

SB3483



104TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2025 and 2026

SB3483

Introduced 2/5/2026, by Sen. Dave Syverson

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides that each individual taxpayer who incurs debt that does not exceed \$60,000 in connection with the financing of a qualified motor vehicle is entitled to a deduction in an amount equal to the interest paid on the qualified motor vehicle loan during the taxable year. Effective immediately.

LRB104 19045 HLH 32490 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
10 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
11 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned
24 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
26 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of

1 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
2 2000;

3 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
5 costs that the individual deducted in computing
6 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
7 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 through 2025, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code; for taxable years 2026 and
13 thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation
14 deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax
15 return for the taxable year under subsection (k) or
16 (n) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
18 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
19 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
20 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
21 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
22 deductions taken in all taxable years under
23 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

24 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
25 the last day of the last tax year for which a
26 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property

1 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
2 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
3 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
4 equal to that subtraction modification.

5 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
6 modification under this subparagraph only once with
7 respect to any one piece of property;

8 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
9 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the same unitary business group but for the
14 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
15 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
24 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
25 extent that dividends were included in base income of
26 the unitary group for the same taxable year and

1 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
2 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
3 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
4 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included
5 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
7 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
8 incurred. For taxable years ending on and after
9 December 31, 2025, for purposes of applying this
10 paragraph in the case of a taxpayer to which Section
11 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code applies for the
12 taxable year, the reduction in the amount of interest
13 for which a deduction is allowed by reason of Section
14 163(j) shall be treated as allocable first to persons
15 who are not foreign persons referred to in this
16 paragraph and then to such foreign persons.

17 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
18 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such interest; or

25 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
2 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person, during the same taxable
5 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
6 to a person that is not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
9 person did not have as a principal purpose the
10 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
11 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
12 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
13 terms; or

14 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
15 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
16 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
17 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
18 and terms and the principal purpose for the
19 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
20 or

21 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
23 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
24 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
25 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
26 to the application or use of an alternative method

1 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

2 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
3 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
6 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
7 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8 following:

9 (a) the person, during the same taxable
10 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
11 to a person that is not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
14 person did not have as a principal purpose the
15 avoidance of Illinois income tax and is paid
16 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
17 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
18 terms; or

19 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
22 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
23 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
24 to the application or use of an alternative method
25 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

26 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
2 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
3 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
4 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
5 regulation adopted by the Department and such
6 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
7 Department will utilize its authority under Section
8 404 of this Act;

9 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
10 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
11 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
14 foreign person who would be a member of the same
15 unitary business group but for the fact that the
16 foreign person's business activity outside the United
17 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
18 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
20 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
21 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
22 from being included in the unitary business group
23 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
24 business income under different subsections of Section
25 304. The addition modification required by this
26 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that

1 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
2 group for the same taxable year and received by the
3 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
4 business group (including amounts included in gross
5 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
7 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
8 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
9 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
10 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
11 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same
12 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
13 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
14 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
15 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
16 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
17 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
18 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
19 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
21 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
22 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
23 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
24 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
25 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
26 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and

1 similar types of intangible assets.

2 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
3 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
7 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
8 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
9 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
10 with respect to such item; or

11 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person during the same taxable
17 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19 not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 intangible expense or cost between the
22 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
23 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
25 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
26 or

1 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
4 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
6 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
7 writing to the application or use of an
8 alternative method of apportionment under Section
9 304(f);

10 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
11 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
15 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person during the same taxable
18 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
19 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
20 not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 intangible expense or cost between the
23 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
24 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
25 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
26 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

1 or

2 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
7 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
8 writing to the application or use of an
9 alternative method of apportionment under Section
10 304(f).

11 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
12 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
13 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
14 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
15 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
16 regulation adopted by the Department and such
17 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
18 Department will utilize its authority under Section
19 404 of this Act;

20 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
22 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
23 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
25 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
26 business group but for the fact that the person is

1 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
2 included in the unitary business group because he or
3 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
4 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
5 addition modification required by this subparagraph
6 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
7 included in base income of the unitary group for the
8 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
10 (including amounts included in gross income under
11 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
12 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
13 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
14 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
15 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
16 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
17 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
18 the addition modification required under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
20 Act;

21 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
22 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
23 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
24 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
25 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
26 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the

1 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
2 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
3 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
4 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
6 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
8 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
9 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
10 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
11 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
12 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
13 adopts and determines that its offering materials
14 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
15 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
16 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
17 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
18 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
19 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
20 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
21 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
22 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
23 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

24 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
25 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
26 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term

1 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
2 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
3 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
4 participants in its offering materials or makes a
5 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
6 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
7 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
8 out-of-state program distributes its offering
9 materials;

10 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
12 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
13 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from
14 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
15 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
16 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)
17 of the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
22 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
23 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
24 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

25 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys

1 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
2 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
3 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
4 State to an ABLE account established under an
5 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
6 the contribution component of the transferred amount
7 that was previously deducted from base income under
8 subsection (a)(2)(Y) or subsection (a)(2)(HH) of this
9 Section;

10 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
12 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
13 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
15 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
16 education institution, an amount equal to the
17 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
18 or refund that was previously deducted from base
19 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
20 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
21 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
22 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
23 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
24 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
25 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
26 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
2 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
3 or refund that was previously deducted from base
4 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
5 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
6 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
7 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
8 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
9 amount equal to the contribution component of the
10 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
11 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
12 of this Section;

