grounds of the race track of which the
3	electronic gaming licensee has operating control. Only one
4	electronic gaming license may be awarded for any race track. A
5	holder of an electronic gaming license shall be subject to the
6	Illinois Gambling Act and rules of the Illinois Gaming Board
7	concerning electronic gaming. If the person, firm,
8	corporation, or limited liability company having operating
9	control of a race track is found by the Illinois Gaming Board
10	to be unsuitable for an electronic gaming license under the
11	Illinois Gambling Act and rules of the Gaming Board, that
12	person, firm, corporation, or limited liability company shall
13	not be granted an electronic gaming license. Each license shall
14	specify the number of gaming positions that its holder may
14 15	specify the number of gaming positions that its holder may operate.
15	operate.
15 16	<u>operate.</u> <u>An electronic gaming licensee may not permit persons under</u>
15 16 17	<u>operate.</u> <u>An electronic gaming licensee may not permit persons under</u> <u>21 years of age to be present in its electronic gaming</u>
15 16 17 18	<u>operate.</u> <u>An electronic gaming licensee may not permit persons under</u> <u>21 years of age to be present in its electronic gaming</u> <u>facility, but the licensee may accept wagers on live racing and</u>
15 16 17 18 19	<u>An electronic gaming licensee may not permit persons under</u> <u>21 years of age to be present in its electronic gaming</u> <u>facility, but the licensee may accept wagers on live racing and</u> <u>inter-track wagers at its electronic gaming facility.</u>
15 16 17 18 19 20	<u>An electronic qaming licensee may not permit persons under</u> <u>21 years of age to be present in its electronic qaming</u> <u>facility, but the licensee may accept wagers on live racing and</u> <u>inter-track wagers at its electronic gaming facility.</u> <u>(b) For purposes of this subsection, "adjusted gross</u>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<u>An electronic gaming licensee may not permit persons under</u> <u>21 years of age to be present in its electronic gaming</u> <u>facility, but the licensee may accept wagers on live racing and</u> <u>inter-track wagers at its electronic gaming facility.</u> <u>(b) For purposes of this subsection, "adjusted gross</u> <u>receipts" means an electronic gaming licensee's gross receipts</u>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<u>operate.</u> <u>An electronic gaming licensee may not permit persons under</u> <u>21 years of age to be present in its electronic gaming</u> <u>facility, but the licensee may accept wagers on live racing and</u> <u>inter-track wagers at its electronic gaming facility.</u> <u>(b) For purposes of this subsection, "adjusted gross</u> <u>receipts" means an electronic gaming licensee's gross receipts</u> <u>less winnings paid to wagerers and shall also include any</u>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<u>An electronic gaming licensee may not permit persons under</u> <u>21 years of age to be present in its electronic gaming</u> <u>facility, but the licensee may accept wagers on live racing and</u> <u>inter-track wagers at its electronic gaming facility.</u> <u>(b) For purposes of this subsection, "adjusted gross</u> <u>receipts" means an electronic gaming licensee's gross receipts</u> <u>less winnings paid to wagerers and shall also include any</u> <u>amounts that would otherwise be deducted pursuant to subsection</u>

1	the Illinois Gambling Act shall be distributed as follows:
2	(1) Amounts shall be paid to the purse account at the
3	track at which the organization licensee is conducting
4	racing equal to the following:
5	12.75% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
6	<u>including \$75,000,000;</u>
7	20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
8	<u>\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;</u>
9	26.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess
10	of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$125,000,000; and
11	20.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess
12	<u>of \$125,000,000.</u>
13	(2) The remainder shall be retained by the electronic
14	gaming licensee.
15	(c) Electronic gaming receipts placed into the purse
16	account of an organization licensee racing thoroughbred horses
17	shall be used for purses, for health care services or worker's
18	compensation for racing industry workers, for equine research,
19	for programs to care for and transition injured and retired
20	thoroughbred horses that race at the race track, or for horse
21	ownership promotion, in accordance with the agreement of the
22	horsemen's association representing the largest number of
23	owners and trainers who race at that organization licensee's
24	race meetings.
25	Annually, from the purse account of an organization
26	licensee racing thoroughbred horses in this State, except for

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in Madison County, an amount equal to 12% of the electronic 1 2 gaming receipts placed into the purse accounts shall be paid to 3 the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund and shall be used for 4 owner awards; a stallion program pursuant to paragraph (3) of 5 subsection (q) of Section 30 of this Act; and Illinois 6 conceived and foaled stakes races pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (q) of Section 30 of this Act, as specifically 7 8 designated by the horsemen's association representing the 9 largest number of owners and trainers who race at the 10 organization licensee's race meetings.

11 Annually, from the purse account of an organization 12 licensee racing thoroughbred horses in Madison County, an amount equal to 10% of the electronic gaming receipts placed 13 14 into the purse accounts shall be paid to the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund and shall be used for owner awards; 15 16 a stallion program pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection (g) 17 of Section 30 of this Act; and Illinois conceived and foaled stakes races pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (g) of 18 Section 30 of this Act, as specifically designated by the 19 horsemen's association representing the largest number of 20 21 owners and trainers who race at the organization licensee's 22 race meetings. 23 Annually, from the purse account of an organization

23 Annually, from the pulse account of an organization 24 licensee conducting thoroughbred races at a race track in 25 Madison County, an amount equal to 1% of the electronic gaming 26 receipts distributed to purses per subsection (b) of this

Section 56 shall be paid as follows: 0.33 1/3% to Southern 1 2 Illinois University Department of Animal Sciences for equine 3 research and education, an amount equal to 0.33 1/3% of the electronic gaming receipts shall be used to operate laundry 4 5 facilities or a kitchen for backstretch workers at that race track, and an amount equal to $0.33 \ 1/3\%$ of the electronic 6 gaming receipts shall be paid to R.A.C.E., Inc., a 501(c)(3) 7 8 non-profit organization that cares for injured and unwanted 9 horses that race at that race track.

10 <u>Annually, from the purse account of organization licensees</u> 11 <u>conducting thoroughbred races at race tracks in Cook County,</u> 12 <u>\$100,000 shall be paid for division and equal distribution to</u> 13 <u>the animal sciences department of each Illinois public</u> 14 <u>university system engaged in equine research and education on</u> 15 <u>or before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the</u> 16 <u>100th General Assembly for equine research and education.</u>

17 (d) Annually, from the purse account of an organization licensee racing standardbred horses, an amount equal to 15% of 18 19 the electronic gaming receipts placed into that purse account 20 shall be paid to the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund. Moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse 21 22 Distribution Fund shall be used for standardbred racing as 23 authorized in paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, and 11 of 24 subsection (g) of Section 31 of this Act and for bonus awards 25 as authorized under paragraph 6 of subsection (j) of Section 31 26 of this Act.

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1	Section 90-40. The Riverboat Gambling Act is amended by
2	changing Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5.1, 6, 7, 7.3, 7.5, 8, 9, 11,
3	11.1, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 17.1, 18, 18.1, 19, 20, 21, 23,
4	and 24 and by adding Sections 5.3, 7.7, 7.8, 7.9, 7.10, 7.11,
5	7.12, 7.13, and 25 as follows:
6	(230 ILCS 10/1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2401)
7	Sec. 1. Short title. This Act shall be known and may be
8	cited as the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act.
9	(Source: P.A. 86-1029.)
10	(230 ILCS 10/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 2402)
11	Sec. 2. Legislative Intent.
12	(a) This Act is intended to benefit the people of the State
13	of Illinois by assisting economic development $_{\it L}$ and promoting
14	Illinois tourism $_{{\scriptstyle \! L}}$ and ${\scriptstyle \! by}$ increasing the amount of revenues
15	available to the State to assist and support education, and to
16	defray State expenses, including unpaid bills.
17	(b) While authorization of riverboat <u>and casino</u> gambling
18	will enhance investment, beautification, development and
19	tourism in Illinois, it is recognized that it will do so
20	successfully only if public confidence and trust in the
21	credibility and integrity of the gambling operations and the
22	regulatory process is maintained. Therefore, regulatory
23	provisions of this Act are designed to strictly regulate the

1 facilities, persons, associations and practices related to 2 gambling operations pursuant to the police powers of the State, 3 including comprehensive law enforcement supervision.

4 (c) The Illinois Gaming Board established under this Act 5 should, as soon as possible, inform each applicant for an 6 owners license of the Board's intent to grant or deny a 7 license.

8 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)

9 (230 ILCS 10/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 2403)

10 Sec. 3. Riverboat Gambling Authorized.

(a) Riverboat <u>and casino</u> gambling operations <u>and</u> <u>electronic gaming operations</u> and the system of wagering incorporated therein, as defined in this Act, are hereby authorized to the extent that they are carried out in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

16 (b) This Act does not apply to the pari-mutuel system of wagering used or intended to be used in connection with the 17 horse-race meetings as authorized under the Illinois Horse 18 Racing Act of 1975, lottery games authorized under the Illinois 19 20 Lottery Law, bingo authorized under the Bingo License and Tax 21 Act, charitable games authorized under the Charitable Games Act 22 or pull tabs and jar games conducted under the Illinois Pull 23 Tabs and Jar Games Act. This Act applies to electronic gaming authorized under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 to the 24 25 extent provided in that Act and in this Act.

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1 (c) Riverboat gambling conducted pursuant to this Act may 2 be authorized upon any water within the State of Illinois or 3 any water other than Lake Michigan which constitutes a boundary 4 of the State of Illinois. Notwithstanding any provision in this 5 subsection (c) to the contrary, a licensee that receives its 6 license pursuant to subsection (e-5) of Section 7 may conduct 7 riverboat gambling on Lake Michigan from a home dock located on Lake Michigan subject to any limitations contained in Section 8 9 7. Notwithstanding any provision in this subsection (c) to the contrary, a licensee may conduct gambling at its home dock 10 11 facility as provided in Sections 7 and 11. A licensee may 12 conduct riverboat gambling authorized under this Act 13 regardless of whether it conducts excursion cruises. A licensee may permit the continuous ingress and egress of passengers for 14 15 the purpose of gambling.

16 <u>(d) Gambling that is conducted in accordance with this Act</u> 17 <u>using slot machines and video games of chance and other</u> 18 <u>electronic gambling games as defined in both this Act and the</u> 19 <u>Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is authorized.</u>

20 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)

21	(230 ILCS 10/4) (from Ch. 120, par. 2404)
22	Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:
23	(a) "Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board.
24	(b) "Occupational license" means a license issued by the
25	Board to a person or entity to perform an occupation which the

Board has identified as requiring a license to engage in riverboat gambling, casino gambling, or electronic gaming in Illinois.

4 (c) "Gambling game" includes, but is not limited to, 5 baccarat, twenty-one, poker, craps, slot machine, video game of 6 chance, roulette wheel, klondike table, punchboard, faro 7 layout, keno layout, numbers ticket, push card, jar ticket, or 8 pull tab which is authorized by the Board as a wagering device 9 under this Act.

10 (d) "Riverboat" means a self-propelled excursion boat, a 11 permanently moored barge, or permanently moored barges that are 12 permanently fixed together to operate as one vessel, on which 13 lawful gambling is authorized and licensed as provided in this 14 Act.

"Slot machine" means any mechanical, electrical, or other 15 device, contrivance, or machine that is authorized by the Board 16 17 as a wagering device under this Act which, upon insertion of a coin, currency, token, or similar object therein, or upon 18 19 payment of any consideration whatsoever, is available to play 20 or operate, the play or operation of which may deliver or 21 entitle the person playing or operating the machine to receive 22 cash, premiums, merchandise, tokens, or anything of value 23 whatsoever, whether the payoff is made automatically from the 24 machine or in any other manner whatsoever. A slot machine: 25 (1) may utilize spinning reels or video displays or

26 <u>both;</u>

1	(2) may or may not dispense coins, tickets, or tokens
2	to winning patrons;
3	(3) may use an electronic credit system for receiving
4	wagers and making payouts; and
5	(4) may simulate a table game.
6	"Slot machine" does not include table games authorized by
7	the Board as a wagering device under this Act.

8 (e) "Managers license" means a license issued by the Board 9 to a person or entity to manage gambling operations conducted 10 by the State pursuant to Section 7.3.

11 (f) "Dock" means the location where a riverboat moors for 12 the purpose of embarking passengers for and disembarking 13 passengers from the riverboat.

14 (g) "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money 15 exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or electronic 16 cards by riverboat patrons.

17 (h) "Adjusted gross receipts" means the gross receipts less
 18 winnings paid to wagerers.

19 (i) "Cheat" means to alter the selection of criteria which 20 determine the result of a gambling game or the amount or 21 frequency of payment in a gambling game.

22 (j) (Blank).

23 (k) "Gambling operation" means the conduct of authorized 24 gambling games <u>authorized under this Act</u> upon a riverboat <u>or in</u> 25 <u>a casino or authorized under this Act and the Illinois Horse</u> 26 <u>Racing Act of 1975 at an electronic gaming facility</u>. 1 (1) "License bid" means the lump sum amount of money that 2 an applicant bids and agrees to pay the State in return for an 3 owners license that is <u>issued or</u> re-issued on or after July 1, 4 2003.

5 "Table game" means a live gaming apparatus upon which 6 gaming is conducted or that determines an outcome that is the 7 object of a wager, including, but not limited to, baccarat, 8 twenty-one, blackjack, poker, craps, roulette wheel, klondike 9 table, punchboard, faro layout, keno layout, numbers ticket, 10 push card, jar ticket, pull tab, or other similar games that 11 are authorized by the Board as a wagering device under this 12 Act. "Table game" does not include slot machines or video games 13 of chance.

14 (m) The terms "minority person", "woman", and "person with 15 a disability" shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 16 2 of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons 17 with Disabilities Act.

18 <u>"Authority" means the Chicago Casino Development</u>
19 <u>Authority.</u>

20 <u>"Casino" means a facility at which lawful gambling is</u> 21 <u>authorized as provided in this Act.</u>

22 <u>"Owners license" means a license to conduct riverboat or</u>
23 <u>casino gambling operations, but does not include an electronic</u>
24 <u>gaming license.</u>

25 <u>"Licensed owner" means a person who holds an owners</u>
26 <u>license.</u>

1	"Electronic gaming" means slot machine gambling, video
2	game of chance gambling, or gambling with electronic gambling
3	games as defined in this Act or defined by the Board that is
4	conducted at a race track pursuant to an electronic gaming
5	license.
6	"Electronic gaming facility" means the area where the Board
7	has authorized electronic gaming at a race track of an
8	organization licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of
9	1975 that holds an electronic gaming license.
10	"Electronic gaming license" means a license issued by the
11	Board under Section 7.7 of this Act authorizing electronic
12	gaming at an electronic gaming facility.
13	"Electronic gaming licensee" means an entity that holds an
14	electronic gaming license.
15	"Organization licensee" means an entity authorized by the
16	Illinois Racing Board to conduct pari-mutuel wagering in
17	accordance with the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. With
18	respect only to electronic gaming, "organization licensee"
19	includes the authorization for electronic gaming created under
20	subsection (a) of Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act
21	<u>of 1975.</u>
22	"Casino operator license" means the license held by the
23	person or entity selected by the Authority to manage and
24	operate a riverboat or casino within the geographic area of the
25	authorized municipality pursuant to this Act and the Chicago
26	Casino Development Authority Act.

1 <u>"Wide area progressive system" means a method of linking</u> 2 progressive slot machines or electronic gaming machines across 3 <u>telecommunication lines as part of a network connecting</u> 4 <u>participating facilities. Wide area progressive systems offer</u> 5 <u>a common progressive jackpot at all participating locations and</u> 6 <u>the award of the jackpot is at random.</u>

7 (Source: P.A. 100-391, eff. 8-25-17.)

8 (230 ILCS 10/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 2405)

9 Sec. 5. Gaming Board.

10 (a) (1) There is hereby established the Illinois Gaming 11 Board, which shall have the powers and duties specified in this 12 Act and in the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, and all other powers necessary and proper to fully and effectively 13 14 execute this Act for the purpose of administering, regulating, 15 and enforcing the system of riverboat and casino gambling and 16 electronic gaming established by this Act and by the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act. Its jurisdiction shall 17 extend under this Act and the Chicago Casino Development 18 Authority Act to every person, association, corporation, 19 20 partnership and trust involved in riverboat and casino gambling 21 operations and electronic gaming in the State of Illinois.

(2) The Board shall consist of 5 members to be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, one of whom shall be designated by the Governor to be <u>chairperson</u> chairman. Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the

practice, procedure and principles of gambling operations. 1 2 Each member shall either be a resident of Illinois or shall certify that he or she will become a resident of Illinois 3 before taking office. 4

5 On and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, new appointees to the Board must 6 7 include the following:

8 (A) One member who has received, at a minimum, a 9 bachelor's degree from an accredited school and at least 10 vears of verifiable training and experience in the fields 10 11 of investigation and law enforcement.

12 (B) One member who is a certified public accountant 13 with experience in auditing and with knowledge of complex 14 corporate structures and transactions.

(C) One member who has 5 years' experience as a 15 16 principal, senior officer, or director of a company or 17 business with either material responsibility for the daily operations and management of the overall company or 18 19 business or material responsibility for the policy making 20 of the company or business.

21 (D) One member who is a lawyer licensed to practice law 22 in Illinois. 23 Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection (a), the 24 requirements of subparagraphs (A) through (D) of this paragraph 25 (2) shall not apply to any person reappointed pursuant to 26

paragraph (3).

1	No more than 3 members of the Board may be from the same
2	political party. The Board should reflect the ethnic, cultural,
3	and geographic diversity of the State. No Board member shall,
4	within a period of one year immediately preceding nomination,
5	have been employed or received compensation or fees for
6	services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate,
7	that has engaged in business with the Board, a licensee, or a
8	licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Board
9	members must publicly disclose all prior affiliations with
10	gaming interests, including any compensation, fees, bonuses,
11	salaries, and other reimbursement received from a person or
12	entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in
13	business with the Board, a licensee, or a licensee under the
14	Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. This disclosure must be made
15	within 30 days after nomination but prior to confirmation by
16	the Senate and must be made available to the members of the
17	Senate. At least one member shall be experienced in law
18	enforcement and criminal investigation, at least one member
19	shall be a certified public accountant experienced in
20	accounting and auditing, and at least one member shall be a
21	lawyer licensed to practice law in Illinois.

(3) The terms of office of the Board members shall be 3 years, except that the terms of office of the initial Board members appointed pursuant to this Act will commence from the effective date of this Act and run as follows: one for a term ending July 1, 1991, 2 for a term ending July 1, 1992, and 2 for

a term ending July 1, 1993. Upon the expiration of the 1 2 foregoing terms, the successors of such members shall serve a 3 term for 3 years and until their successors are appointed and qualified for like terms. Vacancies in the Board shall be 4 5 filled for the unexpired term in like manner as original appointments. Each member of the Board shall be eligible for 6 7 reappointment at the discretion of the Governor with the advice 8 and consent of the Senate.

9 (4) Each member of the Board shall receive \$300 for each 10 day the Board meets and for each day the member conducts any 11 hearing pursuant to this Act. Each member of the Board shall 12 also be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and 13 disbursements incurred in the execution of official duties.

14 (5) No person shall be appointed a member of the Board or 15 continue to be a member of the Board who is, or whose spouse, 16 child or parent is, a member of the board of directors of, or a 17 person financially interested in, any gambling operation subject to the jurisdiction of this Board, or any race track, 18 19 race meeting, racing association or the operations thereof 20 subject to the jurisdiction of the Illinois Racing Board. No Board member shall hold any other public office. No person 21 22 shall be a member of the Board who is not of good moral 23 character or who has been convicted of, or is under indictment 24 for, a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other state, or 25 the United States.

26

(5.5) No member of the Board shall engage in any political

activity. For the purposes of this Section, "political" means 1 2 any activity in support of or in connection with any campaign for federal, State, or local elective office or any political 3 organization, but does not include activities (i) relating to 4 5 the support or opposition of any executive, legislative, or administrative action (as those terms are defined in Section 2 6 7 of the Lobbyist Registration Act), (ii) relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are otherwise in furtherance of the 8 9 person's official State duties or governmental and public 10 service functions.

(6) Any member of the Board may be removed by the Governor for neglect of duty, misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance in office or for engaging in any political activity.

14 (7) Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his 15 office, each member of the Board shall take an oath that he 16 will faithfully execute the duties of his office according to 17 the laws of the State and the rules and regulations adopted therewith and shall give bond to the State of Illinois, 18 approved by the Governor, in the sum of \$25,000. Every such 19 20 bond, when duly executed and approved, shall be recorded in the office of the Secretary of State. Whenever the Governor 21 22 determines that the bond of any member of the Board has become 23 or is likely to become invalid or insufficient, he shall 24 require such member forthwith to renew his bond, which is to be 25 approved by the Governor. Any member of the Board who fails to 26 take oath and give bond within 30 days from the date of his

appointment, or who fails to renew his bond within 30 days after it is demanded by the Governor, shall be guilty of neglect of duty and may be removed by the Governor. The cost of any bond given by any member of the Board under this Section shall be taken to be a part of the necessary expenses of the Board.

7 (7.5)For the examination of all mechanical, 8 electromechanical, or electronic table games, slot machines, 9 slot accounting systems, and other electronic gaming equipment for compliance with this Act, the Board may utilize the 10 11 services of one or more independent outside testing 12 laboratories that have been accredited by a national 13 accreditation body and that, in the judgment of the Board, are qualified to perform such examinations. 14

15 (8) The Board shall employ such personnel as may be 16 necessary to carry out its functions and shall determine the 17 salaries of all personnel, except those personnel whose salaries are determined under the terms of a collective 18 19 bargaining agreement. No person shall be employed to serve the 20 Board who is, or whose spouse, parent or child is, an official of, or has a financial interest in or financial relation with, 21 22 any operator engaged in gambling operations within this State 23 or any organization engaged in conducting horse racing within 24 this State. For the one year immediately preceding employment, 25 an employee shall not have been employed or received compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or 26

its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the Board, a licensee, or a licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Any employee violating these prohibitions shall be subject to termination of employment. In addition, all Board members and employees are subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 5-45 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.

8 (9) An Administrator shall perform any and all duties that 9 the Board shall assign him. The salary of the Administrator 10 shall be determined by the Board and, in addition, he shall be 11 reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred by 12 him in discharge of his official duties. The Administrator 13 shall keep records of all proceedings of the Board and shall preserve all records, books, documents and other papers 14 15 belonging to the Board or entrusted to its care. The 16 Administrator shall devote his full time to the duties of the 17 office and shall not hold any other office or employment.

(b) The Board shall have general responsibility for the implementation of this Act. Its duties include, without limitation, the following:

(1) To decide promptly and in reasonable order all
license applications. Any party aggrieved by an action of
the Board denying, suspending, revoking, restricting or
refusing to renew a license may request a hearing before
the Board. A request for a hearing must be made to the
Board in writing within 5 days after service of notice of

the action of the Board. Notice of the action of the Board shall be served either by personal delivery or by certified mail, postage prepaid, to the aggrieved party. Notice served by certified mail shall be deemed complete on the business day following the date of such mailing. The Board shall conduct all requested hearings promptly and in reasonable order;

8 (2) To conduct all hearings pertaining to civil 9 violations of this Act or rules and regulations promulgated 10 hereunder;

11 (3) To promulgate such rules and regulations as in its 12 judgment may be necessary to protect or enhance the 13 credibility and integrity of gambling operations 14 authorized by this Act and the regulatory process 15 hereunder;

16 (4) To provide for the establishment and collection of
17 all license and registration fees and taxes imposed by this
18 Act and the rules and regulations issued pursuant hereto.
19 All such fees and taxes shall be deposited into the State
20 Gaming Fund;

(5) To provide for the levy and collection of penalties
and fines for the violation of provisions of this Act and
the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder. All such
fines and penalties shall be deposited into the Education
Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the
State of Illinois;

1 (6) To be present through its inspectors and agents any 2 time gambling operations are conducted on any riverboat, in 3 any casino, or at any electronic gaming facility for the purpose of certifying the revenue thereof, receiving 4 5 complaints from the public, and conducting such other investigations into the conduct of the gambling games and 6 7 the maintenance of the equipment as from time to time the 8 Board may deem necessary and proper;

9 (7) To review and rule upon any complaint by a licensee 10 regarding any investigative procedures of the State which 11 are unnecessarily disruptive of gambling operations. The 12 need to inspect and investigate shall be presumed at all times. The disruption of a licensee's operations shall be 13 14 proved by clear and convincing evidence, and establish 15 that: (A) the procedures had no reasonable law enforcement 16 purposes, and (B) the procedures were so disruptive as to 17 unreasonably inhibit gambling operations;

(8) To hold at least one meeting each guarter of the 18 19 fiscal year. In addition, special meetings may be called by 20 the Chairman or any 2 Board members upon 72 hours written 21 notice to each member. All Board meetings shall be subject 22 to the Open Meetings Act. Three members of the Board shall 23 constitute a quorum, and 3 votes shall be required for any 24 final determination by the Board. The Board shall keep a 25 complete and accurate record of all its meetings. A 26 majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a

1 quorum for the transaction of any business, for the performance of any duty, or for the exercise of any power 2 3 which this Act requires the Board members to transact, perform or exercise en banc, except that, upon order of the 4 5 Board, one of the Board members or an administrative law 6 judge designated by the Board may conduct any hearing 7 provided for under this Act or by Board rule and may 8 recommend findings and decisions to the Board. The Board 9 member or administrative law judge conducting such hearing 10 shall have all powers and rights granted to the Board in 11 this Act. The record made at the time of the hearing shall 12 be reviewed by the Board, or a majority thereof, and the findings and decision of the majority of the Board shall 13 14 constitute the order of the Board in such case;

15 (9) To maintain records which are separate and distinct
16 from the records of any other State board or commission.
17 Such records shall be available for public inspection and
18 shall accurately reflect all Board proceedings;

(10) To file a written annual report with the Governor on or before March 1 each year and such additional reports as the Governor may request. The annual report shall include a statement of receipts and disbursements by the Board, actions taken by the Board, and any additional information and recommendations which the Board may deem valuable or which the Governor may request;

26

(11) (Blank);

1 (12) (Blank); 2 (13) To assume responsibility for administration and enforcement of the Video Gaming Act; and 3 (13.1) To assume responsibility for the administration 4 and enforcement of operations at electronic gaming 5 facilities pursuant to this Act and the Illinois Horse 6 7 Racing Act of 1975; 8 (13.2) To assume responsibility for the administration 9 and enforcement of gambling operations at the Chicago 10 Casino Development Authority's casino pursuant to this Act 11 and the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act; and 12 (14) To adopt, by rule, a code of conduct governing 13 Board members and employees that ensure, to the maximum extent possible, that persons subject to this Code avoid 14 situations, relationships, or associations that 15 may 16 represent or lead to a conflict of interest. 17 Internal controls and changes submitted by licensees must be reviewed and either approved or denied with cause within 90 18 days after receipt of submission is deemed final by the 19 20 Illinois Gaming Board. In the event an internal control submission or change does not meet the standards set by the 21 22 Board, staff of the Board must provide technical assistance to 23 the licensee to rectify such deficiencies within 90 days after 24 the initial submission and the revised submission must be 25 reviewed and approved or denied with cause within 90 days after the date the revised submission is deemed final by the Board. 26

For the purposes of this paragraph, "with cause" means that the approval of the submission would jeopardize the integrity of gaming. In the event the Board staff has not acted within the timeframe, the submission shall be deemed approved.

5 (c) The Board shall have jurisdiction over and shall 6 supervise all gambling operations governed by this Act <u>and the</u> 7 <u>Chicago Casino Development Authority Act</u>. The Board shall have 8 all powers necessary and proper to fully and effectively 9 execute the provisions of this Act <u>and the Chicago Casino</u> 10 <u>Development Authority Act</u>, including, but not limited to, the 11 following:

12 (1) To investigate applicants and determine the 13 eligibility of applicants for licenses and to select among 14 competing applicants the applicants which best serve the 15 interests of the citizens of Illinois.

16 (2) To have jurisdiction and supervision over all
 17 riverboat gambling operations <u>authorized under this Act</u>
 18 <u>and the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act</u> in this
 19 State and all persons <u>in places</u> on riverboats where
 20 gambling operations are conducted.

(3) To promulgate rules and regulations for the purpose
of administering the provisions of this Act <u>and the Chicago</u>
<u>Casino Development Authority Act</u> and to prescribe rules,
regulations and conditions under which all riverboat
gambling <u>operations subject to this Act and the Chicago</u>
<u>Casino Development Authority Act</u> in the State shall be

conducted. Such rules and regulations are to provide for 1 2 the prevention of practices detrimental to the public 3 interest and for the best interests of riverboat gambling, including rules and regulations regarding the inspection 4 5 electronic gaming facilities, casinos, and of such riverboats, and the review of any permits or licenses 6 7 necessary to operate a riverboat, casino, or electronic 8 gaming facilities under any laws or regulations applicable 9 to riverboats, casinos, or electronic gaming facilities 10 and to impose penalties for violations thereof.

11 (4) То enter the office, riverboats, casinos, 12 electronic gaming facilities, and other facilities, or other places of business of a licensee, where evidence of 13 14 the compliance or noncompliance with the provisions of this 15 Act and the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act is 16 likely to be found.

17 (5) To investigate alleged violations of this Act, the 18 <u>Chicago Casino Development Authority Act</u>, or the rules of 19 the Board and to take appropriate disciplinary action 20 against a licensee or a holder of an occupational license 21 for a violation, or institute appropriate legal action for 22 enforcement, or both.

(6) To adopt standards for the licensing of all persons
 and entities under this Act and the Chicago Casino
 Development Authority Act, as well as for electronic or
 mechanical gambling games, and to establish fees for such

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licenses.

(7) To adopt appropriate standards for all <u>electronic</u>
<u>gaming facilities</u>, riverboats, <u>casinos</u>, and <u>other</u>
facilities <u>authorized under this Act and the Chicago Casino</u>
<u>Development Authority Act</u>.

6 (8) To require that the records, including financial or 7 other statements of any licensee under this Act and the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, shall be kept in 8 9 such manner as prescribed by the Board and that any such 10 licensee involved in the ownership or management of 11 gambling operations submit to the Board an annual balance 12 sheet and profit and loss statement, list of the stockholders or other persons having a 1% or greater 13 14 beneficial interest in the gambling activities of each 15 licensee, and any other information the Board deems 16 necessary in order to effectively administer this Act and 17 the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act and all rules, regulations, orders and final decisions promulgated under 18 19 this Act and the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act.

