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1

AN ACT with respect to taxation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing
Sections 6z-18 and 6z-20 as follows:

6 (30 ILCS 105/6z-18) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-18)

Sec. 6z-18. A portion of the money paid into the Local 7 8 Government Tax Fund from sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold 9 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which 10 has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription 11 and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and 12 13 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics, which occurred in municipalities, shall be 14 15 distributed to each municipality based upon the sales which 16 occurred in that municipality. The remainder shall be distributed to each county based upon the sales which 17 18 occurred in the unincorporated area of that county.

19 A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax 20 Fund from the 6.25% general use tax rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside 21 22 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by any agency of this State's government shall be 23 distributed to municipalities as provided in this paragraph. 24 Each municipality shall receive the amount attributable to 25 sales for which Illinois addresses 26 for titling or 27 registration purposes are given being in such as municipality. The remainder of the money paid into the Local 28 Government Tax Fund from such sales shall be distributed to 29 Each county shall receive the amount attributable 30 counties. to sales for which Illinois addresses for titling 31 or

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registration purposes are given as being located in the
 unincorporated area of such county.

A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax 3 4 Fund from the 6.25% general rate (and, beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel 5 б and gasohol, and, beginning July 1, 2001 and as long as it remains at that rate, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and 7 8 gasohol in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties) on sales 9 subject to taxation under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act, which occurred in 10 11 municipalities, shall be distributed to each municipality, based upon the sales which occurred in that municipality. The 12 remainder shall be distributed to each county, based upon the 13 sales which occurred in the unincorporated area of such 14 15 county.

16 For the purpose of determining allocation to the local government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other 17 mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place 18 19 where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to 20 21 coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the 22 seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that 23 the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce. 24

25 Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund should be made to a 26 instead of issuing a credit 27 claimant memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall 28 29 cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to 30 the person named, in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the 31 32 Local Government Tax Fund.

33 On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the 34 Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the

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1 disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities and counties, the municipalities and counties to be those 2 entitled to distribution of taxes or penalties paid to the 3 4 Department during the second preceding calendar month. The 5 amount to be paid to each municipality or county shall be the 6 amount (not including credit memoranda) collected during the 7 second preceding calendar month by the Department and paid 8 into the Local Government Tax Fund, plus an amount the 9 Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and 10 11 not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, 12 and not including any amount which the Department determines 13 is necessary to offset any amounts which are payable to 14 а 15 different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the 16 municipality or county. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to 17 the 18 municipalities and counties, provided for in this Section to 19 the Comptroller by the Department, be given to the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the 20 21 respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification. 22

23 When certifying the amount of monthly disbursement to а municipality or county under this Section, the Department 24 25 shall increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. 26 The 27 offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding the time a misallocation is 28 29 discovered.

30 The provisions directing the distributions from the 31 special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this 32 Section shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing 33 appropriation of all amounts as provided herein. The State 34 Treasurer and State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make

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1 distributions as provided in this Section.

2 In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation, preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to 3 4 September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from 5 a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or 6 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such description or reference shall be deemed to include the 7 replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, 8 distributed 9 from the Local Government Tax Fund.

10 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 11 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

12 (30 ILCS 105/6z-20) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-20)

Sec. 6z-20. Of the money received from the 6.25% general 13 14 rate (and, beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 15 2000, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and gasohol, and, beginning July 1, 2001 and as long as it remains at that 16 17 rate, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, 18 Monroe, and St. Clair Counties) on sales subject to taxation Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Service 19 under the 20 Occupation Tax Act and paid into the County and Mass Transit 21 District Fund, distribution to the Regional Transportation 22 Authority tax fund, created pursuant to Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act, for deposit therein 23 24 shall be made based upon the retail sales occurring in a county having more than 3,000,000 inhabitants. The remainder 25 shall be distributed to each county having 3,000,000 or fewer 26 inhabitants based upon the retail sales occurring in each 27 28 such county.

For the purpose of determining allocation to the local government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to

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1 coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the 2 seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that 3 the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a 4 sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

5 Of the money received from the 6.25% general use tax rate 6 on tangible personal property which is purchased outside 7 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by any agency of this State's government and paid 8 9 into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the amount for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration 10 11 purposes are given as being in each county having more than 3,000,000 inhabitants shall be distributed into the Regional 12 Transportation Authority tax fund, created pursuant 13 to Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act. 14 The remainder of the money paid from such sales shall 15 be 16 distributed to each county based on sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as 17 18 being located in the county. Any money paid into the 19 Regional Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax Replacement Fund from the County and Mass Transit District 20 Fund prior to January 14, 1991, which has not been paid to 21 22 the Authority prior to that date, shall be transferred to the 23 Regional Transportation Authority tax fund.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money 24 25 paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund should be made to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, 26 the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who 27 shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to 28 the person named, in such notification from the Department. 29 30 Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the County and Mass Transit District Fund. 31

32 On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the 33 Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the 34 disbursement of stated sums of money to the Regional

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1 Transportation Authority and to named counties, the counties 2 to be those entitled to distribution, as hereinabove provided, of taxes or penalties paid to the Department during 3 4 the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid 5 to the Regional Transportation Authority and each county 6 having 3,000,000 or fewer inhabitants shall be the amount 7 (not including credit memoranda) collected during the second preceding calendar month by the Department and paid into the 8 9 County and Mass Transit District Fund, plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts 10 11 which were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and 12 not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, 13 and not including any amount which the Department determines 14 is necessary to offset any amounts which were payable to a 15 16 different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the Regional Transportation Authority or county. Within 10 days 17 after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement 18 19 certification to the Regional Transportation Authority and counties, provided for in this Section to be given to the 20 21 Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause 22 the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in 23 accordance with the directions contained in such 24 certification.

25 When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to 26 the Regional Transportation Authority or to a county under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease that 27 amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of 28 The offset amount shall be 29 previous disbursements. the 30 amount erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding the time a misallocation is discovered. 31

32 The provisions directing the distributions from the 33 special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this 34 Section and from the Regional Transportation Authority tax

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fund created by Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation of all amounts as provided herein. The State Treasurer and State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make distributions as provided in this Section.

