

# 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 SB2787

Introduced 1/30/2014, by Sen. William R. Haine

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Medical Practice Act of 1987. In a provision concerning the confidentiality of medical reports and committee reports, provides that the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may disclose information and documents to a federal, state (rather than State), or local law enforcement agency pursuant to a subpoena in an ongoing criminal investigation, to a health care licensing body, to a medical licensing authority of this State or another state or jurisdiction, or to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services' Office of the Medicaid Inspector General pursuant to an official request made by that licensing body, by a medical licensing authority, or by the Office of the Medicaid Inspector General. Amends the Illinois Public Aid Code. Replaces all references to "Inspector General" with "Medicaid Inspector General". Requires the Medicaid Inspector General to oversee the program integrity functions of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services and the Medicaid funded programs of the Department on Aging and the Department of Human Services (rather than oversee the Department of Healthcare and Family Services' and the Department on Aging's integrity functions). Requires the Medicaid Inspector General to report his or her findings to certain persons. Requires State agencies and departments to provide the Office of the Medicaid Inspector General access to certain confidential and other information and data.

LRB098 15972 KTG 53891 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning public aid.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 23 as follows:
- 6 (225 ILCS 60/23) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-23)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2014)
- 8 Sec. 23. Reports relating to professional conduct and 9 capacity.
- 10 (A) Entities required to report.
  - (1) Health care institutions. The chief administrator executive officer of any health care institution licensed by the Illinois Department of Public Health shall report to the Disciplinary Board when any person's clinical privileges are terminated or are restricted based on a final determination made in accordance with institution's by-laws or rules and regulations that a person has either committed an act or acts which may directly threaten patient care or that a person may be mentally or physically disabled in such a manner as to endanger patients under that person's care. Such officer also shall report if a person accepts voluntary termination or restriction of clinical privileges in lieu of formal

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action based upon conduct related directly to patient care or in lieu of formal action seeking to determine whether a person may be mentally or physically disabled in such a manner as to endanger patients under that person's care. The Disciplinary Board shall, by rule, provide for the reporting to it by health care institutions of instances in which a person, licensed under this Act, who is impaired by reason of age, drug or alcohol abuse or physical or mental impairment, is under supervision and, where appropriate, is in a program of rehabilitation. Such reports shall be strictly confidential and may be reviewed and considered only by the members of the Disciplinary Board, or by authorized staff as provided by rules of the Disciplinary Board. Provisions shall be made for the periodic report of the status of any such person not less than twice annually in order that the Disciplinary Board shall have current information upon which to determine the status of any such person. Such initial and periodic reports of impaired physicians shall not be considered records within the meaning of The State Records Act and shall be disposed of, following a determination by the Disciplinary Board that such reports are no longer required, in a manner and at such time as the Disciplinary Board shall determine by rule. The filing of such reports shall be construed as the filing of a report for purposes of subsection (C) of this Section.

- (1.5) Clinical training programs. The program director of any post-graduate clinical training program shall report to the Disciplinary Board if a person engaged in a post-graduate clinical training program at the institution, including, but not limited to, a residency or fellowship, separates from the program for any reason prior to its conclusion. The program director shall provide all documentation relating to the separation if, after review of the report, the Disciplinary Board determines that a review of those documents is necessary to determine whether a violation of this Act occurred.
- (2) Professional associations. The President or chief executive officer of any association or society, of persons licensed under this Act, operating within this State shall report to the Disciplinary Board when the association or society renders a final determination that a person has committed unprofessional conduct related directly to patient care or that a person may be mentally or physically disabled in such a manner as to endanger patients under that person's care.
- (3) Professional liability insurers. Every insurance company which offers policies of professional liability insurance to persons licensed under this Act, or any other entity which seeks to indemnify the professional liability of a person licensed under this Act, shall report to the Disciplinary Board the settlement of any claim or cause of

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action, or final judgment rendered in any cause of action, which alleged negligence in the furnishing of medical care by such licensed person when such settlement or final judgment is in favor of the plaintiff.

- (4) State's Attorneys. The State's Attorney of each county shall report to the Disciplinary Board, within 5 days, any instances in which a person licensed under this Act is convicted of any felony or Class A misdemeanor. The State's Attorney of each county may report to the Disciplinary Board through a verified complaint any instance in which the State's Attorney believes that a physician has willfully violated the notice requirements of the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 1995.
- (5) State agencies. All agencies, boards, commissions, departments, or other instrumentalities of the government of the State of Illinois shall report to the Disciplinary any instance arising in connection with the Board operations of such agency, including the administration of any law by such agency, in which a person licensed under this Act has either committed an act or acts which may be a violation of this Act or which may constitute unprofessional conduct related directly to patient care or which indicates that a person licensed under this Act may be mentally or physically disabled in such a manner as to endanger patients under that person's care.
- (B) Mandatory reporting. All reports required by items

- 1 (34), (35), and (36) of subsection (A) of Section 22 and by
  2 Section 23 shall be submitted to the Disciplinary Board in a
  3 timely fashion. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the
  4 reports shall be filed in writing within 60 days after a
  5 determination that a report is required under this Act. All
  6 reports shall contain the following information:
  - (1) The name, address and telephone number of the person making the report.
    - (2) The name, address and telephone number of the person who is the subject of the report.
    - (3) The name and date of birth of any patient or patients whose treatment is a subject of the report, if available, or other means of identification if such information is not available, identification of the hospital or other healthcare facility where the care at issue in the report was rendered, provided, however, no medical records may be revealed.
    - (4) A brief description of the facts which gave rise to the issuance of the report, including the dates of any occurrences deemed to necessitate the filing of the report.
    - (5) If court action is involved, the identity of the court in which the action is filed, along with the docket number and date of filing of the action.
    - (6) Any further pertinent information which the reporting party deems to be an aid in the evaluation of the report.

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The Disciplinary Board or Department may also exercise the power under Section 38 of this Act to subpoena copies of hospital or medical records in mandatory report cases alleging death or permanent bodily injury. Appropriate rules shall be adopted by the Department with the approval of the Disciplinary Board.

When the Department has received written reports concerning incidents required to be reported in items (34), (35), and (36) of subsection (A) of Section 22, the licensee's failure to report the incident to the Department under those items shall not be the sole grounds for disciplinary action.

Nothing contained in this Section shall act to in any way, waive or modify the confidentiality of medical reports and committee reports to the extent provided by law. Anv information reported or disclosed shall be kept for the confidential use of the Disciplinary Board, the Medical Coordinators, the Disciplinary Board's attorneys, the medical investigative staff, and authorized clerical staff, provided in this Act, and shall be afforded the same status as is provided information concerning medical studies in Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, except that the Department may disclose information and documents to a federal, state State, or local law enforcement agency pursuant to a subpoena in an ongoing criminal investigation, or to a health care licensing body, to a or medical licensing authority of this State or another state or jurisdiction, or to the

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Department of Healthcare and Family Services' Office of the Medicaid Inspector General of this State or another state or jurisdiction pursuant to an official request made by that licensing body, by a or medical licensing authority, or by the Office of the Medicaid Inspector General. Furthermore, information and documents disclosed to a federal, state State, or local law enforcement agency may be used by that agency only for the investigation and prosecution of a criminal offense, or, in the case of disclosure to a health care licensing body or medical licensing authority, only for investigations and disciplinary action proceedings with regard to a license, or, in the case of disclosure to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services' Office of the Medicaid Inspector General, only for the investigations, quality care reviews, or sanction action proceedings. Information and documents disclosed to the Department of Public Health may be used by that Department only investigation and disciplinary action regarding the license of a health care institution licensed by the Department of Public Health.

Immunity from prosecution. Any individual organization acting in good faith, and not in a wilful and wanton manner, in complying with this Act by providing any report or other information to the Disciplinary Board or a peer review committee, or assisting in the investigation or preparation of such information, or by voluntarily reporting to the Disciplinary Board or a peer review committee information

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- regarding alleged errors or negligence by a person licensed under this Act, or by participating in proceedings of the Disciplinary Board or a peer review committee, or by serving as a member of the Disciplinary Board or a peer review committee, shall not, as a result of such actions, be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages.
  - (D) Indemnification. Members of the Disciplinary Board, the Licensing Board, the Medical Coordinators, the Disciplinary Board's attorneys, the medical investigative staff, physicians retained under contract to assist and advise the medical coordinators in the investigation, and authorized clerical staff shall be indemnified by the State for any occurring within the scope of services Disciplinary Board or Licensing Board, done in good faith and not wilful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he or she determines either that there would be a conflict of interest in such representation or that the actions complained of were not in good faith or were wilful and wanton.
    - Should the Attorney General decline representation, the member shall have the right to employ counsel of his or her choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a court that the member's actions were not in good faith or were wilful and wanton.
- The member must notify the Attorney General within 7 days

of receipt of notice of the initiation of any action involving

2 services of the Disciplinary Board. Failure to so notify the

Attorney General shall constitute an absolute waiver of the

right to a defense and indemnification.

The Attorney General shall determine within 7 days after receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to represent the member.

(E) Deliberations of Disciplinary Board. Upon the receipt of any report called for by this Act, other than those reports of impaired persons licensed under this Act required pursuant to the rules of the Disciplinary Board, the Disciplinary Board shall notify in writing, by certified mail, the person who is the subject of the report. Such notification shall be made within 30 days of receipt by the Disciplinary Board of the report.

The notification shall include a written notice setting forth the person's right to examine the report. Included in such notification shall be the address at which the file is maintained, the name of the custodian of the reports, and the telephone number at which the custodian may be reached. The person who is the subject of the report shall submit a written statement responding, clarifying, adding to, or proposing the amending of the report previously filed. The person who is the subject of the report shall also submit with the written statement any medical records related to the report. The statement and accompanying medical records shall become a

permanent part of the file and must be received by the Disciplinary Board no more than 30 days after the date on which the person was notified by the Disciplinary Board of the existence of the original report.