13 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
14 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
15 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
16 Act;

17 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
19 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
20 for the taxable year;

21 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
22 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
23 pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

24 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
25 following amounts:

26 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,

1 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
2 any compensation (including but not limited to any
3 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
4 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
5 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
6 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
7 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
8 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
9 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
10 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
11 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
12 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
13 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
14 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
15 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
17 in respect of any compensation (including but not
18 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
19 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
20 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
21 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
22 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
23 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
24 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
25 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
26 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the

1 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
3 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
4 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
5 of Section 250;

6 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
7 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
8 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
9 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
10 total as distributions under the provisions of any
11 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
12 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
13 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
14 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
15 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
16 adopted pursuant thereto;

17 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

18 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
19 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
20 and included in such total for the taxable year;

21 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
22 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
23 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
24 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
25 computation of taxable income;

26 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total which were paid by a corporation which
2 conducts business operations in a River Edge
3 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
4 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
5 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
6 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
9 such total that were paid by a corporation that
10 conducts business operations in a federally designated
11 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
12 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
13 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
14 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
15 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
16 this subparagraph (K);

17 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
18 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
19 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
20 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code;

22 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
23 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
24 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
25 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
26 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and

1 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
3 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
4 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
5 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
6 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
7 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
8 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
9 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
11 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
12 250;

13 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
14 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
15 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
16 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
17 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
18 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
19 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
20 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
21 net of bond premium amortization;

22 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
23 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
24 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

25 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
26 used to compute the federal income tax credit for

1 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
2 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
3 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
4 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
5 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
6 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

7 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
8 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
9 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
10 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
11 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
12 illness;

13 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
14 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

15 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
16 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
17 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
18 medical care savings account established under the
19 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
20 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
21 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
22 as provided in that Act;

23 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
24 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
25 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
26 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act

1 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
2 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
3 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

4 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
5 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
6 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
7 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
8 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
9 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

10 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
11 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
12 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
13 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
14 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
15 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
16 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
17 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
18 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
19 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
21 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
22 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
23 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
24 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
25 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
26 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health

1 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
2 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
3 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
4 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
5 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
6 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
7 times a number that represents the fractional
8 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
9 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
10 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

11 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
13 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
14 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
15 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
18 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
19 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
20 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
21 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
22 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
23 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
24 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
25 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
26 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,

1 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
2 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
3 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
4 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
5 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
6 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
7 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
8 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
9 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
10 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
11 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
12 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
13 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
14 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
15 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
16 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
17 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
18 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
19 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
20 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
21 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
22 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
26 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a

1 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
2 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
3 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
5 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
6 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
7 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
8 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
10 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
11 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
13 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
14 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
15 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
16 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
17 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
18 from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
20 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
21 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
22 under subsection (k) or (n) of Section 168 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable
24 year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

25 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
26 deduction taken for the taxable year on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
2 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
3 taken in any year under subsection (k) or (n) of
4 Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
5 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

6 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
7 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
8 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
9 0.429); and

10 (3) for taxable years ending after December
11 31, 2005:

12 (i) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
16 by 0.429);

17 (ii) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
19 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
20 1.0;

21 (iii) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
24 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
25 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
26 on that property if the taxpayer had made the

1 election under Section 168(k)(7) or Section
2 168(n)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code to not
3 claim bonus depreciation on that property; and

4 (iv) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
6 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
7 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
8 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
9 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
10 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
11 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
12 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
13 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

14 The aggregate amount deducted under this
15 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
16 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
17 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
19 (k) or (n) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code.
20 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
23 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
24 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
25 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
26 an amount equal to that addition modification.

1 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
2 the last day of the last tax year for which a
3 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
4 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
5 required in any taxable year to make an addition
6 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
7 equal to that addition modification.

8 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
9 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
10 one piece of property.

11 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
14 other than salary, received by a driver in a
15 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

16 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
18 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
19 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
20 modification with respect to such transaction under
21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
22 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
23 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
24 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer

1 that is required to make an addition modification with
2 respect to such transaction under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
4 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
5 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
6 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
8 into account for the taxable year (net of the
9 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
12 for the fact that the foreign person's business
13 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
14 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
15 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
17 business group but for the fact that the person is
18 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
19 included in the unitary business group because he or
20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
21 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
22 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
23 made for the same taxable year under Section
24 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
26 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions

1 of Section 250;

2 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
3 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
4 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
5 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
7 for the fact that the foreign person's business
8 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
9 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
10 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
11 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
12 business group but for the fact that the person is
13 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
14 included in the unitary business group because he or
15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
16 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
17 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
18 made for the same taxable year under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
21 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
22 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
24 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
25 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
26 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State

1 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250;

3 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
4 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
5 add back any insurance premiums under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
7 that part of a reimbursement received from the
8 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
9 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
10 company) that would have been taken into account as a
11 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
12 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
13 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
14 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
15 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
16 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
17 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
18 Section 250;

19 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
21 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
22 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
23 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
24 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
25 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
26 be considered moneys contributed under this

1 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
2 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
3 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
4 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;

5 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
6 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
7 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
8 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
10 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
11 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
12 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
13 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code;

14 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
15 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
16 operating in this State and licensed under the
17 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
18 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
19 organization operating in this State and licensed
20 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
21 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
22 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
23 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
24 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
25 this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions
26 of Section 250;

1 (KK) To the extent includible in gross income for
2 federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or
3 paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or
4 settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section
5 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor
6 fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the
7 Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in
8 another state;

9 (LL) For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2026, if the taxpayer is a qualified
11 worker, as defined in the Workforce Development
12 through Charitable Loan Repayment Act, an amount equal
13 to the amount included in the taxpayer's federal
14 adjusted gross income that is attributable to student
15 loan repayment assistance received by the taxpayer
16 during the taxable year from a qualified community
17 foundation under the provisions of the Workforce
18 Development through Charitable Loan Repayment Act.

