1

AN ACT concerning telecommunications taxes and fees.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act.

б Section 5. Legislative intent. The General Assembly has authorized the corporate authorities of any municipality to 7 8 impose various fees and taxes on the privilege of originating or receiving telecommunications, and on retailers engaged in 9 the business of transmitting such telecommunications, all of 10 which are remitted by such retailers directly to the imposing 11 municipality. To simplify the imposition and collection of 12 13 municipal telecommunications taxes and to reduce complication and burden, the General Assembly is replacing the various 14 15 municipal telecommunications fees and taxes with a single tax 16 by replacing the municipal telecommunications tax, the municipal tax on the occupation or privilege of transmitting 17 18 messages, and the municipal infrastructure maintenance fee 19 with this Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act which provides 20 for a single municipally imposed telecommunications tax for municipalities with populations of less than 21 which, 22 500,000, will be collected by the Department, but which, for municipalities of 500,000 or more, will continue to be 23 collected by such municipalities. So as not to 24 impose an unnecessary burden on the municipalities that currently have 25 26 in place one or more of the taxes or fees being replaced, the 27 General Assembly will not require such municipalities to 28 adopt а new ordinance imposing the Municipal 29 Telecommunications Tax. Instead, the General Assembly will replace the existing taxes and fees with the Municipal 30 31 Telecommunications Tax, which may be imposed at a rate

1 initially calculated to generate approximately the same 2 amount of revenue for the municipality as that which was generated by the replaced taxes and fees; provided, however, 3 4 that the Municipal Telecommunications Tax shall be valid 5 whether or not it in fact generates approximately the same 6 amount of revenue as was generated by the previously imposed 7 taxes and fees. Municipalities that determine to impose the 8 Municipal Telecommunications Tax at an authorized rate other than that established in Section 15, and municipalities that 9 do not currently have in place one or more of the taxes or 10 being replaced, 11 fees may also adopt the Municipal Telecommunications Tax by passage of an ordinance 12 in accordance with Section 20. 13

14 Section 7. Definitions. For purposes of the taxes 15 authorized by this Act:

16 "Amount paid" means the amount charged to the taxpayer's 17 service address in such municipality regardless of where such 18 amount is billed or paid.

19 "Department" means the Illinois Department of Revenue.

20 "Gross charge" means the amount paid for the act or 21 privilege of originating or receiving telecommunications in such municipality and for all services and equipment provided 22 in connection therewith by a retailer, valued in money 23 24 whether paid in money or otherwise, including cash, credits, services and property of every kind or nature, and shall be 25 determined without any deduction on account of the 26 cost of such telecommunications, the cost of the materials used, 27 28 labor or service costs or any other expense whatsoever. In 29 case credit is extended, the amount thereof shall be included 30 only as and when paid. "Gross charges" for private line service shall include charges imposed at each channel point 31 within this State, charges for the channel mileage between 32 33 each channel point within this State, and charges for that

-2-

portion of the interstate inter-office channel provided
within Illinois. However, "gross charge" shall not include:

(1) any amounts added to a purchaser's bill because 3 4 of a charge made pursuant to: (i) the tax imposed by this Act, (ii) the tax imposed by the Telecommunications 5 Excise Tax Act, (iii) the tax imposed by Section 4251 of 6 Internal Revenue Code, (iv) 911 surcharges, or (v) 7 the 8 charges added to customers' bills pursuant to the 9 provisions of Section 9-221 or 9-222 of the Public Utilities Act, as amended, or any similar charges added 10 11 to customers' bills by retailers who are not subject to 12 rate regulation by the Illinois Commerce Commission for the purpose of recovering any of the tax liabilities or 13 other amounts specified in those provisions of the Public 14 Utilities Act; 15

16 (2) charges for a sent collect telecommunication
17 received outside of such municipality;

(3) charges for leased time on equipment or charges 18 19 for the storage of data or information or subsequent retrieval or the processing of data or information 20 21 intended to change its form or content. Such equipment 22 includes, but is not limited to, the use of calculators, 23 computers, data processing equipment, tabulating equipment or accounting equipment and also includes the 24 25 usage of computers under a time-sharing agreement;

26 (4) charges for customer equipment, including such
27 equipment that is leased or rented by the customer from
28 any source, wherein such charges are disaggregated and
29 separately identified from other charges;

30 (5) charges to business enterprises certified as 31 exempt under Section 9-222.1 of the Public Utilities Act 32 to the extent of such exemption and during the period of 33 time specified by the Department of Commerce and 34 Community Affairs;

-3-

1 (6) charges for telecommunications and all services 2 and equipment provided in connection therewith between a parent corporation and its wholly owned subsidiaries or 3 4 between wholly owned subsidiaries when the tax imposed 5 under this Act has already been paid to a retailer and only to the extent that the charges between the parent 6 7 corporation and wholly owned subsidiaries or between 8 wholly owned subsidiaries represent expense allocation 9 between the corporations and not the generation of profit for the corporation rendering such service; 10

11 (7) bad debts ("bad debt" means any portion of a debt that is related to a sale at retail for which gross 12 charges are not otherwise deductible or excludable that 13 has become worthless or uncollectible, as determined 14 under applicable federal income tax standards; if 15 the 16 portion of the debt deemed to be bad is subsequently paid, the retailer shall report and pay the tax on that 17 portion during the reporting period in which the payment 18 is made); 19

20 (8) charges paid by inserting coins in
21 coin-operated telecommunication devices; or

(9) amounts paid by telecommunications retailers
under the Telecommunications Infrastructure Maintenance
Fee Act.

25 "Interstate telecommunications" means all 26 telecommunications that either originate or terminate outside 27 this State.

28 "Intrastate telecommunications" means all 29 telecommunications that originate and terminate within this 30 State.

31 "Person" means any natural individual, firm, trust, 32 estate, partnership, association, joint stock company, joint 33 venture, corporation, limited liability company, or a 34 receiver, trustee, guardian, or other representative

-4-

appointed by order of any court, the Federal and State
 governments, including State universities created by statute,
 or any city, town, county, or other political subdivision of
 this State.

5 "Purchase at retail" means the acquisition, consumption6 or use of telecommunications through a sale at retail.

7 "Retailer" means and includes every person engaged in the 8 business of making sales at retail as defined in this 9 Section. The Department may, in its discretion, upon application, authorize the collection of the tax hereby 10 11 imposed by any retailer not maintaining a place of business within this State, who, to the satisfaction of 12 the Department, furnishes adequate security to insure collection 13 and payment of the tax. Such retailer shall be issued, 14 without charge, a permit to collect such tax. When so 15 16 authorized, it shall be the duty of such retailer to collect the tax upon all of the gross charges for telecommunications 17 18 in this State in the same manner and subject to the same 19 requirements as a retailer maintaining a place of business 20 within this State. The permit may be revoked by the 21 Department at its discretion.

"Retailer maintaining a place of business in this State", 22 23 or any like term, means and includes any retailer having or maintaining within this State, directly or by a subsidiary, 24 25 an office, distribution facilities, transmission facilities, sales office, warehouse or other place of business, or any 26 agent or other representative operating within this State 27 under the authority of the retailer or its subsidiary, 28 irrespective of whether such place of business or agent or 29 30 representative is located here permanently or other temporarily, or whether such retailer or subsidiary is 31 licensed to do business in this State. 32

33 "Sale at retail" means the transmitting, supplying or34 furnishing of telecommunications and all services and

-5-

1 equipment provided in connection therewith for a 2 consideration, to persons other than the Federal and State 3 governments, and State universities created by statute and 4 other than between a parent corporation and its wholly owned 5 subsidiaries or between wholly owned subsidiaries for their 6 use or consumption and not for resale.

7 address" the location "Service means of telecommunications equipment from which telecommunications 8 9 services are originated or at which telecommunications services are received by a taxpayer. In the event this may 10 11 not be a defined location, as in the case of mobile phones, paging systems, maritime systems, air-to-ground systems and 12 "service address" shall mean the location of a 13 the like, taxpayer's primary use of the telecommunications equipment as 14 15 defined by telephone number, authorization code, or location 16 in Illinois where bills are sent.

17 "Taxpayer" means a person who individually or through his 18 or her agents, employees, or permittees engages in the act or 19 privilege of originating or receiving telecommunications in a 20 municipality and who incurs a tax liability as authorized by 21 this Act.

"Telecommunications", in meaning 22 addition to the 23 ordinarily and popularly ascribed to it, includes, without limitation, messages or information transmitted through use 24 25 of local, toll, and wide area telephone service, private line 26 services, channel services, telegraph services, teletypewriter, computer exchange services, cellular mobile 27 specialized telecommunications service, 28 mobile radio, 29 stationary two-way radio, paging service, or any other form 30 of mobile and portable one-way or two-way communications, or any other transmission of messages or information by 31 32 electronic or similar means, between or among points by wire, cable, fiber optics, laser, microwave, radio, satellite, or 33 similar facilities. As used in this Act, "private line" 34

-6-

1 means a dedicated non-traffic sensitive service for a single 2 customer, that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels, from 3 4 one or more specified locations to one or more other 5 specified locations. The definition of "telecommunications" shall not include value added services in which computer 6 7 processing applications are used to act on the form, content, 8 code, and protocol of the information for purposes other than 9 transmission. "Telecommunications" shall include not. purchases of telecommunications by a telecommunications 10 11 service provider for use as a component part of the service provided by such provider to the ultimate retail consumer who 12 the 13 originates or terminates taxable end-to-end Carrier access charges, right of access 14 communications. 15 charges, charges for use of inter-company facilities, and all 16 telecommunications resold in the subsequent provision of, used as a component of, or integrated into, end-to-end 17 telecommunications service shall be non-taxable as sales for 18 19 resale. Prepaid telephone calling arrangements shall not be considered "telecommunications" subject to the tax imposed 20 21 under this Act. For purposes of this Section, "prepaid telephone calling arrangements" means that term as defined in 22 23 Section 2-27 of the Retailers' Occupations Tax Act.

24 Section 10. Authority. The corporate authorities of any 25 municipality in this State may tax any or all of the 26 following acts or privileges:

27 or privilege of originating in (a) The act such 28 municipality or receiving in such municipality intrastate 29 telecommunications by a person. However, such tax is not imposed on such act or privilege to the extent such act or 30 31 privilege may not, under the Constitution and statutes of the 32 United States, be made the subject of taxation by municipalities in this State. 33

-7-

1 (b) The act or privilege of originating in such 2 municipality or receiving in such municipality interstate telecommunications by a person. To prevent actual multi-state 3 4 taxation of the act or privilege that is subject to taxation under this subsection, any taxpayer, upon proof that the 5 taxpayer has paid a tax in another state on such event, shall 6 7 be allowed a credit against any tax enacted pursuant to or 8 authorized by this Section to the extent of the amount of 9 such tax properly due and paid in such other state which was not previously allowed as a credit against any other state or 10 11 local tax in this State. However, such tax is not imposed on 12 the act or privilege to the extent such act or privilege may not, under the Constitution and statutes of the United 13 States, be made the subject of taxation by municipalities in 14 15 this State.

16 Section 15. Rates.

17 (a) For municipalities with a population of less than 500,000, the tax authorized by this Act may be imposed at a 18 19 rate not to exceed 6% of the gross charge for 20 telecommunications purchased at retail. If imposed, the tax 21 must be in increments of 0.25%.

(b) For municipalities with a population of 500,000 or more, the tax authorized by this Act may be imposed at a rate not to exceed 7% of the gross charge for telecommunications purchased at retail. If imposed, the tax must be in increments of 0.25%.

27 Section 20. Imposition.

(a) On and after July 1, 2002, for municipalities with
populations of less than 500,000, the tax authorized by this
Act shall be imposed (except as provided in Section 25 of
this Act), amended, or repealed by an ordinance adopted by
the municipality, which ordinance shall be filed by the

-8-

municipality with the Department pursuant to the rules of the
 Department.

3 (1) Any ordinance adopted by a municipality with a
4 population of less than 500,000 which attempts to impose,
5 amend or repeal the tax authorized by this Act shall be
6 of no force and effect until properly filed with an
7 appropriate form with the Department.

8 (2) Any certified copy of an ordinance filed with 9 the Department prior to any October 1 or April 1 shall 10 be effective with respect to bills issued on or after the 11 following January 1 or July 1, respectively.

12 (b) On and after July 1, 2002, for municipalities with 13 populations of 500,000 or more, the tax authorized by this 14 Act shall be imposed, amended, or repealed, and any 15 authorized exemptions granted, by the adoption of an 16 ordinance.

17 Section 25. Existing telecommunications taxes and fees. 18 (a) Between January 1, 2002 and February 1, 2002, the Department shall publish a list of the municipalities with a 19 20 population of less than 500,000 which had any taxes or fees authorized by item (1) of Section 8-11-2 of the Illinois 21 22 Municipal Code, Section 8-11-17 of the Illinois Municipal Code, or Section 20 of the Telecommunications Infrastructure 23 24 Maintenance Fee Act that were in effect for billing periods that include January 1, 2002, whether or not bills were 25 actually issued on January 1, 2002. Such list shall include 26 the name of each such municipality, the rates at which such 27 taxes or fees were imposed, and the rate of the new Municipal 28 29 Telecommunications Tax, as calculated pursuant to Section 30 of this Act. 30

31 (b) In compiling the list described in this Section, the
32 Department shall collect information from retailers,
33 municipalities, the Illinois Commerce Commission, and other

-9-

1 sources deemed by the Department to be reliable.

2 Any municipality appearing on the list published (C) pursuant to this Section shall not be required to adopt and 3 4 file an ordinance implementing the tax authorized by this Act. The list shall be conclusive evidence of the imposition 5 6 of the tax authorized by this Act at the rate appearing on 7 such list. A municipality may alter such tax only by filing an ordinance with the Department pursuant to Section 20 of 8 9 this Act, before April 1, 2002.

Section 30. Calculation of rates for certain municipalities.

For each municipality on the list described in 12 (a) Section 25 of this Act, the rate of the taxes and fees 13 imposed by a municipality pursuant to item (1) of Section 14 8-11-2 of the Illinois Municipal Code, Section 8-11-17 of the 15 Municipal Code, 16 Illinois or Section 20 of the 17 Telecommunications Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act which 18 appears on the list shall be used by the Department in calculating the rate of the Municipal Telecommunications Tax 19 20 for such municipality.

(b) The rate of the Municipal Telecommunications Tax for
 municipalities on the list shall be equal to the sum of:

(1) The rate equal to 70% of the rate imposed by
such municipality pursuant to item (1) of Section 8-11-2
of the Illinois Municipal Code, rounded to the nearest
even 0.25% increment; plus

(2) The rate imposed by such municipality pursuant
to Section 8-11-17 of the Illinois Municipal Code,
rounded to the nearest even 0.25% increment; plus

30 (3) The rate imposed by such municipality pursuant
31 to Section 20 of the Telecommunications Municipal
32 Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act.

33 (c) The Department shall enter each of the rates

-10-

1 described in subdivisions (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this
2 Section 30, as well as the rate of the Municipal
3 Telecommunications Tax, on the list provided for in Section
4 25 of this Act.

5 Section 35. Rebates and exemptions. Any municipality may
6 implement the following rebates and exemptions:

7 (1) A municipality that imposes the tax authorized 8 by this Act and whose territory includes part of another unit of local government or a school district, may, by 9 10 separate ordinance, rebate some or all of the amount of such tax paid by the other unit of local government or 11 school district. Any such rebate shall be paid by the 12 municipality directly to the other unit of local 13 14 government or school district qualifying for the rebate 15 as determined by the municipality's ordinance, which shall not be filed with the Department. 16

17 (2) A municipality that imposes the tax authorized by this Act may, by separate ordinance, rebate some or 18 all of the amount of such tax to persons 65 years of age 19 20 or older. Any tax related to such rebate shall be 21 rebated from the municipality directly to persons qualified for the rebate as determined by the 22 municipality's ordinance, which shall not be filed with 23 24 the Department.

(3) A municipality with a population of 500,000 or 25 26 more that imposes the tax authorized by this Act may, by separate ordinance, exempt from the tax authorized by 27 28 this Act, charges for inbound toll-free 29 telecommunications service commonly known as "800", "877", or "888" or for a similar service, to the extent 30 such municipality has passed an ordinance providing for 31 this exemption. 32

-11-

1

Section 40. Collection.

