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1	ΑN	ACT	concerning	wildlife.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Wildlife Code is amended by changing Sections 2.11 and 2.26 and by adding Section 3.1-6 as follows:

6 (520 ILCS 5/2.11) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.11)

Sec. 2.11. Before any person may lawfully hunt wild turkey, he shall first obtain a "Wild Turkey Hunting Permit" in accordance with the prescribed regulations set forth in an administrative rule of the Department. The fee for a Resident Wild Turkey Hunting Permit shall not exceed \$15.

Upon submitting suitable evidence of legal residence in any other state, non-residents shall be charged a fee not to exceed \$125 for wild turkey hunting permits, except as provided below for non-resident land owners.

Permits shall be issued without charge to:

17 (a) Illinois landowners residing in Illinois who own at
18 least 40 acres of Illinois land and wish to hunt on their
19 land only,

(b) resident tenants of at least 40 acres of commercial agricultural land, and

22 (c) bona fide equity shareholders of a corporation,
23 bona fide equity members of a limited liability company, or

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bona fide equity partners of a general or limited partnership which owns at least 40 acres of land in a county in Illinois who wish to hunt on the corporation's, company's, or partnership's land only. One permit shall be issued without charge to one bona fide equity shareholder, one bona fide equity member, or one bona fide equity partner for each 40 acres of land owned by the corporation, company, or partnership in a county; however, the number of permits issued without charge to bona fide equity shareholders of any corporation or bona fide equity members of a limited liability company in any county shall not exceed 15, and shall not exceed 3 in the case of bona fide equity partners of a partnership.

The turkey hunting permit issued without fee shall be valid on all lands upon which the person to whom it is issued owns, leases or rents, except that in the case of a permit issued without charge to a shareholder of a corporation, the permit shall be valid on all lands owned by the corporation in county.

The Department may by administrative rule allocate and issue non-resident Wild Turkey Permits and establish fees for such permits.

It shall be unlawful to take wild turkey except by use of a bow and arrow or a shotgun of not larger than 10 nor smaller than 20 gauge with shot size not larger than No. 4, and no person while attempting to so take wild turkey may have in his

1 possession any other gun.

It shall be unlawful to take, or attempt to take wild turkey except during the time from 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset or during such lesser period of time as may be specified by administrative rule, during those days for which an open season is established.

It shall be unlawful for any person to take, or attempt to take, wild turkey by use of dogs, horses, automobiles, aircraft or other vehicles, or conveyances, or by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. For the purposes of this Section, "bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals, and other products, except pure water, that can be ingested, placed, or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure wild turkeys. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract wild turkeys. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of the bait.

It is unlawful for any person to take in Illinois or have in his possession more than one wild turkey per valid permit.

For purposes of this Section "bona fide equity shareholder", "bona fide equity member", and "bona fide equity partner" shall have the same meaning as provided in Section 2.26 of this Act.

For the purposes of calculating acreage under this Section, the Department shall, after determining the total acreage of the applicable tract or tracts of land, round remaining

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fractional portions of an acre greater than or equal to half of 1 2 an acre up to the next whole acre.

For the purposes of taking wild turkey, nothing in this Section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation, including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots, or normal agricultural practices, including planting, harvesting, and maintenance such as cultivating. Such manipulation for the purpose of taking wild turkey may be further modified by administrative rule.

11 (Source: P.A. 97-564, eff. 8-25-11; 98-180, eff. 8-5-13.)

(520 ILCS 5/2.26) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.26)

Sec. 2.26. Deer hunting permits. In this Section, "bona fide equity shareholder" means an individual who (1) purchased, for market price, publicly sold stock shares in a corporation, purchased shares of a privately held corporation for a value equal to the percentage of the appraised value of the corporate assets represented by the ownership in the corporation, or is a member of a closely-held family-owned corporation and has purchased or been gifted with shares of stock in the corporation accurately reflecting his or her percentage of ownership and (2) intends to retain the ownership of the shares of stock for at least 5 years.

In this Section, "bona fide equity member" means individual who (1) (i) became a member upon the formation of

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the limited liability company or (ii) has purchased a distributional interest in a limited liability company for a value equal to the percentage of the appraised value of the LLC assets represented by the distributional interest in the LLC and subsequently becomes a member of the company pursuant to Article 30 of the Limited Liability Company Act and who (2) intends to retain the membership for at least 5 years.

this Section, "bona fide equity partner" means an individual who (1) (i) became a partner, either general or limited, upon the formation of a partnership or limited partnership, or (ii) has purchased, acquired, or been gifted a partnership interest accurately representing his or her percentage distributional interest in the profits, losses, assets of a partnership or limited partnership, (2) intends to retain ownership of the partnership interest for at least 5 years, and (3) is a resident of Illinois.

