99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2015 and 2016

SB1480

Introduced 2/20/2015, by Sen. Dale A. Righter

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 3855/1-75

Amends the Illinois Power Agency Act. Provides that the Illinois Power Agency and Illinois Commerce Commission shall include sourcing agreements covering power produced by clean coal and other facilities. Provides that utilities and alternative retail electric supplies shall into sourcing agreements as part of the annual power procurement process. Provides that the Agency and Commission shall establish competitive bidding procedures for sourcing terms. Sets the requirements of the sourcing agreements. Makes technical changes. Effective immediately.

LRB099 07369 MLM 27483 b

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AN ACT concerning State government.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Power Agency Act is amended by 5 changing Section 1-75 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 3855/1-75)

Sec. 1-75. Planning and Procurement Bureau. The Planning and Procurement Bureau has the following duties and responsibilities:

(a) The Planning and Procurement Bureau shall each year, 10 beginning in 2008, develop procurement plans and conduct 11 12 competitive procurement processes in accordance with the requirements of Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act 13 14 for the eligible retail customers of electric utilities that on December 31, 2005 provided electric service to at least 100,000 15 16 customers in Illinois. The Planning and Procurement Bureau 17 shall also develop procurement plans and conduct competitive procurement processes in accordance with the requirements of 18 19 Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act for the eligible 20 retail customers of small multi-jurisdictional electric utilities that (i) on December 31, 2005 served less than 21 22 100,000 customers in Illinois and (ii) request a procurement plan for their Illinois jurisdictional load. This Section shall 23

not apply to a small multi-jurisdictional utility until such time as a small multi-jurisdictional utility requests the Agency to prepare a procurement plan for their Illinois jurisdictional load. For the purposes of this Section, the term "eligible retail customers" has the same definition as found in Section 16-111.5(a) of the Public Utilities Act.

7 (1) The Agency shall each year, beginning in 2008, as
8 needed, issue a request for qualifications for experts or
9 expert consulting firms to develop the procurement plans in
10 accordance with Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities
11 Act. In order to qualify an expert or expert consulting
12 firm must have:

13 (A) direct previous experience assembling
14 large-scale power supply plans or portfolios for
15 end-use customers;

(B) an advanced degree in economics, mathematics,
engineering, risk management, or a related area of
study;

(C) 10 years of experience in the electricitysector, including managing supply risk;

(D) expertise in wholesale electricity market
 rules, including those established by the Federal
 Energy Regulatory Commission and regional transmission
 organizations;

(E) expertise in credit protocols and familiaritywith contract protocols;

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(F) adequate resources to perform and fulfill the
 required functions and responsibilities; and

(G) the absence of a conflict of interest and
 inappropriate bias for or against potential bidders or
 the affected electric utilities.

6 (2) The Agency shall each year, as needed, issue a 7 request for qualifications for a procurement administrator 8 to conduct the competitive procurement processes in 9 accordance with Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities 10 Act. In order to qualify an expert or expert consulting 11 firm must have:

12 (A) direct previous experience administering a
 13 large-scale competitive procurement process;

(B) an advanced degree in economics, mathematics, engineering, or a related area of study;

(C) 10 years of experience in the electricity
 sector, including risk management experience;

(D) expertise in wholesale electricity market
rules, including those established by the Federal
Energy Regulatory Commission and regional transmission
organizations;

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(E) expertise in credit and contract protocols;

(F) adequate resources to perform and fulfill the
 required functions and responsibilities; and

25 (G) the absence of a conflict of interest and 26 inappropriate bias for or against potential bidders or

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the affected electric utilities.

(3) The Agency shall provide affected utilities and 2 3 other interested parties with the lists of qualified experts or expert consulting firms identified through the 4 5 request for qualifications processes that are under 6 consideration to develop the procurement plans and to serve 7 as the procurement administrator. The Agency shall also 8 provide each qualified expert's or expert consulting 9 firm's response to the request for qualifications. All 10 information provided under this subparagraph shall also be 11 provided to the Commission. The Agency may provide by rule 12 for fees associated with supplying the information to 13 utilities and other interested parties. These parties 14 shall, within 5 business days, notify the Agency in writing 15 if they object to any experts or expert consulting firms on 16 the lists. Objections shall be based on:

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(A) failure to satisfy qualification criteria;

(B) identification of a conflict of interest; or

(C) evidence of inappropriate bias for or against
 potential bidders or the affected utilities.

The Agency shall remove experts or expert consulting firms from the lists within 10 days if there is a reasonable basis for an objection and provide the updated lists to the affected utilities and other interested parties. If the Agency fails to remove an expert or expert consulting firm from a list, an objecting party may seek

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review by the Commission within 5 days thereafter by filing a petition, and the Commission shall render a ruling on the petition within 10 days. There is no right of appeal of the Commission's ruling.

5 (4) The Agency shall issue requests for proposals to 6 the qualified experts or expert consulting firms to develop 7 a procurement plan for the affected utilities and to serve 8 as procurement administrator.