(a) For municipalities with populations of less than 2 500,000, the tax authorized by this Act shall be collected 3 4 from the taxpayer by a retailer maintaining a place of 5 business in this State within such municipalities and shall be remitted by such retailer to the Department. Any tax 6 7 required to be collected pursuant to or as authorized by this Act and any such tax collected by such retailer and required 8 9 to be remitted to the Department shall constitute a debt owed by the retailer to the State. Retailers shall collect the tax 10 11 from the taxpayer by adding the tax to the gross charge for privilege of originating or receiving 12 the or act telecommunications when sold for use, 13 in the manner prescribed by the Department. The tax authorized by this Act 14 15 shall constitute a debt of the taxpayer to the retailer until 16 paid, and, if unpaid, is recoverable at law in the same manner as the original charge for such sale at retail. 17 Τf the retailer fails to collect the tax from the taxpayer, then 18 19 the taxpayer shall be required to pay the tax directly to the Department in the manner provided by the Department. 20

(b) For municipalities with populations of 500,000 or 21 more, the tax authorized by this Act shall be collected from 22 23 the taxpayer by a retailer making or effectuating the sale at retail and shall be remitted by such retailer to such 24 25 municipality. Any tax required to be collected pursuant to an ordinance authorized by this Act and any such tax 26 collected by a retailer shall constitute a debt owed by the 27 retailer to such municipality. Retailers shall collect the 28 29 from the taxpayer by adding the tax to the gross charge tax 30 for the act or privilege of originating or receiving telecommunications when sold for use, in the manner 31 32 prescribed by such municipality. The tax authorized by this Act shall constitute a debt of the taxpayer to the retailer 33 who made or effectuated the sale at retail until paid and, if 34

1 unpaid, is recoverable at law in the same manner as the 2 original charge for the sale at retail. If the retailer fails to collect the tax from the taxpayer, then the taxpayer 3 4 shall be required to pay the tax directly to such 5 municipality in the manner provided by such municipality. 6 The municipality imposing the tax shall provide for its 7 administration and enforcement.

Retailers filing tax returns pursuant to this Act 8 (C) 9 shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to а municipality with a population of 500,000 or more or to the 10 11 Department for all other municipalities, the amount of the tax collected, less a commission of 1% which is allowed to 12 reimburse the retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping 13 records, billing the customer, preparing and filing returns, 14 15 remitting the tax and supplying data to a municipality or 16 Department upon request. No commission may be claimed by a retailer for taxes not timely remitted. 17

(d) Whenever possible, the tax authorized by this Act
shall, when collected, be stated as a distinct item separate
and apart from the gross charge for telecommunications.

21

Section 45. Resellers.

22 person who originates (a) Τf а or receives 23 telecommunications claims to be a reseller of such 24 telecommunications, such person shall apply to a municipality with a population of 500,000 or more or to the Department for 25 all other municipalities, for a resale 26 number. Such applicant shall state facts which will show a municipality 27 28 with a population of 500,000 or more or the Department for 29 all other municipalities, why such applicant is not liable for tax authorized by this Act on any of such purchases and 30 31 shall furnish such additional information as a municipality with a population of 500,000 or more or the Department for 32 33 all other municipalities, may reasonably require.

-13-

1 (b) Upon approval of the application, a municipality 2 with a population of 500,000 or more or the Department for all other municipalities, shall assign a resale number to the 3 4 applicant and shall certify such number to the applicant. A municipality with a population of 500,000 or more or the 5 б Department for all other municipalities, may cancel any 7 number which is obtained through misrepresentation, or which is used to send or receive such telecommunication tax-free 8 9 when such actions in fact are not for resale, or which no longer applies because of the person's having discontinued 10 11 the making of resales.

(c) Except as provided hereinabove in this Section, the 12 13 act or privilege of originating or receiving telecommunications in this State shall not be made tax-free 14 15 the ground of being a sale for resale unless the person on 16 has an active resale number from a municipality with a population of 500,000 or more or the Department for all other 17 municipalities, and furnishes that number to the retailer in 18 19 connection with certifying to the retailer that any sale to such person is non-taxable because of being a sale for 20 21 resale.

22

Section 50. Returns to the Department.

23 (a) Commencing on August 1, 2002, each retailer 24 a place of business in this State within maintaining municipalities with populations of less than 500,000, 25 shall, on or before the 30th day of each month, except for the month 26 of February, on or before the 28th day of February, make a 27 28 return to the Department for the preceding calendar month, stating: 29

30

(1) Its name;

31 (2) The address of its principal place of business,
32 and the address of the principal place of business (if
33 that is a different address) from which it engages in the

1

business of transmitting telecommunications;

2 (3) Total amount of gross charges billed by it
3 during the preceding calendar month for providing
4 telecommunications during the calendar month;

5 (4) Total amount received by it during the 6 preceding calendar month on credit extended;

7

(5) Deductions allowed by law;

8 (6) Gross charges that were billed by it during the 9 preceding calendar month and upon the basis of which the 10 tax is imposed;

11

(7) Amount of tax (computed upon Item 6);

12 (8) The municipalities to which the Department
13 shall remit the taxes and the amount of such remittances;
14 (9) Such other reasonable information as the
15 Department may require.

16 (b) Any retailer required to make payments under this Section may make the payments by electronic funds transfer. 17 18 The Department shall adopt rules necessary to effectuate a 19 program of electronic funds transfer. Any retailer who has average monthly tax billings due to the Department under this 20 Act and the Telecommunications Excise Tax Act that exceed 21 22 \$1,000 shall make all payments by electronic funds transfer 23 as required by rules of the Department.

(c) If the retailer's average monthly tax billings due 24 25 to the Department under this Act and the Telecommunications Excise Tax Act do not exceed \$1,000, the Department may 26 authorize such retailer's returns to be 27 filed on a quarter-annual basis, with the return for January, February, 28 and March of a given year being due by April 30th of that 29 30 year; with the return for April, May, and June of a given year being due by July 30th of that year; with the return for 31 32 July, August, and September of a given year being due by October 30th of that year; and with the return for October, 33 November, and December of a given year being due by January 34

-15-

(d) If the retailer is otherwise required to file a
monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average
monthly tax billings due to the Department under this Act and
the Telecommunications Excise Tax Act do not exceed \$400, the
Department may authorize such retailer's return to be filed
on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being
due by January 30th of the following year.

-16-

9 Each retailer whose average monthly remittance to (e) the Department under this Act and the Telecommunications 10 11 Excise Tax Act was \$25,000 or more during the preceding calendar year, excluding the month of highest remittance and 12 the month of lowest remittance in such calendar year, and who 13 is not operated by a unit of local government, shall make 14 15 estimated payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 16 15th. 22nd, and last day of the month during which the tax remittance is owed to the Department in an amount not less 17 lower of either 22.5% of the retailer's actual tax than the 18 19 collections for the month or 25% of the retailer's actual tax collections for the same calendar month of the preceding 20 21 year. The amount of such quarter-monthly payments shall be credited against the final remittance of the retailer's 22 23 return for that month. Any outstanding credit, approved by the Department, arising from the retailer's overpayment of 24 25 its final remittance for any month may be applied to reduce the amount of any subsequent quarter-monthly payment or 26 credited against the final remittance of the retailer's 27 return for any subsequent month. If any quarter-monthly 28 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by 29 30 this Section, the retailer shall be liable for penalty and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as 31 32 a payment and the amount of such payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the retailer has previously made 33 payments for that month to the Department or received credits 34

1

1

in excess of the minimum payments previously due.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section containing the time within which a retailer may file his or her return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business that makes him or her responsible for filing returns under this Section, the retailer shall file a final return under this Section with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

9 (g) In making such return, the retailer shall determine 10 the value of any consideration other than money received by 11 it and such retailer shall include the value in its return. 12 Such determination shall be subject to review and revision by 13 the Department in the manner hereinafter provided for the 14 correction of returns.

15 Any retailer who has average monthly tax billings (h) 16 due to the Department under this Act and the Telecommunications Excise Tax Act that exceed \$1,000 shall 17 file the return required by this Section by electronic means 18 19 as required by rules of the Department.

The retailer filing the return herein provided 20 for (i) 21 shall, at the time of filing the return, pay to the 22 Department the amounts due pursuant to this Act. The 23 Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, 99.5% of all taxes, penalties, 24 and 25 interest collected hereunder for deposit into the Municipal Telecommunications Fund, which is hereby created. 26 The remaining 0.5% received by the Department pursuant to this 27 Act shall be deposited into the 28 Tax Compliance and 29 Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department, 30 subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the Department. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, 31 32 the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to be paid to named 33 34 municipalities from the Municipal Telecommunications Fund for

-17-

1 amounts collected during the second preceding calendar month. 2 named municipalities shall be those municipalities The identified by a retailer in such retailer's return as having 3 4 imposed the tax authorized by the Act. The amount of money 5 to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not 6 including credit memoranda) collected hereunder during the 7 second preceding calendar month by the Department, plus an 8 amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any 9 amounts that were erronenously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of 10 11 refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality, and not 12 13 including any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amount that were payable to a 14 15 different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the 16 municipality. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification from the 17 18 Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be 19 drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in the certification. 20 When certifying 21 to the Comptroller the amount of a monthly disbursement to a 22 municipality under this Section, the Department shall 23 increase or decrease the amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. 24 The 25 offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed 26 within the previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is 27 discovered.

(j) For municipalities with populations of less than 28 29 500,000, whenever the Department determines that a refund 30 shall be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the 31 32 State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named 33 in the 34 notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the Municipal
 Telecommunications Fund.

3 Section 55. Pledged revenues. If a municipality has, by contract, pledged or dedicated any or all of the revenues 4 5 collected under any of its taxes imposed pursuant to item (1) of Section 8-11-2 of the Illinois Municipal Code, Section 6 8-11-17 of the Illinois Municipal Code, or Section 20 of 7 the Telecommunications Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act as 8 shown on the list described in Section 25 of this Act, then 9 10 the equivalent portion of revenues collected from the tax authorized by this Act shall be deemed pledged or dedicated 11 in a manner substantially similar to the pledge of the then 12 existing taxes so as to prevent disruption of such contract. 13

14

Section 60. Waiver of franchise fees.

(a) Any municipality shall be deemed to have waived its right to receive all fees, charges and other compensation that might accrue to the municipality after the effective date of this Act, under any franchise agreement, license, or similar agreement, executed on or before January 1, 1998 with telecommunications retailers if:

(1) the municipality imposes the tax authorized by
this Act at a rate exceeding 5%;

23 (2) the municipality affirmatively waives such24 fees; or

25 (3) the municipality is included in the list 26 described in Section 25 of this Act as having a municipal 27 infrastructure maintenance fee in place.

(b) This waiver shall be effective only during the time that either the infrastructure maintenance fee or the replacement tax authorized under this Act is subject to being lawfully imposed on the telecommunications retailer, collected by the Department, and paid over to the

-19-

1 municipality.

2 (c) No portion of this Act shall be construed to have repealed or amended the prohibition on franchise fees or 3 4 charges set forth in Section 30 of other the 5 Telecommunications Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act.

Incorporation by reference. On and after б Section 65. 7 January 1, 2002, for municipalities with populations of less 8 than 500,000, all of the provisions of Sections 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, and 19 of the Telecommunications 9 10 Excise Tax Act, Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, and 6c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 11 Act, and all the provisions of the Uniform Penalty and 12 Interest Act, which are not inconsistent with this Act, shall 13 apply, as far as practicable, to the subject matter of this 14 15 Act to the same extent as if such provisions were included herein. References in such incorporated Sections of the 16 17 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act to retailers, to sellers, or to persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal 18 property mean retailers, as defined in this Act, or persons 19 20 engaged in the act or privilege of originating or receiving 21 telecommunications. References in such incorporated Sections 22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act to purchasers of 23 tangible personal property mean purchasers of 24 telecommunications as defined in this Act. References in such incorporated Sections of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 25 26 Act to sales of tangible personal property mean the act or privilege of originating or receiving telecommunications as 27 28 defined in this Act.

29 Section 905. The State Revenue Sharing Act is amended by 30 changing Section 12 as follows:

31

(30 ILCS 115/12) (from Ch. 85, par. 616)

-20-

Sec. 12. Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund. There
 is hereby created the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund,
 a special fund in the State Treasury into which shall be paid
 all revenue realized:

5 (a) all amounts realized from the additional personal 6 property tax replacement income tax imposed by subsections 7 (c) and (d) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, 8 except for those amounts deposited into the Income Tax Refund 9 Fund pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 901 of the 10 Illinois Income Tax Act; and

11 (b) all amounts realized from the additional personal property replacement invested capital taxes imposed by 12 Section 2a.1 of the Messages Tax Act, Section 2a.1 of the Gas 13 Revenue Tax Act, Section 2a.1 of the Public Utilities 14 Revenue Act, and Section 3 of the Water Company Invested 15 16 Capital Tax Act, and amounts payable to the Department of Revenue under the Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure 17 18 Maintenance Fee Act.

19 As soon as may be after the end of each month, the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Treasurer and the 20 21 Comptroller the amount of all refunds paid out of the General 22 Revenue Fund through the preceding month on account of 23 overpayment of liability on taxes paid into the Personal Tax Replacement Fund. Upon receipt of 24 Property such 25 certification, the Treasurer and the Comptroller shall transfer the amount so certified from the Personal Property 26 Tax Replacement Fund into the General Revenue Fund. 27

The payments of revenue into the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund shall be used exclusively for distribution to taxing districts as provided in this Section, payment of the expenses of the Department of Revenue incurred in administering the collection and distribution of monies paid into the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund and transfers due to refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability for

-21-

-22-

1

taxes paid into the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund.

2 As soon as may be after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1980, the Department of Revenue shall 3 4 certify to the Treasurer the amount of net replacement 5 revenue paid into the General Revenue Fund prior to that 6 effective date from the additional tax imposed by Section 7 2a.1 of the Messages Tax Act; Section 2a.1 of the Gas Revenue Tax Act; Section 2a.1 of the Public Utilities Revenue Act; 8 9 Section 3 of the Water Company Invested Capital Tax Act; amounts collected by the Department of Revenue under 10 the 11 Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act; and the additional personal property tax replacement 12 income tax imposed by the Illinois Income Tax Act, as amended 13 by Public Act 81-1st Special Session-1. Net replacement 14 revenue shall be defined as the total amount paid into and 15 16 remaining in the General Revenue Fund as a result of those Acts minus the amount outstanding and obligated from the 17 18 General Revenue Fund in state vouchers or warrants prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1980 as refunds 19 to taxpayers for overpayment of liability under those Acts. 20

21 All interest earned by monies accumulated in the Personal 22 Property Tax Replacement Fund shall be deposited in such 23 Fund. All amounts allocated pursuant to this Section are appropriated on a continuing basis. 24

25 Prior to December 31, 1980, as soon as may be after the end of each quarter beginning with the quarter ending 26 December 31, 1979, and on and after December 31, 1980, 27 as soon as may be after January 1, March 1, April 1, May 1, July 28 August 1, October 1 and December 1 of each year, the 29 1, 30 Department of Revenue shall allocate to each taxing district as defined in Section 1-150 of the Property Tax Code, in 31 32 accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2) of this Section the portion of the funds held in the Personal 33 Property Tax Replacement Fund which is required to be 34

1 distributed, as provided in paragraph (1), for each quarter. 2 Provided, however, under no circumstances shall any taxing district during each of the first two years of distribution 3 4 of the taxes imposed by this amendatory Act of 1979 be 5 entitled to an annual allocation which is less than the funds such taxing district collected from the 1978 б personal property tax. Provided further that under no circumstances 7 8 shall any taxing district during the third year of 9 distribution of the taxes imposed by this amendatory Act of 1979 receive less than 60% of the funds such taxing district 10 11 collected from the 1978 personal property tax. In the event that the total of the allocations made as above provided for 12 all taxing districts, during either of such 3 years, exceeds 13 the amount available for distribution the allocation of each 14 15 taxing district shall be proportionately reduced. Except as 16 provided in Section 13 of this Act, the Department shall then certify, pursuant to appropriation, such allocations to the 17 State Comptroller who shall pay over to the several taxing 18 19 districts the respective amounts allocated to them.

