



## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

### State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

SB3369

Introduced 2/14/2014, by Sen. Don Harmon

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 505/1.8	from Ch. 120, par. 417.8
35 ILCS 505/1.8A new	
35 ILCS 505/1.13C new	
35 ILCS 505/2	from Ch. 120, par. 418
35 ILCS 505/2a	from Ch. 120, par. 418a
35 ILCS 505/5	from Ch. 120, par. 421
225 ILCS 470/2	from Ch. 147, par. 102
225 ILCS 470/8	from Ch. 147, par. 108

Amends the Motor Fuel Tax Law. Provides that the tax imposed on the privilege of operating motor vehicles that use liquefied natural gas is 21.5 cents per gallon. Provides that, in the case of liquefied natural gas, "gallon" means a diesel gallon equivalent. Contains definitions. Amends the Weights and Measures Act. Provides that liquefied natural gas used as motor fuel shall be sold in diesel gallon equivalents, and compressed natural gas shall be sold in either gasoline gallon equivalents or diesel gallon equivalents.

LRB098 19053 HLH 54203 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT  
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning natural gas.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Motor Fuel Tax Law is amended by changing  
5 Sections 1.8, 2, 2a, and 5 and by adding Sections 1.8A and  
6 1.13C as follows:

7 (35 ILCS 505/1.8) (from Ch. 120, par. 417.8)

8 Sec. 1.8. "Gallon" means, in addition to its ordinary  
9 meaning, its equivalent in a capacity of measurement of  
10 substance in a gaseous state. In the case of liquefied natural  
11 gas used as motor fuel, "gallon" means a diesel gallon  
12 equivalent as defined by Section 1.8A of this Act.

13 (Source: Laws 1961, p. 3653.)

14 (35 ILCS 505/1.8A new)

15 Sec. 1.8A. Diesel gallon equivalent. "Diesel gallon  
16 equivalent" means an amount of liquefied natural gas that has  
17 the equivalent energy content of a gallon of diesel fuel and  
18 shall be defined as 6.06 pounds of liquefied natural gas.

19 (35 ILCS 505/1.13C new)

20 Sec. 1.13C. Liquefied natural gas. "Liquefied natural gas"  
21 means methane or natural gas in the form of a cryogenic or

1 refrigerated liquid for use as a motor fuel.

2 (35 ILCS 505/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 418)

3 Sec. 2. A tax is imposed on the privilege of operating  
4 motor vehicles upon the public highways and recreational-type  
5 watercraft upon the waters of this State.

6 (a) Prior to August 1, 1989, the tax is imposed at the rate  
7 of 13 cents per gallon on all motor fuel used in motor vehicles  
8 operating on the public highways and recreational type  
9 watercraft operating upon the waters of this State. Beginning  
10 on August 1, 1989 and until January 1, 1990, the rate of the  
11 tax imposed in this paragraph shall be 16 cents per gallon.  
12 Beginning January 1, 1990, the rate of tax imposed in this  
13 paragraph shall be 19 cents per gallon.

14 (b) The tax on the privilege of operating motor vehicles  
15 which use diesel fuel or liquefied natural gas shall be the  
16 rate according to paragraph (a) plus an additional 2 1/2 cents  
17 per gallon. "Diesel fuel" is defined as any product intended  
18 for use or offered for sale as a fuel for engines in which the  
19 fuel is injected into the combustion chamber and ignited by  
20 pressure without electric spark.

21 (c) A tax is imposed upon the privilege of engaging in the  
22 business of selling motor fuel as a retailer or reseller on all  
23 motor fuel used in motor vehicles operating on the public  
24 highways and recreational type watercraft operating upon the  
25 waters of this State: (1) at the rate of 3 cents per gallon on

1 motor fuel owned or possessed by such retailer or reseller at  
2 12:01 a.m. on August 1, 1989; and (2) at the rate of 3 cents per  
3 gallon on motor fuel owned or possessed by such retailer or  
4 reseller at 12:01 A.M. on January 1, 1990.

5 Retailers and resellers who are subject to this additional  
6 tax shall be required to inventory such motor fuel and pay this  
7 additional tax in a manner prescribed by the Department of  
8 Revenue.

