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1 AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Local

 Government Wage Increase Transparency Act.
- Section 5. Disclosure of certain wage increases made to employees under Article 7 of the Illinois Pension Code.
 - (a) This Section applies only to a participating employee under Article 7 of the Illinois Pension Code (IMRF) who began participation before January 1, 2011 and who is not subject to a collective bargaining agreement with respect to the employment upon which the participation is based.
- 13 (b) The definitions in Article 7 of the Illinois Pension 14 Code also apply to this Section.
 - As used in this Section, "disclosable payment" means a payment, whether in the form of an increase in the rate of earnings or a lump-sum payment, that:
 - (1) would be made by a participating employer to a participating employee after the employee has expressed to the employer his or her intent to retire or withdraw from service;
- 22 (2) would have the effect of increasing the employee's 23 reportable monthly earnings from that employer by more than

- 1 6% compared to the previous month; and
- 2 (3) would be made between 12 months and 90 days prior 3 to the employee's expected termination of service.

However, "disclosable payment" does not include a refund of contributions or any payment required to be paid by State or federal law.

- (c) A disclosable payment shall not be made or payable unless the governing body of that participating employer has first discussed the specific payment to be made at a meeting open to the public and posted and held in accordance with the requirements of the Open Meetings Act. At the meeting, the governing body shall, at a minimum, disclose (1) the identity of the employee, (2) the purpose and amount of the increase or payment, (3) the proposed retirement date, (4) the effect of the payment upon the expected retirement annuity of the employee, and (5) the effect of the payment upon the liability of the employer to the Article 7 Fund.
- (d) The determination of whether the disclosable payment is permissible under this Section shall rest exclusively with the employer.
- (e) A participating employer may not make a disclosable payment to an employee in a manner inconsistent with this Section. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

- 1 Section 90. The Open Meetings Act is amended by changing
- 2 Section 2 as follows:
- 3 (5 ILCS 120/2) (from Ch. 102, par. 42)
- 4 Sec. 2. Open meetings.
- 5 (a) Openness required. All meetings of public bodies shall
- 6 be open to the public unless excepted in subsection (c) and
- 7 closed in accordance with Section 2a.
- 8 (b) Construction of exceptions. The exceptions contained
- 9 in subsection (c) are in derogation of the requirement that
- 10 public bodies meet in the open, and therefore, the exceptions
- 11 are to be strictly construed, extending only to subjects
- 12 clearly within their scope. The exceptions authorize but do not
- 13 require the holding of a closed meeting to discuss a subject
- included within an enumerated exception.
- 15 (c) Exceptions. A public body may hold closed meetings to
- 16 consider the following subjects:
- 17 (1) The appointment, employment, compensation,
- 18 discipline, performance, or dismissal of specific
- 19 employees of the public body or legal counsel for the
- 20 public body, including hearing testimony on a complaint
- 21 lodged against an employee of the public body or against
- legal counsel for the public body to determine its
- validity. However, a meeting to consider an increase in
- compensation to a specific employee of a public body that
- is subject to the Local Government Wage Increase

Transparency Act may not be closed and shall be open to the public and posted and held in accordance with this Act.

- (2) Collective negotiating matters between the public body and its employees or their representatives, or deliberations concerning salary schedules for one or more classes of employees.
- (3) The selection of a person to fill a public office, as defined in this Act, including a vacancy in a public office, when the public body is given power to appoint under law or ordinance, or the discipline, performance or removal of the occupant of a public office, when the public body is given power to remove the occupant under law or ordinance.
- (4) Evidence or testimony presented in open hearing, or in closed hearing where specifically authorized by law, to a quasi-adjudicative body, as defined in this Act, provided that the body prepares and makes available for public inspection a written decision setting forth its determinative reasoning.
- (5) The purchase or lease of real property for the use of the public body, including meetings held for the purpose of discussing whether a particular parcel should be acquired.
- (6) The setting of a price for sale or lease of property owned by the public body.
 - (7) The sale or purchase of securities, investments, or

investment contracts. This exception shall not apply to the investment of assets or income of funds deposited into the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund.

- (8) Security procedures, school building safety and security, and the use of personnel and equipment to respond to an actual, a threatened, or a reasonably potential danger to the safety of employees, students, staff, the public, or public property.
 - (9) Student disciplinary cases.
- (10) The placement of individual students in special education programs and other matters relating to individual students.
- (11) Litigation, when an action against, affecting or on behalf of the particular public body has been filed and is pending before a court or administrative tribunal, or when the public body finds that an action is probable or imminent, in which case the basis for the finding shall be recorded and entered into the minutes of the closed meeting.
- (12) The establishment of reserves or settlement of claims as provided in the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act, if otherwise the disposition of a claim or potential claim might be prejudiced, or the review or discussion of claims, loss or risk management information, records, data, advice or communications from or with respect to any insurer of the

public body or any intergovernmental risk management association or self insurance pool of which the public body is a member.

