

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 SB2591

Introduced 5/31/2013, by Sen. Michael E. Hastings

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the State Universities Article of the Illinois Pension Code. Changes the definition of "effective rate of interest" for a fiscal year to the interest rate of 30-year United States Treasury bonds as of the beginning of that fiscal year, plus 75 basis points. Defines "Tier 1" and "Tier 3" participants and creates a new Tier 3 benefit program, applicable to all new participants and to Tier 2 participants who elect to participate, consisting of both a Tier 3 defined contribution component and a Tier 3 defined benefit component. Excludes Tier 3 participants from the portable benefit package and the self-managed plan. Imposes an additional contribution on Tier 1 participants, which increases incrementally until it reaches 2.0% of earnings; excludes these contributions from being considered under the Rule 2 money-purchase formula. Reduces the automatic annual increase in retirement annuity for Tier 1 participants to one-half of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index-u; increases the automatic annual increase in retirement annuity for Tier 3 participants over the Tier 2 level by compounding the increases and removing the 3% annual maximum. Adds 2 additional members to the Board of Trustees, to be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Also, beginning in 2015, converts 2 of the elected active participant positions on the Board into active participant positions appointed by the Governor. Includes a new benefit increase exemption. Also makes technical and conforming changes. Amends the State Mandates Act to require implementation without reimbursement. Contains a severability provision. Effective immediately.

LRB098 12404 EFG 46799 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

PENSION IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 1-160, 15-111, 15-125, 15-134.5, 15-136, 15-136.4,
- 6 15-157, 15-158.2, 15-159, 15-198, 20-121, 20-123, 20-124, and
- 7 20-125 and by adding Sections 15-103.4, 15-107.1, 15-107.2,
- 8 15-157.2, 15-158.5, and 15-158.6 as follows:
- 9 (40 ILCS 5/1-160)
- 10 Sec. 1-160. Provisions applicable to new hires.
- 11 (a) The provisions of this Section apply to a person who,
- on or after January 1, 2011, first becomes a member or a
- participant under any reciprocal retirement system or pension
- 14 fund established under this Code, other than a retirement
- system or pension fund established under Article 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,
- or 18 of this Code, notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 17 Code to the contrary, but do not apply to any self-managed plan
- 18 established under this Code, to any person with respect to
- 19 service as a sheriff's law enforcement employee under Article
- 20 7, or to any participant of the retirement plan established
- 21 under Section 22-101. With respect to a participant in the Tier
- 3 benefit package under Article 15 of this Code, this Section
- applies only to the defined benefit component of that Tier 3

benefit package and is subject to the modifications provided in Section 15-158.6.

- (b) "Final average salary" means the average monthly (or annual) salary obtained by dividing the total salary or earnings calculated under the Article applicable to the member or participant during the 96 consecutive months (or 8 consecutive years) of service within the last 120 months (or 10 years) of service in which the total salary or earnings calculated under the applicable Article was the highest by the number of months (or years) of service in that period. For the purposes of a person who first becomes a member or participant of any retirement system or pension fund to which this Section applies on or after January 1, 2011, in this Code, "final average salary" shall be substituted for the following:
 - (1) In Articles 7 (except for service as sheriff's law enforcement employees) and 15, "final rate of earnings".
 - (2) In Articles 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, "highest average annual salary for any 4 consecutive years within the last 10 years of service immediately preceding the date of withdrawal".
 - (3) In Article 13, "average final salary".
- (4) In Article 14, "final average compensation".
 - (5) In Article 17, "average salary".
- 24 (6) In Section 22-207, "wages or salary received by him at the date of retirement or discharge".
 - (b-5) Beginning on January 1, 2011, for all purposes under

this Code (including without limitation the calculation of benefits and employee contributions), the annual earnings, salary, or wages (based on the plan year) of a member or participant to whom this Section applies shall not exceed \$106,800; however, that amount shall annually thereafter be increased by the lesser of (i) 3% of that amount, including all previous adjustments, or (ii) one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, including all previous adjustments.

For the purposes of this Section, "consumer price index-u" means the index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor that measures the average change in prices of goods and services purchased by all urban consumers, United States city average, all items, 1982-84 = 100. The new amount resulting from each annual adjustment shall be determined by the Public Pension Division of the Department of Insurance and made available to the boards of the retirement systems and pension funds by November 1 of each year.

(c) A member or participant is entitled to a retirement annuity upon written application if he or she has attained age 67 and has at least 10 years of service credit and is otherwise eligible under the requirements of the applicable Article.