Any township which receives an allocation based in whole or in part upon personal property taxes which it levied pursuant to Section 6-507 or 6-512 of the Illinois Highway Code and which was previously required to be paid over to a municipality shall immediately pay over to that municipality a proportionate share of the personal property replacement funds which such township receives.

Any municipality or township, other than a municipality 27 with a population in excess of 500,000, which receives an 28 29 allocation based in whole or in part on personal property 30 taxes which it levied pursuant to Sections 3-1, 3-4 and 3-6 of the Illinois Local Library Act and which was previously 31 required 32 to be paid over to a public library shall immediately pay over to that library a proportionate share of 33 34 the personal property tax replacement funds which such

-23-

1 municipality or township receives; provided that if such a 2 public library has converted to a library organized under The Illinois Public Library District Act, regardless of whether 3 4 such conversion has occurred on, after or before January 1, 5 1988, such proportionate share shall be immediately paid over 6 to the library district which maintains and operates the 7 library. However, any library that has converted prior to 8 January 1, 1988, and which hitherto has not received the personal property tax replacement funds, shall receive such 9 funds commencing on January 1, 1988. 10

11 Any township which receives an allocation based in whole 12 or in part on personal property taxes which it levied pursuant to Section 1c of the Public Graveyards Act and which 13 taxes were previously required to be paid over to or used for 14 15 such public cemetery or cemeteries shall immediately pay over 16 to or use for such public cemetery or cemeteries a proportionate share of the personal property tax replacement 17 18 funds which the township receives.

19 Any taxing district which receives an allocation based in 20 whole or in part upon personal property taxes which it levied 21 for another governmental body or school district in Cook County in 1976 or for another governmental body or school 22 23 district in the remainder of the State in 1977 shall immediately pay over to that governmental body or school 24 25 district the amount of personal property replacement funds which such governmental body or school district would receive 26 directly under the provisions of paragraph (2) of this 27 Section, had it levied its own taxes. 28

(1) The portion of the Personal Property Tax Replacement
Fund required to be distributed as of the time allocation is
required to be made shall be the amount available in such
Fund as of the time allocation is required to be made.

33 The amount available for distribution shall be the total 34 amount in the fund at such time minus the necessary

-24-

1 administrative expenses as limited by the appropriation and 2 the amount determined by: (a) \$2.8 million for fiscal year 1981; (b) for fiscal year 1982, .54% of the funds distributed 3 4 from the fund during the preceding fiscal year; (c) for 5 fiscal year 1983 through fiscal year 1988, .54% of the funds 6 distributed from the fund during the preceding fiscal year less .02% of such fund for fiscal year 1983 and less .02% of 7 8 such funds for each fiscal year thereafter, or (d) for fiscal 9 year 1989 and beyond no more than 105% of the actual administrative expenses of the prior fiscal year. Such 10 11 portion of the fund shall be determined after the transfer into the General Revenue Fund due to refunds, if any, paid 12 from the General Revenue Fund during the preceding quarter. 13 If at any time, for any reason, there is insufficient amount 14 in the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund for payment of 15 16 costs of administration or for transfers due to refunds at end of any particular month, the amount of such 17 the insufficiency shall be carried over for the purposes of 18 19 transfers into the General Revenue Fund and for purposes of costs of administration to the following month or months. 20 Net replacement revenue held, and defined above, shall be 21 22 transferred by the Treasurer and Comptroller to the Personal 23 Property Tax Replacement Fund within 10 days of such certification. 24

25 (2) Each quarterly allocation shall first be apportioned
26 in the following manner: 51.65% for taxing districts in Cook
27 County and 48.35% for taxing districts in the remainder of
28 the State.

The Personal Property Replacement Ratio of each taxing district outside Cook County shall be the ratio which the Tax Base of that taxing district bears to the Downstate Tax Base. The Tax Base of each taxing district outside of Cook County is the personal property tax collections for that taxing district for the 1977 tax year. The Downstate Tax Base is

-25-

1 the personal property tax collections for all taxing 2 districts in the State outside of Cook County for the 1977 3 tax year. The Department of Revenue shall have authority to 4 review for accuracy and completeness the personal property 5 tax collections for each taxing district outside Cook County 6 for the 1977 tax year.

7 The Personal Property Replacement Ratio of each Cook 8 County taxing district shall be the ratio which the Tax Base 9 that taxing district bears to the Cook County Tax Base. of The Tax Base of each Cook County taxing district is 10 the 11 personal property tax collections for that taxing district for the 1976 tax year. The Cook County Tax Base is the 12 personal property tax collections for all taxing districts in 13 Cook County for the 1976 tax year. The Department of Revenue 14 shall have authority to review for accuracy and completeness 15 16 the personal property tax collections for each taxing district within Cook County for the 1976 tax year. 17

For all purposes of this Section 12, amounts paid to 18 а 19 taxing district for such tax years as may be applicable by a foreign corporation under the provisions of Section 7-202 of 20 21 the Public Utilities Act, as amended, shall be deemed to be 22 personal property taxes collected by such taxing district for 23 such tax years as may be applicable. The Director shall determine from the Illinois Commerce Commission, for any tax 24 25 year as may be applicable, the amounts so paid by any such foreign corporation to any and all taxing districts. The 26 Illinois Commerce Commission shall furnish such information 27 to the Director. For all purposes of this Section 12, the 28 29 Director shall deem such amounts to be collected personal 30 taxes of each such taxing district for the property applicable tax year or years. 31

32 Taxing districts located both in Cook County and in one 33 or more other counties shall receive both a Cook County 34 allocation and a Downstate allocation determined in the same

-26-

1 way as all other taxing districts.

2 If any taxing district in existence on July 1, 1979 ceases to exist, or discontinues its operations, its Tax Base 3 4 shall thereafter be deemed to be zero. If the powers, duties 5 and obligations of the discontinued taxing district are assumed by another taxing district, the Tax Base of the 6 7 discontinued taxing district shall be added to the Tax Base 8 of the taxing district assuming such powers, duties and 9 obligations.

10 If two or more taxing districts in existence on July 1, 11 1979, or a successor or successors thereto shall consolidate 12 into one taxing district, the Tax Base of such consolidated 13 taxing district shall be the sum of the Tax Bases of each of 14 the taxing districts which have consolidated.

15 If a single taxing district in existence on July 1, 1979, 16 or a successor or successors thereto shall be divided into 17 two or more separate taxing districts, the tax base of the 18 taxing district so divided shall be allocated to each of the 19 resulting taxing districts in proportion to the then current 20 equalized assessed value of each resulting taxing district.

21 If a portion of the territory of a taxing district is disconnected and annexed to another taxing district of the 22 23 same type, the Tax Base of the taxing district from which disconnection was made shall be reduced in proportion to the 24 25 then current equalized assessed value of the disconnected territory as compared with the then current equalized 26 assessed value within the entire territory of the taxing 27 district prior to disconnection, and the amount of such 28 reduction shall be added to the Tax Base of the taxing 29 30 district to which annexation is made.

If a community college district is created after July 1, 1979, beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1995, its Tax Base shall be 3.5% of the sum of the personal property tax collected for the 1977 tax year within

-27-

1

the territorial jurisdiction of the district.

2 The amounts allocated and paid to taxing districts pursuant to the provisions of this amendatory Act of 1979 3 4 shall be deemed to be substitute revenues for the revenues 5 derived from taxes imposed on personal property pursuant to 6 the provisions of the "Revenue Act of 1939" or "An Act for 7 the assessment and taxation of private car line companies", approved July 22, 1943, as amended, or Section 414 of 8 the 9 Illinois Insurance Code, prior to the abolition of such taxes and shall be used for the same purposes as the revenues 10 11 derived from ad valorem taxes on real estate.

12 Monies received by any taxing districts from the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund shall be first applied toward 13 payment of the proportionate amount of debt service which was 14 15 previously levied and collected from extensions against 16 personal property on bonds outstanding as of December 31, 1978 and next applied toward payment of the proportionate 17 share of the pension or retirement obligations of the taxing 18 19 district which were previously levied and collected from 20 extensions against personal property. For each such 21 outstanding bond issue, the County Clerk shall determine the 22 percentage of the debt service which was collected from 23 extensions against real estate in the taxing district for 1978 taxes payable in 1979, as related to the total amount of 24 25 such levies and collections from extensions against both real and personal property. For 1979 and subsequent years' taxes, 26 the County Clerk shall levy and extend taxes against the real 27 estate of each taxing district which will yield the said 28 29 percentage or percentages of the debt service on such 30 outstanding bonds. The balance of the amount necessary to fully pay such debt service shall constitute a first and 31 32 prior lien upon the monies received by each such taxing district through the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund 33 and shall be first applied or set aside for such purpose. In 34

-28-

```
counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the
amendments to this paragraph as made by this amendatory Act
of 1980 shall be first applicable to 1980 taxes to be
collected in 1981.
```

5 (Source: P.A. 89-327, eff. 1-1-96; 90-154, eff. 1-1-98.)

6 Section 910. The Telecommunications Excise Tax Act is 7 amended by changing Sections 2, 6, and 15 as follows:

(35 ILCS 630/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 2002)

8

9 Sec. 2. As used in this Article, unless the context10 clearly requires otherwise:

"Gross charge" means the amount paid for the act or 11 (a) privilege of originating or receiving telecommunications in 12 this State and for all services and equipment provided in 13 14 connection therewith by a retailer, valued in money whether paid in money or otherwise, including cash, credits, services 15 and property of every kind or nature, and shall be determined 16 17 without any deduction on account of the cost of such telecommunications, the cost of materials used, labor or 18 19 service costs or any other expense whatsoever. In case credit is extended, the amount thereof shall be included only 20 21 as and when paid. "Gross charges" for private line service shall include charges imposed at each channel point within 22 23 this State, charges for the channel mileage between each channel point within this State, and charges for that portion 24 of the interstate inter-office channel provided 25 within Illinois. However, "gross charges" shall not include: 26

(1) any amounts added to a purchaser's bill because
of a charge made pursuant to (i) the tax imposed by this
Article; (ii) charges added to customers' bills pursuant
to the provisions of Sections 9-221 or 9-222 of the
Public Utilities Act, as amended, or any similar charges
added to customers' bills by retailers who are not

-29-

-30-

subject to rate regulation by the Illinois Commerce Commission for the purpose of recovering any of the tax liabilities or other amounts specified in such provisions of such Act; or (iii) the tax imposed by Section 4251 of the Internal Revenue Code; (iv) 911 surcharges; or (v) the tax imposed by the Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act;

8 (2) charges for a sent collect telecommunication
9 received outside of the State;

(3) charges for leased time on equipment or charges 10 11 for the storage of data or information for subsequent retrieval or the processing of data or information 12 13 intended to change its form or content. Such equipment includes, but is not limited to, the use of calculators, 14 15 computers, data processing equipment, tabulating 16 equipment or accounting equipment and also includes the usage of computers under a time-sharing agreement; 17

18 (4) charges for customer equipment, including such 19 equipment that is leased or rented by the customer from 20 any source, wherein such charges are disaggregated and 21 separately identified from other charges;

(5) charges to business enterprises certified under Section 9-222.1 of the Public Utilities Act, as amended, to the extent of such exemption and during the period of time specified by the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs;

charges for telecommunications and all services 27 (6) and equipment provided in connection therewith between a 28 29 parent corporation and its wholly owned subsidiaries or 30 between wholly owned subsidiaries when the tax imposed under this Article has already been paid to a retailer 31 and only to the extent that the charges between the 32 parent corporation and wholly owned subsidiaries or 33 34 between wholly owned subsidiaries represent expense allocation between the corporations and not the generation of profit for the corporation rendering such service;

4 (7) bad debts. Bad debt means any portion of a debt that is related to a sale at retail for which gross 5 charges are not otherwise deductible or excludable that 6 7 has become worthless or uncollectable, as determined under applicable federal income tax standards. 8 Ιf the 9 portion of the debt deemed to be bad is subsequently paid, the retailer shall report and pay the tax on that 10 11 portion during the reporting period in which the payment is made; 12

13 (8) charges paid by inserting coins in
14 coin-operated telecommunication devices;

15 (9) amounts paid by telecommunications retailers
16 under the Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure
17 Maintenance Fee Act.

18 (b) "Amount paid" means the amount charged to the 19 taxpayer's service address in this State regardless of where 20 such amount is billed or paid.

(c) "Telecommunications", in addition to the meaning 21 22 ordinarily and popularly ascribed to it, includes, without 23 limitation, messages or information transmitted through use of local, toll and wide area telephone service; private line 24 25 channel services; telegraph services; services; teletypewriter; computer exchange services; cellular mobile 26 service; 27 telecommunications specialized mobile radio; stationary two way radio; paging service; or any other form 28 29 of mobile and portable one-way or two-way communications; or 30 any other transmission of messages or information by electronic or similar means, between or among points by wire, 31 32 cable, fiber-optics, laser, microwave, radio, satellite or similar facilities. As used in this Act, "private line" means 33 a dedicated non-traffic sensitive service for a single 34

1 customer, that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority 2 use of a communications channel or group of channels, from one or more specified locations to one or more other 3 4 specified locations. The definition of "telecommunications" shall not include value added services in which computer 5 б processing applications are used to act on the form, content, 7 code and protocol of the information for purposes other than "Telecommunications" 8 transmission. shall not include 9 purchases of telecommunications by a telecommunications service provider for use as a component part of the service 10 11 provided by him to the ultimate retail consumer who 12 originates or terminates the taxable end-to-end communications. Carrier access charges, right of access 13 charges, charges for use of inter-company facilities, and all 14 15 telecommunications resold in the subsequent provision of, 16 used as a component of, or integrated into end-to-end telecommunications service shall be non-taxable as sales for 17 18 resale.

19 (d) "Interstate telecommunications" means all 20 telecommunications that either originate or terminate outside 21 this State.

(e) "Intrastate telecommunications" means all
telecommunications that originate and terminate within this
State.

25 (f) "Department" means the Department of Revenue of the26 State of Illinois.

27 (g) "Director" means the Director of Revenue for the28 Department of Revenue of the State of Illinois.

(h) "Taxpayer" means a person who individually or through his agents, employees or permittees engages in the act or privilege of originating or receiving telecommunications in this State and who incurs a tax liability under this Article.

34 (i) "Person" means any natural individual, firm, trust,

-32-

estate, partnership, association, joint stock company, joint
 venture, corporation, limited liability company, or a
 receiver, trustee, guardian or other representative appointed
 by order of any court, the Federal and State governments,
 including State universities created by statute or any city,
 town, county or other political subdivision of this State.

7 (j) "Purchase at retail" means the acquisition, 8 consumption or use of telecommunication through a sale at 9 retail.

"Sale at retail" means the transmitting, supplying 10 (k) 11 or furnishing of telecommunications and all services and provided in connection therewith 12 equipment for a consideration to persons other than the Federal and State 13 governments, and State universities created by statute and 14 15 other than between a parent corporation and its wholly owned 16 subsidiaries or between wholly owned subsidiaries for their use or consumption and not for resale. 17

(1) "Retailer" means and includes every person engaged 18 19 in the business of making sales at retail as defined in this 20 Article. The Department may, in its discretion, upon application, authorize the collection of the tax hereby 21 22 imposed by any retailer not maintaining a place of business 23 within this State, who, to the satisfaction of the Department, furnishes adequate security to insure collection 24 25 and payment of the tax. Such retailer shall be issued, without charge, a permit to collect such tax. When so 26 authorized, it shall be the duty of such retailer to collect 27 the tax upon all of the gross charges for telecommunications 28 in this State in the same manner and subject to the same 29 30 requirements as a retailer maintaining a place of business within this State. The permit may be revoked by the 31 32 Department at its discretion.

33 (m) "Retailer maintaining a place of business in this34 State", or any like term, means and includes any retailer

-33-

1 having or maintaining within this State, directly or by a 2 subsidiary, an office, distribution facilities, transmission facilities, sales office, warehouse or other place of 3 4 business, or any agent or other representative operating 5 within this State under the authority of the retailer or its б subsidiary, irrespective of whether such place of business or 7 agent or other representative is located here permanently or 8 temporarily, or whether such retailer or subsidiary is 9 licensed to do business in this State.

address" the location 10 (n) "Service means of 11 telecommunications equipment from which the 12 telecommunications services are originated or at which 13 telecommunications services are received by a taxpayer. In the event this may not be a defined location, as in the case 14 15 of mobile phones, paging systems, maritime systems, air-to-ground systems and the like, service address shall 16 17 mean the location of a taxpayer's primary use of the telecommunications equipment as defined by telephone number, 18 19 authorization code, or location in Illinois where bills are 20 sent.

