

LRB098 19731 HEP 57208 a

Sen. William R. Haine

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09800SB3014sam002

1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3014
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 3014 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Condominium Property Act is amended by
5	changing Section 12 as follows:
6	(765 ILCS 605/12) (from Ch. 30, par. 312)
7	Sec. 12. Insurance.
8	(a) Required coverage. No policy of insurance shall be
9	issued or delivered to a condominium association, and no policy
10	of insurance issued to a condominium association shall be
11	renewed, unless the insurance coverage under the policy
12	includes the following:

(1) Property insurance. Property insurance (i) on the

common elements and the units, including the limited common

elements and except as otherwise determined by the board of

managers, the bare walls, floors, and ceilings of the unit,

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(ii) providing coverage for special form causes of loss, and (iii) providing coverage, at the time the insurance is purchased and at each renewal date, in a total amount of not less than the full insurable replacement cost of the insured property, less deductibles, but including coverage sufficient to rebuild the insured property in compliance with building code requirements subsequent to an insured loss, including: Coverage A, loss to the undamaged portion of the building; Coverage B, demolition costs; and Coverage C, increased cost of construction coverage. The combined total of Coverage B and Coverage C shall be no less than 10% of each insured insured building value, or \$500,000, whichever is less in a total amount of not less than the full insurable replacement cost of the insured property, less deductibles, but including coverage for the increased construction due to building code requirements, the time the insurance is purchased and at date.

(2) General liability insurance. Commercial general liability insurance against claims and liabilities arising in connection with the ownership, existence, use, or management of the property in a minimum amount of \$1,000,000, or a greater amount deemed sufficient in the judgment of the board, insuring the board, the association, the management agent, and their respective employees and agents and all persons acting as agents. The developer must

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be included as an additional insured in its capacity as a unit owner, manager, board member, or officer. The unit owners must be included as additional insured parties but only for claims and liabilities arising in connection with the ownership, existence, use, or management of the common elements. The insurance must cover claims of one or more insured parties against other insured parties.

- (3) Fidelity bond; directors and officers coverage; workers' compensation.
 - (A) An association with 6 or more dwelling units must obtain and maintain a fidelity bond covering persons, including the managing agent employees who control or disburse funds of t.he association, for the maximum amount of coverage available to protect funds in the custody or control of the association, plus the association reserve fund.
 - (B) All management companies that are responsible for the funds held or administered by the association must be covered by a fidelity bond for the maximum amount of coverage available to protect those funds. The association has standing to make a loss claim against the bond of the managing agent as a party covered under the bond.
 - (C) For purposes of paragraphs (A) and (B), the fidelity bond must be in the full amount of association funds and reserves in the custody of the association or

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the management company.

(D) The board of directors must obtain directors and officers liability coverage at a level deemed reasonable by the board, if not otherwise established by the declaration or bylaws. Directors and officers liability coverage must extend to all contracts and other actions taken by the board in their official capacity as directors and officers, but this coverage shall exclude actions for which the directors are not entitled to indemnification under the General Not For Profit Corporation Act of 1986 or the declaration and bylaws of the association. The coverage required by this subparagraph (D) shall include, but not be limited to, coverage of: defense of non-monetary actions or resulting damages; defense of breach of contract; and decisions related to the placement or adequacy of insurance. The coverage required by this subparagraph (D) shall include as an insured: past, present, and future board members while acting in their capacity as members of the board of directors; the managing agent; and employees of the board of directors and the managing agent.

- (E) The board of directors must obtain workers' compensation insurance, including coverage of the employer's liability.
- (b) Contiguous units; improvements and betterments. The

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1 insurance maintained under subdivision (a)(1) must include the

units, the limited common elements except as otherwise

determined by the board of managers, and the common elements.