A member or participant who has attained age 62 and has at least 10 years of service credit and is otherwise eligible under the requirements of the applicable Article may elect to

- receive the lower retirement annuity provided in subsection (d) of this Section.
 - (d) The retirement annuity of a member or participant who is retiring after attaining age 62 with at least 10 years of service credit shall be reduced by one-half of 1% for each full month that the member's age is under age 67.
 - (e) Any retirement annuity or supplemental annuity shall be subject to annual increases on the January 1 occurring either on or after the attainment of age 67 or the first anniversary of the annuity start date, whichever is later. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, whichever is less, of the originally granted retirement annuity. If the annual unadjusted percentage change in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1 is zero or there is a decrease, then the annuity shall not be increased.
 - (f) The initial survivor's or widow's annuity of an otherwise eligible survivor or widow of a retired member or participant who first became a member or participant on or after January 1, 2011 shall be in the amount of 66 2/3% of the retired member's or participant's retirement annuity at the date of death. In the case of the death of a member or participant who has not retired and who first became a member

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or participant on or after January 1, 2011, eligibility for a survivor's or widow's annuity shall be determined by the applicable Article of this Code. The initial benefit shall be 66 2/3% of the earned annuity without a reduction due to age. A child's annuity of an otherwise eligible child shall be in the amount prescribed under each Article if applicable. Any survivor's or widow's annuity shall be increased (1) on each January 1 occurring on or after the commencement of the annuity if the deceased member died while receiving a retirement annuity or (2) in other cases, on each January 1 occurring after the first anniversary of the commencement of the annuity. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, whichever is less, of the originally granted survivor's annuity. Ιf the unadjusted percentage change in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1 is zero or there is a decrease, then the annuity shall not be increased.

(g) The benefits in Section 14-110 apply only if the person is a State policeman, a fire fighter in the fire protection service of a department, or a security employee of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, as those terms are defined in subsection (b) of Section 14-110. A person who meets the requirements of this

Section is entitled to an annuity calculated under the provisions of Section 14-110, in lieu of the regular or minimum retirement annuity, only if the person has withdrawn from service with not less than 20 years of eligible creditable service and has attained age 60, regardless of whether the attainment of age 60 occurs while the person is still in service.

(h) If a person who first becomes a member or a participant of a retirement system or pension fund subject to this Section on or after January 1, 2011 is receiving a retirement annuity or retirement pension under that system or fund and becomes a member or participant under any other system or fund created by this Code and is employed on a full-time basis, except for those members or participants exempted from the provisions of this Section under subsection (a) of this Section, then the person's retirement annuity or retirement pension under that system or fund shall be suspended during that employment. Upon termination of that employment, the person's retirement annuity or retirement pension payments shall resume and be recalculated if recalculation is provided for under the applicable Article of this Code.

If a person who first becomes a member of a retirement system or pension fund subject to this Section on or after January 1, 2012 and is receiving a retirement annuity or retirement pension under that system or fund and accepts on a contractual basis a position to provide services to a

governmental entity from which he or she has retired, then that person's annuity or retirement pension earned as an active employee of the employer shall be suspended during that contractual service. A person receiving an annuity or retirement pension under this Code shall notify the pension fund or retirement system from which he or she is receiving an annuity or retirement pension, as well as his or her contractual employer, of his or her retirement status before accepting contractual employment. A person who fails to submit such notification shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and required to pay a fine of \$1,000. Upon termination of that contractual employment, the person's retirement annuity or retirement pension payments shall resume and, if appropriate, be recalculated under the applicable provisions of this Code.

(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, a person who first becomes a participant of the retirement system established under Article 15 on or after January 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2015 shall have the option to enroll in the self-managed plan created under Section 15-158.2 of this Code.

A person, other than a Tier 1 participant, who first becomes a participant of the retirement system established under Article 15 on or after January 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2015 may elect to participate in the Tier 3 benefit plan in accordance with Section 15-158.6 of this Code.

A person, other than a Tier 1 participant, who first becomes a participant of the retirement system established

