AN ACT concerning unemployment insurance.
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Be it enacted by the People of the state of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:


#### Abstract

Section 5. The Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by changing Section 401 as follows:


(820 ILCS 405/401) (from Ch. 48, par. 401)
Sec. 401. Weekly Benefit Amount - Dependents' Allowances.
A. With respect to any week beginning prior to April 24, 1983, an individual's weekly benefit amount shall be an amount equal to the weekly benefit amount as defined in this Act as in effect on November 30, 1982.
B. 1. With respect to any week beginning on or after April 24, 1983 and before January 3, 1988, an individual's weekly benefit amount shall be $48 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar; provided, however, that the weekly benefit amount cannot exceed the maximum weekly benefit amount, and cannot be less than $15 \%$ of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar. However, the weekly benefit amount for an individual who has established a benefit year beginning before April 24, 1983, shall be determined, for weeks beginning on or after April 24, 1983 claimed with respect to that benefit year, as provided under this Act as in effect on November 30 , 1982. With respect to any week beginning on or after January 3, 1988 and before January 1, 1993, an individual's weekly benefit amount shall be $49 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar; provided, however, that the weekly benefit amount cannot
exceed the maximum weekly benefit amount, and cannot be less than $\$ 51$. With respect to any week beginning on or after January 3, 1993 and before January 6, 2002, an individual's weekly benefit amount shall be $49.5 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar; provided, however, that the weekly benefit amount cannot exceed the maximum weekly benefit amount and cannot be less than $\$ 51$. With respect to any week beginning on or after January 6, 2002, an individual's weekly benefit amount shall be $50 \%$ of his or her prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of $\$ 1)$ to the next higher dollar; however, the weekly benefit amount may not exceed the maximum weekly benefit amount and may not be less than $\$ 51$.
2. For the purposes of this subsection:

With respect to any week beginning on or after April 24, 1983 and before January 6, 2002, an individual's "prior average weekly wage" means the total wages for insured work paid to that individual during the 2 calendar quarters of his base period in which such total wages were highest, divided by 26 . If the quotient is not already a multiple of one dollar, it shall be rounded to the nearest dollar; however if the quotient is equally near 2 multiples of one dollar, it shall be rounded to the higher multiple of one dollar.