"Prepaid telephone calling arrangements" mean the 21 (0) 22 right to exclusively purchase telephone or telecommunications 23 services that must be paid for in advance and enable the origination of one or more intrastate, interstate, 24 or 25 international telephone calls or other telecommunications using an access number, an authorization code, or both, 26 whether manually or electronically dialed, for which payment 27 to a retailer must be made in advance, provided that, unless 28 29 recharged, no further service is provided once that prepaid 30 amount of service has been consumed. Prepaid telephone 31 calling arrangements include the recharge of a prepaid calling arrangement. For purposes of this subsection, 32 33 "recharge" means the purchase of additional prepaid telephone 34 or telecommunications services whether or not the purchaser

-34-

1 acquires a different access number or authorization code. 2 "Prepaid telephone calling arrangement" does not include an 3 arrangement whereby a customer purchases a payment card and 4 pursuant to which the service provider reflects the amount of 5 such purchase as a credit on an invoice issued to that 6 customer under an existing subscription plan.

7 (Source: P.A. 90-562, eff. 12-16-97; 91-870, eff. 6-22-00.)

8 (35 ILCS 630/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 2006)

9 Sec. 6. Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, 10 on or before the <u>30th</u> 15th day of each month, except for the 11 month of February, on or before the 28th day of February, 12 each retailer maintaining a place of business in this State 13 shall make a return to the Department for the preceding 14 calendar month, stating:

15

1. His name;

16 2. The address of his principal place of business,
17 and the address of the principal place of business (if
18 that is a different address) from which he engages in the
19 business of transmitting telecommunications;

3. Total amount of gross charges billed by him
during the preceding calendar month for providing
telecommunications during such calendar month;

4. Total amount received by him during thepreceding calendar month on credit extended;

25

5. Deductions allowed by law;

26 6. Gross charges which were billed by him during
27 the preceding calendar month and upon the basis of which
28 the tax is imposed;

29

7. Amount of tax (computed upon Item 6);

30 8. Such other reasonable information as the31 Department may require.

32 Any taxpayer required to make payments under this Section 33 may make the payments by electronic funds transfer. The

-35-

1 Department shall adopt rules necessary to effectuate a 2 program of electronic funds transfer. Any taxpayer who has average monthly tax billings due to the Department under this 3 4 Act and the Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act that exceed \$1,000 shall make all payments by electronic funds transfer 5 as required by rules of the Department and shall file the 6 return required by this Section by electronic means as 7 8 required by rules of the Department.

9 If the retailer's average monthly tax billings due to the under this Act and the Municipal 10 Department 11 Telecommunications Tax Act do not exceed \$1,000 \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter 12 annual basis, with the return for January, February and March 13 a given year being due by April 30 15 of such year; with 14 of the return for April, May and June of a given year being due 15 16 by July 30 15 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October <u>30</u> 17 15 of 18 such year; and with the return of October, November and 19 December of a given year being due by January 30 15 of the following year. 20

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax billings due to the Department <u>under this Act and the</u> <u>Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act</u> do not exceed <u>\$400</u> \$50, the Department may authorize his or her return to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January <u>30th</u> 15th of the following year.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article containing the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Article, such retailer shall file a final return under this Article with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

-36-

In making such return, the retailer shall determine the value of any consideration other than money received by him and he shall include such value in his return. Such determination shall be subject to review and revision by the Department in the manner hereinafter provided for the correction of returns.

7 Each retailer whose average monthly liability to the 8 Department under this Article and the Municipal 9 Telecommunications Tax Act was \$25,000 \$10,000 or more during the preceding calendar year, excluding the month of highest 10 11 liability and the month of lowest liability in such calendar year, and who is not operated by a unit of local government, 12 shall make estimated payments to the Department on or before 13 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which 14 the 7th, 15 tax collection liability to the Department is incurred in an 16 amount not less than the lower of either 22.5% of the retailer's actual tax collections for the month or 25% of the 17 retailer's actual tax collections for the same calendar month 18 19 of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final liability of the 20 21 retailer's return for that month. Any outstanding credit, 22 approved by the Department, arising from the retailer's 23 overpayment of its final liability for any month may be applied to reduce the amount of any subsequent quarter 24 25 monthly payment or credited against the final liability of the retailer's return for any subsequent month. 26 If any 27 quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, the retailer shall be liable 28 for penalty and interest on the difference between the 29 30 minimum amount due as a payment and the amount of such payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as 31 the 32 retailer has previously made payments for that month to the 33 Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due. 34 If-the-Director-finds-that-the-information--required--for

-37-

1 the--making--of--an--accurate--return--cannot--reasonably--be 2 compiled--by-a-retailer-within-15-days-after-the-close-of-the 3 calendar-month-for-which-a-return-is-to-be-made,-he-may-grant 4 an-extension-of-time-for-the-filing--of--such--return--for--a 5 period--of--not--to-exceed-31-calendar-days---The-granting-of such-an-extension-may-be-conditioned-upon-the-deposit-by--the 6 7 retailer--with--the--Department--of--an--amount--of-money-not 8 exceeding-the-amount-estimated-by-the-Director-to-be-due-with 9 the-return-so-extended --- All--such--deposits --- including--any 10 heretofore--made--with--the--Department,--shall--be--credited 11 against--the--retailer's--liabilities-under-this-Article.--If 12 any-such-deposit-exceeds-the-retailer's-present-and--probable 13 future--liabilities--under-this-Article,-the-Department-shall 14 issue-to-the-retailer--a--credit--memorandum,--which--may--be 15 assigned--by--the--retailer--to-a-similar-retailer-under-this 16 Article,-in-accordance-with-reasonable-rules-and--regulations 17 to-be-prescribed-by-the-Department.

The retailer making the return herein provided for shall, 18 19 the time of making such return, pay to the Department the at 20 amount of tax herein imposed, less a commission of 1% which 21 is allowed to reimburse the retailer for the expenses 22 incurred in keeping records, billing the customer, preparing 23 and filing returns, remitting the tax, and supplying data to 24 the Department upon request. No commission may be claimed by 25 a retailer for taxes not timely remitted. On and after the effective date of this Article of 1985, \$1,000,000 of the 26 27 moneys received by the Department of Revenue pursuant to this Article shall be paid each month into the Common School Fund 28 29 and the remainder into the General Revenue Fund. On and after 30 February 1, 1998, however, of the moneys received by the 31 Department of Revenue pursuant to the additional taxes 32 imposed by this amendatory Act of 1997 one-half shall be deposited into the School Infrastructure Fund and one-half 33 34 shall be deposited into the Common School Fund. On and after

-38-

1 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General 2 Assembly, if in any fiscal year the total of the moneys deposited into the School Infrastructure Fund under this Act 3 4 is less than the total of the moneys deposited into that Fund from the additional taxes imposed by Public Act 90-548 during 5 6 fiscal year 1999, then, as soon as possible after the close 7 of the fiscal year, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue 8 9 Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund an amount equal to the difference between the fiscal year total deposits and the 10 11 total amount deposited into the Fund in fiscal year 1999. (Source: P.A. 90-16, eff. 6-16-97; 90-548, eff. 12-4-97; 12

13 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-870, 6-22-00.)

14 (35 ILCS 630/15) (from Ch. 120, par. 2015)

15 Sec. 15. Confidential information. All information received by the Department from returns filed under this 16 17 Article, or from any investigations conducted under this Article, shall be confidential, except for official purposes, 18 and any person who divulges any such information in any 19 20 manner, except in accordance with a proper judicial order or 21 as otherwise provided by law, shall be guilty of a Class B 22 misdemeanor.

Provided, that nothing contained in this Article shall 23 24 prevent the Director from publishing or making available to the public the names and addresses of retailers or taxpayers 25 filing returns under this Article, or from publishing or 26 27 making available reasonable statistics concerning the operation of the tax wherein the contents of returns are 28 29 grouped into aggregates in such a way that the information contained in any individual return shall not be disclosed. 30

31 And provided, that nothing contained in this Article 32 shall prevent the Director from making available to the 33 United States Government or the government of any other

-39-

1 state, or any officer or agency thereof, for exclusively 2 official purposes, information received by the Department in administration of this Article, 3 the if such other 4 governmental agency agrees to divulqe requested tax 5 information to the Department.

6 The furnishing upon request of the Auditor General, or 7 his authorized agents, for official use, of returns filed and 8 information related thereto under this Article is deemed to 9 be an official purpose within the meaning of this Section.

10 The furnishing of financial information to a municipality 11 that has imposed a tax under the Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act, upon request of the chief executive thereof, is an 12 13 official purpose within the meaning of this Section, provided that the municipality agrees in writing to the requirements 14 of this Section. Information so provided shall be subject to 15 16 all confidentiality provisions of this Section. The written 17 agreement shall provide for reciprocity, limitations on access, disclosure, and procedures for requesting 18 19 information.

The Director shall make available for public inspection in the Department's principal office and for publication, at cost, administrative decisions issued on or after January 1, 1995. These decisions are to be made available in a manner so that the following taxpayer information is not disclosed:

25 (1) The names, addresses, and identification numbers of the taxpayer, related entities, and employees. 26 At the sole discretion of the Director, trade 27 (2) secrets or other confidential information identified as 28 29 such by the taxpayer, no later than 30 days after receipt of an administrative decision, by such means as the 30 Department shall provide by rule. 31

32 The Director shall determine the appropriate extent of 33 the deletions allowed in paragraph (2). In the event the 34 taxpayer does not submit deletions, the Director shall make

-40-

1 only the deletions specified in paragraph (1).

The Director shall make available for public inspection and publication an administrative decision within 180 days after the issuance of the administrative decision. The term "administrative decision" has the same meaning as defined in Section 3-101 of Article III of the Code of Civil Procedure. Costs collected under this Section shall be paid into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund.

9 Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent the Director 10 from divulging information to any person pursuant to a 11 request or authorization made by the taxpayer or by an 12 authorized representative of the taxpayer.

13 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.)

14 Section 915. The Telecommunications Municipal 15 Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act is amended by changing 16 Sections 1, 5, 10, 15, 25, 27, 27.35, and 30 as follows:

17 (35 ILCS 635/1)

Sec. 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act.

21 (Source: P.A. 90-154, eff. 1-1-98.)

22 (35 ILCS 635/5)

23 Sec. 5. Legislative intent.

24 (a) The General Assembly imposed a tax on invested 25 capital of utilities to partially replace the personal 26 property tax that was abolished by the Illinois Constitution 27 of 1970. Since that tax was imposed, telecommunications 28 retailers have evolved from utility status into an 29 increasingly competitive industry serving the public.

30 (b) This Act is intended to abolish the invested capital 31 tax on telecommunications retailers (that is, persons engaged

-41-

1 in the business of transmitting messages and acting as a 2 retailer of telecommunications as defined in Section 2 of the 3 Telecommunications Excise Tax Act). Cellular 4 telecommunications retailers have already been excluded from application of 5 the invested capital tax by earlier 6 legislative action.

(c) This Act is also intended to abolish municipal 7 8 franchise fees with respect to telecommunications retailers, 9 ereate-a-uniform-system-for-the-collection--and--distribution 10 of--fees--associated--with-the-privilege-of-use-of-the-public 11 right-of-way-for-telecommunications-activity, and to provide 12 municipalities with a new source of revenue to compensate for the loss of municipal franchise fees. It is the intent of 13 the General Assembly that the rate of a municipal 14 infrastructure maintenance fee permitted under this Act is 15 16 subject only to the limits prescribed in Section 20 and need not relate to use of the public rights-of-way or the costs 17 associated with maintaining and regulating the use of the 18 public rights-of-way. It is also the intent of the General 19 Assembly that proceeds of the municipal infrastructure 20 21 maintenance fee may be used for any lawful corporate purpose, 22 and any proceeds collected prior to the effective date of 23 these changes to Subsection (c) may also be used for any 24 lawful purpose. These changes to this Subsection (c) made by this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly are 25 declarative of existing law. 26

27 (d) On and after July 1, 2002, the enactment by the General Assembly of the Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act 28 29 creates a replacement source of revenue for municipalities in substitution for, among other things, the municipal 30 31 infrastructure maintenance fee and the optional infrastructure maintenance fee. This amendatory Act of the 32 91st General Assembly is intended to repeal both the 33 municipal infrastructure maintenance fee and the optional 34

-42-

LRB9202601SMdv

1	infrastructure maintenance fee acomprehensivemethod-of
2	compensation-for-telecommunicationsactivityincludingthe
3	recoveryofreasonablecostsof-regulating-the-use-of-the
4	public-rights-of-way-for-telecommunications-activity.

5 (Source: P.A. 90-154, eff. 1-1-98; 91-533, eff. 8-13-99.)

- 6 (35 ILCS 635/10)
- 7

Sec. 10. Definitions.

8 "Gross charges" means the amount paid (a) to а telecommunications retailer for the act or privilege of 9 10 originating or receiving telecommunications in this State Θr the--municipality--imposing--the--fee--under-this-Act,-as-the 11 context-requires, and for all services rendered in connection 12 therewith, valued in money whether paid in 13 money or 14 otherwise, including cash, credits, services, and property of 15 every kind or nature, and shall be determined without any deduction on account of the cost of such telecommunications, 16 17 the cost of the materials used, labor or service costs, or 18 any other expense whatsoever. In case credit is extended, the amount thereof shall be included only as and when paid. 19 20 "Gross charges" for private line service shall include 21 charges imposed at each channel point within this State or 22 the-municipality-imposing-the-fee-under-this-Act, charges for the channel mileage between each channel point within this 23 24 State or-the-municipality-imposing-the-fee--under--this--Act, and charges for that portion of the interstate inter-office 25 channel provided within Illinois or-the-municipality-imposing 26 the-fee-under-this-Act. However, "gross charges" shall not 27 28 include:

(1) any amounts added to a purchaser's bill because
of a charge made under: (i) the fee imposed by this
Section, (ii) additional charges added to a purchaser's
bill under Section 9-221 or 9-222 of the Public Utilities
Act, (iii) amounts-collected-under-Section-8-11-17-of-the

-43-

1 Illinois--Municipal--Code,--(iv) the tax imposed by the 2 Telecommunications Excise Tax Act, (iv) (v) 911 3 surcharges, or (v) (vi) the tax imposed by Section 4251 4 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (2) charges for a sent collect telecommunication
6 received outside of this State or--the--municipality
7 imposing-the-fee,-as-the-context-requires;

8 (3) charges for leased time on equipment or charges 9 for the storage of data or information or subsequent retrieval or the processing of data or information 10 11 intended to change its form or content. Such equipment includes, but is not limited to, the use of calculators, 12 13 computers, data processing equipment, tabulating equipment, or accounting equipment and also includes the 14 15 usage of computers under a time-sharing agreement.

16 (4) charges for customer equipment, including such 17 equipment that is leased or rented by the customer from 18 any source, wherein such charges are disaggregated and 19 separately identified from other charges;

20 (5) charges to business enterprises certified under 21 Section 9-222.1 of the Public Utilities Act to the extent 22 of such exemption and during the period of time specified 23 by the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs or-by 24 the--municipality--imposing-the-fee-under-the-Act,-as-the 25 context-requires;

(6) charges for telecommunications and all services 26 27 and equipment provided in connection therewith between a parent corporation and its wholly owned subsidiaries or 28 29 between wholly owned subsidiaries, and only to the extent 30 that the charges between the parent corporation and wholly owned subsidiaries or between wholly owned 31 subsidiaries represent expense allocation between the 32 corporations and not the generation of profit other than 33 34 a regulatory required profit for the corporation

-44-

-45-

1

rendering such services;

2 (7) bad debts ("bad debt" means any portion of a debt that is related to a sale at retail for which gross 3 charges are not otherwise deductible or excludable that 4 has become worthless or uncollectible, as determined 5 under applicable federal income tax standards; if the 6 7 portion of the debt deemed to be bad is subsequently 8 paid, the retailer shall report and pay the tax on that 9 portion during the reporting period in which the payment is made); or 10

11 (8) charges paid by inserting coins in 12 coin-operated telecommunication devices.;+-or

13 (9)--charges-for-telecommunications-and-all-services 14 and-equipment-provided-to--a--municipality--imposing--the 15 infrastructure-maintenance-fee.