- 1 <u>under Article 15 on or after July 1, 2015 shall participate in</u>
- 2 <u>the Tier 3 benefit plan under that Article.</u>
- 3 (j) Except as provided in Section 15-158.6 of this Code, in
- 4 In the case of a conflict between the provisions of this
- 5 Section and any other provision of this Code, the provisions of
- 6 this Section shall control.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 96-889, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1490, eff. 1-1-11;
- 8 97-609, eff. 1-1-12.)
- 9 (40 ILCS 5/15-103.4 new)
- 10 Sec. 15-103.4. Tier 3 benefit package. "Tier 3 benefit
- 11 package": The benefit package made available to persons who are
- 12 not Tier 1 participants and who first become participants under
- this Article on or after July 1, 2015, and to certain other
- 14 persons who elect to participate under subsection (b) of
- 15 Section 15-158.6. The Tier 3 benefit package consists of both a
- 16 defined benefit component and a defined contribution
- 17 component. All Tier 3 participants shall participate in both
- 18 components.
- The Tier 3 defined benefit component consists of the
- 20 traditional benefit package as modified by Section 1-160, but
- 21 subject to the additional modifications provided in Section
- 22 15-158.6. The Tier 3 defined contribution plan is the plan
- provided in Section 15-158.5.
- 24 Tier 3 participants are not eligible to participate in the
- 25 portable benefit package or the self-managed plan.

References in this Article to the "traditional benefit
package" shall be deemed to include the defined benefit
component of the Tier 3 benefit package. The Tier 3 defined
contribution plan is not intended to be included in the terms
"traditional benefit package" and "self-managed plan" as used

in this Article or the other Articles of this Code.

- 7 (40 ILCS 5/15-107.1 new)
- Sec. 15-107.1. Tier 1 participant. "Tier 1 participant": A

 participant under this Article, other than a participant in the

 self-managed plan under Section 15-158.2, who first became a

 member or participant before January 1, 2011 under any

 reciprocal retirement system or pension fund established under

 this Code other than a retirement system or pension fund

 established under Article 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 18 of this Code.
- 15 (40 ILCS 5/15-107.2 new)
- Sec. 15-107.2. Tier 3 participant. "Tier 3 participant": A

 participant under this Article, other than a Tier 1

 participant, who first becomes a participant under this Article

 on or after July 1, 2015. "Tier 3 participant" also includes a

 participant, other than a Tier 1 participant, who makes an

 irrevocable election to become a Tier 3 participant in

 accordance with subsection (b) of Section 15-158.6.
- 23 (40 ILCS 5/15-111) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-111)

Sec. 15-111. Earnings. "Earnings": An amount paid for personal services equal to the sum of the basic compensation plus extra compensation for summer teaching, overtime or other extra service. For periods for which an employee receives service credit under subsection (c) of Section 15-113.1 or Section 15-113.2, earnings are equal to the basic compensation on which contributions are paid by the employee during such periods. Compensation for employment which is irregular, intermittent and temporary shall not be considered earnings, unless the participant is also receiving earnings from the employer as an employee under Section 15-107.

With respect to transition pay paid by the University of Illinois to a person who was a participating employee employed in the fire department of the University of Illinois's Champaign-Urbana campus immediately prior to the elimination of that fire department:

- (1) "Earnings" includes transition pay paid to the employee on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.
- (2) "Earnings" includes transition pay paid to the employee before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly only if (i) employee contributions under Section 15-157 have been withheld from that transition pay or (ii) the employee pays to the System before January 1, 2001 an amount representing employee contributions under Section 15-157 on that transition pay.

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Employee contributions under item (ii) may be paid in a lump sum, by withholding from additional transition pay accruing before January 1, 2001, or in any other manner approved by the System. Upon payment of the employee contributions on transition pay, the corresponding employer contributions become an obligation of the State.

With respect to Tier 3 participants, references to "earnings" mean "earnings" as defined in this Section but subject to the earnings limitation provided in Section 15-158.6 that is applicable to the defined benefit component of the Tier 3 benefit package, unless the context specifies that the different earnings limitation applicable to the Tier 3 defined contribution plan is intended.

- 14 (Source: P.A. 91-887, eff. 7-6-00.)
- 15 (40 ILCS 5/15-125) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-125)
- Sec. 15-125. "Prescribed Rate of Interest; Effective Rate of Interest".
- 18 (1) "Prescribed rate of interest": The rate of interest to
 19 be used in actuarial valuations and in development of actuarial
 20 tables as determined by the board on the basis of the probable
 21 average effective rate of interest on a long term basis.
- 22 (2) "Effective rate of interest": For a fiscal year
 23 concluding no later than June 30, 2013, the The interest rate
 24 for all or any part of a fiscal year that is determined by the
 25 board based on factors including the system's past and expected

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paragraph (1) of this Section.