19 This subparagraph (LL) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

21 (MM) For taxable years beginning on or after
22 January 1, 2025, if the taxpayer is an eligible
23 resident as defined in the Medical Debt Relief Act, an
24 amount equal to the amount included in the taxpayer's
25 federal adjusted gross income that is attributable to
26 medical debt relief received by the taxpayer during

1 the taxable year from a nonprofit medical debt relief
2 coordinator under the provisions of the Medical Debt
3 Relief Act. This subparagraph (MM) is exempt from the
4 provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

5 (NN) For taxable years that begin on or after
6 January 1, 2026, an amount equal to the interest paid
7 on a qualified motor vehicle loan during the taxable
8 year; the deduction under this subparagraph (NN) is
9 limited to one qualified motor vehicle per person; in
10 the case of spouses filing a joint return, the
11 deduction may be taken for up to 2 qualified motor
12 vehicles per return. This subparagraph (NN) is exempt
13 from the provisions of Section 250.

14 As used in this subparagraph (NN):

15 "Final assembly" means the process by which a
16 manufacturer produces a motor vehicle at, or through
17 the use of, a plant, factory, or other place from which
18 the motor vehicle is delivered to a dealer, that
19 results in all component parts that are necessary for
20 the mechanical operation of the motor vehicle being
21 included with the motor vehicle, whether or not the
22 component parts are permanently installed in or on the
23 motor vehicle.

24 "Maximum loan amount" means an initial loan amount
25 of \$60,000.

26 "Qualified motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle of

1 the first division, as defined in the Illinois Vehicle
2 Code, that meets all of the following:

3 (1) the motor vehicle is titled and registered
4 with the Secretary of State;

5 (2) the motor vehicle's registration is
6 current as of the last day of the taxable year; and

7 (3) the final assembly of the motor vehicle
8 occurred within the United States.

9 "Qualified motor vehicle loan" means a loan
10 originating on or after January 1, 2026 that is
11 secured by a qualified motor vehicle and that has an
12 initial loan amount that does not exceed the maximum
13 loan amount.

14 (b) Corporations.

15 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
16 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
17 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

18 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
19 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
20 of the following amounts:

21 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
22 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
23 received from regulated investment companies during
24 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
25 income in the computation of taxable income;

1 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
2 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
3 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
4 year;

5 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
6 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
7 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
8 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
9 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
11 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
12 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
13 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
14 law and is not a new enactment);

15 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
16 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
17 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
18 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

19 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
20 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
21 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
22 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
23 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
24 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
25 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
26 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable

1 year, with the following limitations applied in the
2 order that they are listed:

3 (i) the addition modification relating to the
4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
6 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
7 of addition modification under this subparagraph
8 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
9 which was taken into account in calculating the
10 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

11 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
14 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
15 such carryback or carryforward;

16 For taxable years in which there is a net
17 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
18 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
19 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
20 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
21 computed independently under the preceding provisions
22 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

23 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
24 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
25 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
26 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation

1 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

2 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 through 2025, an
3 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
4 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
5 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code; for taxable years 2026 and
7 thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation
8 deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax
9 return for the taxable year under subsection (k) or
10 (n) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
12 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
13 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
14 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
15 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
16 deductions taken in all taxable years under
17 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
19 the last day of the last tax year for which a
20 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
21 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
22 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
23 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
24 equal to that subtraction modification.

25 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
26 modification under this subparagraph only once with

1 respect to any one piece of property;

2 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
3 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
4 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the same unitary business group but for the
8 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
9 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
12 who would be a member of the same unitary business
13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
16 required to apportion business income under different
17 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
18 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
19 extent that dividends were included in base income of
20 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
21 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
22 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
23 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
24 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
25 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of

1 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
2 accrued, or incurred. For taxable years ending on and
3 after December 31, 2025, for purposes of applying this
4 paragraph in the case of a taxpayer to which Section
5 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code applies for the
6 taxable year, the reduction in the amount of interest
7 for which a deduction is allowed by reason of Section
8 163(j) shall be treated as allocable first to persons
9 who are not foreign persons referred to in this
10 paragraph and then to such foreign persons.

