

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections
5 3-10 and 9 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

7 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
8 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
9 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of
10 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property
11 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that
12 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling
13 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally
14 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been
15 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at
16 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market
17 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State
18 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail.
19 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the
20 price at which property would change hands between a willing
21 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion
22 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the
23 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by

1 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that
2 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by
3 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of
4 like kind and character in Illinois.

5 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
6 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
7 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
8 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

9 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
10 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of
11 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

12 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act
13 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after
14 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the
15 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
16 before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of
17 sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under
18 this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%,
19 then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the
20 proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

21 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax
22 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales
23 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
24 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made
25 thereafter.

26 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and

1 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies
2 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,
3 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the
4 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
5 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no
6 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the
7 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%
8 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than
9 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

10 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with
11 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
12 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
13 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but
14 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

15 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
16 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
17 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been
18 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and
19 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products
20 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States
21 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment
22 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and
23 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor
24 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with
25 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes,
26 and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is

1 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,
2 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any
3 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether
4 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,
5 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all
6 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever
7 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed
8 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but
9 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated
10 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the
11 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks
12 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

13 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
14 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
15 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
16 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
17 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
18 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

19 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
20 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
21 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
22 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
23 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
24 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
25 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
26 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed

1 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
2 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
3 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
4 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
6 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
7 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
8 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
9 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
10 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
11 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
12 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
13 flour or requires refrigeration.

14 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
15 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
16 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
17 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
18 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
19 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
20 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
21 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
22 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
23 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
24 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
25 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
26 label includes:

1 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

2 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
3 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
4 substance or preparation.

5 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
6 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
7 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a
8 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use
9 of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

10 If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer
11 is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
12 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
13 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
14 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
15 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state
16 use.

17 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

18 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)

19 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft,
20 and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency
21 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect
22 the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the
23 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time
24 when he is required to file his return for the period during
25 which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to

1 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5
2 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to
3 reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the
4 tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting
5 the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. In the
6 case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction
7 by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such
8 discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead
9 of when such retailer files his periodic return. The Department
10 may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of
11 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but
12 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
13 registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that
14 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is
15 required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the
16 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the
17 same property.

18 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a
19 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale
20 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is
21 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is
22 filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor
23 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required
24 to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for
25 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of
26 the selling price actually received during such tax return

1 period.

2 Except as provided in this Section, on or before the
3 twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file
4 a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be
5 filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish
6 such information as the Department may reasonably require.

7 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
8 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
9 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
10 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
11 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
12 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
13 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

14 1. The name of the seller;

15 2. The address of the principal place of business from
16 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
17 personal property at retail in this State;

18 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
19 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
20 personal property by him during such preceding calendar
21 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but
22 less all deductions allowed by law;

23 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
24 Act;

25 5. The amount of tax due;

26 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

1 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
2 may require.

3 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
4 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
5 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
6 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

7 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average
8 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
9 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
10 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
11 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
12 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
13 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
14 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
15 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
16 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
17 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
18 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
19 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
20 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
21 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
22 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
23 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the
24 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
25 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
26 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year

1 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
2 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
3 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
4 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
5 funds transfer.

6 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
7 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
8 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
9 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
10 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

11 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
12 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
13 with the permission of the Department.

14 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
15 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
16 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
17 in the manner authorized by the Department.

18 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
19 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
20 requirements of this Section.

21 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly
22 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers'
23 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service
24 Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete
25 calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department
26 each month by the 20th day of the month next following the

1 month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall
2 make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th,
3 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is
4 incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's
5 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act,
6 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax
7 Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the
8 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return
9 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month
10 next following the month during which such tax liability is
11 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before
12 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such
13 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax
14 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each
15 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's
16 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the
17 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability
18 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete
19 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and
20 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the
21 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or
22 after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each
23 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
24 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's
25 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
26 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on

1 or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each
2 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
3 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's
4 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
5 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
6 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or
7 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
8 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
9 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same
10 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which
11 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1,
12 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
13 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
14 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same
15 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's
16 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The
17 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited
18 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for
19 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the
20 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the
21 Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average
22 monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4
23 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest
24 liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than
25 \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to
26 the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4

1 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than
2 \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a
3 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred
4 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average
5 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future
6 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such
7 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such
8 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once
9 applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly
10 payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's
11 average monthly liability to the Department during the
12 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of
13 highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less
14 than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability
15 to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the
16 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than
17 \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a
18 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred
19 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average
20 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future
21 will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such
22 taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such
23 taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such
24 taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is
25 seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such
26 quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the

1 amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be
2 liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the
3 minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly
4 payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the
5 taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the
6 Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as
7 provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable
8 rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment
9 amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file
10 on other than a calendar monthly basis.

11 If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds
12 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers'
13 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the
14 Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return,
15 the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum
16 no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which
17 memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department
18 in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the
19 taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a
20 similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax
21 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act,
22 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be
23 prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess
24 payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made
25 after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued,
26 unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made,

1 the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax
2 liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the
3 Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act,
4 the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in
5 accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by
6 the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that
7 all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the
8 taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall
9 be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the
10 credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be
11 liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

12 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly
13 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to
14 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
15 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
16 with the return for January, February, and March of a given
17 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for
18 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such
19 year; with the return for July, August and September of a given
20 year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return
21 for October, November and December of a given year being due by
22 January 20 of the following year.

23 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or
24 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
25 liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department
26 may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with

1 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the
2 following year.

3 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
4 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
5 returns.

6 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
7 the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the
8 case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business
9 which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act,
10 such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the
11 Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
12 business.

13 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft,
14 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with
15 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of
16 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department,
17 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a
18 separate return for each such item of tangible personal
19 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same
20 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor
21 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
22 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft,
23 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose
24 of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor
25 vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
26 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as

1 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this
2 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the
3 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in
4 that transaction to the Department on the same uniform
5 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of
6 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4
7 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration
8 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped
9 with an inboard motor.