20 (9) To conduct hearings, issue subpoenas for the 21 attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the 22 production of books, records and other pertinent documents 23 in accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure 24 Act, and to administer oaths and affirmations to the 25 witnesses, when, in the judgment of the Board, it is 26 necessary to administer or enforce this Act, the Chicago

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Casino Development Authority Act, or the Board rules.

2 (10) To prescribe a form to be used by any licensee 3 involved in the ownership or management of gambling 4 operations as an application for employment for their 5 employees.

6 (11) To revoke or suspend licenses, other than the license issued to the Chicago Casino Development 7 8 Authority, as the Board may see fit and in compliance with 9 applicable laws of the State regarding administrative 10 procedures, and to review applications for the renewal of 11 licenses. The Board may suspend an owners license (other 12 than the license issued to the Chicago Casino Development 13 Authority), electronic gaming license, or casino operator 14 license, without notice or hearing upon a determination 15 that the safety or health of patrons or employees is 16 jeopardized by continuing a gambling operation conducted 17 under that license riverboat's operation. The suspension may remain in effect until the Board determines that the 18 19 cause for suspension has been abated. The Board may revoke 20 an the owners license (other than the license issued to the Chicago Casino Development Authority), electronic gaming 21 22 license, or casino operator license upon a determination 23 that the licensee owner has not made satisfactory progress toward abating the hazard. 24

(12) To eject or exclude or authorize the ejection or
 exclusion of, any person from riverboat gambling

1 facilities where that such person is in violation of this 2 Act or the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, rules and regulations thereunder, or final orders of the Board, 3 or where such person's conduct or reputation is such that 4 5 his or her presence within the riverboat gambling 6 facilities may, in the opinion of the Board, call into 7 question the honesty and integrity of the gambling 8 operations or interfere with the orderly conduct thereof; 9 provided that the propriety of such ejection or exclusion 10 is subject to subsequent hearing by the Board.

(13) To require all licensees of gambling operations to utilize a cashless wagering system whereby all players' money is converted to tokens, electronic cards, or chips which shall be used only for wagering in the gambling establishment.

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(14) (Blank).

17 (15) To suspend, revoke or restrict licenses, other than the license issued to the Chicago Casino Development 18 19 Authority, to require the removal of a licensee or an 20 employee of a licensee for a violation of this Act, the 21 Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, or a Board rule 22 or for engaging in a fraudulent practice, and to impose 23 civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and up 24 to \$10,000 or an amount equal to the daily gross receipts, 25 whichever is larger, against licensees for each violation 26 of any provision of the Act, the Chicago Casino Development

Authority Act, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which, in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to riverboat gambling operations.

5 (16) To hire employees to gather information, conduct 6 investigations and carry out any other tasks contemplated 7 under this Act <u>or the Chicago Casino Development Authority</u> 8 <u>Act</u>.

9 (17) To establish minimum levels of insurance to be 10 maintained by licensees.

11 (18) To authorize a licensee to sell or serve alcoholic 12 liquors, wine or beer as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934 on board a riverboat or in a casino and to have 13 14 exclusive authority to establish the hours for sale and 15 consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat or in 16 a casino, notwithstanding any provision of the Liquor 17 Control Act of 1934 or any local ordinance, and regardless the riverboat makes 18 of whether excursions. The 19 establishment of the hours for sale and consumption of 20 alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat or in a casino is an 21 exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit 22 may not establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat or in a casino. This 23 subdivision (18) amendatory Act of 1991 is a denial and 24 25 limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois 26

1 Constitution.

(19) After consultation with the U.S. Army Corps of
Engineers, to establish binding emergency orders upon the
concurrence of a majority of the members of the Board
regarding the navigability of water, relative to
excursions, in the event of extreme weather conditions,
acts of God or other extreme circumstances.

8 (20) To delegate the execution of any of its powers 9 under this Act <u>or the Chicago Casino Development Authority</u> 10 <u>Act</u> for the purpose of administering and enforcing this 11 Act, the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, and <u>the</u> 12 its rules <u>adopted by the Board under both Acts</u> and 13 regulations hereunder.

14 (20.5) To approve any contract entered into on its15 behalf.

16 (20.6)То appoint investigators to conduct investigations, searches, seizures, arrests, and other 17 duties imposed under this Act, as deemed necessary by the 18 19 Board. These investigators have and may exercise all of the 20 rights and powers of peace officers, provided that these 21 powers shall be limited to offenses or violations occurring 22 or committed in a casino, in an electronic gaming facility, 23 or on a riverboat or dock, as defined in subsections (d) 24 and (f) of Section 4, or as otherwise provided by this Act, 25 the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, or any other 26 law.

(20.7) To contract with the Department of State Police 1 2 for the use of trained and qualified State police officers 3 and with the Department of Revenue for the use of trained qualified Department of Revenue investigators to 4 and 5 conduct investigations, searches, seizures, arrests, and 6 other duties imposed under this Act or the Chicago Casino 7 Development Authority Act and to exercise all of the rights 8 and powers of peace officers, provided that the powers of 9 Department of Revenue investigators under this subdivision 10 (20.7) shall be limited to offenses or violations occurring 11 or committed in a casino, in an electronic gaming facility, 12 or on a riverboat or dock, as defined in subsections (d) and (f) of Section 4, or as otherwise provided by this Act 13 14 or any other law. In the event the Department of State 15 Police or the Department of Revenue is unable to fill 16 contracted police or investigative positions, the Board may appoint investigators to fill those positions pursuant 17 to subdivision (20.6). 18

19(21) To adopt rules concerning the conduct of20electronic gaming.

21 (22) To have the same jurisdiction and supervision over
22 casinos and electronic gaming facilities as the Board has
23 over riverboats, including, but not limited to, the power
24 to (i) investigate, review, and approve contracts as that
25 power is applied to riverboats, (ii) adopt rules for
26 administering the provisions of this Act or the Chicago

Casino Development Authority Act, (iii) adopt standards 1 2 for the licensing of all persons involved with a casino or 3 electronic gaming facility, (iv) investigate alleged violations of this Act by any person involved with a casino 4 5 or electronic gaming facility, and (v) require that records, including financial or other statements of any 6 7 casino or electronic gaming facility, shall be kept in such 8 manner as prescribed by the Board.

9 <u>(23) To supervise and regulate the Chicago Casino</u> 10 <u>Development Authority in accordance with the Chicago</u> 11 <u>Casino Development Authority Act and the provisions of this</u> 12 <u>Act.</u>

13 (24) (21) To take any other action as may be reasonable
 14 or appropriate to enforce this Act, the Chicago Casino
 15 <u>Development Authority Act</u>, and <u>the</u> rules <u>adopted by the</u>
 16 <u>Board under both Acts</u> and regulations hereunder.

All Board powers enumerated in this Section in relation to
 licensees shall apply equally to the holder of any casino
 management contract entered into pursuant to the Chicago Casino
 Development Authority Act.

(d) The Board may seek and shall receive the cooperation of 21 22 the Department of State Police in conducting background 23 investigations applicants and fulfilling of in its responsibilities under this Section. Costs incurred by the 24 25 Department of State Police as a result of such cooperation 26 shall be paid by the Board in conformance with the requirements

1 of Section 2605-400 of the Department of State Police Law (20
2 ILCS 2605/2605-400).

3 (e) The Board must authorize to each investigator and to 4 any other employee of the Board exercising the powers of a 5 peace officer a distinct badge that, on its face, (i) clearly 6 states that the badge is authorized by the Board and (ii) 7 contains a unique identifying number. No other badge shall be 8 authorized by the Board.

9 (Source: P.A. 98-377, eff. 1-1-14; 98-582, eff. 8-27-13.)

10 (230 ILCS 10/5.1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2405.1)

11 Sec. 5.1. Disclosure of records.

12 (a) Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision to 13 the contrary, the Board shall, on written request from any 14 person, provide information furnished by an applicant or 15 licensee concerning the applicant or licensee, his products, 16 services or gambling enterprises and his business holdings, as 17 follows:

18 (1) The name, business address and business telephone19 number of any applicant or licensee.

(2) An identification of any applicant or licensee 20 21 including, if applicant or licensee is an not an 22 individual, the names and addresses of all stockholders and 23 directors, if the entity is a corporation; the names and 24 addresses of all members, if the entity is a limited 25 liability company; the names and addresses of all partners,

1 both general and limited, if the entity is a partnership; 2 and the names and addresses of all beneficiaries, if the 3 the state of incorporation or entity is a trust registration, the corporate officers, and the identity of 4 5 all shareholders or participants. If an applicant or 6 licensee has a pending registration statement filed with 7 the Securities and Exchange Commission, only the names of 8 those persons or entities holding interest of 5% or more 9 must be provided.

10 (3) An identification of any business, including, if 11 applicable, the state of incorporation or registration, in 12 which an applicant or licensee or an applicant's or licensee's spouse or children has an equity interest of 13 14 more than 1%. If an applicant or licensee is a corporation, 15 partnership or other business entity, the applicant or 16 licensee shall identify any other corporation, partnership or business entity in which it has an equity interest of 1% 17 including, if applicable, the 18 state or more, of 19 incorporation or registration. This information need not 20 be provided by a corporation, partnership or other business 21 entity that has a pending registration statement filed with 22 the Securities and Exchange Commission.

(4) Whether an applicant or licensee has been indicted,
 convicted, pleaded guilty or nolo contendere, or forfeited
 bail concerning any criminal offense under the laws of any
 jurisdiction, either felony or misdemeanor (except for

1 traffic violations), including the date, the name and 2 location of the court, arresting agency and prosecuting 3 agency, the case number, the offense, the disposition and 4 the location and length of incarceration.

5 (5) Whether an applicant or licensee has had any license or certificate issued by a licensing authority in 6 7 Illinois or any other jurisdiction denied, restricted, 8 suspended, revoked or not renewed and a statement 9 describing the facts and circumstances concerning the 10 denial, restriction, suspension, revocation or 11 non-renewal, including the licensing authority, the date 12 each such action was taken, and the reason for each such action. 13

(6) Whether an applicant or licensee has ever filed or
had filed against it a proceeding in bankruptcy or has ever
been involved in any formal process to adjust, defer,
suspend or otherwise work out the payment of any debt
including the date of filing, the name and location of the
court, the case and number of the disposition.

20 (7) Whether an applicant or licensee has filed, or been 21 served with a complaint or other notice filed with any 22 public body, regarding the delinquency in the payment of, 23 or a dispute over the filings concerning the payment of, 24 any tax required under federal, State or local law, 25 including the amount, type of tax, the taxing agency and 26 time periods involved.

(8) A statement listing the names and titles of all 1 2 public officials or officers of any unit of government, and 3 relatives of said public officials or officers who, directly or indirectly, own any financial interest in, have 4 5 any beneficial interest in, are the creditors of or hold any debt instrument issued by, or hold or have any interest 6 in any contractual or service relationship with, an 7 8 applicant or licensee.

9 (9) Whether an applicant or licensee has made, directly 10 or indirectly, any political contribution, or any loans, 11 donations or other payments, to any candidate or office 12 holder, within 5 years from the date of filing the 13 application, including the amount and the method of 14 payment.

(10) The name and business telephone number of the
counsel representing an applicant or licensee in matters
before the Board.

(11) A description of any proposed or 18 approved 19 riverboat or casino gaming or electronic gaming operation, 20 including the type of boat, home dock or casino or 21 electronic gaming location, expected economic benefit to 22 the community, anticipated or actual number of employees, 23 any statement from an applicant or licensee regarding compliance with federal and State affirmative action 24 25 guidelines, projected or actual admissions and projected 26 or actual adjusted gross gaming receipts.

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(12) A description of the product or service to be
 supplied by an applicant for a supplier's license.

3 (b) Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision to 4 the contrary, the Board shall, on written request from any 5 person, also provide the following information:

6 (1) The amount of the wagering tax and admission tax 7 paid daily to the State of Illinois by the holder of an 8 owner's license.

9 (2) Whenever the Board finds an applicant for an 10 owner's license unsuitable for licensing, a copy of the 11 written letter outlining the reasons for the denial.

(3) Whenever the Board has refused to grant leave for
an applicant to withdraw his application, a copy of the
letter outlining the reasons for the refusal.

15 (c) Subject to the above provisions, the Board shall not16 disclose any information which would be barred by:

(1) Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act; or

18 (2) The statutes, rules, regulations or
 19 intergovernmental agreements of any jurisdiction.

20 (d) The Board may assess fees for the copying of 21 information in accordance with Section 6 of the Freedom of 22 Information Act.

23 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)

24 (230 ILCS 10/5.3 new)

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25 <u>Sec. 5.3. Ethical conduct.</u>

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1	(a) Officials and employees of the corporate authority of a
2	host community must carry out their duties and responsibilities
3	in such a manner as to promote and preserve public trust and
4	confidence in the integrity and conduct of gaming.
5	(b) Officials and employees of the corporate authority of a
6	host community shall not use or attempt to use his or her
7	official position to secure or attempt to secure any privilege,
8	advantage, favor, or influence for himself or herself or
9	others.
10	(c) Officials and employees of the corporate authority of a
11	host community may not have a financial interest, directly or
12	indirectly, in his or her own name or in the name of any other
13	person, partnership, association, trust, corporation, or other
14	entity in any contract or subcontract for the performance of
15	any work for a riverboat or casino that is located in the host
16	community. This prohibition shall extend to the holding or
17	acquisition of an interest in any entity identified by Board
18	action that, in the Board's judgment, could represent the
19	potential for or the appearance of a financial interest. The
20	holding or acquisition of an interest in such entities through
21	an indirect means, such as through a mutual fund, shall not be
22	prohibited, except that the Board may identify specific
23	investments or funds that, in its judgment, are so influenced
24	by gaming holdings as to represent the potential for or the
25	appearance of a conflict of interest.
26	(d) Officials and employees of the corporate authority of a

1	host community may not accept any gift, gratuity, service,
2	compensation, travel, lodging, or thing of value, with the
3	exception of unsolicited items of an incidental nature, from
4	any person, corporation, or entity doing business with the
5	riverboat or casino that is located in the host community.
6	(e) Officials and employees of the corporate authority of a
7	host community shall not, during the period that the person is
8	an official or employee of the corporate authority or for a
9	period of 2 years immediately after leaving such office,
10	knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for
11	services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate,
12	that has engaged in business with the riverboat or casino that
13	is located in the host community that resulted in contracts
14	with an aggregate value of at least \$25,000 or if that official
15	or employee has made a decision that directly applied to the
16	person or entity, or its parent or affiliate.
17	(f) A spouse, child, or parent of an official or employee
18	of the corporate authority of a host community may not have a
19	financial interest, directly or indirectly, in his or her own
20	name or in the name of any other person, partnership,

21 association, trust, corporation, or other entity in any 22 contract or subcontract for the performance of any work for a 23 riverboat or casino in the host community. This prohibition 24 shall extend to the holding or acquisition of an interest in 25 any entity identified by Board action that, in the judgment of 26 the Board, could represent the potential for or the appearance

1	of a conflict of interest. The holding or acquisition of an
2	interest in such entities through an indirect means, such as
3	through a mutual fund, shall not be prohibited, except that the
4	Board may identify specific investments or funds that, in its
5	judgment, are so influenced by gaming holdings as to represent
6	the potential for or the appearance of a conflict of interest.
7	(g) A spouse, child, or parent of an official or employee
8	of the corporate authority of a host community may not accept
9	any gift, gratuity, service, compensation, travel, lodging, or
10	thing of value, with the exception of unsolicited items of an
11	incidental nature, from any person, corporation, or entity
12	doing business with the riverboat or casino that is located in
13	the host community.
14	(h) A spouse, child, or parent of an official or employee
14 15	(h) A spouse, child, or parent of an official or employee of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during
15	of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during
15 16	of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during the period that the person is an official of the corporate
15 16 17	of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during the period that the person is an official of the corporate authority or for a period of 2 years immediately after leaving
15 16 17 18	of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during the period that the person is an official of the corporate authority or for a period of 2 years immediately after leaving such office or employment, knowingly accept employment or
15 16 17 18 19	of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during the period that the person is an official of the corporate authority or for a period of 2 years immediately after leaving such office or employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or
15 16 17 18 19 20	of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during the period that the person is an official of the corporate authority or for a period of 2 years immediately after leaving such office or employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during the period that the person is an official of the corporate authority or for a period of 2 years immediately after leaving such office or employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the riverboat or casino that is located in the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during the period that the person is an official of the corporate authority or for a period of 2 years immediately after leaving such office or employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the riverboat or casino that is located in the host community that resulted in contracts with an aggregate
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	of the corporate authority of a host community may not, during the period that the person is an official of the corporate authority or for a period of 2 years immediately after leaving such office or employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the riverboat or casino that is located in the host community that resulted in contracts with an aggregate value of at least \$25,000 or if that official or employee has

1 host community shall not attempt, in any way, to influence any 2 person or entity doing business with the riverboat or casino 3 that is located in the host community or any officer, agent, or 4 employee thereof to hire or contract with any person or entity 5 for any compensated work. (j) Any communication between an official of the corporate 6 7 authority of a host community and any applicant for an owners 8 license in the host community, or an officer, director, or 9 employee of a riverboat or casino in the host community, 10 concerning any matter relating in any way to gaming shall be 11 disclosed to the Board. Such disclosure shall be in writing by 12 the official within 30 days after the communication and shall be filed with the Board. Disclosure must consist of the date of 13 14 the communication, the identity and job title of the person 15 with whom the communication was made, a brief summary of the 16 communication, the action requested or recommended, all 17 responses made, the identity and job title of the person making the response, and any other pertinent information. Public 18 19 disclosure of the written summary provided to the Board and the 20 Gaming Board shall be subject to the exemptions provided under 21 the Freedom of Information Act. 22 This subsection (j) shall not apply to communications

23 regarding traffic, law enforcement, security, environmental 24 issues, city services, transportation, or other routine 25 matters concerning the ordinary operations of the riverboat or 26 casino. For purposes of this subsection (j), "ordinary operations" means operations relating to the casino or riverboat facility other than the conduct of gambling activities, and "routine matters" includes the application for, issuance of, renewal of, and other processes associated with municipal permits and licenses.

6 (k) Any official or employee who violates any provision of
7 this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

8 <u>(1) For purposes of this Section, "host community" or "host</u> 9 <u>municipality" means a unit of local government that contains a</u> 10 <u>riverboat or casino within its borders, but does not include</u> 11 <u>the City of Chicago or the Chicago Casino Development</u> 12 <u>Authority.</u>

13 (230 ILCS 10/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 2406)

14 Sec. 6. Application for Owners License.

15 (a) A qualified person may apply to the Board for an owners 16 license to conduct a riverboat gambling operation as provided in this Act. The application shall be made on forms provided by 17 the Board and shall contain such information as the Board 18 19 prescribes, including but not limited to the identity of the riverboat on which such gambling operation is to be conducted, 20 21 if applicable, and the exact location where such riverboat or 22 casino will be located docked, a certification that the riverboat will be registered under this Act at all times during 23 24 which gambling operations are conducted on board, detailed 25 information regarding the ownership and management of the

applicant, and detailed personal information regarding the 1 2 applicant. Any application for an owners license to be re-issued on or after June 1, 2003 shall also include the 3 applicant's license bid in a form prescribed by the Board. 4 5 Information provided on the application shall be used as a basis for a thorough background investigation which the Board 6 7 shall conduct with respect to each applicant. An incomplete 8 application shall be cause for denial of a license by the 9 Board.

10 <u>(a-5) In addition to any other information required under</u> 11 <u>this Section, each application for an owners license must</u> 12 <u>include the following information:</u>

13 (1) The history and success of the applicant and each 14 person and entity disclosed under subsection (c) of this 15 Section in developing tourism facilities ancillary to 16 gaming, if applicable.

17 (2) The likelihood that granting a license to the 18 applicant will lead to the creation of quality, living wage 19 jobs and permanent, full-time jobs for residents of the 20 State and residents of the unit of local government that is 21 designated as the home dock of the proposed facility where 22 gambling is to be conducted by the applicant.

23 (3) The projected number of jobs that would be created 24 if the license is granted and the projected number of new 25 employees at the proposed facility where gambling is to be 26 conducted by the applicant. - 359 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

(4) The record, if any, of the applicant and its 1 developer in meeting commitments to local agencies, 2 3 community-based organizations, and employees at other locations where the applicant or its developer has 4 5 performed similar functions as they would perform if the 6 applicant were granted a license. (5) Identification of adverse effects that might be 7 8 caused by the proposed facility where gambling is to be 9 conducted by the applicant, including the costs of meeting 10 increased demand for public health care, child care, public 11 transportation, affordable housing, and social services, 12 and a plan to mitigate those adverse effects. (6) The record, if any, of the applicant and its 13 14 developer regarding compliance with: 15 (A) federal, state, and local discrimination, wage 16 and hour, disability, and occupational and environmental health and safety laws; and 17 (B) state and local labor relations and employment 18 19 laws. (7) The applicant's record, if any, in dealing with its 20 21 employees and their representatives at other locations. 22 (8) A plan concerning the utilization of 23 minority-owned and female-owned businesses and concerning 24 the hiring of minorities and females. 25 (9) Evidence the applicant used its best efforts to 26 reach a goal of 25% ownership representation by minority

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persons and 5% ownership representation by females.

2 (b) Applicants shall submit with their application all 3 documents, resolutions, and letters of support from the 4 governing body that represents the municipality or county 5 wherein the licensee will <u>be located</u> dock.

6 (c) Each applicant shall disclose the identity of every 7 person or entity , association, trust or corporation having a greater than 1% direct or indirect pecuniary interest in the 8 9 riverboat gambling operation with respect to which the license 10 is sought. If the disclosed entity is a trust, the application 11 shall disclose the names and addresses of all the 12 beneficiaries; if a corporation, the names and addresses of all 13 stockholders and directors; if a partnership, the names and 14 addresses of all partners, both general and limited.

15 (d) An application shall be filed and considered in 16 accordance with the rules of the Board. Each application shall 17 be accompanied by a non-refundable An application fee of \$100,000. In addition, a non-refundable fee of \$50,000 shall be 18 paid at the time of filing to defray the costs associated with 19 20 the background investigation conducted by the Board. If the costs of the investigation exceed \$50,000, the applicant shall 21 22 pay the additional amount to the Board within 7 days after 23 requested by the Board. If the costs of the investigation are less than \$50,000, the applicant shall receive a refund of the 24 25 remaining amount. All information, records, interviews, 26 reports, statements, memoranda or other data supplied to or

used by the Board in the course of its review or investigation 1 2 of an application for a license or a renewal under this Act 3 shall be privileged, strictly confidential and shall be used only for the purpose of evaluating an applicant for a license 4 5 or a renewal. Such information, records, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda or other data shall not be admissible as 6 7 evidence, nor discoverable in any action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board, agency or person, except 8 9 for any action deemed necessary by the Board. The application 10 fee shall be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue 11 Fund.

12 (e) The Board shall charge each applicant a fee set by the 13 Department of State Police to defray the costs associated with the search and classification of fingerprints obtained by the 14 15 Board with respect to the applicant's application. These fees 16 shall be paid into the State Police Services Fund. In order to 17 expedite the application process, the Board may establish rules allowing applicants to acquire criminal background checks and 18 19 financial integrity reviews as part of the initial application 20 process from a list of vendors approved by the Board.

(f) The licensed owner shall be the person primarily responsible for the boat <u>or casino</u> itself. Only one riverboat gambling operation may be authorized by the Board on any riverboat <u>or in any casino</u>. The applicant must identify <u>the</u> cach riverboat <u>or premises</u> it intends to use and certify that the riverboat <u>or premises</u>: (1) has the authorized capacity

1 required in this Act; (2) is accessible to persons with 2 disabilities; and (3) is fully registered and licensed in 3 accordance with any applicable laws.

4 (g) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an
5 application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

6 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

- 7 (230 ILCS 10/7) (from Ch. 120, par. 2407)
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Sec. 7. Owners licenses.

(a) The Board shall issue owners licenses to persons or 9 10 entities, firms or corporations which apply for such licenses 11 upon payment to the Board of the non-refundable license fee as 12 provided in subsection (e) or (e-5) set by the Board, upon payment of a \$25,000 license fee for the first year of 13 operation and a \$5,000 license fee for each succeeding year and 14 15 upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is 16 eligible for an owners license pursuant to this Act, the 17 Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, and the rules of the Board. From the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 18 19 95th General Assembly until (i) 3 years after the effective 20 date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, (ii) 21 the date any organization licensee begins to operate a slot 22 machine or video game of chance under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or this Act, (iii) the date that payments begin 23 24 under subsection (c-5) of Section 13 of the Act, or (iv) the wagering tax imposed under Section 13 of this Act is increased 25

by law to reflect a tax rate that is at least as stringent or 1 2 more stringent than the tax rate contained in subsection (a-3) 3 of Section 13, or (v) when an owners licensee holding a license issued pursuant to Section 7.1 of this Act begins conducting 4 5 gaming, whichever occurs first, as a condition of licensure and as an alternative source of payment for those funds payable 6 7 under subsection (c-5) of Section 13 of this the Riverboat 8 Gambling Act, any owners licensee that holds or receives its 9 owners license on or after the effective date of this 10 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, other than an 11 owners licensee operating a riverboat with adjusted gross 12 receipts in calendar year 2004 of less than \$200,000,000, must pay into the Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund, in addition to any 13 14 other payments required under this Act, an amount equal to 3% 15 of the adjusted gross receipts received by the owners licensee. 16 The payments required under this Section shall be made by the 17 owners licensee to the State Treasurer no later than 3:00 o'clock p.m. of the day after the day when the adjusted gross 18 19 receipts were received by the owners licensee. A person, firm 20 or entity corporation is ineligible to receive an owners license if: 21

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(1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;

(2) the person has been convicted of any violation of
Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal
Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other

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1 jurisdiction;

2 (3) the person has submitted an application for a
3 license under this Act <u>or the Chicago Casino Development</u>
4 Authority Act which contains false information;

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(4) the person is a member of the Board;

6 (5) a person defined in (1), (2), (3) or (4) is an 7 officer, director or managerial employee of the <u>entity</u> firm 8 or corporation;

9 (6) the <u>entity</u> firm or corporation employs a person 10 defined in (1), (2), (3) or (4) who participates in the 11 management or operation of gambling operations authorized 12 under this Act <u>or the Chicago Casino Development Authority</u> 13 <u>Act</u>;

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(7) (blank); or

(8) a license of the person <u>or entity</u> , firm or
 corporation issued under this Act <u>or the Chicago Casino</u>
 <u>Development Authority Act</u>, or a license to own or operate
 gambling facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been
 revoked.

The Board is expressly prohibited from making changes to the requirement that licensees make payment into the Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund without the express authority of the Illinois General Assembly and making any other rule to implement or interpret this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. For the purposes of this paragraph, "rules" is given the meaning given to that term in Section 1-70 of the Illinois 1 Administrative Procedure Act.

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2 (a-1) Upon approval of the members of the Chicago Casino 3 Development Board, the Chicago Casino Development Authority's executive director, and the Chicago casino operator licensee, 4 5 the Board shall issue an owners license to the Chicago Casino Development Authority that authorizes the conduct of gambling 6 7 operations in a casino or in an airport located in the City of 8 Chicago. 9 (b) In determining whether to grant an owners license to an 10 applicant other than the Chicago Casino Development Authority, 11 the Board shall consider: 12 the character, reputation, experience (1)and 13 financial integrity of the applicants and of any other or 14 separate person that either: 15 (A) controls, directly or indirectly, such 16 applicant, or 17 (B) is controlled, directly or indirectly, by such applicant or by a person which controls, directly or 18 19 indirectly, such applicant; 20 (2) the facilities or proposed facilities for the 21 conduct of riverboat gambling; 22 (3) the highest prospective total revenue to be derived 23 by the State from the conduct of riverboat gambling; 24 (4) the extent to which the ownership of the applicant reflects the diversity of the State by including minority 25 26 persons, women, and persons with a disability and the good HB5292

faith affirmative action plan of each applicant to recruit, train and upgrade minority persons, women, and persons with a disability in all employment classifications;

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(5) the financial ability of the applicant to purchase and maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance;

6 (6) whether the applicant has adequate capitalization 7 to provide and maintain, for the duration of a license, a 8 riverboat <u>or casino</u>;

9 (7) the extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets 10 other standards for the issuance of an owners license which 11 the Board may adopt by rule; and

(8) the The amount of the applicant's license bid:-

13 (9) the extent to which the applicant or the proposed 14 host municipality plans to enter into revenue sharing 15 agreements with communities other than the host 16 municipality; and

17 (10) the extent to which the ownership of an applicant 18 includes the most qualified number of minority persons, 19 females, and persons with a disability.

(c) Each owners license shall specify the place where <u>the</u>
 <u>casino</u> riverboats shall operate <u>or the riverboat shall operate</u>
 and dock.

23 (d) Each applicant shall submit with his application, on24 forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of his fingerprints.

(e) <u>In addition to any licenses authorized under subsection</u>
(e-5) of this Section, the <u>The</u> Board may issue up to 10

licenses authorizing the holders of such licenses to own 1 2 riverboats. In the application for an owners license, the applicant shall state the dock at which the riverboat is based 3 and the water on which the riverboat will be located. The Board 4 5 shall issue 5 licenses to become effective not earlier than January 1, 1991. Three of such licenses shall authorize 6 7 riverboat gambling on the Mississippi River, or, with approval by the municipality in which the riverboat was docked on August 8 9 7, 2003 and with Board approval, be authorized to relocate to a 10 new location, in a municipality that (1) borders on the 11 Mississippi River or is within 5 miles of the city limits of a 12 municipality that borders on the Mississippi River and (2), on 13 August 7, 2003, had a riverboat conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to a license issued under this Act; one of 14 15 which shall authorize riverboat gambling from a home dock in 16 the city of East St. Louis. One other license shall authorize 17 riverboat gambling on the Illinois River in Tazewell County or, with Board approval, shall authorize the riverboat to relocate 18 19 to a new location that is no more than 10 miles away from its 20 original location, in a municipality that borders on the Illinois River or is within 5 miles of the city limits of a 21 22 municipality that borders on the Illinois River south of 23 Marshall County. The Board shall issue one additional license to become effective not earlier than March 1, 1992, which shall 24 25 authorize riverboat gambling on the Des Plaines River in Will County. The Board may issue 4 additional licenses to become 26

effective not earlier than March 1, 1992. In determining the water upon which riverboats will operate, the Board shall consider the economic benefit which riverboat gambling confers on the State, and shall seek to assure that all regions of the State share in the economic benefits of riverboat gambling.