investment experience; historical and expected fluctuations in the market value of investments; the desirability of minimizing volatility in the effective rate of interest from year to year; and the provision of reserves for anticipated losses upon sales, redemptions, or other disposition of investments and for variations in interest experience; except that for the purpose of determining the accumulated normal contributions used in calculating retirement annuities under Rule 2 of Section 15-136, the effective rate of interest shall be determined by the State Comptroller rather than the board. For a fiscal year concluding no later than June 30, 2013, the The State Comptroller shall determine the effective rate of interest to be used for this purpose using the factors listed above, and shall certify to the board and the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability the rate to be used for this purpose for fiscal year 2006 as soon as possible after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, and for each fiscal year thereafter no later than the January 31 immediately preceding the start of that fiscal year. For a fiscal year that begins on or after July 1, 2013, the effective rate of interest for a given fiscal year shall be equal to the interest rate of 30-year United States Treasury bonds as of the beginning of that given fiscal year, plus 75 basis points. This certification shall not be used in determining the prescribed rate of interest as defined in

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- 1 (3) The change made to this Section by Public Acts 90-65
- 2 and 90-511 is a clarification of existing law.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 94-4, eff. 6-1-05; 94-982, eff. 6-30-06.)
- 4 (40 ILCS 5/15-134.5)
- 5 Sec. 15-134.5. Retirement program elections.
- 6 (a) All participating employees are participants under the 7 traditional benefit package prior to January 1, 1998. <u>This</u> 8 Section does not apply to Tier 3 participants.

Effective as of the date that an employer elects, as described in Section 15-158.2, to offer to its employees the portable benefit package and the self-managed plan as alternatives to the traditional benefit package, each of that employer's eligible employees (as defined in subsection (b)) shall be given the choice to elect which retirement program he or she wishes to participate in with respect to all periods of covered employment occurring on and after the effective date of the employee's election. The retirement program election made by an eligible employee must be made in writing, in the manner prescribed by the System, and within the time period described in subsection (d) or (d-1).

The employee election authorized by this Section is a one-time, irrevocable election. If an employee terminates employment after making the election provided under this subsection (a), then upon his or her subsequent re-employment with an employer the original election shall automatically

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apply to him or her, provided that the employer is then a participating employer as described in Section 15-158.2.

An eligible employee who fails to make this election shall, by default, participate in the traditional benefit package.

- (b) "Eligible employee" means an employee (as defined in Section 15-107) who is either a currently eligible employee or a newly eligible employee, but the term does not include a Tier 3 participant. For purposes of this Section, a "currently eligible employee" is an employee who is employed by an employer on the effective date on which the employer offers to its employees the portable benefit package and the self-managed plan as alternatives to the traditional benefit package. A "newly eligible employee" is an employee who first becomes employed by an employer after the effective date on which the employer offers its employees the portable benefit package and the self-managed plan as alternatives to the traditional benefit package, but the term does not include a Tier 3 participant. A newly eligible employee participates in the traditional benefit package until he or she makes an election to participate in the portable benefit package or the self-managed plan. If an employee does not elect to participate in the portable benefit package or the self-managed plan, he or she shall continue to participate in the traditional benefit package by default.
- (c) An eligible employee who at the time he or she is first eligible to make the election described in subsection (a) does

not have sufficient age and service to qualify for a retirement annuity under Section 15-135 may elect to participate in the traditional benefit package, the portable benefit package, or the self-managed plan. An eligible employee who has sufficient age and service to qualify for a retirement annuity under Section 15-135 at the time he or she is first eligible to make the election described in subsection (a) may elect to participate in the traditional benefit package or the portable benefit package, but may not elect to participate in the self-managed plan.

(d) A currently eligible employee must make this election within one year after the effective date of the employer's adoption of the self-managed plan.

A newly eligible employee must make this election within 6 months after the date on which the System receives the report of status certification from the employer. If an employee elects to participate in the self-managed plan, no employer contributions shall be remitted to the self-managed plan when the employee's account balance transfer is made. Employer contributions to the self-managed plan shall commence as of the first pay period that begins after the System receives the employee's election.

(d-1) A newly eligible employee who, prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, fails to make the election within the period provided under subsection (d) and participates by default in the traditional

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- benefit package may make a late election to participate in the portable benefit package or the self-managed plan instead of the traditional benefit package at any time within 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.
 - (e) If a currently eligible employee elects the portable benefit package, that election shall not become effective until the one-year anniversary of the date on which the election is filed with the System, provided the employee continuously employed by the employer throughout the one-year waiting period, and any benefits payable to or on account of the employee before such one-year waiting period has ended shall not be determined under the provisions applicable to the portable benefit package but shall instead be determined in accordance with the traditional benefit package. If a currently eligible employee who has elected the portable benefit package terminates employment covered by the System before the one-year waiting period has ended, then no benefits shall be determined under the portable benefit package provisions while he or she is inactive in the System and upon re-employment with an employer covered by the System he or she shall begin a new one-year waiting period before the provisions of the portable benefit package become effective.
 - (f) An eligible employee shall be provided with written information prepared or prescribed by the System which describes the employee's retirement program choices. The

