

# SB0050



## 104TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

### State of Illinois

2025 and 2026

SB0050

Introduced 1/13/2025, by Sen. Sue Rezin

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act  
30 ILCS 105/5.1030 new

Creates the Illinois Age-Appropriate Design Code Act. Provides that all covered entities that operate in the State and process children's data in any capacity shall do so in a manner consistent with the best interests of children. Provides that a covered entity subject to the Act shall take specified actions to protect children's privacy in connection with online services, products, or features, including completing a data protection impact assessment for an online service, product, or feature that is reasonably likely to be accessed by children; and maintain documentation of the data protection impact assessment. Contains provisions concerning additional requirements for covered entities; prohibited acts by covered entities; data practices; enforcement by the Attorney General; limitations of the Act; data protection impact assessment dates; and severability. Amends the State Finance Act to create the Age-Appropriate Design Code Enforcement Fund. Effective immediately.

LRB104 03752 SPS 13776 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning business.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the  
5 Illinois Age-Appropriate Design Code Act.

6 Section 5. Intent. It is the intent of the General  
7 Assembly that nothing in this Act shall be construed to  
8 infringe on the existing rights and freedoms of children.

9 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

10 "Affiliate" means a legal entity that controls, is  
11 controlled by, or is under common control with, another legal  
12 entity. For the purposes of this definition, "control" or  
13 "controlled" means: (i) ownership of, or the power to vote,  
14 more than 50% of the outstanding shares of any class of voting  
15 security of a covered entity; (ii) control in any manner over  
16 the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals  
17 exercising similar functions; or (iii) the power to exercise a  
18 controlling influence over the management of a covered entity.

19 "Age-appropriate" means a recognition of the distinct  
20 needs and diversities of children at different age ranges. In  
21 order to help support the design of online services, products,  
22 and features, covered entities should take into account the

1 unique needs and diversities of different age ranges,  
2 including the following developmental stages: 0 to 5 years of  
3 age or preliterate and early literacy; 6-9 years of age or core  
4 primary school years; 10 to 12 years of age or transition  
5 years; 13 to 15 years of age or early teens; and 16 to 17 years  
6 or age or approaching adulthood.

7 "Best interests of children" means the use, by a covered  
8 entity, of the personal data of a child or the design of an  
9 online service, product, or feature in a way that:

10 (1) will not benefit the covered entity to the  
11 detriment of the child; and

12 (2) will not result in:

13 (A) reasonably foreseeable and material physical  
14 or financial harm to the child;

15 (B) reasonably foreseeable and severe  
16 psychological, or emotional harm to the child;

17 (C) a highly offensive intrusion on the reasonable  
18 privacy expectations of the child; or

19 (D) discrimination against the child based upon  
20 race, color, religion, national origin, disability,  
21 sex, or sexual orientation.

22 "Child" means a consumer who is under 18 years of age.

23 "Collect" means buying, renting, gathering, obtaining,  
24 receiving, or accessing any personal data pertaining to a  
25 consumer by any means. "Collect" includes receiving data from  
26 the consumer, either actively or passively, or by observing

1 the consumer's behavior.

2 "Covered entity" means:

3 (1) a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited  
4 liability company, corporation, association, or other  
5 legal entity that is organized or operated for the profit  
6 or financial benefit of its shareholders or other owners;  
7 and

8 (2) an affiliate of a covered entity that shares  
9 common branding with the covered entity. For the purposes  
10 of this definition, "common branding" means a shared name,  
11 service mark, or trademark that the average consumer would  
12 understand that 2 or more entities are commonly owned.

13 For purposes of this Act, for a joint venture or  
14 partnership composed of covered entities in which each covered  
15 entity has at least a 40% interest, the joint venture or  
16 partnership and each covered entity that composes the joint  
17 venture or partnership shall separately be considered a single  
18 covered entity, except that personal data in the possession of  
19 each covered entity and disclosed to the joint venture or  
20 partnership shall not be shared with the other covered entity.