In granting all licenses, the Board may give favorable 6 consideration to economically depressed areas of the State, to 7 8 applicants presenting plans which provide for significant 9 economic development over a large geographic area, and to 10 applicants who currently operate non-gambling riverboats in 11 Illinois. The Board shall review all applications for owners 12 licenses, and shall inform each applicant of the Board's decision. The Board may grant an owners license to an applicant 13 14 that has not submitted the highest license bid, but if it does 15 not select the highest bidder, the Board shall issue a written 16 decision explaining why another applicant was selected and 17 identifying the factors set forth in this Section that favored the winning bidder. The fee for issuance or renewal of a 18 19 license pursuant to this subsection (e) shall be \$100,000.

20 <u>(e-5) In addition to licenses authorized under subsection</u>
21 <u>(e) of this Section:</u>

22 <u>(1) the Board shall issue one owners license</u> 23 <u>authorizing the conduct of casino gambling in the City of</u> 24 <u>Chicago;</u>

25 (2) the Board may issue one owners license authorizing
 26 the conduct of riverboat gambling in the City of Danville;

1	(3) the Board may issue one owners license authorizing
2	the conduct of riverboat gambling located in one of the
3	following municipalities in Lake County: Park City, North
4	Chicago, or Waukegan;
5	(4) the Board may issue one owners license authorizing
6	the conduct of riverboat gambling in the City of Rockford;
7	(5) the Board may issue one owners license authorizing
8	the conduct of riverboat gambling in a municipality that is
9	wholly or partially located in one of the following
10	townships of Cook County: Bloom, Bremen, Calumet, Rich,
11	Thornton, or Worth Township;
12	(6) the Board may issue one owners license authorizing
13	the conduct of riverboat gambling in the unincorporated
14	area of Williamson County adjacent to the Big Muddy River;
15	and
16	(7) the Board may issue one owners license authorizing
17	the conduct of casino gambling in the City of Springfield.
18	Each application for a license pursuant to this subsection
19	(e-5) shall be submitted to the Board no later than 120 days
20	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th
21	General Assembly and shall include the non-refundable
22	application fee and the non-refundable background
23	investigation fee as provided in subsection (d) of Section 6 of
24	this Act. In the event that an applicant submits an application
25	for a license pursuant to this subsection (e-5) prior to the
26	effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General

Assembly, such applicant shall submit the non-refundable 1 2 application fee and background investigation fee as provided in 3 subsection (d) of Section 6 of this Act no later than 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th 4 5 General Assembly. The Board shall consider issuing a license pursuant to 6 paragraphs (2) through (6) of this subsection only after the 7 8 corporate authority of the municipality or the county board of 9 the county in which the riverboat shall be located has 10 certified to the Board the following: 11 (i) that the applicant has negotiated with the 12 corporate authority or county board in good faith; (ii) that the applicant and the corporate authority or 13 14 county board have mutually agreed on the permanent location 15 of the riverboat; 16 (iii) that the applicant and the corporate authority or county board have mutually agreed on the temporary location 17 18 of the riverboat; 19 (iv) that the applicant and the corporate authority or 20 the county board have mutually agreed on the percentage of 21 revenues that will be shared with the municipality or 22 county, if any; and 23 (v) that the applicant and the corporate authority or 24 county board have mutually agreed on any zoning, licensing, 25 public health, or other issues that are within the 26 jurisdiction of the municipality or county.

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1	At least 7 days before the corporate authority of a
2	municipality or county board of the county submits a
3	certification to the Board concerning items (i) through (v) of
4	this subsection, it shall hold a public hearing to discuss
5	items (i) through (v), as well as any other details concerning
6	the proposed riverboat in the municipality or county. The
7	corporate authority or county board must subsequently
8	memorialize the details concerning the proposed riverboat in a
9	resolution that must be adopted by a majority of the corporate
10	authority or county board before any certification is sent to
11	the Board. The Board shall not alter, amend, change, or
12	otherwise interfere with any agreement between the applicant
13	and the corporate authority of the municipality or county board
14	of the county regarding the location of any temporary or
14 15	of the county regarding the location of any temporary or permanent facility.
15	permanent facility.
15 16	permanent facility. In addition, prior to the Board issuing the owners license
15 16 17	permanent facility. In addition, prior to the Board issuing the owners license authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5), an impact
15 16 17 18	permanent facility. In addition, prior to the Board issuing the owners license authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5), an impact study shall be completed to determine what location in the city
15 16 17 18 19	<u>In addition, prior to the Board issuing the owners license</u> <u>authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5), an impact</u> <u>study shall be completed to determine what location in the city</u> <u>will provide the greater impact to the region, including the</u>
15 16 17 18 19 20	<pre>permanent facility. In addition, prior to the Board issuing the owners license authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5), an impact study shall be completed to determine what location in the city will provide the greater impact to the region, including the creation of jobs and the generation of tax revenue.</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>permanent facility. In addition, prior to the Board issuing the owners license authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5), an impact study shall be completed to determine what location in the city will provide the greater impact to the region, including the creation of jobs and the generation of tax revenue. (e-10) The licenses authorized under subsection (e-5) of</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>permanent facility. In addition, prior to the Board issuing the owners license authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5), an impact study shall be completed to determine what location in the city will provide the greater impact to the region, including the creation of jobs and the generation of tax revenue. (e-10) The licenses authorized under subsection (e-5) of this Section shall be issued within 12 months after the date</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>permanent facility. In addition, prior to the Board issuing the owners license authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5), an impact study shall be completed to determine what location in the city will provide the greater impact to the region, including the creation of jobs and the generation of tax revenue.</pre>

to make a determination. The fee for the issuance or renewal of 1 2 a license issued pursuant to this subsection (e-10) shall be 3 \$100,000. Additionally, a licensee located outside of Cook 4 County shall pay a minimum initial fee of \$17,500 per gaming 5 position, and a licensee located in Cook County shall pay a 6 minimum initial fee of \$30,000 per gaming position. The initial 7 fees payable under this subsection (e-10) shall be deposited 8 into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund.

9 (e-15) Each licensee of a license authorized under 10 subsection (e-5) of this Section shall make a reconciliation 11 payment 3 years after the date the licensee begins operating in 12 an amount equal to 75% of the adjusted gross receipts for the most lucrative 12-month period of operations, minus an amount 13 14 equal to the initial payment per gaming position paid by the specific licensee. If this calculation results in a negative 15 16 amount, then the licensee is not entitled to any reimbursement 17 of fees previously paid. This reconciliation payment may be made in installments over a period of no more than 2 years, 18 19 subject to Board approval. Any installment payments shall 20 include an annual market interest rate as determined by the Board. All payments by licensees under this subsection (e-15) 21 22 shall be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund. 23 (e-20) In addition to any other revocation powers granted 24 to the Board under this Act, the Board may revoke the owners 25 license of a licensee, other than the Chicago Casino

26 <u>Development Authority</u>, which fails to begin conducting

gambling within 15 months of receipt of the Board's approval of the application if the Board determines that license revocation is in the best interests of the State.

4 (f) The first 10 owners licenses issued under this Act 5 shall permit the holder to own up to 2 riverboats and equipment 6 thereon for a period of 3 years after the effective date of the 7 license. Holders of the first 10 owners licenses must pay the 8 annual license fee for each of the 3 years during which they 9 are authorized to own riverboats.

10 (q) Upon the termination, expiration, or revocation of each 11 of the first 10 licenses, which shall be issued for a 3 year 12 period, all licenses are renewable annually upon payment of the fee and a determination by the Board that the licensee 13 14 continues to meet all of the requirements of this Act and the 15 Board's rules. However, for licenses renewed on or after May 1, 16 1998, including casino operator licenses, renewal shall be for 17 a period of 4 years, unless the Board sets a shorter period. Notwithstanding any provision in this subsection (g) to the 18 19 contrary, any license that is awarded to the Chicago Casino Development Authority shall not expire, but it shall be subject 20 21 to the provisions of this Act and the rules of the Board.

(h) An owners license, except for an owners license issued
 under subsection (e-5) of this Section, shall entitle the
 licensee to own up to 2 riverboats.

25 <u>An owners licensee of a casino or riverboat that is located</u> 26 <u>in the City of Chicago pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection</u>

1	(e-5) of this Section shall limit the number of gaming
2	positions to 4,000 for such owner. An owners licensee
3	authorized under subsection (e) or paragraph (2), (3), (4), or
4	(5) of subsection (e-5) of this Section shall limit the number
5	of gaming positions to 1,600 for any such owners license,
6	except as further provided in subsection (h-10) of this
7	Section. An owners licensee authorized under paragraph (6) of
8	subsection (e-5) of this Section A licensee shall limit the
9	number of gaming positions gambling participants to 1,200 for
10	any such owner. An owners licensee authorized under paragraph
11	(7) of subsection (e-5) of this Section shall limit the number
12	of positions to 900 for such owner. The initial fee for each
13	gaming position obtained on or after the effective date of this
14	amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly shall be a minimum
15	of \$17,500 for licensees not located in Cook County and a
16	minimum of \$30,000 for licensees located in Cook County, in
17	addition to the reconciliation payment, as set forth in
18	subsections (e-15) or (h-5) of this Section owners license. The
19	fees under this subsection (h) shall be deposited into the
20	Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund.
21	Each owners licensee shall reserve its gaming positions
22	within 90 days after issuance of its owners license. The Board
23	may grant an extension to this 90-day period, provided that the
24	owners licensee submits a written request and explanation as to
25	why it is unable to reserve its positions within the 90-day
26	period.

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A licensee may operate both of its riverboats concurrently, 1 2 provided that the total number of gaming positions gambling participants on both riverboats does not exceed the limit 3 4 established pursuant to this subsection and subsection (h-10) 5 of this Section $\frac{1}{200}$. Riverboats licensed to operate on the 6 Mississippi River and the Illinois River south of Marshall 7 County shall have an authorized capacity of at least 500 8 persons. Any other riverboat licensed under this Act shall have 9 an authorized capacity of at least 400 persons.

10 (h-5) An owners licensee who conducted gambling operations 11 prior to January 1, 2012 and purchases positions pursuant to 12 subsection (h-10) of this Section on or after the effective 13 date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly must 14 pay a minimum initial fee of \$17,500 per additional gaming position if the licensee is located outside Cook County and a 15 16 minimum initial fee of \$30,000 per additional gaming position 17 if the licensee is located in Cook County, as stated in subsection (h) of this Section. These initial fees shall be 18 deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund. 19 20 Additionally, that owners licensee shall make a reconciliation payment 3 years after any additional gaming positions obtained 21 22 pursuant to subsection (h-10) begin operating in an amount 23 equal to 75% of the owners licensee's average gross receipts 24 for the most lucrative 12-month period of operations minus an amount equal to the initial fee that the owners licensee paid 25 per additional gaming position. For purposes of this subsection 26

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1	(h-5), "average gross receipts" means (i) the increase in
2	adjusted gross receipts for the most lucrative 12-month period
3	of operations over the adjusted gross receipts for 2017,
4	multiplied by (ii) the percentage derived by dividing the
5	number of additional gaming positions that an owners licensee
6	had obtained pursuant to subsection (h-10) by the total number
7	of gaming positions operated by the owners licensee. If this
8	calculation results in a negative amount, then the owners
9	licensee is not entitled to any reimbursement of fees
10	previously paid. This reconciliation payment may be made in
11	installments over a period of no more than 2 years, subject to
12	Board approval. Any installment payments shall include an
13	annual market interest rate as determined by the Board. These
14	reconciliation payments shall be deposited into the Gaming
15	Facilities Fee Revenue Fund.
16	(h-10) For owners licensees authorized under paragraphs
17	(2) through (5) of subsection (e-5) of this Section, the
18	application for such new owners licenses shall ask the
19	applicants to stipulate in their applications the number of
20	gaming positions each applicant would like to reserve, up to
21	1,600 gaming positions. Once the last winning applicant for
22	each of these owners licenses has been selected by the Board,
23	the Board shall publish the number of gaming positions reserved
24	and unreserved by each winning applicant, shall accept requests
25	for additional gaming positions from any winning applicants or
26	owners licensee who initially reserved 1,600 gaming positions,

1 and shall allocate expeditiously the unreserved gaming 2 positions to such requesting winning applicants or owners 3 licensees in a manner to maximize revenue to the State; 4 provided, however, that no owners licensee (other than the 5 Chicago Casino Development Authority) shall obtain more than 6 2,000 positions total.

7 <u>In the event that not all of the unreserved gaming</u> 8 positions described in the first and second paragraphs of this 9 <u>subsection (h-10) were requested by owners licensees and</u> 10 <u>applicants, then until there are no longer unreserved gaming</u> 11 <u>positions, the Board periodically shall govern a process to</u> 12 <u>allocate the unreserved gaming positions in a manner to</u> 13 <u>maximize revenue to the State.</u>

14 <u>Unreserved gaming positions retained from and allocated to</u> 15 <u>owners licensees by the Board pursuant to this subsection</u> 16 <u>(h-10) shall not be allocated to electronic gaming licensees</u> 17 <u>pursuant to subsection (e) of Section 7.7 of this Act.</u>

(i) A licensed owner is authorized to apply to the Board 18 19 for and, if approved therefor, to receive all licenses from the 20 Board necessary for the operation of a riverboat or casino, 21 including a liquor license, a license to prepare and serve food 22 for human consumption, and other necessary licenses. All use, 23 occupation and excise taxes which apply to the sale of food and beverages in this State and all taxes imposed on the sale or 24 25 use of tangible personal property apply to such sales aboard 26 the riverboat or in the casino.

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(j) The Board may issue or re-issue a license authorizing a 1 2 riverboat to dock in a municipality or approve a relocation 3 under Section 11.2 only if, prior to the issuance or re-issuance of the license or approval, the governing body of 4 5 the municipality in which the riverboat will dock has by a majority vote approved the docking of riverboats in the 6 municipality. The Board may issue or re-issue a license 7 8 authorizing a riverboat to dock in areas of a county outside 9 any municipality or approve a relocation under Section 11.2 10 only if, prior to the issuance or re-issuance of the license or 11 approval, the governing body of the county has by a majority 12 vote approved of the docking of riverboats within such areas.

13 (k) An owners licensee may conduct land-based gambling 14 operations upon approval by the Board.

15 (1) An owners licensee may conduct gaming at a temporary 16 facility pending the construction of a permanent facility or 17 the remodeling or relocation of an existing facility to accommodate gaming participants for up to 24 months after the 18 19 temporary facility begins to conduct gaming. Upon request by an 20 owners licensee and upon a showing of good cause by the owners 21 licensee, the Board shall extend the period during which the 22 licensee may conduct gaming at a temporary facility by up to 12 23 months. The Board shall make rules concerning the conduct of 24 gaming from temporary facilities.

25 (Source: P.A. 100-391, eff. 8-25-17.)

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(230 ILCS 10/7.3)

2

Sec. 7.3. State conduct of gambling operations.

(a) If, after reviewing each application for a re-issued 3 license, the Board determines that the highest prospective 4 5 total revenue to the State would be derived from State conduct of the gambling operation in lieu of re-issuing the license, 6 7 the Board shall inform each applicant of its decision. The 8 Board shall thereafter have the authority, without obtaining an 9 owners license, to conduct casino or riverboat gambling 10 operations as previously authorized by the terminated, 11 expired, revoked, or nonrenewed license through a licensed 12 manager selected pursuant to an open and competitive bidding 13 process as set forth in Section 7.5 and as provided in Section 7.4. 14

(b) The Board may locate any <u>casino or</u> riverboat on which a gambling operation is conducted by the State in any home dock <u>or other</u> location authorized by Section 3(c) upon receipt of approval from a majority vote of the governing body of the municipality or county, as the case may be, in which the riverboat will dock.

(c) The Board shall have jurisdiction over and shall supervise all gambling operations conducted by the State provided for in this Act <u>and the Chicago Casino Development</u> <u>Authority Act</u> and shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully and effectively execute the provisions of this Act <u>and</u> <u>the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act</u> relating to HB5292 - 380 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

1 gambling operations conducted by the State.

(d) The maximum number of owners licenses authorized under
Section <u>7</u> 7(e) shall be reduced by one for each instance in
which the Board authorizes the State to conduct a <u>casino or</u>
riverboat gambling operation under subsection (a) in lieu of
re-issuing a license to an applicant under Section 7.1.
(Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)

8 (230 ILCS 10/7.5)

9 Sec. 7.5. Competitive Bidding. When the Board determines 10 that (i) it will re-issue an owners license pursuant to an open 11 and competitive bidding process, as set forth in Section 7.1, 12 (ii) or that it will issue a managers license pursuant to an 13 open and competitive bidding process, as set forth in Section 7.4, or (iii) it will issue an owners license pursuant to an 14 15 open and competitive bidding process, as set forth in Section 16 7.12, the open and competitive bidding process shall adhere to the following procedures: 17

18 (1) The Board shall make applications for owners and 19 managers licenses available to the public and allow a 20 reasonable time for applicants to submit applications to the 21 Board.

(2) During the filing period for owners or managers license
 applications, the Board may retain the services of an
 investment banking firm to assist the Board in conducting the
 open and competitive bidding process.

1 (3) After receiving all of the bid proposals, the Board 2 shall open all of the proposals in a public forum and disclose 3 the prospective owners or managers names, venture partners, if 4 any, and, in the case of applicants for owners licenses, the 5 locations of the proposed development sites.

6 (4) The Board shall summarize the terms of the proposals7 and may make this summary available to the public.

8 (5) The Board shall evaluate the proposals within a 9 reasonable time and select no more than 3 final applicants to 10 make presentations of their proposals to the Board.

(6) The final applicants shall make their presentations tothe Board on the same day during an open session of the Board.

13 (7) As soon as practicable after the public presentations 14 by the final applicants, the Board, in its discretion, may conduct further negotiations among the 3 final applicants. 15 16 During such negotiations, each final applicant may increase its 17 license bid or otherwise enhance its bid proposal. At the conclusion of such negotiations, the Board shall select the 18 19 winning proposal. In the case of negotiations for an owners 20 license, the Board may, at the conclusion of such negotiations, make the determination allowed under Section 7.3(a). 21

(8) Upon selection of a winning bid, the Board shall evaluate the winning bid within a reasonable period of time for licensee suitability in accordance with all applicable statutory and regulatory criteria.

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(9) If the winning bidder is unable or otherwise fails to

consummate the transaction, (including if the Board determines that the winning bidder does not satisfy the suitability

3 requirements), the Board may, on the same criteria, select from 4 the remaining bidders or make the determination allowed under 5 Section 7.3(a).

6 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)

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(230 ILCS 10/7.7 new)

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<u>Sec. 7.7. Electronic gaming.</u>

9 (a) The General Assembly finds that the horse racing and 10 riverboat gambling industries share many similarities and 11 collectively comprise the bulk of the State's gaming industry. 12 One feature common to both industries is that each is highly 13 regulated by the State of Illinois. The General Assembly further finds, however, that despite their shared features each 14 15 industry is distinct from the other in that horse racing is and 16 continues to be intimately tied to Illinois' agricultural economy and is, at its core, a spectator sport. This 17 18 distinction requires the General Assembly to utilize different methods to regulate and promote the horse racing industry 19 20 throughout the State. The General Assembly finds that in order 21 to promote live horse racing as a spectator sport in Illinois 22 and the agricultural economy of this State, it is necessary to 23 allow electronic gaming at Illinois race tracks as an ancillary 24 use given the success of other states in increasing live racing 25 purse accounts and improving the quality of horses - 383 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

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1 participating in horse race meetings.

2 (b) The Illinois Gaming Board shall award one electronic gaming license to each person or entity having operating 3 control of a race track that applies under Section 56 of the 4 5 Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, subject to the application 6 and eligibility requirements of this Section. Within 60 days 7 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th 8 General Assembly, a person or entity having operating control 9 of a race track may submit an application for an electronic gaming license. The application shall be made on such forms as 10 11 provided by the Board and shall contain such information as the 12 Board prescribes, including, but not limited to, the identity of any race track at which electronic gaming will be conducted, 13 14 detailed information regarding the ownership and management of the applicant, and detailed personal information regarding the 15 16 applicant. The application shall specify the number of gaming 17 positions the applicant intends to use and the place where the electronic gaming facility will operate. A person who knowingly 18 19 makes a false statement on an application is guilty of a Class 20 A misdemeanor. 21 Each applicant shall disclose the identity of every person

22 or entity having a direct or indirect pecuniary interest 23 greater than 1% in any race track with respect to which the 24 license is sought. If the disclosed entity is a corporation, 25 the applicant shall disclose the names and addresses of all 26 stockholders and directors. If the disclosed entity is a

1	limited liability company, the applicant shall disclose the
2	names and addresses of all members and managers. If the
3	disclosed entity is a partnership, the applicant shall disclose
4	the names and addresses of all partners, both general and
5	limited. If the disclosed entity is a trust, the applicant
6	shall disclose the names and addresses of all beneficiaries.
7	An application shall be filed and considered in accordance
8	with the rules of the Board. Each application for an electronic
9	gaming license shall include a non-refundable application fee
10	of \$100,000. In addition, a non-refundable fee of \$50,000 shall
11	be paid at the time of filing to defray the costs associated
12	with background investigations conducted by the Board. If the
13	costs of the background investigation exceed \$50,000, the
14	applicant shall pay the additional amount to the Board within 7
15	days after a request by the Board. If the costs of the
16	investigation are less than \$50,000, the applicant shall
17	receive a refund of the remaining amount. All information,
18	records, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or other
19	data supplied to or used by the Board in the course of this
20	review or investigation of an applicant for an electronic
21	gaming license under this Act shall be privileged and strictly
22	confidential and shall be used only for the purpose of
23	evaluating an applicant for an electronic gaming license or a
24	renewal. Such information, records, interviews, reports,
25	statements, memoranda, or other data shall not be admissible as
26	evidence nor discoverable in any action of any kind in any

1 court or before any tribunal, board, agency or person, except
2 for any action deemed necessary by the Board. The application
3 fee shall be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue
4 Fund.

5 Each applicant shall submit with his or her application, on 6 forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of his or her fingerprints. 7 The Board shall charge each applicant a fee set by the 8 Department of State Police to defray the costs associated with 9 the search and classification of fingerprints obtained by the 10 Board with respect to the applicant's application. This fee 11 shall be paid into the State Police Services Fund.

12 (c) The Board shall determine within 120 days after 13 receiving an application for an electronic gaming license 14 whether to grant an electronic gaming license to the applicant. 15 If the Board does not make a determination within that time 16 period, then the Board shall give a written explanation to the 17 applicant as to why it has not reached a determination and when 18 it reasonably expects to make a determination.

19 The electronic gaming licensee shall purchase up to the 20 amount of electronic gaming positions authorized under this Act 21 within 120 days after receiving its electronic gaming license. 22 If an electronic gaming licensee is prepared to purchase the 23 electronic gaming positions, but is temporarily prohibited 24 from doing so by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or 25 the Board, then the 120-day period is tolled until a resolution 26 is reached.

1	An electronic gaming license shall authorize its holder to
2	conduct gaming under this Act at its racetracks on the same
3	days of the year and hours of the day that owner licenses are
4	allowed to operate under approval of the Board.
5	A license to conduct electronic gaming and any renewal of
6	an electronic gaming license shall authorize electronic gaming
7	for a period of 4 years. The fee for the issuance or renewal of
8	an electronic gaming license shall be \$100,000.
9	(d) To be eligible to conduct electronic gaming, a person
10	or entity having operating control of a race track must (i)
11	obtain an electronic gaming license, (ii) hold an organization
12	license under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, (iii) hold
13	an inter-track wagering license, (iv) pay an initial fee of
14	\$30,000 per gaming position from electronic gaming licensees
15	where electronic gaming is conducted in Cook County and \$17,500
16	for electronic gaming licensees where electronic gaming is
17	located outside of Cook County before beginning to conduct
18	electronic gaming plus make the reconciliation payment
19	required under subsection (k), (v) conduct live racing in
20	accordance with subsections (e-1), (e-2), and (e-3) of Section
21	20 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or for a licensee
22	that is only authorized 350 gaming positions pursuant to
23	subsection (d) of Section 7.7 of this Act, have a fully
24	operational facility running at least 96 live races over a
25	period of at least 15 days per year until such time as the
26	total number of gaming positions is increased to 900, (vi) meet

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1	the requirements of subsection (a) of Section 56 of the
2	Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, (vii) for organization
3	licensees conducting standardbred race meetings, keep
4	backstretch barns and dormitories open and operational
5	year-round unless a lesser schedule is mutually agreed to by
6	the organization licensee and the horsemen's association
7	racing at that organization licensee's race meeting, (viii) for
8	organization licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings,
9	the organization licensee must maintain accident medical
10	<pre>expense liability insurance coverage of \$1,000,000 for</pre>
11	jockeys, and (ix) meet all other requirements of this Act that
12	apply to owners licensees.
13	<u>An electronic gaming licensee may enter into a joint</u>
14	venture with a licensed owner to own, manage, conduct, or
15	otherwise operate the electronic gaming licensee's electronic
16	gaming facilities, unless the electronic gaming licensee has a
17	parent company or other affiliated company that is, directly or
18	indirectly, wholly owned by a parent company that is also
19	licensed to conduct electronic gaming, casino gaming, or their
20	equivalent in another state.
21	All payments by licensees under this subsection (c) shall
22	be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund.
23	(e) A person or entity is ineligible to receive an
24	electronic gaming license if:
25	(1) the person or entity has been convicted of a felony
26	under the laws of this State, any other state, or the

1	United States, including a conviction under the Racketeer
2	Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act;
3	(2) the person or entity has been convicted of any
4	violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or
5	substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction;
6	(3) the person or entity has submitted an application
7	for a license under this Act that contains false
8	information;
9	(4) the person is a member of the Board;
10	(5) a person defined in (1), (2), (3), or (4) of this
11	subsection (e) is an officer, director, or managerial
12	employee of the entity;
13	(6) the person or entity employs a person defined in
14	(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this subsection (e) who
15	participates in the management or operation of gambling
16	operations authorized under this Act; or
17	(7) a license of the person or entity issued under this
18	Act or a license to own or operate gambling facilities in
19	any other jurisdiction has been revoked.
20	(f) The Board may approve electronic gaming positions
21	statewide as provided in this Section. The authority to operate
22	electronic gaming positions under this Section shall be
23	allocated as follows: up to 1,200 gaming positions for any
24	electronic gaming licensee in Cook County; up to 900 gaming
25	positions for any electronic gaming licensee outside of Cook
26	County; and up to 350 gaming positions for any electronic

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1	gaming licensee whose electronic gaming license originates
2	with an organization licensee that did not conduct live racing
3	in calendar year 2010, which shall increase to 900 gaming
4	positions in the calendar year following the year in which the
5	electronic gaming licensee conducts 96 live races.

6 (q) Each applicant for an electronic gaming license shall 7 specify in its application for licensure the number of gaming 8 positions it will operate, up to the applicable limitation set 9 forth in subsection (f) of this Section. Any unreserved gaming positions that are not specified shall be forfeited and 10 11 retained by the Board. For the purposes of this subsection (g), 12 an electronic gaming licensee that did not conduct live racing 13 in 2010 may reserve up to 900 positions and shall not be 14 penalized under this Section for not operating those positions until it meets the requirements of subsection (f) of this 15 Section, but such licensee shall not request unreserved gaming 16 17 positions under this subsection (q) until its 900 positions are 18 all operational.

19 Thereafter, the Board shall publish the number of 20 unreserved electronic gaming positions and shall accept 21 requests for additional positions from any electronic gaming 22 licensee that initially reserved all of the positions that were 23 offered. The Board shall allocate expeditiously the unreserved 24 electronic gaming positions to requesting electronic gaming 25 licensees in a manner that maximizes revenue to the State. The 26 Board may allocate any such unused electronic gaming positions - 390 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

1	pursuant to an open and competitive bidding process, as
2	provided under Section 7.5 of this Act. This process shall
3	continue until all unreserved gaming positions have been
4	purchased. All positions obtained pursuant to this process and
5	all positions the electronic gaming licensee specified it would
6	operate in its application must be in operation within 18
7	months after they were obtained or the electronic gaming
8	licensee forfeits the right to operate those positions, but is
9	not entitled to a refund of any fees paid. The Board may, after
10	holding a public hearing, grant extensions so long as the
11	electronic gaming licensee is working in good faith to make the
12	positions operational. The extension may be for a period of 6
13	months. If, after the period of the extension, the electronic
14	gaming licensee has not made the positions operational, then
15	another public hearing must be held by the Board before it may
16	grant another extension.
17	Unreserved gaming positions retained from and allocated to
18	electronic gaming licensees by the Board pursuant to this
19	subsection (g) shall not be allocated to owners licensees
20	pursuant to subsection (h-10) of Section 7 of this Act.
21	For the purpose of this subsection (g), the unreserved
22	gaming positions for each electronic gaming licensee shall be
23	the applicable limitation set forth in subsection (f) of this
24	Section, less the number of reserved gaming positions by such
25	electronic gaming licensee, and the total unreserved gaming
26	positions shall be the aggregate of the unreserved gaming

1 positions for all electronic gaming licensees.