- 1 eligible employee shall be offered an opportunity to receive
- 2 counseling from the System prior to making his or her election.
- 3 This counseling may consist of videotaped materials, group
- 4 presentations, individual consultation with an employee or
- 5 authorized representative of the System in person or by
- 6 telephone or other electronic means, or any combination of
- 7 these methods.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 90-766, eff. 8-14-98; 91-887, eff. 7-6-00.)
- 9 (40 ILCS 5/15-136) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-136)
- 10 Sec. 15-136. Retirement annuities Amount. The provisions
- of this Section 15-136 apply only to those participants who are
- 12 participating in the traditional benefit package or the
- portable benefit package and do not apply to participants who
- 14 are participating in the self-managed plan. For Tier 3
- 15 participants, the provisions of this Section are subject to
- 16 Section 15-158.6.
- 17 (a) The amount of a participant's retirement annuity,
- 18 expressed in the form of a single-life annuity, shall be
- determined by whichever of the following rules is applicable
- 20 and provides the largest annuity:
- 21 Rule 1: The retirement annuity shall be 1.67% of final rate
- of earnings for each of the first 10 years of service, 1.90%
- for each of the next 10 years of service, 2.10% for each year
- of service in excess of 20 but not exceeding 30, and 2.30% for
- each year in excess of 30; or for persons who retire on or

- after January 1, 1998, 2.2% of the final rate of earnings for each year of service.
- Rule 2: The retirement annuity shall be the sum of the following, determined from amounts credited to the participant in accordance with the actuarial tables and the effective rate of interest in effect at the time the retirement annuity begins:
 - (i) the normal annuity which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis, by the accumulated normal contributions as of the date the annuity begins;
 - (ii) an annuity from employer contributions of an amount equal to that which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the accumulated normal contributions made by the participant under Section 15-113.6 and Section 15-113.7 plus 1.4 times all other accumulated normal contributions made by the participant; and
 - (iii) the annuity that can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the entire contribution made by the participant under Section 15-113.3.
 - For the purpose of calculating an annuity under this Rule 2, the contribution required under Section 15-157.2 shall not be considered when determining the participant's accumulated normal contributions under clause (i) or the employer contribution under clause (ii).
 - With respect to a police officer or firefighter who retires

- on or after August 14, 1998, the accumulated normal
- 2 contributions taken into account under clauses (i) and (ii) of
- 3 this Rule 2 shall include the additional normal contributions
- 4 made by the police officer or firefighter under Section
- 5 15-157(a).
- 6 The amount of a retirement annuity calculated under this
- 7 Rule 2 shall be computed solely on the basis of the
- 8 participant's accumulated normal contributions, as specified
- 9 in this Rule and defined in Section 15-116. Neither an employee
- or employer contribution for early retirement under Section
- 11 15-136.2 nor any other employer contribution shall be used in
- 12 the calculation of the amount of a retirement annuity under
- this Rule 2.
- 14 This amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly is a
- 15 clarification of existing law and applies to every participant
- and annuitant without regard to whether status as an employee
- terminates before the effective date of this amendatory Act.
- This Rule 2 does not apply to a person who first becomes an
- employee under this Article on or after July 1, 2005.
- 20 Rule 3: The retirement annuity of a participant who is
- 21 employed at least one-half time during the period on which his
- or her final rate of earnings is based, shall be equal to the
- participant's years of service not to exceed 30, multiplied by
- 24 (1) \$96 if the participant's final rate of earnings is less
- 25 than \$3,500, (2) \$108 if the final rate of earnings is at least
- 26 \$3,500 but less than \$4,500, (3) \$120 if the final rate of

earnings is at least \$4,500 but less than \$5,500, (4) \$132 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$5,500 but less than \$6,500, (5) \$144 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$6,500 but less than \$7,500, (6) \$156 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$7,500 but less than \$8,500, (7) \$168 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$8,500 but less than \$9,500, and (8) \$180 if the final rate of earnings is \$9,500 or more, except that the annuity for those persons having made an election under Section 15-154(a-1) shall be calculated and payable under the portable retirement benefit program pursuant to the provisions of Section 15-136.4.