10 The transaction reporting return in the case of motor
11 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an
12 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform
13 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle
14 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name
15 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price
16 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in
17 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the
18 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to
19 which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value
20 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such
21 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of
22 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the
23 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on
24 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not
25 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the
26 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient

1 identification of the property sold; such other information as
2 is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and
3 such other information as the Department may reasonably
4 require.

5 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft
6 and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the
7 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling
8 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for
9 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer
10 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the
11 extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for
12 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after
13 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price;
14 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such
15 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by
16 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that
17 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is
18 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a
19 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other
20 information as the Department may reasonably require.

21 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later
22 than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is
23 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner
24 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting
25 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax
26 that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the

1 Department by way of the State agency with which, or State
2 officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be
3 titled or registered (if titling or registration is required)
4 if the Department and such agency or State officer determine
5 that this procedure will expedite the processing of
6 applications for title or registration.

7 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer
8 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit
9 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is
10 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the
11 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt
12 (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied
13 that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser
14 may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with
15 whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property
16 that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in
17 support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois
18 certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such
19 tangible personal property.

20 No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this
21 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the
22 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other
23 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration
24 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has
25 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The
26 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the

1 mandate of this paragraph.

2 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer
3 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of
4 tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the
5 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not
6 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact
7 of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department
8 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit
9 the information required by the transaction reporting return
10 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to
11 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption
12 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return
13 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be
14 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account
15 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount
16 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays
17 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the
18 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted
19 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

20 Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the
21 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and
22 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal
23 property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to
24 the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the
25 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing
26 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the

1 purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so
2 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which
3 such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the
4 Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax
5 to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by
6 such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the
7 amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no
8 deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the
9 purchaser.

10 Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also
11 include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax
12 covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible
13 personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer,
14 but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected
15 from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall
16 remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such
17 return.

18 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
19 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
20 return which will enable retailers, who are required to file
21 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax
22 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both
23 Acts on the one form.

24 Where the retailer has more than one business registered
25 with the Department under separate registration under this Act,
26 such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single

1 return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file
2 separate returns for each such registered business.

3 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
4 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special
5 fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net
6 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on
7 sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off
8 the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages,
9 soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate
10 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
11 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III
12 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
13 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a
14 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related
15 to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials,
16 syringes and needles used by diabetics.

17 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
18 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the
19 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
20 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property
21 which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer
22 and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's
23 government.

24 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
25 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special
26 fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for

1 the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
2 price of tangible personal property, other than tangible
3 personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail
4 from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency
5 of this State's government.

6 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
7 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the
8 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
9 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning
10 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the
11 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue
12 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
13 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

14 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
15 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue
16 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
17 the selling price of tangible personal property which is
18 purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which
19 is titled or registered by an agency of this State's
20 government.

21 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
22 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
23 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
24 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
25 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
26 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that

1 are now taxed at 6.25%.

2 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay
3 into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue
4 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
5 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process
6 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental
7 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total
8 payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act
9 and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed
10 \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

11 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
12 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
13 collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service
14 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an
15 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground
16 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually
17 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total
18 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act,
19 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and
20 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000
21 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the
22 "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference
23 between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and
24 the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding
25 payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

26 Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys

1 received by the Department under this Act, the Service Use Tax
2 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers'
3 Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit
4 \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

5 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
6 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
7 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
8 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
9 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
10 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
11 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
12 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3
13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax
14 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the
15 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called
16 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
17 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act
18 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois
19 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be
20 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3
21 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the
22 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois
23 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
24 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last
25 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount
26 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account

1 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount
2 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from
3 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less
4 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to
5 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build
6 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department
7 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no
8 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso
9 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund
10 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of
11 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual
12 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,
13 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under
14 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the
15 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing
16 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois
17 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future
18 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such
19 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the
20 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds
21 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be
22 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect
23 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the
24 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on
25 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are
26 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the

1 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond
2 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less
3 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from
4 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond
5 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the
6 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency
7 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the
8 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund;
9 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois
10 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be
11 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the
12 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise
13 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the
14 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department
15 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the
16 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge
17 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

18 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
19 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
20 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
21 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
22 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
23 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
24 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
25 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
26 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section

1 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
2 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
3 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

4	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
5	1993	\$0
6	1994	53,000,000
7	1995	58,000,000
8	1996	61,000,000
9	1997	64,000,000
10	1998	68,000,000
11	1999	71,000,000
12	2000	75,000,000
13	2001	80,000,000
14	2002	93,000,000
15	2003	99,000,000
16	2004	103,000,000
17	2005	108,000,000
18	2006	113,000,000
19	2007	119,000,000
20	2008	126,000,000
21	2009	132,000,000
22	2010	139,000,000
23	2011	146,000,000
24	2012	153,000,000
25	2013	161,000,000
26	2014	170,000,000

1	2015	179,000,000
2	2016	189,000,000
3	2017	199,000,000
4	2018	210,000,000
5	2019	221,000,000
6	2020	233,000,000
7	2021	246,000,000
8	2022	260,000,000
9	2023	275,000,000
10	2024	275,000,000
11	2025	275,000,000
12	2026	279,000,000
13	2027	292,000,000
14	2028	307,000,000
15	2029	322,000,000
16	2030	338,000,000
17	2031	350,000,000
18	2032	350,000,000

19 and
20 each fiscal year
21 thereafter that bonds
22 are outstanding under
23 Section 13.2 of the
24 Metropolitan Pier and
25 Exposition Authority Act,
26 but not after fiscal year 2060.

1 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
2 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
3 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
4 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
5 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
6 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
7 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
8 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
9 required under this Section for previous months and years,
10 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
11 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
12 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
13 has been deposited.

14 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
15 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
16 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
17 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
18 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
19 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
20 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
21 price of tangible personal property.

22 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
23 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
24 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
25 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
26 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year

1 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
2 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
3 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
4 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
5 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
6 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
7 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
8 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

9 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,
10 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax
11 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to
12 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section
13 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first
14 calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this
15 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month, from
16 the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act,
17 Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service
18 Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation
19 Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and
20 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to
21 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the
22 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of
23 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by
24 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the
25 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
26 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation

1 and use taxes administered by the Department.