9 (5) The Agency shall select an expert or expert 10 consulting firm to develop procurement plans based on the 11 proposals submitted and shall award contracts of up to 5 12 years to those selected.

13 The Agency shall select an expert or expert (6) 14 consulting firm, with approval of the Commission, to serve 15 as procurement administrator based on the proposals 16 submitted. If the Commission rejects, within 5 days, the 17 Agency's selection, the Agency shall submit another recommendation within 3 days based on the proposals 18 19 submitted. The Agency shall award a 5-year contract to the 20 expert or expert consulting firm so selected with 21 Commission approval.

(b) The experts or expert consulting firms retained by the Agency shall, as appropriate, prepare procurement plans, and conduct a competitive procurement process as prescribed in Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act, to ensure adequate, reliable, affordable, efficient, and environmentally

sustainable electric service at the lowest total cost over 1 2 time, taking into account any benefits of price stability, for eligible retail customers of electric utilities that on 3 December 31, 2005 provided electric service to at least 100,000 4 5 customers in the State of Illinois, and for eligible Illinois retail customers of small multi-jurisdictional 6 electric utilities that (i) on December 31, 2005 served less than 7 8 100,000 customers in Illinois and (ii) request a procurement 9 plan for their Illinois jurisdictional load.

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(c) Renewable portfolio standard.

11 (1) The procurement plans shall include cost-effective 12 renewable energy resources. A minimum percentage of each utility's total supply to serve the load of eligible retail 13 14 customers, as defined in Section 16-111.5(a) of the Public 15 Utilities Act, procured for each of the following years 16 shall be generated from cost-effective renewable energy 17 resources: at least 2% by June 1, 2008; at least 4% by June 1, 2009; at least 5% by June 1, 2010; at least 6% by June 1, 18 2011; at least 7% by June 1, 2012; at least 8% by June 1, 19 2013; at least 9% by June 1, 2014; at least 10% by June 1, 20 2015; and increasing by at least 1.5% each year thereafter 21 22 to at least 25% by June 1, 2025. To the extent that it is 23 available, at least 75% of the renewable energy resources to meet these standards shall come 24 from wind used 25 generation and, beginning on June 1, 2011, at least the 26 following percentages of the renewable energy resources

used to meet these standards shall come from photovoltaics 1 2 on the following schedule: 0.5% by June 1, 2012, 1.5% by June 1, 2013; 3% by June 1, 2014; and 6% by June 1, 2015 and 3 thereafter. Of the renewable energy resources procured 4 5 pursuant to this Section, at least the following 6 percentages shall come from distributed renewable energy 7 generation devices: 0.5% by June 1, 2013, 0.75% by June 1, 8 2014, and 1% by June 1, 2015 and thereafter. To the extent 9 available, half of the renewable energy resources procured 10 from distributed renewable energy generation shall come 11 from devices of less than 25 kilowatts in nameplate 12 capacity. Renewable energy resources procured from 13 distributed generation devices may also count towards the 14 required percentages for wind and solar photovoltaics. 15 Procurement of renewable energy resources from distributed 16 renewable energy generation devices shall be done on an 17 annual basis through multi-year contracts of no less than 5 years, and shall consist solely of renewable energy 18 19 credits.

20 The Agency shall create credit requirements for 21 suppliers of distributed renewable energy. In order to 22 minimize the administrative burden on contracting 23 entities, the Agency shall solicit the use of third-party 24 organizations to aggregate distributed renewable energy 25 into groups of no less than one megawatt in installed 26 capacity. These third-party organizations shall administer contracts with individual distributed renewable energy generation device owners. An individual distributed renewable energy generation device owner shall have the ability to measure the output of his or her distributed renewable energy generation device.

For purposes of this subsection (c), "cost-effective" 6 7 that the costs of procuring renewable energy means 8 resources do not cause the limit stated in paragraph (2) of 9 this subsection (c) to be exceeded and do not exceed 10 benchmarks based on market prices for renewable energy 11 resources in the region, which shall be developed by the 12 administrator, in consultation with procurement the Commission staff, Agency staff, and the procurement 13 14 monitor and shall be subject to Commission review and 15 approval.

16 (2) For purposes of this subsection (c), the required 17 procurement of cost-effective renewable energy resources 18 for a particular year shall be measured as a percentage of 19 the actual amount of electricity (megawatt-hours) supplied 20 by the electric utility to eligible retail customers in the 21 planning year ending immediately prior to the procurement. 22 For purposes of this subsection (c), the amount paid per 23 kilowatthour means the total amount paid for electric 24 service expressed on a per kilowatthour basis. For purposes 25 of this subsection (c), the total amount paid for electric 26 service includes without limitation amounts paid for

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supply, transmission, distribution, surcharges, and add-on
 taxes.