With respect to any week beginning on or after January 6 , 2002, an individual's "prior average weekly wage" means the total wages for insured work paid to that individual during the calendar quarter of his or her base period in which the total wages were highest, divided by 13. If the quotient is not already a multiple of $\$ 1$, it shall be rounded to the nearest dollar; however, if the quotient is equally near 2 multiples of $\$ 1$, it shall be rounded to the higher multiple of $\$ 1$.
"Determination date" means June 1, 1982, December 1, 1982
and December 1 of each succeeding calendar year thereafter. However, if as of June 30, 1982, or any June 30 thereafter, the net amount standing to the credit of this State's account in the unemployment trust fund (less all outstanding advances to that account, including advances pursuant to Title XII of the federal Social Security Act) is greater than \$100,000,000, "determination date" shall mean December 1 of that year and June 1 of the succeeding year. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, for the purposes of this Act only, there shall be no June 1 determination date in any year after 1986.
"Determination period" means, with respect to each June 1 determination date, the 12 consecutive calendar months ending on the immediately preceding December 31 and, with respect to each December 1 determination date, the 12 consecutive calendar months ending on the immediately preceding June 30.
"Benefit period" means the 12 consecutive calendar month period beginning on the first day of the first calendar month immediately following a determination date, except that, with respect to any calendar year in which there is a June 1 determination date, "benefit period" shall mean the 6 consecutive calendar month period beginning on the first day of the first calendar month immediately following the preceding December 1 determination date and the 6 consecutive calendar month period beginning on the first day of the first calendar month immediately following the June 1 determination date. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, the 6 calendar months beginning January 1, 1982 and ending June 30, 1982 shall be deemed a benefit period with respect to which the determination date shall be June 1, 1981.
"Gross wages" means all the wages paid to individuals during the determination period immediately preceding a determination date for insured work, and reported to the Director by employers prior to the first day of the third
calendar month preceding that date.
"Covered employment" for any calendar month means the total number of individuals, as determined by the Director, engaged in insured work at mid-month.
"Average monthly covered employment" means one-twelfth of the sum of the covered employment for the 12 months of a determination period.
"Statewide average annual wage" means the quotient, obtained by dividing gross wages by average monthly covered employment for the same determination period, rounded (if not already a multiple of one cent) to the nearest cent.
"Statewide average weekly wage" means the quotient, obtained by dividing the statewide average annual wage by 52 , rounded (if not already a multiple of one cent) to the nearest cent. Notwithstanding any provisions of this Section to the contrary, the statewide average weekly wage for the benefit period beginning July 1, 1982 and ending December 31, 1982 shall be the statewide average weekly wage in effect for the immediately preceding benefit period plus one-half of the result obtained by subtracting the statewide average weekly wage for the immediately preceding benefit period from the statewide average weekly wage for the benefit period beginning July 1, 1982 and ending December 31, 1982 as such statewide average weekly wage would have been determined but for the provisions of this paragraph. Notwithstanding any provisions of this Section to the contrary, the statewide average weekly wage for the benefit period beginning April 24, 1983 and ending January 31, 1984 shall be $\$ 321$ and for the benefit period beginning February 1, 1984 and ending December 31, 1986 shall be $\$ 335$, and for the benefit period beginning January 1, 1987, and ending December 31, 1987, shall be $\$ 350$, except that for an individual who has established a benefit year beginning before April 24, 1983, the statewide average weekly wage used in determining
benefits, for any week beginning on or after April 24, 1983, claimed with respect to that benefit year, shall be $\$ 334.80$, except that, for the purpose of determining the minimum weekly benefit amount under subsection $B(1)$ for the benefit period beginning January 1, 1987, and ending December 31, 1987, the statewide average weekly wage shall be $\$ 335$; for the benefit periods January 1, 1988 through December 31, 1988, January 1, 1989 through December 31, 1989, and January 1, 1990 through December 31, 1990, the statewide average weekly wage shall be $\$ 359$, $\$ 381$, and $\$ 406$, respectively. Notwithstanding the preceding sentences of this paragraph, for the benefit period of calendar year 1991, the statewide average weekly wage shall be $\$ 406$ plus (or minus) an amount equal to the percentage change in the statewide average weekly wage, as computed in accordance with the preceding sentences of this paragraph, between the benefit periods of calendar years 1989 and 1990, multiplied by $\$ 406$; and, for the benefit periods of calendar years 1992 through 2003 and calendar year 2005 and each calendar year thereafter, the statewide average weekly wage, shall be the statewide average weekly wage, as determined in accordance with this sentence, for the immediately preceding benefit period plus (or minus) an amount equal to the percentage change in the statewide average weekly wage, as computed in accordance with the preceding sentences of this paragraph, between the 2 immediately preceding benefit periods, multiplied by the statewide average weekly wage, as determined in accordance with this sentence, for the immediately preceding benefit period. For the benefit period of 2004 , the statewide average weekly wage shall be $\$ 600$. Provided however, that for any benefit period after December 31, 1990, if 2 of the following 3 factors occur, then the statewide average weekly wage shall be the statewide average weekly wage in effect for the immediately preceding benefit period: (a) the average
contribution rate for all employers in this state for the calendar year 2 years prior to the benefit period, as a ratio of total contribution payments (including payments in lieu of contributions) to total wages reported by employers in this State for that same period is $0.2 \%$ greater than the national average of this ratio, the foregoing to be determined in accordance with rules promulgated by the Director; (b) the balance in this State's account in the unemployment trust fund, as of March 31 of the prior calendar year, is less than $\$ 250,000,000 ;$ or (c) the number of first payments of initial claims, as determined in accordance with rules promulgated by the Director, for the one year period ending on June 30 of the prior year, has increased more than $25 \%$ over the average number of such payments during the 5 year period ending that same June 30; and provided further that if (a), (b) and (c) occur, then the statewide average weekly wage, as determined in accordance with the preceding sentence, shall be 10\% less than it would have been but for these provisions. If the reduced amount, computed in accordance with the preceding sentence, is not already a multiple of one dollar, it shall be rounded to the nearest dollar. The $10 \%$ reduction in the statewide average weekly wage in the preceding sentence shall not be in effect for more than 2 benefit periods of any 5 consecutive benefit periods. This $10 \%$ reduction shall not be cumulative from year to year. Neither the freeze nor the reduction shall be considered in the determination of subsequent years' calculations of statewide average weekly wage. However, for purposes of the Workers' Compensation Act, the statewide average weekly wage will be computed using June 1 and December 1 determination dates of each calendar year and such determination shall not be subject to the limitation of $\$ 321, \$ 335, \$ 350, \$ 359, \$ 381, \$ 406$ or the statewide average weekly wage as computed in accordance with the preceding 7 sentences of this paragraph.

With respect to any week beginning on or after April 24, 1983 and before January 3, 1988, "maximum weekly benefit amount" means 48\% of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the nearest dollar, provided however, that the maximum weekly benefit amount for an individual who has established a benefit year beginning before April 24, 1983, shall be determined, for weeks beginning on or after April 24, 1983 claimed with respect to that benefit year, as provided under this Act as amended and in effect on November 30, 1982, except that the statewide average weekly wage used in such determination shall be $\$ 334.80$.

With respect to any week beginning after January 2, 1988 and before January 1, 1993, "maximum weekly benefit amount" with respect to each week beginning within a benefit period means 49\% of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar.