2	(h) Subject to the approval of the Illinois Gaming Board,
3	an electronic gaming licensee may make modification or
4	additions to any existing buildings and structures to comply
5	with the requirements of this Act. The Illinois Gaming Board
6	shall make its decision after consulting with the Illinois
7	Racing Board. In no case, however, shall the Illinois Gaming
8	Board approve any modification or addition that alters the
9	grounds of the organizational licensee such that the act of
10	live racing is an ancillary activity to electronic gaming.
11	Electronic gaming may take place in existing structures where
12	inter-track wagering is conducted at the race track or a
13	facility within 300 yards of the race track in accordance with
14	the provisions of this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of
15	<u>1975.</u>
16	(i) An electronic gaming licensee may conduct electronic
17	gaming at a temporary facility pending the construction of a
18	permanent facility or the remodeling or relocation of an
19	existing facility to accommodate electronic gaming
20	participants for up to 24 months after the temporary facility
21	begins to conduct electronic gaming. Upon request by an
22	electronic gaming licensee and upon a showing of good cause by

23 <u>the electronic gaming licensee</u>, the Board shall extend the 24 <u>period during which the licensee may conduct electronic gaming</u> 25 <u>at a temporary facility by up to 12 months. The Board shall</u> 26 <u>make rules concerning the conduct of electronic gaming from</u> 1 <u>temporary facilities.</u>

2	Electronic gaming may take place in existing structures
3	where inter-track wagering is conducted at the race track or a
4	facility within 300 yards of the race track in accordance with
5	the provisions of this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of
6	<u>1975.</u>

(i-5) Under no circumstances shall an electronic gaming 7 8 licensee conduct electronic gaming at any State or county fair. 9 (j) The Illinois Gaming Board must adopt emergency rules in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative 10 11 Procedure Act as necessary to ensure compliance with the 12 provisions of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly 13 concerning electronic gaming. The adoption of emergency rules 14 authorized by this subsection (j) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. 15

16 (k) Each electronic gaming licensee who obtains electronic 17 gaming positions must make a reconciliation payment 3 years after the date the electronic gaming licensee begins operating 18 19 the positions in an amount equal to 75% of the difference 20 between its adjusted gross receipts from electronic gaming and 21 amounts paid to its purse accounts pursuant to item (1) of 22 subsection (b) of Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act 23 of 1975 for the 12-month period for which such difference was 24 the largest, minus an amount equal to the initial per position 25 fee paid by the electronic gaming licensee. If this calculation results in a negative amount, then the electronic gaming 26

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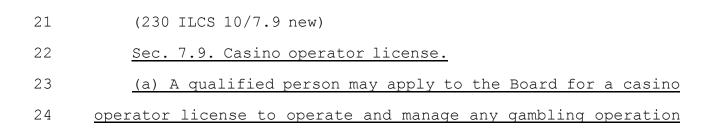
1 licensee is not entitled to any reimbursement of fees
2 previously paid. This reconciliation payment may be made in
3 installments over a period of no more than 2 years, subject to
4 Board approval. Any installment payments shall include an
5 annual market interest rate as determined by the Board.

All payments by licensees under this subsection (i) shall
 be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund.

8 <u>(1) As soon as practical after a request is made by the</u> 9 <u>Illinois Gaming Board, to minimize duplicate submissions by the</u> 10 <u>applicant, the Illinois Racing Board must provide information</u> 11 <u>on an applicant for an electronic gaming license to the</u> 12 <u>Illinois Gaming Board.</u>

13 (230 ILCS 10/7.8 new)

14 <u>Sec. 7.8. Home rule. The regulation and licensing of</u> 15 <u>electronic gaming and electronic gaming licensees are</u> 16 <u>exclusive powers and functions of the State. A home rule unit</u> 17 <u>may not regulate or license electronic gaming or electronic</u> 18 <u>gaming licensees. This Section is a denial and limitation of</u> 19 <u>home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section</u> 20 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.



1	conducted by the Authority. The application shall be made on
2	forms provided by the Board and shall contain such information
3	as the Board prescribes, including but not limited to
4	information required in Sections 6(a), (b), and (c) and
5	information relating to the applicant's proposed price to
6	manage the Authority's gambling operations and to provide the
7	casino, gambling equipment, and supplies necessary to conduct
8	Authority gambling operations. The application shall also
9	include a non-refundable application fee of \$100,000. This
10	application fee shall be deposited into the Gaming Facilities
11	Fee Revenue Fund.
12	(b) A person or entity is ineligible to receive a casino
13	operator license if:
14	(1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the
14 15	(1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;
15	laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;
15 16	laws of this State, any other state, or the United States; (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of
15 16 17	<u>laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;</u> (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially
15 16 17 18	<pre>laws of this State, any other state, or the United States; (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction;</pre>
15 16 17 18 19	<pre>laws of this State, any other state, or the United States; (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction; (3) the person has submitted an application for a</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20	<pre>laws of this State, any other state, or the United States; (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction; (3) the person has submitted an application for a license under this Act or the Chicago Casino Development</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>laws of this State, any other state, or the United States; (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction; (3) the person has submitted an application for a license under this Act or the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act which contains false information;</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>laws of this State, any other state, or the United States; (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction; (3) the person has submitted an application for a license under this Act or the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act which contains false information; (4) the person is a member of the Board or the Chicago</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>laws of this State, any other state, or the United States; (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction; (3) the person has submitted an application for a license under this Act or the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act which contains false information; (4) the person is a member of the Board or the Chicago Casino Development Board or the person is an official or</pre>

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1	officer, director, or managerial employee of the entity;
2	(6) the entity employs a person defined in (1), (2),
3	(3), or (4) who participates in the management or operation
4	of gambling operations authorized under this Act; or
5	(7) a license of the person or entity issued under this
6	Act, or a license to own or operate gambling facilities in
7	any other jurisdiction, has been revoked.
8	(c) In determining whether to grant a casino operator
9	license, the Board shall consider:
10	(1) the character, reputation, experience and
11	financial integrity of the applicants and of any other or
12	separate person that either:
13	(A) controls, directly or indirectly, such
14	applicant, or
15	(B) is controlled, directly or indirectly, by such
16	applicant or by a person which controls, directly or
17	indirectly, such applicant;
18	(2) the facilities or proposed facilities for the
19	conduct of gambling;
20	(3) the preference of the municipality in which the
21	licensee will operate;
22	(4) the extent to which the ownership of the applicant
23	reflects the diversity of the State by including minority
24	persons and females and the good faith affirmative action
25	plan of each applicant to recruit, train, and upgrade
26	minority persons and females in all employment

1	classifications;
2	(5) the financial ability of the applicant to purchase
3	and maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance;
4	(6) whether the applicant has adequate capitalization
5	to provide and maintain, for the duration of a license, a
6	casino; and
7	(7) the extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets
8	other standards for the issuance of a casino operator
9	license that the Board may adopt by rule.
10	(d) Each applicant shall submit with his or her
11	application, on forms prescribed by the Board, 2 sets of his or
12	her fingerprints. The Board shall charge each applicant a fee
13	set by the Department of State Police to defray the costs
14	associated with the search and classification of fingerprints
15	obtained by the Board with respect to the applicant's
16	application. This fee shall be paid into the State Police
17	Services Fund.
18	<u>(e) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an</u>
19	application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
20	(f) The Board shall charge each applicant a non-refundable
21	fee of \$50,000 to defray the costs associated with the
22	background investigation conducted by the Board. This fee shall
23	be exclusive of any other fee or fees charged in connection
24	with an application for and, if applicable, the issuance of, a
25	casino operator license. If the costs of the investigation
26	exceed \$50,000, the Board shall immediately notify the

1	applicant of the additional amount owed, payment of which must
2	be submitted to the Board within 7 days after such
3	notification. All information, records, interviews, reports,
4	statements, memoranda, or other data supplied to or used by the
5	Board in the course of its review or investigation of an
6	application for a license or a renewal under this Act shall be
7	privileged and strictly confidential and shall be used only for
8	the purpose of evaluating an applicant for a license or a
9	renewal. Such information, records, interviews, reports,
10	statements, memoranda, or other data shall not be admissible as
11	evidence, nor discoverable in any action of any kind in any
12	court or before any tribunal, board, agency, or person, except
13	for any action deemed necessary by the Board.
14	(g) The casino operator license shall be issued only upon

proof that the applicant has entered into a labor peace 15 16 agreement with each labor organization that is actively engaged 17 in representing and attempting to represent casino and hospitality industry workers in this State. The labor peace 18 19 agreement must be a valid and enforceable agreement under 29 20 U.S.C. 185 that protects the city's and State's revenues from 21 the operation of the casino facility by prohibiting the labor 22 organization and its members from engaging in any picketing, 23 work stoppages, boycotts, or any other economic interference 24 with the casino facility for at least the first 5 years of the 25 casino license and must cover all operations at the casino 26 facility that are conducted by lessees or tenants or under

1 <u>management agreements.</u>

2	(h) The casino operator license shall be for a term of 4
3	years, shall be renewable by the Board, and shall contain such
4	terms and provisions as the Board deems necessary to protect or
5	enhance the credibility and integrity of State gambling
6	operations, achieve the highest prospective total revenue to
7	the State, and otherwise serve the interests of the citizens of
8	Illinois. The Board may suspend, restrict, or revoke the
9	license:
10	(1) for violation of any provision of this Act;
11	(2) for violation of any rules of the Board;
12	(3) for any cause which, if known to the Board, would
13	have disqualified the applicant from receiving the
14	license; or
15	(4) for any other just cause.
16	(230 ILCS 10/7.10 new)
17	Sec. 7.10. Diversity program.
18	(a) Each owners licensee, electronic gaming licensee,
19	casino operator licensee, and suppliers licensee shall
20	establish and maintain a diversity program to ensure
21	non-discrimination in the award and administration of
22	contracts. The programs shall establish goals of awarding not
23	less than 20% of the annual dollar value of all contracts,
24	purchase orders, or other agreements to minority-owned
25	businesses and 5% of the annual dollar value of all contracts

1 to female-owned businesses.

(b) Each owners licensee, electronic gaming licensee, casino operator licensee, and suppliers licensee shall establish and maintain a diversity program designed to promote equal opportunity for employment. The program shall establish hiring goals as the Board and each licensee determines appropriate. The Board shall monitor the progress of the gaming licensee's progress with respect to the program's goals.

9 (c) No later than May 31 of each year, each licensee shall 10 report to the Board (1) the number of respective employees and 11 the number of its respective employees who have designated 12 themselves as members of a minority group and gender and (2) the total goals achieved under subsection (a) of this Section 13 14 as a percentage of the total contracts awarded by the license. In addition, all licensees shall submit a report with respect 15 16 to the minority-owned and female-owned businesses program created in this Section to the Board. 17

18 (d) When considering whether to re-issue or renew a license 19 to an owners licensee, electronic gaming licensee, casino 20 operator licensee, or suppliers licensee, the Board shall take 21 into account the licensee's success in complying with the 22 provisions of this Section. If an owners licensee, electronic 23 gaming licensee, casino operator licensee, or suppliers 24 licensee has not satisfied the goals contained in this Section, 25 the Board shall require a written explanation as to why the 26 licensee is not in compliance and shall require the licensee to

- 400 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b HB5292 file multi-year metrics designed to achieve compliance with the 1 2 provisions by the next renewal period, consistent with State 3 and federal law. 4 (230 ILCS 10/7.11 new) 5 Sec. 7.11. Annual report on diversity. 6 (a) Each licensee that receives a license under Sections 7, 7 7.1, and 7.7 shall execute and file a report with the Board no later than December 31 of each year that shall contain, but not 8 9 be limited to, the following information: 10 (i) a good faith affirmative action plan to recruit, 11 train, and upgrade minority persons, females, and persons 12 with a disability in all employment classifications; 13 (ii) the total dollar amount of contracts that were 14 awarded to businesses owned by minority persons, females, 15 and persons with a disability; 16 (iii) the total number of businesses owned by minority persons, females, and persons with a disability that were 17 18 utilized by the licensee; (iv) the utilization of businesses owned by minority 19 20 persons, females, and persons with disabilities during the 21 preceding year; and 22 (v) the outreach efforts used by the licensee to 23 attract investors and businesses consisting of minority 24 persons, females, and persons with a disability. 25 (b) The Board shall forward a copy of each licensee's

annual reports to the General Assembly no later than February 1 of each year.

3	(230 ILCS 10/7.12 new)
4	Sec. 7.12. Issuance of new owners licenses.
5	(a) Except for the owners license issued to the Chicago
6	Casino Development Authority, owners licenses newly authorized
7	pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly
8	may be issued by the Board to a qualified applicant pursuant to
9	an open and competitive bidding process, as set forth in
10	Section 7.5, and subject to the maximum number of authorized
11	licenses set forth in subsection (e-5) of Section 7 of this
12	<u>Act.</u>
13	(b) To be a qualified applicant, a person or entity may not
14	be ineligible to receive an owners license under subsection (a)
15	of Section 7 of this Act and must submit an application for an
16	owners license that complies with Section 6 of this Act.
17	(c) In determining whether to grant an owners license to an
18	applicant, the Board shall consider all of the factors set
19	forth in subsections (b) and (e-10) of Section 7 of this Act,
20	as well as the amount of the applicant's license bid. The Board
21	may grant the owners license to an applicant that has not
22	submitted the highest license bid, but if it does not select
23	the highest bidder, the Board shall issue a written decision
24	explaining why another applicant was selected and identifying
25	the factors set forth in subsections (b) and (e-10) of Section

1 <u>7 of this Act that favored the winning bidder.</u>

(230 ILCS 10/7.13 new) 2 3 Sec. 7.13. Environmental standards. All permanent 4 casinos, riverboats, and electronic gaming facilities shall 5 consist of buildings that are certified as meeting the U.S. 6 Green Building Council's Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design standards. The provisions of this Section 7 8 apply to a holder of an owners license, casino operator license, or electronic gaming license that (i) begins 9 operations on or after January 1, 2018 or (ii) relocates its 10 11 facilities on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly. 12

13 (230 ILCS 10/8) (from Ch. 120, par. 2408)

14 Sec. 8. Suppliers licenses.

(a) The Board may issue a suppliers license to such persons, firms or corporations which apply therefor upon the payment of a non-refundable application fee set by the Board, upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is eligible for a suppliers license and upon payment of a \$5,000 annual license fee.

(b) The holder of a suppliers license is authorized to sell or lease, and to contract to sell or lease, gambling equipment and supplies to any licensee involved in the ownership or management of gambling operations.

(c) Gambling supplies and equipment may not be distributed
 unless supplies and equipment conform to standards adopted by
 rules of the Board.

4 (d) A person, firm or corporation is ineligible to receive5 a suppliers license if:

(1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;

8 (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of 9 Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 10 Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other 11 jurisdiction;

12 (3) the person has submitted an application for a
13 license under this Act which contains false information;

14

6

7

(4) the person is a member of the Board;

15 (5) the <u>entity</u> firm or corporation is one in which a 16 person defined in (1), (2), (3) or (4), is an officer, 17 director or managerial employee;

18 (6) the firm or corporation employs a person who 19 participates in the management or operation of riverboat 20 gambling authorized under this Act <u>or the Chicago Casino</u> 21 <u>Development Authority Act</u>;

(7) the license of the person, firm or corporation
issued under this Act or the Chicago Casino Development
<u>Authority Act</u>, or a license to own or operate gambling
facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been revoked.
(e) Any person that supplies any equipment, devices, or

1 supplies to a licensed riverboat gambling operation or casino 2 or electronic gaming operation must first obtain a suppliers license. A supplier shall furnish to the Board a list of all 3 equipment, devices and supplies offered for sale or lease in 4 5 connection with gambling games authorized under this Act. A 6 supplier shall keep books and records for the furnishing of 7 equipment, devices and supplies to gambling operations 8 separate and distinct from any other business that the supplier 9 might operate. A supplier shall file a quarterly return with 10 the Board listing all sales and leases. A supplier shall 11 permanently affix its name or a distinctive logo or other mark 12 or design element identifying the manufacturer or supplier to 13 all its equipment, devices, and supplies, except gaming chips without a value impressed, engraved, or imprinted on it, for 14 15 gambling operations. The Board may waive this requirement for 16 any specific product or products if it determines that the 17 requirement is not necessary to protect the integrity of the game. Items purchased from a licensed supplier may continue to 18 be used even though the supplier subsequently changes its name, 19 20 distinctive logo, or other mark or design element; undergoes a change in ownership; or ceases to be licensed as a supplier for 21 22 any reason. Any supplier's equipment, devices or supplies which 23 are used by any person in an unauthorized gambling operation shall be forfeited to the State. <u>A holder of an owners license</u> 24 25 or an electronic gaming license A licensed owner may own its 26 own equipment, devices and supplies. Each holder of an owners

license <u>or an electronic gaming license</u> under the Act shall
 file an annual report listing its inventories of gambling
 equipment, devices and supplies.

4 (f) Any person who knowingly makes a false statement on an
5 application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

6 (g) Any gambling equipment, devices and supplies provided 7 by any licensed supplier may either be repaired on the 8 riverboat, in the casino, or at the electronic gaming facility 9 <u>or</u> removed from the riverboat, <u>casino</u>, <u>or electronic gaming</u> 10 <u>facility</u> to <u>a</u> an on shore facility owned by the holder of an 11 owners license <u>or electronic gaming license</u> for repair.

12 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-12, eff. 5-10-13;
13 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

14 (230 ILCS 10/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 2409)

15

Sec. 9. Occupational licenses.

(a) The Board may issue an occupational license to an
applicant upon the payment of a non-refundable fee set by the
Board, upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is
eligible for an occupational license and upon payment of an
annual license fee in an amount to be established. To be
eligible for an occupational license, an applicant must:

(1) be at least 21 years of age if the applicant will
perform any function involved in gaming by patrons. Any
applicant seeking an occupational license for a non-gaming
function shall be at least 18 years of age;

1 (2) not have been convicted of a felony offense, a 2 violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 3 Criminal Code of 2012, or a similar statute of any other 4 jurisdiction;

5 (2.5) not have been convicted of a crime, other than a 6 crime described in item (2) of this subsection (a), 7 involving dishonesty or moral turpitude, except that the 8 Board may, in its discretion, issue an occupational license 9 to a person who has been convicted of a crime described in 10 this item (2.5) more than 10 years prior to his or her 11 application and has not subsequently been convicted of any 12 other crime;

13 (3) have demonstrated a level of skill or knowledge 14 which the Board determines to be necessary in order to 15 operate gambling aboard a riverboat, in a casino, or at an 16 <u>electronic gaming facility</u>; and

17 have met standards for the holding of (4) an occupational license as adopted by rules of the Board. Such 18 19 rules shall provide that any person or entity seeking an 20 occupational license to manage gambling operations under this Act or the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act 21 22 hereunder shall be subject to background inquiries and 23 requirements similar to those further required of 24 applicants for an owners license. Furthermore, such rules 25 shall provide that each such entity shall be permitted to 26 manage gambling operations for only one licensed owner.

(b) Each application for an occupational license shall be 1 2 on forms prescribed by the Board and shall contain all 3 information required by the Board. The applicant shall set forth in the application: whether he has been issued prior 4 5 gambling related licenses; whether he has been licensed in any 6 other state under any other name, and, if so, such name and his 7 age; and whether or not a permit or license issued to him in 8 any other state has been suspended, restricted or revoked, and, 9 if so, for what period of time.

10 (c) Each applicant shall submit with his application, on 11 forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of his fingerprints. The 12 Board shall charge each applicant a fee set by the Department 13 of State Police to defray the costs associated with the search 14 and classification of fingerprints obtained by the Board with 15 respect to the applicant's application. These fees shall be 16 paid into the State Police Services Fund.

17 (d) The Board may in its discretion refuse an occupational license to any person: (1) who is unqualified to perform the 18 19 duties required of such applicant; (2) who fails to disclose or 20 states falsely any information called for in the application; 21 (3) who has been found guilty of a violation of this Act or the 22 Chicago Casino Development Authority Act or whose prior 23 gambling related license or application therefor has been suspended, restricted, revoked or denied for just cause in any 24 other state; or (4) for any other just cause. 25

26 (e) The Board may suspend, revoke or restrict any

occupational licensee: (1) for violation of any provision of this Act; (2) for violation of any of the rules and regulations of the Board; (3) for any cause which, if known to the Board, would have disqualified the applicant from receiving such license; or (4) for default in the payment of any obligation or debt due to the State of Illinois; or (5) for any other just cause.

8 (f) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an 9 application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

10 (g) Any license issued pursuant to this Section shall be11 valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance.

12 (h) Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted to prohibit a 13 licensed owner or electronic gaming licensee from entering into an agreement with a public community college or a school 14 15 approved under the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act of 2012 for the training of any occupational licensee. Any 16 17 training offered by such a school shall be in accordance with a written agreement between the licensed owner or electronic 18 19 gaming licensee and the school.

(i) Any training provided for occupational licensees may be
conducted either <u>at the site of the gambling facility</u> on the
riverboat or at a school with which a licensed owner <u>or</u>
<u>electronic gaming licensee</u> has entered into an agreement
pursuant to subsection (h).

25 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11; 97-650, eff. 2-1-12; 26 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

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(230 ILCS 10/11) (from Ch. 120, par. 2411) 1 2 Sec. 11. Conduct of gambling. Gambling may be conducted by 3 licensed owners or licensed managers on behalf of the State 4 aboard riverboats. Gambling may be conducted by electronic gaming licensees at electronic gaming facilities. Gambling may 5 6 be conducted by a casino operator licensee at a casino. Gambling authorized under this Section is \overline{r} subject to the 7 following standards: 8 gambling 9 (1)А licensee may conduct riverboat 10 authorized under this Act regardless of whether it conducts 11 excursion cruises. A licensee may permit the continuous 12 ingress and egress of patrons passengers on a riverboat not used for excursion cruises for the purpose of gambling. 13 14 Excursion cruises shall not exceed 4 hours for a round 15 trip. However, the Board may grant express approval for an 16 extended cruise on a case-by-case basis. (2) (Blank). 17 18 (3) Minimum and maximum wagers on games shall be set by the licensee. 19 (4) Agents of the Board and the Department of State 20 21 Police may board and inspect any riverboat, enter and inspect any portion of a casino, or enter and inspect any 22 23 portion of an electronic gaming facility at any time for 24 the purpose of determining whether this Act or the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act is being complied with. 25

Every riverboat, if under way and being hailed by a law enforcement officer or agent of the Board, must stop immediately and lay to.

4 (5) Employees of the Board shall have the right to be 5 present on the riverboat <u>or in the casino</u> or on adjacent 6 facilities under the control of the licensee <u>and at the</u> 7 <u>electronic gaming facility under the control of the</u> 8 <u>electronic gaming licensee</u>.

9 (6) Gambling equipment and supplies customarily used 10 in conducting riverboat or casino gambling or electronic 11 gaming must be purchased or leased only from suppliers 12 licensed for such purpose under this Act. The Board may approve the transfer, sale, or lease of gambling equipment 13 14 and supplies by a licensed owner from or to an affiliate of 15 the licensed owner as long as the gambling equipment and 16 supplies were initially acquired from a supplier licensed 17 in Illinois.

(7) Persons licensed under this Act or the Chicago
 <u>Casino Development Authority Act</u> shall permit no form of
 wagering on gambling games except as permitted by this Act.

(8) Wagers may be received only from a person present
on a licensed riverboat, in a casino, or at an electronic
gaming facility. No person present on a licensed riverboat,
in a casino, or at an electronic gaming facility shall
place or attempt to place a wager on behalf of another
person who is not present on the riverboat, in a casino, or

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- at the electronic gaming facility.
- 2 (9) Wagering, including electronic gaming, shall not
 3 be conducted with money or other negotiable currency.

(10) A person under age 21 shall not be permitted on an 4 5 area of a riverboat or casino where gambling is being conducted or at an electronic gaming facility where 6 7 gambling is being conducted, except for a person at least 8 18 years of age who is an employee of the riverboat or 9 casino gambling operation or electronic gaming operation. 10 No employee under age 21 shall perform any function 11 involved in gambling by the patrons. No person under age 21 12 shall be permitted to make a wager under this Act or the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, and any winnings 13 14 that are a result of a wager by a person under age 21, whether or not paid by a licensee, shall be treated as 15 16 winnings for the privilege tax purposes, confiscated, and forfeited to the State and deposited into the Education 17 Assistance Fund. 18

(11) Gambling excursion cruises are permitted only when the waterway for which the riverboat is licensed is navigable, as determined by the Board in consultation with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. This paragraph (11) does not limit the ability of a licensee to conduct gambling authorized under this Act when gambling excursion cruises are not permitted.

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(12) All tokens, chips or electronic cards used to make

wagers must be purchased (i) from a licensed owner or 1 2 manager, in the case of a riverboat, either aboard a 3 riverboat or at an onshore facility which has been approved by the Board and which is located where the riverboat 4 5 docks, (ii) in the case of a casino, from a licensed owner or licensed casino operator at the casino, or (iii) from an 6 7 electronic gaming licensee at the electronic gaming 8 facility. The tokens, chips or electronic cards may be 9 purchased by means of an agreement under which the owner or manager, or licensed casino operator extends credit to 10 11 the patron. Such tokens, chips or electronic cards may be 12 used while aboard the riverboat, in the casino, or at the electronic gaming facility only for the purpose of making 13 14 wagers on gambling games.

15 (13) Notwithstanding any other Section of this Act or 16 the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, in addition 17 to the other licenses authorized under this Act or the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, the Board may 18 19 issue special event licenses allowing persons who are not 20 otherwise licensed to conduct riverboat gambling to 21 conduct such gambling on a specified date or series of 22 dates. Riverboat gambling under such a license may take 23 place on a riverboat not normally used for riverboat 24 gambling. The Board shall establish standards, fees and 25 fines for, and limitations upon, such licenses, which may differ from the standards, fees, fines and limitations 26

otherwise applicable under this Act <u>or the Chicago Casino</u>
 <u>Development Authority Act</u>. All such fees shall be deposited
 into the State Gaming Fund. All such fines shall be
 deposited into the Education Assistance Fund, created by
 Public Act 86-0018, of the State of Illinois.

6 (14) In addition to the above, gambling must be 7 conducted in accordance with all rules adopted by the 8 Board.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)

10 (230 ILCS 10/11.1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2411.1)

11 11.1. Collection of amounts owing under credit Sec. 12 agreements. Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision 13 to the contrary, a licensed owner, licensed or manager, licensed casino operator, or electronic gaming licensee who 14 15 extends credit to a riverboat gambling patron or an electronic 16 gaming patron pursuant to Section 11 (a) (12) of this Act is expressly authorized to institute a cause of action to collect 17 18 any amounts due and owing under the extension of credit, as well as the licensed owner's, licensed or manager's, licensed 19 casino operator's, or electronic gaming licensee's costs, 20 21 expenses and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in 22 collection.

23 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)

24 (230 ILCS 10/12) (from Ch. 120, par. 2412)

1

Sec. 12. Admission tax; fees.

(a) A tax is hereby imposed upon admissions to riverboat 2 3 and casino gambling facilities riverboats operated by licensed owners authorized pursuant to this Act and the Chicago Casino 4 5 Development Authority Act. Until July 1, 2002, the rate is \$2 per person admitted. From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 2003, the 6 7 rate is \$3 per person admitted. From July 1, 2003 until August 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-673), for a 8 9 licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in the 10 previous calendar year, the rate is \$3 per person admitted; for 11 a licensee that admitted more than 1,000,000 but no more than 12 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$4 per person admitted; and for a licensee that admitted more than 13 14 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$5 15 per person admitted. Beginning on August 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-673), for a licensee that 16 17 admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in calendar year 2004, the rate is \$2 per person admitted, and for all other licensees, 18 19 including licensees that were not conducting gambling 20 operations in 2004, the rate is \$3 per person admitted. This 21 admission tax is imposed upon the licensed owner conducting 22 gambling.

(1) The admission tax shall be paid for each admission,
except that a person who exits a riverboat gambling
facility and reenters that riverboat gambling facility
within the same gaming day shall be subject only to the

1 initial admission tax.

(2) (Blank).

2

3 (3) The riverboat licensee may issue tax-free passes to 4 actual and necessary officials and employees of the 5 licensee or other persons actually working on the 6 riverboat.

7 (4) The number and issuance of tax-free passes is 8 subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all 9 persons to whom the tax-free passes are issued shall be 10 filed with the Board.

11 (a-5) A fee is hereby imposed upon admissions operated by 12 licensed managers on behalf of the State pursuant to Section 7.3 at the rates provided in this subsection (a-5). For a 13 14 licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in the 15 previous calendar year, the rate is \$3 per person admitted; for a licensee that admitted more than 1,000,000 but no more than 16 17 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$4 per person admitted; and for a licensee that admitted more than 18 19 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$5 20 per person admitted.

21

(1) The admission fee shall be paid for each admission.

22

(2) (Blank).

(3) The licensed manager may issue fee-free passes to
 actual and necessary officials and employees of the manager
 or other persons actually working on the riverboat.

26

(4) The number and issuance of fee-free passes is

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subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all persons to whom the fee-free passes are issued shall be filed with the Board.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (b-5), from From the 4 5 tax imposed under subsection (a) and the fee imposed under subsection (a-5), a municipality shall receive from the State 6 \$1 for each person embarking on a riverboat docked within the 7 municipality or entering a casino located within the 8 9 municipality, and a county shall receive \$1 for each person 10 entering a casino or embarking on a riverboat docked within the 11 county but outside the boundaries of any municipality. The 12 municipality's or county's share shall be collected by the 13 Board on behalf of the State and remitted quarterly by the 14 State, subject to appropriation, to the treasurer of the unit 15 of local government for deposit in the general fund.

16 (b-5) From the tax imposed under subsection (a) and the fee 17 imposed under subsection (a-5), \$1 for each person embarking on 18 a riverboat designated in paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5) of 19 Section 7 shall be divided as follows: \$0.70 to the City of 20 Rockford, \$0.05 to the City of Loves Park, \$0.05 to the Village 21 of Machesney Park, and \$0.20 to Winnebago County.

The municipality's or county's share shall be collected by the Board on behalf of the State and remitted monthly by the State, subject to appropriation, to the treasurer of the unit of local government for deposit in the general fund.

(c) The licensed owner shall pay the entire admission tax

to the Board and the licensed manager or the casino operator 1 2 licensee shall pay the entire admission fee to the Board. Such payments shall be made daily. Accompanying each payment shall 3 be a return on forms provided by the Board which shall include 4 5 other information regarding admissions as the Board may require. Failure to submit either the payment or the return 6 within the specified time may result in suspension or 7 8 revocation of the owners or managers license.

9 <u>(c-5) A tax is imposed on admissions to electronic gaming</u> 10 <u>facilities at the rate of \$3 per person admitted by an</u> 11 <u>electronic gaming licensee. The tax is imposed upon the</u> 12 <u>electronic gaming licensee.</u>

13 (1) The admission tax shall be paid for each admission, 14 except that a person who exits an electronic gaming facility and reenters that electronic gaming facility 15 16 within the same gaming day, as the term "gaming day" is 17 defined by the Board by rule, shall be subject only to the initial admission tax. The Board shall establish, by rule, 18 19 a procedure to determine whether a person admitted to an 20 electronic gaming facility has paid the admission tax.

(2) An electronic gaming licensee may issue tax-free
 passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of
 the licensee and other persons associated with electronic
 gaming operations.