The Disciplinary Board shall review all reports received by it, together with any supporting information and responding statements submitted by persons who are the subject of reports. The review by the Disciplinary Board shall be in a timely manner but in no event, shall the Disciplinary Board's initial review of the material contained in each disciplinary file be less than 61 days nor more than 180 days after the receipt of the initial report by the Disciplinary Board.

When the Disciplinary Board makes its initial review of the materials contained within its disciplinary files, the Disciplinary Board shall, in writing, make a determination as to whether there are sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action. Failure to make such determination within the time provided shall be deemed to be a determination that there are not sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action.

Should the Disciplinary Board find that there are not sufficient facts to warrant further investigation, or action, the report shall be accepted for filing and the matter shall be deemed closed and so reported to the Secretary. The Secretary shall then have 30 days to accept the Disciplinary Board's decision or request further investigation. The Secretary shall

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Board of the decision to inform the request further investigation, including the specific reasons for the decision. The individual or entity filing the original report or complaint and the person who is the subject of the report or complaint shall be notified in writing by the Secretary of any final action on their report or complaint. The Department shall disclose to the individual or entity who filed the original report or complaint, on request, the status of the Disciplinary Board's review of a specific report or complaint. Such request may be made at any time, including prior to the Disciplinary Board's determination as to whether there are sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action.

- (F) Summary reports. The Disciplinary Board shall prepare, on a timely basis, but in no event less than once every other month, a summary report of final disciplinary actions taken upon disciplinary files maintained by the Disciplinary Board. The summary reports shall be made available to the public upon request and payment of the fees set by the Department. This publication may be made available to the public on the Department's website. Information or documentation relating to any disciplinary file that is closed without disciplinary action taken shall not be disclosed and shall be afforded the same status as is provided by Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- 25 (G) Any violation of this Section shall be a Class A misdemeanor.

- (H) If any such person violates the provisions of this 1 2 Section an action may be brought in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, through the Attorney General of the 3 State of Illinois, for an order enjoining such violation or for 4 5 an order enforcing compliance with this Section. Upon filing of a verified petition in such court, the court may issue a 6 temporary restraining order without notice or bond and may 7 8 preliminarily or permanently enjoin such violation, and if it 9 is established that such person has violated or is violating 10 the injunction, the court may punish the offender for contempt 11 of court. Proceedings under this paragraph shall be in addition 12 to, and not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided for by this Section. 13
- 14 (Source: P.A. 97-449, eff. 1-1-12; 97-622, eff. 11-23-11; 98-601, eff. 12-30-13.)
- Section 10. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Sections 5-16.10, 8A-12, 11-5.2, 11-5.4, 12-4.25, 12-4.25b, 12-4.40 and 12-13.1 as follows:
- 19 (305 ILCS 5/5-16.10)
- Sec. 5-16.10. Managed care entities; marketing. A managed health care entity providing services under this Article V may not engage in door-to-door marketing activities or marketing activities at an office of the Illinois Department or a county department in order to enroll recipients in the entity's health

care delivery system. The Department shall adopt rules defining
"marketing activities" prohibited by this Section.

Before a managed health care entity providing services under this Article V may market its health care delivery system to recipients, the Illinois Department must approve a marketing plan submitted by the entity to the Illinois Department. The Illinois Department shall adopt guidelines for approving marketing plans submitted by managed health care entities under this Section. Besides prohibiting door-to-door marketing activities and marketing activities at public aid offices, the guidelines shall include at least the following:

- (1) A managed health care entity may not offer or provide any gift, favor, or other inducement in marketing its health care delivery system to integrated health care program enrollees. A managed health care entity may provide health care related items that are of nominal value and pre-approved by the Department to prospective enrollees. A managed health care entity may also provide to enrollees health care related items that have been pre-approved by the Department as an incentive to manage their health care appropriately.
- (2) All persons employed or otherwise engaged by a managed health care entity to market the entity's health care delivery system to recipients or to supervise that marketing shall register with the Illinois Department.

The Medicaid Inspector General appointed under Section

- 1 12-13.1 may conduct investigations to determine whether the
- 2 marketing practices of managed health care entities providing
- 3 services under this Article V comply with the guidelines.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 90-538, eff. 12-1-97.)

#### 5 (305 ILCS 5/8A-12)

- 6 Sec. 8A-12. Early fraud prevention and detection program.
- 7 The Illinois Department may conduct an early fraud prevention
- 8 and detection program as provided in this Section. If
- 9 conducted, the program shall apply to all categories of
- 10 assistance and all applicants for aid. The program may be
- 11 conducted in appropriate counties as determined by the
- Department. The program shall have the following features:
- 13 (1) No intimidation of applicants or recipients may
- occur, either by referral or threat of referral for a fraud
- 15 prevention investigation.
- 16 (2) An applicant may not be referred for a fraud
- 17 prevention investigation until an application for aid is
- 18 completed and signed by the applicant or any authorized
- 19 representative.
- 20 (3) An applicant may be referred to the <u>Medicaid</u>
- 21 Inspector General for a fraud prevention investigation if
- there are reasonable grounds to question the accuracy of
- any information, statements, documents, or other
- 24 representations by the applicant or any authorized
- 25 representative. Referrals for fraud prevention

- 1 investigations shall be made in accordance with guidelines
- 2 to be jointly determined by the Medicaid Inspector General
- 3 and the Department.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 89-118, eff. 7-7-95.)
- 5 (305 ILCS 5/11-5.2)
- 6 Sec. 11-5.2. Income, Residency, and Identity Verification
- 7 System.
- 8 (a) The Department shall ensure that its proposed
- 9 integrated eligibility system shall include the computerized
- 10 functions of income, residency, and identity eligibility
- 11 verification to verify eligibility, eliminate duplication of
- 12 medical assistance, and deter fraud. Until the integrated
- eligibility system is operational, the Department may enter
- 14 into a contract with the vendor selected pursuant to Section
- 15 11-5.3 as necessary to obtain the electronic data matching
- described in this Section. This contract shall be exempt from
- 17 the Illinois Procurement Code pursuant to subsection (h) of
- 18 Section 1-10 of that Code.
- 19 (b) Prior to awarding medical assistance at application
- 20 under Article V of this Code, the Department shall, to the
- 21 extent such databases are available to the Department, conduct
- data matches using the name, date of birth, address, and Social
- 23 Security Number of each applicant or recipient or responsible
- 24 relative of an applicant or recipient against the following:
- 25 (1) Income tax information.

- (2) Employer reports of income and unemployment insurance payment information maintained by the Department of Employment Security.
  - (3) Earned and unearned income, citizenship and death, and other relevant information maintained by the Social Security Administration.
  - (4) Immigration status information maintained by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.
  - (5) Wage reporting and similar information maintained by states contiguous to this State.
  - (6) Employment information maintained by the Department of Employment Security in its New Hire Directory database.
  - (7) Employment information maintained by the United States Department of Health and Human Services in its National Directory of New Hires database.
  - (8) Veterans' benefits information maintained by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, in coordination with the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Veterans' Affairs, in the federal Public Assistance Reporting Information System (PARIS) database.
  - (9) Residency information maintained by the Illinois Secretary of State.
  - (10) A database which is substantially similar to or a successor of a database described in this Section that

1 contains information relevant for verifying eligibility 2 for medical assistance.

### (c) (Blank).

- (d) If a discrepancy results between information provided by an applicant, recipient, or responsible relative and information contained in one or more of the databases or information tools listed under subsection (b) or (c) of this Section or subsection (c) of Section 11-5.3 and that discrepancy calls into question the accuracy of information relevant to a condition of eligibility provided by the applicant, recipient, or responsible relative, the Department or its contractor shall review the applicant's or recipient's case using the following procedures:
  - (1) If the information discovered under subsection (b) (e) of this Section or subsection (c) of Section 11-5.3 does not result in the Department finding the applicant or recipient ineligible for assistance under Article V of this Code, the Department shall finalize the determination or redetermination of eligibility.
  - (2) If the information discovered results in the Department finding the applicant or recipient ineligible for assistance, the Department shall provide notice as set forth in Section 11-7 of this Article.
  - (3) If the information discovered is insufficient to determine that the applicant or recipient is eligible or ineligible, the Department shall provide written notice to

- the applicant or recipient which shall describe in sufficient detail the circumstances of the discrepancy, the information or documentation required, the manner in which the applicant or recipient may respond, and the consequences of failing to take action. The applicant or recipient shall have 10 business days to respond.
  - (4) If the applicant or recipient does not respond to the notice, the Department shall deny assistance for failure to cooperate, in which case the Department shall provide notice as set forth in Section 11-7. Eligibility for assistance shall not be established until the discrepancy has been resolved.
  - (5) If an applicant or recipient responds to the notice, the Department shall determine the effect of the information or documentation provided on the applicant's or recipient's case and shall take appropriate action. Written notice of the Department's action shall be provided as set forth in Section 11-7 of this Article.
  - (6) Suspected cases of fraud shall be referred to the Department's Medicaid Inspector General.
- 21 (e) The Department shall adopt any rules necessary to 22 implement this Section.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12; revised 11-12-13.)
- 24 (305 ILCS 5/11-5.4)
- 25 Sec. 11-5.4. Expedited long-term care eligibility

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determination and enrollment.