11 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
12 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such interest; or

19 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
22 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person, during the same taxable
25 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
26 to a person that is not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
3 person did not have as a principal purpose the
4 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
5 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
6 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
7 terms; or

8 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
9 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
10 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
11 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
12 and terms and the principal purpose for the
13 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
14 or

15 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
19 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
20 to the application or use of an alternative method
21 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

22 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
23 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

24 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
26 the taxpayer can establish, based on a

1 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person, during the same taxable
4 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
5 to a person that is not a related member, and

6 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
7 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
8 person did not have as a principal purpose the
9 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
10 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
11 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
12 terms; or

13 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
17 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
18 to the application or use of an alternative method
19 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
22 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
23 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
24 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
25 regulation adopted by the Department and such
26 regulations provide methods and standards by which the

1 Department will utilize its authority under Section
2 404 of this Act;

3 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
4 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
5 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
8 foreign person who would be a member of the same
9 unitary business group but for the fact that the
10 foreign person's business activity outside the United
11 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
12 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
14 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
15 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
16 from being included in the unitary business group
17 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
18 business income under different subsections of Section
19 304. The addition modification required by this
20 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
21 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
22 group for the same taxable year and received by the
23 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
24 business group (including amounts included in gross
25 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross

1 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
2 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
3 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
4 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
5 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
6 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
7 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
8 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
9 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
10 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
11 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
12 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
13 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
15 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
16 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
17 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
18 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
19 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
20 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
21 similar types of intangible assets.

22 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
23 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- 24 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who

1 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
2 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
3 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
4 with respect to such item; or

5 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
8 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the person during the same taxable
11 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
12 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
13 not a related member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 intangible expense or cost between the
16 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
17 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
18 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
19 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

20 or

21 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
24 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
25 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
26 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in

1 writing to the application or use of an
2 alternative method of apportionment under Section
3 304(f);

4 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
5 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person during the same taxable
12 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
13 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
14 not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 intangible expense or cost between the
17 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
18 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
19 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
20 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
21 or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;

1 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
2 writing to the application or use of an
3 alternative method of apportionment under Section
4 304(f).

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
7 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
8 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
9 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
10 regulation adopted by the Department and such
11 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
12 Department will utilize its authority under Section
13 404 of this Act;

14 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
16 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
17 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
25 addition modification required by this subparagraph
26 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were

1 included in base income of the unitary group for the
2 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
4 (including amounts included in gross income under
5 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
6 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
7 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
8 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
9 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
10 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
11 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
12 the addition modification required under Section
13 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
14 Act;

15 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
16 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
17 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
18 to a real estate investment trust under Section
19 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
20 dividends paid;

21 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
22 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
23 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
24 Act;

25 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction

1 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
2 for the taxable year;

3 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
4 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
5 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code for the taxable year;

7 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
8 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
9 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
10 Code for the taxable year;

11 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
12 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
13 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code for the taxable year;

15 (E-21) the amount that is claimed as a federal
16 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
17 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
18 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
19 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
20 Tax Credit Act;

21 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
22 following amounts:

23 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
24 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
25 and included in such total for the taxable year;

26 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such

1 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

2 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
3 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
4 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
5 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
6 for the taxable year;

7 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
8 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
9 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
10 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as
11 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
13 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
14 265(a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
15 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
16 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, 291(a) (3), and
17 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
18 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
19 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e) (3)
20 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
21 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
22 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
24 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
25 Section 807(a) (2) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
26 the case of a life insurance company with gross income

1 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
2 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
3 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
4 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
5 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
6 from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
8 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
9 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
10 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
11 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
12 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
13 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
14 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
15 net of bond premium amortization;

16 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
17 such total which were paid by a corporation which
18 conducts business operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
20 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
21 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
22 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
23 the provisions of Section 250;

24 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total that were paid by a corporation that
26 conducts business operations in a federally designated

1 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
2 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
3 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
4 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
5 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
6 this subparagraph (L);

7 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
8 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
9 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
10 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
11 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
12 property which is eligible for the River Edge
13 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
14 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
15 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
16 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
17 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
18 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
19 investment credit property which secures the loan or
20 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
21 such property on the date that it was placed in service
22 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
23 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
24 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
25 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
26 such loan attributable to the eligible property as

1 calculated under the previous sentence. This
2 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
5 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
6 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
7 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
8 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
9 property which is eligible for the High Impact
10 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
11 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
12 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
13 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
14 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
15 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
16 investment credit property which secures the loan or
17 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
18 such property on the date that it was placed in service
19 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
20 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
21 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
22 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
23 eligible for the deduction provided under this
24 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
25 available to taxpayers in any year under this
26 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest

1 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
2 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
3 under the previous sentence;

4 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
5 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
6 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
7 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
8 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
9 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
10 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
11 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
12 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
13 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
16 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
17 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
18 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
19 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
20 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
21 income and received from a corporation that is not
22 created or organized under the laws of the United
23 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
24 including, for taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
26 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951

1 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
2 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
3 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
4 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
6 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
7 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
8 included in taxable income and received, including,
9 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
10 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
11 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
13 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
14 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
15 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
16 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
17 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
18 affiliated group which includes the dividend
19 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
20 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
21 this subsection (b) which is related to such
22 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
23 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
24 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
25 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
26 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to

1 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
2 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. For
3 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2025,
4 50% of the amount of global intangible low-taxed
5 income or net controlled foreign corporation (CFC)
6 tested income received or deemed received or paid or
7 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (O) is exempt
9 from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

10 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
11 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
12 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

13 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
14 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
15 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
16 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
19 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
20 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
21 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
22 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
23 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
24 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
25 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
26 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the

1 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
2 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
3 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
4 Section 250;

5 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
6 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
7 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
8 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
9 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
10 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
11 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
12 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
16 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
17 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
18 under subsection (k) or (n) of Section 168 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable
20 year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

21 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
22 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
23 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
24 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
25 taken in any year under subsection (k) or (n) of
26 Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not

1 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

2 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
3 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
4 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
5 0.429); and

6 (3) for taxable years ending after December
7 31, 2005:

8 (i) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
12 by 0.429);

13 (ii) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 1.0;

17 (iii) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
19 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
20 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
21 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
22 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
23 election under Section 168(k)(7) or Section
24 168(n)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code to not
25 claim bonus depreciation on that property; and

26 (iv) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
2 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
3 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
4 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
5 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
6 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
7 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
8 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
9 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

10 The aggregate amount deducted under this
11 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
12 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
13 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
15 (k) or (n) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code.
16 This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
19 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
20 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
21 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
22 equal to that addition modification.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which a
25 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
26 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was

1 required in any taxable year to make an addition
2 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
3 equal to that addition modification.