21 "Consumer" means a natural person who is an Illinois  
22 resident, however identified, including by any unique  
23 identifier.

24 "Dark pattern" means a user interface designed or  
25 manipulated with the purpose of subverting or impairing user  
26 autonomy, decision making, or choice.

1 "Data protection impact assessment" means a systematic  
2 survey to assess compliance with the duty to act in the best  
3 interests of children and shall include a plan to ensure that  
4 all online products, services, or features provided by the  
5 covered entity are designed and offered in a manner consistent  
6 with the best interests of children reasonably likely to  
7 access the online product, service, or feature and a  
8 description of steps the covered entity has taken and will  
9 take to comply with the duty to act in the best interests of  
10 children.

11 "Default" means a preselected option adopted by the  
12 covered entity for the online service, product, or feature.

13 "Deidentified" means data that cannot reasonably be used  
14 to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an  
15 identified or identifiable natural person, or a device linked  
16 to such person, provided that the covered entity that  
17 possesses the data:

18 (1) takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data  
19 cannot be associated with a natural person;

20 (2) publicly commits to maintain and use the data only  
21 in a deidentified fashion and not attempt to re-identify  
22 the data; and

23 (3) contractually obligates any recipients of the data  
24 to comply with all provisions of this Act.

25 "Derived data" means data that is created by the  
26 derivation of information, data, assumptions, correlations,

1 inferences, predictions, or conclusions from facts, evidence,  
2 or another source of information or data about a child or a  
3 child's device.

4 "Online service, product, or feature" does not mean any of  
5 the following:

6 (1) telecommunications service, as defined in 47  
7 U.S.C. 153;

8 (2) a broadband service as defined in the Public  
9 Utilities Act; or

10 (3) the sale, delivery, or use of a physical product.

11 "Personal data" means any information, including derived  
12 data, that is linked or reasonably linkable, alone or in  
13 combination with other information, to an identified or  
14 identifiable natural person. "Personal data" does not include  
15 de-identified data or publicly available information. For the  
16 purposes of this definition, "publicly available information"  
17 means information (i) that is lawfully made available from  
18 federal, State, or local government records or widely  
19 distributed media; and (ii) that a controller has a reasonable  
20 basis to believe a consumer has lawfully made available to the  
21 general public.

22 "Precise geolocation" means any data that is derived from  
23 a device and that is used or intended to be used to locate a  
24 consumer within a geographic area that is equal to or less than  
25 the area of a circle with a radius of 1,850 feet, except as  
26 prescribed by regulations.

1 "Process" or "processing" means to conduct or direct any  
2 operation or set of operations performed, whether by manual or  
3 automated means, on personal data or on sets of personal data,  
4 such as the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis,  
5 deletion, modification, or otherwise handling of personal  
6 data.

7 "Product experimentation results" means the data that  
8 companies collect to understand the experimental impact of  
9 their products.

10 "Profiling" means any form of automated processing of  
11 personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict personal  
12 aspects concerning an identified or identifiable natural  
13 person's economic situation, health, personal preferences,  
14 interests, reliability, behavior, location, or movements.  
15 "Profiling" does not include the processing of information  
16 that does not result in an assessment or judgment about a  
17 natural person.

18 "Reasonably likely to be accessed" means an online  
19 service, product, or feature that is accessed by children  
20 based on any of the following indicators:

21 (1) the online service, product, or feature is  
22 directed to children, as defined by the Children's Online  
23 Privacy Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. 6501 et seq., and the  
24 Federal Trade Commission rules implementing that Act;

25 (2) the online service, product, or feature is  
26 determined, based on competent and reliable evidence

1           regarding audience composition, to be routinely accessed  
2           by a significant number of children;

3           (3) the online service, product, or feature contains  
4           advertisements marketed to children;

5           (4) the online service, product, or feature is  
6           substantially similar or the same as an online service,  
7           product, or feature subject to paragraph (2) of this  
8           definition;

9           (5) a significant amount of the audience of the online  
10          service, product, or feature is determined, based on  
11          internal company research, to be children; and

12          (6) the covered entity knew or should have known that  
13          a significant number of users are children, provided that,  
14          in making this assessment, the covered entity shall not  
15          collect or process any personal data that is not  
16          reasonably necessary to provide an online service,  
17          product, or feature with which a child is actively and  
18          knowingly engaged.