2 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
3 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State
4 Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and
5 used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of
6 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in
7 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

8 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
9 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
10 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
11 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
12 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
13 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
14 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

15 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
16 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
17 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
18 overpayment of liability.

19 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
20 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in
21 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
22 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
23 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such
24 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written
25 objection to the Department to this arrangement.

26 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;

1 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 98-1098, eff.
2 8-26-14; 99-352, eff. 8-12-15.)

3 Section 10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing
4 Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

5 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

6 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
7 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
8 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as
9 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of
10 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less
11 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

12 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
13 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
14 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
15 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

16 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
17 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price
18 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
19 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%
20 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
21 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
22 December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the selling price
23 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
24 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at

1 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
2 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

3 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
4 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
5 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
6 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
7 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price
8 thereafter.

9 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
10 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
11 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price
12 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
13 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and
14 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,
15 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
16 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less
17 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate
18 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
19 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%
20 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

21 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
22 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
23 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
24 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price
25 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
26 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but

1 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

2 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
3 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
4 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
5 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
6 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
7 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate
8 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax
9 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost
10 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an
11 incident to the sale of those services.

12 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
13 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of
14 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act
15 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the
16 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD
17 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,
18 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at
19 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be
20 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
21 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been
22 prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise
23 included in this paragraph) and prescription and
24 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products
25 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States
26 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment

1 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and
2 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor
3 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with
4 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes,
5 and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes
6 of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft
7 drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,
8 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but
9 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,
10 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as
11 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained
12 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container,
13 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee,
14 tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk
15 products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk
16 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or
17 vegetable juice.

18 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
19 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
20 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
21 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
22 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
23 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

24 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
25 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
26 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all

1 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
2 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
3 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
4 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
5 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
6 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
7 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
8 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
9 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
11 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
12 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
13 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
14 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
15 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
16 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
17 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
18 flour or requires refrigeration.

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
20 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
21 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
22 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
23 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
24 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
25 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
26 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the

1 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
2 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
3 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
4 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
5 label includes:

6 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

7 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
8 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
9 substance or preparation.

10 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
11 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
12 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
13 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
14 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

15 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is
16 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
17 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
18 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
19 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
20 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state
21 use.

22 (Source: P.A. 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14;
23 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-180, eff.
24 7-29-15; revised 10-16-15.)

25 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)

1 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect
2 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount
3 of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he
4 is required to file his return for the period during which such
5 tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1,
6 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar
7 year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the
8 serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping
9 records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and
10 supplying data to the Department on request. The Department may
11 disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of
12 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but
13 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
14 registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that
15 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is
16 required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service
17 Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service
18 involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

19 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or
20 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such
21 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month
22 in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be
23 promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a
24 form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such
25 information as the Department may reasonably require.

26 The Department may require returns to be filed on a

1 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
2 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
3 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
4 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
5 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
6 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

7 1. The name of the seller;

8 2. The address of the principal place of business from
9 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

10 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
11 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
12 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
13 by law;

14 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
15 Act;

16 5. The amount of tax due;

17 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

18 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
19 may require.

20 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
21 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
22 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
23 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

24 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average
25 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
26 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

1 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
2 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
3 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
4 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
5 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
6 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
7 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
8 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
9 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
10 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
11 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
12 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
13 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
14 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the
15 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
16 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
17 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
18 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
19 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
20 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
21 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
22 funds transfer.

23 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
24 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
25 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
26 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments

1 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

2 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
3 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
4 with the permission of the Department.

5 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
6 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
7 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
8 in the manner authorized by the Department.

9 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
10 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
11 requirements of this Section.

12 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly
13 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to
14 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
15 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
16 with the return for January, February and March of a given year
17 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April,
18 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
19 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
20 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
21 October, November and December of a given year being due by
22 January 20 of the following year.

23 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly
24 or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax
25 liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department
26 may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with

1 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the
2 following year.

3 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
4 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
5 returns.

6 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
7 the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the
8 case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of
9 business which makes him responsible for filing returns under
10 this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this
11 Act with the Department not more than 1 month after
12 discontinuing such business.

13 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the
14 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser
15 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds the
16 selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall
17 also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the
18 purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he
19 refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct
20 the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from
21 any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers'
22 occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required
23 to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return,
24 provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall
25 previously have been remitted to the Department by such
26 serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have

1 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be
2 entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to
3 the purchaser.

4 Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include
5 the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal
6 property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of
7 service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax
8 to the Department when filing such return.

9 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
10 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
11 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file
12 returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax
13 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both
14 Acts on the one form.

15 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered
16 with the Department under separate registration hereunder,
17 such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a
18 single return covering all such registered businesses, but
19 shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

20 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
21 pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in
22 the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding
23 month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption
24 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold
25 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has
26 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and

1 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products
2 classified as Class III medical devices, by the United States
3 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment
4 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and
5 components related to those devices, and insulin, urine testing
6 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

7 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
8 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the
9 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
10 general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other
11 than tangible personal property which is purchased outside
12 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or
13 registered by an agency of this State's government.

14 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
15 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the
16 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
17 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

18 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
19 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
20 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
21 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
22 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
23 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
24 are now taxed at 6.25%.

25 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
26 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds

1 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service
2 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an
3 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground
4 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually
5 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total
6 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act,
7 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the
8 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in
9 any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average
10 monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the
11 average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average
12 monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments
13 made pursuant to this paragraph.

14 Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys
15 received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, this Act, the
16 Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax
17 Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the
18 State Crime Laboratory Fund.