Any person attempting to take deer shall first obtain a "Deer Hunting Permit" issued by the Department in accordance with its administrative rules. Those rules must provide for the issuance of the following types of resident deer archery permits: (i) a combination permit, consisting of one either-sex permit and one antlerless-only permit, (ii) a antlerless-only permit, and (iii) a single either-sex permit. The fee for a Deer Hunting Permit to take deer with either bow and arrow or gun shall not exceed \$25.00 for residents of the State. The Department may by administrative rule provide for

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non-resident deer hunting permits for which the fee will not exceed \$300 in 2005, \$350 in 2006, and \$400 in 2007 and thereafter except as provided below for non-resident landowners and non-resident archery hunters. The Department may by administrative rule provide for a non-resident archery deer permit consisting of not more than 2 harvest tags at a total cost not to exceed \$325 in 2005, \$375 in 2006, and \$425 in 2007 and thereafter. Permits shall be issued without charge to:

- (a) Illinois landowners residing in Illinois who own at least 40 acres of Illinois land and wish to hunt their land only,
- (b) resident tenants of at least 40 acres of commercial agricultural land where they will hunt, and

(c) Bona fide equity shareholders of a corporation, bona fide equity members of a limited liability company, or bona fide equity partners of a general or limited partnership which owns at least 40 acres of land in a county in Illinois who wish to hunt on the corporation's, company's, or partnership's land only. One permit shall be issued without charge to one bona fide equity shareholder, one bona fide equity member, or one bona fide equity partner for each 40 acres of land owned by the corporation, company, or partnership in a county; however, the number of permits issued without charge to bona fide equity shareholders of any corporation or bona fide equity members

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of a limited liability company in any county shall not exceed 15, and shall not exceed 3 in the case of bona fide equity partners of a partnership.

Bona fide landowners or tenants who do not wish to hunt only on the land they own, rent, or lease or bona fide equity shareholders, bona fide equity members, or bona fide equity partners who do not wish to hunt only on the land owned by the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership shall be charged the same fee as the applicant who is not a landowner, tenant, bona fide equity shareholder, bona fide equity member, or bona fide equity partner. Nonresidents of Illinois who own at least 40 acres of land and wish to hunt on their land only shall be charged a fee set by administrative rule. The method for obtaining these permits shall be prescribed by administrative rule.

The deer hunting permit issued without fee shall be valid on all farm lands which the person to whom it is issued owns, leases or rents, except that in the case of a permit issued to a bona fide equity shareholder, bona fide equity member, or bona fide equity partner, the permit shall be valid on all lands owned by the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership in the county.

The standards and specifications for use of guns and bow and arrow for deer hunting shall be established by administrative rule.

No person may have in his possession any firearm not

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authorized by administrative rule for a specific hunting season 1 2 when taking deer.

Persons having a firearm deer hunting permit shall be permitted to take deer only during the period from 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset, and only during those days for which an open season is established for the taking of deer by use of shotgun, handgun, or muzzle loading rifle.

Persons having an archery deer hunting permit shall be permitted to take deer only during the period from 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset, and only during those days for which an open season is established for the taking of deer by use of bow and arrow.

It shall be unlawful for any person to take deer by use of dogs, horses, automobiles, aircraft or other vehicles, or by the use or aid of bait or baiting of any kind. For the purposes of this Section, "bait" means any material, whether liquid or solid, including food, salt, minerals, and other products, except pure water, that can be ingested, placed, or scattered in such a manner as to attract or lure white-tailed deer. "Baiting" means the placement or scattering of bait to attract deer. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of bait. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the use of a dog to track wounded deer. Any person using a dog for tracking wounded deer must maintain physical control of the dog at all times by means of a maximum 50 foot lead attached to the dog's collar or

- harness. Tracking wounded deer is permissible at night, but at 1
- 2 no time outside of legal deer hunting hours or seasons shall
- 3 any person handling or accompanying a dog being used for
- tracking wounded deer be in possession of any firearm or 4
- 5 archery device. Persons tracking wounded deer with a dog during
- the firearm deer seasons shall wear blaze orange as required. 6
- 7 Dog handlers tracking wounded deer with a dog are exempt from
- 8 hunting license and deer permit requirements so long as they
- 9 are accompanied by the licensed deer hunter who wounded the
- 10 deer.
- 11 It shall be unlawful to possess or transport any wild deer
- 12 which has been injured or killed in any manner upon a public
- 13 highway or public right-of-way of this State unless exempted by
- administrative rule. 14
- Persons hunting deer must have gun unloaded and no bow and 15
- 16 arrow device shall be carried with the arrow in the nocked
- 17 position during hours when deer hunting is unlawful.
- It shall be unlawful for any person, having taken the legal 18
- limit of deer by gun, to further participate with gun in any 19
- 20 deer hunting party.
- It shall be unlawful for any person, having taken the legal 21
- 22 limit of deer by bow and arrow, to further participate with bow
- 23 and arrow in any deer hunting party.
- The Department may prohibit upland game hunting during the 24
- 25 gun deer season by administrative rule.
- 26 The Department shall not limit the number of non-resident,