16 (a-5) "Department" means the Illinois Department of 17 Revenue.

"Telecommunications" includes, but is not limited 18 (b) to, messages or information transmitted through use of local, 19 toll, and wide area telephone service, channel services, 20 21 telegraph services, teletypewriter service, computer exchange 22 services, private line services, specialized mobile radio 23 services, or any other transmission of messages or information by electronic or similar means, between or among 24 25 points by wire, cable, fiber optics, laser, microwave, radio, satellite, or similar facilities. Unless the context clearly 26 requires otherwise, "telecommunications" shall also include 27 telecommunications as hereinafter 28 wireless defined. "Telecommunications" shall not include value added services 29 30 in which computer processing applications are used to act on 31 the form, content, code, and protocol of the information for purposes other than transmission. "Telecommunications" shall 32 33 include purchase of telecommunications not by а 34 telecommunications service provider for use as a component

1 part of the service provided by him or her to the ultimate 2 retail consumer who originates or terminates the end-to-end communications. Retailer access charges, right of access 3 4 charges, charges for use of intercompany facilities, and all telecommunications resold in the subsequent provision and 5 6 used as a component of, or integrated into, end-to-end 7 telecommunications service shall not be included in gross charges as sales for resale. "Telecommunications" shall not 8 9 include the provision of cable services through a cable system as defined in the Cable Communications Act of 1984 (47 10 11 U.S.C. Sections 521 and following) as now or hereafter 12 amended or through an open video system as defined in the 13 Rules of the Federal Communications Commission (47 C.D.F. 76.1550 and following) as now or hereafter amended. Beginning 14 15 January 1, 2001, prepaid telephone calling arrangements shall 16 not be considered "telecommunications" subject to the tax 17 imposed under this Act. For purposes of this Section, "prepaid telephone calling arrangements" means that term as 18 19 defined in Section 2-27 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. 20 "Wireless telecommunications" includes cellular (C) 21 mobile telephone services, personal wireless services as 22 defined in Section 704(C) of the Telecommunications Act of 23 1996 (Public Law No. 104-104) as now or hereafter amended, including all commercial mobile radio services, and paging 24 25 services.

(d) "Telecommunications retailer" or "retailer" 26 or 27 "carrier" means and includes every person engaged in the business of making sales of telecommunications at retail as 28 29 defined in this Section. The Illinois Department of--Revenue 30 or--the--municipality--imposing--the-fee,-as-the-case-may-be, 31 may, in its discretion, upon applications, authorize the 32 collection of the fee hereby imposed by any retailer not maintaining a place of business within this State, who, to 33 34 the satisfaction of the Department or-municipality, furnishes

-46-

adequate security to insure collection and payment of the fee. When so authorized, it shall be the duty of such retailer to pay the fee upon all of the gross charges for telecommunications in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as a retailer maintaining a place of business within this the State or-municipality-imposing-the-fee.

7 (e) "Retailer maintaining a place of business in this 8 State", or any like term, means and includes any retailer 9 having or maintaining within this State, directly or by a subsidiary, an office, distribution facilities, transmission 10 11 facilities, sales office, warehouse, or other place of 12 business, or any agent or other representative operating within this State under the authority of the retailer or its 13 subsidiary, irrespective of whether such place of business or 14 15 agent or other representative is located here permanently or 16 temporarily, or whether such retailer or subsidiary is licensed to do business in this State. 17

18 "Sale of telecommunications at retail" means the (f) 19 transmitting, supplying, or furnishing of telecommunications and all services rendered in connection therewith for a 20 21 consideration, other than between a parent corporation and 22 its wholly owned subsidiaries or between wholly owned 23 subsidiaries, when the gross charge made by one such corporation to another such corporation is not greater than 24 25 the gross charge paid to the retailer for their use or consumption and not for sale. 26

"Service address" the 27 means location of (g) telecommunications equipment from which telecommunications 28 29 services are originated or at which telecommunications 30 services are received. If this is not a defined location, as in the case of wireless telecommunications, paging systems, 31 32 maritime systems, air-to-ground systems, and the like, "service address" shall mean the location of the customer's 33 34 primary use of the telecommunications equipment as defined by

-47-

1 the location in Illinois where bills are sent.

2 (Source: P.A. 90-154, eff. 1-1-98; 90-562, eff. 12-16-97; 3 91-870, eff. 6-22-00.)

4 (35 ILCS 635/15)

5 Sec. 15. State telecommunications infrastructure 6 maintenance fees.

7 (a) A State infrastructure maintenance fee is hereby 8 imposed upon telecommunications retailers as a replacement 9 for the personal property tax in an amount specified in 10 subsection (b).

(b) The amount of the State infrastructure maintenance 11 12 fee imposed upon a telecommunications retailer under this Section shall be equal to 0.5% of all gross charges charged 13 14 by the telecommunications retailer to service addresses in 15 this State for telecommunications, other than wireless telecommunications, originating or received in this State. 16 17 However, the State infrastructure maintenance fee is not imposed in any case in which the imposition of the fee would 18 violate the Constitution or statutes of the United States. 19

20 (C) (Blank). An-optional-infrastructure-maintenance-fee 21 is-hereby-created.--A-telecommunications-retailer--may--elect 22 to--pay--the--optional--infrastructure--maintenance--fee-with 23 respect---to---the---gross----charges----charged----by----the 24 telecommunications---retailer---to--service--addresses--in--a 25 particular-municipality-for--telecommunications,--other--than 26 wireless--telecommunications, --originating-or-received-in-the 27 municipality-if-(1)-the-telecommunications--retailer--is--not 28 required-to-pay-any-compensation-to-the-municipality-under-an 29 existing-franchise-agreement-and-(2)-the-municipality-has-not 30 imposed---a---municipal--infrastructure--maintenance--fee--as 31 authorized-in-Section-20-of-this--Act---A--telecommunications 32 retailer---electing---to---pay--the--optional--infrastructure 33 maintenance-fee-shall-notify-the-Department-of-such--election

-48-

1 on--the--application--for--certificate--of-registration.-If-a
2 telecommunications-retailer--elects--to--pay--this--fee--with
3 respect---to---the----gross----charges---charged---by---the
4 telecommunications--retailer--to--service--addresses---in---a
5 particular--municipality,--such-election-shall-remain-in-full
6 force-and-effect-until-such-time-as-the-municipality--imposes
7 a-municipal-infrastructure-maintenance-fee.

8 (d) <u>(Blank)</u>. The--amount-of-the-optional-infrastructure 9 maintenance-fee-which-a-telecommunications-retailer-may-elect 10 to-pay-with-respect-to-a--particular--municipality--shall--be 11 equal---to--25%--of--the--maximum--amount--of--the--municipal 12 infrastructure-maintenance-fee-which-the--municipality--could 13 impose-under-Section-20-of-this-Act.

14 (e) The State infrastructure maintenance fee and-the
15 optional-infrastructure-maintenance-fee authorized by this
16 Section shall be collected, enforced, and administered as set
17 forth in subsection (b) of Section 25 of this Act.

18 (Source: P.A. 90-154, eff. 1-1-98; 90-562, eff. 12-16-97.)

19 (35 ILCS 635/25)

20 Sec. 25. Collection, enforcement, and administration of 21 telecommunications infrastructure maintenance fees.

22 A telecommunications retailer shall charge each (a) customer an additional charge equal to the sum - of - (1) - an23 24 amount--equal--to--the State infrastructure maintenance fee 25 attributable to that customer's service address and--(2)--an 26 amount--equal-to-the-optional-infrastructure-maintenance-fee, 27 if-any,-attributable-to-that-customer's-service--address--and 28 (3)---an---amount---equal--to--the--municipal--infrastructure 29 maintenance-fee,-if--any,--attributable--to--that--customer's 30 service--address. Such additional charge shall be shown 31 separately on the bill to each customer.

32 (b) The State infrastructure maintenance fee and--the
 33 optional--infrastructure--maintenance-fee shall be designated

1 as a replacement for the personal property tax and shall be remitted by the telecommunications retailer to the Illinois 2 3 Department of---Revenue; provided, however, that the 4 telecommunications retailer may retain an amount not to 5 exceed 2% of the State infrastructure maintenance fee and-the optional-infrastructure-maintenance-fee,-if-any, paid to the 6 7 Department, with a timely paid and timely filed return to 8 reimburse itself for expenses incurred in collecting, 9 accounting for, and remitting the fee. All amounts herein 10 remitted to the Department shall be transferred to the 11 Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund in the State Treasury. 12 (c)--The--municipal--infrastructure-maintenance-fee-shall 13 be--remitted--by--the--telecommunications--retailer--to---the 14 municipality----imposing----the----municipal---infrastructure

15 maintenance----fee;----provided;----however;-----that-----the 16 telecommunications--retailer--may--retain--an--amount--not-to 17 exceed-2%-of-the--municipal--infrastructure--maintenance--fee 18 collected--by-it-to-reimburse-itself-for-expenses-incurred-in 19 accounting-for--and--remitting--the--fee;---The--municipality 20 imposing--the--municipal-infrastructure-maintenance-fee-shall 21 collect;-enforce;-and-administer-the-fee;

(d)--Except-as-provided-in--subsection--(e),--during--any period--of-time-when-a-municipality-receives-any-compensation other-than-the-municipal-infrastructure-maintenance--fee--set forth--in-Section-20,-for-a-telecommunications-retailer's-use of--the--public--right-of-way,--no--municipal--infrastructure maintenance-fee-may-be-imposed-by-such-municipality--pursuant to-this-Act.

(e)--A---municipality---that,--pursuant--to--a--franchise agreement-in-existence-on-the-effective--date--of--this--Act, receives--compensation-from-a-telecommunications-retailer-for the-use-of-the-public-right-of-way,-may--impose--a--municipal infrastructure--maintenance--fee-pursuant-to-this-Act-only-on the-condition-that-such-municipality-(1)-waives-its-right--to

-50-

1 receive--all--fees,--charges-and-other-compensation-under-all 2 existing---franchise---agreements---or---the----like----with 3 telecommunications---retailers---during--the--time--that--the 4 municipality-imposes-a-municipal--infrastructure--maintenance 5 fee--and--(2)--imposes-by-ordinance-(or-other-proper-means)-a municipal--infrastructure--maintenance--fee---which---becomes 6 7 effective--no-sooner-than-90-days-after-such-municipality-has 8 provided--written--notice---by---certified---mail---to---each telecommunications-retailer-with-whom-the-municipality-has-an 9 10 existing--franchise--agreement,--that-the-municipality-waives 11 all-compensation-under-such-existing-franchise-agreement.

12 (Source: P.A. 90-154, eff. 1-1-98; 90-562, eff. 12-16-97; 13 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)

14 (35 ILCS 635/27)

15 Sec. 27. Returns by telecommunications retailer; extensions. Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, 16 17 before the 30th day of each on or month each telecommunications retailer maintaining a place of business 18 in this State shall make a return and payment of fees to the 19 20 Department for the preceding calendar month on a form 21 prescribed and furnished by the Department. The return shall be signed by the telecommunications retailer under penalties 22 of perjury and shall contain the following information: 23

24

33

1. His or her name;

25 2. The address of his or her principal place of 26 business, and the address of the principal place of 27 business (if that is a different address) from which he 28 or she engages in the business of transmitting 29 telecommunications;

30 3. The total amount of gross charges charged by him
31 or her during the preceding calendar month for providing
32 telecommunications during such calendar month;

4. The total amount received by him or her during

-51-

the preceding calendar month on credit extended;
5. Deductions allowed by law;
6. Gross charges that were charged by him or her
during the preceding calendar month and upon the basis of
which the State infrastructure maintenance fee is
imposed;

7 7. (Blank) Gross-charges-that-were-charged--by--him 8 or--her--during-the-preceding-calendar-month-and-upon-the 9 basis-of-which-the--optional--infrastructure--maintenance 10 fee₇-if-any₇-is-imposed-for-each-particular-municipality;

11

8. Amounts of fees due;

9. Such other reasonable information as theDepartment may require.

Ιf the telecommunications retailer's average monthly 14 15 liability to the Department does not exceed \$100, the 16 Department may authorize his or her returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February, 17 and March of a given year being due by April 15 of such year; 18 19 with the return for April, May, and June of a given year being due by July 15 of such year; with the return for July, 20 21 August, and September of a given year being due by October 15 22 of such year; and with the return of October, November, and 23 December of a given year being due by January 15 of the 24 following year.

25 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act concerning the time within which a telecommunications 26 retailer may file his or her return, in the case of 27 anv telecommunications retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of 28 29 business which makes him or her responsible for filing 30 returns under this Act, such telecommunications retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department 31 32 not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

33 In making such return, the telecommunications retailer 34 shall determine the value of any consideration other than

-52-

LRB9202601SMdv

1 money received by him or her and he or she shall include such 2 value in his or her return. Such determination shall be 3 subject to review and revision by the Department in the 4 manner hereinafter provided for the correction of returns.

5 If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the 6 telecommunications retailer's liabilities under this Act, as 7 shown on an original monthly return, the Department may 8 authorize the telecommunications retailer to credit such excess payment against liability subsequently to be remitted 9 10 the Department under this Act, in accordance with to regulations prescribed 11 reasonable rules and by the 12 Department. If the Department subsequently determines that 13 all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to telecommunications retailer, the telecommunications 14 the 15 retailer's 2% discount shall be reduced by 2% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, 16 17 and that telecommunications retailer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference. 18

19 If-the-Director-finds-that-the-information--required--for 20 the--making--of--an--accurate--return--cannot--reasonably--be 21 compiled--by--a--telecommunications--retailer--within-15-days 22 after-the-elose-of-the-ealendar-month-for-which-a--return--is to--be-made,-he-or-she-may-grant-an-extension-of-time-for-the 23 24 filing-of-such-return-for--a--period--of--not--to--exceed--31 25 calendar--days---The--granting--of--such--an-extension-may-be 26 conditioned--upon--the--deposit--by--the---telecommunications 27 retailer--with--the--Department--of--an--amount--of-money-not 28 exceeding-the-amount-estimated-by-the-Director-to-be-due-with 29 the-return-so-extended --- All--such--deposits --- including--any 30 heretofore--made--with--the--Department,--shall--be--credited 31 against--the--telecommunications-retailer's-liabilities-under 32 this-Act.-If-any-such-deposit-exceeds-the--telecommunications 33 retailer's-present-and-probable-future-liabilities-under-this 34 Act,--the--Department--shall--issue-to-the-telecommunications

-53-

1 retailer-a-credit-memorandum,-which-may-be--assigned--by--the 2 telecommunications--retailer--to-a-similar-telecommunications 3 retailer-under-this-Act,-in-accordance-with-reasonable--rules 4 and-regulations-to-be-prescribed-by-the-Department.

5 Any telecommunications retailer required to make payments 6 under this Section may make the payments by electronic funds 7 transfer. The Department shall adopt rules necessary to 8 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer.

9 (Source: P.A. 90-562, eff. 12-16-97.)

10 (35 ILCS 635/27.35)

11 Sec. 27.35. Rules and regulations; notice to 12 telecommunications retailer; hearings. The Department may make, promulgate, and enforce such reasonable rules and 13 14 regulations relating to the administration and enforcement of 15 only the State infrastructure maintenance fee and --- the 16 optional--infrastructure--maintenance--fee authorized by this 17 Act. Such-rules-and--regulations--shall--not--apply--to--the 18 administration----and----enforcement----of----the---municipal 19 infrastructure-maintenance-fee-authorized-by-this-Act.

20 Whenever notice to a telecommunications retailer is 21 required by this Act, such notice may be given by United 22 certified or registered mail, addressed to States the telecommunications retailer concerned at his or her last 23 24 known address, and proof of such mailing shall be sufficient for the purposes of this Act. In the case of a notice of 25 26 hearing, such notice shall be mailed not less than 7 days prior to the day fixed for the hearing. 27

All hearings provided for in this Act with respect to a telecommunications retailer having his or her principal place of business other than in Cook County shall be held at the Department's office nearest to the location of the telecommunications retailer's principal place of business: Provided that if the telecommunications retailer has his or her principal place of business in Cook County, such hearing shall be held in Cook County; and provided further that if the telecommunications retailer does not have his principal place of business in this State, such hearings shall be held in Sangamon County.