4 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
5 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
6 one piece of property.

7 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
10 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
11 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
12 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
13 modification with respect to such transaction under
14 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
15 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
16 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
17 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
18 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
19 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
20 that is required to make an addition modification with
21 respect to such transaction under Section
22 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
23 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
24 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
25 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
26 into account for the taxable year with respect to a

1 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
2 an addition modification with respect to such
3 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
4 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
5 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
6 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
7 from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
9 into account for the taxable year (net of the
10 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
11 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
13 for the fact that the foreign person's business
14 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
15 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
16 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
17 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
18 business group but for the fact that the person is
19 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
20 included in the unitary business group because he or
21 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
22 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
23 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
24 made for the same taxable year under Section
25 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.

1 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250;

3 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
4 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
5 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
8 for the fact that the foreign person's business
9 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
10 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
11 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
18 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
19 made for the same taxable year under Section
20 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
22 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
25 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
26 add back any insurance premiums under Section

1 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
2 that part of a reimbursement received from the
3 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
4 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
5 company) that would have been taken into account as a
6 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
7 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
8 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
9 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
10 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
11 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
12 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
13 Section 250;

14 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
15 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
16 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
17 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
18 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
19 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
20 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250; and

22 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
24 operating in this State and licensed under the
25 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
26 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing

1 organization operating in this State and licensed
2 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
3 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
4 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
5 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
6 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
7 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
8 of Section 250.

9 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
10 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
11 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
12 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
13 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
14 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
15 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
16 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

17 (c) Trusts and estates.

18 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
19 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
20 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

21 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
22 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
23 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
24 following amounts:

25 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued

1 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
2 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
3 in the computation of taxable income;

4 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
5 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
6 required to distribute all of its income currently,
7 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
8 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
9 the computation of taxable income;

10 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
11 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
12 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
13 year;

14 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
15 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
16 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
17 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

18 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
19 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
20 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
21 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
22 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
23 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
24 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
25 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
26 the following limitations applied in the order that

1 they are listed:

2 (i) the addition modification relating to the
3 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
4 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
5 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
6 of addition modification under this subparagraph
7 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
8 which was taken into account in calculating the
9 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

10 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
13 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
14 such carryback or carryforward;

15 For taxable years in which there is a net
16 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
17 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
18 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
19 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
20 computed independently under the preceding provisions
21 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

22 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
23 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
24 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
25 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
26 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601

1 of this Act;

2 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
3 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
4 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
5 computation of taxable income;

6 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
7 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
8 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
9 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
10 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
11 201;

12 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 through 2025, an
13 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
14 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
15 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code; for taxable years 2026 and
17 thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation
18 deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax
19 return for the taxable year under subsection (k) or
20 (n) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

21 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
25 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
26 deductions taken in all taxable years under

1 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which a
4 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
5 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
6 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
7 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
8 equal to that subtraction modification.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
10 modification under this subparagraph only once with
11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
13 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the same unitary business group but for the
18 fact that the foreign person's business activity
19 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
2 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
3 extent that dividends were included in base income of
4 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
5 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
6 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
7 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
8 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
9 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
11 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
12 accrued, or incurred. For taxable years ending on and
13 after December 31, 2025, for purposes of applying this
14 paragraph in the case of a taxpayer to which Section
15 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code applies for the
16 taxable year, the reduction in the amount of interest
17 for which a deduction is allowed by reason of Section
18 163(j) shall be treated as allocable first to persons
19 who are not foreign persons referred to in this
20 paragraph and then to such foreign persons.

21 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
22 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

23 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
25 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
26 than a state which requires mandatory unitary

1 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
2 with respect to such interest; or

3 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
5 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
6 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7 following:

8 (a) the person, during the same taxable
9 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
10 to a person that is not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
12 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
13 person did not have as a principal purpose the
14 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
15 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
16 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
17 terms; or

18 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
19 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
20 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
21 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
22 and terms and the principal purpose for the
23 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
24 or

25 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
2 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
3 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
4 to the application or use of an alternative method
5 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

6 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
7 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
11 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
12 following:

13 (a) the person, during the same taxable
14 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
15 to a person that is not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
17 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
18 person did not have as a principal purpose the
19 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
20 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
21 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
22 terms; or

23 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or

1 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
2 to the application or use of an alternative method
3 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
6 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
7 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
8 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
9 regulation adopted by the Department and such
10 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
11 Department will utilize its authority under Section
12 404 of this Act;

13 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
14 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
15 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
18 foreign person who would be a member of the same
19 unitary business group but for the fact that the
20 foreign person's business activity outside the United
21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
22 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
24 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
25 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
26 from being included in the unitary business group