The insurance need not cover improvements and betterments to

the units installed by unit owners, but if improvements and

betterments are covered, any increased cost may be assessed by

the association against the units affected.

elements include fixtures located within unfinished interior surfaces of the perimeter walls, floors, and ceilings of the individual units initially installed by the developer. Common elements exclude floor, wall, and ceiling betterments" coverings. "Improvements and means all decorating, fixtures, and furnishings installed or added to and located within the boundaries of the unit, including electrical fixtures, appliances, air conditioning and heating equipment, water heaters, or built-in cabinets installed by unit owners, or any other additions, alterations, or upgrades installed or purchased by any unit owner.

(c) Deductibles. The board of directors of the association may, in the case of a claim for damage to a unit or the common elements, (i) pay the deductible amount as a common expense, (ii) after notice and an opportunity for a hearing, assess the deductible amount against the owners who caused the damage or from whose units the damage or cause of loss originated, or (iii) require the unit owners of the units affected to pay the deductible amount.

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- (d) Other coverages. The declaration may require the association to carry any other insurance, including workers compensation, employment practices, environmental hazards, and equipment breakdown, the board of directors considers appropriate to protect the association, the unit owners, or officers, directors, or agents of the association.
- (e) Insured parties; waiver of subrogation. Insurance policies carried pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) must include each of the following provisions:
 - (1) Each unit owner and secured party is an insured person under the policy with respect to liability arising out of the unit owner's interest in the common elements or membership in the association.
 - (2) The insurer waives its right to subrogation under the policy against any unit owner of the condominium or members of the unit owner's household and against the association and members of the board of directors.
 - The unit owner waives his or her right to subrogation under the association policy against the association and the board of directors.
- (f) Primary insurance. If at the time of a loss under the policy there is other insurance in the name of a unit owner covering the same property covered by the policy, the association's policy is primary insurance.
- (g) Adjustment of losses; distribution of proceeds. Any loss covered by the property policy under subdivision (a)(1)

must be adjusted by and with the association. The insurance proceeds for that loss must be payable to the association, or to an insurance trustee designated by the association for that purpose. The insurance trustee or the association must hold any insurance proceeds in trust for unit owners and secured parties as their interests may appear. The proceeds must be disbursed first for the repair or restoration of the damaged common elements, the bare walls, ceilings, and floors of the units, and then to any improvements and betterments the association may insure. Unit owners are not entitled to receive any portion of the proceeds unless there is a surplus of proceeds after the common elements and units have been completely repaired or restored or the association has been terminated as trustee.

(h) Mandatory unit owner coverage. The board of directors may, under the declaration and bylaws or by rule, require condominium unit owners to obtain insurance covering their personal liability and compensatory (but not consequential) damages to another unit caused by the negligence of the owner or his or her guests, residents, or invitees, or regardless of any negligence originating from the unit. The personal liability of a unit owner or association member must include the deductible of the owner whose unit was damaged, any damage not covered by insurance required by this subsection, as well as the decorating, painting, wall and floor coverings, trim, appliances, equipment, and other furnishings.

If the unit owner does not purchase or produce evidence of

- insurance requested by the board, the directors may purchase
 the insurance coverage and charge the premium cost back to the
 unit owner. In no event is the board liable to any person
 either with regard to its decision not to purchase the
 insurance, or with regard to the timing of its purchase of the
 insurance or the amounts or types of coverages obtained.
 - (i) Certificates of insurance. Contractors and vendors (except public utilities) doing business with a condominium association under contracts exceeding \$10,000 per year must provide certificates of insurance naming the association, its board of directors, and its managing agent as additional insured parties.
 - (j) Non-residential condominiums. The provisions of this Section may be varied or waived in the case of a condominium community in which all units are restricted to nonresidential use.
 - (k) Settlement of claims. Any insurer defending a liability claim against a condominium association must notify the association of the terms of the settlement no less than 10 days before settling the claim. The association may not veto the settlement unless otherwise provided by contract or statute.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 92-518, eff. 6-1-02.)".