9 The tax imposed in this paragraph (c) shall be in addition  
10 to all other taxes imposed by the State of Illinois or any unit  
11 of local government in this State.

12 (d) Except as provided in Section 2a, the collection of a  
13 tax based on gallonage of gasoline used for the propulsion of  
14 any aircraft is prohibited on and after October 1, 1979.

15 (e) The collection of a tax, based on gallonage of all  
16 products commonly or commercially known or sold as 1-K  
17 kerosene, regardless of its classification or uses, is  
18 prohibited (i) on and after July 1, 1992 until December 31,  
19 1999, except when the 1-K kerosene is either: (1) delivered  
20 into bulk storage facilities of a bulk user, or (2) delivered  
21 directly into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles and (ii)  
22 on and after January 1, 2000. Beginning on January 1, 2000, the  
23 collection of a tax, based on gallonage of all products  
24 commonly or commercially known or sold as 1-K kerosene,  
25 regardless of its classification or uses, is prohibited except  
26 when the 1-K kerosene is delivered directly into a storage tank

1 that is located at a facility that has withdrawal facilities  
2 that are readily accessible to and are capable of dispensing  
3 1-K kerosene into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles. For  
4 purposes of this subsection (e), a facility is considered to  
5 have withdrawal facilities that are not "readily accessible to  
6 and capable of dispensing 1-K kerosene into the fuel supply  
7 tanks of motor vehicles" only if the 1-K kerosene is delivered  
8 from: (i) a dispenser hose that is short enough so that it will  
9 not reach the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle or (ii) a  
10 dispenser that is enclosed by a fence or other physical barrier  
11 so that a vehicle cannot pull alongside the dispenser to permit  
12 fueling.

13 Any person who sells or uses 1-K kerosene for use in motor  
14 vehicles upon which the tax imposed by this Law has not been  
15 paid shall be liable for any tax due on the sales or use of 1-K  
16 kerosene.

17 (Source: P.A. 96-1384, eff. 7-29-10.)

18 (35 ILCS 505/2a) (from Ch. 120, par. 418a)

19 Sec. 2a. Except as hereinafter provided, on and after  
20 January 1, 1990 and before January 1, 2025, a tax of  
21 three-tenths of a cent per gallon is imposed upon the privilege  
22 of being a receiver in this State of fuel for sale or use.

23 The tax shall be paid by the receiver in this State who  
24 first sells or uses fuel. In the case of a sale, the tax shall  
25 be stated as a separate item on the invoice.

1           For the purpose of the tax imposed by this Section, being a  
2 receiver of "motor fuel" as defined by Section 1.1 of this Act,  
3 and aviation fuels, home heating oil and kerosene, but  
4 excluding liquified petroleum gases, is subject to tax without  
5 regard to whether the fuel is intended to be used for operation  
6 of motor vehicles on the public highways and waters. However,  
7 no such tax shall be imposed upon the importation or receipt of  
8 aviation fuels and kerosene at airports with over 300,000  
9 operations per year, for years prior to 1991, and over 170,000  
10 operations per year beginning in 1991, located in a city of  
11 more than 1,000,000 inhabitants for sale to or use by holders  
12 of certificates of public convenience and necessity or foreign  
13 air carrier permits, issued by the United States Department of  
14 Transportation, and their air carrier affiliates, or upon the  
15 importation or receipt of aviation fuels and kerosene at  
16 facilities owned or leased by those certificate or permit  
17 holders and used in their activities at an airport described  
18 above. In addition, no such tax shall be imposed upon the  
19 importation or receipt of diesel fuel or liquefied natural gas  
20 sold to or used by a rail carrier registered pursuant to  
21 Section 18c-7201 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or otherwise  
22 recognized by the Illinois Commerce Commission as a rail  
23 carrier, to the extent used directly in railroad operations. In  
24 addition, no such tax shall be imposed when the sale is made  
25 with delivery to a purchaser outside this State or when the  
26 sale is made to a person holding a valid license as a receiver.

1 In addition, no tax shall be imposed upon diesel fuel or  
2 liquefied natural gas consumed or used in the operation of  
3 ships, barges, or vessels, that are used primarily in or for  
4 the transportation of property in interstate commerce for hire  
5 on rivers bordering on this State, if the diesel fuel or  
6 liquefied natural gas is delivered by a licensed receiver to  
7 the purchaser's barge, ship, or vessel while it is afloat upon  
8 that bordering river. A specific notation thereof shall be made  
9 on the invoices or sales slips covering each sale.