1 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
2 business income under different subsections of Section
3 304. The addition modification required by this
4 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
5 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
6 group for the same taxable year and received by the
7 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
8 business group (including amounts included in gross
9 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
11 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
12 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
13 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
14 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
15 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
16 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
17 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
18 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
19 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
20 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
21 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
22 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
23 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
25 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
26 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing

1 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
2 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
3 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
4 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
5 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

6 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
7 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
11 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
12 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
13 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
14 with respect to such item; or

15 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
18 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person during the same taxable
21 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
22 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
23 not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 intangible expense or cost between the
26 taxpayer and the person did not have as a

1 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
2 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
3 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
4 or

5 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
8 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
9 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
10 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
11 writing to the application or use of an
12 alternative method of apportionment under Section
13 304(f);

14 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
15 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

16 (i) any item of intangible expense or cost
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
19 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person during the same taxable
22 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
23 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
24 not a related member, and

25 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
26 intangible expense or cost between the

1 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
2 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
3 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
4 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
5 or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
9 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
10 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
11 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
12 writing to the application or use of an
13 alternative method of apportionment under Section
14 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
17 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
18 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
19 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
20 regulation adopted by the Department and such
21 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
22 Department will utilize its authority under Section
23 404 of this Act;

24 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
26 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed

1 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
9 addition modification required by this subparagraph
10 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
11 included in base income of the unitary group for the
12 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
14 (including amounts included in gross income under
15 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
16 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
17 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
18 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
19 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
20 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
21 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
22 the addition modification required under Section
23 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
24 Act;

25 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
26 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,

1 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
2 Act;

3 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
5 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
6 for the taxable year;

7 (G-17) the amount that is claimed as a federal
8 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
9 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
10 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
11 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
12 Tax Credit Act;

13 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
14 following amounts:

15 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
16 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
17 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
18 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
19 as distributions under the provisions of any
20 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
21 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
22 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
23 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
24 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
25 adopted pursuant thereto;

26 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

1 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
2 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
3 and included in such total for the taxable year;

4 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
5 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
6 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
7 taxation by this State either by reason of its
8 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
9 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
10 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
11 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
12 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
13 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
14 premium amortization;

15 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
16 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
17 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
18 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
19 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
20 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
22 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
23 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
25 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
26 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for

1 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
2 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
3 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
4 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
5 250;

6 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total which were paid by a corporation which
8 conducts business operations in a River Edge
9 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
10 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
11 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
12 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
13 the provisions of Section 250;

14 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
15 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
16 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

17 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total that were paid by a corporation that
19 conducts business operations in a federally designated
20 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
21 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
22 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
23 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
24 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
25 this subparagraph (O);

26 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction

1 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
2 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
3 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
6 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
7 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
8 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
9 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
10 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
11 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
12 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
13 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
14 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
15 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
16 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
17 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
18 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
19 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
20 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
21 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
22 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
23 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
24 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
25 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
26 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from

1 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
2 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
3 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
4 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
5 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
6 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
7 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
8 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
9 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
10 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
11 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

12 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
13 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
14 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
15 under subsection (k) or (n) of Section 168 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable
17 year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

18 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
19 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
21 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
22 taken in any year under subsection (k) or (n) of
23 Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
24 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

25 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
26 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30

1 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
2 0.429); and

3 (3) for taxable years ending after December
4 31, 2005:

5 (i) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
9 by 0.429);

10 (ii) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
13 1.0;

14 (iii) for property on which a bonus
15 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
16 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
17 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
18 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
19 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
20 election under Section 168(k)(7) or Section
21 168(n)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code to not
22 claim bonus depreciation on that property; and

23 (iv) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
25 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
26 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after

1 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
2 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
3 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
4 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
5 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
6 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

7 The aggregate amount deducted under this
8 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
9 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
10 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
11 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
12 (k) or (n) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code.
13 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
16 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
17 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
18 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
19 equal to that addition modification.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which a
22 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
23 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
24 required in any taxable year to make an addition
25 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
26 equal to that addition modification.

1 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
2 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
3 one piece of property.

4 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
7 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
8 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
9 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
10 modification with respect to such transaction under
11 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
12 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
13 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
14 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
15 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
16 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
17 that is required to make an addition modification with
18 respect to such transaction under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
20 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
21 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
22 from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
24 into account for the taxable year (net of the
25 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
2 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
16 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
18 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
19 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
22 for the fact that the foreign person's business
23 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
24 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
25 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
26 a person who would be a member of the same unitary

1 business group but for the fact that the person is
2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
3 included in the unitary business group because he or
4 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
5 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
6 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
7 made for the same taxable year under Section
8 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
10 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
11 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

12 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
13 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
14 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
16 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
17 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
18 from Section 250;

19 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
20 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
21 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
22 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
25 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
26 add back any insurance premiums under Section

1 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
2 that part of a reimbursement received from the
3 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
4 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
5 company) that would have been taken into account as a
6 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
7 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
8 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
9 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
10 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
11 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
12 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
13 Section 250;

14 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
15 2018, the amount of excess business loss of the
16 taxpayer disallowed as a deduction by Section
17 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

18 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
20 operating in this State and licensed under the
21 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
22 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
23 organization operating in this State and licensed
24 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
25 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
26 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal

1 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
2 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
3 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
4 of Section 250.