6 In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation, 7 preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from 8 9 a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such 10 11 description or reference shall be deemed to include the replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed 12 from the County and Mass Transit District Fund or Local 13 Government Distributive Fund, as the case may be. 14

15 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

Section 10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

18 (35 ILCS 105/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.3-10)

19 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in 20 this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 21 6.25% of either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of the tangible personal property. In all cases 22 23 where property functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is 24 imposed on the selling price of the property. In all 25 cases where property functionally used or consumed is a by-product 26 27 or waste product that has been refined, manufactured, or 28 produced from property purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market value, if any, of the 29 30 specific property so used in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. For purposes of 31 this Section "fair market value" means the price at which 32

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1 property would change hands between a willing buyer and a 2 willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the relevant 3 4 facts. The fair market value shall be established by Illinois 5 sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that б functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales 7 by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of like kind and character in Illinois. 8

9 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, 10 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the 11 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 12 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

13 Beginning on July 1, 2001, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and 14 gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40, the tax is imposed in 15 16 Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties at the rate of 1.25%. 17 If, however, the aggregate tax revenues from motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties under the 18 19 Motor Fuel Tax Law during the period from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2003 are not at least 15% more than the 20 aggregate tax revenues in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair 21 22 Counties from motor fuel and gasohol under that Law during the period from July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2001 as 23 determined by the Department under Section 2-11 of the 24 25 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, then beginning July 1, 2004 26 the tax is imposed on motor fuel and gasohol at the 6.25% general rate. The changes made to this Section by this 27 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly are exempt from 28 29 Section 3-90.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, and to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

34 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be

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1 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 2 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 3 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 4 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 5 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 6 7 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 8 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes 9 of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, 10 finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether 11 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 12 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 13 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or 14 15 sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size. 16 "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in 17 the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks 18 19 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food 21 for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises 22 where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending 23 machine, except soft drinks and food products that are 24 dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the 25 location of the vending machine.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

33 (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98; 34 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

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(35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)

2 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered 3 4 with an agency of this State, each retailer required or 5 authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act shall pay б to the Department the amount of such tax (except as otherwise 7 provided) at the time when he is required to file his return 8 for the period during which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and 9 after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is 10 11 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, 12 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 13 data to the Department on request. In the case of retailers 14 15 who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction 16 basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such 17 retailer files his periodic return. A retailer need not 18 19 remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to remit and does remit the tax imposed 20 by the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the 21 22 sale of the same property.

23 Where such tangible personal property is sold under а conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 24 25 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the 26 return is filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax 27 (except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that 28 are required to be registered with an agency of this State), 29 30 may collect for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of the selling price actually 31 32 received during such tax return period.

33 Except as provided in this Section, on or before the 34 twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall

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file a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish such information as the Department may reasonably require.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a 5 б quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 7 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. 8 9 The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or 10 11 before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, 12 stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

14 2. The address of the principal place of business
15 from which he engages in the business of selling tangible
16 personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d ofthis Act;

24

5. The amount of tax due;

25 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

26 6. Such other reasonable information as the27 Department may require.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

32 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 33 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 34 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

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funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 1 2 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by 3 4 electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a 5 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 6 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the 7 Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of 8 \$200,000 9 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual 10 11 tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities this Act, and under all other State and local 12 under occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, 13 the immediately preceding calendar year. The 14 for term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of 15 the 16 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by 17 18 the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 19 divided by 12.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

33 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 34 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the

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1 requirements of this Section.

2 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department under this Act, 3 tax the 4 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax 5 the Service Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the Act, 6 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a 7 return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the 8 month next following the month during which such tax 9 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of 10 11 the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax 12 liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' 13 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and 14 the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 15 16 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next 17 18 following the month during which such tax liability is 19 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during 20 21 which such liability is incurred. If the month during which 22 such tax liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 23 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or an amount set by 24 the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly 25 liability of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 26 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest 27 liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter 28 If the month during which such tax liability is 29 period). 30 incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 31 32 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month 33 of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax 34

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1 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, and 2 prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 3 4 month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 5 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during 6 which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 7 January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 8 amount 9 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the equal to the taxpayer's liability for the same 10 month or 25% of 11 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 12 January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment 13 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual 14 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability 15 16 for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 17 the quarter monthly period. 18 The amount of such quarter monthly reporting 19 payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 20 21 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of 22 quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue 23 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 24 25 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 26 lowest taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department 27 as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding 28 complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. 29 30 However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 31 32 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 33 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such 34

1 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such 2 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter 3 4 monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such 5 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during б the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the 7 month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) 8 is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly 9 liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period 10 11 is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's 12 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate 13 that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably 14 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold 15 16 stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. 17 The 18 Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status 19 unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and 20 not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly 21 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by 22 this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties 23 and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and 24 25 timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of 26 27 the minimum payments previously due as provided in this The Department shall make reasonable rules and 28 Section. 29 regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and 30 quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis. 31

If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the

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1 Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, 2 Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit the memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment, 3 4 which memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the 5 Department in payment of tax liability subsequently to be б remitted by the taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by 7 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act 8 9 the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable or rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department, 10 11 except that if such excess payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made after December 31, 1986, no credit 12 memorandum shall be issued, unless requested by the taxpayer. 13 If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such 14 excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be 15 16 remitted by the taxpayer to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax 17 Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable 18 19 rules and regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of 20 21 the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced 22 23 by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be liable for 24 25 penalties and interest on such difference.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 26 27 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 28 29 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 30 with the return for January, February, and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for 31 32 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of 33 a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with 34

the return for October, November and December of a given year
 being due by January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

9 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 10 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as 11 monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision 12 in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his 13 return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a 14 15 kind of business which makes him responsible for filing 16 returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one 17 month after discontinuing such business. 18

19 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered 20 21 with an agency of this State, every retailer selling this 22 kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the 23 Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible 24 25 personal property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of 26 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than 27 one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another 28 29 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for 30 the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than 31 32 one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided 33 in Section 3-55 of this Act, then that seller may report the 34

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transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

8 The transaction reporting return in the case of motor 9 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as 10 the 11 Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the 12 seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of 13 the selling price including the amount allowed by the 14 retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed 15 16 by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows 17 an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance 18 19 payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer 20 21 with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected 22 from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or 23 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the 24 25 place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in 26 Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other 27 information as the Department may reasonably require. 28

The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property,

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1 if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows 2 an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the 3 4 total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer 5 with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected 6 from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or 7 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); 8 the 9 place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other information as 10 the 11 Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not 12 later than 20 days after the date of delivery of the 13 item being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any 14 that is time sooner than that if he chooses to do 15 so. The 16 transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax that is imposed by this Act may be 17 18 transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with 19 which, or State officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling 20 or 21 registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine that this procedure will expedite 22 23 the processing of applications for title or registration.

With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 24 25 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 26 27 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax 28 29 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is 30 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State 31 32 officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible 33 personal property that is involved (if titling or 34 registration is required) in support of such purchaser's

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application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of
 title or registration to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this 3 4 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the 5 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other 6 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration 7 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user 8 has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The 9 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph. 10

11 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment 12 of tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before 13 the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user 14 has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify 15 16 to the fact of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the satisfied 17 Department being of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the 18 19 transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or 20 proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his 21 tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the 22 transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax 23 payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but 24 25 without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this 26 Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount 27 to and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax 28 29 had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the

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1 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When 2 filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the 3 4 tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use 5 tax which such retailer may be required to pay or remit to 6 the Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the 7 tax to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department 8 by such retailer. If the retailer has not previously 9 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no deduction under this Act upon refunding such 10 11 tax to the purchaser.

Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall 12 13 also include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax covered by such return upon the selling price of 14 tangible personal property purchased by him at retail from a 15 16 retailer, but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected from the retailer filing such return, and such 17 retailer shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department 18 19 when filing such return.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable retailers, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by both Acts on the one form.

Where the retailer has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration under this Act, such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

32 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 33 shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a 34 special fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created,

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1 the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% 2 tax on sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 3 4 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 5 6 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used 7 8 by diabetics.

9 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 10 shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% 11 of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 12 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 13 property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a 14 retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of 15 this State's government.

16 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a 17 special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue 18 19 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property, other 20 than tangible personal property which is purchased outside 21 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or 22 23 registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2001, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month form the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department
shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net

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revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 6 7 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 8 2.2% 9 and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if 10 in 11 any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department 12 and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant 13 to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 14 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and 15 16 Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 17 2.2% 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter 18 or called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred 19 to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax 20 21 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount 22 (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 23 Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received 24 25 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the 26 sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into 27 the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund 28 29 during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local 30 Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the 31 32 Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from 33 other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax 34

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1 Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 2 payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to 3 4 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater 5 of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount 6 for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts 7 payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) 8 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount 9 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 10 11 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 12 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 13 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and 14 on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all 15 fees 16 and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. 17 If on the last 18 business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding 19 pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in 20 the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the 21 amount required to be transferred in such month from 22 the 23 Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of 24 the 25 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 26 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois 27 Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build 28 Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence 29 30 shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount 31 32 otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) 33 of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the 34 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim
 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond
 Act.

4 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 5 Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any 6 amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified 7 monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 8 9 Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated 10 11 as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of 12 the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 13 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act 14 into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the 15 16 specified fiscal years.

17	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
18	1993	\$0
19	1994	53,000,000
20	1995	58,000,000
21	1996	61,000,000
22	1997	64,000,000
23	1998	68,000,000
24	1999	71,000,000
25	2000	75,000,000
26	2001	80,000,000
27	2002	84,000,000
28	2003	89,000,000
29	2004	93,000,000
30	2005	97,000,000
31	2006	102,000,000
32	2007	108,000,000
33	2008	115,000,000
34	2009	120,000,000

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1 2010 126,000,000 2 2011 132,000,000 2012 138,000,000 3 4 2013 and 145,000,000 each fiscal year 5 thereafter that bonds 6 7 are outstanding under

8 Section 13.2 of the

9 Metropolitan Pier and

10 Exposition Authority

11 Act, but not after fiscal year 2029.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 12 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 13 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 14 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 15 16 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 17 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 18 19 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, 20 21 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, 22 23 but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited. 24

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant 26 to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto 27 hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into 28 the Local Government Distributive Fund .4% of the net revenue 29 30 realized for the preceding month from the 5% general rate, or .4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding 31 32 month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may be, on the selling price of tangible personal property which amount 33 shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as provided 34

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in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No payments or distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be made if the tax imposed by this Act on photoprocessing products is declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds from such tax are unavailable for distribution because of litigation.

6 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 7 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the 8 Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding 9 paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay 10 into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net 11 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 12 13 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 14 property.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

21 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 22 upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the 23 Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax 24 25 Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. 26 Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required 27 and shall not be made. 28

29 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 30 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 31 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 32 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail

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1 in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may 2 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to 3 4 such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement. 5 6 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-99; 90-612, eff. 7-8-98; eff. 7-1-99; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-101, eff. 7 91-37, 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00; 91-901, 8 9 eff. 1-1-01; revised 8-30-00.)

Section 15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

12 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

13 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in 14 this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 15 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property 16 transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for 17 the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the 18 selling price be less than the cost price of the property to 19 the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

24 Beginning on July 1, 2001, with respect to motor fuel, as 25 defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the 26 27 tax is imposed in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties at 28 the rate of 1.25%. If, however, the aggregate tax revenues 29 from motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair 30 Counties under the Motor Fuel Tax Law during the period from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2003 are not at least 15% more 31 32 than the aggregate tax revenues in Madison, Monroe, and St.

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1 Clair Counties from motor fuel and gasohol under that Law during the period from July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2001 as 2 3 determined by the Department under Section 2-11 of the 4 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, then beginning July 1, 2004 the tax is imposed on motor fuel and gasohol at the 6.25% 5 general rate. The changes made to this Section by this 6 7 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly are exempt from 8 Section 3-75.

9 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, 10 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 70% of the selling 11 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of 12 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, 13 and to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

At the election of any registered serviceman made 14 for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate 15 16 annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 17 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs 18 or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the 19 aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of 20 21 service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the 22 serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property 23 transferred as an incident to the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food 24 25 prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service 26 Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital 27 Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, or the Child Care 28 29 Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% 30 on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 31 32 soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 33 34 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs,

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1 medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the 2 purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used 3 4 by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this 5 Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 6 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 7 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, 8 vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 9 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, 10 11 carton, or container, regardless of size. "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, 12 infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A 13 Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 14 15 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

22 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is 23 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under 24 25 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable 26 allowance for depreciation for 27 the period of prior out-of-state use. 28

29 (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98; 30 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 31 7-1-00.)

32 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)
33 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to

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1 collect the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department 2 the amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he is required to file his return for the period 3 4 during which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 5 6 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is 7 allowed to reimburse the serviceman for expenses incurred in 8 collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing 9 remitting the tax and supplying data to returns, the Department on request. A serviceman need not remit that part 10 11 of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service Occupation 12 Tax Act with respect to his sale of service involving the 13 incidental transfer by him of the same property. 14

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on 15 or 16 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar 17 month in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations 18 to 19 be promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such 20 21 information as the Department may reasonably require.

22 The Department may require returns to be filed on а 23 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of 24 the 25 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for 26 each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or 27 before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, 28 29 stating:

30

1. The name of the seller;

31 2. The address of the principal place of business
32 from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this
33 State;

34

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by

him during the preceding calendar month, including
 receipts from charge and time sales, but less all
 deductions allowed by law;

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4 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of5 this Act;

6

7

5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

8 6. Such other reasonable information as the9 Department may require.

10 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 11 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 12 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to 13 be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 14 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall 15 make all 16 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who 17 18 has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more 19 shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a 20 21 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the 22 23 Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 24 25 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual 26 tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities 27 this Act, and under all other State and local 28 under 29 occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, 30 for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of 31 the 32 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by 33 the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 34

1 divided by 12.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

8 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 9 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 10 with the permission of the Department.

11 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic 12 funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily 13 make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those 14 payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

15 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 16 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 17 requirements of this Section.

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly 18 19 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 20 21 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 22 with the return for January, February and March of a given 23 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of 24 25 such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with 26 the return for October, November and December of a given year 27 being due by January 20 of the following year. 28

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January of the following year.

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Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as
 monthly returns.