- (a) An expedited long-term care eligibility determination and enrollment system shall be established to reduce long-term care determinations to 90 days or fewer by July 1, 2014 and the long-term care enrollment Establishment of the system shall be a joint venture of the Department of Human Services and Healthcare and Family Services and the Department on Aging. The Governor shall name a lead agency no later than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly to assume responsibility for the full implementation of the establishment and maintenance of the system. Project outcomes shall include an enhanced eligibility determination tracking system accessible to providers and a centralized application review and eligibility determination with all applicants reviewed within 90 days of receipt by the State of a complete application. If the Department of Healthcare and Family Services' Office of the Medicaid Inspector General determines that there is a likelihood that a non-allowable transfer of assets has occurred, and the facility in which the applicant resides is notified, an extension of up to 90 days shall be permissible. On or before December 31, 2015, a streamlined application and enrollment process shall be put in place based on the following principles:
- (1) Minimize the burden on applicants by collecting only the data necessary to determine eligibility for

- 1 medical services, long-term care services, and spousal 2 impoverishment offset.
  - (2) Integrate online data sources to simplify the application process by reducing the amount of information needed to be entered and to expedite eligibility verification.
  - (3) Provide online prompts to alert the applicant that information is missing or not complete.
  - (b) The Department shall, on or before July 1, 2014, assess the feasibility of incorporating all information needed to determine eligibility for long-term care services, including asset transfer and spousal impoverishment financials, into the State's integrated eligibility system identifying all resources needed and reasonable timeframes for achieving the specified integration.
  - (c) The lead agency shall file interim reports with the Chairs and Minority Spokespersons of the House and Senate Human Services Committees no later than September 1, 2013 and on February 1, 2014. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall include in the annual Medicaid report for State Fiscal Year 2014 and every fiscal year thereafter information concerning implementation of the provisions of this Section.
  - (d) No later than August 1, 2014, the Auditor General shall report to the General Assembly concerning the extent to which the timeframes specified in this Section have been met and the extent to which State staffing levels are adequate to meet the

- 1 requirements of this Section.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 98-104, eff. 7-22-13.)
- 3 (305 ILCS 5/12-4.25) (from Ch. 23, par. 12-4.25)
- Sec. 12-4.25. Medical assistance program; vendor participation.
  - (A) The Illinois Department may deny, suspend, or terminate the eligibility of any person, firm, corporation, association, agency, institution or other legal entity to participate as a vendor of goods or services to recipients under the medical assistance program under Article V, or may exclude any such person or entity from participation as such a vendor, and may deny, suspend, or recover payments, if after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing the Illinois Department finds:
    - (a) Such vendor is not complying with the Department's policy or rules and regulations, or with the terms and conditions prescribed by the Illinois Department in its vendor agreement, which document shall be developed by the Department as a result of negotiations with each vendor category, including physicians, hospitals, long term care facilities, pharmacists, optometrists, podiatric physicians, and dentists setting forth the terms and conditions applicable to the participation of each vendor group in the program; or
    - (b) Such vendor has failed to keep or make available for inspection, audit or copying, after receiving a written

request	from	the	Illi	nois	Dep	artme	ent,	suc	h re	cords
regarding	payme	ents o	claim	ed fo	r pı	rovid	ling	serv	ices.	This
section d	loes no	t requ	uire	vendor	rs to	o mak	e av	ailak	ole pa	tient
records o	of pati	Lents	for	whom :	serv	ices	are	not	reimb	ursed
under thi	s Code	; or								

- (c) Such vendor has failed to furnish any information requested by the Department regarding payments for providing goods or services; or
- (d) Such vendor has knowingly made, or caused to be made, any false statement or representation of a material fact in connection with the administration of the medical assistance program; or
- (e) Such vendor has furnished goods or services to a recipient which are (1) in excess of need, (2) harmful, or (3) of grossly inferior quality, all of such determinations to be based upon competent medical judgment and evaluations; or
- (f) The vendor; a person with management responsibility for a vendor; an officer or person owning, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate vendor; an owner of a sole proprietorship which is a vendor; or a partner in a partnership which is a vendor, either:
  - (1) was previously terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation in the Illinois medical

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assistance program, or was terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation in another state or federal medical assistance or health care program; or

- (2) was a person with management responsibility for a vendor previously terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation in the Illinois medical assistance program, or terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation in another state or federal medical assistance or health care program during the time of conduct which was the basis for that vendor's termination, suspension, or exclusion; or
- (3) was an officer, or person owning, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate or liability company limited vendor previously terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation Illinois medical assistance program, in the terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation in a state or federal medical assistance or health care program during the time of conduct which was the basis for that vendor's termination, suspension, exclusion; or
- (4) was an owner of a sole proprietorship or partner of a partnership previously terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation in the Illinois medical assistance program, or terminated,

suspended,	or exclu	uded from	n parti	cipation	n in a	state o	or
federal me	edical a	assistand	ce or	health	care	progra	аm
during the	time of	conduct	which w	was the	basis	for tha	эt
vendor's te	erminati	on, suspe	ension,	or excl	usion	; or	

- (f-1) Such vendor has a delinquent debt owed to the
  Illinois Department; or
- (g) The vendor; a person with management responsibility for a vendor; an officer or person owning, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate or limited liability company vendor; an owner of a sole proprietorship which is a vendor; or a partner in a partnership which is a vendor, either:
  - (1) has engaged in practices prohibited by applicable federal or State law or regulation; or
  - (2) was a person with management responsibility for a vendor at the time that such vendor engaged in practices prohibited by applicable federal or State law or regulation; or
  - (3) was an officer, or person owning, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a vendor at the time such vendor engaged in practices prohibited by applicable federal or State law or regulation; or
  - (4) was an owner of a sole proprietorship or partner of a partnership which was a vendor at the time

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such vendor engaged in practices prohibited by applicable federal or State law or regulation; or

- (h) The direct or indirect ownership of the vendor (including the ownership of a vendor that is a sole proprietorship, a partner's interest in a vendor that is a partnership, or ownership of 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate vendor) has been transferred by an individual who is terminated, suspended, or excluded or barred from participating as a vendor to the individual's spouse, child, brother, sister, parent, grandparent, grandchild, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew, cousin, or relative by marriage.
- (A-5)The Illinois Department may deny, suspend, terminate the eligibility of any person, firm, corporation, association, agency, institution, or other legal entity to participate as a vendor of goods or services to recipients under the medical assistance program under Article V, or may exclude any such person or entity from participation as such a vendor, if, after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing, the Illinois Department finds that the vendor; a person with management responsibility for a vendor; an officer or person owning, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate vendor; an owner of a sole proprietorship that is a vendor; or a partner in a partnership that is a vendor has been

- 1 convicted of an offense based on fraud or willful 2 misrepresentation related to any of the following:
- 3 (1) The medical assistance program under Article V of this Code.
- 5 (2) A medical assistance or health care program in another state.
  - (3) The Medicare program under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act.
    - (4) The provision of health care services.
- 10 (5) A violation of this Code, as provided in Article
  11 VIIIA, or another state or federal medical assistance
  12 program or health care program.
  - (A-10) The Illinois Department may deny, suspend, or terminate the eligibility of any person, firm, corporation, association, agency, institution, or other legal entity to participate as a vendor of goods or services to recipients under the medical assistance program under Article V, or may exclude any such person or entity from participation as such a vendor, if, after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing, the Illinois Department finds that (i) the vendor, (ii) a person with management responsibility for a vendor, (iii) an officer or person owning, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate vendor, (iv) an owner of a sole proprietorship that is a vendor, or (v) a partner in a partnership that is a vendor has been convicted of an offense

- 1 related to any of the following:
- 2 (1) Murder.
- 3 (2) A Class X felony under the Criminal Code of 1961 or 4 the Criminal Code of 2012.
- 5 (3) Sexual misconduct that may subject recipients to an undue risk of harm.
  - (4) A criminal offense that may subject recipients to an undue risk of harm.
    - (5) A crime of fraud or dishonesty.
    - (6) A crime involving a controlled substance.
  - (7) A misdemeanor relating to fraud, theft, embezzlement, breach of fiduciary responsibility, or other financial misconduct related to a health care program.
  - (A-15) The Illinois Department may deny the eligibility of any person, firm, corporation, association, agency, institution, or other legal entity to participate as a vendor of goods or services to recipients under the medical assistance program under Article V if, after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing, the Illinois Department finds:
    - (1) The applicant or any person with management responsibility for the applicant; an officer or member of the board of directors of an applicant; an entity owning (directly or indirectly) 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate vendor applicant; an owner of a sole proprietorship applicant; a partner in a partnership applicant; or a technical or other

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advisor to an applicant has a debt owed to the Illinois Department, and no payment arrangements acceptable to the Illinois Department have been made by the applicant.

- applicant or any person with management The responsibility for the applicant; an officer or member of the board of directors of an applicant; an entity owning (directly or indirectly) 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate vendor applicant; an owner of a sole proprietorship applicant; a partner in a partnership vendor applicant; or a technical or other advisor to an applicant was (i) a person with management responsibility, (ii) an officer or member of the board of directors of an applicant, (iii) an entity owning (directly or indirectly) 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate vendor, (iv) an owner of a sole proprietorship, (v) a partner in a partnership vendor, (vi) a technical or other advisor to a vendor, during a period of time where the conduct of that vendor resulted in a debt owed to the Illinois Department, and no payment arrangements acceptable to the Illinois Department have been made by that vendor.
- (3) There is a credible allegation of the use, transfer, or lease of assets of any kind to an applicant from a current or prior vendor who has a debt owed to the Illinois Department, no payment arrangements acceptable to the Illinois Department have been made by that vendor or

the vendor's alternate payee, and the applicant knows or should have known of such debt.

- (4) There is a credible allegation of a transfer of management responsibilities, or direct or indirect ownership, to an applicant from a current or prior vendor who has a debt owed to the Illinois Department, and no payment arrangements acceptable to the Illinois Department have been made by that vendor or the vendor's alternate payee, and the applicant knows or should have known of such debt.
- (5) There is a credible allegation of the use, transfer, or lease of assets of any kind to an applicant who is a spouse, child, brother, sister, parent, grandparent, grandchild, uncle, aunt, niece, relative by marriage, nephew, cousin, or relative of a current or prior vendor who has a debt owed to the Illinois Department and no payment arrangements acceptable to the Illinois Department have been made.
- (6) There is a credible allegation that the applicant's previous affiliations with a provider of medical services that has an uncollected debt, a provider that has been or is subject to a payment suspension under a federal health care program, or a provider that has been previously excluded from participation in the medical assistance program, poses a risk of fraud, waste, or abuse to the Illinois Department.