Notwithstanding the requirements of this subsection (c), the total of renewable energy resources procured pursuant to the procurement plan for any single year shall be reduced by an amount necessary to limit the annual estimated average net increase due to the costs of these resources included in the amounts paid by eligible retail customers in connection with electric service to:

10 (A) in 2008, no more than 0.5% of the amount paid
11 per kilowatthour by those customers during the year
12 ending May 31, 2007;

(B) in 2009, the greater of an additional 0.5% of
the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers
during the year ending May 31, 2008 or 1% of the amount
paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the
year ending May 31, 2007;

(C) in 2010, the greater of an additional 0.5% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2009 or 1.5% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2007;

(D) in 2011, the greater of an additional 0.5% of
the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers
during the year ending May 31, 2010 or 2% of the amount
paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the

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year ending May 31, 2007; and

2 (E) thereafter, the amount of renewable energy 3 resources procured pursuant to the procurement plan for any single year shall be reduced by an amount 4 5 necessary to limit the estimated average net increase due to the cost of these resources included in the 6 7 paid by eligible retail customers amounts in connection with electric service to no more than the 8 9 greater of 2.015% of the amount paid per kilowatthour 10 by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2007 11 or the incremental amount per kilowatthour paid for 12 these resources in 2011.

13 No later than June 30, 2011, the Commission shall 14 review the limitation on the amount of renewable energy resources procured pursuant to this subsection (c) and 15 16 report to the General Assembly its findings as to 17 limitation unduly constrains whether that the 18 procurement of cost-effective renewable energy 19 resources.

(3) Through June 1, 2011, renewable energy resources
shall be counted for the purpose of meeting the renewable
energy standards set forth in paragraph (1) of this
subsection (c) only if they are generated from facilities
located in the State, provided that cost-effective
renewable energy resources are available from those
facilities. If those cost-effective resources are not

available in Illinois, they shall be procured in states 1 2 that adjoin Illinois and may be counted towards compliance. If those cost-effective resources are not available in 3 Illinois or in states that adjoin Illinois, they shall be 4 5 purchased elsewhere and shall be counted towards compliance. After June 1, 2011, cost-effective renewable 6 7 energy resources located in Illinois and in states that 8 adjoin Illinois may be counted towards compliance with the 9 standards set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection 10 (c). If those cost-effective resources are not available in 11 Illinois or in states that adjoin Illinois, they shall be 12 purchased elsewhere and shall be counted towards 13 compliance.

14 (4) The electric utility shall retire all renewable15 energy credits used to comply with the standard.

16 (5) Beginning with the year commencing June 1, 2010, an 17 electric utility subject to this subsection (c) shall apply the lesser of the maximum alternative compliance payment 18 rate or the most recent estimated alternative compliance 19 20 payment rate for its service territory for the 21 corresponding compliance period, established pursuant to 22 subsection (d) of Section 16-115D of the Public Utilities 23 Act to its retail customers that take service pursuant to the electric utility's hourly pricing tariff or tariffs. 24 25 The electric utility shall retain all amounts collected as 26 a result of the application of the alternative compliance

1 payment rate or rates to such customers, and, beginning in 2011, the utility shall include in the information provided 2 under item (1) of subsection (d) of Section 16-111.5 of the 3 Public Utilities Act the amounts collected under the 4 5 alternative compliance payment rate or rates for the prior 6 year ending May 31. Notwithstanding any limitation on the 7 procurement of renewable energy resources imposed by item 8 (2) of this subsection (c), the Agency shall increase its 9 spending on the purchase of renewable energy resources to 10 be procured by the electric utility for the next plan year 11 by an amount equal to the amounts collected by the utility 12 under the alternative compliance payment rate or rates in the prior year ending May 31. Beginning April 1, 2012, and 13 14 each year thereafter, the Agency shall prepare a public 15 report for the General Assembly and Illinois Commerce 16 Commission that shall include, but not necessarily be 17 limited to:

(A) a comparison of the costs associated with the 18 19 Agency's procurement of renewable energy resources to 20 (1) the Agency's costs associated with electricity 21 generated by other types of generation facilities and 22 (2)benefits associated with the Agency's the 23 procurement of renewable energy resources; and

(B) an analysis of the rate impacts associated with
the Illinois Power Agency's procurement of renewable
resources, including, but not limited to, any

1 2 long-term contracts, on the eligible retail customers of electric utilities.

3 The analysis shall include the Agency's estimate of the total dollar impact that the Agency's procurement of 4 5 renewable resources has had on the annual electricity bills 6 of the customer classes that comprise each eligible retail 7 customer class taking service from an electric utility. The 8 Agency's report shall also analyze how the operation of the 9 alternative compliance payment mechanism, any long-term contracts, or other aspects of the applicable renewable 10 11 portfolio standards impacts the rates of customers of 12 alternative retail electric suppliers.

13 (d) Clean coal portfolio standard.