4 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his 5 6 return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in 7 a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final 8 9 return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business. 10

11 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser 12 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds 13 the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman 14 shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected 15 16 from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman 17 18 may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the 19 purchaser from any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers' occupation tax or use tax which such 20 21 serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the amount of the tax 22 23 to be deducted shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not 24 25 previously have remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder 26 upon refunding such tax to the purchaser. 27

Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

33 If experience indicates such action to be practicable,34 the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or

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joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by both Acts on the one form.

5 Where the serviceman has more than one business 6 registered with the Department under separate registration 7 hereunder, such serviceman shall not file each return that is 8 due as a single return covering all such registered 9 businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such 10 registered business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 11 shall pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special 12 fund in the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the 13 preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human 14 15 consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it 16 is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and 17 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 18 19 appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. 20

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 21 shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% 22 23 of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the rate on transfers of tangible personal 24 6.25% general 25 property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and 26 which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's 27 28 government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2001, each month the Department shall
 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of

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1 the net revenue realized for the preceding month form the 2 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol in 3 Madison, Monroe and St. Clair Counties.

4 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into 5 6 the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be 7 paid 8 into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, 9 as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department 10 11 and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 12 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and 13 Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being 14 hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% 15 16 or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred 17 to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax 18 19 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 20 21 Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately 22 paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received 23 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the 24 25 sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund 26 during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such 27 month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local 28 29 Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the 30 Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from 31 32 other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 33 34 payments required under the preceding proviso result in

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1 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to 2 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount 3 4 for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts 5 payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) б shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount 7 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act 8 is 9 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 10 11 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and 12 on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees 13 and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by 14 15 the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. If on the last 16 business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the 17 moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the 18 19 Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the 20 21 Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 22 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 23 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency immediately paid from other moneys received by the 24 shall be 25 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build 26 Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this 27 sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) 28 29 of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount 30 otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the 31 32 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim 33 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 34

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1 Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 2 3 Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any 4 amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified 5 monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 6 7 Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated 8 9 as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from 10 collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 11 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act 12 into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the 13 14 specified fiscal years.

15	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
16	1993	\$0
17	1994	53,000,000
18	1995	58,000,000
19	1996	61,000,000
20	1997	64,000,000
21	1998	68,000,000
22	1999	71,000,000
23	2000	75,000,000
24	2001	80,000,000
25	2002	84,000,000
26	2003	89,000,000
27	2004	93,000,000
28	2005	97,000,000
29	2006	102,000,000
30	2007	108,000,000
31	2008	115,000,000
32	2009	120,000,000
33	2010	126,000,000
34	2011	132,000,000

138,000,000

145,000,000

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2 2013 and

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3 each fiscal year

4 thereafter that bonds

2012

5 are outstanding under

6 Section 13.2 of the

7 Metropolitan Pier and

8 Exposition Authority Act,

9 but not after fiscal year 2029.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 10 11 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 12 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 13 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 14 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 15 16 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 17 required under this Section for previous months and years, 18 19 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, 20 21 but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited. 22

23 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant 24 25 to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into 26 the Local Government Distributive Fund 0.4% of the net 27 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5% general 28 rate or 0.4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 29 30 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may be, on the selling price of tangible personal property which 31 32 amount shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as provided in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No 33 34 payments or distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be 1 made if the tax imposed by this Act on photo processing 2 products is declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds 3 from such tax are unavailable for distribution because of 4 litigation.

5 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois б Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the 7 Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding 8 paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, 9 beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net 10 11 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 12 13 property.

All remaining moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 17 certification of the Department of Revenue, 18 upon the 19 Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax 20 21 Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. 22 Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required 23 and shall not be made. 24

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

29 (Source: P.A. 90-612, eff. 7-8-98; 91-37, eff. 7-1-99; 91-51, 30 eff. 6-30-99; 91-101, eff. 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 31 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

32 Section 20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by 33 changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

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(35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

2 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 3 4 6.25% of the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. 5 For the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the 6 7 "selling price" be less than the cost price to the serviceman 8 of the tangible personal property transferred. The selling 9 price of each item of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a sale of service may be shown as a 10 11 distinct and separate item on the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the selling price is not so shown, the 12 13 selling price of the tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the serviceman's entire billing to the service 14 15 customer. When, however, a serviceman contracts to design, 16 develop, and produce special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based 17 on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property 18 19 transferred incident to the completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

24 Beginning on July 1, 2001, with respect to motor fuel, as 25 defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the 26 27 tax is imposed in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties at the rate of 1.25%. If, however, the aggregate tax revenues 28 29 from motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties under the Motor Fuel Tax Law during the period from 30 31 July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2003 are not at least 15% more than the aggregate tax revenues in Madison, Monroe, and St. 32 Clair Counties from motor fuel and gasohol under that Law 33 during the period from July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2001 as 34

determined by the Department under Section 2-11 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, then beginning July 1, 2004 the tax is imposed on motor fuel and gasohol at the 6.25% general rate. The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly are exempt from Section 3-55.

7 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, 8 the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to 70% of the cost 9 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of 10 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, 11 and to 100% of the cost price thereafter.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for 12 each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate 13 annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred 14 an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 15 16 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the 17 aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of 18 19 service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property 20 21 transferred incident to the sale of those services.

22 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food 23 prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service 24 25 Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, or the Child Care 26 Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% 27 on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 28 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 29 30 soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 31 32 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, and medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the 33 purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and 34

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1 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used 2 by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 3 4 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 5 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, 6 vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 7 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description 8 that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or 9 container, regardless of size. "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 10 11 milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized 12 Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice. 13

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

20 (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98;
21 91-51, 6-30-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

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(35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

Each serviceman required or authorized to 23 Sec. 9. 24 collect the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount of such tax at the time when he is required to 25 file his return for the period during which such tax was 26 collectible, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 27 28 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to 29 reimburse the serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting 30 31 the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, 32 remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on 33 request.

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1 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 2 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, 3 4 is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may 5 collect, for each tax return period, only the tax applicable 6 7 to the part of the selling price actually received during 8 such tax return period.

9 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such 10 11 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to 12 be promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return 13 shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and 14 15 shall contain such information as the Department may 16 reasonably require.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a 17 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 18 19 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. 20 21 The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for 22 each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or 23 before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, 24 stating:

25

1. The name of the seller;

26 2. The address of the principal place of business
27 from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this
28 State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by
him during the preceding calendar month, including
receipts from charge and time sales, but less all
deductions allowed by law;

33 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of34 this Act;

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1 2 5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

3 6. Such other reasonable information as the4 Department may require.

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If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

9 A serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use 10 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if 11 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as 12 required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. 13 Α Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted by a 14 serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax 15 16 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the 17 certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to 18 19 tax from a qualifying purchase.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the 20 21 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with 22 the 23 return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, 24 May 25 and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given 26 year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the 27 return for October, November and December of a given year 28 29 being due by January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year. Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as
 monthly returns.