10 (Source: P.A. 96-161, eff. 8-10-09.)

11 (35 ILCS 505/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 421)

12 Sec. 5. Except as hereinafter provided, a person holding a  
13 valid unrevoked license to act as a distributor of motor fuel  
14 shall, between the 1st and 20th days of each calendar month,  
15 make return to the Department, showing an itemized statement of  
16 the number of invoiced gallons of motor fuel of the types  
17 specified in this Section which were purchased, acquired,  
18 received, or exported during the preceding calendar month; the  
19 amount of such motor fuel produced, refined, compounded,  
20 manufactured, blended, sold, distributed, exported, and used  
21 by the licensed distributor during the preceding calendar  
22 month; the amount of such motor fuel lost or destroyed during  
23 the preceding calendar month; the amount of such motor fuel on  
24 hand at the close of business for such month; and such other  
25 reasonable information as the Department may require. If a

1 distributor's only activities with respect to motor fuel are  
2 either: (1) production of alcohol in quantities of less than  
3 10,000 proof gallons per year or (2) blending alcohol in  
4 quantities of less than 10,000 proof gallons per year which  
5 such distributor has produced, he shall file returns on an  
6 annual basis with the return for a given year being due by  
7 January 20 of the following year. Distributors whose total  
8 production of alcohol (whether blended or not) exceeds 10,000  
9 proof gallons per year, based on production during the  
10 preceding (calendar) year or as reasonably projected by the  
11 Department if one calendar year's record of production cannot  
12 be established, shall file returns between the 1st and 20th  
13 days of each calendar month as hereinabove provided.

14 The types of motor fuel referred to in the preceding  
15 paragraph are: (A) All products commonly or commercially known  
16 or sold as gasoline (including casing-head and absorption or  
17 natural gasoline), gasohol, motor benzol or motor benzene  
18 regardless of their classification or uses; and (B) all  
19 combustible gases, not including liquefied natural gas, which  
20 exist in a gaseous state at 60 degrees Fahrenheit and at 14.7  
21 pounds per square inch absolute including, but not limited to,  
22 liquefied petroleum gases used for highway purposes; and (C)  
23 special fuel. Only those quantities of combustible gases  
24 (example (B) above) which are used or sold by the distributor  
25 to be used to propel motor vehicles on the public highways, or  
26 which are delivered into a storage tank that is located at a



1 facility that has withdrawal facilities which are readily  
2 accessible to and are capable of dispensing combustible gases  
3 into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles, shall be subject  
4 to return. Distributors of liquefied natural gas are not  
5 required to make returns under this Section with respect to  
6 that liquefied natural gas unless the liquefied natural gas is  
7 dispensed into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles. For  
8 purposes of this Section, a facility is considered to have  
9 withdrawal facilities that are not "readily accessible to and  
10 capable of dispensing combustible gases into the fuel supply  
11 tanks of motor vehicles" only if the combustible gases are  
12 delivered from: (i) a dispenser hose that is short enough so  
13 that it will not reach the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle  
14 or (ii) a dispenser that is enclosed by a fence or other  
15 physical barrier so that a vehicle cannot pull alongside the  
16 dispenser to permit fueling. For the purposes of this Act,  
17 liquefied petroleum gases shall mean and include any material  
18 having a vapor pressure not exceeding that allowed for  
19 commercial propane composed predominantly of the following  
20 hydrocarbons, either by themselves or as mixtures: Propane,  
21 Propylene, Butane (normal butane or iso-butane) and Butylene  
22 (including isomers).

23 In case of a sale of special fuel to someone other than a  
24 licensed distributor, or a licensed supplier, for a use other  
25 than in motor vehicles, the distributor shall show in his  
26 return the amount of invoiced gallons sold and the name and

1 address of the purchaser in addition to any other information  
2 the Department may require.

3 All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes must  
4 have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this Law.