19 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
20 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
21 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
22 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
23 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
24 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
25 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
26 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3

1 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax
2 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the
3 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called
4 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
5 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act
6 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois
7 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be
8 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3
9 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the
10 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois
11 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
12 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last
13 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount
14 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account
15 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount
16 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from
17 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less
18 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to
19 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build
20 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department
21 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no
22 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso
23 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund
24 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of
25 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual
26 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,

1 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under
2 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the
3 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing
4 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois
5 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future
6 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such
7 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the
8 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds
9 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be
10 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect
11 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the
12 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on
13 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are
14 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the
15 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond
16 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less
17 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from
18 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond
19 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the
20 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency
21 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the
22 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund;
23 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois
24 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be
25 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the
26 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise

1 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the
2 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department
3 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the
4 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge
5 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

6 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
7 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
8 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
9 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
10 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
11 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
12 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
13 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
14 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
15 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
16 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
17 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

		Total
	Fiscal Year	Deposit
19	1993	\$0
20	1994	53,000,000
21	1995	58,000,000
22	1996	61,000,000
23	1997	64,000,000
24	1998	68,000,000
25	1999	71,000,000

1	2000	75,000,000
2	2001	80,000,000
3	2002	93,000,000
4	2003	99,000,000
5	2004	103,000,000
6	2005	108,000,000
7	2006	113,000,000
8	2007	119,000,000
9	2008	126,000,000
10	2009	132,000,000
11	2010	139,000,000
12	2011	146,000,000
13	2012	153,000,000
14	2013	161,000,000
15	2014	170,000,000
16	2015	179,000,000
17	2016	189,000,000
18	2017	199,000,000
19	2018	210,000,000
20	2019	221,000,000
21	2020	233,000,000
22	2021	246,000,000
23	2022	260,000,000
24	2023	275,000,000
25	2024	275,000,000
26	2025	275,000,000

1	2026	279,000,000
2	2027	292,000,000
3	2028	307,000,000
4	2029	322,000,000
5	2030	338,000,000
6	2031	350,000,000
7	2032	350,000,000

8 and

9 each fiscal year

10 thereafter that bonds

11 are outstanding under

12 Section 13.2 of the

13 Metropolitan Pier and

14 Exposition Authority Act,

15 but not after fiscal year 2060.

16 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
17 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
18 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
19 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
20 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
21 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
22 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
23 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
24 required under this Section for previous months and years,
25 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
26 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but

1 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
2 has been deposited.

3 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
4 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
5 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
6 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
7 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
8 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
9 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
10 price of tangible personal property.

11 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
12 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
13 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
14 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
15 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
16 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
17 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
18 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
19 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
20 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
21 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
22 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
23 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

24 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,
25 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax
26 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to

1 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section
2 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first
3 calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this
4 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month, from
5 the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act,
6 Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service
7 Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation
8 Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and
9 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to
10 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the
11 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of
12 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by
13 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the
14 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
15 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
16 and use taxes administered by the Department.

17 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
18 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the
19 General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be
20 reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to
21 the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the
22 General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State
23 Finance Act.

24 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
25 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
26 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from

1 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
2 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
3 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
4 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

5 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
6 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
7 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
8 overpayment of liability.

9 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
10 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;
11 98-1098, eff. 8-26-14; 99-352, eff. 8-12-15.)

12 Section 15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
13 changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

14 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

15 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
16 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
17 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use
18 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of
19 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be
20 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible
21 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item
22 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a
23 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on
24 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the

1 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the
2 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the
3 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,
4 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce
5 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this
6 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the
7 tangible personal property transferred incident to the
8 completion of the contract.

9 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
10 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
11 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
12 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

13 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
14 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost
15 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
16 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,
17 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an
18 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on
19 or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the cost price
20 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
21 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at
22 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
23 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

24 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
25 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
26 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to

1 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
2 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price
3 thereafter.

4 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
5 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
6 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price
7 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
8 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and
9 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,
10 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
11 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less
12 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate
13 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
14 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%
15 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

16 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
17 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
18 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax
19 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the
20 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the
21 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
22 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price
23 thereafter.

24 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
25 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
26 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an

1 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
2 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
3 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate
4 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax
5 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost
6 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to
7 the sale of those services.

8 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
9 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of
10 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act
11 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the
12 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD
13 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,
14 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at
15 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be
16 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
17 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been
18 prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise
19 included in this paragraph) and prescription and
20 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products
21 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States
22 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment
23 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and
24 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor
25 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with
26 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes,

1 and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes
2 of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft
3 drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,
4 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but
5 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,
6 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as
7 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained
8 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless
9 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
10 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
11 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
12 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
13 juice.

14 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
15 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
16 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
17 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
18 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
19 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

20 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
21 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
22 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
23 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
24 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
25 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
26 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of

1 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
2 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
3 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
4 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
5 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
8 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
9 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
10 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
11 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
12 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
13 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
14 flour or requires refrigeration.

15 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
16 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
17 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
18 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
19 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
20 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
21 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
22 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
23 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
24 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
25 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
26 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"

1 label includes:

2 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

3 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
4 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
5 substance or preparation.

6 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
7 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
8 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
9 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
10 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

11 (Source: P.A. 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14;
12 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-180, eff.
13 7-29-15; revised 10-16-15.)

14 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

15 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect
16 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount
17 of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return
18 for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a
19 discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and
20 after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is
21 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for
22 expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records,
23 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying
24 data to the Department on request. The Department may disallow
25 the discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration

1 is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the
2 Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
3 registration has become final.

4 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a
5 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale
6 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is
7 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is
8 filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for
9 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of
10 the selling price actually received during such tax return
11 period.

12 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or
13 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such
14 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month
15 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be
16 promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be
17 filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain
18 such information as the Department may reasonably require.

19 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
20 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
21 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
22 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
23 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
24 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
25 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

26 1. The name of the seller;

1 2. The address of the principal place of business from
2 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

3 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
4 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
5 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
6 by law;

7 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
8 Act;

9 5. The amount of tax due;

10 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

11 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
12 may require.

13 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
14 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
15 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
16 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

17 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1,
18 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
19 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use
20 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if
21 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as
22 required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A
23 Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior
24 to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a
25 serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax
26 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service

1 Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the
2 certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to
3 tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase
4 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under
5 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to
6 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase
7 Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1,
8 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004.
9 No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September
10 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability
11 imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

12 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the
13 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize
14 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the
15 return for January, February and March of a given year being
16 due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May
17 and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with
18 the return for July, August and September of a given year being
19 due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
20 October, November and December of a given year being due by
21 January 20 of the following year.