5 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
6 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
7 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
8 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
9 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
10 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
11 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

12 (d) Partnerships.

13 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
14 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
15 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

16 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
17 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
18 of the following amounts:

19 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
20 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
21 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
22 in the computation of taxable income;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
24 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
25 the taxable year;

1 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
2 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
4 income;

5 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
6 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
7 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
8 computation of taxable income;

9 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 through 2025, an
10 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
11 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
12 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code; for taxable years 2026 and
14 thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation
15 deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax
16 return for the taxable year under subsection (k) or
17 (n) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
19 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
20 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
21 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
22 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
23 deductions taken in all taxable years under
24 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which a

1 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
2 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
3 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
4 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
5 equal to that subtraction modification.

6 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
7 modification under this subparagraph only once with
8 respect to any one piece of property;

9 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
10 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the same unitary business group but for the
15 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
16 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
25 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
26 extent that dividends were included in base income of

1 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
2 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
3 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
4 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
5 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
6 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
8 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
9 accrued, or incurred. For taxable years ending on and
10 after December 31, 2025, for purposes of applying this
11 paragraph in the case of a taxpayer to which Section
12 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code applies for the
13 taxable year, the reduction in the amount of interest
14 for which a deduction is allowed by reason of Section
15 163(j) shall be treated as allocable first to persons
16 who are not foreign persons referred to in this
17 paragraph and then to such foreign persons.

18 For taxable years ending before December 31, 2025,
19 this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
22 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
23 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
24 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
25 with respect to such interest; or

26 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
2 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
3 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
4 following:

5 (a) the person, during the same taxable
6 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
7 to a person that is not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
10 person did not have as a principal purpose the
11 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
12 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
13 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
14 terms; or

15 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
16 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
17 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
18 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
19 and terms and the principal purpose for the
20 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
21 or

22 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
24 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
25 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
26 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing

1 to the application or use of an alternative method
2 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

3 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
4 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

5 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
8 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the person, during the same taxable
11 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
12 to a person that is not a related member, and

13 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
14 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
15 person did not have as a principal purpose the
16 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
17 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
18 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
19 terms; or

20 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
24 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
25 to the application or use of an alternative method
26 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
3 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
4 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
5 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
6 regulation adopted by the Department and such
7 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
8 Department will utilize its authority under Section
9 404 of this Act; and

10 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
15 foreign person who would be a member of the same
16 unitary business group but for the fact that the
17 foreign person's business activity outside the United
18 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
19 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
21 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
22 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
23 from being included in the unitary business group
24 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
25 business income under different subsections of Section
26 304. The addition modification required by this

1 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
2 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
3 group for the same taxable year and received by the
4 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
5 business group (including amounts included in gross
6 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
8 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
9 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
10 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
11 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
12 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
13 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
14 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
15 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
16 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
17 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
18 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
19 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
20 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
22 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
23 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
24 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
25 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
26 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service

1 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
2 similar types of intangible assets;

3 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
4 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

5 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such item; or

12 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
15 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person during the same taxable
18 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
19 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
20 not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 intangible expense or cost between the
23 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
24 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
25 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
26 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

1 or

2 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
7 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
8 writing to the application or use of an
9 alternative method of apportionment under Section
10 304(f);

11 For taxable years ending on or after December 31,
12 2025, this paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) any item of intangible expense or cost
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
16 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the person during the same taxable
19 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
20 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
21 not a related member, and

22 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
23 intangible expense or cost between the
24 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
25 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
26 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract

1 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

2 or

3 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
6 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
7 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
8 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
9 writing to the application or use of an
10 alternative method of apportionment under Section
11 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise
14 allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year
15 beginning after the effective date of this amendment
16 provided such adjustment is made pursuant to
17 regulation adopted by the Department and such
18 regulations provide methods and standards by which the
19 Department will utilize its authority under Section
20 404 of this Act;

21 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
23 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
24 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
26 a person who would be a member of the same unitary

1 business group but for the fact that the person is
2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
3 included in the unitary business group because he or
4 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
5 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
6 addition modification required by this subparagraph
7 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
8 included in base income of the unitary group for the
9 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
11 (including amounts included in gross income under
12 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
13 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
14 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
15 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
16 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
17 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
18 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
19 the addition modification required under Section
20 203(d)(2)(D-7) or Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

21 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
22 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
23 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
24 Act;

25 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction

1 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
2 for the taxable year;

3 (D-12) the amount that is claimed as a federal
4 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
5 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
6 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
7 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
8 Tax Credit Act;

9 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
10 amounts:

11 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

12 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
13 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
14 and included in such total for the taxable year;

15 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
16 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
17 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
18 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
19 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
20 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
21 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
22 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
23 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
24 net of bond premium amortization;

25 (H) Any income of the partnership which
26 constitutes personal service income as defined in

1 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
2 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
3 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
4 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
5 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
8 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
9 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
10 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
11 including amounts distributable to organizations
12 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
13 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
14 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
16 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
17 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
18 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
19 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
20 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
22 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
23 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
25 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
26 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for

1 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
2 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
3 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
4 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
5 250;

6 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total which were paid by a corporation which
8 conducts business operations in a River Edge
9 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
10 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
11 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
12 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
13 the provisions of Section 250;

14 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
15 job training project established pursuant to the Real
16 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

17 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total that were paid by a corporation that
19 conducts business operations in a federally designated
20 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
21 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
22 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
23 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
24 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
25 this subparagraph (M);