14 (1) The procurement plans shall include electricity 15 generated using clean coal. Each utility shall enter into 16 one or more sourcing agreements with the initial clean coal 17 facility, as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection (d), covering electricity generated by the initial clean 18 19 coal facility representing at least 5% of each utility's 20 total supply to serve the load of eligible retail customers 21 in 2015 and each year thereafter, as described in paragraph 22 (3) of this subsection (d), subject to the limits specified 23 in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d). It is the goal of the State that by January 1, 2025, 25% of the electricity 24 25 used in the State shall be generated by cost-effective 26 clean coal facilities. For purposes of this subsection (d),

"cost-effective" means that the expenditures pursuant to 1 2 such sourcing agreements do not cause the limit stated in 3 paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) to be exceeded and do not exceed cost-based benchmarks, which shall be developed 4 5 to assess all expenditures pursuant to such sourcing 6 agreements covering electricity generated by clean coal 7 facilities, other than the initial clean coal facility, by 8 the procurement administrator, in consultation with the 9 Commission staff, Agency staff, and the procurement 10 monitor and shall be subject to Commission review and 11 approval.

A utility party to a sourcing agreement shall immediately retire any emission credits that it receives in connection with the electricity covered by such agreement.

Utilities shall maintain adequate records documenting the purchases under the sourcing agreement to comply with this subsection (d) and shall file an accounting with the load forecast that must be filed with the Agency by July 15 of each year, in accordance with subsection (d) of Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act.

A utility shall be deemed to have complied with the clean coal portfolio standard specified in this subsection (d) if the utility enters into a sourcing agreement as required by this subsection (d).

(2) For purposes of this subsection (d), the required
 execution of sourcing agreements with the initial clean

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1 coal facility for a particular year shall be measured as a 2 percentage of the actual amount of electricity 3 (megawatt-hours) supplied by the electric utility to eligible retail customers in the planning year ending 4 5 immediately prior to the agreement's execution. For purposes of this subsection (d), the amount paid per 6 7 kilowatthour means the total amount paid for electric 8 service expressed on a per kilowatthour basis. For purposes 9 of this subsection (d), the total amount paid for electric service includes without limitation amounts paid for 10 11 supply, transmission, distribution, surcharges and add-on 12 taxes.

Notwithstanding the requirements of this subsection 13 14 (d), the total amount paid under sourcing agreements with 15 clean coal facilities pursuant to the procurement plan for 16 any given year shall be reduced by an amount necessary to 17 limit the annual estimated average net increase due to the costs of these resources included in the amounts paid by 18 19 eligible retail customers in connection with electric 20 service to:

(A) in 2010, no more than 0.5% of the amount paid
per kilowatthour by those customers during the year
ending May 31, 2009;

(B) in 2011, the greater of an additional 0.5% of
the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers
during the year ending May 31, 2010 or 1% of the amount

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1 2 paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2009;

3 (C) in 2012, the greater of an additional 0.5% of 4 the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers 5 during the year ending May 31, 2011 or 1.5% of the 6 amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during 7 the year ending May 31, 2009;

8 (D) in 2013, the greater of an additional 0.5% of 9 the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers 10 during the year ending May 31, 2012 or 2% of the amount 11 paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the 12 year ending May 31, 2009; and

13 thereafter, the total amount paid under (E) agreements 14 with clean coal facilities sourcing 15 pursuant to the procurement plan for any single year 16 shall be reduced by an amount necessary to limit the 17 estimated average net increase due to the cost of these 18 resources included in the amounts paid by eligible 19 retail customers in connection with electric service 20 to no more than the greater of (i) 2.015% of the amount 21 paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the 22 year ending May 31, 2009 or (ii) the incremental amount 23 per kilowatthour paid for these resources in 2013. 24 These requirements may be altered only as provided by 25 statute.

26 No later than June 30, 2015, the Commission shall

review the limitation on the total amount paid under 1 sourcing agreements, if any, with clean coal facilities 2 3 pursuant to this subsection (d) and report to the General Assembly its findings as to whether that limitation unduly 4 5 constrains the amount of electricity generated bv 6 cost-effective clean coal facilities that is covered by 7 sourcing agreements.

8 (3) Initial clean coal facility. In order to promote 9 development of clean coal facilities in Illinois, each 10 electric utility subject to this Section shall execute a 11 sourcing agreement to source electricity from a proposed 12 clean coal facility in Illinois (the "initial clean coal 13 facility") that will have a nameplate capacity of at least 14 500 MW when commercial operation commences, that has a 15 final Clean Air Act permit on the effective date of this 16 amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, and that will 17 meet the definition of clean coal facility in Section 1-10 18 this Act when commercial operation commences. of The 19 sourcing agreements with this initial clean coal facility 20 shall be subject to both approval of the initial clean coal 21 facility by the General Assembly and satisfaction of the 22 requirements of paragraph (4) of this subsection (d) and 23 shall be executed within 90 days after any such approval by 24 the General Assembly. The Agency and the Commission shall 25 have authority to inspect all books and records associated 26 with the initial clean coal facility during the term of