22 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the
23 Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize
24 his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for
25 a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

26 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and

1 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
2 returns.

3 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
4 the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the
5 case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of
6 business which makes him responsible for filing returns under
7 this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this
8 Act with the Department not more than 1 month after
9 discontinuing such business.

10 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average
11 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
12 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
13 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
14 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
15 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
16 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
17 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
18 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
19 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
20 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
21 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
22 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
23 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
24 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
25 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
26 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the

1 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
2 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
3 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
4 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
5 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
6 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
7 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
8 funds transfer.

9 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
10 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
11 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
12 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
13 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

14 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
15 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
16 with the permission of the Department.

17 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
18 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
19 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
20 in the manner authorized by the Department.

21 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
22 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
23 requirements of this Section.

24 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the
25 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and
26 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal

1 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof
2 to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the
3 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing
4 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the
5 purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so
6 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service
7 Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or
8 Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit
9 to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the
10 amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been
11 remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the
12 serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of
13 such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no
14 deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

15 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
16 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
17 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file
18 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax
19 Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all
20 the return information required by all said Acts on the one
21 form.

22 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered
23 with the Department under separate registrations hereunder,
24 such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered
25 business.

26 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall

1 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for
2 the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human
3 consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it
4 is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food
5 which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and
6 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical
7 appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by
8 the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used
9 for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any
10 accessories and components related to those devices, and
11 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by
12 diabetics.

13 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
14 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the
15 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general
16 rate.

17 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
18 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the
19 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
20 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

21 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
22 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue
23 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
24 transfers of tangible personal property.

25 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
26 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue

1 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
2 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

3 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
4 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
5 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
6 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
7 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
8 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
9 are now taxed at 6.25%.

10 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
11 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
12 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax
13 Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to
14 the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank
15 Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the
16 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total
17 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act,
18 the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers'
19 Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State
20 fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly
21 deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average
22 monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly
23 revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made
24 pursuant to this paragraph.

25 Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys
26 received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service

1 Use Tax Act, this Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act,
2 each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State
3 Crime Laboratory Fund.

4 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
5 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
6 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
7 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
8 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
9 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
10 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
11 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3
12 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax
13 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the
14 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called
15 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
16 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act
17 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois
18 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be
19 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3
20 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the
21 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois
22 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
23 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last
24 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount
25 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the
26 Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount

1 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from
2 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less
3 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to
4 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build
5 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department
6 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no
7 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso
8 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund
9 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of
10 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual
11 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,
12 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under
13 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the
14 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing
15 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois
16 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future
17 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such
18 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the
19 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds
20 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be
21 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect
22 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the
23 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on
24 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are
25 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the
26 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond

1 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less
2 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from
3 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond
4 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the
5 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency
6 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the
7 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund;
8 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois
9 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be
10 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the
11 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise
12 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the
13 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department
14 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the
15 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge
16 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

17 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
18 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
19 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
20 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
21 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
22 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
23 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
24 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
25 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
26 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the

1 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
2 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

3		Total
	Fiscal Year	Deposit
4	1993	\$0
5	1994	53,000,000
6	1995	58,000,000
7	1996	61,000,000
8	1997	64,000,000
9	1998	68,000,000
10	1999	71,000,000
11	2000	75,000,000
12	2001	80,000,000
13	2002	93,000,000
14	2003	99,000,000
15	2004	103,000,000
16	2005	108,000,000
17	2006	113,000,000
18	2007	119,000,000
19	2008	126,000,000
20	2009	132,000,000
21	2010	139,000,000
22	2011	146,000,000
23	2012	153,000,000
24	2013	161,000,000
25	2014	170,000,000

1	2015	179,000,000
2	2016	189,000,000
3	2017	199,000,000
4	2018	210,000,000
5	2019	221,000,000
6	2020	233,000,000
7	2021	246,000,000
8	2022	260,000,000
9	2023	275,000,000
10	2024	275,000,000
11	2025	275,000,000
12	2026	279,000,000
13	2027	292,000,000
14	2028	307,000,000
15	2029	322,000,000
16	2030	338,000,000
17	2031	350,000,000
18	2032	350,000,000

19 and
20 each fiscal year
21 thereafter that bonds
22 are outstanding under
23 Section 13.2 of the
24 Metropolitan Pier and
25 Exposition Authority Act,
26 but not after fiscal year 2060.

1 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
2 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
3 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
4 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
5 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
6 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
7 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
8 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
9 required under this Section for previous months and years,
10 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
11 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
12 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
13 has been deposited.

14 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
15 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
16 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
17 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
18 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
19 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
20 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
21 price of tangible personal property.

22 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
23 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
24 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
25 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
26 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year

1 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
2 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
3 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
4 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
5 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
6 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
7 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
8 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

9 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,
10 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax
11 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to
12 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section
13 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first
14 calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this
15 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month, from
16 the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act,
17 Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service
18 Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation
19 Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and
20 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to
21 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the
22 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of
23 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by
24 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the
25 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
26 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation

1 and use taxes administered by the Department.

2 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
3 pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General
4 Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in
5 a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common
6 School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General
7 Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance
8 Act.

9 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a
10 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the
11 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not
12 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual
13 information return for the tax year specified in the notice.
14 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement
15 of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal
16 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as
17 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the
18 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the
19 same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a
20 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the
21 reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the
22 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the
23 taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and
24 closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods
25 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the
26 taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the

1 taxpayer's business during such year and any additional
2 reasonable information which the Department deems would be
3 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly
4 or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore
5 provided for in this Section.

6 If the annual information return required by this Section
7 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable
8 as follows:

9 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
10 for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
11 taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
12 the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
13 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
14 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
15 penalty provided for in this Act.

16 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
17 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
18 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

19 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest
20 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the
21 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who
22 willfully signs the annual return containing false or
23 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished
24 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the
25 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the
26 return may be liable for perjury.