With respect to any week beginning on or after January 3, 1993 and before January 6, 2002, "maximum weekly benefit amount" with respect to each week beginning within a benefit period means 49.5\% of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar. With respect to any week beginning on or after January 6, 2002, "maximum weekly benefit amount", with respect to each week beginning within a benefit period, means 50\% of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of $\$ 1$ ) to the next higher dollar.
C. With respect to any week beginning on or after April 24, 1983 and before January 3, 1988, an individual to whom benefits are payable with respect to any week shall, in addition to such benefits, be paid, with respect to such week, as follows: in the case of an individual with a nonworking spouse, $7 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage,
rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the higher dollar; provided, that the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week shall not exceed 55\% of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the nearest dollar; and in the case of an individual with a dependent child or dependent children, $14.4 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the higher dollar; provided, that the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week shall not exceed 62.4\% of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar with respect to the benefit period beginning January 1, 1987 and ending December 31, 1987, and otherwise to the nearest dollar. However, for an individual with a nonworking spouse or with a dependent child or children who has established a benefit year beginning before April 24 , 1983, the amount of additional benefits payable on account of the nonworking spouse or dependent child or children shall be determined, for weeks beginning on or after April 24,1983 claimed with respect to that benefit year, as provided under this Act as in effect on November 30, 1982, except that the statewide average weekly wage used in such determination shall be $\$ 334.80$.

With respect to any week beginning on or after January 2 , 1988 and before January 1, 1991 and any week beginning on or after January 1, 1992, and before January 1, 1993, an individual to whom benefits are payable with respect to any week shall, in addition to those benefits, be paid, with respect to such week, as follows: in the case of an individual with a nonworking spouse, $8 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar, provided, that the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week
shall not exceed $57 \%$ of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar; and in the case of an individual with a dependent child or dependent children, 15\% of his prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar, provided that the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week shall not exceed $64 \%$ of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar.

With respect to any week beginning on or after January 1, 1991 and before January 1, 1992, an individual to whom benefits are payable with respect to any week shall, in addition to the benefits, be paid, with respect to such week, as follows: in the case of an individual with a nonworking spouse, $8.3 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar, provided, that the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week shall not exceed $57.3 \%$ of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar; and in the case of an individual with a dependent child or dependent children, $15.3 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar, provided that the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week shall not exceed 64.3\% of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar.

With respect to any week beginning on or after January 3, 1993 and before January 6, 2002, an individual to whom benefits are payable with respect to any week shall, in addition to those benefits, be paid, with respect to such week, as follows: in the case of an individual with a nonworking spouse, $9 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage,
rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar, provided, that the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week shall not exceed 58.5\% of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar; and in the case of an individual with a dependent child or dependent children, $16 \%$ of his prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar, provided that the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week shall not exceed 65.5\% of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of one dollar) to the next higher dollar.

With respect to any week beginning on or after January 6 , 2002, an individual to whom benefits are payable with respect to any week shall, in addition to those benefits, be paid, with respect to that week, as follows: in the case of an individual with a non-working spouse, $10 \%$ of his or her prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of \$1) to the next higher dollar; however, the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week may not exceed $60 \%$ of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of $\$ 1$ ) to the next higher dollar; and in the case of an individual with a dependent child or dependent children, $162 / 3 \%$ of his or her prior average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of $\$ 1$ ) to the next higher dollar; however, the total amount payable to the individual with respect to a week shall not exceed $662 / 3 \%$ of the statewide average weekly wage, rounded (if not already a multiple of $\$ 1$ ) to the next higher dollar.

For the purposes of this subsection:
"Dependent" means a child or a nonworking spouse.
"Child" means a natural child, stepchild, or adopted child of an individual claiming benefits under this Act or a child who is in the custody of any such individual by court
order, for whom the individual is supplying and, for at least 90 consecutive days (or for the duration of the parental relationship if it has existed for less than 90 days) immediately preceding any week with respect to which the individual has filed a claim, has supplied more than one-half the cost of support, or has supplied at least $1 / 4$ of the cost of support if the individual and the other parent, together, are supplying and, during the aforesaid period, have supplied more than one-half the cost of support, and are, and were during the aforesaid period, members of the same household; and who, on the first day of such week (a) is under 18 years of age, or (b) is, and has been during the immediately preceding 90 days, unable to work because of illness or other disability: provided, that no person who has been determined to be a child of an individual who has been allowed benefits with respect to a week in the individual's benefit year shall be deemed to be a child of the other parent, and no other person shall be determined to be a child of such other parent, during the remainder of that benefit year.
"Nonworking spouse" means the lawful husband or wife of an individual claiming benefits under this Act, for whom more than one-half the cost of support has been supplied by the individual for at least 90 consecutive days (or for the duration of the marital relationship if it has existed for less than 90 days) immediately preceding any week with respect to which the individual has filed a claim, but only if the nonworking spouse is currently ineligible to receive benefits under this Act by reason of the provisions of Section 500E.

An individual who was obligated by law to provide for the support of a child or of a nonworking spouse for the aforesaid period of 90 consecutive days, but was prevented by illness or injury from doing so, shall be deemed to have provided more than one-half the cost of supporting the child
or nonworking spouse for that period.