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such a sourcing agreement. A utility's sourcing agreement for electricity produced by the initial clean coal facility shall include:

4 (A) a formula contractual price (the "contract
5 price") approved pursuant to paragraph (4) of this
6 subsection (d), which shall:

7 (i) be determined using a cost of service 8 methodology employing either a level or deferred 9 capital recovery component, based on a capital 10 structure consisting of 45% equity and 55% debt, 11 and a return on equity as may be approved by the 12 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, which in any 13 case may not exceed the lower of 11.5% or the rate 14 return approved by the General Assembly of 15 pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection (d); 16 and

17 that all miscellaneous (ii) provide net revenue, including but not limited to net revenue 18 19 from the sale of emission allowances, if any, 20 substitute natural gas, if any, grants or other support provided by the State of Illinois or the 21 22 United States Government, firm transmission 23 rights, if any, by-products produced by the 24 facility, energy or capacity derived from the 25 facility and not covered by a sourcing agreement 26 pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection (d) or item (5) of subsection (d) of Section 16-115 of the Public Utilities Act, whether generated from the synthesis gas derived from coal, from SNG, or from natural gas, shall be credited against the revenue requirement for this initial clean coal facility; (B) power purchase provisions, which shall:

7 (i) provide that the utility party to such 8 sourcing agreement shall pay the contract price 9 for electricity delivered under such sourcing 10 agreement;

(ii) require delivery of electricity to the regional transmission organization market of the utility that is party to such sourcing agreement;

14 (iii) require the utility party to such 15 sourcing agreement to buy from the initial clean 16 coal facility in each hour an amount of energy 17 equal to all clean coal energy made available from the initial clean coal facility during such hour 18 19 times a fraction, the numerator of which is such 20 utility's retail market sales of electricity 21 (expressed in kilowatthours sold) in the State 22 prior calendar month the during the and 23 denominator of which is the total retail market 24 sales of electricity (expressed in kilowatthours 25 sold) in the State by utilities during such prior 26 month and the sales of electricity (expressed in

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kilowatthours sold) in the State by alternative 1 2 retail electric suppliers during such prior month 3 that are subject to the requirements of this subsection (d) and paragraph (5) of subsection (d) 4 5 of Section 16-115 of the Public Utilities Act, 6 provided that the amount purchased by the utility 7 in any year will be limited by paragraph (2) of 8 this subsection (d); and

9 (iv) be considered pre-existing contracts in 10 such utility's procurement plans for eligible 11 retail customers;

(C) contract for differences provisions, which shall:

14 (i) require the utility party to such sourcing 15 agreement to contract with the initial clean coal 16 facility in each hour with respect to an amount of 17 energy equal to all clean coal energy made available from the initial clean coal facility 18 19 during such hour times a fraction, the numerator of 20 which is such utility's retail market sales of 21 electricity (expressed in kilowatthours sold) in 22 the utility's service territory in the State 23 the prior calendar during month and the 24 denominator of which is the total retail market 25 sales of electricity (expressed in kilowatthours 26 sold) in the State by utilities during such prior

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month and the sales of electricity (expressed in kilowatthours sold) in the State by alternative retail electric suppliers during such prior month that are subject to the requirements of this subsection (d) and paragraph (5) of subsection (d) of Section 16-115 of the Public Utilities Act, provided that the amount paid by the utility in any year will be limited by paragraph (2) of this subsection (d);

10 (ii) provide that the utility's payment 11 obligation in respect of the quantity of 12 electricity determined pursuant to the preceding 13 clause (i) shall be limited to an amount equal to 14 (1) the difference between the contract price determined pursuant to subparagraph 15 (A) of 16 paragraph (3) of this subsection (d) and the 17 day-ahead price for electricity delivered to the regional transmission organization market of the 18 19 utility that is party to such sourcing agreement 20 (or any successor delivery point at which such 21 utility's supply obligations are financially 22 settled on an hourly basis) (the "reference 23 price") on the day preceding the day on which the 24 electricity is delivered to the initial clean coal 25 facility busbar, multiplied by (2) the quantity of 26 electricity determined pursuant to the preceding

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clause (i); and

(iii) not require the utility to take physical delivery of the electricity produced by the facility;

(D) general provisions, which shall:

(i) specify a term of no more than 30 years,commencing on the commercial operation date of the facility;

9 (ii) provide that utilities shall maintain 10 adequate records documenting purchases under the 11 sourcing agreements entered into to comply with 12 this subsection (d) and shall file an accounting 13 with the load forecast that must be filed with the 14 Agency by July 15 of each year, in accordance with subsection (d) of Section 16-111.5 of the Public 15 16 Utilities Act;

17 (iii) provide that all costs associated with 18 the initial clean coal facility will be 19 periodically reported to the Federal Energy 20 Regulatory Commission and to purchasers in 21 accordance with applicable laws governing 22 cost-based wholesale power contracts;