5 In case of a tax-free sale, as provided in Section 6, of  
6 motor fuel which the distributor is required by this Section to  
7 include in his return to the Department, the distributor in his  
8 return shall show: (1) If the sale is made to another licensed  
9 distributor the amount sold and the name, address and license  
10 number of the purchasing distributor; (2) if the sale is made  
11 to a person where delivery is made outside of this State the  
12 name and address of such purchaser and the point of delivery  
13 together with the date and amount delivered; (3) if the sale is  
14 made to the Federal Government or its instrumentalities the  
15 amount sold; (4) if the sale is made to a municipal corporation  
16 owning and operating a local transportation system for public  
17 service in this State the name and address of such purchaser,  
18 and the amount sold, as evidenced by official forms of  
19 exemption certificates properly executed and furnished by such  
20 purchaser; (5) if the sale is made to a privately owned public  
21 utility owning and operating 2-axle vehicles designed and used  
22 for transporting more than 7 passengers, which vehicles are  
23 used as common carriers in general transportation of  
24 passengers, are not devoted to any specialized purpose and are  
25 operated entirely within the territorial limits of a single  
26 municipality or of any group of contiguous municipalities or in

1 a close radius thereof, and the operations of which are subject  
2 to the regulations of the Illinois Commerce Commission, then  
3 the name and address of such purchaser and the amount sold as  
4 evidenced by official forms of exemption certificates properly  
5 executed and furnished by the purchaser; (6) if the product  
6 sold is special fuel and if the sale is made to a licensed  
7 supplier under conditions which qualify the sale for tax  
8 exemption under Section 6 of this Act, the amount sold and the  
9 name, address and license number of the purchaser; and (7) if a  
10 sale of special fuel is made to someone other than a licensed  
11 distributor, or a licensed supplier, for a use other than in  
12 motor vehicles, by making a specific notation thereof on the  
13 invoice or sales slip covering such sales and obtaining such  
14 supporting documentation as may be required by the Department.

15 All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes must  
16 have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this Law.

17 A person whose license to act as a distributor of motor  
18 fuel has been revoked shall make a return to the Department  
19 covering the period from the date of the last return to the  
20 date of the revocation of the license, which return shall be  
21 delivered to the Department not later than 10 days from the  
22 date of the revocation or termination of the license of such  
23 distributor; the return shall in all other respects be subject  
24 to the same provisions and conditions as returns by  
25 distributors licensed under the provisions of this Act.

26 The records, waybills and supporting documents kept by

1 railroads and other common carriers in the regular course of  
2 business shall be prima facie evidence of the contents and  
3 receipt of cars or tanks covered by those records, waybills or  
4 supporting documents.

5 If the Department has reason to believe and does believe  
6 that the amount shown on the return as purchased, acquired,  
7 received, exported, sold, used, lost or destroyed is incorrect,  
8 or that an amount of motor fuel of the types required by the  
9 second paragraph of this Section to be reported to the  
10 Department has not been correctly reported the Department shall  
11 fix an amount for such receipt, sales, export, use, loss or  
12 destruction according to its best judgment and information,  
13 which amount so fixed by the Department shall be prima facie  
14 correct. All returns shall be made on forms prepared and  
15 furnished by the Department, and shall contain such other  
16 information as the Department may reasonably require. The  
17 return must be accompanied by appropriate computer-generated  
18 magnetic media supporting schedule data in the format required  
19 by the Department, unless, as provided by rule, the Department  
20 grants an exception upon petition of a taxpayer. All licensed  
21 distributors shall report all losses of motor fuel sustained on  
22 account of fire, theft, spillage, spoilage, leakage, or any  
23 other provable cause when filing the return for the period  
24 during which the loss occurred. If the distributor reports  
25 losses due to fire or theft, then the distributor must include  
26 fire department or police department reports and any other

1 documentation that the Department may require. The mere making  
2 of the report does not assure the allowance of the loss as a  
3 reduction in tax liability. Losses of motor fuel as the result  
4 of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may  
5 not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the beginning  
6 of the month, plus the receipts of gallonage during the month,  
7 minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of the  
8 month. Any loss reported that is in excess of 1% shall be  
9 subject to the tax imposed by Section 2 of this Law. On and  
10 after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month period January through  
11 June, net losses of motor fuel (for each category of motor fuel  
12 that is required to be reported on a return) as the result of  
13 evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may not  
14 exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the beginning of  
15 each January, plus the receipts of gallonage each January  
16 through June, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the  
17 end of each June. On and after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month  
18 period July through December, net losses of motor fuel (for  
19 each category of motor fuel that is required to be reported on  
20 a return) as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to  
21 temperature variations may not exceed 1% of the total gallons  
22 in storage at the beginning of each July, plus the receipts of  
23 gallonage each July through December, minus the gallonage  
24 remaining in storage at the end of each December. Any net loss  
25 reported that is in excess of this amount shall be subject to  
26 the tax imposed by Section 2 of this Law. For purposes of this