4 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act 5 concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his 6 return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in 7 a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final 8 9 return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business. 10

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 11 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 12 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 13 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who 14 has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more 15 16 shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a 17 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 18 19 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 20 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of 21 22 \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of 23 the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's 24 25 liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 26 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The 27 term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of 28 the 29 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 30 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 31 32 divided by 12.

33 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the 34 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make

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payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers
 required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall
 make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on
 October 1.

5 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 6 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 7 with the permission of the Department.

8 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic 9 funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily 10 make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those 11 payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

12 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 13 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 14 requirements of this Section.

Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 15 16 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 17 18 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof 19 to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. 20 When 21 filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the 22 23 tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service 24 Service Occupation Tax, Use Tax, Retailers' 25 Occupation Tax or Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such 26 return, provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted 27 shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such 28 the serviceman shall not previously have 29 serviceman. Ιf 30 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax 31 32 to the purchaser.

33 If experience indicates such action to be practicable,34 the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or

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joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by all said Acts on the one form.

6 Where the serviceman has more than one business 7 registered with the Department under separate registrations 8 hereunder, such serviceman shall file separate returns for 9 each registered business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 10 11 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of 12 food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the 13 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 14 15 soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 16 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing 17 drugs, materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. 18

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

27 Beginning August 1, 2001, each month the Department shall 28 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the 29 net revenue realized for the preceding month form the 1.25% 30 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol in 31 Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties.

32 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 33 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the 34 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%

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general rate on transfers of tangible personal property.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2001, each month the Department shall
pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
realized for the preceding month form the 1.25% rate on the
selling price of motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe,
and St. Clair Counties.

11 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into 12 the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% 13 and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be 14 paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in 15 16 any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department 17 and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant 18 19 to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and 20 21 Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being 22 hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% 23 or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred 24 25 to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount 26 (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 27 Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately 28 29 paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received 30 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the 31 32 sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the Build Illinois Fund during 33 34 such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month

1 to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax 2 Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be 3 4 immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 5 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; б and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments 7 required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause 8 9 for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the (b) Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such 10 11 fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be 12 13 payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and 14 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 15 16 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 17 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 18 19 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees 20 21 and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. 22 If on the last 23 business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the 24 25 moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the 26 amount required to be transferred in such month from 27 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 28 29 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 30 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by 31 the 32 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build 33 Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence 34

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1 shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) 2 of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) 3 4 of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the 5 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited 6 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim 7 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 8 Act.

9 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any 10 11 amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the 12 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 13 Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the 14 State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated 15 16 as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of 17 the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 18 19 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the 20 21 specified fiscal years.

22	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
23	1993	\$0
24	1994	53,000,000
25	1995	58,000,000
26	1996	61,000,000
27	1997	64,000,000
28	1998	68,000,000
29	1999	71,000,000
30	2000	75,000,000
31	2001	80,000,000
32	2002	84,000,000
33	2003	89,000,000
34	2004	93,000,000

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1 2005 97,000,000 2 2006 102,000,000 2007 108,000,000 3 4 2008 115,000,000 5 2009 120,000,000 2010 126,000,000 6 7 132,000,000 2011 138,000,000 8 2012 9 2013 and 145,000,000

10 each fiscal year

11 thereafter that bonds

12 are outstanding under

13 Section 13.2 of the

14 Metropolitan Pier and

15 Exposition Authority

16 Act, but not after fiscal year 2029.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 17 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 18 19 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 20 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 21 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 22 23 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 24 25 required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 26 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, 27 but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total 28 Deposit", has been deposited. 29

30 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 31 Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant 32 to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto 33 hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into 34 the Local Government Distributive Fund 0.4% of the net

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1 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5% general 2 rate or 0.4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may 3 4 be, on the selling price of tangible personal property which 5 amount shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as 6 provided in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No 7 payments or distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be made if the tax imposed by this Act on photoprocessing 8 9 products is declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds from such tax are unavailable for distribution because of 10 11 litigation.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 12 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and 13 the Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding 14 15 paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, 16 beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net 17 18 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 19 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 20 property.

21 Remaining moneys received by the Department pursuant to 22 this Act shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the 23 State Treasury.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 24 25 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 26 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an 27 annual information return for the tax year specified in the notice. 28 29 Such annual return to the Department shall include а 30 statement of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of 31 the 32 business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of 33 34 Revenue for the same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his

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1 annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost 3 4 of goods sold by the taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for 5 such year, cost of goods used from stock or taken from stock 6 7 and given away by the taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the taxpayer's business during such year and 8 9 any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the 10 11 monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore provided for in this Section. 12

13 If the annual information return required by this Section 14 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be 15 liable as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be
liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due
from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be
covered by the annual return for each month or fraction
of a month until such return is filed as required, the
penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner
as any other penalty provided for in this Act.

(ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer
shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4
of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest 26 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 27 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person 28 who willfully signs the annual return containing false or 29 30 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by 31 the Department shall include a warning that the person 32 signing the return may be liable for perjury. 33

34 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the

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filing of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

4 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 5 upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the 6 Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall 7 transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue 8 9 realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required 10 11 and shall not be made.

12 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 13 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 14 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 15 overpayment of liability.

16 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers 17 18 whose products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, 19 and who wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing 20 21 under this Act with respect to such sales, if the servicemen 22 who are affected do not make written objection to the 23 Department to this arrangement.

24 (Source: P.A. 90-612, eff. 7-8-98; 91-37, eff. 7-1-99; 91-51, 25 eff. 6-30-99; 91-101, eff. 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 26 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

27 Section 25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended 28 by changing Sections 2-10, 2d, and 3 and by adding Section 29 2-11 as follows:

30 (35 ILCS 120/2-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 441-10)
31 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in
32 this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of

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6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

7 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of 8 9 motor fuel and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a prominently visible place on each retail 10 11 dispensing device that is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the 12 State of Illinois has eliminated the State's share of sales 13 tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December 31, 2000. 14 The price on this pump should reflect the elimination of the 15 16 tax." The notice shall be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall 17 be clearly visible to customers. Any retailer who fails to 18 19 post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 20 21 per day per each retail premises where a violation occurs.

22 Beginning on July 1, 2001, with respect to motor fuel, as 23 defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the 24 25 tax is imposed in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties at the rate of 1.25%. If, however, the aggregate tax revenues 26 27 from motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties under the Motor Fuel Tax Law during the period from 28 July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2003 are not at least 15% more 29 30 than the aggregate tax revenues in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties from motor fuel and gasohol under that Law 31 during the period from July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2001 as 32 determined by the Department under Section 2-11 of the 33 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, then beginning July 1, 2004 34

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1 the tax is imposed on motor fuel and gasohol at the 6.25% 2 general rate. The changes made to this Section by this 3 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly are exempt from 4 Section 2-70.