Rule 4: A participant who is at least age 50 and has 25 or more years of service as a police officer or firefighter, and a participant who is age 55 or over and has at least 20 but less than 25 years of service as a police officer or firefighter, shall be entitled to a retirement annuity of 2 1/4% of the final rate of earnings for each of the first 10 years of service as a police officer or firefighter, 2 1/2% for each of the next 10 years of service as a police officer or firefighter, and 2 3/4% for each year of service as a police officer or firefighter in excess of 20. The retirement annuity for all other service shall be computed under Rule 1.

For purposes of this Rule 4, a participant's service as a firefighter shall also include the following:

(i) service that is performed while the person is an employee under subsection (h) of Section 15-107; and

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(ii) of individual in the case an who was participating employee employed in the fire department of University of Illinois's Champaign-Urbana immediately prior to the elimination of that department and who immediately after the elimination of that fire department transferred to another job with the University of Illinois, service performed as an employee of the University of Illinois in a position other than police officer or firefighter, from the date of that transfer until the employee's next termination of service with the University of Illinois.

Rule 5: The retirement annuity of a participant who elected early retirement under the provisions of Section 15-136.2 and who, on or before February 16, 1995, brought administrative proceedings pursuant to the administrative rules adopted by the System to challenge the calculation of his or her retirement annuity shall be the sum of the following, determined from amounts credited to the participant in accordance with the actuarial tables and the prescribed rate of interest in effect at the time the retirement annuity begins:

- (i) the normal annuity which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis, by the accumulated normal contributions as of the date the annuity begins; and
- (ii) an annuity from employer contributions of an amount equal to that which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the accumulated normal

contributions made by the participant under Section 15-113.6 and Section 15-113.7 plus 1.4 times all other accumulated normal contributions made by the participant; and

(iii) an annuity which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the employee contribution for early retirement under Section 15-136.2, and an annuity from employer contributions of an amount equal to that which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the employee contribution for early retirement under Section 15-136.2.

In no event shall a retirement annuity under this Rule 5 be lower than the amount obtained by adding (1) the monthly amount obtained by dividing the combined employee and employer contributions made under Section 15-136.2 by the System's annuity factor for the age of the participant at the beginning of the annuity payment period and (2) the amount equal to the participant's annuity if calculated under Rule 1, reduced under Section 15-136(b) as if no contributions had been made under Section 15-136.2.

With respect to a participant who is qualified for a retirement annuity under this Rule 5 whose retirement annuity began before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, and for whom an employee contribution was made under Section 15-136.2, the System shall recalculate the retirement annuity under this Rule 5 and shall pay any

additional amounts due in the manner provided in Section 15-186.1 for benefits mistakenly set too low.

The amount of a retirement annuity calculated under this Rule 5 shall be computed solely on the basis of those contributions specifically set forth in this Rule 5. Except as provided in clause (iii) of this Rule 5, neither an employee nor employer contribution for early retirement under Section 15-136.2, nor any other employer contribution, shall be used in the calculation of the amount of a retirement annuity under this Rule 5.

The General Assembly has adopted the changes set forth in Section 25 of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly in recognition that the decision of the Appellate Court for the Fourth District in Mattis v. State Universities Retirement System et al. might be deemed to give some right to the plaintiff in that case. The changes made by Section 25 of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly are a legislative implementation of the decision of the Appellate Court for the Fourth District in Mattis v. State Universities Retirement System et al. with respect to that plaintiff.

The changes made by Section 25 of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly apply without regard to whether the person is in service as an employee on or after its effective date.

(b) The retirement annuity provided under Rules 1 and 3 above shall be reduced by 1/2 of 1% for each month the

- participant is under age 60 at the time of retirement. However, this reduction shall not apply in the following cases:
 - (1) For a disabled participant whose disability benefits have been discontinued because he or she has exhausted eligibility for disability benefits under clause (6) of Section 15-152;
 - (2) For a participant who has at least the number of years of service required to retire at any age under subsection (a) of Section 15-135; or
 - (3) For that portion of a retirement annuity which has been provided on account of service of the participant during periods when he or she performed the duties of a police officer or firefighter, if these duties were performed for at least 5 years immediately preceding the date the retirement annuity is to begin.
 - (c) The maximum retirement annuity provided under Rules 1, 2, 4, and 5 shall be the lesser of (1) the annual limit of benefits as specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as such Section may be amended from time to time and as such benefit limits shall be adjusted by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and (2) 80% of final rate of earnings.
 - (d) Except as provided in subsection (d-1), an An annuitant whose status as an employee terminates after August 14, 1969 shall receive automatic increases in his or her retirement annuity as follows:

Effective January 1 immediately following the date the retirement annuity begins, the annuitant shall receive an increase in his or her monthly retirement annuity of 0.125% of the monthly retirement annuity provided under Rule 1, Rule 2, Rule 3, Rule 4, or Rule 5, contained in this Section, multiplied by the number of full months which elapsed from the date the retirement annuity payments began to January 1, 1972, plus 0.1667% of such annuity, multiplied by the number of full months which elapsed from January 1, 1972, or the date the retirement annuity payments began, whichever is later, to January 1, 1978, plus 0.25% of such annuity multiplied by the number of full months which elapsed from January 1, 1978, or the date the retirement annuity payments began, whichever is later, to the effective date of the increase.