As used in this subsection, "credible allegation" is defined to include an allegation from any source, including, but not limited to, fraud hotline complaints, claims data mining, patterns identified through provider audits, civil actions filed under the Illinois False Claims Act, and law enforcement investigations. An allegation is considered to be credible when it has indicia of reliability.

- (B) The Illinois Department shall deny, suspend or terminate the eligibility of any person, firm, corporation, association, agency, institution or other legal entity to participate as a vendor of goods or services to recipients under the medical assistance program under Article V, or may exclude any such person or entity from participation as such a vendor:
- (1) immediately, if such vendor is not properly licensed, certified, or authorized;
  - (2) within 30 days of the date when such vendor's professional license, certification or other authorization has been refused renewal, restricted, revoked, suspended, or otherwise terminated; or
  - (3) if such vendor has been convicted of a violation of this Code, as provided in Article VIIIA.
- (C) Upon termination, suspension, or exclusion of a vendor of goods or services from participation in the medical assistance program authorized by this Article, a person with management responsibility for such vendor during the time of

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any conduct which served as the basis for that vendor's termination, suspension, or exclusion is barred from participation in the medical assistance program.

Upon termination, suspension, or exclusion of a corporate vendor, the officers and persons owning, directly indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in the vendor during the time of any served as the basis for that which vendor's conduct termination, suspension, or exclusion are barred from participation in the medical assistance program. A person who owns, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a terminated, suspended, or excluded vendor may not transfer his or her ownership interest in that vendor to his or her spouse, child, brother, sister, parent, grandparent, grandchild, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew, cousin, or relative by marriage.

Upon termination, suspension, or exclusion of a sole proprietorship or partnership, the owner or partners during the time of any conduct which served as the basis for that vendor's termination, suspension, or exclusion are barred from participation in the medical assistance program. The owner of a terminated, suspended, or excluded vendor that is a sole proprietorship, and a partner in a terminated, suspended, or excluded vendor that is a partnership, may not transfer his or her ownership or partnership interest in that vendor to his or her spouse, child, brother, sister, parent, grandparent,

1 grandchild, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew, cousin, or relative by

2 marriage.

A person who owns, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate or limited liability company vendor who owes a debt to the Department, if that vendor has not made payment arrangements acceptable to the Department, shall not transfer his or her ownership interest in that vendor, or vendor assets of any kind, to his or her spouse, child, brother, sister, parent, grandparent, grandchild, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew, cousin, or relative by marriage.

Rules adopted by the Illinois Department to implement these provisions shall specifically include a definition of the term "management responsibility" as used in this Section. Such definition shall include, but not be limited to, typical job titles, and duties and descriptions which will be considered as within the definition of individuals with management responsibility for a provider.

A vendor or a prior vendor who has been terminated, excluded, or suspended from the medical assistance program, or from another state or federal medical assistance or health care program, and any individual currently or previously barred from the medical assistance program, or from another state or federal medical assistance or health care program, as a result of being an officer or a person owning, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of

ownership in a corporate or limited liability company vendor during the time of any conduct which served as the basis for that vendor's termination, suspension, or exclusion, may be required to post a surety bond as part of a condition of enrollment or participation in the medical assistance program. The Illinois Department shall establish, by rule, the criteria and requirements for determining when a surety bond must be posted and the value of the bond.

A vendor or a prior vendor who has a debt owed to the Illinois Department and any individual currently or previously barred from the medical assistance program, or from another state or federal medical assistance or health care program, as a result of being an officer or a person owning, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in that corporate or limited liability company vendor during the time of any conduct which served as the basis for the debt, may be required to post a surety bond as part of a condition of enrollment or participation in the medical assistance program. The Illinois Department shall establish, by rule, the criteria and requirements for determining when a surety bond must be posted and the value of the bond.

(D) If a vendor has been suspended from the medical assistance program under Article V of the Code, the Director may require that such vendor correct any deficiencies which served as the basis for the suspension. The Director shall

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specify in the suspension order a specific period of time, which shall not exceed one year from the date of the order, during which a suspended vendor shall not be eligible to participate. At the conclusion of the period of suspension the Director shall reinstate such vendor, unless he finds that such vendor has not corrected deficiencies upon which the suspension was based.

If a vendor has been terminated, suspended, or excluded from the medical assistance program under Article V, such vendor shall be barred from participation for at least one year, except that if a vendor has been terminated, suspended, or excluded based on a conviction of a violation of Article VIIIA or a conviction of a felony based on fraud or a willful misrepresentation related to (i) the medical assistance program under Article V, (ii) a federal or another state's medical assistance or health care program, or (iii) the provision of health care services, then the vendor shall be barred from participation for 5 years or for the length of the vendor's sentence for that conviction, whichever is longer. At the end of one year a vendor who has been terminated, suspended, or excluded may apply for reinstatement to the program. Upon proper application to be reinstated such vendor may be deemed eligible by the Director providing that such vendor meets the requirements for eligibility under this Code. If such vendor is deemed not eligible for reinstatement, he shall be barred from again applying for reinstatement for one

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year from the date his application for reinstatement is denied.

A vendor whose termination, suspension, or exclusion from participation in the Illinois medical assistance program under Article V was based solely on an action by a governmental entity other than the Illinois Department may, reinstatement by that governmental entity or upon reversal of termination, suspension, or exclusion, apply rescission of the termination, suspension, or exclusion from participation in the Illinois medical assistance program. Upon proper application for rescission, the vendor may be deemed eligible by the Director if the vendor meets the requirements for eligibility under this Code.

If a vendor has been terminated, suspended, or excluded and reinstated to the medical assistance program under Article V and the vendor is terminated, suspended, or excluded a second or subsequent time from the medical assistance program, the vendor shall be barred from participation for at least 2 years, except that if a vendor has been terminated, suspended, or excluded a second time based on a conviction of a violation of Article VIIIA or a conviction of a felony based on fraud or a willful misrepresentation related to (i) the medical assistance program under Article V, (ii) a federal or another state's medical assistance or health care program, or (iii) the provision of health care services, then the vendor shall be barred from participation for life. At the end of 2 years, a vendor who has been terminated, suspended, or excluded may

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apply for reinstatement to the program. Upon application to be reinstated, the vendor may be deemed eligible if the vendor meets the requirements for eligibility under this Code. If the vendor is deemed not eligible for reinstatement, the vendor shall be barred from again applying for reinstatement for 2 years from the date the vendor's application for reinstatement is denied.

- (E) The Illinois Department may recover money improperly or erroneously paid, or overpayments, either by setoff, crediting against future billings or by requiring direct repayment to the Illinois Department. The Illinois Department may suspend or deny payment, in whole or in part, if such payment would be improper or erroneous or would otherwise result in overpayment.
  - (1) Payments may be suspended, denied, or recovered from a vendor or alternate payee: (i) for services rendered violation of the Illinois Department's provider notices, statutes, rules, and regulations; (ii) services rendered in violation of the terms and conditions prescribed by the Illinois Department in its vendor agreement; (iii) for any vendor who fails to grant the Office of the Medicaid Inspector General timely access to full and complete records, including, but not limited to, relating to recipients under records t.he medical assistance program for the most recent 6 years, in accordance with Section 140.28 of Title 89 of the Illinois Administrative Code, and other information for the purpose

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of audits, investigations, or other program integrity functions, after reasonable written request by the Medicaid Inspector General; this subsection (E) does not require vendors to make available the medical records of patients for whom services are not reimbursed under this Code or to provide access to medical records more than 6 years old; (iv) when the vendor has knowingly made, or caused to be made, any false statement or representation of a material fact in connection with the administration of the medical assistance program; or (v) when the vendor previously rendered services while terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation in the medical assistance program or while terminated or excluded from participation in another state or federal medical assistance or health care program.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a taxpayer identification number vendor has the same (assigned under Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) as is assigned to a vendor with past-due financial obligations to the Illinois Department, the Illinois Department may make any necessary adjustments to payments that vendor in order to satisfy any past-due obligations, regardless of whether the vendor is assigned a different billing number under the medical assistance program.

(E-5) Civil monetary penalties.

- (1) As used in this subsection (E-5):
  - (a) "Knowingly" means that a person, with respect to information: (i) has actual knowledge of the information; (ii) acts in deliberate ignorance of the truth or falsity of the information; or (iii) acts in reckless disregard of the truth or falsity of the information. No proof of specific intent to defraud is required.
  - (b) "Overpayment" means any funds that a person receives or retains from the medical assistance program to which the person, after applicable reconciliation, is not entitled under this Code.
  - (c) "Remuneration" means the offer or transfer of items or services for free or for other than fair market value by a person; however, remuneration does not include items or services of a nominal value of no more than \$10 per item or service, or \$50 in the aggregate on an annual basis, or any other offer or transfer of items or services as determined by the Department.
  - (d) "Should know" means that a person, with respect to information: (i) acts in deliberate ignorance of the truth or falsity of the information; or (ii) acts in reckless disregard of the truth or falsity of the information. No proof of specific intent to defraud is required.