Whenever any proceeding provided by this Act has been 6 7 begun by the Department or by a person subject thereto and 8 such person thereafter dies or becomes a person under legal 9 disability before the proceeding has been concluded, the legal representative of the deceased person or a person under 10 11 legal disability shall notify the Department of such death or legal disability. The legal representative, as such, shall 12 then be substituted by the Department in place of and for the 13 person. Within 20 days 14 after notice to the legal 15 representative of the time fixed for that purpose, the 16 proceeding may proceed in all respects and with like effect as though the person had not died or become a person under 17 legal disability. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 90-562, eff. 12-16-97.)

20 (35 ILCS 635/30)

21 Sec. 30. Validity of existing franchise fees and 22 agreements.

(a) Upon--the--effective-date-of-this-Act,-the-municipal 23 24 infrastructure-maintenance-fee-authorized-by-this--Act--shall 25 be-the-only-fee-or-compensation-for-recovering-the-reasonable 26 costs--of--regulating-the-use-of-the-public-rights-of-way-and for-the-use-of-public-rights-of-way-that-may-be-levied-by--or 27 28 otherwise--required--by-ordinance,-resolution,-or-contract-to 29 be-paid-to-a-municipality-for-the-use-of-its--public--way--by 30 telecommunications-retailers. No new franchise fees or other 31 charges for the use of the public rights-of-way, including those for the recovery of reasonable costs of regulating the 32 use of the public rights-of-way, shall be imposed upon, 33

-55-

1 levied on, or otherwise required of telecommunications 2 retailers by ordinance, resolution, or contract, or other 3 charges required from telecommunications retailers by 4 municipalities from and after the effective date of this Act. 5 No--telecommunications--retailer-paying-either-the-applicable municipal-infrastructure--maintenance--fee--or--the--optional 6 7 infrastructure--maintenance-fee-authorized-by-this-Act-may-be 8 denied-the-use,-directly-or-indirectly,-of-the-public-way-of 9 the-municipality-either-imposing-the-municipal-infrastructure 10 maintenance--fee--or--to--which--the--optional-infrastructure 11 maintenance-fee-relates,-as-the-case-may--be,--as--authorized 12 under--the--Telephone--Company-Act. Nothing in this Act shall 13 excuse any person or entity from obligations imposed under any law concerning generally applicable taxes or standards 14 15 for construction on, over, under, or within, use of or repair 16 of the public rights-of-way, including standards relating to 17 free standing towers and other structures upon the public way, nor shall any person or entity be excused from any 18 liability imposed by any such law for the failure to comply 19 20 with such generally applicable taxes or standards governing 21 construction on, over, under, or within, use of or repair of 22 the public rights-of-way.

23 Agreements between telecommunications retailers (b) and municipalities entered into before the effective date of this 24 25 Act regarding use of the public ways shall remain valid according to and for their stated terms, except as to fees or 26 charges waived under Section 60 of the Municipal 27 <u>Telecommunications Tax Act</u>. If₇-following-the-effective-date 28 29 of-this-Act,-such-an-agreement-is-renewed-automatically-or-by 30 agreement--of--the-parties,-the-compensation-or-fee-under-the 31 agreement-shall--be--equal--to--the--maximum--amount--of--the 32 municipal----infrastructure---maintenance---fee---which---the 33 municipality-could-impose-under-Section-20-of-this-Act.

34 (c) The regulation of the terms and conditions upon

1 which poles, conduits, and other facilities located in the 2 public way may be shared by or between telecommunications retailers shall be committed exclusively to the jurisdiction 3 4 of the Illinois Commerce Commission and the Federal Communications Commission, and such regulation shall not be 5 among the home rule powers and functions described in 6 7 subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois 8 Constitution. Moreover, no municipality may enter into any 9 contract or agreement with a telecommunications retailer with respect to the terms and conditions upon which poles, 10 11 conduits, and other facilities located in the public way may be shared by or between telecommunications retailers. 12

13 (Source: P.A. 90-154, eff. 1-1-98.)

14 (35 ILCS 635/20 rep.)

Section 917. The Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act is amended by repealing Section 20.

Section 920. The Emergency Telephone System Act is amended by changing Section 15.3 as follows:

20 (50 ILCS 750/15.3) (from Ch. 134, par. 45.3)

Sec. 15.3. (a) The corporate authorities 21 of anv 22 municipality or any county may, subject to the limitations of subsections (c), (d), and (h), and in addition to any tax 23 24 levied pursuant to the Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act Section--8-11-2--of--the--Illinois--Municipal--Code, impose a 25 26 monthly surcharge on billed subscribers of network connection 27 provided by telecommunication carriers engaged in the 28 business of transmitting messages by means of electricity 29 originating within the corporate limits of the municipality or county imposing the surcharge at a rate per network 30 connection determined in accordance with subsection (c). A 31

-57-

1 municipality may enter into an intergovernmental agreement 2 with any county in which it is partially located, when the county has adopted an ordinance to impose a surcharge as 3 4 provided in subsection (c), to include that portion of the 5 municipality lying outside the county in that county's 6 surcharge referendum. If the county's surcharge referendum 7 is approved, the portion of the municipality identified in 8 the intergovernmental agreement shall automatically be 9 disconnected from the county in which it lies and connected to the county which approved the referendum for purposes of a 10 11 surcharge on telecommunications carriers.

(b) For purposes of computing the surcharge imposed by 12 13 subsection (a), the network connections to which the surcharge shall apply shall be those in-service network 14 15 connections, other than those network connections assigned to 16 the municipality or county, where the service address for each such network connection or connections is located within 17 18 the corporate limits of the municipality or county levying 19 the surcharge. The "service address" shall mean the location the primary use of the network connection or connections. 20 of 21 With respect to network connections provided for use with pay 22 telephone services for which there is no billed subscriber, 23 telecommunications carrier providing the network the connection shall be deemed to be its own billed subscriber 24 25 for purposes of applying the surcharge.

(c) Upon the passage of an ordinance to impose 26 а surcharge under this Section the clerk of the municipality or 27 county shall certify the question of whether the surcharge 28 may be imposed to the proper election authority who shall 29 30 submit public question to the electors of the the municipality or county in accordance with the 31 general 32 election law; provided that such question shall not be submitted at a consolidated primary election. 33 The public question shall be in substantially the following form: 34

-58-

1		
2	Shall the county (or city, village	
3	or incorporated town) ofimpose	YES
4	a surcharge of up to¢ per month per	
5	network connection, which surcharge will	
6	be added to the monthly bill you receive	
7	for telephone or telecommunications	
8	charges, for the purpose of installing	
9	(or improving) a 9-1-1 Emergency	NO
10	Telephone System?	

11 -----

12 If a majority of the votes cast upon the public question 13 are in favor thereof, the surcharge shall be imposed.

However, if a Joint Emergency Telephone System Board is to be created pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement under Section 15.4, the ordinance to impose the surcharge shall be subject to the approval of a majority of the total number of votes cast upon the public question by the electors of all of the municipalities or counties, or combination thereof, that are parties to the intergovernmental agreement.

21 The referendum requirement of this subsection (c) shall not apply to any municipality with a population over 500,000 22 23 or to any county in which a proposition as to whether a sophisticated 9-1-1 Emergency Telephone System should be 24 25 installed in the county, at a cost not to exceed a specified monthly amount per network connection, has previously been 26 approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting 27 on the proposition at an election conducted before the 28 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987. 29

30 (d) A county may not impose a surcharge, unless 31 requested by a municipality, in any incorporated area which 32 has previously approved a surcharge as provided in subsection 33 (c) or in any incorporated area where the corporate 34 authorities of the municipality have previously entered into a binding contract or letter of intent with a
 telecommunications carrier to provide sophisticated 9-1-1
 service through municipal funds.

4 (e) A municipality or county may at any time by
5 ordinance change the rate of the surcharge imposed under this
6 Section if the new rate does not exceed the rate specified in
7 the referendum held pursuant to subsection (c).

8 (f) The surcharge authorized by this Section shall be 9 collected from the subscriber by the telecommunications 10 carrier providing the subscriber the network connection as a 11 separately stated item on the subscriber's bill.

(g) The 12 amount of surcharge collected by the telecommunications carrier shall be paid to the particular 13 municipality or county or Joint Emergency Telephone System 14 15 Board not later than 30 days after the surcharge is 16 collected, net of any network or other 9-1-1 or sophisticated 17 9-1-1 system charges then due the particular telecommunications carrier, as shown on an itemized bill. 18 19 The telecommunications carrier collecting the surcharge shall also be entitled to deduct 3% of the gross amount of 20 21 surcharge collected to reimburse the telecommunications carrier for the expense of accounting and collecting the 22 23 surcharge.

(h) A municipality with a population over 500,000 may
not impose a monthly surcharge in excess of \$1.25 per network
connection.

(i) Any municipality or county or joint emergency
telephone system board that has imposed a surcharge pursuant
to this Section prior to the effective date of this
amendatory Act of 1990 shall hereafter impose the surcharge
in accordance with subsection (b) of this Section.

32 (j) The corporate authorities of any municipality or 33 county may issue, in accordance with Illinois law, bonds, 34 notes or other obligations secured in whole or in part by the

-60-

1 proceeds of the surcharge described in this Section. 2 Notwithstanding any change in law subsequent to the issuance of any bonds, notes or other obligations secured by the 3 4 surcharge, every municipality or county issuing such bonds, notes or other obligations shall be authorized to impose the 5 surcharge as though the laws relating to the imposition of 6 7 the surcharge in effect at the time of issuance of the bonds, 8 notes or other obligations were in full force and effect 9 until the bonds, notes or other obligations are paid in full. The State of Illinois pledges and agrees that it will not 10 11 limit or alter the rights and powers vested in municipalities and counties by this Section to impose the surcharge so as to 12 impair the terms of or affect the security for bonds, notes 13 or other obligations secured in whole or in part with the 14 15 proceeds of the surcharge described in this Section.

16 (k) Any surcharge collected by or imposed on а telecommunications carrier pursuant to this Section shall be 17 held to be a special fund in trust for the municipality, 18 19 county or Joint Emergency Telephone Board imposing the for the 3% deduction provided in 20 surcharge. Except 21 subsection (g) above, the special fund shall not be subject to the claims of creditors of the telecommunication carrier. 22 (Source: P.A. 86-101; 86-1344.) 23

24 Section 925. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by 25 changing Section 8-11-2 as follows:

26

(65 ILCS 5/8-11-2) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-2)

27 Sec. 8-11-2. The corporate authorities of any 28 municipality may tax any or all of the following occupations 29 or privileges:

<u>(Blank)</u>. Persons--engaged--in--the--business--of
 transmitting--messages--by--means-of-electricity-or-radio
 magnetic-waves,-or-fiber-optics,-at-a-rate-not-to--exceed

-61-

-62-

1 5%--of--the-gross-receipts-from-that-business-originating 2 within--the--corporate--limits---of---the---municipality. 3 Beginning--January--1,--2001,--prepaid--telephone-calling 4 arrangements-shall-not-be--subject--to--the--tax--imposed 5 under--this--Section----For--purposes--of--this--Section, "prepaid--telephone-calling-arrangements"-means-that-term 6 7 as-defined-in-Section-2-27-of-the--Retailers--Occupation 8 Tax-Act.

9 2. Persons engaged in the business of distributing, 10 supplying, furnishing, or selling gas for use or 11 consumption within the corporate limits of a municipality 12 of 500,000 or fewer population, and not for resale, at a 13 rate not to exceed 5% of the gross receipts therefrom.

14 2a. Persons engaged in the business of 15 distributing, supplying, furnishing, or selling gas for 16 use or consumption within the corporate limits of a municipality of over 500,000 population, and not for 17 resale, at a rate not to exceed 8% of the gross receipts 18 therefrom. If imposed, this tax shall be paid in monthly 19 20 payments.

3. The privilege of using or consuming electricity acquired in a purchase at retail and used or consumed within the corporate limits of the municipality at rates not to exceed the following maximum rates, calculated on a monthly basis for each purchaser:

26 (i) For the first 2,000 kilowatt-hours used or
27 consumed in a month; 0.61 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(ii) For the next 48,000 kilowatt-hours used or
consumed in a month; 0.40 cents per kilowatt-hour;

30 (iii) For the next 50,000 kilowatt-hours used or 31 consumed in a month; 0.36 cents per kilowatt-hour;

32 (iv) For the next 400,000 kilowatt-hours used or 33 consumed in a month; 0.35 cents per kilowatt-hour; 34 (v) For the next 500,000 kilowatt-hours used or -63-

1 2

3

6

7

8

9

consumed in a month; 0.34 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(vi) For the next 2,000,000 kilowatt-hours used or consumed in a month; 0.32 cents per kilowatt-hour;

4 (vii) For the next 2,000,000 kilowatt-hours used or
5 consumed in a month; 0.315 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(viii) For the next 5,000,000 kilowatt-hours used or consumed in a month; 0.31 cents per kilowatt-hour;

(ix) For the next 10,000,000 kilowatt-hours used or consumed in a month; 0.305 cents per kilowatt-hour; and

10 (x) For all electricity used or consumed in excess
11 of 20,000,000 kilowatt-hours in a month, 0.30 cents per
12 kilowatt-hour.

13 If a municipality imposes a tax at rates lower than either the maximum rates specified in this Section or the 14 15 alternative maximum rates promulgated by the Illinois 16 Commerce Commission, as provided below, the tax rates shall be imposed upon the kilowatt hour categories set 17 forth above with the same proportional relationship as 18 19 that which exists among such maximum rates. Notwithstanding the foregoing, until December 31, 2008, 20 21 no municipality shall establish rates that are in excess 22 of rates reasonably calculated to produce revenues that 23 equal the maximum total revenues such municipality could 24 have received under the tax authorized by this 25 subparagraph in the last full calendar year prior to the effective date of Section 65 of this amendatory Act of 26 1997; provided that this shall not be a limitation on the 27 amount of tax revenues actually collected by 28 such 29 municipality.

30 Upon the request of the corporate authorities of a 31 municipality, the Illinois Commerce Commission shall, 32 within 90 days after receipt of such request, promulgate 33 alternative rates for each of these kilowatt-hour 34 categories that will reflect, as closely as reasonably

1 practical for that municipality, the distribution of the 2 tax among classes of purchasers as if the tax were based 3 on a uniform percentage of the purchase price of 4 electricity. Α municipality that has adopted an 5 ordinance imposing a tax pursuant to subparagraph 3 as it existed prior to the effective date of Section 65 of this 6 7 amendatory Act of 1997 may, rather than imposing the tax permitted by this amendatory Act of 1997, continue to 8 9 impose the tax pursuant to that ordinance with respect to gross receipts received from residential 10 customers 11 through July 31, 1999, and with respect to gross receipts from any non-residential customer until the first bill 12 13 issued to such customer for delivery services in accordance with Section 16-104 of the Public Utilities 14 15 Act but in no case later than the last bill issued to 16 such customer before December 31, 2000. No ordinance imposing the tax permitted by this amendatory Act of 1997 17 shall be applicable to any non-residential customer until 18 the first bill issued to such customer for delivery 19 services in accordance with Section 16-104 of the Public 20 21 Utilities Act but in no case later than the last bill 22 issued to such non-residential customer before December 31, 2000. 23

4. Persons engaged in the business of distributing,
supplying, furnishing, or selling water for use or
consumption within the corporate limits of the
municipality, and not for resale, at a rate not to exceed
5% of the gross receipts therefrom.

None of the taxes authorized by this Section may be imposed with respect to any transaction in interstate commerce or otherwise to the extent to which the business or privilege may not, under the constitution and statutes of the United States, be made the subject of taxation by this State or any political sub-division thereof; nor shall any persons

-64-

engaged in the 1 business of distributing, supplying, 2 furnishing, selling or transmitting gas, water, or electricity, or--engaged--in--the--business--of--transmitting 3 4 messages, or using or consuming electricity acquired in a 5 purchase at retail, be subject to taxation under the provisions of this Section for those transactions that are or 6 7 may become subject to taxation under the provisions of the 8 "Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act" authorized by 9 Section 8-11-1; nor shall any tax authorized by this Section be imposed upon any person engaged in a business or on any 10 11 privilege unless the tax is imposed in like manner and at the 12 same rate upon all persons engaged in businesses of the same class in the municipality, whether privately or municipally 13 owned or operated, or exercising the same privilege within 14 15 the municipality.