1 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing
2 of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman
3 who is not required to file an income tax return with the
4 United States Government.

5 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
6 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
7 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
8 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
9 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
10 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
11 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

12 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
13 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
14 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
15 overpayment of liability.

16 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be
17 permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose
18 products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who
19 wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and
20 paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with
21 respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do
22 not make written objection to the Department to this
23 arrangement.

24 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
25 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;
26 98-1098, eff. 8-26-14; 99-352, eff. 8-12-15.)

1 Section 20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by
2 changing Sections 2-10 and 3 as follows:

3 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

4 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
5 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
6 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in
7 the course of business.

8 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
9 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
10 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
11 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

12 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
13 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of
14 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

15 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory
16 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel
17 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a
18 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that
19 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of
20 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has
21 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and
22 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump
23 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be
24 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4

1 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to
2 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a
3 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty
4 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each
5 retail premises where a violation occurs.

6 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
7 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of
8 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,
9 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July
10 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of
11 the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time,
12 however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined
13 in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the
14 tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of
15 sales of gasohol made during that time.

16 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
17 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
18 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
19 before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of
20 sales made thereafter.

21 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
22 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
23 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of
24 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December
25 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made
26 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on

1 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
2 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at
3 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
4 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
5 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

6 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
7 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
8 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
9 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
10 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but
11 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

12 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
13 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
14 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been
15 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and
16 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products
17 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States
18 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment
19 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and
20 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor
21 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with
22 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes,
23 and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is
24 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,
25 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any
26 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether

1 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,
2 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all
3 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever
4 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed
5 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but
6 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated
7 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the
8 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks
9 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
11 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
12 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
13 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
14 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
15 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

16 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
17 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
18 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
19 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
20 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
21 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
22 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
23 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
24 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
25 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
26 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,

1 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

2 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
3 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
4 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
5 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
6 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
7 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
8 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
9 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
10 flour or requires refrigeration.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
12 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
13 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
14 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
15 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
16 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
17 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
18 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
19 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
20 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
21 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
22 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
23 label includes:

24 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

25 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
26 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,

1 substance or preparation.

2 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
3 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
4 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a
5 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use
6 of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

7 (Source: P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

8 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)

9 Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before
10 the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged
11 in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail
12 in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a
13 return with the Department, stating:

14 1. The name of the seller;

15 2. His residence address and the address of his
16 principal place of business and the address of the
17 principal place of business (if that is a different
18 address) from which he engages in the business of selling
19 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

20 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the
21 preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be,
22 from sales of tangible personal property, and from services
23 furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or
24 quarter;

25 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding

1 calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of
2 tangible personal property, and from services furnished,
3 by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return
4 is filed;

5 5. Deductions allowed by law;

6 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the
7 preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of
8 which the tax is imposed;

9 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
10 Act;

11 8. The amount of tax due;

12 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and

13 10. Such other reasonable information as the
14 Department may require.

15 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
16 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
17 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
18 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

19 Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of
20 prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is
21 claimed.

22 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1,
23 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
24 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as
25 provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser
26 provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section

1 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
2 certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003
3 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85
4 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy
5 Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in
6 the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject
7 to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase
8 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under
9 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to
10 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's
11 Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after
12 January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to
13 September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be
14 used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to
15 satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any
16 audit liability.

17 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
18 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
19 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
20 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
21 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
22 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
23 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

24 1. The name of the seller;

25 2. The address of the principal place of business from
26 which he engages in the business of selling tangible

1 personal property at retail in this State;

2 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
3 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
4 personal property by him during such preceding calendar
5 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but
6 less all deductions allowed by law;

7 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
8 Act;

9 5. The amount of tax due; and

10 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
11 may require.

12 Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a
13 licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer,
14 as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in
15 the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file
16 a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at
17 a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount
18 paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month
19 and such other information as is reasonably required by the
20 Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this
21 statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such
22 rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements
23 of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term
24 "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the
25 Liquor Control Act of 1934.

26 Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing

1 distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in
2 the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the
3 Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month
4 for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by
5 electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts
6 from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during
7 the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to
8 whom it was sold or distributed; the purchaser's tax
9 registration number; and such other information reasonably
10 required by the Department. A distributor, importing
11 distributor, or manufacturer of alcoholic liquor must
12 personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to
13 each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report
14 containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing
15 distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic
16 liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month
17 for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred.
18 The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall
19 notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor,
20 importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales
21 information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales
22 information by electronic means, the distributor, importing
23 distributor, or manufacturer shall furnish the sales
24 information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of
25 this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is
26 not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail,

1 or facsimile.

2 If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or
3 creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than
4 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more.

5 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average
6 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
7 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
8 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
9 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
10 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
11 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
12 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
13 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
14 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
15 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
16 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
17 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
18 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
19 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
20 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
21 The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of
22 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
23 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
24 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
25 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
26 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of

1 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
2 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
3 funds transfer.

4 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
5 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
6 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
7 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
8 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

9 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
10 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
11 with the permission of the Department.

12 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
13 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
14 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
15 in the manner authorized by the Department.

16 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
17 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
18 requirements of this Section.

19 Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any
20 return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount
21 is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest
22 whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a
23 dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest
24 whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is
25 less than 50 cents.

26 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly

1 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to
2 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
3 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
4 with the return for January, February and March of a given year
5 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April,
6 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
7 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
8 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
9 October, November and December of a given year being due by
10 January 20 of the following year.

11 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or
12 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
13 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the
14 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
15 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20
16 of the following year.

17 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
18 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
19 returns.

20 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
21 the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the
22 case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business
23 which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act,
24 such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the
25 Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
26 business.

1 Where the same person has more than one business registered
2 with the Department under separate registrations under this
3 Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a
4 single return covering all such registered businesses, but
5 shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

6 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft,
7 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with
8 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of
9 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department,
10 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a
11 separate return for each such item of tangible personal
12 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same
13 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor
14 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
15 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft,
16 watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer retailer for the
17 purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft,
18 motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
19 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as
20 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this
21 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft,
22 watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that
23 transaction to the Department on the same uniform
24 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of
25 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4
26 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration

1 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped
2 with an inboard motor.