(iv) permit the Illinois Power Agency to
assume ownership of the initial clean coal
facility, without monetary consideration and
otherwise on reasonable terms acceptable to the

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Agency, if the Agency so requests no less than 3 years prior to the end of the stated contract term;

3 (v) require the owner of the initial clean coal provide documentation to 4 facility to the 5 Commission each year, starting in the facility's 6 first year of commercial operation, accurately 7 reporting the quantity of carbon emissions from 8 facility that have been the captured and 9 sequestered and report any quantities of carbon 10 released from the site or sites at which carbon 11 emissions were sequestered in prior years, based 12 on continuous monitoring of such sites. If, in any 13 year after the first year of commercial operation, 14 the owner of the facility fails to demonstrate that 15 the initial clean coal facility captured and 16 sequestered at least 50% of the total carbon 17 emissions that the facility would otherwise emit that sequestration of emissions from prior 18 or 19 years has failed, resulting in the release of 20 carbon dioxide into the atmosphere, the owner of 21 the facility must offset excess emissions. Any 22 such carbon offsets must be permanent, additional, 23 verifiable, real, located within the State of 24 Illinois, and legally and practicably enforceable. 25 The cost of such offsets for the facility that are 26 not recoverable shall not exceed \$15 million in any

given year. No costs of any such purchases of 1 2 carbon offsets may be recovered from a utility or 3 its customers. All carbon offsets purchased for this purpose and any carbon emission credits 4 5 associated with sequestration of carbon from the 6 facility must be permanently retired. The initial 7 clean coal facility shall not forfeit its 8 designation as a clean coal facility if the 9 facility fails to fully comply with the applicable 10 carbon sequestration requirements in any given requisite 11 provided the offsets year, are 12 However, the Attorney General, purchased. on 13 behalf of the People of the State of Illinois, may 14 specifically enforce the facility's sequestration 15 requirement and the other terms of this contract 16 provision. Compliance with the sequestration 17 requirements and offset purchase requirements specified in paragraph (3) of this subsection (d) 18 19 shall be reviewed annually by an independent 20 expert retained by the owner of the initial clean 21 coal facility, with the advance written approval 22 of the Attorney General. The Commission may, in the 23 course of the review specified in item (vii), 24 reduce the allowable return on equity for the 25 facility if the facility wilfully fails to comply 26 with the carbon capture and sequestration 1

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requirements set forth in this item (v);

(vi) include limits on, and accordingly provide for modification of, the amount the utility is required to source under the sourcing agreement consistent with paragraph (2) of this subsection (d);

7 require Commission review: (1)to (vii) 8 determine justness, reasonableness, the and 9 prudence of the inputs to the formula referenced in 10 subparagraphs (A) (i) through (A) (iii) of paragraph 11 (3) of this subsection (d), prior to an adjustment 12 in those inputs including, without limitation, the 13 capital structure and return on equity, fuel 14 costs, and other operations and maintenance costs 15 and (2) to approve the costs to be passed through 16 to customers under the sourcing agreement by which 17 the utility satisfies its statutory obligations. Commission review shall occur no less than every 3 18 19 years, regardless of whether any adjustments have 20 been proposed, and shall be completed within 9 months; 21

(viii) limit the utility's obligation to such amount as the utility is allowed to recover through tariffs filed with the Commission, provided that neither the clean coal facility nor the utility waives any right to assert federal pre-emption or

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any other argument in response to a purported disallowance of recovery costs;

(ix) limit the utility's or alternative retail electric supplier's obligation to incur any liability until such time as the facility is in commercial operation and generating power and energy and such power and energy is being delivered to the facility busbar;

9 (x) provide that the owner or owners of the 10 initial clean coal facility, which is the 11 counterparty to such sourcing agreement, shall 12 have the right from time to time to elect whether the obligations of the utility party thereto shall 13 14 be governed by the power purchase provisions or the 15 contract for differences provisions;

16 (xi) append documentation showing that the 17 formula rate and contract, insofar as they relate 18 the power purchase provisions, have been to 19 by the Federal Energy approved Regulatory 20 Commission pursuant to Section 205 of the Federal Power Act; 21

(xii) provide that any changes to the terms of the contract, insofar as such changes relate to the power purchase provisions, are subject to review under the public interest standard applied by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission pursuant to

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Sections 205 and 206 of the Federal Power Act; and

2 (xiii) conform with customary lender 3 requirements in power purchase agreements used as 4 the basis for financing non-utility generators.

5 (4) Effective date of sourcing agreements with the6 initial clean coal facility.

7 Any proposed sourcing agreement with the initial clean 8 coal facility shall not become effective unless the 9 following reports are prepared and submitted and 10 authorizations and approvals obtained:

11 (i) Facility cost report. The owner of the initial 12 clean coal facility shall submit to the Commission, the General Assembly a 13 Agency, and the front-end 14 engineering and design study, a facility cost report, 15 method of financing (including but not limited to 16 structure and associated costs), and an operating and 17 maintenance cost quote for the facility (collectively "facility cost report"), which shall be prepared in 18 19 accordance with the requirements of this paragraph (4) 20 of subsection (d) of this Section, and shall provide the Commission and the Agency access to the work 21 22 papers, relied upon documents, and any other backup 23 documentation related to the facility cost report.