The annuitant shall receive an increase in his or her monthly retirement annuity on each January 1 thereafter during the annuitant's life of 3% of the monthly annuity provided under Rule 1, Rule 2, Rule 3, Rule 4, or Rule 5 contained in this Section. The change made under this subsection by P.A. 81-970 is effective January 1, 1980 and applies to each annuitant whose status as an employee terminates before or after that date.

Beginning January 1, 1990, all automatic annual increases payable under this Section shall be calculated as a percentage of the total annuity payable at the time of the increase, including all increases previously granted under this Article.

The change made in this subsection by P.A. 85-1008 is effective January 26, 1988, and is applicable without regard to whether status as an employee terminated before that date.

(d-1) Beginning January 1, 2014, all automatic increases payable under this Section shall be calculated as a percentage of the total annuity payable at the time of the increase, including all increases previously granted under this Article, equal to one-half of the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1; except that in the case of an initial increase under this Section, the amount of the increase shall be prorated if less than one year has elapsed since retirement.

For the purposes of this subsection, "consumer price index-u" means the index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor that measures the average change in prices of goods and services purchased by all urban consumers, United States city average, all items, 1982-84 = 100, as determined by the Public Pension Division of the Department of Insurance.

This subsection (d-1) is applicable without regard to whether status as an employee terminated before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly.

(e) If, on January 1, 1987, or the date the retirement annuity payment period begins, whichever is later, the sum of the retirement annuity provided under Rule 1 or Rule 2 of this

Section and the automatic annual increases provided under the preceding subsection or Section 15-136.1, amounts to less than the retirement annuity which would be provided by Rule 3, the retirement annuity shall be increased as of January 1, 1987, or the date the retirement annuity payment period begins, whichever is later, to the amount which would be provided by Rule 3 of this Section. Such increased amount shall be considered as the retirement annuity in determining benefits provided under other Sections of this Article. This paragraph applies without regard to whether status as an employee terminated before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987, provided that the annuitant was employed at least one-half time during the period on which the final rate of earnings was based.

- (f) A participant is entitled to such additional annuity as may be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis, by any accumulated additional contributions to his or her credit. However, the additional contributions made by the participant toward the automatic increases in annuity provided under this Section shall not be taken into account in determining the amount of such additional annuity.
- (g) If, (1) by law, a function of a governmental unit, as defined by Section 20-107 of this Code, is transferred in whole or in part to an employer, and (2) a participant transfers employment from such governmental unit to such employer within 6 months after the transfer of the function, and (3) the sum of

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- (A) the annuity payable to the participant under Rule 1, 2, or 1 2 3 of this Section (B) all proportional annuities payable to the 3 participant by all other retirement systems covered by Article 20, and (C) the initial primary insurance amount to which the 4 5 participant is entitled under the Social Security Act, is less 6 than the retirement annuity which would have been payable if 7 all of the participant's pension credits validated under 8 Section 20-109 had been validated under this system, 9 supplemental annuity equal to the difference in such amounts 10 shall be payable to the participant.
 - (h) On January 1, 1981, an annuitant who was receiving a retirement annuity on or before January 1, 1971 shall have his or her retirement annuity then being paid increased \$1 per month for each year of creditable service. On January 1, 1982, an annuitant whose retirement annuity began on or before January 1, 1977, shall have his or her retirement annuity then being paid increased \$1 per month for each year of creditable service.
 - (i) On January 1, 1987, any annuitant whose retirement annuity began on or before January 1, 1977, shall have the monthly retirement annuity increased by an amount equal to 8¢ per year of creditable service times the number of years that have elapsed since the annuity began.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 97-933, eff. 8-10-12; 97-968, eff. 8-16-12.)

Sec. 15-136.4. Retirement and Survivor Benefits Under Portable Benefit Package.

