

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 SB2763

Introduced 2/17/2016, by Sen. Jason A. Barickman

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

820 ILCS 130/2

from Ch. 48, par. 39s-2

Amends the Prevailing Wage Act. Defines the term "public utility company". Provides that a lessee or operating agent operating a publicly owned utility is also a public utility company.

LRB099 18548 JLS 42927 b

1 AN ACT concerning employment.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Prevailing Wage Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:
- 6 (820 ILCS 130/2) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-2)
- Sec. 2. This Act applies to the wages of laborers, mechanics and other workers employed in any public works, as hereinafter defined, by any public body and to anyone under contracts for public works. This includes any maintenance, repair, assembly, or disassembly work performed on equipment whether owned, leased, or rented.
- 13 As used in this Act, unless the context indicates
  14 otherwise:
- "Public works" means all fixed works constructed or 15 16 demolished by any public body, or paid for wholly or in part out of public funds. "Public works" as defined herein includes 17 all projects financed in whole or in part with bonds, grants, 18 19 loans, or other funds made available by or through the State or any of its political subdivisions, including but not limited 20 21 to: bonds issued under the Industrial Project Revenue Bond Act 22 (Article 11, Division 74 of the Illinois Municipal Code), the Industrial Building Revenue Bond Act, the Illinois Finance 23

Authority Act, the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority Act, or 1 2 the Build Illinois Bond Act; loans or other funds made available pursuant to the Build Illinois Act; loans or other 3 funds made available pursuant to the Riverfront Development 5 Fund under Section 10-15 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act; or funds from the Fund for Illinois' Future under Section 6 7 6z-47 of the State Finance Act, funds for school construction under Section 5 of the General Obligation Bond Act, funds 8 9 authorized under Section 3 of the School Construction Bond Act, 10 funds for school infrastructure under Section 6z-45 of the 11 State Finance Act, and funds for transportation purposes under 12 Section 4 of the General Obligation Bond Act. "Public works" also includes (i) all projects financed in whole or in part 13 14 with funds from the Department of Commerce and Economic 15 Opportunity under the Illinois Renewable Fuels Development 16 Program Act for which there is no project labor agreement; (ii) 17 all work performed pursuant to a public private agreement under the Public Private Agreements for the Illiana Expressway Act or 18 19 the Public-Private Agreements for the South Suburban Airport 20 Act; and (iii) all projects undertaken under a public-private 21 agreement under the Public-Private Partnerships for 22 Transportation Act. "Public works" also includes all projects 23 at leased facility property used for airport purposes under Section 35 of the Local Government Facility Lease Act. "Public 24 25 works" also includes the construction of a new wind power 26 facility by a business designated as a High Impact Business

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under Section 5.5(a)(3)(E) of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act. "Public works" does not include work done directly by any public utility company, whether or not done under public supervision or direction, or paid for wholly or in part out of public funds. "Public works" also includes any corrective action performed pursuant to Title XVI of the Environmental Protection Act for which payment from the Underground Storage Tank Fund is requested. "Public works" does not include projects undertaken by the owner at an owner-occupied single-family residence or at an owner-occupied unit of a multi-family residence. "Public works" does not include work performed for soil and water conservation purposes on lands, whether or agricultural not done under supervision or paid for wholly or in part out of public funds, done directly by an owner or person who has legal control of those lands.

"Construction" means all work on public works involving laborers, workers or mechanics. This includes any maintenance, repair, assembly, or disassembly work performed on equipment whether owned, leased, or rented.

"Locality" means the county where the physical work upon public works is performed, except (1) that if there is not available in the county a sufficient number of competent skilled laborers, workers and mechanics to construct the public works efficiently and properly, "locality" includes any other county nearest the one in which the work or construction is to

be performed and from which such persons may be obtained in sufficient numbers to perform the work and (2) that, with respect to contracts for highway work with the Department of Transportation of this State, "locality" may at the discretion of the Secretary of the Department of Transportation be construed to include two or more adjacent counties from which workers may be accessible for work on such construction.

"Public body" means the State or any officer, board or commission of the State or any political subdivision or department thereof, or any institution supported in whole or in part by public funds, and includes every county, city, town, village, township, school district, irrigation, utility, reclamation improvement or other district and every other political subdivision, district or municipality of the state whether such political subdivision, municipality or district operates under a special charter or not.

"Public utility company" means (1) a privately owned public utility as defined and regulated under the Public Utilities Act, (2) a public utility that is owned and operated by any political subdivision, public institution of higher education, or municipal corporation of this State, or (3) a public utility that is owned by a political subdivision, public institution of higher education, or municipal corporation and operated, wholly or in part, by any of its lessees or operating agents. The term "lessee" or "operating agent" includes any person or entity operating a publicly owned utility, wholly or in part,

- 1 <u>under a lease or contract and, with the public owner of the</u>
- 2 utility, is a public utility company.
- 3 The terms "general prevailing rate of hourly wages",
- 4 "general prevailing rate of wages" or "prevailing rate of
- 5 wages" when used in this Act mean the hourly cash wages plus
- 6 annualized fringe benefits for training and apprenticeship
- 7 programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of
- 8 Apprenticeship and Training, health and welfare, insurance,
- 9 vacations and pensions paid generally, in the locality in which
- 10 the work is being performed, to employees engaged in work of a
- 11 similar character on public works.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 97-502, eff. 8-23-11; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
- 13 98-482, eff. 1-1-14; 98-740, eff. 7-16-14; 98-756, eff.
- 14 7-16-14.