25 (3) The number and issuance of tax-free passes is
 26 subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all

1 persons to whom the tax-free passes are issued shall be 2 filed with the Board. 3 (4) The electronic gaming licensee shall pay the entire admission tax to the Board. 4 5 Such payments shall be made daily. Accompanying each payment shall be a return on forms provided by the Board, which 6 7 shall include other information regarding admission as the 8 Board may require. Failure to submit either the payment or the 9 return within the specified time may result in suspension or 10 revocation of the electronic gaming license. 11 From the tax imposed under this subsection (c-5), a 12 municipality other than the Village of Stickney or the City of Collinsville in which an electronic gaming facility is located, 13 14 or if the electronic gaming facility is not located within a municipality, then the county in which the electronic gaming 15 16 facility is located, except as otherwise provided in this 17 Section, shall receive, subject to appropriation, \$1 for each person who enters the electronic gaming facility. For each 18 19 admission to the electronic gaming facility in excess of 1,500,000 in a year, from the tax imposed under this subsection 20 21 (c-5), the county in which the electronic gaming facility is 22 located shall receive, subject to appropriation, \$0.30, which 23 shall be in addition to any other moneys paid to the county 24 under this Section. 25 From the tax imposed under this subsection (c-5) on an

26 <u>electronic gaming facility located in the Village of Stickney</u>,

\$1 for each person who enters the electronic gaming facility
 shall be distributed as follows, subject to appropriation:
 \$0.24 to the Village of Stickney, \$0.49 to the Town of Cicero,
 \$0.05 to the City of Berwyn, and \$0.17 to the Stickney Public
 Health District, and \$0.05 to the City of Bridgeview.

6 <u>From the tax imposed under this subsection (c-5) on an</u> 7 <u>electronic gaming facility located in the City of Collinsville,</u> 8 <u>\$1 for each person who enters the electronic gaming facility</u> 9 <u>shall be distributed as follows, subject to appropriation:</u> 10 <u>\$0.45 to the City of Alton, \$0.45 to the City of East St.</u> 11 <u>Louis, and \$0.10 to the City of Collinsville.</u>

12 <u>After payments required under this subsection (c-5) have</u> 13 <u>been made, all remaining amounts shall be deposited into the</u> 14 Education Assistance Fund.

(d) The Board shall administer and collect the admission
tax imposed by this Section, to the extent practicable, in a
manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b,
5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9 and 10 of the
Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform
Penalty and Interest Act.

21 (Source: P.A. 95-663, eff. 10-11-07; 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)

- 22 (230 ILCS 10/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 2413)
- 23 Sec. 13. Wagering tax; rate; distribution.

(a) Until January 1, 1998, a tax is imposed on the adjusted
 gross receipts received from gambling games authorized under

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1 this Act at the rate of 20%.

(a-1) From January 1, 1998 until July 1, 2002, a privilege
tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting
riverboat gambling operations, based on the adjusted gross
receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games
authorized under this Act at the following rates:

7 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and 8 including \$25,000,000;

9 20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
10 \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;

11 25% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 12 \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;

13 30% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 14 \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;

15 35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 16 \$100,000,000.

17 (a-2) From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 2003, a privilege tax 18 is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting 19 riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers 20 conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the 21 State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a 22 licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at 23 the following rates:

24 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and 25 including \$25,000,000;

22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of

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1 \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;

2 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
3 \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;

32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;

37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;

8 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
9 \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;

10 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 11 \$200,000,000.

12 (a-3) Beginning July 1, 2003, a privilege tax is imposed on 13 persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat 14 gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting 15 riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on 16 the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from 17 gambling games authorized under this Act at the following 18 rates:

19 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and 20 including \$25,000,000;

27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$37,500,000;

32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
\$37,500,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;

37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;

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1 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 2 \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;

3 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 4 \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$250,000,000;

5 70% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 6 \$250,000,000.

An amount equal to the amount of wagering taxes collected under this subsection (a-3) that are in addition to the amount of wagering taxes that would have been collected if the wagering tax rates under subsection (a-2) were in effect shall be paid into the Common School Fund.

12 The privilege tax imposed under this subsection (a-3) shall 13 no longer be imposed beginning on the earlier of (i) July 1, 2005; (ii) the first date after June 20, 2003 that riverboat 14 15 gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant 16 license; or (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling 17 operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially 18 authorized under this Act. For the purposes of this subsection 19 20 (a-3), the term "dormant license" means an owners license that is authorized by this Act under which no riverboat gambling 21 22 operations are being conducted on June 20, 2003.

(a-4) Beginning on the first day on which the tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed <u>and ending upon the</u> <u>imposition of the privilege tax under subsection (a-5) of this</u> <u>Section</u>, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the

business of conducting riverboat <u>or casino</u> gambling <u>or</u> <u>electronic gaming</u> operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

7 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and 8 including \$25,000,000;

9 22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
10 \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;

11 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 12 \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;

32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;

37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;

45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
\$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;

19 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of 20 \$200,000,000.

For the imposition of the privilege tax in this subsection (a-4), amounts paid pursuant to item (1) of subsection (b) of Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 shall not be included in the determination of adjusted gross receipts. (a-4.5) Beginning on the first day of the calendar month

26 <u>immediately following 24 months after the effective date of</u>

1	this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly and ending on
2	the date gambling operations, commence at a permanent facility
3	with respect to the owners license authorized under paragraph
4	(1) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 of this Act, a privilege
5	tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting
6	riverboat or casino gambling or electronic gaming operations,
7	other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling
8	operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross
9	receipts received by such licensee from the gambling games
10	authorized under this Act. The privilege tax shall be the
11	average of the privilege tax, in terms of dollar amounts,
12	calculated pursuant to subsection (a-4) and subsection (a-6).
13	(a-5) Beginning on January 1 following the opening of the
14	permanent casino at which gambling operations are conducted
15	pursuant to the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, a
16	privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of
17	conducting riverboat or casino gambling or electronic gaming
18	operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat
19	gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the
20	adjusted gross receipts received by such licensee from the
21	gambling games authorized under this Act and the Chicago Casino
22	Development Authority Act. The privilege tax for all gambling
23	games other than table games, including, but not limited to,
24	slot machines, video game of chance gambling, and electronic
25	gambling games shall be at the following rates:
26	10% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and

_	
1	<u>including \$25,000,000;</u>
2	17.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
3	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
4	22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
5	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
6	27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
7	<u>\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;</u>
8	32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
9	<u>\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;</u>
10	35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
11	\$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
12	40% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
13	\$200,000,000 but not exceeding \$300,000,000;
14	30% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
15	<u>\$300,000,000 but not exceeding \$350,000,000;</u>
16	20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
17	<u>\$350,000,000, but not exceeding \$800,000,000;</u>
18	50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
19	<u>\$800,000.</u>
20	The privilege tax for table games shall be at the following
21	rates:
22	10% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
23	including \$25,000,000;
24	17.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
25	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
26	22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of

1	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$70,000,000;
2	16% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
3	<u>\$70,000.</u>
4	For the imposition of the privilege tax in this subsection
5	(a-5), amounts paid pursuant to item (1) of subsection (b) of
6	Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 shall not
7	be included in the determination of adjusted gross receipts.
8	(a-6) From the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
9	100th General Assembly until June 30, 2022, an owners licensee
10	that conducted gambling operations prior to January 1, 2011
11	shall receive a dollar-for-dollar credit against the tax
12	imposed under this Section for any renovation or construction
13	costs paid by the owners licensee, but in no event shall the
14	<u>credit exceed \$2,000,000.</u>
15	Additionally, from the effective date of this amendatory
16	Act of the 100th General Assembly until December 31, 2021, an
17	owners licensee that (i) is located within 15 miles of the
18	Missouri border, and (ii) has at least 3 riverboats, casinos,
19	or their equivalent within a 45-mile radius, may be authorized
20	to relocate to a new location with the approval of both the
21	unit of local government designated as the home dock and the
22	Board, so long as the new location is within the same unit of
23	local government and no more than 3 miles away from its
24	original location. Such owners licensee shall receive a credit
25	against the tax imposed under this Section equal to 8% of the
26	total project costs, as approved by the Board, for any

renovation or construction costs paid by the owners licensee
for the construction of the new facility, provided that the new
facility is operational by July 1, 2021. In determining whether
or not to approve a relocation, the Board must consider the
extent to which the relocation will diminish the gaming
revenues received by other Illinois gaming facilities.

7 (a-7) Beginning in the initial adjustment year and through 8 the final adjustment year, if the total obligation imposed 9 pursuant to either subsection (a-5) or (a-6) will result in an 10 owners licensee receiving less after-tax adjusted gross 11 receipts than it received in calendar year 2017, then the total 12 amount of privilege taxes that the owners licensee is required to pay for that calendar year shall be reduced to the extent 13 14 necessary so that the after-tax adjusted gross receipts in that 15 calendar year equals the after-tax adjusted gross receipts in calendar year 2017, but the privilege tax reduction shall not 16 17 exceed the annual adjustment cap. If pursuant to this subsection (a-7), the total obligation imposed pursuant to 18 19 either subsection (a-5) or (a-6) shall be reduced, then the 20 owners licensee shall not receive a refund from the State at 21 the end of the subject calendar year but instead shall be able 22 to apply that amount as a credit against any payments it owes 23 to the State in the following calendar year to satisfy its 24 total obligation under either subsection (a-5) or (a-6). The 25 credit for the final adjustment year shall occur in the 26 calendar year following the final adjustment year.

1	If an owners licensee that conducted gambling operations
2	prior to January 1, 2018 expands its riverboat or casino,
3	including, but not limited to, with respect to its gaming
4	floor, additional non-gaming amenities such as restaurants,
5	bars, and hotels and other additional facilities, and incurs
6	construction and other costs related to such expansion from the
7	effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General
8	Assembly until the 5th anniversary of the effective date of
9	this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, then for
10	each \$15,000,000 spent for any such construction or other costs
11	related to expansion paid by the owners licensee, the final
12	adjustment year shall be extended by one year and the annual
13	adjustment cap shall increase by 0.2% of adjusted gross
14	receipts during each calendar year until and including the
15	final adjustment year. No further modifications to the final
16	adjustment year or annual adjustment cap shall be made after
17	\$75,000,000 is incurred in construction or other costs related
18	to expansion so that the final adjustment year shall not extend
19	beyond the 9th calendar year after the initial adjustment year,
20	not including the initial adjustment year, and the annual
21	adjustment cap shall not exceed 4% of adjusted gross receipts
22	in a particular calendar year. Construction and other costs
23	related to expansion shall include all project related costs,
24	
	including, but not limited to, all hard and soft costs,
25	including, but not limited to, all hard and soft costs, financing costs, on or off-site ground, road or utility work,

1	initial fees assessed for each incremental gaming position, and
2	the cost of incremental land acquired for such expansion. Soft
3	costs shall include, but not be limited to, legal fees,
4	architect, engineering and design costs, other consultant
5	costs, insurance cost, permitting costs, and pre-opening costs
6	related to the expansion, including, but not limited to, any of
7	the following: marketing, real estate taxes, personnel,
8	training, travel and out-of-pocket expenses, supply,
9	inventory, and other costs, and any other project related soft
10	<u>costs.</u>
11	Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection
12	(a-7), this subsection (a-7) does not apply to an owners
13	licensee unless such owners licensee spends at least
14	\$15,000,000 on construction and other costs related to its
15	expansion, excluding the initial fees assessed for each
16	incremental gaming position.
17	This subsection (a-7) does not apply to owners licensees
18	authorized pursuant to subsection (e-5) of Section 7 of this
19	<u>Act.</u>
20	For purposes of this subsection (a-7):
21	"Initial adjustment year" means the year commencing on
22	January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the
23	earlier of the following:
24	(1) the commencement of gambling operations, either in
25	a temporary or permanent facility, with respect to the
26	owners license authorized under paragraph (1) of

1	subsection (e-5) of Section 7 of this Act; or
2	(2) 36 months after the effective date of this
3	amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, provided the
4	initial adjustment year shall not commence earlier than 24
5	months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
6	the 100th General Assembly.
7	"Final adjustment year" means the 4th calendar year after
8	the initial adjustment year, not including the initial
9	adjustment year, and as may be extended further as described in
10	this subsection (a-7).
11	"After-tax adjusted gross receipts" means, for calendar
12	year 2017, the adjusted gross receipts less privilege taxes
13	paid to the State and for subsequent calendar years, the
14	adjusted gross receipts less privilege taxes paid to the State,
15	then divided by the owners licensee's average number of gaming
16	positions operating in that calendar year and then multiplied
17	by the owners licensee's average number of gaming positions
18	<u>operating in calendar year 2017.</u>
19	"Annual adjustment cap" means 3% of adjusted gross receipts
20	in a particular calendar year, and as may be increased further
21	as otherwise described in this subsection $(a-7)$.
22	(a-8) Riverboat gambling operations conducted by a
23	licensed manager on behalf of the State are not subject to the
24	tax imposed under this Section.

25 (a-9) Beginning on January 1, 2019, the calculation of
 26 gross receipts or adjusted gross receipts, for the purposes of

this Section, for a riverboat, casino, or electronic gaming facility shall not include the dollar amount of non-cashable vouchers, coupons, and electronic promotions redeemed by wagerers upon the riverboat, in the casino, or in the electronic gaming facility up to and including an amount not to exceed 30% of a riverboat casino or electronic gaming facility's adjusted gross receipts.

8 The Illinois Gaming Board shall submit to the General 9 Assembly a comprehensive report no later than March 31, 2022 detailing, at a minimum, the effect of removing non-cashable 10 11 vouchers, coupons, and electronic promotions from this 12 calculation on net gaming revenues to the State in calendar years 2019 through 2021, the increase or reduction in wagerers 13 14 as a result of removing non-cashable vouchers, coupons, and electronic promotions from this calculation, the effect of the 15 16 tax rates in subsection (a-5) on net gaming revenues to the 17 State, and proposed modifications to the calculation.

18 (a-10) The taxes imposed by this Section shall be paid by 19 the licensed owner <u>or the electronic gaming licensee</u> to the 20 Board not later than 5:00 o'clock p.m. of the day after the day 21 when the wagers were made.

(a-15) If the privilege tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed pursuant to item (i) of the last paragraph of subsection (a-3), then by June 15 of each year, each owners licensee, other than an owners licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in calendar year 2004, must, in addition to

the payment of all amounts otherwise due under this Section, 1 2 pay to the Board a reconciliation payment in the amount, if 3 any, by which the licensed owner's base amount exceeds the amount of net privilege tax paid by the licensed owner to the 4 5 Board in the then current State fiscal year. A licensed owner's 6 net privilege tax obligation due for the balance of the State 7 fiscal year shall be reduced up to the total of the amount paid 8 by the licensed owner in its June 15 reconciliation payment. 9 The obligation imposed by this subsection (a-15) is binding on 10 any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that acquires an 11 ownership interest in any such owners license. The obligation 12 imposed under this subsection (a-15) terminates on the earliest 13 of: (i) July 1, 2007, (ii) the first day after the effective 14 date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly that 15 riverboat gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a 16 dormant license, (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling 17 operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially 18 authorized under this Act, or (iv) the first day that a 19 20 licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 conducts gaming operations with slot machines or other electronic gaming 21 22 devices. The Board must reduce the obligation imposed under 23 this subsection (a-15) by an amount the Board deems reasonable 24 for any of the following reasons: (A) an act or acts of God, 25 (B) an act of bioterrorism or terrorism or a bioterrorism or 26 terrorism threat that was investigated by a law enforcement

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agency, or (C) a condition beyond the control of the owners licensee that does not result from any act or omission by the owners licensee or any of its agents and that poses a hazardous threat to the health and safety of patrons. If an owners licensee pays an amount in excess of its liability under this Section, the Board shall apply the overpayment to future payments required under this Section.

8 For purposes of this subsection (a-15):

9 "Act of God" means an incident caused by the operation of 10 an extraordinary force that cannot be foreseen, that cannot be 11 avoided by the exercise of due care, and for which no person 12 can be held liable.

13 "Base amount" means the following:

14 For a riverboat in Alton, \$31,000,000.

15 For a riverboat in East Peoria, \$43,000,000.

16 For the Empress riverboat in Joliet, \$86,000,000.

17 For a riverboat in Metropolis, \$45,000,000.

18 For the Harrah's riverboat in Joliet, \$114,000,000.

19 For a riverboat in Aurora, \$86,000,000.

20 For a riverboat in East St. Louis, \$48,500,000.

21 For a riverboat in Elgin, \$198,000,000.

22 "Dormant license" has the meaning ascribed to it in 23 subsection (a-3).

24 "Net privilege tax" means all privilege taxes paid by a 25 licensed owner to the Board under this Section, less all 26 payments made from the State Gaming Fund pursuant to subsection

1 (b) of this Section.

The changes made to this subsection (a-15) by Public Act 94-839 are intended to restate and clarify the intent of Public Act 94-673 with respect to the amount of the payments required to be made under this subsection by an owners licensee to the Board.

7 (b) Until January 1, 1998, 25% of the tax revenue deposited 8 in the State Gaming Fund under this Section shall be paid, 9 subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit 10 of local government which is designated as the home dock of the 11 riverboat. Beginning January 1, 1998, from the tax revenue from 12 riverboat or casino gambling deposited in the State Gaming Fund 13 under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross 14 receipts generated by a riverboat or a casino other than a riverboat designated in paragraph (3) or (4) of subsection 15 16 (e-5) of Section 7, shall be paid monthly, subject to 17 appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government in which the casino is located or that is designated 18 as the home dock of the riverboat. From the tax revenue 19 20 deposited in the State Gaming Fund pursuant to riverboat or casino gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on 21 22 behalf of the State, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross 23 receipts generated pursuant to those riverboat or casino 24 gambling operations shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local 25 26 government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat

1 upon which those riverboat gambling operations are conducted or 2 in which the casino is located. From the tax revenue from 3 riverboat or casino gambling deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of the adjusted gross 4 5 receipts generated by a riverboat designated in paragraph (3) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 shall be divided and remitted 6 monthly, subject to appropriation, as follows: 50% to Waukegan, 7 25% to Park City, and 25% to North Chicago. From the tax 8 9 revenue from riverboat or casino gambling deposited in the 10 State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of 11 the adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat designated 12 in paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 shall be remitted monthly, subject to appropriation, as follows: 70% to 13 14 the City of Rockford, 5% to the City of Loves Park, 5% to the Village of Machesney, and 20% to Winnebago County. Units of 15 16 local government may refund any portion of the payment that 17 they receive pursuant to this subsection (b) to the riverboat 18 or casino. 19 (b-5) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory 20 Act of the 100th General Assembly, from the tax revenue 21 deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an 22 amount equal to 3% of adjusted gross receipts generated by each

electronic gaming facility located outside Madison County shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to a municipality other than the Village of Stickney in which each electronic gaming facility is located or, if the - 436 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

1	electronic gaming facility is not located within a
2	municipality, to the county in which the electronic gaming
3	facility is located, except as otherwise provided in this
4	Section. From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming
5	Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 3% of adjusted
6	gross receipts generated by an electronic gaming facility
7	located in the Village of Stickney shall be paid monthly,
8	subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, as follows:
9	25% to the Village of Stickney, 5% to the City of Berwyn, 50%
10	to the Town of Cicero, and 20% to the Stickney Public Health
11	District.
12	From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund
13	under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross
14	receipts generated by an electronic gaming facility located in
15	the City of Collinsville shall be paid monthly, subject to
16	appropriation by the General Assembly, as follows: 45% to the
17	City of Alton, 45% to the City of East St. Louis, and 10% to the
18	<u>City of Collinsville.</u>
19	Municipalities and counties may refund any portion of the
20	payment that they receive pursuant to this subsection (b-5) to
21	the electronic gaming facility.
22	(b-6) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory
23	Act of the 100th General Assembly, from the tax revenue
24	deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an
25	amount equal to 2% of adjusted gross receipts generated by an
26	electronic gaming facility located outside Madison County

shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General 1 2 Assembly, to the county in which the electronic gaming facility 3 is located for the purposes of its criminal justice system or 4 health care system. 5 Counties may refund any portion of the payment that they receive pursuant to this subsection (b-6) to the electronic 6 7 gaming facility. 8 (b-7) After payments required under subsection (b) have 9 been made from the tax revenue from the owners license 10 authorizing the conduct of casino gaming in the City of 11 Springfield deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this 12 Section, the remainder of that tax revenue shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, as follows: 13 14 (1) 40% to Springfield School District 186 to be used for infrastructure improvements associated with the 15 16 demolition and rebuilding of new schools and the renovation and upgrading of existing schools within the City of 17 18 Springfield; 19 (2) 20% to the Illinois State Fairgrounds Foundation 20 for infrastructure improvements associated with the 21 demolition and rebuilding of State fairground facilities 22 and the renovation and upgrading of existing State 23 fairground facilities located in Sangamon County; 24 (3) 5% to the Abraham Lincoln Presidential Library and Museum Foundation for infrastructure improvements and 25 26 programming;

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1	(4) 5% to the City of Springfield for infrastructure
2	and beautification improvements;
3	(5) 5% to the Prairie Capitol Convention Center for
4	infrastructure improvements and programming located in the
5	City of Springfield; and
6	(6) 25% percent shall be retained in the State Gaming

Fund.

7

8 (c) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, 9 may be made from the State Gaming Fund to the Board (i) for the 10 administration and enforcement of this Act, the Chicago Casino 11 Development Authority Act, and the Video Gaming Act, (ii) for 12 distribution to the Department of State Police and to the Department of Revenue for the enforcement of this Act, the 13 Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, and the Video Gaming 14 15 Act, and (iii) to the Department of Human Services for the 16 administration of programs to treat problem gambling. The 17 Board's annual appropriations request must separately state its funding needs for the regulation of electronic gaming, 18 19 riverboat gaming, casino gaming within the City of Chicago, and 20 video gaming. From the tax revenue deposited in the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund, the first \$50,000,000 shall be 21 22 paid to the Board, subject to appropriation, for the 23 administration and enforcement of the provisions of this 24 amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly.

25 (c-3) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly,
 26 may be made from the tax revenue deposited into the State

<u>Gaming Fund from electronic gaming pursuant to this Section for</u> the administration and enforcement of this Act.

3 (c-4) After payments required under subsections (b),
4 (b-5), (b-6), (c), and (c-3) have been made from the tax
5 revenue from electronic gaming deposited into the State Gaming
6 Fund under this Section, all remaining amounts from electronic
7 gaming shall be deposited into the Education Assistance Fund.

8 (c-5) Before May 26, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 9 94-804) and beginning on the effective date of this amendatory 10 Act of the 95th General Assembly, unless any organization 11 licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 begins to 12 operate a slot machine or video game of chance under the 13 Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or this Act, after the 14 payments required under subsections (b) and (c) have been made, 15 an amount equal to 15% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an 16 owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an 17 owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after 18 June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations 19 20 conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid from the 21 22 State Gaming Fund into the Horse Racing Equity Fund.

(c-10) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid into the Horse Racing Equity Fund pursuant to subsection (c-5) in the prior calendar year. - 440 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

(c-15) After the payments required under subsections (b), 1 2 (c), and (c-5) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the 3 adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee 4 5 conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners 6 license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed 7 manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever 8 9 comes first, shall be paid, subject to appropriation from the 10 General Assembly, from the State Gaming Fund to each home rule 11 county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants for the 12 purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system.

13 (c-20) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate 14 from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund 15 an amount equal to the amount paid to each home rule county 16 with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants pursuant to 17 subsection (c-15) in the prior calendar year.

18 (c-25) On July 1, 2013 and each July 1 thereafter,
19 \$1,600,000 shall be transferred from the State Gaming Fund to
20 the Chicago State University Education Improvement Fund.

(c-30) On July 1, 2013 or as soon as possible thereafter, \$92,000,000 shall be transferred from the State Gaming Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund and \$23,000,000 shall be transferred from the State Gaming Fund to the Horse Racing Equity Fund.

26

(c-35) Beginning on July 1, 2013, in addition to any amount

1 transferred under subsection (c-30) of this Section, 2 \$5,530,000 shall be transferred monthly from the State Gaming 3 Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund.

4 (d) From time to time, the Board shall transfer the 5 remainder of the funds generated by this Act into the Education 6 Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of 7 Illinois.

8 (e) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the unit of local 9 government designated as the home dock of the riverboat from 10 entering into agreements with other units of local government 11 in this State or in other states to share its portion of the 12 tax revenue.

(f) To the extent practicable, the Board shall administer and collect the wagering taxes imposed by this Section in a manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, and 10 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

19 (Source: P.A. 98-18, eff. 6-7-13.)

20 (230 ILCS 10/14) (from Ch. 120, par. 2414)

21

Sec. 14. Licensees - Records - Reports - Supervision.

(a) <u>Licensed owners and electronic gaming licensees</u> A
 licensed owner shall keep his books and records so as to
 clearly show the following:

25

(1) The amount received daily from admission fees.

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1 (2) The total amount of gross receipts.

2

(3) The total amount of the adjusted gross receipts.

3 (b) <u>Licensed owners and electronic gaming licensees</u> The 4 licensed owner shall furnish to the Board reports and 5 information as the Board may require with respect to its 6 activities on forms designed and supplied for such purpose by 7 the Board.

8 (c) The books and records kept by a licensed owner as 9 provided by this Section are public records and the 10 examination, publication, and dissemination of the books and 11 records are governed by the provisions of The Freedom of 12 Information Act.

13 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)

14 (230 ILCS 10/15) (from Ch. 120, par. 2415)

15 Sec. 15. Audit of Licensee Operations. Annually, the 16 licensed owner, or manager, or electronic gaming licensee shall transmit to the Board an audit of the financial transactions 17 and condition of the licensee's or manager's total operations. 18 19 Additionally, within 90 days after the end of each quarter of 20 each fiscal year, the licensed owner, or manager, or electronic 21 gaming licensee shall transmit to the Board a compliance report 22 on engagement procedures determined by the Board. All audits 23 and compliance engagements shall be conducted by certified 24 public accountants selected by the Board. Each certified public 25 accountant must be registered in the State of Illinois under

the Illinois Public Accounting Act. The compensation for each certified public accountant shall be paid directly by the licensed owner, or electronic gaming licensee to the certified public accountant.

5 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)

6 (230 ILCS 10/16) (from Ch. 120, par. 2416)

7 Sec. 16. Annual Report of Board. The Board shall make an 8 annual report to the Governor, for the period ending December 9 31 of each year. Included in the report shall be an account of 10 the Board actions, its financial position and results of operation under this Act and the Chicago Casino Development 11 12 Authority Act, the practical results attained under this Act 13 and the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act and any 14 recommendations for legislation which the Board deems 15 advisable.

16 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)

17 (230 ILCS 10/17) (from Ch. 120, par. 2417)

17. Administrative Procedures. 18 Sec. The Illinois 19 Administrative Procedure Act shall apply to all administrative 20 rules and procedures of the Board under this Act, the Chicago 21 Casino Development Authority Act, and or the Video Gaming Act, except that: (1) subsection (b) of Section 5-10 of the Illinois 22 23 Administrative Procedure Act does not apply to final orders, decisions and opinions of the Board; (2) subsection (a) of 24

Section 5-10 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act does 1 2 not apply to forms established by the Board for use under this 3 Act, the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act, and or the Video Gaming Act; (3) the provisions of Section 10-45 of the 4 5 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act regarding proposals for decision are excluded under this Act, the Chicago Casino 6 7 Development Authority Act, and or the Video Gaming Act; and (4) the provisions of subsection (d) of Section 10-65 of the 8 9 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act do not apply so as to 10 prevent summary suspension of any license pending revocation or 11 other action, which suspension shall remain in effect unless 12 modified by the Board or unless the Board's decision is reversed on the merits upon judicial review. 13

14 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09.)

15 (230 ILCS 10/17.1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2417.1)

16 Sec. 17.1. Judicial Review.

(a) Jurisdiction and venue for the judicial review of a 17 18 final order of the Board relating to licensed owners, suppliers, electronic gaming licensees, and or special event 19 20 licenses is vested in the Appellate Court of the judicial 21 district in which Sangamon County is located. A petition for 22 judicial review of a final order of the Board must be filed in the Appellate Court, within 35 days from the date that a copy 23 24 of the decision sought to be reviewed was served upon the party 25 affected by the decision.

HB5292 - 445 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b (b) Judicial review of all other final orders of the Board 1 2 shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Review 3 Law. (Source: P.A. 88-1.) 4 5 (230 ILCS 10/18) (from Ch. 120, par. 2418) Sec. 18. Prohibited Activities - Penalty. 6 7 (a) A person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for doing any of the following: 8 9 (1) Conducting gambling where wagering is used or to be 10 used without a license issued by the Board. 11 (2) Conducting gambling where wagering is permitted 12 other than in the manner specified by Section 11. (b) A person is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor for doing 13 14 any of the following: 15 (1) permitting a person under 21 years to make a wager; 16 or (2) violating paragraph (12) of subsection (a) of 17 Section 11 of this Act. 18 19 (c) A person wagering or accepting a wager at any location outside the riverboat, casino, or electronic gaming facility in 20 21 violation of paragraph is subject to the penalties in 22 paragraphs (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of Section 28-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 is subject to the penalties provided in 23 24 that Section. 25 (d) A person commits a Class 4 felony and, in addition,

1 shall be barred for life from <u>gambling operations</u> riverboats 2 under the jurisdiction of the Board, if the person does any of 3 the following:

(1) Offers, promises, or gives anything of value or 4 5 benefit to a person who is connected with a riverboat or 6 casino owner or electronic gaming licensee, including, but 7 not limited to, an officer or employee of a licensed owner_ 8 electronic gaming licensee, or holder of an occupational 9 license pursuant to an agreement or arrangement or with the 10 intent that the promise or thing of value or benefit will 11 influence the actions of the person to whom the offer, 12 promise, or gift was made in order to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a gambling game, or to influence 13 14 official action of a member of the Board.

15 (2) Solicits or knowingly accepts or receives a promise 16 anything of value or benefit while the person is of connected with a riverboat, casino, or electronic gaming 17 18 facility, including, but not limited to, an officer or 19 employee of a licensed owner or electronic gaming licensee, 20 or the holder of an occupational license, pursuant to an understanding or arrangement or with the intent that the 21 22 promise or thing of value or benefit will influence the 23 actions of the person to affect or attempt to affect the 24 outcome of a gambling game, or to influence official action 25 of a member of the Board.

