TO: The Honorable William E. Brady, Senate Minority Leader
The Honorable John J. Cullerton, Senate President
The Honorable Jim Durkin, House Minority Leader
The Honorable Michael J. Madigan, Speaker of the House
The Honorable JB Pritzker, Governor

FROM: Dr. Carmen I. Ayala
State Superintendent of Education

DATE: September 30, 2019

SUBJECT: The Administration of Opioid Antagonist Report, School Year 2018-19

On behalf of the Illinois State Board of Education, which is required under Section 22-30 of the Illinois School Code [105 ILCS 5/22-30] to issue this report, I am pleased to submit “The Administration of Opioid Antagonist Report, School Year 2018-19.” This report summarizes the administration of an opioid antagonist (antidote) as reported to the Illinois State Board of Education during the 2018-19 school year.

A summary of the major findings:

- There were zero reports of school undesignated opioid antagonist administration in the state during the 2018-19 school year.

cc: Tim Anderson, Secretary of the Senate
John W. Hollman, Clerk of the House
Legislative Research Unit
State Government Report Center
The Administration of Opioid Antagonist Report
2018-19

Illinois State Board of Education
Wellness Department

September 2019

Darren Reisberg
Chairman of the Board

Dr. Carmen I. Ayala
State Superintendent of Education
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Foreword

The administration of an antidote (antagonist) from a stock supply for an overdose of an opioid-containing drug to persons who may be experiencing an overdose is permitted according to Illinois School Code (105 ILCS 5/22-30). School Code requires a report form to be provided to the Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE) by each Illinois public and nonpublic school that administers a dose. This report is to be provided to ISBE within three days of the incident that necessitated use of the antidote drug.

This report is a compilation of data on the frequency and circumstances of opioid antidote administration during the preceding academic year. The report is provided based on the available data and does not necessarily reflect the official position or policy of ISBE. Inquiries regarding this report may be directed to Rebecca Doran in the Wellness Department at (217)782-5270.

Background

Any Illinois school may obtain a medical order for one or more doses of a drug that is intended to reverse an overdose from an opioid-containing drug. The antidote most often is naloxone, delivered either by injection or nasal inhalation. Schools may maintain a supply of the drug and have trained personnel to recognize and respond to an overdose of an opioid drug. ISBE shall submit an annual report to the General Assembly by October 1 every year and publish the report online on the same day it is submitted. This report summarizes the data reported to ISBE during the 2018-19 school year.

Methodology

Data collection instruments and procedures used by schools to report data on the use of an opioid antidote are done in accordance with the formal rules process (https://www.isbe.net/Documents/ONEARK.pdf).

The 2018-19 data collection was conducted using the “Undesignated Opioid Antagonist Reporting Form” (ISBE 34-20A) found at https://www.isbe.net/Documents/34-20A-opioid-rptg.pdf.

Schools were to email the forms to opioid@isbe.net, which is an account accessible by the staffs of Data Analysis and Wellness.

Limitations

The enforcement of the reporting requirement pertained to the 2018-19 school year and ended June 30, 2019.

- The validity of the data reported is subject to the limitations of the first data collection round.
School Year 2018-19 Results

There were zero reports of school undesignated opioid antagonist administration in the state during the 2018-19 school year.