1	(2) Any person (including a vendor, provider,
2	organization, agency, or other entity, or an alternate
3	payee thereof, but excluding a recipient) who:
4	(a) knowingly presents or causes to be presented to
5	an officer, employee, or agent of the State, a claim
6	that the Department determines:
7	(i) is for a medical or other item or service
8	that the person knows or should know was not
9	provided as claimed, including any person who
10	engages in a pattern or practice of presenting or
11	causing to be presented a claim for an item or
12	service that is based on a code that the person
13	knows or should know will result in a greater
14	payment to the person than the code the person
15	knows or should know is applicable to the item or
16	service actually provided;
17	(ii) is for a medical or other item or service
18	and the person knows or should know that the claim
19	is false or fraudulent;
20	(iii) is presented for a vendor physician's
21	service, or an item or service incident to a vendor
22	physician's service, by a person who knows or
23	should know that the individual who furnished, or
24	supervised the furnishing of, the service:
25	(AA) was not licensed as a physician;
26	(BB) was licensed as a physician but such

1	license had been obtained through a
2	misrepresentation of material fact (including
3	cheating on an examination required for
4	licensing); or
5	(CC) represented to the patient at the
6	time the service was furnished that the
7	physician was certified in a medical specialty
8	by a medical specialty board, when the
9	individual was not so certified;
10	(iv) is for a medical or other item or service
11	furnished during a period in which the person was
12	excluded from the medical assistance program or a
13	federal or state health care program under which
14	the claim was made pursuant to applicable law; or
15	(v) is for a pattern of medical or other items
16	or services that a person knows or should know are
17	not medically necessary;
18	(b) knowingly presents or causes to be presented to
19	any person a request for payment which is in violation
20	of the conditions for receipt of vendor payments under
21	the medical assistance program under Section 11-13 of
22	this Code;
23	(c) knowingly gives or causes to be given to any
24	person, with respect to medical assistance program
25	coverage of inpatient hospital services, information
26	that he or she knows or should know is false or

misleading, and that could reasonably be expected to influence the decision when to discharge such person or other individual from the hospital;

- (d) in the case of a person who is not an organization, agency, or other entity, is excluded from participating in the medical assistance program or a federal or state health care program and who, at the time of a violation of this subsection (E-5):
  - (i) retains a direct or indirect ownership or control interest in an entity that is participating in the medical assistance program or a federal or state health care program, and who knows or should know of the action constituting the basis for the exclusion; or
  - (ii) is an officer or managing employee of such
    an entity;
- (e) offers or transfers remuneration to any individual eligible for benefits under the medical assistance program that such person knows or should know is likely to influence such individual to order or receive from a particular vendor, provider, practitioner, or supplier any item or service for which payment may be made, in whole or in part, under the medical assistance program;
- (f) arranges or contracts (by employment or otherwise) with an individual or entity that the person

knows or should know is excluded from participation in the medical assistance program or a federal or state health care program, for the provision of items or services for which payment may be made under such a program;

- (g) commits an act described in subsection (b) or
  (c) of Section 8A-3;
- (h) knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used, a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent claim for payment for items and services furnished under the medical assistance program;
- (i) fails to grant timely access, upon reasonable request (as defined by the Department by rule), to the <a href="Medicaid">Medicaid</a> Inspector General, for the purpose of audits, investigations, evaluations, or other statutory functions of the <a href="Medicaid">Medicaid</a> Inspector General of the Department;
- (j) orders or prescribes a medical or other item or service during a period in which the person was excluded from the medical assistance program or a federal or state health care program, in the case where the person knows or should know that a claim for such medical or other item or service will be made under such a program;
- (k) knowingly makes or causes to be made any false statement, omission, or misrepresentation of a

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material fact in any application, bid, or contract to participate or enroll as a vendor or provider of services or a supplier under the medical assistance program;

(1) knows of an overpayment and does not report and return the overpayment to the Department in accordance with paragraph (6);

shall be subject, in addition to any other penalties that may be prescribed by law, to a civil money penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each item or service (or, in cases under subparagraph (c), \$15,000 for each individual with respect to whom false or misleading information was given; in cases under subparagraph (d), \$10,000 for each day the prohibited relationship occurs; in cases subparagraph (g), \$50,000 for each such act; in cases under subparagraph (h), \$50,000 for each false record statement; in cases under subparagraph (i), \$15,000 for each day of the failure described in such subparagraph; or in cases under subparagraph (k), \$50,000 for each false statement, omission, or misrepresentation of a material fact). In addition, such a person shall be subject to an assessment of not more than 3 times the amount claimed for each such item or service in lieu of damages sustained by the State because of such claim (or, in cases under subparagraph (g), damages of not more than 3 times the total amount of remuneration offered, paid, solicited, or

received, without regard to whether a portion of such remuneration was offered, paid, solicited, or received for a lawful purpose; or in cases under subparagraph (k), an assessment of not more than 3 times the total amount claimed for each item or service for which payment was made based upon the application, bid, or contract containing the false statement, omission, or misrepresentation of a material fact).

- (3) In addition, the Director or his or her designee may make a determination in the same proceeding to exclude, terminate, suspend, or bar the person from participation in the medical assistance program.
- (4) The Illinois Department may seek the civil monetary penalties and exclusion, termination, suspension, or barment identified in this subsection (E-5). Prior to the imposition of any penalties or sanctions, the affected person shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing after reasonable notice. The Department shall establish hearing procedures by rule.
- (5) Any final order, decision, or other determination made, issued, or executed by the Director under the provisions of this subsection (E-5), whereby a person is aggrieved, shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Review Law, and the rules adopted pursuant thereto, which shall apply to and govern all proceedings for the judicial review of final

- 1 administrative decisions of the Director.
- 2 (6)(a) If a person has received an overpayment, the person shall:
  - (i) report and return the overpayment to the Department at the correct address; and
- 6 (ii) notify the Department in writing of the reason
  7 for the overpayment.
  - (b) An overpayment must be reported and returned under subparagraph (a) by the later of:
    - (i) the date which is 60 days after the date on which the overpayment was identified; or
- (ii) the date any corresponding cost report is due,
  if applicable.
  - (E-10) A vendor who disputes an overpayment identified as part of a Department audit shall utilize the Department's self-referral disclosure protocol as set forth under this Code to identify, investigate, and return to the Department any undisputed audit overpayment amount. Unless the disputed overpayment amount is subject to a fraud payment suspension, or involves a termination sanction, the Department shall defer the recovery of the disputed overpayment amount up to one year after the date of the Department's final audit determination, or earlier, or as required by State or federal law. If the administrative hearing extends beyond one year, and such delay was not caused by the request of the vendor, then the Department shall not recover the disputed overpayment amount

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until the date of the final administrative decision. If a final administrative decision disputed establishes that the overpayment amount is owed to the Department, then the amount shall be immediately due to the Department. The Department shall be entitled to recover interest from the vendor on the overpayment amount from the date of the overpayment through the date the vendor returns the overpayment to the Department at a rate not to exceed the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate, as published from time to time, but not to exceed 5%. Any interest billed by the Department shall be due immediately upon receipt of the Department's billing statement.

(F) The Illinois Department may withhold payments to any vendor or alternate payee prior to or during the pendency of any audit or proceeding under this Section, and through the pendency of any administrative appeal or administrative review by any court proceeding. The Illinois Department shall state by rule with as much specificity as practicable the conditions under which payments will not be withheld under this Section. Payments may be denied for bills submitted with service dates occurring during the pendency of a proceeding, after a final decision has been rendered, or after the conclusion of any administrative appeal, where the final administrative decision is to terminate, exclude, or suspend eligibility to participate in the medical assistance program. The Illinois Department shall state by rule with as much specificity as practicable the conditions under which payments will not be denied for such

bills. The Illinois Department shall state by rule a process and criteria by which a vendor or alternate payee may request full or partial release of payments withheld under this subsection. The Department must complete a proceeding under this Section in a timely manner.

Notwithstanding recovery allowed under subsection (E) or this subsection (F), the Illinois Department may withhold payments to any vendor or alternate payee who is not properly licensed, certified, or in compliance with State or federal agency regulations. Payments may be denied for bills submitted with service dates occurring during the period of time that a vendor is not properly licensed, certified, or in compliance with State or federal regulations. Facilities licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act shall have payments denied or withheld pursuant to subsection (I) of this Section.

(F-5) The Illinois Department may temporarily withhold payments to a vendor or alternate payee if any of the following individuals have been indicted or otherwise charged under a law of the United States or this or any other state with an offense that is based on alleged fraud or willful misrepresentation on the part of the individual related to (i) the medical assistance program under Article V of this Code, (ii) a federal or another state's medical assistance or health care program, or (iii) the provision of health care services:

(1) If the vendor or alternate payee is a corporation: an officer of the corporation or an individual who owns,

- either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidence of ownership of the corporation.
  - (2) If the vendor is a sole proprietorship: the owner of the sole proprietorship.
  - (3) If the vendor or alternate payee is a partnership: a partner in the partnership.
  - (4) If the vendor or alternate payee is any other business entity authorized by law to transact business in this State: an officer of the entity or an individual who owns, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the evidences of ownership of the entity.

If the Illinois Department withholds payments to a vendor or alternate payee under this subsection, the Department shall not release those payments to the vendor or alternate payee while any criminal proceeding related to the indictment or charge is pending unless the Department determines that there is good cause to release the payments before completion of the proceeding. If the indictment or charge results in the individual's conviction, the Illinois Department shall retain all withheld payments, which shall be considered forfeited to the Department. If the indictment or charge does not result in the individual's conviction, the Illinois Department shall release to the vendor or alternate payee all withheld payments.

(F-10) If the Illinois Department establishes that the vendor or alternate payee owes a debt to the Illinois Department, and the vendor or alternate payee subsequently

fails to pay or make satisfactory payment arrangements with the Illinois Department for the debt owed, the Illinois Department may seek all remedies available under the law of this State to recover the debt, including, but not limited to, wage garnishment or the filing of claims or liens against the vendor or alternate payee.

(F-15) Enforcement of judgment.

- (1) Any fine, recovery amount, other sanction, or costs imposed, or part of any fine, recovery amount, other sanction, or cost imposed, remaining unpaid after the exhaustion of or the failure to exhaust judicial review procedures under the Illinois Administrative Review Law is a debt due and owing the State and may be collected using all remedies available under the law.
- (2) After expiration of the period in which judicial review under the Illinois Administrative Review Law may be sought for a final administrative decision, unless stayed by a court of competent jurisdiction, the findings, decision, and order of the Director may be enforced in the same manner as a judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (3) In any case in which any person or entity has failed to comply with a judgment ordering or imposing any fine or other sanction, any expenses incurred by the Illinois Department to enforce the judgment, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, court costs, and costs

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related to property demolition or foreclosure, after they are fixed by a court of competent jurisdiction or the Director, shall be a debt due and owing the State and may be collected in accordance with applicable law. Prior to any expenses being fixed by a final administrative decision (F-15), to this subsection the Department shall provide notice to the individual or entity that states that the individual or entity shall appear at a hearing before the administrative hearing officer to determine whether the individual or entity has failed to comply with the judgment. The notice shall set the date for such a hearing, which shall not be less than 7 days from the date that notice is served. If notice is served by mail, the 7-day period shall begin to run on the date that

(4) Upon being recorded in the manner required by Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure or by the Uniform Commercial Code, a lien shall be imposed on the real estate or personal estate, or both, of the individual or entity in the amount of any debt due and owing the State under this Section. The lien may be enforced in the same manner as a judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction. A lien shall attach to all property and assets of such person, firm, corporation, association, agency, institution, or other legal entity until the judgment is satisfied.

the notice was deposited in the mail.