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5 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, 6 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 70% of the proceeds of 7 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 8 2003, and to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

9 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 10 11 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 12 nonprescription medicines, 13 drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 14 15 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 16 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes 17 of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, 18 19 finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 20 21 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 22 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever 23 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size. 24 25 "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in 26 the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks 27 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice. 28

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98;
 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

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(35 ILCS 120/2-11 new)

Sec. 2-11. Pilot project study of regional tax reduction
on motor fuel.

(a) The Department of Revenue shall study the impact on 6 7 State revenues as a result of the 3-year pilot project eliminating the State's portion of the State use and 8 9 occupation taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol in 10 Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties under this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly. The Department shall issue 11 12 a report to the General Assembly for each year of the pilot project on or before January 1, 2003, January 1, 2004, and 13 January 1, 2005, respectively. The requirement for reporting 14 15 to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies 16 of the report as required under Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act. 17

(b) The Department of Revenue shall make a determination 18 as to whether the State revenue generated during the 19 elimination of the State's portion of the State imposed use 20 21 and occupation taxes on motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties satisfies the requirements 22 imposed by this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly 23 24 under Section 3-10 of the Use Tax Act, 3-10 of the Service Use Tax Act, 3-10 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and 2-10 25 of this Act. The Department shall compare the aggregate tax 26 revenues from motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe, and 27 28 St. Clair Counties under the Motor Fuel Tax Law during the period from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2003 with the 29 30 aggregate tax revenues in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties from motor fuel and gasohol under that Law during 31 the period from July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2001. If the 32 aggregate tax revenues from motor fuel and gasohol in 33

1 Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties under the Motor Fuel 2 Tax Law during the period from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 3 2003 are not at least 15% more than the aggregate tax 4 revenues in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties from motor fuel and gasohol under that Law during the period from 5 б July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2001, then the rate of the tax shall revert to 6.25%. If the aggregate tax revenues from 7 motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair 8 9 Counties under the Motor Fuel Tax Law during the period from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2003 are at least 15% more than 10 11 the aggregate tax revenues in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair 12 Counties from motor fuel and gasohol under that Law during the period from July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2001, then the 13 rate of the tax shall remain at 1.25%. 14

15 (35 ILCS 120/2d) (from Ch. 120, par. 441d)

Tax prepayment by motor fuel retailer. Any 16 Sec. 2d. 17 person engaged in the business of selling motor fuel at retail, as defined in the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and who is not 18 a licensed distributor or supplier, as defined in the Motor 19 20 Fuel Tax Law, shall prepay to his or her distributor, supplier, or other reseller of motor fuel a portion of the 21 22 tax imposed by this Act if the distributor, supplier, or other reseller of motor fuel is registered under Section 2a 23 24 or Section 2c of this Act. The prepayment requirement provided for in this Section does not apply to liquid propane 25 26 gas.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, the Retailers' Occupation Tax paid to the distributor, supplier, or other reseller shall be an amount equal to \$0.01 per gallon of the motor fuel, except gasohol as defined in Section 2-10 of this Act which shall be an amount equal to \$0.01 per gallon, purchased from the distributor, supplier, or other reseller.

1 For (i) all counties before July 1, 2000 and then 2 beginning on January 1, 2001 and through June 30, 2001, and then beginning again if the rate in Madison, Monroe, and St. 3 4 Clair Counties reverts to 6.25% and thereafter, and (ii) all counties except Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties 5 beginning on July 1, 2001 and until the rate in Madison, 6 Monroe, and St. Clair Counties reverts to 6.25%, 7 the 8 Retailers' Occupation Tax paid to the distributor, supplier, 9 or other reseller shall be an amount equal to \$0.04 per gallon of the motor fuel, except gasohol as defined in 10 11 Section 2-10 of this Act which shall be an amount equal to 12 \$0.03 per gallon, purchased from the distributor, supplier, or other reseller. 13

In Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, beginning on July 1, 2001 and until the rate reverts to 6.25%, the Retailers' Occupation Tax paid to the distributor, supplier, or other reseller shall be an amount equal to \$0.01 per gallon of the motor fuel, including gasohol, purchased from the distributor, supplier, or other reseller.

20 Any person engaged in the business of selling motor fuel 21 at retail shall be entitled to a credit against tax due under 22 this Act in an amount equal to the tax paid to the 23 distributor, supplier, or other reseller.

Every distributor, supplier, or other reseller registered 24 25 as provided in Section 2a or Section 2c of this Act shall remit the prepaid tax on all motor fuel that is due from any 26 person engaged in the business of selling at retail motor 27 fuel with the returns filed under Section 2f or Section 3 of 28 29 this Act, but the vendors discount provided in Section 3 30 shall not apply to the amount of prepaid tax that is remitted. Any distributor or supplier who fails to properly 31 collect and remit the tax shall be liable for the tax. For 32 purposes of this Section, the prepaid tax is due on invoiced 33 gallons sold during a month by the 20th day of the following 34

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1 month.

2 (Source: P.A. 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

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(35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)

Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating:

9

1. The name of the seller;

10 2. His residence address and the address of his 11 principal place of business and the address of the 12 principal place of business (if that is a different 13 address) from which he engages in the business of selling 14 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

15 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during 16 the preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may 17 be, from sales of tangible personal property, and from 18 services furnished, by him during such preceding calendar 19 month or quarter;

4. Total amount received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return is filed;

25

5. Deductions allowed by law;

26 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during
27 the preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the
28 basis of which the tax is imposed;

29 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of30 this Act;

31 8. The amount of tax due;

32 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and

33 10. Such other reasonable information as the

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Department may require.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of
prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is
claimed.

9 A retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as 10 11 provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 12 3-85 the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 13 of certification, accepted by a retailer as provided in Section 14 15 3-85 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to 16 satisfy Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the 17 18 receipts subject to tax from a qualifying purchase.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a 19 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 20 21 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. 22 23 The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or 24 25 before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, 26 stating:

27

1. The name of the seller;

28 2. The address of the principal place of business
29 from which he engages in the business of selling tangible
30 personal property at retail in this State;

31 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by 32 him during the preceding calendar month from sales of 33 tangible personal property by him during such preceding 34 calendar month, including receipts from charge and time

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sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

2 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of
 3 this Act;

4

5

6

5. The amount of tax due; and

6. Such other reasonable information as the Department may require.

7 If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable 8 or creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less 9 than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents 10 or more.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 11 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 12 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 13 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who 14 has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more 15 16 shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a 17 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 18 19 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 20 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of 21 \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of 22 23 the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's 24 25 liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 26 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The 27 term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of 28 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 29 30 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 31 32 divided by 12.

33 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the 34 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers
 required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall
 make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on
 October 1.

5 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 6 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 7 with the permission of the Department.

8 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic 9 funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily 10 make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those 11 payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

12 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 13 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 14 requirements of this Section.