(ii) Commission report. Within 6 months following
receipt of the facility cost report, the Commission, in
consultation with the Agency, shall submit a report to

the General Assembly setting forth its analysis of the 1 2 facility cost report. Such report shall include, but 3 not be limited to, a comparison of the costs associated with electricity generated by the initial clean coal 4 5 facility to the costs associated with electricity generated by other types of generation facilities, an 6 7 analysis of the rate impacts on residential and small 8 business customers over the life of the sourcing 9 agreements, and an analysis of the likelihood that the 10 initial clean coal facility will commence commercial 11 operation by and be delivering power to the facility's 12 busbar by 2016. To assist in the preparation of its 13 report, the Commission, in consultation with the 14 Agency, may hire one or more experts or consultants, 15 the costs of which shall be paid for by the owner of 16 the initial clean coal facility. The Commission and 17 Agency may begin the process of selecting such experts or consultants prior to receipt of the facility cost 18 19 report.

(iii) General Assembly approval. The proposed
sourcing agreements shall not take effect unless,
based on the facility cost report and the Commission's
report, the General Assembly enacts authorizing
legislation approving (A) the projected price, stated
in cents per kilowatthour, to be charged for
electricity generated by the initial clean coal

1 facility, (B) the projected impact on residential and 2 small business customers' bills over the life of the 3 sourcing agreements, and (C) the maximum allowable 4 return on equity for the project; and

5 (iv) Commission review. If the General Assembly 6 enacts authorizing legislation pursuant to 7 subparagraph (iii) approving a sourcing agreement, the 8 Commission shall, within 90 days of such enactment, 9 complete a review of such sourcing agreement. During 10 such time period, the Commission shall implement any 11 directive of the General Assembly, resolve any 12 disputes between the parties to the sourcing agreement 13 concerning the terms of such agreement, approve the 14 form of such agreement, and issue an order finding that 15 the sourcing agreement is prudent and reasonable. 16 The facility cost report shall be prepared as follows:

17 (A) The facility cost report shall be prepared by duly licensed engineering and construction firms 18 19 detailing the estimated capital costs payable to one or 20 more contractors or suppliers for the engineering, 21 procurement and construction of the components 22 comprising the initial clean coal facility and the 23 estimated costs of operation and maintenance of the 24 facility. The facility cost report shall include:

(i) an estimate of the capital cost of the coreplant based on one or more front end engineering

and design studies for the gasification island and
 related facilities. The core plant shall include
 all civil, structural, mechanical, electrical,
 control, and safety systems.

5 (ii) an estimate of the capital cost of the 6 balance of the plant, including any capital costs 7 associated with sequestration of carbon dioxide 8 emissions and all interconnects and interfaces 9 required to operate the facility, such as 10 transmission of electricity, construction or 11 backfeed power supply, pipelines to transport 12 substitute natural gas or carbon dioxide, potable 13 water supply, natural gas supply, water supply, 14 water discharge, landfill, access roads, and coal 15 delivery.

16 The quoted construction costs shall be expressed 17 in nominal dollars as of the date that the quote is 18 prepared and shall include capitalized financing costs 19 during construction, taxes, insurance, and other 20 owner's costs, and an assumed escalation in materials 21 and labor beyond the date as of which the construction 22 cost quote is expressed.

(B) The front end engineering and design study for
the gasification island and the cost study for the
balance of plant shall include sufficient design work
to permit quantification of major categories of

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materials, commodities and labor hours, and receipt of quotes from vendors of major equipment required to construct and operate the clean coal facility.

(C) The facility cost report shall also include an 4 operating and maintenance cost quote that will provide 5 estimated cost of delivered fuel, personnel, 6 the 7 contracts, chemicals, maintenance catalysts, 8 consumables, spares, and other fixed and variable 9 operations and maintenance costs. The delivered fuel 10 cost estimate will be provided by a recognized third 11 party expert or experts in the fuel and transportation 12 industries. The balance of the operating and 13 excluding maintenance cost quote, delivered fuel 14 costs, will be developed based on the inputs provided 15 by duly licensed engineering and construction firms 16 performing the construction cost quote, potential 17 vendors under long-term service agreements and plant operating agreements, or recognized third party plant 18 19 operator or operators.

20 The operating and maintenance cost quote 21 (including the cost of the front end engineering and 22 design study) shall be expressed in nominal dollars as 23 of the date that the quote is prepared and shall 24 include taxes, insurance, and other owner's costs, and 25 an assumed escalation in materials and labor beyond the 26 date as of which the operating and maintenance cost 1 quote is expressed.