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- (5) The Director may set aside any judgment entered by default and set a new hearing date upon a petition filed at any time (i) if the petitioner's failure to appear at the hearing was for good cause, or (ii) if the petitioner established that the Department did not provide proper service of process. If any judgment is set aside pursuant to this paragraph (5), the hearing officer shall have authority to enter an order extinguishing any lien which has been recorded for any debt due and owing the Illinois Department as a result of the vacated default judgment.
- (G) The provisions of the Administrative Review Law, as now or hereafter amended, and the rules adopted pursuant thereto, shall apply to and govern all proceedings for the judicial review of final administrative decisions of the Illinois Department under this Section. The term "administrative decision" is defined as in Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (G-5) Vendors who pose a risk of fraud, waste, abuse, or harm.
  - Notwithstanding any other provision in this Section, the Department may terminate, suspend, or exclude vendors who pose a risk of fraud, waste, abuse, or harm from participation in the medical assistance program prior to an evidentiary hearing but after reasonable notice and opportunity to respond as established by the Department by rule.

- (2) Vendors who pose a risk of fraud, waste, abuse, or harm shall submit to a fingerprint-based criminal background check on current and future information available in the State system and current information available through the Federal Bureau of Investigation's system by submitting all necessary fees and information in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of State Police. The following individuals shall be subject to the check:
  - (A) In the case of a vendor that is a corporation, every shareholder who owns, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the outstanding shares of the corporation.
  - (B) In the case of a vendor that is a partnership, every partner.
  - (C) In the case of a vendor that is a sole proprietorship, the sole proprietor.
    - (D) Each officer or manager of the vendor.

Each such vendor shall be responsible for payment of the cost of the criminal background check.

- (3) Vendors who pose a risk of fraud, waste, abuse, or harm may be required to post a surety bond. The Department shall establish, by rule, the criteria and requirements for determining when a surety bond must be posted and the value of the bond.
- (4) The Department, or its agents, may refuse to accept requests for authorization from specific vendors who pose a

abuse, or 1 risk of fraud, waste, harm, including 2 prior-approval and post-approval requests, if: 3 (A) the Department has initiated a notice of termination, suspension, or exclusion of the vendor from participation in the medical assistance program; 6 or 7 (B) the Department has issued notification of its withholding of payments pursuant to subsection (F-5) 8 9 of this Section: or 10 (C) the Department has issued a notification of its 11 withholding of payments due to reliable evidence of 12 fraud willful or misrepresentation pending 13 investigation. (5) As used in this subsection, the following terms are 14 15 defined as follows: 16 (A) "Fraud" means an intentional deception or 17 misrepresentation made by a person with the knowledge that the deception could result in some unauthorized 18 benefit to himself or herself or some other person. It 19 20 includes any act that constitutes fraud under 21 applicable federal or State law. 22 (B) "Abuse" means provider practices that 23 inconsistent with sound fiscal, business, or medical 24 practices and that result in an unnecessary cost to the 25 medical assistance program or in reimbursement for

services that are not medically necessary or that fail

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to meet professionally recognized standards for health care. It also includes recipient practices that result in unnecessary cost to the medical assistance program. Abuse does not include diagnostic or therapeutic measures conducted primarily as a safeguard against possible vendor liability.

- (C) "Waste" means the unintentional misuse of medical assistance resources, resulting in unnecessary cost to the medical assistance program. Waste does not include diagnostic or therapeutic measures conducted primarily as a safeguard against possible vendor liability.
- (D) "Harm" means physical, mental, or monetary damage to recipients or to the medical assistance program.
- (G-6) The Illinois Department, upon making a determination based upon information in the possession of the Illinois Department that continuation of participation in the medical assistance program by a vendor would constitute an immediate danger to the public, may immediately suspend such vendor's participation in the medical assistance program without a hearing. In instances in which the Illinois Department suspends the medical immediately assistance program participation of a vendor under this Section, a hearing upon the vendor's participation must be convened by the Illinois Department within 15 days after such suspension and completed

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- without appreciable delay. Such hearing shall be held to determine whether to recommend to the Director that the vendor's medical assistance program participation be denied, terminated, suspended, placed on provisional status, or reinstated. In the hearing, any evidence relevant to the vendor constituting an immediate danger to the public may be introduced against such vendor; provided, however, that the vendor, or his or her counsel, shall have the opportunity to discredit, impeach, and submit evidence rebutting such evidence.
- (H) Nothing contained in this Code shall in any way limit or otherwise impair the authority or power of any State agency responsible for licensing of vendors.
  - (I) Based on a finding of noncompliance on the part of a nursing home with any requirement for certification under Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq. or 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396 et seq.), the Illinois Department may impose one or more of the following remedies after notice to the facility:
- 20 (1) Termination of the provider agreement.
- 21 (2) Temporary management.
- 22 (3) Denial of payment for new admissions.
- 23 (4) Civil money penalties.
- 24 (5) Closure of the facility in emergency situations or 25 transfer of residents, or both.
- 26 (6) State monitoring.

1 (7) Denial of all payments when the U.S. Department of 2 Health and Human Services has imposed this sanction.

The Illinois Department shall by rule establish criteria governing continued payments to a nursing facility subsequent to termination of the facility's provider agreement if, in the sole discretion of the Illinois Department, circumstances affecting the health, safety, and welfare of the facility's residents require those continued payments. The Illinois Department may condition those continued payments on the appointment of temporary management, sale of the facility to new owners or operators, or other arrangements that the Illinois Department determines best serve the needs of the facility's residents.

Except in the case of a facility that has a right to a hearing on the finding of noncompliance before an agency of the federal government, a facility may request a hearing before a State agency on any finding of noncompliance within 60 days after the notice of the intent to impose a remedy. Except in the case of civil money penalties, a request for a hearing shall not delay imposition of the penalty. The choice of remedies is not appealable at a hearing. The level of noncompliance may be challenged only in the case of a civil money penalty. The Illinois Department shall provide by rule for the State agency that will conduct the evidentiary hearings.

The Illinois Department may collect interest on unpaid

- 1 civil money penalties.
- The Illinois Department may adopt all rules necessary to implement this subsection (I).
  - (J) The Illinois Department, by rule, may permit individual practitioners to designate that Department payments that may be due the practitioner be made to an alternate payee or alternate payees.
    - (a) Such alternate payee or alternate payees shall be required to register as an alternate payee in the Medical Assistance Program with the Illinois Department.
    - (b) If a practitioner designates an alternate payee, the alternate payee and practitioner shall be jointly and severally liable to the Department for payments made to the alternate payee. Pursuant to subsection (E) of this Section, any Department action to suspend or deny payment or recover money or overpayments from an alternate payee shall be subject to an administrative hearing.
    - (c) Registration as an alternate payee or alternate payees in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program shall be conditional. At any time, the Illinois Department may deny or cancel any alternate payee's registration in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program without cause. Any such denial or cancellation is not subject to an administrative hearing.
    - (d) The Illinois Department may seek a revocation of any alternate payee, and all owners, officers, and

individuals with management responsibility for such alternate payee shall be permanently prohibited from participating as an owner, an officer, or an individual with management responsibility with an alternate payee in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program, if after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing the Illinois Department finds that:

- (1) the alternate payee is not complying with the Department's policy or rules and regulations, or with the terms and conditions prescribed by the Illinois Department in its alternate payee registration agreement; or
- (2) the alternate payee has failed to keep or make available for inspection, audit, or copying, after receiving a written request from the Illinois Department, such records regarding payments claimed as an alternate payee; or
- (3) the alternate payee has failed to furnish any information requested by the Illinois Department regarding payments claimed as an alternate payee; or
- (4) the alternate payee has knowingly made, or caused to be made, any false statement or representation of a material fact in connection with the administration of the Illinois Medical Assistance Program; or
  - (5) the alternate payee, a person with management

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responsibility for an alternate payee, an officer or person owning, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate alternate payee, or a partner in a partnership which is an alternate payee:

- (a) was previously terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation as a vendor in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program, was previously revoked as an alternate payee in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program, was terminated, suspended, excluded from or participation as a vendor in a medical assistance program in another state that is of the same kind as the program of medical assistance provided under Article V of this Code; or
- (b) was а person with management responsibility for a vendor previously terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation as a vendor in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program, or was previously revoked as an alternate payee in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program, or was terminated, suspended, excluded or from participation as a vendor in a medical assistance program in another state that is of the same kind as the program of medical assistance provided under Article V of this Code, during the time of

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conduct which was the basis for that vendor's termination, suspension, or exclusion or alternate payee's revocation; or

- (c) was an officer, or person owning, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership corporate vendor previously terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation as a vendor in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program, or was previously revoked as an alternate payee in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program, was suspended, terminated, or excluded from participation as a vendor in a medical assistance program in another state that is of the same kind as the program of medical assistance provided under Article V of this Code, during the time of conduct which was the basis for that vendor's termination, suspension, or exclusion; or
- (d) was an owner of a sole proprietorship or partner in a partnership previously terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation as a vendor in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program, or was previously revoked as an alternate payee in the Illinois Medical Assistance Program, or was terminated, suspended, or excluded from participation as a vendor in a medical assistance