15 Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on 16 any return or other document under this Act shall, if such 17 amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the 18 nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional 19 part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the 20 nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a 21 dollar is less than 50 cents.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 22 23 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 24 25 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given 26 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for 27 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of 28 such year; with the return for July, August and September of 29 30 a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year 31 32 being due by January 20 of the following year.

33 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 34 or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax

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liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the
 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January
 20 of the following year.

5 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 6 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as 7 monthly returns.

8 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act 9 concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a 10 11 kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final 12 return under this Act with the Department not more than one 13 month after discontinuing such business. 14

Where the same person has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registrations under this Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

21 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 22 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered 23 with an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the 24 25 Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible 26 personal property which the retailer sells, except that 27 if, the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, 28 in watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than 29 30 one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer 31 32 retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers 33 34 more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer

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1 to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as 2 provided in Section 2-5 of this Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft, watercraft, motor 3 4 vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the 5 Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting 6 return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" 7 means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in 8 Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a 9 personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard 10 motor.

11 Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, 12 aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation 13 tax liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on 14 15 such transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise 16 required to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall 17 18 be required to file returns on an annual basis.

19 The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor 20 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with 21 an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois 22 Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of 23 the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of 24 25 the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed 26 by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, 27 any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows 28 if 29 an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance 30 payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer 31 32 with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected 33 from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or 34 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that

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particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

6 The transaction reporting return in the case of 7 watercraft or aircraft must show the name and address of the 8 seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of 9 the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed 10 11 by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows 12 an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance 13 payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the 14 total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer 15 16 with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or 17 18 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that 19 particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of 20 property sold, and such other information as the 21 the 22 Department may reasonably require.

23 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not. later than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that 24 25 is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. 26 The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption 27 from the Illinois use tax may be transmitted to 28 the 29 Department by way of the State agency with which, or State 30 officer with whom the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) 31 32 the Department and such agency or State officer determine if 33 that this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or registration. 34

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1 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 2 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 3 4 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 5 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax 6 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is 7 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such 8 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State 9 officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property that involved 10 is (if titling or 11 registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of 12 title or registration to such tangible personal property. 13

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this 14 15 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the 16 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration 17 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user 18 19 has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The 20 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the 21 mandate of this paragraph.

22 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 23 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department 24 25 before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may 26 certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer and may 27 (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such 28 29 certification) transmit the information required by the 30 transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his 31 32 tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax 33 34 payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to

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1 the proper retailer's account with the Department, but 2 without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this 3 Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly 4 to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount 5 and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax 6 had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

7 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return 8 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal 9 property returned to the seller, shall be allowed as а deduction under subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly 10 11 return, as the case may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the receipts from the sale of such 12 tangible personal property in a return filed by him and had 13 paid the tax imposed by this Act with respect to such 14 15 receipts.

16 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on 17 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, 18 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly 19 accredited agent of such corporation.

20 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the 21 return filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall 22 be signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent 23 of the limited liability company.

Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing 24 25 the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed 26 by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 27 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar 28 year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 29 30 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 31 32 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the 33 amount on which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. 34 In

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1 the case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a 2 transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this 3 Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax 4 remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic 5 return.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 6 7 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use 8 Tax 9 excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be Act, remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was 10 11 \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each 12 month by the 20th day of the month next following the month 13 during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make 14 payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd 15 16 and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's 17 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this 18 19 Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid 20 21 sales tax to be remitted in accordance with Section 2d of 22 this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete 23 calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the 24 25 month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 26 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is 27 incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is 28 incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall 29 30 be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or an amount set by the Department 31 32 not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 33 34 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability

1 and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). 2 If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 3 4 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of 5 the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the 6 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 7 preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability 8 is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987 and prior to 9 January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 10 11 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such 12 tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, 13 and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 14 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of 15 16 the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 17 preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability 18 19 is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 20 21 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% 22 of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of 23 the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount of such 24 25 quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. 26 Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement 27 of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by 28 29 taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$10,000 30 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to 31 32 the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the 33 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 34

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1 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as 2 computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. 3 4 However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that а 5 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 6 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average 7 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such 8 9 taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, 10 11 once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an 12 average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or 13 more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until 14 15 such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department 16 during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 17 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 18 19 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 20 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer 21 22 can show the Department that a substantial change in the 23 taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for 24 the 25 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the 26 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. 27 The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status 28 29 unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and 30 not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by 31 32 this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due 33 34 as a payment and the amount of such quarter monthly payment

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actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis.

Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make 8 9 quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 10 11 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 12 complete calendar quarters, shall file a return with the 13 Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments 14 to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and 15 last 16 day of the month during which such liability is incurred. Τf the month during which such tax liability is incurred began 17 18 prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, 19 each payment shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month 20 21 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 22 after January 1, 1986, each payment shall be in an amount 23 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 24 month or 25 calendar month of the preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 26 after January 1, 1987, each payment shall 27 be in an amount 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 28 equal to month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 29 30 calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final 31 32 tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. 33 Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly 34

1 payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall 2 continue until such taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters 3 4 is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter monthly payment is 5 not paid at the time or in the amount required, the taxpayer 6 shall be liable for penalties and interest on such 7 difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously 8 made payments for that month in excess of the minimum 9 payments previously due.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the 10 11 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as 12 shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if 13 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit 14 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. 15 16 The credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this 17 18 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Act, 19 Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and 20 regulations to be prescribed by the Department. If no such 21 request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment 22 against tax liability subsequently to be remitted to the 23 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance 24 25 with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by the 26 Department. If the Department subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due 27 to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% and 1.75% vendor's discount 28 shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between 29 30 the credit taken and that actually due, and that taxpayer shall liable for penalties and interest on such 31 be 32 difference.

33 If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under 34 Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability

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1 to the Department under this Act for the month which the 2 taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess. 3

4 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 5 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund 6 in the State treasury which is hereby created, the net 7 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on 8 sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed 9 off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for 10 11 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine 12 testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. 13

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 14 15 shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a 16 special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from 17 the 6.25% general rate. 18

19 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the 20 21 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 22 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

23 Beginning August 1, 2001, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the 24 25 net revenue realized for the preceding month form the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol in 26 Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties. 27

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 28 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net 29 30 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 31 32 property.