19          "Sale" or "sell" means the exchange of personal data for  
20          monetary or other valuable consideration by a covered entity  
21          to a third party. "Sale" or "sell" do not include the  
22          following:

23                 (1) the disclosure of personal data to a third party  
24                 who processes the personal data on behalf of the covered  
25                 entity;

26                 (2) the disclosure of personal data to a third party

1 with whom the consumer has a direct relationship for  
2 purposes of providing a product or service requested by  
3 the consumer;

4 (3) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to an  
5 affiliate of the covered entity;

6 (4) the disclosure of data that the consumer  
7 intentionally made available to the general public via a  
8 channel of mass media and did not restrict to a specific  
9 audience; or

10 (5) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to a  
11 third party as an asset that is part of a completed or  
12 proposed merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other  
13 transaction in which the third party assumes control of  
14 all or part of the covered entity's assets.

15 "Share" means sharing, renting, releasing, disclosing,  
16 disseminating, making available, transferring, or otherwise  
17 communicating orally, in writing, or by electronic or other  
18 means a consumer's personal data by the covered entity to a  
19 third party for cross-context behavioral advertising, whether  
20 or not for monetary or other valuable consideration, including  
21 transactions between a covered entity and a third party for  
22 cross-context behavioral advertising for the benefit of a  
23 covered entity in which no money is exchanged.

24 "Third party" means a natural or legal person, public  
25 authority, agency, or body other than the consumer or the  
26 covered entity.

1           Section 15. Information fiduciary. All covered entities  
2 that operate in this State and process children's data in any  
3 capacity shall do so in a manner consistent with the best  
4 interests of children.

5           Section 20. Scope; exclusions.

6           (a) A covered entity operating in this State is subject to  
7 the requirements of this Act if it:

8           (1) collects consumers' personal data or has  
9 consumers' personal data collected on its behalf by a  
10 third party;

11           (2) alone or jointly with others, determines the  
12 purposes and means of the processing of consumers'  
13 personal data; and

14           (3) satisfies one or more of the following thresholds:

15           (i) has annual gross revenues in excess of  
16 \$25,000,000, as adjusted every odd numbered year to  
17 reflect the Consumer Price Index;

18           (ii) alone or in combination, annually buys,  
19 receives for the covered entity's commercial purposes,  
20 sells, or shares for commercial purposes, alone or in  
21 combination, the personal data of 50,000 or more  
22 consumers, households, or devices; or

23           (iii) derives 50% or more of its annual revenues  
24 from selling consumers' personal data.

1 (b) This Act does not apply to:

2 (1) protected health information that is collected by  
3 a covered entity or covered entity associate governed by  
4 the privacy, security, and breach notification rules  
5 issued by the United States Department of Health and Human  
6 Services, 45 CFR 160 and 164, established pursuant to the  
7 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of  
8 1996, Public Law 104-191, and the Health Information  
9 Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, Public  
10 Law 111-5;

11 (2) a covered entity governed by the privacy,  
12 security, and breach notification rules issued by the  
13 United States Department of Health and Human Services, 45  
14 CFR 160 and 164, established pursuant to the Health  
15 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996,  
16 Public Law 104-191, to the extent the provider or covered  
17 entity maintains patient information in the same manner as  
18 medical information or protected health information as  
19 described in paragraph (1); or

20 (3) information collected as part of a clinical trial  
21 subject to the federal policy for the protection of human  
22 subjects, also known as the common rule, pursuant to good  
23 clinical practice guidelines issued by the International  
24 Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for  
25 Pharmaceuticals for Human Use or human subject protection  
26 requirements issued by the United States Food and Drug

1 Administration.

2 Section 25. Requirements for covered entities.

3 (a) A covered entity subject to this Act shall:

