- 1 AN ACT concerning the regulation of professions.
- Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Private Detective, Private Alarm,
- Private Security, and Locksmith Act of 1993 is amended by 5
- changing Section 30 as follows: б
- (225 ILCS 446/30) 7

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- 8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2003)
- Sec. 30. Exemptions. 9
- (a) This Act does not apply to: 10
- (1) An officer or employee of the United States, 11 12 this State, or any political subdivision of either while 13 the officer or employee is engaged in the performance of his or her official duties within the course and scope of 14 15 his or her employment with the United States, this State, or any political subdivision of either. However, any 16 person who offers his or her services as a private 17 18 detective or private security contractor, or any title 19 when similar services are performed for compensation,
- licensing requirements. 23 (2) An attorney-at-law licensed to practice in

Illinois while engaging in the practice of law.

(3) A person engaged exclusively in the business of obtaining and furnishing information as to the financial rating or credit worthiness of persons; and a person who provides consumer reports in connection with:

fee, or other valuable consideration, whether received

directly or indirectly, is subject to this Act and its

29 (i) Credit transactions involving the consumer on whom the information is to be furnished and 30 involving the extensions of credit to the consumer. 31

- 1 (ii) Information for employment purposes.
- 2 (iii) Information for the underwriting of insurance involving the consumer.
 - (4) Insurance adjusters legally employed or under contract as adjusters and who engage in no other investigative activities other than those directly connected with adjustment of claims against an insurance company or self-insured by which they are employed or with which they have a contract. No insurance adjuster or company may utilize the term "investigation" or any derivative thereof in its company name or in its advertising other than for the handling of insurance claims.

For the purposes of this Code, "insurance adjuster" includes any person expressly authorized to act on behalf of an insurance company or self-insured and any employee thereof who acts or appears to act on behalf of the insurance company or self-insured in matters relating to claims, including but not limited to independent contractors while performing claim services at the direction of the company.

- (5) A person engaged exclusively and employed by a person, firm, association, or corporation in the business of transporting persons or property in interstate commerce and making an investigation related to the business of that employer.
- (6) Any person, watchman, or guard employed exclusively and regularly by one employer in connection with the affairs of that employer only and there exists an employer/employee relationship.
- (7) Any law enforcement officer, as defined in the Illinois Police Training Act, who is certified as a permanent police officer has-successfully-completed-the requirements--of--basic--law--enforcement--and---firearms

training—as—preseribed by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board, while he or she is employed as a security officer by an employer in connection with the affairs of that employer, provided he or she is exclusively employed by the employer during the hours or times he or she is scheduled to work for that employer, regardless of whether there exists an employer and employee relationship or an independent contractor relationship, and the officer has written authorization from his or her employing police department for such employment and—there—exists—an—employer—and—employee relationship.

In this subsection an "employee" is a person who is employed by an employer who has the right to control and the employee who performs the services in question, not only as to the result to be accomplished by the work, but also as to the details and means by which the result is to be accomplished; and an "employer" is any person or entity, with the exception of a private detective, private detective agency, private security contractor, private security contractor agency, private alarm contractor, or private alarm contractor agency, whose purpose it is to hire persons to perform the business of a private detective, private detective agency, private security contractor, private security contractor agency, private alarm contractor, or private alarm contractor agency.

- (8) A person who sells burglar alarm systems and does not install, monitor, maintain, alter, repair, service, or respond to burglar alarm systems at protected premises or premises to be protected, provided:
 - (i) The burglar alarm systems are approved either by Underwriters Laboratories or another authoritative source recognized by the

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- (ii) The owner of the trademark has expressly authorized the person to sell the trademark owner's products, and the person provides proof of this authorization upon the request of the Department.
- (iii) The owner of the trademark maintains, and provides upon the Department's request, a certificate evidencing insurance for bodily injury or property damage arising from faulty or defective products in an amount not less than \$1,000,000 combined single limit; provided that the policy of insurance need not relate exclusively to burglar alarm systems.
- (9) A person who sells, installs, maintains, or repairs automobile alarm systems.
- (9-5) A person, firm, or corporation engaged solely and exclusively in tracing and compiling lineage or ancestry.
- (10) A person employed as either an armed or unarmed security guard at a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission who has completed the background screening and training mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
- (b) Nothing in this Act prohibits any of the following:
- (A) Servicing, installing, repairing, or rebuilding automotive locks by automotive service dealers, as long as they do not hold themselves out to the public as locksmiths.
- (B) Police, fire, or other municipal employees from opening a lock in an emergency situation, as long as they do not hold themselves out to the public as locksmiths.

- (C) Any merchant or retail or hardware store from duplicating keys, from installing, servicing, repairing, rebuilding, reprogramming, or maintaining electronic garage door devices or from selling locks or similar security accessories not prohibited from sale by the State of Illinois, as long as they do not hold themselves out to the public as locksmiths.
 - (D) The installation or removal of complete locks or locking devices by members of the building trades when doing so in the course of residential or commercial new construction or remodeling, as long as they do not hold themselves out to the public as locksmiths.
 - (E) The employees of towing services, repossessors, or auto clubs from opening automotive locks in the normal course of their duties, as long as they do not hold themselves out to the public as locksmiths. Additionally, this Act shall not prohibit employees of towing services from opening motor vehicle locks to enable a vehicle to be moved without towing, provided that the towing service does not hold itself out to the public, by yellow page advertisement, through a sign at the facilities of the towing service, or by any other advertisement, as a locksmith.
 - (F) The practice of locksmithing by students in the course of study in programs approved by the Department, provided that the students do not hold themselves out to the public as locksmiths.
 - (G) Servicing, installing, repairing, or rebuilding locks by a lock manufacturer or anyone employed by a lock manufacturer, as long as they do not hold themselves out to the public as locksmiths.
 - (H) The provision of any of the products or services in the practice of locksmithing as identified in Section 5 of this Act by a business licensed by the State

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- of Illinois as a private alarm contractor or private
 alarm contractor agency, as long as the principal purpose
 of the services provided to a customer is not the
 practice of locksmithing and the business does not hold
 itself out to the public as a locksmith agency.
 - (I) Any maintenance employee of a property management company at a multi-family residential building from servicing, installing, repairing, or opening locks for tenants as long as the maintenance employee does not hold himself or herself out to the public as a locksmith.
 - (J) A person, firm, or corporation from engaging in fire protection engineering, including the design, testing, and inspection of fire protection systems.
 - (K) The practice of professional engineering as defined in the Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989.
 - (L) The practice of structural engineering as defined in the Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989.
 - (M) The practice of architecture as defined in the Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989.
 - (N) The activities of persons or firms licensed under the Illinois Public Accounting Act if performed in the course of their professional practice.
- 25 (c) This Act does not prohibit any persons legally 26 regulated in this State under any other Act from engaging in 27 the practice for which they are licensed, provided that they 28 do not represent themselves by any title prohibited by this 29 Act.
- 30 (Source: P.A. 91-91, eff. 1-1-00; 91-287, eff. 1-1-00; 92-16,
- 31 eff. 6-28-01.)