26

(3) Uses or possesses with the intent to use a device

to assist:

1 2

(i) In projecting the outcome of the game.

3

3 4

5

(ii) In keeping track of the cards played.

(iii) In analyzing the probability of the occurrence of an event relating to the gambling game.

6 (iv) In analyzing the strategy for playing or 7 betting to be used in the game except as permitted by 8 the Board.

9

(4) Cheats at a gambling game.

10 (5) Manufactures, sells, or distributes any cards,
11 chips, dice, game or device which is intended to be used to
12 violate any provision of this Act <u>or the Chicago Casino</u>
13 <u>Development Authority Act</u>.

14 (6) Alters or misrepresents the outcome of a gambling
15 game on which wagers have been made after the outcome is
16 made sure but before it is revealed to the players.

(7) Places a bet after acquiring knowledge, not available to all players, of the outcome of the gambling game which is subject of the bet or to aid a person in acquiring the knowledge for the purpose of placing a bet contingent on that outcome.

(8) Claims, collects, or takes, or attempts to claim,
collect, or take, money or anything of value in or from the
gambling games, with intent to defraud, without having made
a wager contingent on winning a gambling game, or claims,
collects, or takes an amount of money or thing of value of

1 greater value than the amount won.

2 (9) Uses counterfeit chips or tokens in a gambling3 game.

(10) Possesses any key or device designed for the 4 5 purpose of opening, entering, or affecting the operation of a gambling game, drop box, or an electronic or mechanical 6 7 device connected with the gambling game or for removing 8 coins, tokens, chips or other contents of a gambling game. 9 This paragraph (10) does not apply to a gambling licensee 10 or employee of a gambling licensee acting in furtherance of 11 the employee's employment.

(e) The possession of more than one of the devices described in subsection (d), paragraphs (3), (5), or (10) permits a rebuttable presumption that the possessor intended to use the devices for cheating.

(f) A person under the age of 21 who, except as authorized under paragraph (10) of Section 11, enters upon a riverboat or <u>in a casino or electronic gaming facility</u> commits a petty offense and is subject to a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$250 for a first offense and of not less than \$200 or more than \$500 for a second or subsequent offense.

An action to prosecute any crime occurring on a riverboat shall be tried in the county of the dock at which the riverboat is based. <u>An action to prosecute any crime occurring in a</u> <u>casino or electronic gaming facility shall be tried in the</u> <u>county in which the casino or electronic gaming facility is</u>

1 located.

2 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

3 (230 ILCS 10/18.1)

4 Sec. 18.1. Distribution of certain fines. If a fine is 5 imposed on an owner licensee or an electronic gaming licensee 6 for knowingly sending marketing or promotional materials to any person placed on the self-exclusion list, then the Board shall 7 8 distribute an amount equal to 15% of the fine imposed to the 9 unit of local government in which the casino, riverboat, or 10 electronic gaming facility is located for the purpose of 11 awarding grants to non-profit entities that assist gambling 12 addicts.

13 (Source: P.A. 96-224, eff. 8-11-09.)

14 (230 ILCS 10/19) (from Ch. 120, par. 2419)

15 Sec. 19. Forfeiture of property.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), any riverboat, 16 17 casino, or electronic gaming facility used for the conduct of gambling games in violation of this Act shall be considered a 18 gambling place in violation of Section 28-3 of the Criminal 19 20 Code of 2012. Every gambling device found on a riverboat, in a 21 casino, or at an electronic gaming facility operating gambling games in violation of this Act and every slot machine and video 22 23 game of chance found at an electronic gaming facility operating gambling games in violation of this Act or the Chicago Casino 24

<u>Development Authority Act</u> shall be subject to seizure,
 confiscation and destruction as provided in Section 28-5 of the
 Criminal Code of 2012.

(b) It is not a violation of this Act for a riverboat or 4 5 other watercraft which is licensed for gaming by a contiguous state to dock on the shores of this State if the municipality 6 7 having jurisdiction of the shores, or the county in the case of 8 unincorporated areas, has granted permission for docking and no 9 gaming is conducted on the riverboat or other watercraft while 10 it is docked on the shores of this State. No gambling device 11 shall be subject to seizure, confiscation or destruction if the 12 gambling device is located on a riverboat or other watercraft 13 which is licensed for gaming by a contiguous state and which is 14 docked on the shores of this State if the municipality having 15 jurisdiction of the shores, or the county in the case of 16 unincorporated areas, has granted permission for docking and no 17 gaming is conducted on the riverboat or other watercraft while it is docked on the shores of this State. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

20 (230 ILCS 10/20) (from Ch. 120, par. 2420)

Sec. 20. Prohibited activities - civil penalties. Any person who conducts a gambling operation without first obtaining a license to do so, or who continues to conduct such games after revocation of his license, or any licensee who conducts or allows to be conducted any unauthorized gambling

games on a riverboat, in a casino, or at an electronic gaming 1 2 facility where it is authorized to conduct its riverboat gambling operation, in addition to other penalties provided, 3 shall be subject to a civil penalty equal to the amount of 4 5 gross receipts derived from wagering on the gambling games, 6 whether unauthorized or authorized, conducted on that day as 7 well as confiscation and forfeiture of all gambling game equipment used in the conduct of unauthorized gambling games. 8 9 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)

10 (230 ILCS 10/21) (from Ch. 120, par. 2421)

Sec. 21. Limitation on taxation of licensees. Licensees shall not be subjected to any excise tax, license tax, permit tax, privilege tax, occupation tax or excursion tax which is imposed exclusively upon the licensee by the State or any political subdivision thereof, except as provided in this Act <u>or the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act</u>.

17 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)

18 (230 ILCS 10/23) (from Ch. 120, par. 2423)

19 Sec. 23. The State Gaming Fund. On or after the effective 20 date of this Act, except as provided for payments into the 21 Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund under subsection (a) of Section 22 7, all of the fees and taxes collected pursuant to this Act <u>or</u> 23 <u>the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act</u> shall be deposited 24 into the State Gaming Fund, a special fund in the State

Treasury, which is hereby created. The adjusted gross receipts 1 2 of any riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed 3 manager on behalf of the State remaining after the payment of the fees and expenses of the licensed manager shall be 4 5 deposited into the State Gaming Fund. Fines and penalties 6 collected pursuant to this Act or the Chicago Casino 7 Development Authority Act shall be deposited into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of 8 9 Illinois.

10 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03; 94-804, eff. 5-26-06.)

11 (230 ILCS 10/24)

12 Sec. 24. Applicability of this Hlinois Riverboat Gamb 13 Act. The provisions of the this Illinois Riverboat Gambling 14 Act, and all rules promulgated thereunder, shall apply to the 15 Chicago Casino Development Authority Act and the Video Gaming 16 Act, except where there is a conflict between the 2 Acts. In the event of a conflict between this Act and the Chicago Casino 17 18 Development Authority Act, the terms of the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act shall prevail. In the event of a 19 20 conflict between this Act and the Video Gaming Act, the terms 21 of this Act shall prevail.

22 (Source: P.A. 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)

23 (230 ILCS 10/25 new)

24 <u>Sec. 25. Wide area progressive systems. The operation of a</u>

1 wide area progressive system is permitted in gambling 2 operations authorized under this Act subject to the following 3 conditions:

4 <u>(1) The method of communication over the wide area</u> 5 progressive system must consist of dedicated on-line 6 communication lines or the equivalent, as determined by the 7 Administrator, or wireless communication, which may be 8 subject to certain restrictions imposed by the 9 Administrator.

10 (2) All communication between each facility location
 11 and the central system site must be encrypted.

12 (3) The central system site must be located within the State of Illinois and be equipped with a non-interruptible 13 14 power supply and the central computer must be capable of on-line data redundancy should hard disk peripherals fail 15 16 during operation. The office containing the central computer shall be equipped with a surveillance system that 17 has been approved by the Administrator. The wide area 18 19 progressive system provider shall be required to keep and 20 maintain an entry and exit log for the office containing the central computer. The wide area progressive system 21 22 provider shall provide access to the office containing the central computer to the Administrator and shall make 23 24 available to the Administrator all books, records, and 25 information required by the Administrator in fulfilling 26 his or her regulatory purpose.

1	(4) A wide area progressive system provider must
2	suspend play on the wide area progressive system if a
3	communication failure of the system cannot be corrected
4	within 24 consecutive hours.
5	(5) Approval by the Board of any wide area progressive
6	system shall occur only after the Administrator has
7	reviewed the wide area progressive system software and
8	hardware and is satisfied that the operation of the system
9	meets accepted industry standards for wide area
10	progressive system products, as well as any other
11	requirements that the Administrator may impose to ensure
12	the integrity, security, and legal operation of the wide
13	area progressive system.
14	(6) A meter that shows the amount of the common
15	progressive jackpot must be conspicuously displayed at or
16	near the machines to which the jackpot applies. The common
17	progressive jackpot meter need not precisely show the
18	actual moneys in the common progressive jackpot award at
19	each instant. Nothing shall prohibit the use of an odometer
20	or other paced updating progressive display to show updates
21	to the jackpot. When a paced updating display is used and
22	the remote site is communicating to the central computer,
23	the common progressive jackpot meter must display the
24	winning value after the jackpot broadcast is received from
25	the central system. If a common progressive jackpot is
26	recognized in the middle of a systemwide poll cycle, the

1	common progressive jackpot display may contain a value less
2	than the aggregated amount calculated by the central
3	system. The fund values from the remaining portion of the
4	poll cycle shall be received by the central system, but not
5	the local site, in which case the common progressive
6	jackpot amount paid shall always be the higher of the 2
7	reporting amounts.
8	(7) When a common progressive jackpot is won, the wide
9	area progressive system provider shall have the
10	opportunity to inspect the machine, storage media, the
11	error events received by the central system, and any other
12	data which could reasonably be used to ascertain the
13	validity of the jackpot.
14	(A) The central system shall produce reports that
15	clearly demonstrate the method of arriving at the
16	payoff amount. This shall include the funds
17	contributed beginning with the polling cycle
18	immediately following the previous jackpot and all
19	funds contributed up to and including the polling cycle
20	that includes the jackpot signal. Funds contributed to
21	and registered by the system before the jackpot message
22	is received shall be deemed to have been contributed to
23	the progressive amount prior to the current jackpot.
24	Funds contributed to the system subsequent to the
25	jackpot message's being received, as well as funds
26	contributed to the system before the jackpot message is

1	received by the system but registered after the jackpot
2	message is received at the system, shall be deemed to
3	have been contributed to the progressive amount of the
4	next jackpot.
5	(B) The common progressive jackpot may be
6	disbursed in periodic payments as long as each machine
7	clearly displays the fact that the jackpot shall be
8	paid in such periodic payments. In addition, the number
9	of periodic payments and time between payments must be
10	clearly displayed on the slot machine in a
11	non-misleading manner.
12	(C) A wide area progressive system provider must,
13	upon request, supply to the Board reports that support
14	and verify the economic activity of the system.
	and verify the economic activity of the system. (8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility
14	
14 15	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility
14 15 16	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility may deduct its pro rata share of the present value of any
14 15 16 17	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility may deduct its pro rata share of the present value of any common progressive jackpots awarded. The deduction shall
14 15 16 17 18	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility may deduct its pro rata share of the present value of any common progressive jackpots awarded. The deduction shall be listed on the detailed accounting records provided by
14 15 16 17 18 19	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility may deduct its pro rata share of the present value of any common progressive jackpots awarded. The deduction shall be listed on the detailed accounting records provided by the wide area progressive system provider. A facility's pro
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility may deduct its pro rata share of the present value of any common progressive jackpots awarded. The deduction shall be listed on the detailed accounting records provided by the wide area progressive system provider. A facility's pro rata share is based on the number of funds in from that
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility may deduct its pro rata share of the present value of any common progressive jackpots awarded. The deduction shall be listed on the detailed accounting records provided by the wide area progressive system provider. A facility's pro rata share is based on the number of funds in from that facility's machines on the wide area progressive system,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility may deduct its pro rata share of the present value of any common progressive jackpots awarded. The deduction shall be listed on the detailed accounting records provided by the wide area progressive system provider. A facility's pro rata share is based on the number of funds in from that facility's machines on the wide area progressive system, compared to the total amount of funds in on the whole
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility may deduct its pro rata share of the present value of any common progressive jackpots awarded. The deduction shall be listed on the detailed accounting records provided by the wide area progressive system provider. A facility's pro rata share is based on the number of funds in from that facility's machines on the wide area progressive system, compared to the total amount of funds in on the whole system for the time period between jackpots awarded.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(8) In calculating adjusted gross revenue, a facility may deduct its pro rata share of the present value of any common progressive jackpots awarded. The deduction shall be listed on the detailed accounting records provided by the wide area progressive system provider. A facility's pro rata share is based on the number of funds in from that facility's machines on the wide area progressive system, compared to the total amount of funds in on the whole system for the time period between jackpots awarded. (9) In the event a facility ceases operations and a

an amended wagering tax submission or make a claim for a 1 wagering tax refund based on its contributions to that 2 3 particular progressive prize pool. (10) A facility, or an entity that is licensed as a 4 5 manufacturer or distributor, shall provide the wide area 6 progressive system in accordance with a written agreement 7 that shall be reviewed and approved by the Board prior to 8 offering the jackpots. 9 (11) The payment of any common progressive jackpot 10 offered on a wide area progressive system shall be 11 administered by the wide area progressive system provider, 12 and the provider shall have primary liability for payment 13 of any common progressive jackpot the person administers. 14 (12) A wide area progressive system provider shall 15 comply with the following: 16 (A) A reserve shall be established and maintained by the provider of the wide area progressive system in 17 an amount of not less than the sum of the following 18 19 amounts: 20 (i) the present value of the aggregate remaining balances owed on all jackpots previously 21 22 won by patrons on the wide area progressive system; 23 (ii) the present value of the amount currently 24 reflected on the jackpot meters of the wide area 25 progressive system; and 26 (iii) the present value of one additional

reset of the wide area progressive system. 1 2 (B) The reserve shall continue to be maintained 3 until all payments owed to winners of the common progressive jackpots have been made. 4 5 (C) For common progressive jackpots disbursed in periodic payments, any qualified investment shall be 6 7 purchased within 90 days following notice of the win of the common progressive jackpot, and a copy of such 8 qualified investment shall be provided to the Board 9 within 30 days of purchase. Any qualified investment 10 11 shall have a surrender value at maturity and shall have a maturity date prior to the date the periodic jackpot 12 13 payment is required to be made. 14 (D) The person authorized to provide the wide area 15 progressive system shall not be permitted to sell, 16 trade, or otherwise dispose of any qualified investments prior to their maturity unless approval to 17 18 do so is first obtained from the Board. 19 (E) Upon becoming aware of an event of noncompliance with the terms of 20 the reserve 21 requirement mandated by subparagraph (A) in this 22 paragraph (12), the wide area progressive system 23 provider must immediately notify the Board of such 24 event. An event of noncompliance includes a 25 non-payment of a jackpot periodic payment or a 26 circumstance which may cause the wide area progressive

system provider to be unable to fulfill, or which may
 otherwise impair the person's ability to satisfy, the
 person's jackpot payment obligations.

(F) On a quarterly basis, the wide area progressive 4 5 system provider must deliver to the Board a calculation 6 of system reserves required under subparagraph (A) in 7 this paragraph (12). The calculation shall come with a certification of financial compliance signed by a duly 8 authorized financial officer of the wide area 9 10 progressive system provider, on a form prescribed by 11 the Board, validating the calculation.

12 (13) For common progressive jackpots disbursed in periodic payments, subsequent to the date of the win, a 13 14 winner may be offered the option to receive, in lieu of 15 periodic payments, a discounted single cash payment in the 16 form of a qualified prize option, as that term is defined in Section 451(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. The 17 18 wide area progressive system provider shall calculate the 19 single cash payment based on the discount rate. Until the new discount rate becomes effective, the discount rate 20 21 selected by the wide area progressive system provider shall 22 be used to calculate the single cash payment for all 23 qualified prizes that occur subsequent to the date of the 24 selected discount rate.

25

Section 90-42. The Video Gaming Act is amended by changing

Sections 5, 20, 25, 45, 79, and 80 and by adding Section 90 as follows:

3 (230 ILCS 40/5)

4 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

5 "Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board.

6 "Credit" means one, 5, 10, or 25 cents either won or 7 purchased by a player.

8 "Distributor" means an individual, partnership, 9 corporation, or limited liability company licensed under this 10 Act to buy, sell, lease, or distribute video gaming terminals 11 or major components or parts of video gaming terminals to or 12 from terminal operators.

"Electronic card" means a card purchased from a licensed establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed veterans establishment, or licensed truck stop establishment for use in that establishment as a substitute for cash in the conduct of gaming on a video gaming terminal.

18 "Electronic voucher" means a voucher printed by an 19 electronic video game machine that is redeemable in the 20 licensed establishment for which it was issued.

21 "Terminal operator" means an individual, partnership, 22 corporation, or limited liability company that is licensed 23 under this Act and that owns, services, and maintains video 24 gaming terminals for placement in licensed establishments, 25 licensed truck stop establishments, licensed fraternal 1 establishments, or licensed veterans establishments.

2 "Licensed technician" means an individual who is licensed 3 under this Act to repair, service, and maintain video gaming 4 terminals.

5 "Licensed terminal handler" means a person, including but 6 not limited to an employee or independent contractor working for a manufacturer, distributor, supplier, technician, or 7 8 terminal operator, who is licensed under this Act to possess or 9 control a video gaming terminal or to have access to the inner 10 workings of a video gaming terminal. A licensed terminal 11 handler does not include an individual, partnership, 12 corporation, or limited liability company defined as a 13 manufacturer, distributor, supplier, technician, or terminal 14 operator under this Act.

15 "Manufacturer" means an individual, partnership, 16 corporation, or limited liability company that is licensed 17 under this Act and that manufactures or assembles video gaming 18 terminals.

19 "Supplier" means an individual, partnership, corporation, 20 or limited liability company that is licensed under this Act to 21 supply major components or parts to video gaming terminals to 22 licensed terminal operators.

"Net terminal income" means money put into a video gamingterminal minus credits paid out to players.

25 "Video gaming terminal" means any electronic video game26 machine that, upon insertion of cash, electronic cards or

vouchers, or any combination thereof, is available to play or 1 simulate the play of a video game, including but not limited to 2 3 video poker, line up, and blackjack, as authorized by the Board utilizing a video display and microprocessors in which the 4 5 player may receive free games or credits that can be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a machine that directly 6 7 dispenses coins, cash, or tokens or is for amusement purposes 8 only.

9 "Licensed establishment" means any licensed retail 10 establishment where alcoholic liquor is drawn, poured, mixed, 11 or otherwise served for consumption on the premises, whether 12 the establishment operates on a nonprofit or for-profit basis. "Licensed establishment" includes any such establishment that 13 14 has a contractual relationship with an inter-track wagering 15 location licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act 16 of 1975, provided any contractual relationship shall not 17 include any transfer or offer of revenue from the operation of video gaming under this Act to any licensee licensed under the 18 Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Provided, however, that the 19 20 licensed establishment that has such а contractual 21 relationship with an inter-track wagering location licensee 22 may not, itself, be (i) an inter-track wagering location 23 licensee, (ii) the corporate parent or subsidiary of any licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, 24 25 or (iii) the corporate subsidiary of a corporation that is also 26 the corporate parent or subsidiary of any licensee licensed

under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. "Licensed 1 2 establishment" does not include a facility operated by an 3 organization licensee, an inter-track wagering licensee, or an inter-track wagering location licensee licensed under the 4 5 Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or a riverboat licensed under 6 the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, except as provided in this paragraph. The changes made to this definition by Public Act 7 98-587 are declarative of existing law. 8

9 "Licensed fraternal establishment" means the location 10 where a qualified fraternal organization that derives its 11 charter from a national fraternal organization regularly 12 meets.

"Licensed veterans establishment" means the location where a qualified veterans organization that derives its charter from a national veterans organization regularly meets.

16 "Licensed truck stop establishment" means a facility (i) 17 that is at least a 3-acre facility with a convenience store, (ii) with separate diesel islands for fueling commercial motor 18 19 vehicles, (iii) that sells at retail more than 10,000 gallons 20 of diesel or biodiesel fuel per month, and (iv) with parking spaces for commercial motor vehicles. "Commercial motor 21 22 vehicles" has the same meaning as defined in Section 18b-101 of 23 the Illinois Vehicle Code. The requirement of item (iii) of this paragraph may be met by showing that estimated future 24 25 sales or past sales average at least 10,000 gallons per month. (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-31, eff. 6-24-13; 26

98-582, eff. 8-27-13; 98-587, eff. 8-27-13; 98-756, eff.
 7-16-14.)

3

(230 ILCS 40/20)

4 Sec. 20. Direct dispensing of receipt tickets only. A video 5 gaming terminal may not directly dispense coins, cash, tokens, 6 or any other article of exchange or value except for receipt 7 tickets. Tickets shall be dispensed by pressing the ticket 8 dispensing button on the video gaming terminal at the end of 9 one's turn or play. The ticket shall indicate the total amount 10 of credits and the cash award, the time of day in a 24-hour 11 format showing hours and minutes, the date, the terminal serial 12 number, the sequential number of the ticket, and an encrypted 13 validation number from which the validity of the prize may be 14 determined. The player shall turn in this ticket to the 15 appropriate person at the licensed establishment, licensed 16 truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment to receive the cash award. The 17 18 cost of the credit shall be one cent, 5 cents, 10 cents, or 25 19 cents, and the maximum wager played per hand shall not exceed 20 \$4 \$2. No cash award for the maximum wager on any individual 21 hand shall exceed \$1,199, except in the case of a wide area 22 progressive system, as defined in the Illinois Gambling Act, 23 which shall have no limits for cash awards \$500. 24 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-1410, eff. 7-30-10.)

1 (230 ILCS 40/25)

2

Sec. 25. Restriction of licensees.

3 (a) Manufacturer. A person may not be licensed as a 4 manufacturer of a video gaming terminal in Illinois unless the 5 person has a valid manufacturer's license issued under this 6 Act. A manufacturer may only sell video gaming terminals for 7 use in Illinois to persons having a valid distributor's 8 license.

9 (b) Distributor. A person may not sell, distribute, or 10 lease or market a video gaming terminal in Illinois unless the 11 person has a valid distributor's license issued under this Act. 12 A distributor may only sell video gaming terminals for use in 13 Illinois to persons having a valid distributor's or terminal 14 operator's license.

15 (c) Terminal operator. A person may not own, maintain, or 16 place a video gaming terminal unless he has a valid terminal 17 operator's license issued under this Act. A terminal operator may only place video gaming terminals for use in Illinois in 18 19 licensed establishments, licensed truck stop establishments, licensed fraternal establishments, and licensed veterans 20 establishments. No terminal operator may give anything of 21 22 value, including but not limited to a loan or financing 23 arrangement, to a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed 24 25 veterans establishment as any incentive or inducement to locate 26 video terminals in that establishment. Of the after-tax profits

from a video gaming terminal, 50% shall be paid to the terminal 1 2 operator and 50% shall be paid to the licensed establishment, 3 licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans 4 establishment, 5 notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary. A video terminal operator that violates one or more requirements of this 6 7 subsection is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to 8 termination of his or her license by the Board.

9 (d) Licensed technician. A person may not service, 10 maintain, or repair a video gaming terminal in this State 11 unless he or she (1) has a valid technician's license issued 12 under this Act, (2) is a terminal operator, or (3) is employed 13 by a terminal operator, distributor, or manufacturer.

14 (d-5) Licensed terminal handler. No person, including, but 15 not limited to, an employee or independent contractor working 16 for a manufacturer, distributor, supplier, technician, or 17 terminal operator licensed pursuant to this Act, shall have possession or control of a video gaming terminal, or access to 18 the inner workings of a video gaming terminal, unless that 19 20 person possesses a valid terminal handler's license issued under this Act. 21

(e) Licensed establishment. No video gaming terminal may be placed in any licensed establishment, licensed veterans establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, or licensed fraternal establishment unless the owner or agent of the owner of the licensed establishment, licensed veterans

establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, or licensed 1 2 fraternal establishment has entered into a written use 3 agreement with the terminal operator for placement of the terminals. A copy of the use agreement shall be on file in the 4 5 terminal operator's place of business and available for inspection by individuals authorized by the Board. A licensed 6 7 establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed veterans establishment, or licensed fraternal establishment 8 9 may operate up to 5 video gaming terminals on its premises at 10 any time.

11

(f) (Blank).

12 (g) Financial interest restrictions. As used in this Act, 13 "substantial interest" in a partnership, a corporation, an 14 organization, an association, a business, or a limited 15 liability company means:

(A) When, with respect to a sole proprietorship, an
individual or his or her spouse owns, operates, manages, or
conducts, directly or indirectly, the organization,
association, or business, or any part thereof; or

(B) When, with respect to a partnership, the individual
or his or her spouse shares in any of the profits, or
potential profits, of the partnership activities; or

(C) When, with respect to a corporation, an individual or his or her spouse is an officer or director, or the individual or his or her spouse is a holder, directly or beneficially, of 5% or more of any class of stock of the

1 corporation; or

2 (D) When, with respect to an organization not covered 3 in (A), (B) or (C) above, an individual or his or her 4 spouse is an officer or manages the business affairs, or 5 the individual or his or her spouse is the owner of or 6 otherwise controls 10% or more of the assets of the 7 organization; or

8 (E) When an individual or his or her spouse furnishes 9 5% or more of the capital, whether in cash, goods, or 10 services, for the operation of any business, association, 11 or organization during any calendar year; or

(F) When, with respect to a limited liability company, an individual or his or her spouse is a member, or the individual or his or her spouse is a holder, directly or beneficially, of 5% or more of the membership interest of the limited liability company.

For purposes of this subsection (g), "individual" includes all individuals or their spouses whose combined interest would qualify as a substantial interest under this subsection (g) and whose activities with respect to an organization, association, or business are so closely aligned or coordinated as to constitute the activities of a single entity.

(h) Location restriction. A licensed establishment,
licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal
establishment, or licensed veterans establishment that is (i)
located within 1,000 feet of a facility operated by an

organization licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing 1 2 Act of 1975 or the home dock of a riverboat licensed under the 3 Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act or (ii) located within 100 feet of a school or a place of worship under the Religious 4 5 Corporation Act, is ineligible to operate a video gaming terminal. The location restrictions in this subsection (h) do 6 7 not apply if (A) a facility operated by an organization 8 licensee, a school, or a place of worship moves to or is 9 established within the restricted area after a licensed 10 establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed 11 fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment 12 becomes licensed under this Act or (B) a school or place of worship moves to or is established within the restricted area 13 14 after licensed establishment, licensed truck а stop 15 establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed 16 veterans establishment obtains its original liquor license. 17 For the purpose of this subsection, "school" means an elementary or secondary public school, or an elementary or 18 secondary private school registered with or recognized by the 19 State Board of Education. 20

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (h), the Board may waive the requirement that a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment not be located within 1,000 feet from a facility operated by an organization licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing - 470 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

Act of 1975 or the home dock of a riverboat licensed under the <u>Illinois Riverboat</u> Gambling Act. The Board shall not grant such waiver if there is any common ownership or control, shared business activity, or contractual arrangement of any type between the establishment and the organization licensee or owners licensee of a riverboat. The Board shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this paragraph.

8 Undue economic concentration. In addition (i) to 9 considering all other requirements under this Act, in deciding 10 whether to approve the operation of video gaming terminals by a 11 terminal operator in a location, the Board shall consider the 12 impact of any economic concentration of such operation of video 13 gaming terminals. The Board shall not allow a terminal operator to operate video gaming terminals if the Board determines such 14 operation will result in undue economic concentration. For 15 purposes of this Section, "undue economic concentration" means 16 17 that a terminal operator would have such actual or potential influence over video gaming terminals in Illinois as to: 18

(1) substantially impede or suppress competition among
 terminal operators;

(2) adversely impact the economic stability of the
 video gaming industry in Illinois; or

23 (3) negatively impact the purposes of the Video Gaming24 Act.

The Board shall adopt rules concerning undue economic concentration with respect to the operation of video gaming

terminals in Illinois. The rules shall include, but not be limited to, (i) limitations on the number of video gaming terminals operated by any terminal operator within a defined geographic radius and (ii) guidelines on the discontinuation of operation of any such video gaming terminals the Board determines will cause undue economic concentration.

7 (j) The provisions of the Illinois Antitrust Act are fully
8 and equally applicable to the activities of any licensee under
9 this Act.

10 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-31, eff. 6-24-13; 98-77,
11 eff. 7-15-13; 98-112, eff. 7-26-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

12 (230 ILCS 40/45)

13 Sec. 45. Issuance of license.

14 (a) The burden is upon each applicant to demonstrate his 15 suitability for licensure. Each video gaming terminal 16 manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, handler, licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, 17 licensed fraternal establishment, and licensed veterans 18 19 establishment shall be licensed by the Board. The Board may issue or deny a license under this Act to any person pursuant 20 21 to the same criteria set forth in Section 9 of the Illinois 22 Riverboat Gambling Act.

(a-5) The Board shall not grant a license to a person who
 has facilitated, enabled, or participated in the use of
 coin-operated devices for gambling purposes or who is under the

significant influence or control of such a person. For the 1 2 purposes of this Act, "facilitated, enabled, or participated in 3 the use of coin-operated amusement devices for gambling purposes" means that the person has been convicted of any 4 5 violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. If there is pending legal action against 6 7 a person for any such violation, then the Board shall delay the 8 licensure of that person until the legal action is resolved.

9 (b) Each person seeking and possessing a license as a video 10 gaming terminal manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, 11 handler, licensed establishment, licensed truck stop 12 establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed 13 establishment shall submit veterans to а background 14 investigation conducted by the Board with the assistance of the 15 State Police or other law enforcement. To the extent that the 16 corporate structure of the applicant allows, the background 17 investigation shall include any or all of the following as the Board deems appropriate or as provided by rule for each 18 category of licensure: (i) each beneficiary of a trust, (ii) 19 20 each partner of a partnership, (iii) each member of a limited 21 liability company, (iv) each director and officer of a publicly 22 or non-publicly held corporation, (v) each stockholder of a 23 non-publicly held corporation, (vi) each stockholder of 5% or more of a publicly held corporation, or (vii) each stockholder 24 25 of 5% or more in a parent or subsidiary corporation.

