

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 HB3633

by Rep. Deborah Conroy

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

430 ILCS 66/70

Amends the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Provides that a licensee who knowingly carries a firearm on or into a building, real property, or parking area under the control of a public or private pre-school, elementary or secondary school, college, or university is guilty of a Class 4 felony for a first offense and a Class 3 felony for a second or subsequent offense.

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CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Firearm Concealed Carry Act is amended by changing Section 70 as follows:
- 6 (430 ILCS 66/70)
- 7 Sec. 70. Violations.
- 8 (a) A license issued or renewed under this Act shall be
 9 revoked if, at any time, the licensee is found to be ineligible
 10 for a license under this Act or the licensee no longer meets
 11 the eligibility requirements of the Firearm Owners
- 12 Identification Card Act.
- (b) A license shall be suspended if an order of protection, 13 14 including an emergency order of protection, plenary order of protection, or interim order of protection under Article 112A 15 16 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 or under the Illinois 17 Domestic Violence Act of 1986, is issued against a licensee for the duration of the order, or if the Department is made aware 18 19 of a similar order issued against the licensee in any other jurisdiction. If an order of protection is issued against a 20 21 licensee, the licensee shall surrender the license, 22 applicable, to the court at the time the order is entered or to the law enforcement agency or entity serving process at the 23

- time the licensee is served the order. The court, law enforcement agency, or entity responsible for serving the order of protection shall notify the Department within 7 days and transmit the license to the Department.
 - (c) A license is invalid upon expiration of the license, unless the licensee has submitted an application to renew the license, and the applicant is otherwise eligible to possess a license under this Act.
 - (d) A licensee shall not carry a concealed firearm while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or combination of compounds, or any combination thereof, under the standards set forth in subsection (a) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

A licensee in violation of this subsection (d) shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for a first or second violation and a Class 4 felony for a third violation. The Department may suspend a license for up to 6 months for a second violation and shall permanently revoke a license for a third violation.

(e) Except as otherwise provided, a licensee in violation of this Act shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation is a Class A misdemeanor. A licensee who knowingly carries a firearm on or into a building, real property, or parking area under the control of a public or private pre-school, elementary or secondary school, college, or university in violation of paragraph (1), (2), or (15) of subsection (a) of Section 65 of this Act is quilty of a Class 4

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- felony for a first offense and a Class 3 felony for a second or 2 subsequent offense. The Department may suspend a license for up to 6 months for a second violation and shall permanently revoke 3 a license for 3 or more violations of Section 65 of this Act. 4 5 Any person convicted of a violation under this Section shall
- pay a \$150 fee to be deposited into the Mental Health Reporting 6
- 7 Fund, plus any applicable court costs or fees.
 - (f) A licensee convicted or found quilty of a violation of this Act who has a valid license and is otherwise eligible to carry a concealed firearm shall only be subject to the penalties under this Section and shall not be subject to the penalties under Section 21-6, paragraph (4), (8), or (10) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1, or subparagraph (A-5) or (B-5) of paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 2012. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, nothing in this subsection prohibits the licensee from being subjected to penalties for violations other than those specified in this Act.
 - (g) A licensee whose license is revoked, suspended, or denied shall, within 48 hours of receiving notice of the revocation, suspension, or denial, surrender his or concealed carry license to the local law enforcement agency where the person resides. The local law enforcement agency shall provide the licensee a receipt and transmit the concealed carry license to the Department of State Police. If the licensee whose concealed carry license has been revoked,

suspended, or denied fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection, the law enforcement agency where the person resides may petition the circuit court to issue a warrant to search for and seize the concealed carry license in the possession and under the custody or control of the licensee whose concealed carry license has been revoked, suspended, or denied. The observation of a concealed carry license in the possession of a person whose license has been revoked, suspended, or denied constitutes a sufficient basis for the arrest of that person for violation of this subsection. A violation of this subsection is a Class A misdemeanor.

(h) A license issued or renewed under this Act shall be revoked if, at any time, the licensee is found ineligible for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card, or the licensee no longer possesses a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card. A licensee whose license is revoked under this subsection (h) shall surrender his or her concealed carry license as provided for in subsection (g) of this Section.

This subsection shall not apply to a person who has filed an application with the State Police for renewal of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card and who is not otherwise ineligible to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

(i) A certified firearms instructor who knowingly provides or offers to provide a false certification that an applicant has completed firearms training as required under this Act is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. A person guilty of a violation

- of this subsection (i) is not eligible for court supervision.
- 2 The Department shall permanently revoke the firearms
- 3 instructor certification of a person convicted under this
- 4 subsection (i).
- 5 (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 98-899,
- 6 eff. 8-15-14.)