4 (1) complete a data protection impact assessment for  
5 an online service, product, or feature or any new online  
6 service, product, or feature that is reasonably likely to  
7 be accessed by children; and maintain documentation of the  
8 data protection impact assessment for as long as the  
9 online service, product, or feature is reasonably likely  
10 to be accessed by children;

11 (2) review and modify all data protection impact  
12 assessments as necessary to account for material changes  
13 to processing pertaining to the online service, product,  
14 or feature within 90 days after such material changes;

15 (3) within 5 business days after a written request by  
16 the Attorney General, provide to the Attorney General a  
17 list of all data protection impact assessments the covered  
18 entity has completed;

19 (4) within 7 business days after a written request by  
20 the Attorney General, provide the Attorney General with a  
21 copy of any data protection impact assessment, unless the  
22 Attorney General, in its discretion, extends the time  
23 period for a covered entity to respond;

24 (5) configure all default privacy settings provided to  
25 children by the online service, product, or feature to

1 settings that offer a high level of privacy, unless the  
2 covered entity can demonstrate a compelling reason that a  
3 different setting is in the best interests of children;

4 (6) provide any privacy information, terms of service,  
5 policies, and community standards concisely, prominently,  
6 and using clear language suited to the age of children  
7 reasonably likely to access that online service, product,  
8 or feature; and

9 (7) provide prominent, accessible, and responsive  
10 tools to help children, or if applicable their parents or  
11 guardians, exercise their privacy rights and report  
12 concerns.

13 (b) A data protection, impact assessment required by this  
14 Section shall identify the purpose of the online service,  
15 product, or feature; how it uses children's personal data; and  
16 determine whether the online service, product, or feature is  
17 designed and offered in a age-appropriate manner consistent  
18 with the best interests of children that are reasonably likely  
19 to access the online product by examining, at a minimum, the  
20 following:

21 (1) whether the design of the online service, product,  
22 or feature could lead to children experiencing or being  
23 targeted by contacts on the online service, product, or  
24 feature that would result in: reasonably foreseeable and  
25 material physical or financial harm to the child;  
26 reasonably foreseeable and severe psychological or

1 emotional harm to the child; a highly offensive intrusion  
2 on the reasonable privacy expectations of the child; or  
3 discrimination against the child based upon race, color,  
4 religion, national origin, disability, sex, or sexual  
5 orientation;

6 (2) whether the design of the online service, product,  
7 or feature could permit children to witness, participate  
8 in, or be subject to conduct on the online service,  
9 product, or feature that would result in: reasonably  
10 foreseeable and material physical or financial harm to the  
11 child; reasonably foreseeable and severe psychological or  
12 emotional harm to the child; a highly offensive intrusion  
13 on the reasonable privacy expectations of the child; or  
14 discrimination against the child based upon race, color,  
15 religion, national origin, disability, sex, or sexual  
16 orientation;

17 (3) whether the design of the online service, product,  
18 or feature are reasonably expected to allow children to be  
19 party to or exploited by a contract on the online service,  
20 product, or feature that would result in: reasonably  
21 foreseeable and material physical or financial harm to the  
22 child; reasonably foreseeable and severe psychological or  
23 emotional harm to the child; a highly offensive intrusion  
24 on the reasonable privacy expectations of the child; or  
25 discrimination against the child based upon race, color,  
26 religion, national origin, disability, sex, or sexual

1 orientation;

2 (4) whether algorithms used by the product, service,  
3 or feature would result in: reasonably foreseeable and  
4 material physical or financial harm to the child;  
5 reasonably foreseeable and severe psychological or  
6 emotional harm to the child; a highly offensive intrusion  
7 on the reasonable privacy expectations of the child; or  
8 discrimination against the child based upon race, color,  
9 religion, national origin, disability, sex, or sexual  
10 orientation;