26

(c) Each person seeking and possessing a license as a video

gaming terminal manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, 1 licensed establishment, licensed truck 2 handler, stop 3 establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment shall disclose the identity of every 4 5 person, association, trust, corporation, or limited liability 6 company having a greater than 1% direct or indirect pecuniary interest in the video gaming terminal operation for which the 7 8 license is sought. If the disclosed entity is a trust, the 9 application shall disclose the names and addresses of the 10 beneficiaries; if a corporation, the names and addresses of all 11 stockholders and directors; if a limited liability company, the 12 names and addresses of all members; or if a partnership, the names and addresses of all partners, both general and limited. 13

(d) No person may be licensed as a video gaming terminal
manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, handler,
licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment,
licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans
establishment if that person has been found by the Board to:

(1) have a background, including a criminal record, reputation, habits, social or business associations, or prior activities that pose a threat to the public interests of the State or to the security and integrity of video gaming;

(2) create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable,
 unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities in
 the conduct of video gaming; or

1 (3) present questionable business practices and 2 financial arrangements incidental to the conduct of video 3 gaming activities.

4 (e) Any applicant for any license under this Act has the
5 burden of proving his or her qualifications to the satisfaction
6 of the Board. The Board may adopt rules to establish additional
7 qualifications and requirements to preserve the integrity and
8 security of video gaming in this State.

9 (f) A non-refundable application fee shall be paid at the 10 time an application for a license is filed with the Board in 11 the following amounts:

12	(1) Manufacturer \$5,000
13	(2) Distributor \$5,000
14	(3) Terminal operator \$5,000
15	(4) Supplier \$2,500
16	(5) Technician \$100
17	(6) Terminal Handler \$50
18	(g) The Board shall establish an annual fee for each
19	license not to exceed the following:
20	(1) Manufacturer \$10,000
21	(2) Distributor \$10,000
22	(3) Terminal operator \$5,000
23	(4) Supplier \$2,000
24	(5) Technician \$100
25	(6) Licensed establishment, licensed truck stop
26	establishment, licensed fraternal establishment,

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- or licensed veterans establishment\$100 1 2 (8) Terminal Handler \$50 3 (h) A terminal operator and a licensed establishment, 4 5 licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal licensed veterans establishment 6 establishment, or shall equally split the fees specified in item (7) of subsection (g). 7 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-31, eff. 6-24-13; 8 9 98-587, eff. 8-27-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

10 (230 ILCS 40/79)

11 Sec. 79. Investigators. Investigators appointed by the 12 Board pursuant to the powers conferred upon the Board by paragraph (20.6) of subsection (c) of Section 5 of the Illinois 13 Riverboat Gambling Act and Section 80 of this Act shall have 14 15 authority to conduct investigations, searches, seizures, 16 arrests, and other duties imposed under this Act and the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, as deemed necessary by the 17 18 Board. These investigators have and may exercise all of the rights and powers of peace officers, provided that these powers 19 20 shall be (1) limited to offenses or violations occurring or 21 committed in connection with conduct subject to this Act, 22 including, but not limited to, the manufacture, distribution, supply, operation, placement, service, maintenance, or play of 23 24 video gaming terminals and the distribution of profits and 25 collection of revenues resulting from such play, and (2)

exercised, to the fullest extent practicable, in cooperation 1 2 with the local police department of the applicable municipality or, if these powers are exercised outside the boundaries of an 3 incorporated municipality or within a municipality that does 4 5 not have its own police department, in cooperation with the 6 police department whose jurisdiction encompasses the 7 applicable locality.

8 (Source: P.A. 97-809, eff. 7-13-12.)

9 (230 ILCS 40/80)

10 Sec. 80. Applicability of Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act. 11 The provisions of the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, and all 12 rules promulgated thereunder, shall apply to the Video Gaming 13 Act, except where there is a conflict between the 2 Acts. In the event of a conflict between the 2 Acts, the provisions of 14 15 the Illinois Gambling Act shall prevail. All provisions of the 16 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act shall apply, as far as practicable, to the subject matter of this Act to the same 17 extent as if such provisions were included herein. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)

(230 ILCS 40/90 new)
 Sec. 90. Wide area progressive systems. The operation of a
 wide area progressive system, as defined in the Illinois
 Gambling Act, is permitted, subject to the provisions of the
 Illinois Gambling Act, and the following conditions:

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1	(1) Licensed terminal operators and manufacturer or
2	supplier licensees may operate one or more wide area
3	progressive systems in licensed establishments, licensed
4	truck stop establishments, licensed veterans
5	establishments, and licensed fraternal establishments. A
6	designated portion of a player's wager may be allocated to
7	the jackpot. The jackpot may be awarded to a player on any
8	of the video gaming terminals that are linked to the wide
9	area progressive system.
10	(2) A wide area progressive system shall at all times
11	be installed and operated in accordance with relevant
12	requirements of this Act and technical standards of wide
13	area progressive systems.
14	(3) A wide area progressive system shall be operated
15	and administered by participating licensees in accordance
16	with the terms and conditions of a written approved policy,
17	which must be submitted in writing and approved by the
18	Board prior to implementation and must comply with this Act
19	and technical standards of wide area progressive systems.
20	(4) Approved policies must address:
21	(A) responsibility for the funding and payment of
22	all jackpots, fees, and taxes associated with the
23	operation of the wide area progressive system;
24	(B) control and operation of the computer
25	monitoring room required under paragraph (5); and
26	(C) other requirements in the technical standards

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1	on wide area progressive systems.
2	(5) A wide area progressive system shall be controlled
3	and operated from a computer monitoring room. The computer
4	monitoring room must:
5	(A) be under the sole possession and control of,
6	and maintained and operated by, employees of the
7	licensee designated in the approved policy for that
8	system; the employees of the licensee may be required
9	to obtain a terminal handler license if the Board
10	determines, after a review of the work being performed,
11	the employees require a license or permit for the
12	protection of the integrity of gaming;
13	(B) have its monitoring equipment subjected to
14	surveillance coverage either by the surveillance
15	system of a licensee or by a dedicated surveillance
16	system maintained by the terminal operator;
17	(C) be accessible through a locked door; the door
18	must be alarmed in a manner that audibly signals the
19	surveillance monitoring room for the surveillance
20	system elected under subparagraph (B) of this
21	paragraph (5); and
22	(D) have a computer monitoring room entry log.
23	This Section shall not be construed to impact the maximum
24	wager as set forth in this Act.

25 Section 90-45. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by

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1 changing Sections 5-1 and 6-30 as follows:

2	(235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115)						
3	Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control						
4	Commission shall be of the following classes:						
5	(a) Manufacturer's license - Class 1. Distiller, Class 2.						
6	Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine						
7	Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.						
8	First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class						
9	8. Limited Wine Manufacturer, Class 9. Craft Distiller, Class						
10	10. Class 1 Brewer, Class 11. Class 2 Brewer,						
11	(b) Distributor's license,						
12	(c) Importing Distributor's license,						
13	(d) Retailer's license,						
14	(e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit),						
15	(f) Railroad license,						
16	(g) Boat license,						
17	(h) Non-Beverage User's license,						
18	(i) Wine-maker's premises license,						
19	(j) Airplane license,						
20	(k) Foreign importer's license,						
21	(1) Broker's license,						
22	(m) Non-resident dealer's license,						
23	(n) Brew Pub license,						
24	(o) Auction liquor license,						
25	(p) Caterer retailer license,						

3

1 (q) Special use permit license,

2 (r) Winery shipper's license,

(s) Craft distiller tasting permit.

No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a wine manufacturer's license.

8 (a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture, 9 importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale of 10 alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be 11 permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows:

12 Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of 13 alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing 14 distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no 15 other licensees.

16 Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined 17 herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to 18 rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers 19 and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.

Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to importing distributors and distributors and may make sales as authorized under subsection (e) of Section 6-4 of this Act.

Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors, and to no other licensees. - 481 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

1 Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales 2 and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to 3 manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to 4 no other licensees.

5 Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the 6 7 storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and 8 to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A 9 person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public 10 Act 95-634), is a holder of a first-class wine-maker's license 11 and annually produces more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine 12 and who distributes its wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with 13 Public Act 95-634. 14

Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow 15 16 the manufacture of between 50,000 and 150,000 gallons of wine 17 per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors in this State and to persons without the State, as may be 18 19 permitted by law. A person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the 20 effective date of Public Act 95-634), is a holder of a second-class wine-maker's license and annually produces more 21 22 than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its 23 wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with Public Act 95-634. 24

25 Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and 26 deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to

1 distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the 2 provisions of this Act.

Class 9. A craft distiller license shall allow the 3 manufacture of up to 100,000 gallons of spirits by distillation 4 5 per year and the storage of such spirits. If a craft distiller licensee, including a craft distiller licensee who holds more 6 than one craft distiller license, is not affiliated with any 7 8 other manufacturer of spirits, then the craft distiller 9 licensee may sell such spirits to distributors in this State 10 and up to 2,500 gallons of such spirits to non-licensees to the 11 extent permitted by any exemption approved by the Commission 12 pursuant to Section 6-4 of this Act. A craft distiller license 13 holder may store such spirits at a non-contiguous licensed location, but at no time shall a craft distiller license holder 14 15 directly or indirectly produce in the aggregate more than 16 100,000 gallons of spirits per year.

17 A craft distiller licensee may hold more than one craft distiller's license. However, a craft distiller that holds more 18 19 than one craft distiller license shall not manufacture, in the 20 aggregate, more than 100,000 gallons of spirits by distillation per year and shall not sell, in the aggregate, more than 2,500 21 22 gallons of such spirits to non-licensees in accordance with an 23 exemption approved by the State Commission pursuant to Section 6-4 of this Act. 24

Any craft distiller licensed under this Act who on July 28,
26 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1367) was licensed as

a distiller and manufactured no more spirits than permitted by
 this Section shall not be required to pay the initial licensing
 fee.

Class 10. A class 1 brewer license, which may only be 4 5 issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer, shall allow the manufacture of up to 930,000 gallons of beer 6 7 per year provided that the class 1 brewer licensee does not manufacture more than a combined 930,000 gallons of beer per 8 9 year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or 10 indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 930,000 11 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class 12 1 brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing 13 distributors and distributors and to retail licensees in 14 accordance with the conditions set forth in paragraph (18) of 15 subsection (a) of Section 3-12 of this Act.

16 Class 11. A class 2 brewer license, which may only be 17 issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer, shall allow the manufacture of up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer 18 per year provided that the class 2 brewer licensee does not 19 20 manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or 21 22 indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 3,720,000 23 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class 24 2 brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing 25 distributors and distributors, but shall not make sales or deliveries to any other licensee. If the State Commission 26

provides prior approval, a class 2 brewer licensee may annually transfer up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer manufactured by that class 2 brewer licensee to the premises of a licensed class 2 brewer wholly owned and operated by the same licensee.

5 (a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to 6 make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor to licensed 7 distributors or importing distributors and which enlists 8 agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf 9 who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis 10 in this State must register those agents, representatives, or 11 persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

12 Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting 13 on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form to the Commission. The form shall be developed by 14 the Commission and shall include the name and address of the 15 16 applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she 17 represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other 18 19 questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in 20 the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed 21 material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material 22 fact under oath in an application is guilty of a Class B 23 misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements, 24 misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material 25 facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for suspension or revocation of the registration. The State 26

Commission shall post a list of registered agents on the
 Commission's website.

3 (b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale 4 purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors and sale of alcoholic 5 liquors to licensees in this State and to persons without the 6 State, as may be permitted by law. No person licensed as a 7 distributor shall be granted a non-resident dealer's license.

8 (c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and 9 held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the 10 filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with 11 the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of 12 immediately issue such importing distributor's any fee, 13 license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point 14 15 in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of 16 alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and 17 the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof, but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed, 18 19 labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all 20 provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors. 21 The 22 importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to 23 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident dealers and foreign importers only. No person licensed as an 24 25 importing distributor shall be granted a non-resident dealer's 26 license.

(d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell 1 2 and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in 3 the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. Nothing in Public Act 95-634 shall 4 5 deny, limit, remove, or restrict the ability of a holder of a retailer's license to transfer, deliver, or ship alcoholic 6 7 liquor to the purchaser for use or consumption subject to any 8 applicable local law or ordinance. Any retail license issued to 9 a manufacturer shall only permit the manufacturer to sell beer 10 at retail on the premises actually occupied by the 11 manufacturer. For the purpose of further describing the type of 12 business conducted at a retail licensed premises, a retailer's licensee may be designated by the State Commission as (i) an on 13 premise consumption retailer, (ii) an off premise sale 14 15 retailer, or (iii) a combined on premise consumption and off 16 premise sale retailer.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted under subsection (e).

(e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit) shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and

offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or 1 2 consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the 3 location and on the specific dates designated for the special event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer 4 5 license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 6 7 Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section 8 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid 9 exemption identification number issued under Section 1q of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the 10 11 Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a 12 tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation 13 Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the 14 15 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption 16 number under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 17 in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii) 18 submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State 19 20 Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance in the maximum limits; 21 and (iii) show proof 22 satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has 23 obtained local authority approval.

(f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import
alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United
States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors

in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors 1 2 directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors 3 and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided 4 5 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be 6 7 sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car 8 operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State; 9 and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the 10 above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII 11 of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad 12 license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car 13 14 operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not 15 16 permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any 17 licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for each car in which such sales are made. 18

(g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any riverboat operated under the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act, which boat or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant thereon.

(h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licenseeto purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or

importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon 1 2 the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing 3 distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in 4 5 subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase, 6 7 possession and use of limited and stated quantities of 8 alcoholic liquor as follows:

9	Class 1,	not to	exceed	 500	gallons
10	Class 2,	not to	exceed	 1,000	gallons
11	Class 3,	not to	exceed	 5,000	gallons
12	Class 4,	not to	exceed	 10,000	gallons
13	Class 5,	not to	exceed	 50,000	gallons

14 (i) A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee 15 that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license to 16 sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in 17 such license not more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's 18 19 licensed premises per year for use or consumption, but not for 20 resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's 21 22 license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises 23 specified in such license up to 100,000 gallons of the second-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the second-class 24 25 wine-maker's licensed premises per year for use or consumption 26 but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license

shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class 1 2 wine-maker's license or a second-class wine-maker's license to 3 sell and offer for sale at retail at the premises specified in the wine-maker's premises license, for use or consumption but 4 5 not for resale in any form, any beer, wine, and spirits purchased from a licensed distributor. Upon approval from the 6 7 State Commission, a wine-maker's premises license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at (i) the wine-maker's 8 9 licensed premises and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for 10 use and consumption and not for resale. Each location shall 11 require additional licensing per location as specified in 12 Section 5-3 of this Act. A wine-maker's premises licensee shall secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount at 13 least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in 14 15 subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act.

16 (j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import 17 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors 18 19 in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors 20 directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; 21 22 and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided 23 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with 24 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be 25 sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that 26 airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject

to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to 1 2 importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit 3 the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, 4 5 but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane 6 7 license shall be required of an airline company if liquor service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual 8 9 fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3.

10 (k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee 11 to purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed 12 non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to 13 14 sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing 15 distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that (i) 16 the foreign importer registers with the State Commission every 17 brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period, (ii) the foreign importer 18 complies with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 of this Act 19 20 with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and 21 22 (iii) the foreign importer complies with the provisions of 23 Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these 24 provisions apply to manufacturers.

(1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons
who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply

alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who 1 2 offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers 3 or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in 4 5 order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor, importing distributor or foreign importer, whether 6 such solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the 7 8 State of Illinois.

9 No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois 10 Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any 11 alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered 12 for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the 13 holder of a valid broker's license.

The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of said transaction in such form as the Commission may by regulations prescribe.

(ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside of this State by an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who

promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act.

A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic liquors.

7 This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors, 8 employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who 9 has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic 10 liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly 11 sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to 12 its registrants thereunder.

Any agent, representative, or person subject to registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall not be eligible to receive a broker's license.

16 (m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such 17 licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such 18 19 alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and 20 importing distributors and to no one else in this State; provided that (i) said non-resident dealer shall register with 21 22 the Illinois Liquor Control Commission each and every brand of 23 alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period, (ii) it shall comply with 24 all of the provisions of Section 6-9 hereof with respect to 25 26 registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the

1 right to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii) the 2 non-resident dealer shall comply with the provisions of 3 Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these 4 provisions apply to manufacturers. No person licensed as a 5 non-resident dealer shall be granted a distributor's or 6 importing distributor's license.

(n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee to only (i) 7 8 manufacture up to 155,000 gallons of beer per year only on the 9 premises specified in the license, (ii) make sales of the beer 10 manufactured on the premises or, with the approval of the 11 Commission, beer manufactured on another brew pub licensed 12 premises that is wholly owned and operated by the same licensee 13 to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees 14 for use and consumption, (iii) store the beer upon the 15 premises, (iv) sell and offer for sale at retail from the 16 licensed premises for off-premises consumption no more than 17 155,000 gallons per year so long as such sales are only made in-person, (v) sell and offer for sale at retail for use and 18 19 consumption on the premises specified in the license any form 20 of alcoholic liquor purchased from a licensed distributor or 21 importing distributor, and (vi) with the prior approval of the 22 Commission, annually transfer no more than 155,000 gallons of 23 beer manufactured on the premises to a licensed brew pub wholly owned and operated by the same licensee. 24

A brew pub licensee shall not under any circumstance sell or offer for sale beer manufactured by the brew pub licensee to

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1 retail licensees.

person who holds a class 2 brewer 2 А license may 3 simultaneously hold a brew pub license if the class 2 brewer (i) does not, under any circumstance, sell or offer for sale 4 5 beer manufactured by the class 2 brewer to retail licensees; (ii) does not hold more than 3 brew pub licenses in this State; 6 7 (iii) does not manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000 8 gallons of beer per year, including the beer manufactured at 9 the brew pub; and (iv) is not a member of or affiliated with, 10 directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 11 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic 12 liquor.

13 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a licensed 14 brewer, class 2 brewer, or non-resident dealer who before July 1, 2015 manufactured less than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per 15 16 year and held a brew pub license on or before July 1, 2015 may 17 (i) continue to qualify for and hold that brew pub license for the licensed premises and (ii) manufacture more than 3,720,000 18 gallons of beer per year and continue to qualify for and hold 19 20 that brew pub license if that brewer, class 2 brewer, or non-resident dealer does not simultaneously hold a class 1 21 22 brewer license and is not a member of or affiliated with, 23 directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 24 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or that produces any other 25 alcoholic liquor.

26

(o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to

1 serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service 2 that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks 3 as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or 4 unlicensed.

5 (p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or 6 7 consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in 8 accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor 9 license will be issued to a person and it will permit the 10 auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the 11 State. An auction liquor license must be obtained for each 12 auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date.

13 (q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois 14 licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor 15 inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises 16 specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer 17 for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for 18 use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special 19 20 use permit license may be granted for the following time periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days 21 22 per location in any 12-month period. An applicant for the 23 special use permit license must also submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the 24 25 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the 26 maximum limits and have local authority approval.

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(r) A winery shipper's license shall allow a person with a 1 2 first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited 3 wine manufacturer's license or who is licensed to make wine 4 5 under the laws of another state to ship wine made by that licensee directly to a resident of this State who is 21 years 6 of age or older for that resident's personal use and not for 7 8 resale. Prior to receiving a winery shipper's license, an 9 applicant for the license must provide the Commission with a 10 true copy of its current license in any state in which it is 11 licensed as a manufacturer of wine. An applicant for a winery 12 shipper's license must also complete an application form that 13 provides any other information the Commission deems necessary. 14 The application form shall include all addresses from which the 15 applicant for a winery shipper's license intends to ship wine, 16 including the name and address of any third party, except for a 17 common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf of the manufacturer. The application form 18 shall include an 19 acknowledgement consenting to the jurisdiction of the 20 Commission, the Illinois Department of Revenue, and the courts of this State concerning the enforcement of this Act and any 21 22 related laws, rules, and regulations, including authorizing 23 the Department of Revenue and the Commission to conduct audits for the purpose of ensuring compliance with Public Act 95-634, 24 and an acknowledgement that the wine manufacturer is in 25 compliance with Section 6-2 of this Act. Any third party, 26

except for a common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf 1 2 of a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's licensee, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's licensee, a limited 3 wine manufacturer's licensee, or a person who is licensed to 4 5 make wine under the laws of another state shall also be disclosed by the winery shipper's licensee, and a copy of the 6 7 written appointment of the third-party wine provider, except for a common carrier, to the wine manufacturer shall be filed 8 9 with the State Commission as a supplement to the winery 10 shipper's license application or any renewal thereof. The 11 winery shipper's license holder shall affirm under penalty of 12 perjury, as part of the winery shipper's license application or 13 renewal, that he or she only ships wine, either directly or indirectly through a third-party provider, from the licensee's 14 15 own production.

16 Except for a common carrier, a third-party provider 17 shipping wine on behalf of a winery shipper's license holder is the agent of the winery shipper's license holder and, as such, 18 a winery shipper's license holder is responsible for the acts 19 20 and omissions of the third-party provider acting on behalf of the license holder. A third-party provider, except for a common 21 22 carrier, that engages in shipping wine into Illinois on behalf 23 of a winery shipper's license holder shall consent to the jurisdiction of the State Commission and the State. Any 24 25 third-party, except for a common carrier, holding such an 26 appointment shall, by February 1 of each calendar year and upon 1 request by the State Commission or the Department of Revenue, 2 file with the State Commission a statement detailing each 3 shipment made to an Illinois resident. The statement shall 4 include the name and address of the third-party provider filing 5 the statement, the time period covered by the statement, and 6 the following information:

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(1) the name, address, and license number of the winery shipper on whose behalf the shipment was made;

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(2) the quantity of the products delivered; and

(3) the date and address of the shipment.

11 If the Department of Revenue or the State Commission requests a 12 statement under this paragraph, the third-party provider must provide that statement no later than 30 days after the request 13 14 is made. Any books, records, supporting papers, and documents 15 containing information and data relating to a statement under 16 this paragraph shall be kept and preserved for a period of 3 17 years, unless their destruction sooner is authorized, in writing, by the Director of Revenue, and shall be open and 18 19 available to inspection by the Director of Revenue or the State 20 Commission or any duly authorized officer, agent, or employee of the State Commission or the Department of Revenue, at all 21 22 times during business hours of the day. Any person who violates 23 any provision of this paragraph or any rule of the State Commission for the administration and enforcement of the 24 25 provisions of this paragraph is guilty of a Class C 26 misdemeanor. In case of a continuing violation, each day's

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continuance thereof shall be a separate and distinct offense.

2 State Commission shall adopt rules as The soon as practicable to implement the requirements of Public Act 99-904 3 shall adopt rules prohibiting any such third-party 4 and 5 appointment of a third-party provider, except for a common carrier, that has been deemed by the State Commission to have 6 7 violated the provisions of this Act with regard to any winery 8 shipper licensee.

9 A winery shipper licensee must pay to the Department of 10 Revenue the State liquor gallonage tax under Section 8-1 for 11 all wine that is sold by the licensee and shipped to a person 12 in this State. For the purposes of Section 8-1, a winery 13 shipper licensee shall be taxed in the same manner as a manufacturer of wine. A licensee who is not otherwise required 14 15 to register under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act must 16 register under the Use Tax Act to collect and remit use tax to 17 the Department of Revenue for all gallons of wine that are sold by the licensee and shipped to persons in this State. If a 18 19 licensee fails to remit the tax imposed under this Act in 20 accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Act, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with 21 22 the provisions of Article VII of this Act. If a licensee fails 23 to properly register and remit tax under the Use Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act for all wine that is sold by the 24 25 winery shipper and shipped to persons in this State, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the 26

1 provisions of Article VII of this Act.

A winery shipper licensee must collect, maintain, and submit to the Commission on a semi-annual basis the total number of cases per resident of wine shipped to residents of this State. A winery shipper licensed under this subsection (r) must comply with the requirements of Section 6-29 of this Act.

Pursuant to paragraph (5.1) or (5.3) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12, the State Commission may receive, respond to, and investigate any complaint and impose any of the remedies specified in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12.

As used in this subsection, "third-party provider" means any entity that provides fulfillment house services, including warehousing, packaging, distribution, order processing, or shipment of wine, but not the sale of wine, on behalf of a licensed winery shipper.

16 (s) A craft distiller tasting permit license shall allow an 17 Illinois licensed craft distiller to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor inventory from its craft distiller licensed 18 19 premises to the premises specified in the license hereby 20 created and to conduct a sampling, only in the premises specified in the license hereby created, of the transferred 21 22 alcoholic liquor in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 23 6-31 of this Act. The transferred alcoholic liquor may not be 24 sold or resold in any form. An applicant for the craft 25 distiller tasting permit license must also submit with the 26 application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the

1 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the 2 maximum limits and have local authority approval.

3 (Source: P.A. 99-448, eff. 8-24-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16;
4 99-800, eff. 8-12-16; 99-902, eff. 8-26-16; 99-904, eff.
5 1-1-17; 100-17, eff. 6-30-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

6 (235 ILCS 5/6-30) (from Ch. 43, par. 144f)

Sec. 6-30. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Illinois Gaming Board shall have exclusive authority to establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat during riverboat gambling excursions <u>and in a casino</u> conducted in accordance with the <u>Illinois Riverboat</u> Gambling Act.

13 (Source: P.A. 87-826.)

Section 90-46. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Section 10-17.15 as follows:

16 (305 ILCS 5/10-17.15)

Sec. 10-17.15. Certification of information to State gaming licensees.

(a) For purposes of this Section, "State gaming licensee"
means, as applicable, an organization licensee or advance
deposit wagering licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse
Racing Act of 1975, an owners licensee licensed under the
<u>Illinois Riverboat</u> Gambling Act, or a licensee that operates,

under any law of this State, one or more facilities or gaming
 locations at which lawful gambling is authorized and licensed
 as provided in the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act.

(b) The Department may provide, by rule, for certification 4 5 to any State gaming licensee of past due child support owed by a responsible relative under a support order entered by a court 6 7 or administrative body of this or any other State on behalf of a resident or non-resident receiving child support services 8 9 under this Article in accordance with the requirements of Title 10 IV-D, Part D, of the Social Security Act. The State gaming 11 licensee shall have the ability to withhold from winnings 12 required to be reported to the Internal Revenue Service on Form W-2G, up to the full amount of winnings necessary to pay the 13 14 winner's past due child support. The rule shall provide for 15 notice to and an opportunity to be heard by each responsible 16 relative affected and any final administrative decision 17 rendered by the Department shall be reviewed only under and in accordance with the Administrative Review Law. 18

19 (c) For withholding of winnings, the State gaming licensee 20 shall be entitled to an administrative fee not to exceed the 21 lesser of 4% of the total amount of cash winnings paid to the 22 gambling winner or \$150.

(d) In no event may the total amount withheld from the cash payout, including the administrative fee, exceed the total cash winnings claimed by the obligor. If the cash payout claimed is greater than the amount sufficient to satisfy the obligor's

delinquent child support payments, the State gaming licensee shall pay the obligor the remaining balance of the payout, less the administrative fee authorized by subsection (c) of this Section, at the time it is claimed.

5 (e) A State gaming licensee who in good faith complies with 6 the requirements of this Section shall not be liable to the 7 gaming winner or any other individual or entity.

8 (Source: P.A. 98-318, eff. 8-12-13.)

9 Section 90-47. The Firearm Concealed Carry Act is amended
10 by changing Section 65 as follows:

11 (430 ILCS 66/65)

12 Sec. 65. Prohibited areas.

13 (a) A licensee under this Act shall not knowingly carry a14 firearm on or into:

(1) Any building, real property, and parking area under
the control of a public or private elementary or secondary
school.

18 (2) Any building, real property, and parking area under 19 the control of a pre-school or child care facility, 20 including any room or portion of a building under the 21 control of a pre-school or child care facility. Nothing in 22 this paragraph shall prevent the operator of a child care 23 facility in a family home from owning or possessing a 24 firearm in the home or license under this Act, if no child

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under child care at the home is present in the home or the firearm in the home is stored in a locked container when a child under child care at the home is present in the home.

(3) Any building, parking area, or portion of a 4 5 building under the control of an officer of the executive 6 or legislative branch of government, provided that nothing 7 in this paragraph shall prohibit a licensee from carrying a 8 concealed firearm onto the real property, bikeway, or trail 9 in a park regulated by the Department of Natural Resources 10 or any other designated public hunting area or building 11 where firearm possession is permitted as established by the 12 Department of Natural Resources under Section 1.8 of the Wildlife Code. 13

(4) Any building designated for matters before a
circuit court, appellate court, or the Supreme Court, or
any building or portion of a building under the control of
the Supreme Court.

18 (5) Any building or portion of a building under the19 control of a unit of local government.

20 (6) Any building, real property, and parking area under
21 the control of an adult or juvenile detention or
22 correctional institution, prison, or jail.

(7) Any building, real property, and parking area under
the control of a public or private hospital or hospital
affiliate, mental health facility, or nursing home.

(8) Any bus, train, or form of transportation paid for

in whole or in part with public funds, and any building,
 real property, and parking area under the control of a
 public transportation facility paid for in whole or in part
 with public funds.

5 (9) Any building, real property, and parking area under 6 the control of an establishment that serves alcohol on its 7 premises, if more than 50% of the establishment's gross 8 receipts within the prior 3 months is from the sale of 9 alcohol. The owner of an establishment who knowingly fails 10 to prohibit concealed firearms on its premises as provided 11 in this paragraph or who knowingly makes a false statement 12 or record to avoid the prohibition on concealed firearms under this paragraph is subject to the penalty under 13 14 subsection (c-5) of Section 10-1 of the Liquor Control Act 15 of 1934.

(10) Any public gathering or special event conducted on property open to the public that requires the issuance of a permit from the unit of local government, provided this prohibition shall not apply to a licensee who must walk through a public gathering in order to access his or her residence, place of business, or vehicle.

(11) Any building or real property that has been issued
a Special Event Retailer's license as defined in Section
1-3.17.1 of the Liquor Control Act during the time
designated for the sale of alcohol by the Special Event
Retailer's license, or a Special use permit license as

defined in subsection (q) of Section 5-1 of the Liquor
 Control Act during the time designated for the sale of
 alcohol by the Special use permit license.