- either-sex either sex archery deer hunting permits to less than 1
- 2 20,000.
- Any person who violates any of the provisions of this 3
- Section, including administrative rules, shall be guilty of a 4
- 5 Class B misdemeanor.
- 6 For the purposes of calculating acreage under this Section,
- 7 the Department shall, after determining the total acreage of
- the applicable tract or tracts of land, round remaining 8
- 9 fractional portions of an acre greater than or equal to half of
- an acre up to the next whole acre. 10
- For the purposes of taking white-tailed deer, nothing in 11
- 12 this Section shall be construed to prevent the manipulation,
- 13 including mowing or cutting, of standing crops as a normal
- agricultural or soil stabilization practice, food plots, or 14
- normal agricultural practices, including planting, harvesting, 15
- 16 and maintenance such as cultivating or the use of products
- 17 designed for scent only and not capable of ingestion, solid or
- liquid, placed or scattered, in such a manner as to attract or 18
- lure deer. Such manipulation for the purpose of taking 19
- 20 white-tailed deer may be further modified by administrative
- 21 rule.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 97-564, eff. 8-25-11; 97-907, eff. 8-7-12;
- 98-180, eff. 8-5-13; revised 10-20-15.) 23
- (520 ILCS 5/3.1-6 new)24
- Sec. 3.1-6. Special deer, turkey, and combination hunting 25

Τ.	<u>licenses.</u>
2	(a) For the purpose of this Section:
3	"Bona fide equity member" means an individual who:
4	(1) (i) became a member upon the formation of the
5	limited liability company or (ii) has purchased a
6	distributional interest in a limited liability company for
7	a value equal to the percentage of the appraised value of
8	the LLC assets represented by the distributional interest
9	in the LLC and subsequently becomes a member of the company
10	under Article 30 of the Limited Liability Company Act; and
11	(2) intends to retain the membership for at least 5
12	years.
13	"Bona fide equity partner" means an individual who:
14	(1) (i) became a partner, either general or limited,
15	upon the formation of a partnership or limited partnership,
16	or (ii) has purchased, acquired, or been gifted a
17	partnership interest accurately representing his or her
18	percentage distributional interest in the profits, losses,
19	and assets of a partnership or limited partnership;
20	(2) intends to retain ownership of the partnership
21	interest for at least 5 years; and
22	(3) is a resident of this State.
23	"Bona fide equity shareholder" means an individual who:
24	(1) purchased, for market price, publicly sold stock
25	shares in a corporation, purchased shares of a
26	privately-held corporation for a value equal to the

1	percentage of the appraised value of the corporate assets
2	represented by the ownership in the corporation, or is a
3	member of a closely-held family-owned corporation and has
4	purchased or been gifted with shares of stock in the
5	corporation accurately reflecting his or her percentage of
6	ownership; and
7	(2) intends to retain the ownership of the shares of
8	stock for at least 5 years.
9	(b) Landowner Deer, Turkey, and combination permits shall
10	be issued without charge to:
11	(1) Illinois landowners residing in this State who own
12	at least 40 acres of Illinois land and wish to hunt upon
13	their land only;
14	(2) resident tenants of at least 40 acres of commercial
15	agricultural land where they will hunt; and
16	(3) bona fide equity shareholders of a corporation,
17	bona fide equity members of a limited liability company, or
18	bona fide equity partners of a general or limited
19	partnership which owns at least 40 acres of land in a
20	county in this State who wish to hunt on the corporation's,
21	company's, or partnership's land only. One permit shall be
22	issued without charge to one bona fide equity shareholder,
23	one bona fide equity member, or one bona fide equity
24	partner for each 40 acres of land owned by the corporation,
25	company, or partnership in a county; however, the number of
26	permits issued without charge to bona fide equity

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shareholders of any corporation or bona fide equity members of a limited liability company in any county shall not exceed 15, and shall not exceed 3 in the case of bona fide equity partners of a partnership. Bona fide landowners or tenants who do not wish to hunt only on the land they own, rent, or lease or bona fide equity shareholders, bona fide equity members, or bona fide equity partners who do not wish to hunt only on the land owned by the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership shall be charged the same fee as the applicant who is not a landowner, tenant, bona fide equity shareholder, bona fide equity member, or bona fide equity partner. Nonresidents of this State who own at least 40 acres of land and wish to hunt on their land only shall be charged a fee set by administrative rule. The method for obtaining these permits shall be prescribed by administrative rule.

(c) The deer, turkey, or combination hunting permit issued without fee shall be valid on all farm lands which the person to whom it is issued owns, leases or rents, except that in the case of a permit issued to a bona fide equity shareholder, bona fide equity member, or bona fide equity partner, the permit shall be valid on all lands owned by the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership in the county.