Assistance

management

program in another state that is of the same kind 1 2 as the program of medical assistance provided 3 under Article V of this Code, during the time of conduct which was the basis for that vendor's termination, suspension, or exclusion or alternate 6 payee's revocation; or 7 (6) the alternate payee, a person with management responsibility for an alternate payee, an officer or 8 9 person owning, either directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of 10 11 ownership in a corporate alternate payee, or a partner 12 in a partnership which is an alternate payee: 13 has engaged in conduct prohibited by 14 applicable federal or State law or regulation 15 relating to the Illinois Medical 16 Program; or 17 (b) person with was а responsibility for a vendor or alternate payee at 18 19 the time that the vendor or alternate payee engaged 20 in practices prohibited by applicable federal or 21 State law or regulation relating to the Illinois 22 Medical Assistance Program; or 23 (c) was an officer, or person owning, either 24 directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the shares of 25 stock or other evidences of ownership in a vendor 26 or alternate payee at the time such vendor or

alternate payee engaged in practices prohibited by applicable federal or State law or regulation relating to the Illinois Medical Assistance Program; or

- (d) was an owner of a sole proprietorship or partner in a partnership which was a vendor or alternate payee at the time such vendor or alternate payee engaged in practices prohibited by applicable federal or State law or regulation relating to the Illinois Medical Assistance Program; or
- or alternate payee (including the ownership of a vendor or alternate payee that is a partner's interest in a vendor or alternate payee, or ownership of 5% or more of the shares of stock or other evidences of ownership in a corporate vendor or alternate payee) has been transferred by an individual who is terminated, suspended, or excluded or barred from participating as a vendor or is prohibited or revoked as an alternate payee to the individual's spouse, child, brother, sister, parent, grandparent, grandchild, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew, cousin, or relative by marriage.
- (K) The Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services may withhold payments, in whole or in part, to a provider or alternate payee where there is credible evidence,

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received from State or federal law enforcement or federal oversight agencies or from the results of a preliminary Department audit, that the circumstances giving rise to the need for a withholding of payments may involve fraud or willful misrepresentation under the Illinois Medical program. The Department shall by rule define what constitutes "credible" evidence for purposes of this subsection. Department may withhold payments without first notifying the provider or alternate payee of its intention to withhold such payments. A provider or alternate payee may request reconsideration of payment withholding, and the Department must grant such a request. The Department shall state by rule a process and criteria by which a provider or alternate payee may request full or partial release of payments withheld under this subsection. This request may be made at any time after the Department first withholds such payments.

- (a) The Illinois Department must send notice of its withholding of program payments within 5 days of taking such action. The notice must set forth the general allegations as to the nature of the withholding action, but need not disclose any specific information concerning its ongoing investigation. The notice must do all of the following:
  - (1) State that payments are being withheld in accordance with this subsection.
    - (2) State that the withholding is for a temporary

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period, as stated in paragraph (b) of this subsection, 1 2 and cite the circumstances under which withholding will be terminated. 3 (3) Specify, when appropriate, which type or types of Medicaid claims withholding is effective. (4) Inform the provider or alternate payee of the 6 7 right to submit written evidence for reconsideration of the withholding by the Illinois Department. 8 9 (5) Inform the provider or alternate payee that a 10 written request may be made to the Illinois Department 11 for full or partial release of withheld payments and 12 that such requests may be made at any time after the 13 Department first withholds such payments. 14 (b) All withholding-of-payment actions under this 15 subsection shall be temporary and shall not continue after 16 any of the following: 17 (1) The Illinois Department or the prosecuting authorities determine that there is insufficient 18 19 evidence of fraud or willful misrepresentation by the 20 provider or alternate payee. (2) Legal proceedings related to the provider's or 21 22 alternate payee's alleged fraud, willful 23 misrepresentation, violations this of Act, violations of the Illinois Department's administrative 24

(3) The withholding of payments for a period of 3

rules are completed.

1 years.

- 2 (c) The Illinois Department may adopt all rules 3 necessary to implement this subsection (K).
- (K-5) The Illinois Department may withhold payments, in 4 5 whole or in part, to a provider or alternate payee upon initiation of an audit, quality of care review, investigation 6 7 when there is a credible allegation of fraud, or the provider 8 or alternate payee demonstrating a clear failure to cooperate 9 with the Illinois Department such that the circumstances give 10 rise to the need for a withholding of payments. As used in this 11 subsection, "credible allegation" is defined to include an 12 allegation from any source, including, but not limited to, 13 fraud hotline complaints, claims data mining, identified through provider audits, civil actions filed under 14 15 Illinois False Claims Act, and law enforcement 16 investigations. An allegation is considered to be credible when 17 it has indicia of reliability. The Illinois Department may withhold payments without first notifying the provider or 18 alternate payee of its intention to withhold such payments. A 19 20 provider or alternate payee may request a hearing or a 21 reconsideration of payment withholding, and the Illinois 22 Department must grant such a request. The Illinois Department 23 shall state by rule a process and criteria by which a provider or alternate payee may request a hearing or a reconsideration 24 25 for the full or partial release of payments withheld under this 26 subsection. This request may be made at any time after the

- 1 Illinois Department first withholds such payments.
  - (a) The Illinois Department must send notice of its withholding of program payments within 5 days of taking such action. The notice must set forth the general allegations as to the nature of the withholding action but need not disclose any specific information concerning its ongoing investigation. The notice must do all of the following:
    - (1) State that payments are being withheld in accordance with this subsection.
    - (2) State that the withholding is for a temporary period, as stated in paragraph (b) of this subsection, and cite the circumstances under which withholding will be terminated.
    - (3) Specify, when appropriate, which type or types of claims are withheld.
    - (4) Inform the provider or alternate payee of the right to request a hearing or a reconsideration of the withholding by the Illinois Department, including the ability to submit written evidence.
    - (5) Inform the provider or alternate payee that a written request may be made to the Illinois Department for a hearing or a reconsideration for the full or partial release of withheld payments and that such requests may be made at any time after the Illinois Department first withholds such payments.

- (b) All withholding of payment actions under this subsection shall be temporary and shall not continue after any of the following:
  - (1) The Illinois Department determines that there is insufficient evidence of fraud, or the provider or alternate payee demonstrates clear cooperation with the Illinois Department, as determined by the Illinois Department, such that the circumstances do not give rise to the need for withholding of payments; or
  - (2) The withholding of payments has lasted for a period in excess of 3 years.
- (c) The Illinois Department may adopt all rules necessary to implement this subsection (K-5).
- (L) The Illinois Department shall establish a protocol to enable health care providers to disclose an actual or potential violation of this Section pursuant to a self-referral disclosure protocol, referred to in this subsection as "the protocol". The protocol shall include direction for health care providers on a specific person, official, or office to whom such disclosures shall be made. The Illinois Department shall post information on the protocol on the Illinois Department's public website. The Illinois Department may adopt rules necessary to implement this subsection (L). In addition to other factors that the Illinois Department finds appropriate, the Illinois Department may consider a health care provider's timely use or failure to use the protocol in considering the

- 1 provider's failure to comply with this Code.
- 2 (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, the
- 3 Illinois Department, at its discretion, may exempt an entity
- 4 licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act and the ID/DD
- 5 Community Care Act from the provisions of subsections (A-15),
- 6 (B), and (C) of this Section if the licensed entity is in
- 7 receivership.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13;
- 9 98-214, eff. 8-9-13; 98-550, eff. 8-27-13; revised 9-19-13.)
- 10 (305 ILCS 5/12-4.25b) (from Ch. 23, par. 12-4.25b)
- 11 Sec. 12-4.25b. A vendor of physician services who is the
- 12 subject of medical quality review by the Illinois Department
- 13 shall have the right to record that portion of any Medical
- Quality Review Committee meeting or hearing with the Illinois
- Department, at which the vendor is present and participates.
- 16 The recording shall be privileged and confidential and shall
- 17 not be disclosed, except: (1) however if the Illinois
- 18 Department initiates action to deny, suspend or terminate the
- 19 vendor's participation in the Medicaid program, the recording
- 20 may be disclosed to an attorney or physician consultant to
- 21 prepare a defense, or (2) pursuant to an official request, the
- recording shall be disclosed to the Department of Financial and
- 23 Professional Regulation only for use in investigations and
- 24 <u>disciplinary action proceedings with regard to</u> a license.
- The Medicaid Inspector General, upon making a

determination based upon information in the possession of the 1 2 Department of Healthcare and Family Services or the Medicaid 3 Inspector General that continuation in practice of a licensed 4 health care professional may constitute a risk of harm to the 5 public, that the licensed health care professional's care is grossly inferior or in excess of needs, or that there is a 6 7 credible allegation of fraud by the licensed health care professional, shall submit a written communication to the 8 9 Secretary of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation indicating such determination and shall recommend 10 11 that the Secretary of the Department of Financial and 12 Professional Regulation investigate such person's license. All 13 relevant evidence, or copies thereof, in the Illinois 14 Department's possession may also be submitted in conjunction with the written communication. A copy of such written 15 16 communication is exempt from the copying and inspection 17 provisions of the Freedom of Information Act.

(Source: P.A. 87-399.) 18

19 (305 ILCS 5/12-4.40)

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Sec. 12-4.40. Payment Recapture Audits. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services is authorized to contract with third-party entities to conduct Payment Recapture Audits to detect and recapture payments made in error or as a result of fraud or abuse. Payment Recapture Audits under this Section may be performed in conjunction with similar audits performed under

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1 federal authorization.

A Payment Recapture Audit shall include the process of identifying improper payments paid to providers or other entities whereby accounting specialists and fraud examination specialists examine payment records and uncover such problems as duplicate payments, payments for services not rendered, overpayments, payments for unauthorized services, and fictitious vendors. This audit may include the use of professional and specialized auditors on a contingency basis, with compensation tied to the identification of misspent funds.