26 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction

1 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
2 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
3 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
6 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
7 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
8 under subsection (k) or (n) of Section 168 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable
10 year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

11 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
12 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
14 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
15 taken in any year under subsection (k) or (n) of
16 Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
17 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

18 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
19 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
20 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
21 0.429); and

22 (3) for taxable years ending after December
23 31, 2005:

24 (i) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
2 by 0.429);

3 (ii) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 1.0;

7 (iii) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
10 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
11 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
12 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
13 election under Section 168(k)(7) or Section
14 168(n)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code to not
15 claim bonus depreciation on that property; and

16 (iv) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
18 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
19 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
20 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
21 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
22 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
23 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
24 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
25 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

26 The aggregate amount deducted under this

1 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
2 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
3 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
4 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
5 (k) or (n) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code.
6 This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250;

8 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
9 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
10 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
11 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
12 equal to that addition modification.

13 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
14 the last day of the last tax year for which a
15 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
16 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
17 required in any taxable year to make an addition
18 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
19 equal to that addition modification.

20 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
21 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
22 one piece of property.

23 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
26 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account

1 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
2 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
3 modification with respect to such transaction under
4 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
5 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
6 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
7 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
8 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
9 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
10 that is required to make an addition modification with
11 respect to such transaction under Section
12 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
13 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
14 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
15 from Section 250;

16 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
17 into account for the taxable year (net of the
18 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
21 for the fact that the foreign person's business
22 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
23 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
24 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
25 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
26 business group but for the fact that the person is

1 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
2 included in the unitary business group because he or
3 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
4 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
5 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
6 made for the same taxable year under Section
7 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
9 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

10 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
11 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
12 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
15 for the fact that the foreign person's business
16 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
17 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
18 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
25 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
26 made for the same taxable year under Section

1 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
2 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
3 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
4 Section 250;

5 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
6 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
7 add back any insurance premiums under Section
8 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
9 that part of a reimbursement received from the
10 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
11 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
12 company) that would have been taken into account as a
13 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
14 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
15 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
16 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
17 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
18 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
19 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250; and

21 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after
22 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
23 operating in this State and licensed under the
24 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
25 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
26 organization operating in this State and licensed

1 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
2 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
3 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
4 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
5 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
6 this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions
7 of Section 250.

8 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

9 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
10 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
11 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
12 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
13 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
14 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
15 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
16 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
17 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
19 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
20 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
21 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
22 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
23 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
24 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
25 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as

1 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
3 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
4 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
5 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
6 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
7 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
8 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
9 addition modification must be made under those
10 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
11 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
12 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
13 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
14 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code.

16 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
17 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
18 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

19 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
20 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
21 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
22 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
23 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
24 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
25 Internal Revenue Code;

26 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case

1 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
2 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
3 insurance company taxable income;

4 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
5 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
6 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
7 investment company taxable income;

8 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
9 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
10 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
11 real estate investment trust taxable income;

12 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
13 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
14 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
15 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
16 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
17 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
18 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
19 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
20 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
21 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
22 determined as if the election provided by Section
23 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
24 effect for all such years;

25 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
26 corporation or association, the taxable income of such

1 organization determined in accordance with the
2 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
4 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
5 activities against income from nonpatronage
6 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
7 association may make an election to follow its federal
8 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
9 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
10 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
11 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
12 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
13 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
14 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
15 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
16 effective for all taxable years with original returns
17 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
18 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
19 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
20 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
21 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
22 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
23 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
24 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
25 requirements for documenting the elections and any
26 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be

1 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
2 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
3 existing law;

4 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
5 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
6 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
7 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
8 of such corporation determined in accordance with
9 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
10 that taxable income shall take into account those
11 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
13 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
14 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
15 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
16 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
17 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
18 such corporation determined in accordance with the
19 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
20 1982; and

21 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
22 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
23 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
24 income shall take into account those items which are
25 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
26 but which would be taken into account by an individual

1 in calculating his taxable income.

2 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
3 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
4 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
5 business has been classified as business income and in a
6 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
7 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
8 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
9 related to that asset or business that generated the
10 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
11 business income in the year of the disposition of the
12 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
13 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
14 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
15 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
16 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
17 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
18 preceding taxable years.

19 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

20 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
21 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
22 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

23 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
24 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
25 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
2 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
3 plus

4 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
5 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
6 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
7 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
8 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
9 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
10 of such gain included in the amount determined under
11 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

12 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

13 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
14 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
15 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
16 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
17 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
18 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
19 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
20 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
21 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
22 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
23 such property.

24 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
25 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
26 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation

1 amount for such property is that amount which bears
2 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
3 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
4 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
5 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
6 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
7 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
8 period for the property.

9 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
10 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
11 purposes of this paragraph.

12 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
13 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
14 to be deducted more than once.

15 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
16 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
17 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
18 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
19 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
20 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
21 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
22 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
23 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

24 (Source: P.A. 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24;

1 103-592, Article 10, Section 10-900, eff. 6-7-24; 103-592,
2 Article 170, Section 170-90, eff. 6-7-24; 103-605, eff.
3 7-1-24; 103-647, eff. 7-1-24; 104-6, eff. 6-16-25; 104-417,
4 eff. 8-15-25; 104-453, eff. 12-12-25.)

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
6 becoming law.