2 (D) The facility cost report shall also include an 3 analysis of the initial clean coal facility's ability 4 to deliver power and energy into the applicable 5 regional transmission organization markets and an 6 analysis of the expected capacity factor for the 7 initial clean coal facility.

8 (E) Amounts paid to third parties unrelated to the 9 owner or owners of the initial clean coal facility to 10 prepare the core plant construction cost quote, 11 including the front end engineering and design study, 12 and the operating and maintenance cost quote will be 13 reimbursed through Coal Development Bonds.

Re-powering and retrofitting coal-fired power 14 (5) 15 plants previously owned by Illinois utilities to qualify as 16 clean coal facilities. During the 2009 procurement 17 planning process and thereafter, the Agency and the Commission shall consider sourcing agreements covering 18 19 electricity generated by power plants that were previously 20 owned by Illinois utilities and that have been or will be 21 converted into clean coal facilities, as defined by Section 22 1-10 of this Act. Pursuant to such procurement planning 23 process, the owners of such facilities may propose to the 24 Agency sourcing agreements with utilities and alternative 25 retail electric suppliers required to comply with 26 subsection (d) of this Section and item (5) of subsection

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(d) of Section 16-115 of the Public Utilities Act, covering 1 2 electricity generated by such facilities. In the case of 3 sourcing agreements that are power purchase agreements, contract price for electricity sales shall 4 the be 5 established on a cost of service basis. In the case of 6 sourcing agreements that are contracts for differences, the contract price from which the reference price is 7 subtracted shall be established on a cost of service basis. 8 9 The Agency and the Commission may approve any such utility 10 sourcing agreements that do not. exceed cost-based 11 benchmarks developed by the procurement administrator, in 12 consultation with the Commission staff, Agency staff and the procurement monitor, subject to Commission review and 13 14 approval. The Commission shall have authority to inspect 15 all books and records associated with these clean coal 16 facilities during the term of any such contract.

17 (5.5) Other clean coal facilities. In order to promote the development of clean coal power generation, and in 18 19 furtherance of the State's goal of having at least 25% of the State's electricity generated by cost-effective clean 20 coal facilities by January 1, 2025 as provided in paragraph 21 22 (1) of this subsection (d), the Agency and Commission shall 23 include sourcing agreements covering power produced by (i) 24 clean coal facilities, as defined in Section 1-10 of this 25 Act, and (ii) facilities specified in paragraphs (3) and (5) of this subsection (d), in each annual power 26

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procurement plan.

2 <u>The Agency and Commission shall require utilities and</u> 3 <u>alternative retail electric suppliers to enter into such</u> 4 <u>sourcing agreements as part of the annual power procurement</u> 5 <u>process.</u>

6 <u>The Agency and Commission shall establish a</u> 7 <u>competitive procedure to solicit and receive proposed</u> 8 <u>sourcing terms from producers of clean coal power</u> 9 <u>interested in selection for sourcing agreements. The</u> 10 <u>competitive procedure shall include a method of selection</u> 11 <u>for inclusion in those agreements.</u>

12 These sourcing agreements shall be subject to the limits contained in items (A) through (E) of paragraph (2) 13 14 of this subsection (d), the benchmarks as set forth by 15 paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), and the requirements 16 for sourcing agreements contained in paragraph (3) of this subsection (d). As part of the annual procurement planning 17 process, the owners of clean coal facilities may offer 18 19 proposals to the Agency sourcing agreements with utilities 20 and alternate retail electric suppliers required to comply 21 with this subsection (d), as well as item (5) of subsection 22 (d) of Section 16-115 of the Public Utilities Act, covering 23 electricity generated by such facilities. In the case of 24 sourcing agreements that are power purchase agreements, 25 the contract price for electricity sales shall be established on a cost-of-service basis. In the case of 26

sourcing agreements that are contracts for differences,
 the contract price from which the reference price is
 subtracted shall be established on a cost-of-service
 basis. The sourcing agreements shall be included under and
 governed by provisions of the Public Utilities Act.

6 (6) Costs incurred under this subsection (d) or 7 pursuant to a contract entered into under this subsection 8 (d) shall be deemed prudently incurred and reasonable in 9 amount and the electric utility shall be entitled to full 10 cost recovery pursuant to the tariffs filed with the 11 Commission.

(e) The draft procurement plans are subject to public
comment, as required by Section 16-111.5 of the Public
Utilities Act.

(f) The Agency shall submit the final procurement plan to the Commission. The Agency shall revise a procurement plan if the Commission determines that it does not meet the standards set forth in Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act.

19 (g) The Agency shall assess fees to each affected utility 20 to recover the costs incurred in preparation of the annual 21 procurement plan for the utility.

(h) The Agency shall assess fees to each bidder to recover the costs incurred in connection with a competitive procurement process.

25 (Source: P.A. 97-325, eff. 8-12-11; 97-616, eff. 10-26-11;
26 97-618, eff. 10-26-11; 97-658, eff. 1-13-12; 97-813, eff.

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1 7-13-12; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)

2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
3 becoming law.