1 Section, "net loss" means the number of gallons gained through  
2 temperature variations minus the number of gallons lost through  
3 temperature variations or evaporation for each of the  
4 respective 6-month periods.

5 (Source: P.A. 96-1384, eff. 7-29-10.)

6 Section 10. The Weights and Measures Act is amended by  
7 changing Sections 2 and 8 as follows:

8 (225 ILCS 470/2) (from Ch. 147, par. 102)

9 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act:

10 "Person" means both singular and plural as the case  
11 demands, and includes individuals, partnerships, corporations,  
12 companies, societies and associations.

13 "Weights and measures" means all weights and measures of  
14 every kind, instruments and devices for weighing and measuring,  
15 and any appliances and accessories associated with any or all  
16 such instruments and devices, including all grain moisture  
17 measuring devices, but does not include meters for the  
18 measurement of electricity, gas (natural or manufactured) or  
19 water operated in a public utility system. These electricity  
20 meters, gas meters, and water meters, and their appliances or  
21 accessories, and slo flo meters, are specifically excluded from  
22 the scope and applicability of this Act.

23 "Sell" and "sale" includes barter and exchange.

24 "Director" means the Director of Agriculture.

1 "Department" means the Department of Agriculture.

2 "Inspector" means an inspector of weights and measures of  
3 this State.

4 "Sealer" and "deputy sealer" mean, respectively, a sealer  
5 of weights and measures and a deputy sealer of weights and  
6 measures of a city.

7 "Intrastate commerce" means any and all commerce or trade  
8 that is commenced, conducted and completed wholly within the  
9 limits of this State, and the phrase "introduced into  
10 intrastate commerce" means the time and place at which the  
11 first sale and delivery being made either directly to the  
12 purchaser or to a carrier for shipment to the purchaser.

13 "Commodity in package form" means a commodity put up or  
14 packaged in any manner in advance of sale in units suitable for  
15 either wholesale or retail sale, excluding any auxiliary  
16 shipping container enclosing packages which individually  
17 conform to the requirements of this Act. An individual item or  
18 lot of any commodity not in package form as defined in this  
19 Section but on which there is marked a selling price based on  
20 an established price per unit of weight or of measure shall be  
21 deemed a commodity in package form.

22 "Consumer package" and "package of consumer commodity"  
23 mean any commodity in package form that is customarily produced  
24 or distributed for sale through retail sales agencies or  
25 instrumentalities for consumption by individuals or use by  
26 individuals for the purposes of personal care or in the

1 performance of services ordinarily rendered in or about the  
2 household or in connection with personal possessions, and which  
3 usually is consumed or expended in the course of such  
4 consumption or use.

5 "Nonconsumer package" and "package of nonconsumer  
6 commodity" mean any commodity in package form other than a  
7 consumer package, and particularly a package designed solely  
8 for industrial or institutional use or for wholesale  
9 distribution only.

10 "Certificate of Conformance" means a document issued by the  
11 National Conference on Weights and Measures based on testing in  
12 participating laboratories that indicates that the weights and  
13 measures or weighing and measuring device conform with the  
14 requirements of National Institute of Standards and  
15 Technology's Handbooks 44, 105-1, 105-2, 105-3, 105-4, or 105-8  
16 and any subsequent revisions or supplements thereto.

17 "Prepackage inspection violation" means that the majority  
18 of the lots of prepackaged commodities inspected at a single  
19 location are found to have one or more packages below the  
20 maximum allowable variation as published in the National  
21 Institute of Standards and Technology Handbook 133 or the  
22 majority of the lots inspected at a single location are found  
23 to be below the stated net weight declaration on an average.