Any of the taxes enumerated in this Section may be in addition to the payment of money, or value of products or services furnished to the municipality by the taxpayer as compensation for the use of its streets, alleys, or other public places, or installation and maintenance therein, thereon or thereunder of poles, wires, pipes or other equipment used in the operation of the taxpayer's business.

23 If the corporate authorities of any home rule (a) municipality have adopted an ordinance that imposed a tax on 24 25 public utility customers, between July 1, 1971, and October 1981, on the good faith belief that they were exercising 26 1. authority pursuant to Section 6 of Article VII of the 27 1970 Illinois Constitution, that action of the corporate 28 29 authorities shall be declared legal and valid, 30 notwithstanding a later decision of a judicial tribunal declaring the ordinance invalid. No municipality shall be 31 32 required to rebate, refund, or issue credits for any taxes described in this paragraph, and those taxes shall be deemed 33 to have been levied and collected in accordance with the 34

-65-

1

Constitution and laws of this State.

2 In any case in which (i) prior to October 19, 1979, (b) the corporate authorities of any municipality have adopted an 3 4 ordinance imposing a tax authorized by this Section (or by 5 the predecessor provision of the "Revised Cities and Villages 6 Act") and have explicitly or in practice interpreted gross 7 receipts to include either charges added to customers' bills pursuant to the provision of paragraph (a) of Section 8 36 of 9 the Public Utilities Act or charges added to customers' bills by taxpayers who are not subject to rate regulation by the 10 11 Illinois Commerce Commission for the purpose of recovering any of the tax liabilities or other amounts specified in such 12 paragraph (a) of Section 36 of that Act, and (ii) on or after 13 October 19, 1979, a judicial tribunal has construed gross 14 receipts to exclude all or part of those charges, then 15 16 neither those municipality nor any taxpayer who paid the tax shall be required to rebate, refund, or issue credits for any 17 tax imposed or charge collected from customers pursuant 18 to 19 the municipality's interpretation prior to October 19, 1979. This paragraph reflects a legislative finding that it would 20 21 be contrary to the public interest to require a municipality 22 or its taxpayers to refund taxes or charges attributable to 23 the municipality's more inclusive interpretation of gross receipts prior to October 19, 1979, and is not intended to 24 25 prescribe or limit judicial construction of this Section. The legislative finding set forth in this subsection does not 26 apply to taxes imposed after the effective date of this 27 amendatory Act of 1995. 28

(c) The tax authorized by subparagraph 3 shall be collected from the purchaser by the person maintaining a place of business in this State who delivers the electricity to the purchaser. This tax shall constitute a debt of the purchaser to the person who delivers the electricity to the purchaser and if unpaid, is recoverable in the same manner as

1 the original charge for delivering the electricity. Any tax 2 required to be collected pursuant to an ordinance authorized by subparagraph 3 and any such tax collected by a person 3 4 delivering electricity shall constitute a debt owed to the municipality by such person delivering the electricity, 5 provided, that the person delivering electricity shall be 6 7 allowed credit for such tax related to deliveries of 8 electricity the charges for which are written off as 9 uncollectible, and provided further, that if such charges are thereafter collected, the delivering supplier shall 10 be 11 obligated to remit such tax. For purposes of this subsection (c), any partial payment not specifically identified by the 12 purchaser shall be deemed to be for the delivery 13 of electricity. Persons delivering electricity shall collect the 14 15 tax from the purchaser by adding such tax to the gross charge 16 for delivering the electricity, in the manner prescribed by the municipality. Persons delivering electricity shall also 17 be authorized to add to such gross charge an amount equal to 18 19 3% of the tax to reimburse the person delivering electricity 20 for the expenses incurred in keeping records, billing 21 customers, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax 22 and supplying data to the municipality upon request. If the 23 person delivering electricity fails to collect the tax from the purchaser, then the purchaser shall be required to pay 24 25 the tax directly to the municipality in the manner prescribed by the municipality. Persons delivering electricity who file 26 27 returns pursuant to this paragraph (c) shall, at the time of filing such return, pay the municipality the amount of the 28 29 tax collected pursuant to subparagraph 3.

30 (d) For the purpose of the taxes enumerated in this31 Section:

32 "Gross receipts" means the consideration received for the 33 transmission--of--messages,--the--consideration--received-for 34 distributing, supplying, furnishing or selling gas for use or

-67-

1 consumption and not for resale, and the consideration 2 received for distributing, supplying, furnishing or selling water for use or consumption and not for resale, and for all 3 4 services rendered in connection therewith valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including cash, 5 credit, services and property of every kind and material and 6 7 for all services rendered therewith, and shall be determined 8 without--any-deduction-on-account-of-the-cost-of-transmitting such-messages, without any deduction on account of the cost 9 of the service, product or commodity supplied, the cost of 10 11 materials used, labor or service cost, or any other expenses "Gross receipts" shall not include that portion 12 whatsoever. of the consideration received for distributing, supplying, 13 selling gas or water to -- or -- for -- the 14 furnishing, or 15 transmission-of-messages-for, business enterprises described 16 in paragraph (e) of this Section to the extent and during the period in which the exemption authorized by paragraph (e) is 17 in effect or for school districts or units of 18 local 19 government described in paragraph (f) during the period in 20 which the exemption authorized in paragraph (f) is in effect. 21 "Gross--receipts"--shall--not---include---amounts---paid---by 22 telecommunications--retailers--under--the--Telecommunications 23 Municipal-Infrastructure-Maintenance-Fee-Act.

For utility bills issued on or after May 1, 1996, but 24 25 before May 1, 1997, and for receipts from those utility bills, "gross receipts" does not include one-third of (i) 26 amounts added to customers' bills under Section 9-222 of the 27 Public Utilities Act, or (ii) amounts added to customers' 28 29 bills by taxpayers who are not subject to rate regulation by Illinois Commerce Commission for the purpose of 30 the recovering any of the tax liabilities described in Section 31 9-222 of the Public Utilities Act. For utility bills issued 32 on or after May 1, 1997, but before May 1, 1998, and for 33 receipts from those utility bills, "gross receipts" does not 34

-68-

1 include two-thirds of (i) amounts added to customers' bills 2 under Section 9-222 of the Public Utilities Act, or (ii) amount added to customers' bills by taxpayers who are not 3 4 regulation by the Illinois subject to rate Commerce 5 Commission for the purpose of recovering any of the tax 6 liabilities described in Section 9-222 of the Public 7 Utilities Act. For utility bills issued on or after May 1, 8 1998, and for receipts from those utility bills, "gross 9 receipts" does not include (i) amounts added to customers' bills under Section 9-222 of the Public Utilities Act, or 10 11 (ii) amounts added to customers' bills by taxpayers who are not subject to rate regulation by the Illinois Commerce 12 13 Commission for the purpose of recovering any of the tax liabilities described in Section 9-222 of the Public 14 15 Utilities Act.

16 For purposes of this Section "gross receipts" shall not include (i) amounts added to customers' bills under Section 17 9-221 of the Public Utilities Act, -or-(ii)-charges--added--to 18 19 customers---bills--to-recover-the-surcharge-imposed-under-the 20 Emergency--Telephone--System--Act. This paragraph is not 21 intended to nor does it make any change in the meaning of 22 "gross receipts" for the purposes of this Section, but is 23 intended to remove possible ambiguities, thereby confirming the existing meaning of "gross receipts" prior to 24 the 25 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1995.

26 The-words-"transmitting-messages",--in--addition--to--the 27 usual--and-popular-meaning-of-person-to-person-communication, shall--include--the--furnishing,--for--a--consideration,---of 28 29 services-or-facilities-(whether-owned-or-leased),-or-both,-to 30 persons-in-connection-with-the-transmission-of-messages-where 31 those--persons--do-not,-in-turn,-receive-any-consideration-in 32 connection-therewith,-but-shall-not-include--such--furnishing 33 of--services-or-facilities-to-persons-for-the-transmission-of 34 messages-to-the-extent-that-any-such-services--or--facilities

-69-

1 for---the--transmission--of--messages--are--furnished--for--a
2 consideration,-by-those-persons-to--other--persons,--for--the
3 transmission-of-messages.

4 "Person" as used in this Section means any natural 5 individual, firm, trust, estate, partnership, association, 6 joint stock company, joint adventure, corporation, limited 7 liability company, municipal corporation, the State or any of its political subdivisions, any State university created by 8 9 statute, receiver, trustee, guardian or other or а representative appointed by order of any court. 10

11 "Person maintaining a place of business in this State" shall mean any person having or maintaining within this 12 State, directly or by a subsidiary or other affiliate, an 13 generation facility, distribution 14 office, facility, 15 transmission facility, sales office or other place of 16 business, or any employee, agent, or other representative operating within this State under the authority of the person 17 or its subsidiary or other affiliate, irrespective of whether 18 19 such place of business or agent or other representative is 20 located in this State permanently or temporarily, or whether 21 such person, subsidiary or other affiliate is licensed or 22 qualified to do business in this State.

"Public utility" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 3-105 of the Public Utilities Act and shall include telecommunications-carriers-as-defined-in-Section--13-202--of that-Act-and alternative retail electric suppliers as defined in Section 16-102 of that Act.

28 "Purchase at retail" shall mean any acquisition of 29 electricity by a purchaser for purposes of use or 30 consumption, and not for resale, but shall not include the 31 use of electricity by a public utility directly in the 32 generation, production, transmission, delivery or sale of 33 electricity.

34 "Purchaser" shall mean any person who uses or consumes,

-70-

within the corporate limits of the municipality, electricity
 acquired in a purchase at retail.

3 In--the--case--of--persons--engaged--in--the--business-of 4 transmitting-messages-through-the-use--of--mobile--equipment, 5 such---as--cellular--phones--and--paging--systems,--the-gross receipts-from-the--business--shall--be--deemed--to--originate 6 7 within--the--corporate--limits--of-a-municipality-only-if-the 8 address-to-which-the-bills-for-the-service-are-sent-is-within 9 those-corporate-limits--If,--however,--that--address--is--not 10 located--within--a-municipality-that-imposes-a-tax-under-this 11 Section,-then-(i)-if-the-party-responsible-for--the--bill--is 12 not-an-individual,-the-gross-receipts-from-the-business-shall 13 be--deemed--to--originate--within-the-corporate-limits-of-the 14 municipality-where-that-party's-principal-place--of--business 15 in-Illinois-is-located,-and-(ii)-if-the-party-responsible-for 16 the--bill--is--an--individual,--the--gross--receipts-from-the 17 business-shall-be-deemed-to-originate--within--the--corporate limits--of--the--municipality--where--that--party's-principal 18 19 residence-in-Illinois-is-located-

20 (e) Any municipality that imposes taxes upon public 21 utilities or upon the privilege of using or consuming 22 electricity pursuant to this Section whose territory includes 23 any part of an enterprise zone or federally designated 24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone may, by a majority vote of its 25 corporate authorities, exempt from those taxes for a period not exceeding 20 years any specified percentage of gross 26 27 receipts of public utilities received from, or electricity used or consumed by, business enterprises that: 28

(1) either (i) make investments that cause the creation of a minimum of 200 full-time equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) make investments of at least \$175,000,000 that cause the creation of a minimum of 150 full-time equivalent jobs in Illinois, or (iii) make investments that cause the retention of a minimum of 1,000 full-time

-71-

1

jobs in Illinois; and

(2) are either (i) located in an Enterprise Zone
established pursuant to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
or (ii) Department of Commerce and Community Affairs
designated High Impact Businesses located in a federally
designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone; and

7 (3) are certified by the Department of Commerce and
8 Community Affairs as complying with the requirements
9 specified in clauses (1) and (2) of this paragraph (e).

Upon adoption of the ordinance authorizing the exemption, 10 11 the municipal clerk shall transmit a copy of that ordinance to the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs. 12 The Department of Commerce and Community Affairs shall determine 13 whether the business enterprises located in the municipality 14 meet the criteria prescribed in this paragraph. 15 If the 16 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs determines that the business enterprises meet the criteria, it shall grant 17 certification. The Department of Commerce and Community 18 19 Affairs shall act upon certification requests within 30 days after receipt of the ordinance. 20

Upon certification of the business enterprise by the 21 22 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs, the Department 23 of Commerce and Community Affairs shall notify the Department of Revenue of the certification. The Department of Revenue 24 25 shall notify the public utilities of the exemption status of the gross receipts received from, and the electricity used or 26 consumed by, the certified business enterprises. 27 Such exemption status shall be effective within 3 months after 28 certification. 29

30 (f) A municipality that imposes taxes upon public 31 utilities or upon the privilege of using or consuming 32 electricity under this Section and whose territory includes 33 part of another unit of local government or a school district 34 may by ordinance exempt the other unit of local government or

-72-

1 school district from those taxes.

(g) The amendment of this Section by Public Act 84-127
shall take precedence over any other amendment of this
Section by any other amendatory Act passed by the 84th
General Assembly before the effective date of Public Act
84-127.

(h) In any case in which, before July 1, 1992, a person 7 8 engaged in the business of transmitting messages through the 9 use of mobile equipment, such as cellular phones and paging systems, has determined the municipality within which the 10 11 gross receipts from the business originated by reference to 12 the location of its transmitting or switching equipment, then (i) neither the municipality to which tax was paid on that 13 basis nor the taxpayer that paid tax on that basis shall be 14 15 required to rebate, refund, or issue credits for any such tax 16 or charge collected from customers to reimburse the taxpayer for the tax and (ii) no municipality to which tax would have 17 18 been paid with respect to those gross receipts if the 19 provisions of this amendatory Act of 1991 had been in effect before July 1, 1992, shall have any claim against the 20 21 taxpayer for any amount of the tax.

22 (Source: P.A. 90-16, eff. 6-16-97; 90-561, eff. 8-1-98; 23 90-562, eff. 12-16-97; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 91-870, eff. 24 6-22-00.)

25

(65 ILCS 5/8-11-17 rep.)

26 Section 927. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by 27 repealing Section 8-11-17.

28 Section 930. The Public Utilities Act is amended by 29 changing Sections 2-202 and 13-511 as follows:

30 (220 ILCS 5/2-202) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 2-202)
 31 Sec. 2-202. (a) It is declared to be the public policy of

-73-

1 this State that in order to maintain and foster the effective 2 regulation of public utilities under this Act in the interests of the People of the State of Illinois and the 3 4 public utilities as well, the public utilities subject to 5 regulation under this Act and which enjoy the privilege of operating as public utilities in this State, shall bear the 6 7 expense of administering this Act by means of a tax on such 8 privilege measured by the annual gross revenue of such public 9 utilities in the manner provided in this Section. For purposes of this Section, "expense of administering this Act" 10 11 includes any costs incident to studies, whether made by the Commission or under contract entered into by the Commission, 12 13 concerning environmental pollution problems caused or contributed to by public utilities and the means 14 for 15 eliminating or abating those problems. Such proceeds shall be 16 deposited in the Public Utility Fund in the State treasury.

(b) All of the ordinary and contingent expenses of the 17 18 Commission incident to the administration of this Act shall 19 paid out of the Public Utility Fund except the be compensation of the members of the Commission which shall be 20 21 paid from the General Revenue Fund. Notwithstanding other 22 provisions of this Act to the contrary, the ordinary and 23 expenses of the Commission incident to contingent the administration of the Illinois Commercial Transportation Law 24 25 may be paid from appropriations from the Public Utility Fund through the end of fiscal year 1986. 26

A tax is imposed upon each public utility subject to 27 (C) the provisions of this Act equal to .08% of its gross revenue 28 for each calendar year commencing with the calendar year 29 30 beginning January 1, 1982, except that the Commission may, by rule, establish a different rate no greater than 0.1%. For 31 32 purposes of this Section, "gross revenue" shall not include revenue from the production, transmission, distribution, 33 sale, delivery, or furnishing of electricity. "Gross revenue" 34

-74-

shall not include amounts paid by telecommunications
 retailers under the Telecommunications Municipal
 Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act.

4 (d) Annual gross revenue returns shall be filed in
5 accordance with paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection (d).