11 (5) whether targeted advertising systems used by the  
12 online service, product, or feature would result in:  
13 reasonably foreseeable and material physical or financial  
14 harm to the child; reasonably foreseeable and severe  
15 psychological or emotional harm to the child; a highly  
16 offensive intrusion on the reasonable privacy expectations  
17 of the child; or discrimination against the child based  
18 upon race, color, religion, national origin, disability,  
19 sex, or sexual orientation;

20 (6) whether the online service, product, or feature  
21 uses system design features to increase, sustain, or  
22 extend use of the online service, product, or feature by  
23 children, including the automatic playing of media,  
24 rewards for time spent, and notifications, that would  
25 result in: reasonably foreseeable and material physical or  
26 financial harm to the child; reasonably foreseeable and

1 severe psychological or emotional harm to the child; a  
2 highly offensive intrusion on the reasonable privacy  
3 expectations of the child; or discrimination against the  
4 child based upon race, color, religion, national origin,  
5 disability, sex, or sexual orientation; and

6 (7) whether, how, and for what purpose the online  
7 product, service, or feature collects or processes  
8 personal data of children, and whether those practices  
9 would result in: reasonably foreseeable and material  
10 physical or financial harm to the child; reasonably  
11 foreseeable and severe psychological or emotional harm to  
12 the child; a highly offensive intrusion on the reasonable  
13 privacy expectations of the child; or discrimination  
14 against the child based upon race, color, religion,  
15 national origin, disability, sex, or sexual orientation;  
16 and

17 (8) whether and how product experimentation results  
18 for the online product, service, or feature reveal data  
19 management or design practices that would result in:  
20 reasonably foreseeable and material physical or financial  
21 harm to the child; reasonably foreseeable and extreme  
22 psychological or emotional harm to the child; a highly  
23 offensive intrusion on the reasonable privacy expectations  
24 of the child; or discrimination against the child based  
25 upon race, color, religion, national origin, disability,  
26 sex, or sexual orientation.

1 (c) A data protection impact assessment conducted by a  
2 covered entity for the purpose of compliance with any other  
3 law complies with this Section if the data protection impact  
4 assessment meets the requirement of this Act.

5 (d) A single data protection impact assessment may contain  
6 multiple similar processing operations that present similar  
7 risk only if each relevant online service, product, or feature  
8 is addressed.

9 (e) A company may process only the personal data  
10 reasonably necessary to provide an online service, product, or  
11 feature with which a child is actively and knowingly engaged  
12 to estimate age.

13 Section 30. Prohibited acts by covered entities. A covered  
14 entity that provides an online service, product, or feature  
15 reasonably likely to be accessed by children shall not:

16 (1) process the personal data of any child in a way  
17 that is inconsistent with the best interests of children  
18 reasonably likely to access the online service, product,  
19 or feature;

20 (2) profile a child by default unless:

21 (A) the covered entity can demonstrate it has  
22 appropriate safeguards in place to ensure that  
23 profiling is consistent with the best interests of  
24 children reasonably likely to access the online  
25 service, product, or feature; and

1 (B) either of the following is true:

2 (i) profiling is necessary to provide the  
3 online service, product, or feature requested and  
4 only with respect to the aspects of the online  
5 service, product, or feature with which a child is  
6 actively and knowingly engaged;

7 (ii) the covered entity can demonstrate a  
8 compelling reason that profiling is in the best  
9 interests of children;

10 (3) process any personal data that is not reasonably  
11 necessary to provide an online service, product, or  
12 feature with which a child is actively and knowingly  
13 engaged;

14 (4) if the end user is a child, process personal data  
15 for any reason other than a reason for which that personal  
16 data was collected;

17 (5) process any precise geolocation information of  
18 children by default, unless the collection of that precise  
19 geolocation information is strictly necessary for the  
20 covered entity to provide the service, product, or feature  
21 requested and then only for the limited time that the  
22 collection of precise geolocation information is necessary  
23 to provide the service, product, or feature;

24 (6) process any precise geolocation information of a  
25 child without providing an obvious sign to the child for  
26 the duration of that collection that precise geolocation

1 information is being collected;

2 (7) use dark patterns to cause children to provide  
3 personal data beyond what is reasonably expected to  
4 provide that online service, product, or feature to forgo  
5 privacy protections, or to take any action that the  
6 covered entity knows, or has reason to know, is not in the  
7 best interests of children reasonably likely to access the  
8 online service, product, or feature; and

9 (8) allow a child's parent, guardian, or any other  
10 consumer to monitor the child's online activity or track  
11 the child's location, without providing an obvious signal  
12 to the child when the child is being monitored or tracked.