24 "Diesel gallon equivalent" means 6.06 pounds of liquefied  
25 natural gas or 6.38 pounds of compressed natural gas.

26 "Gasoline gallon equivalent" means 5.660 pounds of



1 compressed natural gas.

2 (Source: P.A. 96-1333, eff. 7-27-10.)

3 (225 ILCS 470/8) (from Ch. 147, par. 108)

4 Sec. 8. Regulations; issuance; contents. The Director  
5 shall from time to time issue reasonable regulations for  
6 enforcement of this Act that shall have the force and effect of  
7 law. In determining these regulations, he shall appoint,  
8 consult with, and be advised by committees representative of  
9 industries to be affected by the regulations. These regulations  
10 may include (1) standards of net weight, measure or count, and  
11 reasonable standards of fill, for any commodity in package  
12 form, (2) rules governing the technical and reporting  
13 procedures to be followed and the report and record forms and  
14 marks of approval and rejection to be used by inspectors of  
15 weights and measures in the discharge of their official duties,  
16 and (3) exemptions from the sealing or marking requirements of  
17 Section 14 of this Act with respect to weights and measures of  
18 such character or size that such sealing or marking would be  
19 inappropriate, impracticable, or damaging to the apparatus in  
20 question. These regulations shall include specifications,  
21 tolerances, and regulations for weights and measures, of the  
22 character of those specified in Section 10 of this Act,  
23 designed to eliminate from use (without prejudice to apparatus  
24 that conforms as closely as practicable to the official  
25 standards) such weights and measures as are (1) inaccurate, (2)

1 of faulty construction (that is, not reasonably permanent in  
2 their adjustment or not capable of correct repetition of their  
3 indications), or (3) conducive to the perpetration of fraud.  
4 Specifications, tolerances, and regulations for commercial  
5 weighing and measuring devices recommended by the National  
6 Institute of Standards and Technology and published in National  
7 Institute of Standards and Technology Handbook 44 and  
8 supplements thereto or in any publication revising or  
9 superseding Handbook 44, shall be the specifications,  
10 tolerances, and regulations for commercial weighing and  
11 measuring devices of this State, except insofar as specifically  
12 modified, amended, or rejected by a regulation issued by the  
13 Director. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph,  
14 liquefied natural gas used as motor fuel shall be sold in  
15 diesel gallon equivalents, and compressed natural gas shall be  
16 sold in either gasoline gallon equivalents or diesel gallon  
17 equivalents.

18 The National Institute of Standards and Technology  
19 Handbook 133 and its supplements, or any publication revising  
20 or superseding Handbook 133, shall be the method for checking  
21 the net contents of commodities in package form. The National  
22 Institute of Standards and Technology Handbooks 105-1, 105-2,  
23 105-3, 105-4, 105-8, and their supplements, or any publication  
24 revising or superseding Handbooks 105-1, 105-2, 105-3, 105-4,  
25 and 105-8 shall be specifications and tolerances for reference  
26 standards and field standards weights and measures.

1           For purposes of this Act, apparatus shall be deemed  
2 "correct" when it conforms to all applicable requirements  
3 promulgated as specified in this Section. Apparatus that does  
4 not conform to all applicable requirements shall be deemed  
5 "incorrect".

6           The Director is authorized to prescribe by regulation,  
7 after public hearings, container sizes for fluid dairy products  
8 and container sizes for ice cream, frozen desserts, and similar  
9 items.

10          For the purposes of this Act, any apparatus certified by  
11 the Department or city sealer as of July 1, 2012 satisfies  
12 construction and installation requirements.

13          The Uniform Packaging and Labeling Regulation and the  
14 Uniform Regulation for the Method of Sale of Commodities in the  
15 National Institute of Standards and Technology Handbook 130,  
16 and any of its subsequent supplements or revisions, shall be  
17 the requirements and standards governing the packaging,  
18 labeling, and method of sale of commodities for this State,  
19 except insofar as specifically modified, amended, or rejected  
20 by regulation issued by the Director, and except that liquefied  
21 natural gas used as motor fuel shall be sold in diesel gallon  
22 equivalents, and compressed natural gas shall be sold in either  
23 gasoline gallon equivalents or diesel gallon equivalents.

24          (Source: P.A. 98-342, eff. 8-13-13.)