The use of Payment Recapture Audits does not preclude the

- Office of the <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General or any other authorized agency employee from performing activities to identify and prevent improper payments.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 96-942, eff. 6-25-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)
- 16 (305 ILCS 5/12-13.1)
- 17 Sec. 12-13.1. Medicaid Inspector General.
- (a) The Governor shall appoint, and the Senate shall confirm, a Medicaid an Inspector General who shall function within the Illinois Department of Public Aid (now Healthcare and Family Services) and report to the Governor. The term of the Medicaid Inspector General shall expire on the third Monday of January, 1997 and every 4 years thereafter.
- 24 (b) In order to prevent, detect, and eliminate fraud, 25 waste, abuse, mismanagement, and misconduct, the Medicaid

- General shall oversee the program integrity Inspector functions of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services and the Medicaid funded programs of Services' and the Department on Aging and Aging's the Department of Human Services. Program integrity functions, which include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - (1) Investigation of misconduct by employees, vendors, contractors, and medical providers, except for allegations of violations of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act which shall be referred to the Office of the Governor's Executive Inspector General for investigation.
  - (2) Prepayment and post-payment audits of medical providers related to ensuring that appropriate payments are made for services rendered and to the prevention and recovery of overpayments.
  - (3) Monitoring of quality assurance programs administered by the <u>Department of Healthcare and Family Services</u>, the <u>Department on Aging</u>, and the <u>Department of Human Services</u> <del>Department of Healthcare and Family Services and the Community Care Program administered by the Department on Aging</del>.
  - (4) Quality control measurements of the programs administered by the <u>Department of Healthcare and Family Services</u>, the <u>Department on Aging</u>, and the <u>Department of Human Services</u> <u>Department of Healthcare and Family Services and the Community Care Program administered by the </u>

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- violations committed by clients of the <u>Department of Healthcare and Family Services</u>, the <u>Department on Aging</u>, and the <u>Department of Human Services</u> <del>Department of Healthcare and Family Services and the Community Care Program administered by the Department on Aging</del>.
- (6) Actions initiated against contractors, vendors, or medical providers for any of the following reasons:
  - (A) Violations of the <u>programs</u> medical assistance program and the Community Care Program administered by the Department on Aging.
  - (B) Sanctions against providers brought in conjunction with the Department of Public Health or the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities).
  - (C) Recoveries of assessments against hospitals and long-term care facilities.
  - (D) Sanctions mandated by the United States

    Department of Health and Human Services against

    medical providers.
  - (E) Violations of contracts related to any programs administered by the <u>Department of Healthcare</u> and Family Services, the <u>Department on Aging</u>, and the Department of Human Services <del>Department of Healthcare</del>

and Family Services and the Community Care Program administered by the Department on Aging.

- (7) Representation of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services at hearings with the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation in actions taken against professional licenses held by persons who are in violation of orders for child support payments.
- (b-5) The Medicaid At the request of the Secretary of Human Services, the Inspector General shall, in relation to any function performed by the Department of Human Services as successor to the Department of Public Aid, exercise one or more of the powers provided under this Section as if those powers related to the Department of Human Services; in such matters, the Inspector General shall report his or her findings to the Secretary of Human Services and to the Directors of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services and the Department on Aging.
- (c) Notwithstanding, and in addition to, any other provision of law, the <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall have access to all information, personnel, and facilities of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, and the Department on Aging, (as successor to the Department of Public Aid), their employees, vendors, contractors, and <u>medical</u> providers and any federal, State, or local governmental agency that are necessary to perform the duties of the Office of the Medicaid Inspector

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General as directly related to public assistance programs administered by those departments. No medical provider shall be compelled, however, to provide individual medical records of patients who are not clients of the programs administered by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services. State and local governmental agencies are authorized and directed to provide the requested information, assistance, or cooperation.

For purposes of enhanced program integrity functions and oversight, and to the extent consistent with applicable information and privacy, security, and disclosure laws, State agencies and departments shall provide the Office of the Medicaid Inspector General access to confidential and other information and data, and the Medicaid Inspector General is authorized to enter into agreements with appropriate federal agencies and departments to secure similar data. This includes, but is not limited to, information pertaining to: licensure; certification; earnings; immigration status; citizenship; wage reporting; unearned and earned income; pension income; employment; supplemental security income; social security numbers; National Provider Identifier (NPI) numbers; the National Practitioner Data Bank (NPDB); program and agency exclusions; taxpayer identification numbers; tax delinquency; corporate information; and death records.

The <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall enter into agreements with State agencies and departments, and is authorized to enter into agreements with federal agencies and departments, under

which such agencies and departments shall share data necessary 1 2 for medical assistance program integrity functions 3 oversight. The Medicaid Inspector General shall enter into agreements with State agencies and departments, 5 authorized to enter into agreements with federal agencies and 6 departments, under which such agencies shall share data 7 necessary for recipient and vendor screening, review, and investigation, including but not limited to vendor payment and 8 9 recipient eligibility verification. The Medicaid Inspector 10 General shall develop, in cooperation with other State and 11 federal agencies and departments, and in compliance with 12 applicable federal laws and regulations, appropriate and 13 effective methods to share such data. The Medicaid Inspector 14 General shall enter into agreements with State agencies and 15 departments, and is authorized to enter into agreements with federal agencies and departments, including, but not limited 16 17 to: the Secretary of State; the Department of Revenue; the Department of Public Health; the Department of Human Services; 18 19 and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. 20 For purposes of enhanced program integrity functions and 21 oversight, and to the extent consistent with applicable 22 information and privacy, security, and disclosure laws, State 23 agencies and departments shall provide the Office of the 24 Medicaid Inspector General access to confidential and other 25 information and data necessary to perform the duties of the 26 Office upon receipt of a written request from the Medicaid

- - The <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall have the authority to deny payment, prevent overpayments, and recover overpayments.

The <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall have the authority to deny or suspend payment to, and deny, terminate, or suspend the eligibility of, any vendor who fails to grant the <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General timely access to full and complete records, including records of recipients under the medical assistance program for the most recent 6 years, in accordance with Section 140.28 of Title 89 of the Illinois Administrative Code, and other information for the purpose of audits, investigations, or other program integrity functions, after reasonable written request by the Medicaid Inspector General.

- (d) The <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall serve as the <u>Department of Healthcare and Family Services</u>, the <u>Department on Aging</u>, and the <u>Department of Human Services</u>' <u>Department of Healthcare and Family Services</u>' primary liaison with law enforcement, investigatory and prosecutorial agencies, including but not limited to the following:
  - (1) The Department of State Police.
  - (2) The Federal Bureau of Investigation and other federal law enforcement agencies.
    - (3) The various Inspectors General of federal agencies overseeing the programs administered by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.

- 1 (4) The various Inspectors General of any other State 2 agencies with responsibilities for portions of programs 3 primarily administered by the Department of Healthcare and 4 Family Services.
  - (5) The Offices of the several United States Attorneys in Illinois.
    - (6) The several State's Attorneys.
  - (7) The offices of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services that administer the Medicare and Medicaid integrity programs.
  - The <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall meet on a regular basis with these entities to share information regarding possible misconduct by any persons or entities involved with the public aid programs administered by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.
  - (e) All investigations conducted by the <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall be conducted in a manner that ensures the preservation of evidence for use in criminal prosecutions. If the <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General determines that a possible criminal act relating to fraud in the provision or administration of the medical assistance program has been committed, the <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall immediately notify the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit. If the <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General determines that a possible criminal act has been committed within the jurisdiction of the Office, the <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General may request the special expertise of

the Department of State Police. The <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General may present for prosecution the findings of any criminal investigation to the Office of the Attorney General, the Offices of the several United States Attorneys in Illinois or

the several State's Attorneys.

- (f) To carry out his or her duties as described in this Section, the Medicaid Inspector General and his or her designees shall have the power to compel by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, electronic records and papers as directly related to the medical public assistance programs administered by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services or the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Public Aid). No medical provider shall be compelled, however, to provide individual medical records of patients who are not clients of the Medical Assistance Program.
  - (g) The <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall report all convictions, terminations, and suspensions taken against vendors, contractors and medical providers to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services and to any agency responsible for licensing or regulating those persons or entities.
  - (h) The <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General shall make annual reports, findings, and recommendations regarding the Office's investigations into reports of fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, or misconduct relating to any programs administered by the Department of Healthcare and Family

- Services, or the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Public Aid), and the Department on Aging to the General Assembly and the Governor. These reports shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
  - (1) Aggregate provider billing and payment information, including the number of providers at various Medicaid earning levels.
  - (2) The number of audits of the medical assistance program and the dollar savings resulting from those audits.
  - (3) The number of prescriptions rejected annually under the Department of Healthcare and Family Services' Refill Too Soon program and the dollar savings resulting from that program.
  - (4) Provider sanctions, in the aggregate, including terminations and suspensions.
  - (5) A detailed summary of the investigations undertaken in the previous fiscal year. These summaries shall comply with all laws and rules regarding maintaining confidentiality in the public aid programs.
  - (i) Nothing in this Section shall limit investigations by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, or the Department on Aging that may otherwise be required by law or that may be necessary in their capacity as the central administrative authorities responsible for administration of their agency's programs in this State.

- 1 (j) The <u>Medicaid</u> Inspector General may issue shields or 2 other distinctive identification to his or her employees not 3 exercising the powers of a peace officer if the Inspector 4 General determines that a shield or distinctive identification 5 is needed by an employee to carry out his or her 6 responsibilities.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12; 98-8, eff. 5-3-13.)

1 INDEX 2 Statutes amended in order of appearance 225 ILCS 60/23 3 from Ch. 111, par. 4400-23 305 ILCS 5/5-16.10 5 305 ILCS 5/8A-12 305 ILCS 5/11-5.2 6 7 305 ILCS 5/11-5.4 305 ILCS 5/12-4.25 from Ch. 23, par. 12-4.25 8 305 ILCS 5/12-4.25b from Ch. 23, par. 12-4.25b 9 305 ILCS 5/12-4.40 10

11

305 ILCS 5/12-13.1