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(12) Any public playground.

5 (13) Any public park, athletic area, or athletic 6 facility under the control of a municipality or park 7 district, provided nothing in this Section shall prohibit a 8 licensee from carrying a concealed firearm while on a trail 9 or bikeway if only a portion of the trail or bikeway 10 includes a public park.

(14) Any real property under the control of the CookCounty Forest Preserve District.

13 (15)Any building, classroom, laboratory, medical 14 clinic, hospital, artistic venue, athletic venue, 15 entertainment venue, officially recognized 16 university-related organization property, whether owned or 17 leased, and any real property, including parking areas, sidewalks, and common areas under the control of a public 18 19 or private community college, college, or university.

(16) Any building, real property, or parking area under
 the control of a gaming facility licensed under the
 <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act or the Illinois Horse
 Racing Act of 1975, including an inter-track wagering
 location licensee.

(17) Any stadium, arena, or the real property or
 parking area under the control of a stadium, arena, or any

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collegiate or professional sporting event.

(18) Any building, real property, or parking area under the control of a public library.

(19) Any building, real property, or parking area under 4 the control of an airport. 5

(20) Any building, real property, or parking area under 6 7 the control of an amusement park.

8 (21) Any building, real property, or parking area under 9 the control of a zoo or museum.

10 (22) Any street, driveway, parking area, property, 11 building, or facility, owned, leased, controlled, or used 12 by a nuclear energy, storage, weapons, or development site or facility regulated by the federal Nuclear Regulatory 13 14 Commission. The licensee shall not under any circumstance 15 store a firearm or ammunition in his or her vehicle or in a 16 compartment or container within a vehicle located anywhere 17 in or on the street, driveway, parking area, property, building, or facility described in this paragraph. 18

19 (23) Any area where firearms are prohibited under federal law. 20

(a-5) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit a public or 21 22 private community college, college, or university from:

23 (1) prohibiting persons from carrying a firearm within a vehicle owned, leased, or controlled by the college or 24 25 university;

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(2) developing resolutions, regulations, or policies

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- regarding student, employee, or visitor misconduct and
 discipline, including suspension and expulsion;

3 (3) developing resolutions, regulations, or policies
4 regarding the storage or maintenance of firearms, which
5 must include designated areas where persons can park
6 vehicles that carry firearms; and

7 (4) permitting the carrying or use of firearms for the 8 purpose of instruction and curriculum of officially 9 recognized programs, including but not limited to military 10 science and law enforcement training programs, or in any 11 designated area used for hunting purposes or target 12 shooting.

13 (a-10) The owner of private real property of any type may 14 prohibit the carrying of concealed firearms on the property 15 under his or her control. The owner must post a sign in 16 accordance with subsection (d) of this Section indicating that 17 firearms are prohibited on the property, unless the property is 18 a private residence.

(b) Notwithstanding subsections (a), (a-5), and (a-10) of 19 20 this Section except under paragraph (22) or (23) of subsection (a), any licensee prohibited from carrying a concealed firearm 21 22 into the parking area of a prohibited location specified in 23 subsection (a), (a-5), or (a-10) of this Section shall be permitted to carry a concealed firearm on or about his or her 24 25 person within a vehicle into the parking area and may store a firearm or ammunition concealed in a case within a locked 26

vehicle or locked container out of plain view within the 1 2 vehicle in the parking area. A licensee may carry a concealed firearm in the immediate area surrounding his or her vehicle 3 within a prohibited parking lot area only for the limited 4 5 purpose of storing or retrieving a firearm within the vehicle's 6 trunk. For purposes of this subsection, "case" includes a glove 7 compartment or console that completely encloses the concealed firearm or ammunition, the trunk of the vehicle, or a firearm 8 9 carrying box, shipping box, or other container.

10 (c) A licensee shall not be in violation of this Section 11 while he or she is traveling along a public right of way that 12 touches or crosses any of the premises under subsection (a), 13 (a-5), or (a-10) of this Section if the concealed firearm is 14 carried on his or her person in accordance with the provisions of this Act or is being transported in a vehicle by the 15 16 licensee in accordance with all other applicable provisions of 17 law.

Signs stating that the carrying of firearms 18 (d) is 19 prohibited shall be clearly and conspicuously posted at the 20 entrance of a building, premises, or real property specified in this Section as a prohibited area, unless the building or 21 22 premises is a private residence. Signs shall be of a uniform 23 design as established by the Department and shall be 4 inches 24 by 6 inches in size. The Department shall adopt rules for 25 standardized signs to be used under this subsection.

26 (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 99-29, eff. 7-10-15.)

Section 90-50. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing Sections 28-1, 28-1.1, 28-3, 28-5, and 28-7 as follows:

4 (720 ILCS 5/28-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1)

5 Sec. 28-1. Gambling.

6 (a) A person commits gambling when he or she:

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7 (1) knowingly plays a game of chance or skill for money
8 or other thing of value, unless excepted in subsection (b)
9 of this Section;

10 (2) knowingly makes a wager upon the result of any 11 game, contest, or any political nomination, appointment or 12 election;

(3) knowingly operates, keeps, owns, uses, purchases,
exhibits, rents, sells, bargains for the sale or lease of,
manufactures or distributes any gambling device;

(4) contracts to have or give himself or herself or 16 17 another the option to buy or sell, or contracts to buy or sell, at a future time, any grain or other commodity 18 19 whatsoever, or any stock or security of any company, where 20 it is at the time of making such contract intended by both 21 parties thereto that the contract to buy or sell, or the 22 option, whenever exercised, or the contract resulting 23 therefrom, shall be settled, not by the receipt or delivery 24 of such property, but by the payment only of differences in

prices thereof; however, the issuance, purchase, sale, 1 2 exercise, endorsement or guarantee, by or through a person 3 registered with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 8 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, or by or through 4 5 a person exempt from such registration under said Section 8, of a put, call, or other option to buy or sell 6 7 securities which have been registered with the Secretary of 8 State or which are exempt from such registration under 9 Section 3 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 is not 10 gambling within the meaning of this paragraph (4);

(5) knowingly owns or possesses any book, instrument or apparatus by means of which bets or wagers have been, or are, recorded or registered, or knowingly possesses any money which he has received in the course of a bet or wager;

16 (6) knowingly sells pools upon the result of any game
17 or contest of skill or chance, political nomination,
18 appointment or election;

19 (7) knowingly sets up or promotes any lottery or sells,
20 offers to sell or transfers any ticket or share for any
21 lottery;

(8) knowingly sets up or promotes any policy game or sells, offers to sell or knowingly possesses or transfers any policy ticket, slip, record, document or other similar device;

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(9) knowingly drafts, prints or publishes any lottery

ticket or share, or any policy ticket, slip, record, document or similar device, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state or foreign government;

6 (10) knowingly advertises any lottery or policy game, 7 except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games 8 and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with 9 the laws of Illinois or any other state;

10 (11) knowingly transmits information as to wagers, 11 betting odds, or changes in betting odds by telephone, 12 telegraph, radio, semaphore or similar means; or knowingly installs or maintains equipment for the transmission or 13 14 receipt of such information; except that nothing in this 15 subdivision (11) prohibits transmission or receipt of such 16 information for use in news reporting of sporting events or 17 contests; or

(12) knowingly establishes, maintains, or operates an 18 19 Internet site that permits a person to play a game of 20 chance or skill for money or other thing of value by means 21 of the Internet or to make a wager upon the result of any 22 contest, political nomination, appointment, game, or 23 election by means of the Internet. This item (12) does not apply to activities referenced in items (6) and (6.1) of 24 25 subsection (b) of this Section.

26 (b) Participants in any of the following activities shall

1 not be convicted of gambling:

2 (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the 3 happening of chance including without limitation contracts 4 of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident 5 insurance.

6 (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the 7 actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the 8 determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to 9 the owners of animals or vehicles entered in such contest.

10 (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by the law of11 this State.

12 (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly 13 14 thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign 15 commerce to any place outside this State when such 16 transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal 17 law; or the manufacture, distribution, or possession of video gaming terminals, as defined in the Video Gaming Act, 18 19 by manufacturers, distributors, and terminal operators 20 licensed to do so under the Video Gaming Act.

(5) The game commonly known as "bingo", when conducted
 in accordance with the Bingo License and Tax Act.

(6) Lotteries when conducted by the State of Illinois
in accordance with the Illinois Lottery Law. This exemption
includes any activity conducted by the Department of
Revenue to sell lottery tickets pursuant to the provisions

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of the Illinois Lottery Law and its rules.

2 (6.1) The purchase of lottery tickets through the 3 Internet for a lottery conducted by the State of Illinois 4 under the program established in Section 7.12 of the 5 Illinois Lottery Law.

6 (7) Possession of an antique slot machine that is 7 neither used nor intended to be used in the operation or 8 promotion of any unlawful gambling activity or enterprise. 9 For the purpose of this subparagraph (b)(7), an antique 10 slot machine is one manufactured 25 years ago or earlier.

(8) Raffles and poker runs when conducted in accordancewith the Raffles and Poker Runs Act.

13 (9) Charitable games when conducted in accordance with14 the Charitable Games Act.

(10) Pull tabs and jar games when conducted under theIllinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act.

17 (11) Gambling games conducted on riverboats when
 18 authorized by the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act.

19 (12) Video gaming terminal games at a licensed 20 establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed 21 fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans 22 establishment when conducted in accordance with the Video 23 Gaming Act.

(13) Games of skill or chance where money or other
things of value can be won but no payment or purchase is
required to participate.

(14) Savings promotion raffles authorized under
 Section 5g of the Illinois Banking Act, Section 7008 of the
 Savings Bank Act, Section 42.7 of the Illinois Credit Union
 Act, Section 5136B of the National Bank Act (12 U.S.C.
 25a), or Section 4 of the Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C.
 1463).

7 (c) Sentence.

Gambling is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent
conviction under subsections (a) (3) through (a) (12), is a Class
4 felony.

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(d) Circumstantial evidence.

12 In prosecutions under this Section circumstantial evidence 13 shall have the same validity and weight as in any criminal 14 prosecution.

15 (Source: P.A. 98-644, eff. 6-10-14; 99-149, eff. 1-1-16.)

16 (720 ILCS 5/28-1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1.1)

17 Sec. 28-1.1. Syndicated gambling.

18 (a) Declaration of Purpose. Recognizing the close 19 relationship between professional gambling and other organized 20 crime, it is declared to be the policy of the legislature to 21 restrain persons from engaging in the business of gambling for 22 profit in this State. This Section shall be liberally construed 23 and administered with a view to carrying out this policy.

(b) A person commits syndicated gambling when he or she
 operates a "policy game" or engages in the business of

1 bookmaking.

2 (c) A person "operates a policy game" when he or she 3 knowingly uses any premises or property for the purpose of 4 receiving or knowingly does receive from what is commonly 5 called "policy":

6 (1) money from a person other than the bettor or player 7 whose bets or plays are represented by the money; or

8 (2) written "policy game" records, made or used over 9 any period of time, from a person other than the bettor or 10 player whose bets or plays are represented by the written 11 record.

12 (d) A person engages in bookmaking when he or she knowingly 13 receives or accepts more than five bets or wagers upon the 14 result of any trials or contests of skill, speed or power of 15 endurance or upon any lot, chance, casualty, unknown or 16 contingent event whatsoever, which bets or wagers shall be of 17 such size that the total of the amounts of money paid or promised to be paid to the bookmaker on account thereof shall 18 19 exceed \$2,000. Bookmaking is the receiving or accepting of bets or wagers regardless of the form or manner in which the 20 bookmaker records them. 21

(e) Participants in any of the following activities shallnot be convicted of syndicated gambling:

(1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the
 happening of chance including without limitation contracts
 of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident

1 insurance;

2 (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the 3 actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the 4 determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to 5 the owners of animals or vehicles entered in the contest;

6 (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by law of this 7 State;

8 (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the 9 acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly 10 thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign 11 commerce to any place outside this State when the 12 transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal 13 law;

14 (5) Raffles and poker runs when conducted in accordance15 with the Raffles and Poker Runs Act;

16 (6) Gambling games conducted on riverboats, in
 17 <u>casinos, or at electronic gaming facilities</u> when
 18 authorized by the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act;

19 (7) Video gaming terminal games at a licensed 20 establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed 21 fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans 22 establishment when conducted in accordance with the Video 23 Gaming Act; and

24 (8) Savings promotion raffles authorized under Section
25 5g of the Illinois Banking Act, Section 7008 of the Savings
26 Bank Act, Section 42.7 of the Illinois Credit Union Act,

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Section 5136B of the National Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 25a), or
 Section 4 of the Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1463).
 (f) Sentence. Syndicated gambling is a Class 3 felony.
 (Source: P.A. 98-644, eff. 6-10-14; 99-149, eff. 1-1-16.)

5 (720 ILCS 5/28-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-3)

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Sec. 28-3. Keeping a Gambling Place. A "gambling place" is 6 7 any real estate, vehicle, boat or any other property whatsoever 8 used for the purposes of gambling other than gambling conducted 9 in the manner authorized by the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act 10 or the Video Gaming Act. Any person who knowingly permits any 11 premises or property owned or occupied by him or under his 12 control to be used as a gambling place commits a Class A misdemeanor. Each subsequent offense is a Class 4 felony. When 13 14 any premises is determined by the circuit court to be a 15 gambling place:

16 (a) Such premises is a public nuisance and may be proceeded17 against as such, and

18 (b) All licenses, permits or certificates issued by the State of Illinois or any subdivision or public agency thereof 19 authorizing the serving of food or liquor on such premises 20 21 shall be void; and no license, permit or certificate so 22 cancelled shall be reissued for such premises for a period of 60 days thereafter; nor shall any person convicted of keeping a 23 24 gambling place be reissued such license for one year from his 25 conviction and, after a second conviction of keeping a gambling - 520 - LRB100 19959 SMS 35240 b

place, any such person shall not be reissued such license, and (c) Such premises of any person who knowingly permits thereon a violation of any Section of this Article shall be held liable for, and may be sold to pay any unsatisfied judgment that may be recovered and any unsatisfied fine that may be levied under any Section of this Article.

7 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09.)

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8 (720 ILCS 5/28-5) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-5)

9 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-512)

10 Sec. 28-5. Seizure of gambling devices and gambling funds.

11 (a) Every device designed for gambling which is incapable 12 of lawful use or every device used unlawfully for gambling shall be considered a "gambling device", and shall be subject 13 14 to seizure, confiscation and destruction by the Department of 15 State Police or by any municipal, or other local authority, 16 within whose jurisdiction the same may be found. As used in this Section, a "gambling device" includes any slot machine, 17 and includes any machine or device constructed for the 18 19 reception of money or other thing of value and so constructed 20 as to return, or to cause someone to return, on chance to the 21 player thereof money, property or a right to receive money or 22 property. With the exception of any device designed for gambling which is incapable of lawful use, no gambling device 23 24 shall be forfeited or destroyed unless an individual with a 25 property interest in said device knows of the unlawful use of

1 the device.

2 (b) Every gambling device shall be seized and forfeited to 3 the county wherein such seizure occurs. Any money or other 4 thing of value integrally related to acts of gambling shall be 5 seized and forfeited to the county wherein such seizure occurs.

(c) If, within 60 days after any seizure pursuant to 6 subparagraph (b) of this Section, a person having any property 7 8 interest in the seized property is charged with an offense, the 9 court which renders judgment upon such charge shall, within 30 10 days after such judgment, conduct a forfeiture hearing to 11 determine whether such property was a gambling device at the 12 time of seizure. Such hearing shall be commenced by a written petition by the State, including material allegations of fact, 13 the name and address of every person determined by the State to 14 15 have any property interest in the seized property, a 16 representation that written notice of the date, time and place 17 of such hearing has been mailed to every such person by certified mail at least 10 days before such date, and a request 18 19 for forfeiture. Every such person may appear as a party and 20 present evidence at such hearing. The quantum of proof required shall be a preponderance of the evidence, and the burden of 21 22 proof shall be on the State. If the court determines that the 23 seized property was a gambling device at the time of seizure, an order of forfeiture and disposition of the seized property 24 25 shall be entered: a gambling device shall be received by the 26 State's Attorney, who shall effect its destruction, except that

valuable parts thereof may be liquidated and the resultant 1 2 money shall be deposited in the general fund of the county wherein such seizure occurred; money and other things of value 3 shall be received by the State's Attorney and, 4 upon 5 liquidation, shall be deposited in the general fund of the county wherein such seizure occurred. However, in the event 6 7 that a defendant raises the defense that the seized slot 8 machine is an antique slot machine described in subparagraph 9 (b) (7) of Section 28-1 of this Code and therefore he is exempt 10 from the charge of a gambling activity participant, the seized 11 antique slot machine shall not be destroyed or otherwise 12 altered until a final determination is made by the Court as to 13 whether it is such an antique slot machine. Upon a final determination by the Court of this question in favor of the 14 15 defendant, such slot machine shall be immediately returned to 16 the defendant. Such order of forfeiture and disposition shall, 17 for the purposes of appeal, be a final order and judgment in a civil proceeding. 18

(d) If a seizure pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this 19 Section is not followed by a charge pursuant to subparagraph 20 (c) of this Section, or if the prosecution of such charge is 21 22 permanently terminated or indefinitely discontinued without 23 any judgment of conviction or acquittal (1) the State's Attorney shall commence an in rem proceeding for the forfeiture 24 25 and destruction of a gambling device, or for the forfeiture and 26 deposit in the general fund of the county of any seized money or other things of value, or both, in the circuit court and (2) any person having any property interest in such seized gambling device, money or other thing of value may commence separate civil proceedings in the manner provided by law.

5 (e) Any gambling device displayed for sale to a riverboat 6 gambling operation, casino gambling operation, or electronic 7 gaming facility or used to train occupational licensees of a 8 riverboat gambling operation, casino gambling operation, or 9 <u>electronic gaming facility</u> as authorized under the <u>Illinois</u> 10 Riverboat Gambling Act is exempt from seizure under this 11 Section.

(f) Any gambling equipment, devices and supplies provided by a licensed supplier in accordance with the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act which are removed from <u>a the</u> riverboat<u>,</u> <u>casino, or electronic gaming facility</u> for repair are exempt from seizure under this Section.

17 (g) The following video gaming terminals are exempt from18 seizure under this Section:

19 (1) Video gaming terminals for sale to a licensed20 distributor or operator under the Video Gaming Act.

(2) Video gaming terminals used to train licensed
 technicians or licensed terminal handlers.

(3) Video gaming terminals that are removed from a
licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment,
licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans
establishment for repair.

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2

(Source: P.A. 98-31, eff. 6-24-13.) 1

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-512) 3 Sec. 28-5. Seizure of gambling devices and gambling funds. 4 (a) Every device designed for gambling which is incapable 5 of lawful use or every device used unlawfully for gambling 6 shall be considered a "gambling device", and shall be subject 7 to seizure, confiscation and destruction by the Department of State Police or by any municipal, or other local authority, 8 9 within whose jurisdiction the same may be found. As used in 10 this Section, a "gambling device" includes any slot machine, 11 and includes any machine or device constructed for the 12 reception of money or other thing of value and so constructed 13 as to return, or to cause someone to return, on chance to the 14 player thereof money, property or a right to receive money or 15 property. With the exception of any device designed for 16 gambling which is incapable of lawful use, no gambling device shall be forfeited or destroyed unless an individual with a 17 property interest in said device knows of the unlawful use of 18 the device. 19

(b) Every gambling device shall be seized and forfeited to 20 21 the county wherein such seizure occurs. Any money or other 22 thing of value integrally related to acts of gambling shall be seized and forfeited to the county wherein such seizure occurs. 23

24 (c) If, within 60 days after any seizure pursuant to 25 subparagraph (b) of this Section, a person having any property

interest in the seized property is charged with an offense, the 1 2 court which renders judgment upon such charge shall, within 30 days after such judgment, conduct a forfeiture hearing to 3 determine whether such property was a gambling device at the 4 5 time of seizure. Such hearing shall be commenced by a written petition by the State, including material allegations of fact, 6 7 the name and address of every person determined by the State to 8 any property interest in the seized property, have а 9 representation that written notice of the date, time and place 10 of such hearing has been mailed to every such person by 11 certified mail at least 10 days before such date, and a request 12 for forfeiture. Every such person may appear as a party and present evidence at such hearing. The quantum of proof required 13 14 shall be a preponderance of the evidence, and the burden of 15 proof shall be on the State. If the court determines that the 16 seized property was a gambling device at the time of seizure, 17 an order of forfeiture and disposition of the seized property shall be entered: a gambling device shall be received by the 18 State's Attorney, who shall effect its destruction, except that 19 20 valuable parts thereof may be liquidated and the resultant 21 money shall be deposited in the general fund of the county 22 wherein such seizure occurred; money and other things of value 23 shall be received by the State's Attorney and, upon 24 liquidation, shall be deposited in the general fund of the 25 county wherein such seizure occurred. However, in the event that a defendant raises the defense that the seized slot 26

machine is an antique slot machine described in subparagraph 1 2 (b) (7) of Section 28-1 of this Code and therefore he is exempt from the charge of a gambling activity participant, the seized 3 antique slot machine shall not be destroyed or otherwise 4 5 altered until a final determination is made by the Court as to whether it is such an antique slot machine. Upon a final 6 7 determination by the Court of this question in favor of the defendant, such slot machine shall be immediately returned to 8 9 the defendant. Such order of forfeiture and disposition shall, 10 for the purposes of appeal, be a final order and judgment in a 11 civil proceeding.

12 (d) If a seizure pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this 13 Section is not followed by a charge pursuant to subparagraph (c) of this Section, or if the prosecution of such charge is 14 permanently terminated or indefinitely discontinued without 15 16 any judgment of conviction or acquittal (1) the State's 17 Attorney shall commence an in rem proceeding for the forfeiture and destruction of a gambling device, or for the forfeiture and 18 deposit in the general fund of the county of any seized money 19 20 or other things of value, or both, in the circuit court and (2) 21 any person having any property interest in such seized gambling 22 device, money or other thing of value may commence separate 23 civil proceedings in the manner provided by law.

(e) Any gambling device displayed for sale to a riverboat
 gambling operation, casino gambling operation, or electronic
 <u>gaming facility</u> or used to train occupational licensees of a

riverboat gambling operation, casino gambling operation, or
 <u>electronic gaming facility</u> as authorized under the <u>Illinois</u>
 Riverboat Gambling Act is exempt from seizure under this
 Section.

5 (f) Any gambling equipment, devices and supplies provided 6 by a licensed supplier in accordance with the <u>Illinois</u> 7 Riverboat Gambling Act which are removed from <u>a</u> the riverboat<u></u> 8 <u>casino, or electronic gaming facility</u> for repair are exempt 9 from seizure under this Section.

10 (g) The following video gaming terminals are exempt from 11 seizure under this Section:

12 (1) Video gaming terminals for sale to a licensed13 distributor or operator under the Video Gaming Act.

14 (2) Video gaming terminals used to train licensed15 technicians or licensed terminal handlers.

16 (3) Video gaming terminals that are removed from a
17 licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment,
18 licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans
19 establishment for repair.

(h) Property seized or forfeited under this Section is
 subject to reporting under the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting
 Act.

23 (Source: P.A. 100-512, eff. 7-1-18.)

24 (720 ILCS 5/28-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-7)

25 Sec. 28-7. Gambling contracts void.

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All promises, notes, bills, bonds, 1 (a) covenants, 2 judgments, mortgages, contracts, agreements, or other 3 securities or conveyances made, given, granted, drawn, or entered into, or executed by any person whatsoever, where the 4 5 whole or any part of the consideration thereof is for any money or thing of value, won or obtained in violation of any Section 6 7 of this Article are null and void.

8 (b) Any obligation void under this Section may be set aside 9 and vacated by any court of competent jurisdiction, upon a 10 complaint filed for that purpose, by the person so granting, 11 giving, entering into, or executing the same, or by his 12 executors or administrators, or by any creditor, heir, legatee, 13 purchaser or other person interested therein; or if a judgment, 14 the same may be set aside on motion of any person stated above, 15 on due notice thereof given.

16 (c) No assignment of any obligation void under this Section 17 may in any manner affect the defense of the person giving, 18 granting, drawing, entering into or executing such obligation, 19 or the remedies of any person interested therein.

(d) This Section shall not prevent a licensed owner of a
riverboat gambling operation, casino gambling operation, or an
electronic gaming licensee under the Illinois Gambling Act and
the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 from instituting a cause
of action to collect any amount due and owing under an
extension of credit to a riverboat gambling patron as
authorized under Section 11.1 of the Illinois Riverboat

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Gambling Act.
(Source: P.A. 87-826.)
Section 90-55. The Eminent Domain Act is amended by adding
Section 15-5-48 as follows:
(735 ILCS 30/15-5-48 new)

6 <u>Sec. 15-5-48. Eminent domain powers in new Acts. The</u> 7 <u>following provisions of law may include express grants of the</u> 8 power to acquire property by condemnation or eminent domain:

9 <u>Chicago Casino Development Authority Act; City of Chicago; for</u> 10 <u>the purposes of the Act.</u>

Section 90-60. The Payday Loan Reform Act is amended by changing Section 3-5 as follows:

13 (815 ILCS 122/3-5)

14 Sec. 3-5. Licensure.

(a) A license to make a payday loan shall state the
address, including city and state, at which the business is to
be conducted and shall state fully the name of the licensee.
The license shall be conspicuously posted in the place of
business of the licensee and shall not be transferable or
assignable.

21 (b) An application for a license shall be in writing and in

1 a form prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary may not issue 2 a payday loan license unless and until the following findings 3 are made:

4 (1) that the financial responsibility, experience,
5 character, and general fitness of the applicant are such as
6 to command the confidence of the public and to warrant the
7 belief that the business will be operated lawfully and
8 fairly and within the provisions and purposes of this Act;
9 and

10 (2) that the applicant has submitted such other11 information as the Secretary may deem necessary.

(c) A license shall be issued for no longer than one year, and no renewal of a license may be provided if a licensee has substantially violated this Act and has not cured the violation to the satisfaction of the Department.

16 (d) A licensee shall appoint, in writing, the Secretary as 17 attorney-in-fact upon whom all lawful process against the licensee may be served with the same legal force and validity 18 19 if served on the licensee. A copy of the written as 20 appointment, duly certified, shall be filed in the office of 21 the Secretary, and a copy thereof certified by the Secretary 22 shall be sufficient evidence to subject a licensee to 23 jurisdiction in a court of law. This appointment shall remain in effect while any liability remains outstanding in this State 24 25 against the licensee. When summons is served upon the Secretary 26 attorney-in-fact for a licensee, the Secretary shall as

immediately notify the licensee by registered mail, enclosing
 the summons and specifying the hour and day of service.

3 (e) A licensee must pay an annual fee of \$1,000. In addition to the license fee, the reasonable expense of any 4 5 examination or hearing by the Secretary under any provisions of this Act shall be borne by the licensee. If a licensee fails to 6 7 renew its license by December 31, its license shall 8 automatically expire; however, the Secretary, in his or her 9 discretion, may reinstate an expired license upon:

- 10
- 11

(1) payment of the annual fee within 30 days of the date of expiration; and

12

(2) proof of good cause for failure to renew.

13 (f) Not more than one place of business shall be maintained 14 under the same license, but the Secretary may issue more than 15 one license to the same licensee upon compliance with all the 16 provisions of this Act governing issuance of a single license. 17 The location, except those locations already in existence as of June 1, 2005, may not be within one mile of a horse race track 18 subject to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, within one 19 20 mile of a facility at which gambling is conducted under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, within one mile of the 21 22 location at which a riverboat subject to the Illinois Riverboat 23 Gambling Act docks, or within one mile of any State of Illinois 24 or United States military base or naval installation.

(g) No licensee shall conduct the business of making loans
under this Act within any office, suite, room, or place of

business in which (1) any loans are offered or made under the 1 2 Consumer Installment Loan Act other than title secured loans as defined in subsection (a) of Section 15 of the Consumer 3 Installment Loan Act and governed by Title 38, Section 110.330 4 5 of the Illinois Administrative Code or (2) any other business 6 is solicited or engaged in unless the other business is 7 licensed by the Department or, in the opinion of the Secretary, 8 the other business would not be contrary to the best interests 9 of consumers and is authorized by the Secretary in writing.

10 (q-5) Notwithstanding subsection (q) of this Section, a 11 licensee may obtain a license under the Consumer Installment 12 Loan Act (CILA) for the exclusive purpose and use of making title secured loans, as defined in subsection (a) of Section 15 13 14 of CILA and governed by Title 38, Section 110.300 of the 15 Illinois Administrative Code. A licensee may continue to 16 service Consumer Installment Loan Act loans that were 17 outstanding as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. 18

(h) The Secretary shall maintain a list of licensees that 19 20 shall be available to interested consumers and lenders and the 21 public. The Secretary shall maintain a toll-free number whereby 22 may obtain information about licensees. consumers The 23 Secretary shall also establish a complaint process under which an aggrieved consumer may file a complaint against a licensee 24 25 or non-licensee who violates any provision of this Act.

26 (Source: P.A. 96-936, eff. 3-21-11.)

Section 90-65. The Travel Promotion Consumer Protection
 Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

3 (815 ILCS 420/2) (from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 1852)

4 Sec. 2. Definitions.

(a) "Travel promoter" means a person, including a tour 5 6 operator, who sells, provides, furnishes, contracts for, 7 arranges or advertises that he or she will arrange wholesale or 8 retail transportation by air, land, sea or navigable stream, 9 either separately or in conjunction with other services. 10 "Travel promoter" does not include (1) an air carrier; (2) a 11 sea carrier; (3) an officially appointed agent of an air 12 carrier who is a member in good standing of the Airline 13 Reporting Corporation; (4) a travel promoter who has in force 14 \$1,000,000 or more of liability insurance coverage for 15 professional errors and omissions and a surety bond or 16 equivalent surety in the amount of \$100,000 or more for the benefit of consumers in the event of a bankruptcy on the part 17 of the travel promoter; or (5) a riverboat subject to 18 19 regulation under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.

20 (b) "Advertise" means to make any representation in the 21 solicitation of passengers and includes communication with 22 other members of the same partnership, corporation, joint 23 venture, association, organization, group or other entity.

24

(c) "Passenger" means a person on whose behalf money or

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1 other Public Act.

Section 99-97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are
severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

Section 99-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
becoming law.

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