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this 6 7 subsection (d), on or before January 10 of each year each 8 public utility subject to the provisions of this Act 9 shall file with the Commission an estimated annual gross revenue return containing an estimate of the amount of 10 11 its gross revenue for the calendar year commencing January 1 of said year and a statement of the amount of 12 tax due for said calendar year on the basis of that 13 estimate. Public utilities may also file revised returns 14 15 containing updated estimates and updated amounts of tax 16 due during the calendar year. These revised returns, if filed, shall form the basis for quarterly payments due 17 during the remainder of the calendar year. In addition, 18 on or before February 15 of each year, each public 19 utility shall file an amended return showing the actual 20 21 amount of gross revenues shown by the company's books and 22 records as of December 31 of the previous year. Forms and 23 instructions for such estimated, revised, and amended returns shall be devised and supplied by the Commission. 24

25 (2) Beginning January 1, 1993, the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) shall not apply to 26 any public utility in any calendar year for which the 27 total tax the public utility owes under this Section is 28 less than \$1,000. For such public utilities with respect 29 to such years, the public utility shall file with the 30 Commission, on or before January 31 of the following 31 year, an annual gross revenue return for the year and a 32 statement of the amount of tax due for that year on the 33 basis of such a return. Forms and instructions for such 34

-75-

1 2 returns and corrected returns shall be devised and supplied by the Commission.

(e) All returns submitted to the Commission by a public 3 4 utility as provided in this subsection (e) or subsection (d) of this Section shall contain or be verified by a written 5 declaration by an appropriate officer of the public utility 6 7 that the return is made under the penalties of perjury. The 8 Commission may audit each such return submitted and may, under the provisions of Section 5-101 of this Act, take such 9 measures as are necessary to ascertain the correctness of the 10 11 returns submitted. The Commission has the power to direct the filing of a corrected return by any utility which has filed 12 an incorrect return and to direct the filing of a return by 13 utility which has failed to submit a return. 14 А any 15 taxpayer's signing a fraudulent return under this Section is 16 perjury, as defined in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961. 17

(f) (1) For all public utilities subject to paragraph 18 19 (1) of subsection (d), at least one quarter of the annual amount of tax due under subsection (c) shall be paid to the 20 21 Commission on or before the tenth day of January, April, 22 July, and October of the calendar year subject to tax. In 23 the event that an adjustment in the amount of tax due should be necessary as a result of the filing of an amended or 24 25 corrected return under subsection (d) or subsection (e) of this Section, the amount of any deficiency shall be paid by 26 the public utility together with the amended or corrected 27 return and the amount of any excess shall, after the filing 28 29 a claim for credit by the public utility, be returned to of 30 the public utility in the form of a credit memorandum in the amount of such excess or be refunded to the public utility in 31 32 accordance with the provisions of subsection (k) of this Section. However, if such deficiency or excess is less than 33 34 \$1, then the public utility need not pay the deficiency and

-76-

1 may not claim a credit.

(2) Any public utility subject to paragraph (2) of 2 subsection (d) shall pay the amount of tax due under 3 4 subsection (c) on or before January 31 next following the end of the calendar year subject to tax. In the event that an 5 6 adjustment in the amount of tax due should be necessary as a 7 result of the filing of a corrected return under subsection 8 (e), the amount of any deficiency shall be paid by the public 9 utility at the time the corrected return is filed. Any excess tax payment by the public utility shall be returned to it 10 11 after the filing of a claim for credit, in the form of a credit memorandum in the amount of the excess. However, if 12 such deficiency or excess is less than \$1, the public utility 13 need not pay the deficiency and may not claim a credit. 14

(g) Each installment or required payment of the tax imposed by subsection (c) becomes delinquent at midnight of the date that it is due. Failure to make a payment as required by this Section shall result in the imposition of a late payment penalty, an underestimation penalty, or both, as provided by this subsection. The late payment penalty shall be the greater of:

22

23

(1) \$25 for each month or portion of a month that the installment or required payment is unpaid or

(2) an amount equal to the difference between what 24 25 should have been paid on the due date, based upon the most recently filed estimate, and what was actually paid, 26 1%, for each month or portion of a month that the 27 times installment or required payment goes unpaid. 28 This 29 penalty may be assessed as soon as the installment or 30 required payment becomes delinquent.

The underestimation penalty shall apply to those public utilities subject to paragraph (1) of subsection (d) and shall be calculated after the filing of the amended return. It shall be imposed if the amount actually paid on any of the

LRB9202601SMdv

1 dates specified in subsection (f) is not equal to at least 2 one-fourth of the amount actually due for the year, and shall 3 equal the greater of:

4 (1) \$25 for each month or portion of a month that 5 the amount due is unpaid or

(2) an amount equal to the difference between what 6 7 should have been paid, based on the amended return, and what was actually paid as of the date specified in 8 9 subsection (f), times a percentage equal to 1/12 of the sum of 10% and the percentage most recently established 10 11 by the Commission for interest to be paid on customer deposits under 83 Ill. Adm. Code 280.70(e)(1), for each 12 month or portion of a month that the amount due goes 13 unpaid, except that no underestimation penalty shall be 14 assessed if the amount actually paid on each of the dates 15 16 specified in subsection (f) was based on an estimate of gross revenues at least equal to the actual gross 17 revenues for the previous year. The Commission may 18 19 enforce the collection of any delinquent installment or payment, or portion thereof by legal action or in any 20 21 other manner by which the collection of debts due the 22 State of Illinois may be enforced under the laws of this 23 State. The executive director or his designee may excuse the payment of an assessed penalty if he determines that 24 25 enforced collection of the penalty would be unjust.

(h) All sums collected by the Commission under the
provisions of this Section shall be paid promptly after the
receipt of the same, accompanied by a detailed statement
thereof, into the Public Utility Fund in the State treasury.

30 (i) During the month of October of each odd-numbered 31 year the Commission shall:

32 (1) determine the amount of all moneys deposited in
33 the Public Utility Fund during the preceding fiscal
34 biennium plus the balance, if any, in that fund at the

-78-

-79-

1

beginning of that biennium;

2 (2) determine the sum total of the following items: 3 (A) all moneys expended or obligated against 4 appropriations made from the Public Utility Fund during the preceding fiscal biennium, plus (B) the sum of the 5 credit memoranda then outstanding against the Public 6 7 Utility Fund, if any; and

8 (3) determine the amount, if any, by which the sum 9 determined as provided in item (1) exceeds the amount 10 determined as provided in item (2).

11 If the amount determined as provided in item (3) of this subsection exceeds \$2,500,000, the Commission shall then 12 compute the proportionate amount, if any, which (x) the tax 13 paid hereunder by each utility during the preceding biennium, 14 and (y) the amount paid into the Public Utility Fund during 15 16 the preceding biennium by the Department of Revenue pursuant to Sections 2-9 and 2-11 of the Electricity Excise Tax Law, 17 bears to the difference between the amount determined as 18 provided in item (3) of this subsection (i) and \$2,500,000. 19 20 The Commission shall cause the proportionate amount determined with respect to payments 21 made under the 22 Electricity Excise Tax Law to be transferred into the General 23 Revenue Fund in the State Treasury, and notify each public utility that it may file during the 3 month period after the 24 25 date of notification a claim for credit for the proportionate amount determined with respect to payments made hereunder by 26 27 the public utility. If the proportionate amount is less than \$10, no notification will be sent by the Commission, and no 28 29 right to a claim exists as to that amount. Upon the filing of 30 a claim for credit within the period provided, the Commission shall issue a credit memorandum in such amount to such public 31 utility. Any claim for credit filed after the period provided 32 33 for in this Section is void.

34

(j) Credit memoranda issued pursuant to subsection (f)

1 and credit memoranda issued after notification and filing 2 pursuant to subsection (i) may be applied for the 2 year period from the date of issuance, against the payment of any 3 4 amount due during that period under the tax imposed by 5 subsection (c), or, subject to reasonable rule of the 6 Commission including requirement of notification, may be 7 assigned to any other public utility subject to regulation under this Act. Any application of credit memoranda after the 8 9 period provided for in this Section is void.

10 (k) The chairman or executive director may make refund 11 of fees, taxes or other charges whenever he shall determine 12 that the person or public utility will not be liable for 13 payment of such fees, taxes or charges during the next 24 14 months and he determines that the issuance of a credit 15 memorandum would be unjust.

16 (Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 8-1-98; 90-562, 12-16-97; 90-655, 17 eff. 7-30-98.)

18 (220 ILCS 5/13-511)

19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2001)

20 Sec. 13-511. Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure 21 Maintenance Fee Act; rate adjustments. With respect to any 22 telecommunications retailer that is regulated by the Illinois Commerce Commission, the Commission shall order such rate 23 24 adjustments as shall be necessary to assure that the 25 implementation of the Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act, ineluding-the-payment-of 26 27 the---State---infrastructure---maintenance---fee,---optional 28 infrastructure--maintenance-fee,-and-municipal-infrastructure 29 maintenance-fee,-if-any, net of (1) the termination of any 30 fee, license fee, rent, or lease payment subject to the 31 Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure Maintenance Fee 32 and (2) the repeal of any invested capital tax subject Act, 33 to the Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure

-80-

1 Maintenance Fee Act, shall have no significant impact on the 2 net income of each such telecommunications retailer. Beginning with the effective date of the Telecommunications 3 4 Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act, each such Municipal 5 telecommunications retailer shall maintain such records and accounts as will enable the Commission to make such findings 6 7 and determinations as are necessary to such order.

8 (Source: P.A. 90-154, eff. 1-1-98.)

9 Section 935. The Telephone Company Act is amended by 10 changing Section 4 as follows:

11

(220 ILCS 65/4) (from Ch. 134, par. 20)

4. Right of condemnation. Every <u>telecommunications</u> 12 Sec. 13 telecommunciations carrier as defined in the 14 Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure Maintenance Fee 15 Act may, when it shall be necessary for the construction, alteration extension 16 maintenance, or of its 17 telecommunications system, or any part thereof, enter upon, 18 take or damage private property in the manner provided for 19 in, and the compensation therefor shall be ascertained and 20 made in conformity to the provisions of the Telegraph Act and 21 every telecommunications carrier is authorized to construct, 22 maintain, alter and extend its poles, wires, and other 23 appliances as a proper use of highways, along, upon, under and across any highway, street, alley, public right-of-way 24 dedicated or commonly used for utility purposes, or water in 25 this State, but so as not to incommode the public in the use 26 thereof: Provided, that nothing in this act shall interfere 27 28 with the control now vested in cities, incorporated towns and villages in relation to the regulation of the poles, wires, 29 30 cables and other appliances, and provided, that before any such lines shall be constructed along any such highway, 31 32 street, alley, public right-of-way dedicated or commonly used

-81-

1 for utility purposes, or water it shall be the duty of the 2 telecommunications carrier proposing to construct any such to give (in the case of cities, villages, 3 line, and 4 incorporated towns) to the corporate authorities of the 5 municipality or their designees (hereinafter, municipal 6 corporate authorities) or (in other cases) to the highway 7 commissioners having jurisdiction and control over the road 8 or part thereof along and over which such line is proposed to 9 be constructed, notice in writing in the form of plans, and documentation 10 specifications, of the purpose and 11 intention of the company to construct such line over and highway, street, alley, public right-of-way 12 along the dedicated or commonly used for utility purposes, or water, 13 which notice shall be served at least 10 days before the line 14 15 shall be placed or constructed over and along the highway, 16 street, alley, public right-of-way dedicated or commonly used for utility purposes, or water (30 days in the case of any 17 notice providing for excavation relating to new construction 18 19 in a public highway, street, alley, public right-of-way dedicated or commonly used for utility purposes, or water); 20 21 and upon the giving of the notice it shall be the duty of the 22 municipal corporate authorities or the highway commissioners 23 to specify the portion of such highway, street, alley, public right-of-way dedicated or commonly used for utility purposes, 24 25 or water upon which the line may be placed, used, and constructed, and it shall thereupon be the duty of the 26 telecommunications retailer 27 to provide the municipal authorities or highway commissioners with any and all plans, 28 29 specifications, and documentation available and to construct 30 its line in accordance with such specifications; but in the event that the municipal corporate authorities or the highway 31 32 commissioners fail to provide such specification within 10 days after the service of such notice, (25 days in the case 33 of 34 excavation relating to new construction) then the

-82-

1 telecommunications retailer, without such specification 2 having been made, may proceed to place and erect its line along the highway, street, alley, 3 public right-of-way 4 dedicated or commonly used for utility purposes, or water by 5 placing its posts, poles and abutments so as not to interfere with other proper uses of the highway, street, alley, public 6 7 right-of-way dedicated or commonly used for utility purposes, 8 or water. The telecommunications carrier proposing to 9 construct any such line shall comply with the provisions of Section 9-113 of the Illinois Highway Code. Provided, that 10 11 the telecommunications carrier shall not have the right to condemn any portion of the right-of-way of any railroad 12 company except as much thereof as is necessary to cross the 13 14 same.

15 The Illinois Commerce Commission may adopt reasonable 16 rules governing the negotiation procedures that are used by a 17 telecommunications carrier during precondemnation negotiations for the purchase of land rights-of-way and 18 19 easements, including procedures for providing information to the public and affected landowners concerning the project and 20 21 the right-of-way easements sought in connection therewith.

22 Such rules may be made applicable to interstate, 23 competitive intrastate and noncompetitive intrastate facilities, without regard to whether such facilities or the 24 25 telecommunications carrier proposing to construct and operate 26 them would otherwise be subject to the Illinois Commerce Commission's jurisdiction under The Public Utilities Act, 27 as now or hereafter amended. However, as to facilities used to 28 29 provide exclusively interstate services or competitive 30 intrastate services or both, nothing in this Section confers any power upon the Commission (i) to require the disclosure 31 of proprietary, competitively sensitive, or cost information 32 or information not known to the telecommunications carrier, 33 34 (ii) to determine whether, or conduct hearings regarding

-83-

1 whether, any proposed fiber optic or other facilities should 2 or should not be constructed and operated, or (iii) to determine or specify, or conduct hearings concerning, the 3 4 price or other terms or conditions of the purchase of the 5 right-of-way easements sought. With respect to facilities 6 used to provide any intrastate services classified in the 7 condemnor's tariff as noncompetitive under Section 13-502 of 8 The Public Utilities Act, the rulemaking powers conferred 9 upon the Commission under this Section are in addition to any rulemaking powers arising under The Public Utilities Act. 10

11 No telecommunications carrier shall exercise the power to condemn private property until it has first substantially 12 complied with such rules with respect to the property sought 13 to be condemned. If such rules call for providing notice or 14 15 information before or during negotiations, a failure to 16 provide such notice or information shall not constitute a waiver of the rights granted in this Section, but the 17 telecommunications carrier shall be liable for all reasonable 18 19 attorney's fees of that landowner resulting from such 20 failure.

21 (Source: P.A. 90-154, eff. 1-1-98.)

22 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect on January 1, 2002, except that this Section and the changes 23 24 to Section 5 of the Telecommunications Municipal made Infrastructure Maintenance Fee Act take effect upon becoming 25 26 law, and except that the changes made to the State Revenue Sharing Act, the Telecommunications Excise Tax Act, 27 the 28 Telecommunications Municipal Infrastructure Maintenance Fee 29 Act, the Emergency Telephone System Act, the Illinois Municipal Code, the Public Utilities Act, and the Telephone 30 31 Company Act take effect on July 1, 2002.

-84-

1		INDEX
2	Statutes amende	ed in order of appearance
3		New Act
4	30 ILCS 115/12	from Ch. 85, par. 616
5	35 ILCS 630/2	from Ch. 120, par. 2002
6	35 ILCS 630/6	from Ch. 120, par. 2006
7	35 ILCS 630/15	from Ch. 120, par. 2015
8	35 ILCS 635/1	
9	35 ILCS 635/5	
10	35 ILCS 635/10	
11	35 ILCS 635/15	
12	35 ILCS 635/25	
13	35 ILCS 635/27	
14	35 ILCS 635/27.35	
15	35 ILCS 635/30	
16	35 ILCS 635/20 rep.	
17	50 ILCS 750/15.3	from Ch. 134, par. 45.3
18	65 ILCS 5/8-11-2	from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-2
19	65 ILCS 5/8-11-17 rep.	
20	220 ILCS 5/2-202	from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 2-202
21	220 ILCS 5/13-511	
22	220 ILCS 65/4	from Ch. 134, par. 20