3 Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft,
4 aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with
5 an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax
6 liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such
7 transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required
8 to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or
9 quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required
10 to file returns on an annual basis.

11 The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor
12 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an
13 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform
14 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle
15 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name
16 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price
17 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in
18 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the
19 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to
20 which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value
21 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such
22 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of
23 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the
24 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on
25 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not
26 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the

1 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient
2 identification of the property sold; such other information as
3 is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and
4 such other information as the Department may reasonably
5 require.

6 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft
7 or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the
8 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling
9 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for
10 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer
11 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the
12 extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for
13 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after
14 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price;
15 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such
16 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by
17 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that
18 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is
19 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a
20 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other
21 information as the Department may reasonably require.

22 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later
23 than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is
24 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner
25 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting
26 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the

1 Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of
2 the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the
3 tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if
4 titling or registration is required) if the Department and such
5 agency or State officer determine that this procedure will
6 expedite the processing of applications for title or
7 registration.

8 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer
9 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit
10 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is
11 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the
12 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax
13 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is
14 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such
15 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer
16 with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal
17 property that is involved (if titling or registration is
18 required) in support of such purchaser's application for an
19 Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration
20 to such tangible personal property.

21 No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this
22 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the
23 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other
24 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration
25 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has
26 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The

1 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the
2 mandate of this paragraph.

3 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer
4 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of
5 the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the
6 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not
7 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact
8 of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department
9 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit
10 the information required by the transaction reporting return
11 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to
12 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption
13 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return
14 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be
15 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account
16 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount
17 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays
18 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the
19 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted
20 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

21 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return
22 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property
23 returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under
24 subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case
25 may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the
26 receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a

1 return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act
2 with respect to such receipts.

3 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on
4 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president,
5 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly
6 accredited agent of such corporation.

7 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return
8 filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be
9 signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of
10 the limited liability company.

11 Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the
12 return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such
13 return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this
14 Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75%
15 on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year,
16 whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the
17 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records,
18 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying
19 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant
20 to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on
21 which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of
22 retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by
23 transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount
24 shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when
25 such retailer files his periodic return. The Department may
26 disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of

1 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but
2 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
3 registration has become final.

4 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly
5 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax
6 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax
7 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be
8 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000
9 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he
10 shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th
11 day of the month next following the month during which such tax
12 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department
13 on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month
14 during which such liability is incurred. On and after October
15 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the
16 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service
17 Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any
18 liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance
19 with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the
20 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return
21 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month
22 next following the month during which such tax liability is
23 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before
24 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such
25 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax
26 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each

1 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's
2 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the
3 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability
4 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete
5 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and
6 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the
7 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or
8 after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each
9 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
10 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's
11 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
12 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
13 or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each
14 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
15 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's
16 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
17 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
18 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or
19 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
20 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
21 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same
22 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which
23 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1,
24 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
25 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
26 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same

1 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's
2 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The
3 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited
4 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for
5 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the
6 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the
7 Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability
8 of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above
9 shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability
10 to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar
11 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the
12 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such
13 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as
14 computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete
15 calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a
16 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in
17 the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer
18 to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the
19 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000
20 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the
21 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On
22 and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of
23 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by
24 taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or
25 more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue
26 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the

1 Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters
2 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of
3 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's
4 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for
5 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar
6 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can
7 show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's
8 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate
9 that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably
10 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated
11 above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a
12 change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department
13 shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds
14 that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be
15 long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at
16 the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the
17 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the
18 difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the
19 amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely
20 paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made
21 payments for that month to the Department in excess of the
22 minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section.
23 The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to
24 govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly
25 payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar
26 monthly basis.

1 The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1,
2 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make
3 quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who
4 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit
5 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in
6 excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete
7 calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as
8 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the
9 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the
10 month during which such liability is incurred. If the month
11 during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to the
12 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, each payment
13 shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's
14 actual liability under Section 2d. If the month during which
15 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1,
16 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the
17 taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the
18 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the
19 preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax
20 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each
21 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
22 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's
23 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year.
24 The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited
25 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for
26 that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case

1 may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of
2 quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this
3 paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly
4 prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete
5 calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter
6 monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount
7 required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and
8 interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has
9 previously made payments for that month in excess of the
10 minimum payments previously due.

11 The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October
12 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to
13 make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer
14 who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit
15 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in
16 excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete
17 calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as
18 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the
19 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the
20 month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment
21 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual
22 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for
23 the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of
24 the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the
25 final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month
26 filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be.

1 Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter
2 monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph
3 shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax
4 collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters
5 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of
6 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's
7 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for
8 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar
9 quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly
10 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the
11 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such
12 difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made
13 payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments
14 previously due.

15 If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the
16 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the
17 Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as
18 shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if
19 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit
20 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The
21 credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by
22 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax
23 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act,
24 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be
25 prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the
26 taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability

1 subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act,
2 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service
3 Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and
4 regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department
5 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit
6 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1%
7 and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75%
8 of the difference between the credit taken and that actually
9 due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and
10 interest on such difference.

11 If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under
12 Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability
13 to the Department under this Act for the month which the
14 taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the
15 taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

16 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
17 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the
18 State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue
19 realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of
20 food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the
21 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft
22 drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate
23 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
24 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III
25 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
26 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a

1 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related
2 to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials,
3 syringes and needles used by diabetics.

4 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
5 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special
6 fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the
7 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
8 general rate.

9 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
10 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the
11 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
12 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning
13 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the
14 County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue
15 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
16 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

17 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
18 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue
19 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
20 the selling price of tangible personal property.

21 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
22 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
23 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
24 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1,
25 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local
26 Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the

1 preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of
2 sales tax holiday items.