- (13) Conciliation of complaints of discrimination in the sale or rental of housing, when closed meetings are authorized by the law or ordinance prescribing fair housing practices and creating a commission or administrative agency for their enforcement.
- (14) Informant sources, the hiring or assignment of undercover personnel or equipment, or ongoing, prior or future criminal investigations, when discussed by a public body with criminal investigatory responsibilities.
- (15) Professional ethics or performance when considered by an advisory body appointed to advise a licensing or regulatory agency on matters germane to the advisory body's field of competence.
- (16) Self evaluation, practices and procedures or professional ethics, when meeting with a representative of a statewide association of which the public body is a member.
- (17) The recruitment, credentialing, discipline or formal peer review of physicians or other health care professionals for a hospital, or other institution providing medical care, that is operated by the public body.
 - (18) Deliberations for decisions of the Prisoner

1 Review Board.

- (19) Review or discussion of applications received under the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Act.
 - (20) The classification and discussion of matters classified as confidential or continued confidential by the State Government Suggestion Award Board.
 - (21) Discussion of minutes of meetings lawfully closed under this Act, whether for purposes of approval by the body of the minutes or semi-annual review of the minutes as mandated by Section 2.06.
- (22) Deliberations for decisions of the State Emergency Medical Services Disciplinary Review Board.
- (23) The operation by a municipality of a municipal utility or the operation of a municipal power agency or municipal natural gas agency when the discussion involves (i) contracts relating to the purchase, sale, or delivery of electricity or natural gas or (ii) the results or conclusions of load forecast studies.
- (24) Meetings of a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.
- (25) Meetings of an independent team of experts under Brian's Law.
 - (26) Meetings of a mortality review team appointed

under the Department of Juvenile Justice Mortality Review
Team Act.

- (27) (Blank).
- (28) Correspondence and records (i) that may not be disclosed under Section 11-9 of the Public Aid Code or (ii) that pertain to appeals under Section 11-8 of the Public Aid Code.
- (29) Meetings between internal or external auditors and governmental audit committees, finance committees, and their equivalents, when the discussion involves internal control weaknesses, identification of potential fraud risk areas, known or suspected frauds, and fraud interviews conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the United States of America.
- (30) Those meetings or portions of meetings of a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council during which a review of the death of an eligible adult in which abuse or neglect is suspected, alleged, or substantiated is conducted pursuant to Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (31) Meetings and deliberations for decisions of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
- (32) Meetings between the Regional Transportation Authority Board and its Service Boards when the discussion involves review by the Regional Transportation Authority

Board of employment contracts under Section 28d of the Metropolitan Transit Authority Act and Sections 3A.18 and 3B.26 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act.

- (33) Those <u>meetings</u> meeting or portions of meetings of the advisory committee and peer review subcommittee created under Section 320 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act during which specific controlled substance prescriber, dispenser, or patient information is discussed.
- (d) Definitions. For purposes of this Section:

"Employee" means a person employed by a public body whose relationship with the public body constitutes an employer-employee relationship under the usual common law rules, and who is not an independent contractor.

"Public office" means a position created by or under the Constitution or laws of this State, the occupant of which is charged with the exercise of some portion of the sovereign power of this State. The term "public office" shall include members of the public body, but it shall not include organizational positions filled by members thereof, whether established by law or by a public body itself, that exist to assist the body in the conduct of its business.

"Quasi-adjudicative body" means an administrative body charged by law or ordinance with the responsibility to conduct hearings, receive evidence or testimony and make determinations based thereon, but does not include local

- 1 electoral boards when such bodies are considering petition
- 2 challenges.
- 3 (e) Final action. No final action may be taken at a closed
- 4 meeting. Final action shall be preceded by a public recital of
- 5 the nature of the matter being considered and other information
- 6 that will inform the public of the business being conducted.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 98-49, eff. 7-1-13; 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 98-756,
- 8 eff. 7-16-14; 98-1027, eff. 1-1-15; 98-1039, eff. 8-25-14;
- 9 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-235, eff. 1-1-16; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15;
- 10 revised 10-14-15.)
- 11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 12 becoming law.