33 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue 34

realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2001, each month the Department shall
pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
realized for the preceding month form the 1.25% rate on the
selling price of motor fuel and gasohol in Madison, Monroe,
and St. Clair Counties.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 8 9 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% 10 and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid 11 into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in 12 any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, 13 as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department 14 15 and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant 16 to this Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation 17 Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" 18 19 and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) 20 the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the 21 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the 22 23 Annual Specified Amount (as hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into 24 the 25 Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the "Annual Specified 26 Amount" means the amounts specified below for fiscal years 27 1986 through 1993: 28

29 Fiscal Year Annual Specified Amount 30 1986 \$54,800,000 \$76,650,000 31 1987 1988 \$80,480,000 32 \$88,510,000 33 1989 1990 \$115,330,000 34

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1	1991	\$145,470,000
2	1992	\$182,730,000
3	1993	\$206,520,000;

4 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as 5 defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 6 7 and each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the 8 9 Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such 10 month and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 11 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall 12 have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an 13 amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into 14 the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the 15 16 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the 17 preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build 18 19 Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) 20 the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year. 21 The amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under clause (b) 22 23 of the first sentence in this paragraph shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each 24 25 trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking 26 into account any future investment income, to fully provide, 27 in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of 28 or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and 29 30 interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs 31 32 payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. 33 If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding 34

1 pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of 2 moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the 3 4 amount required to be transferred in such month from the 5 Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 6 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 7 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received 8 by the 9 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build 10 11 Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) 12 of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall reduce the 13 amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to 14 15 that clause (b). The moneys received by the Department 16 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and 17 charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 18 19 Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 20 21 Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified 22 23 monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier 24 and 25 Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of sums designated as 26 "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from 27 collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of 28 the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 29 30 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the 31 32 specified fiscal years.

33Fiscal YearTotal Deposit341993\$0

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1	1994	53,000,000
2	1995	58,000,000
3	1996	61,000,000
4	1997	64,000,000
5	1998	68,000,000
6	1999	71,000,000
7	2000	75,000,000
8	2001	80,000,000
9	2002	84,000,000
10	2003	89,000,000
11	2004	93,000,000
12	2005	97,000,000
13	2006	102,000,000
14	2007	108,000,000
15	2008	115,000,000
16	2009	120,000,000
17	2010	126,000,000
18	2011	132,000,000
19	2012	138,000,000
20	2013 and	145,000,000
21	each fiscal year	
22	thereafter that bonds	
23	are outstanding under	
24	Section 13.2 of the	
25	Metropolitan Pier and	

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26 Exposition Authority

27 Act, but not after fiscal year 2029.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 1 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 2 required under this Section for previous months and years, 3 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 4 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, 5 but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total 6 Deposit", has been deposited.

7 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 8 Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant 9 to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into 10 the Local Government Distributive Fund 0.4% of the net 11 12 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5% general rate or 0.4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 13 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may 14 15 be, on the selling price of tangible personal property which 16 amount shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as provided in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No 17 payments or distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be 18 19 made if the tax imposed by this Act on photoprocessing products is declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds 20 from such tax are unavailable for distribution because of 21 22 litigation.

23 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the 24 25 Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding 26 paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay 27 into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net 28 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 29 30 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 31 property.

32 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 33 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the 34 State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account

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and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as
 part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in
 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

4 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 5 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 6 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 7 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 8 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. 9 Such annual return to the Department shall include а statement of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last 10 11 Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not 12 13 agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the same period, the retailer shall attach to his 14 15 annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 16 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost 17 of goods sold by the retailer during the year covered by such 18 19 return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods used from stock or taken from stock 20 21 and given away by the retailer during such year, payroll information of the retailer's business during such year and 22 23 any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of 24 the 25 monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in this Section. 26

27 If the annual information return required by this Section 28 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be 29 liable as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be
liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due
from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be
covered by the annual return for each month or fraction
of a month until such return is filed as required, the

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1 2 penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.

3 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer
4 shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4
5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest 6 7 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. 8 Any person 9 who willfully signs the annual return containing false or inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury 10 and 11 punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the Department shall include a warning that the person 12 signing the return may be liable for perjury. 13

14 The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of 15 an annual information return do not apply to a retailer who 16 is not required to file an income tax return with the United 17 States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 18 19 upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall 20 21 transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax 22 Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue 23 realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required 24 25 and shall not be made.

26 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 27 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 28 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 29 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to

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such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make
 written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

3 Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail 4 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers 5 at the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, 6 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions 7 or events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is 8 required 9 to file a report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's business, the name of the person or persons 10 11 engaged in merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the 12 merchant, the dates and location of the event and other 13 reasonable information that the Department may require. 14 The 15 report must be filed not later than the 20th day of the month 16 next following the month during which the event with retail sales was held. Any person who fails to file a report 17 18 required by this Section commits a business offense and is 19 subject to a fine not to exceed \$250.

Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible 20 21 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type 22 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art 23 shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient 24 25 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a 26 daily payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department 27 shall impose this requirement when it finds that there is a 28 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an 29 30 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence that a substantial number of concessionaires or 31 32 other sellers who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the business of selling tangible 33 personal 34 property at retail at the exhibition or event, or other

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evidence of a significant risk of loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of this requirement. In the absence of notification by the Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file their returns as otherwise required in this Section.

7 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-99; 90-612, eff. 7-8-98; 8 91-37, eff. 7-1-99; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-101, eff. 9 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00; 91-901, 10 eff. 1-1-01; revised 1-15-01.)

Section 30. The Motor Fuel Tax Law is amended by changing Section 13a as follows:

13

(35 ILCS 505/13a) (from Ch. 120, par. 429a)

14 Sec. 13a. <u>Commercial vehicle motor fuel use tax.</u>

15 (1) A tax is hereby imposed upon the use of motor fuel 16 upon highways of this State by commercial motor vehicles. The 17 tax shall be comprised of 2 parts. Part (a) shall be at the 18 rate established by Section 2 of this Act, as heretofore or 19 hereafter amended. Part (b) shall be at the rate established 20 by subsection (2) of this Section as now or hereafter 21 amended.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (2),
a rate shall be established by the Department as of January 1
of each year using the average "selling price", as defined in
the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, per gallon of motor fuel
sold in this State during the previous 12 months and
multiplying it by 6 1/4% to determine the cents per gallon
rate.

For the period beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, the Department shall establish a rate using the average "selling price", as defined in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, per gallon of motor fuel sold in this State during calendar year 1999 and multiplying it by
 1.25% to determine the cents per gallon rate.

In Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, for the period beginning on July 1, 2001 and through December 31, 2001, the Department shall establish a rate using the average "selling price", as defined in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, per gallon of motor fuel sold in the State during the calendar year 2000 and multiplying it by 1.25% to determine the cents per gallon rate.

In Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, for the calendar years 2002 and 2003, the Department shall establish a rate using the average "selling price", as defined in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, per gallon of motor fuel sold in the State during the previous 12 months and multiplying it by 1.25% to determine the cents per gallon rate.

In Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, for the period beginning on January 1, 2004 and through June 30, 2004, the Department shall establish a rate using the average "selling price", as defined in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, per gallon of motor fuel sold in the State during the calendar year 2003 and multiplying it by 1.25% to determine the cents per gallon rate.

Beginning again on July 1, 2004, the Department shall impose the tax in Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties in accordance with the rate established in this subsection (2) corresponding to the rate of tax imposed in those counties on motor fuel under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

30 (Source: P.A. 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

31 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 32 becoming law.

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