13 Section 35. Data practices.

14 (a) A data protection impact assessment collected or  
15 maintained by the Attorney General under Section 25 is  
16 classified as nonpublic data.

17 (b) To the extent any information contained in a data  
18 protection impact assessment disclosed to the Attorney General  
19 includes information subject to attorney-client privilege or  
20 work product protection, disclosure does not constitute a  
21 waiver of that privilege or protection.

22 Section 40. Attorney General enforcement.

23 (a) A covered entity that violates this Act may be subject  
24 to an injunction and liable for a civil penalty of not more

1 than \$2,500 per affected child for each negligent violation,  
2 or not more than \$7,500 per affected child for each  
3 intentional violation, which may be assessed or recovered only  
4 in a civil action brought by the Attorney General. If the State  
5 prevails in an action to enforce this Act, the State may, in  
6 addition to civil penalties provided by this subsection or  
7 other remedies provided by the law, be allowed an amount  
8 determined by the court to be the reasonable value of all or  
9 part of the State's litigation expenses incurred.

10 (b) All moneys received by the Attorney General as civil  
11 penalties, fees, or other amounts under subsection (a) shall  
12 be deposited into the Age-Appropriate Design Code Enforcement  
13 Fund, a special fund created in the State treasury, and shall  
14 be used, subject to appropriation and as directed by the  
15 Attorney General, to offset costs incurred by the Attorney  
16 General in connection with the enforcement of this Act.

17 (c) If a covered entity is in substantial compliance with  
18 the requirements of Section 25, the Attorney General shall,  
19 before initiating a civil action under this Section, provide  
20 written notice to the covered entity identifying the specific  
21 provisions of this Act that the Attorney General alleges have  
22 been or are being violated. If, for a covered entity that  
23 satisfied Section 50 or subsection (a) of Section 25 before  
24 offering any new online product, service, or feature  
25 reasonably likely to be accessed by children to the public,  
26 within 90 days after the notice required by this subsection,

1 the covered entity cures any noticed violation and provides  
2 the Attorney General a written statement that the alleged  
3 violations have been cured, and sufficient measures have been  
4 taken to prevent future violations, the covered entity is not  
5 liable for a civil penalty for any violation cured pursuant to  
6 this Act.

7 (d) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to create a  
8 private right of action.

9 Section 45. Limitations. Nothing in this Act shall be  
10 interpreted or construed to:

11 (1) impose liability in a manner that is inconsistent  
12 with 47 U.S.C. 230;

13 (2) prevent or preclude any child from deliberately or  
14 independently searching for, or specifically requesting,  
15 content; or

16 (3) require a covered entity to implement an age  
17 gating requirement.

18 Section 50. Data protection impact assessment date.

19 (a) By January 1, 2026 a covered entity shall complete a  
20 data protection impact assessment for any online service,  
21 product, or feature reasonably likely to be accessed by  
22 children offered to the public before January 1, 2026, unless  
23 that online service, product, or feature is exempt under  
24 paragraph (b).

1           (b) This Act does not apply to an online service, product,  
2 or feature that is not offered to the public on or after  
3 January 1, 2026.

4           Section 55. Severability. If any provision of this Act, or  
5 an amendment made by this Act, is determined to be  
6 unenforceable or invalid, the remaining provisions of this Act  
7 and the amendments made by this Act shall not be affected.

8           Section 90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding  
9 Section 5.1030 as follows:

10           (30 ILCS 105/5.1030 new)

11           Sec. 5.1030. The Age-Appropriate Design Code Enforcement  
12 Fund.

13           Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon  
14 becoming law.