3 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
4 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
5 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
6 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
7 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
8 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
9 are now taxed at 6.25%.

10 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay
11 into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue
12 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
13 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process
14 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental
15 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total
16 payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act
17 and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal
18 year.

19 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
20 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
21 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax
22 Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the
23 average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund
24 during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois
25 Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the
26 Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act,

1 the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act
2 shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used
3 in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal
4 to the difference between the average monthly claims for
5 payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited
6 into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this
7 paragraph.

8 Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys
9 received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service
10 Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, each
11 month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State
12 Crime Laboratory Fund.

13 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
14 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
15 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
16 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
17 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
18 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
19 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
20 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act,
21 Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax
22 Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts
23 being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of
24 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter
25 called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to
26 the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax

1 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as
2 hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall
3 be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other
4 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the
5 "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for
6 fiscal years 1986 through 1993:

7	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
8	1986	\$54,800,000
9	1987	\$76,650,000
10	1988	\$80,480,000
11	1989	\$88,510,000
12	1990	\$115,330,000
13	1991	\$145,470,000
14	1992	\$182,730,000
15	1993	\$206,520,000;

16 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as
17 defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the
18 Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and
19 each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on
20 the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act
21 Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond
22 Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2)
23 the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the
24 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than
25 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the
26 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois

1 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
2 the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the
3 payments required under the preceding proviso result in
4 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to
5 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of
6 (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for
7 such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois
8 Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph
9 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount
10 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and
11 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is
12 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income,
13 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the
14 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if
15 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on
16 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and
17 costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the
18 Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of
19 Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any
20 month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build
21 Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the
22 Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such
23 month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred
24 in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build
25 Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section
26 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such

1 deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received
2 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build
3 Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the
4 Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this
5 sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to
6 clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall
7 reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year
8 pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the
9 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited
10 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim
11 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond
12 Act.

13 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
14 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
15 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
16 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
17 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
18 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
19 in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
20 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
21 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
22 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
23 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
24 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

25

Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
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1	1993	\$0
2	1994	53,000,000
3	1995	58,000,000
4	1996	61,000,000
5	1997	64,000,000
6	1998	68,000,000
7	1999	71,000,000
8	2000	75,000,000
9	2001	80,000,000
10	2002	93,000,000
11	2003	99,000,000
12	2004	103,000,000
13	2005	108,000,000
14	2006	113,000,000
15	2007	119,000,000
16	2008	126,000,000
17	2009	132,000,000
18	2010	139,000,000
19	2011	146,000,000
20	2012	153,000,000
21	2013	161,000,000
22	2014	170,000,000
23	2015	179,000,000
24	2016	189,000,000
25	2017	199,000,000
26	2018	210,000,000

1	2019	221,000,000
2	2020	233,000,000
3	2021	246,000,000
4	2022	260,000,000
5	2023	275,000,000
6	2024	275,000,000
7	2025	275,000,000
8	2026	279,000,000
9	2027	292,000,000
10	2028	307,000,000
11	2029	322,000,000
12	2030	338,000,000
13	2031	350,000,000
14	2032	350,000,000

15 and
16 each fiscal year
17 thereafter that bonds
18 are outstanding under
19 Section 13.2 of the
20 Metropolitan Pier and
21 Exposition Authority Act,
22 but not after fiscal year 2060.

23 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
24 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
25 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
26 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount

1 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
2 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
3 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
4 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
5 required under this Section for previous months and years,
6 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
7 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
8 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
9 has been deposited.

10 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
11 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
12 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
13 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
14 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
15 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
16 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
17 price of tangible personal property.

18 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
19 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
20 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
21 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
22 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
23 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
24 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
25 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
26 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this

1 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
2 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
3 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
4 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

5 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,
6 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax
7 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to
8 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section
9 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first
10 calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this
11 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month, from
12 the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act,
13 Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service
14 Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation
15 Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and
16 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to
17 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the
18 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to $\frac{1}{12}$ of 5% of 80% of
19 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by
20 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the
21 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
22 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
23 and use taxes administered by the Department.

24 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
25 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State
26 Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and

1 used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of
2 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in
3 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

4 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a
5 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the
6 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not
7 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual
8 information return for the tax year specified in the notice.
9 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement
10 of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal
11 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as
12 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the
13 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the
14 same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a
15 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the
16 reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the
17 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the
18 retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and
19 closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods
20 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the
21 retailer during such year, payroll information of the
22 retailer's business during such year and any additional
23 reasonable information which the Department deems would be
24 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly
25 or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in
26 this Section.

1 If the annual information return required by this Section
2 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable
3 as follows:

4 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
5 for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
6 taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
7 the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
8 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
9 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
10 penalty provided for in this Act.

11 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
12 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
13 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

14 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest
15 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the
16 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who
17 willfully signs the annual return containing false or
18 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished
19 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the
20 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the
21 return may be liable for perjury.

22 The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an
23 annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not
24 required to file an income tax return with the United States
25 Government.

26 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon

1 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
2 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
3 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
4 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
5 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
6 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

7 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
8 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
9 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
10 overpayment of liability.

11 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
12 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in
13 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
14 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
15 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such
16 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written
17 objection to the Department to this arrangement.

18 Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail
19 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at
20 the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs,
21 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or
22 events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section
23 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a
24 report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's
25 business, the name of the person or persons engaged in
26 merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois

1 Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant,
2 the dates and location of the event and other reasonable
3 information that the Department may require. The report must be
4 filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following
5 the month during which the event with retail sales was held.
6 Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section
7 commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to
8 exceed \$250.

9 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible
10 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type
11 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows,
12 flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any
13 transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient
14 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of
15 the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily
16 payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall
17 impose this requirement when it finds that there is a
18 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an
19 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence
20 that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers
21 who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the
22 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the
23 exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of
24 loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify
25 concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of
26 this requirement. In the absence of notification by the

1 Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file
2 their returns as otherwise required in this Section.

3 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
4 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 98-1098, eff.
5 8-26-14; 99-352, eff. 8-12-15.)

6 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
7 becoming law.