(a) This Section 15-136.4 describes the form of annuity and survivor benefits available to a participant who has elected the portable benefit package and has completed the one-year waiting period required under subsection (e) of Section 15-134.5. For purposes of this Section, the term "eligible spouse" means the husband or wife of a participant to whom the participant is married on the date the participant's annuity payment period begins, provided however, that if the participant should die prior to the commencement of retirement annuity benefits, then "eligible spouse" means the husband or wife, if any, to whom the participant was married throughout the one-year period preceding the date of his or her death. Tier 3 participants are not eligible to participate in the portable benefit package prescribed under this Section.

(b) This subsection (b) describes the normal form of annuity payable to a participant subject to this Section 15-136.4. If the participant is unmarried on the date his or her annuity payment period begins, then the annuity payments shall be made in the form of a single-life annuity as described in Section 15-118. If the participant is married on the date his or her annuity payments commence, then the annuity payments shall be paid in the form of a qualified joint and survivor annuity that is the actuarial equivalent of the single-life annuity. Under the "qualified joint and survivor annuity", a

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reduced amount shall be paid to the participant for his or her lifetime and his or her eligible spouse, if surviving at the participant's death, shall be entitled to receive thereafter a lifetime survivorship annuity in a monthly amount equal to 50% of the reduced monthly amount that was payable to the participant. The last payment of a qualified joint and survivor annuity shall be made as of the first day of the month in which the death of the survivor occurs.

(c) Instead of the normal form of annuity that would be paid under subsection (b), a participant may elect in writing within the 180-day period prior to the date his or her annuity payments commence to waive the normal form of annuity payment and receive an optional form of payment as described in subsection (h). If the participant is married and elects an optional form of payment under subsection (h) other than a joint and survivor annuity with the eligible spouse designated as the contingent annuitant, then such election shall require the consent of his or her eligible spouse in the manner described in subsection (d). At any time during the 180-day period preceding the date the participant's payment period begins, the participant may revoke the optional form of payment elected under this subsection (c) and reinstate coverage under the qualified joint and survivor annuity without the spouse's consent, but an election to revoke the optional form elected and elect a new optional form of payment or designate a different contingent annuitant shall not be effective without

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the eligible spouse's consent.

- (d) The eligible spouse's consent to any election made pursuant to this Section that requires the eligible spouse's consent shall be in writing and shall acknowledge the effect of the consent. In addition, the eligible spouse's signature on the written consent must be witnessed by a notary public. The eligible spouse's consent need not be obtained if the system is satisfied that there is no eligible spouse, that the eligible spouse cannot be located, or because of any other relevant circumstances. An eligible spouse's consent under this Section is valid only with respect to the specified optional form of payment and, if applicable, contingent annuitant designated by the participant. If the optional form of payment or the contingent annuitant is subsequently changed (other than by a revocation of the optional form of payment and reinstatement of the qualified joint and survivor annuity), a new consent by the eligible spouse is required. The eligible spouse's consent to an election made by a participant pursuant to this Section, once made, may not be revoked by the eligible spouse.
- (e) Within a reasonable period of time preceding the date a participant's annuity commences, a participant shall be supplied with a written explanation of (1) the terms and conditions of the normal form single-life annuity and qualified joint and survivor annuity, (2) the participant's right to elect a single-life annuity or an optional form of payment under subsection (h) subject to his or her eligible spouse's

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consent, if applicable, and (3) the participant's right to reinstate coverage under the qualified joint and survivor annuity prior to his or her annuity commencement date by revoking an election of an optional form of payment under subsection (h).

(f) If a married participant with at least 1.5 years of service dies prior to commencing retirement annuity payments and prior to taking a refund under Section 15-154, his or her eligible spouse is entitled to receive a pre-retirement survivor annuity, if there is not then in effect a waiver of the pre-retirement survivor annuity. The pre-retirement survivor annuity payable under this subsection shall be a monthly annuity payable for the eligible spouse's life, commencing as of the beginning of the month next following the later of the date of the participant's death or the date the participant would have first met the eligibility requirements for retirement, and continuing through the beginning of the month in which the death of the eligible spouse occurs. The monthly amount payable to the spouse under the pre-retirement survivor annuity shall be equal to the monthly amount that would be payable as a survivor annuity under the qualified joint and survivor annuity described in subsection (b) if: (1) in the case of a participant who dies on or after the date on which the participant has met the eligibility requirements for retirement, the participant had retired with an immediate qualified joint and survivor annuity on the day before the

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participant's date of death; or (2) in the case of a participant who dies before the earliest date on which the participant would have met the eligibility requirements for retirement age, the participant had separated from service on the date of death, survived to the earliest retirement age based on service prior to his or her death, retired with an immediate qualified joint and survivor annuity at the earliest retirement age, and died on the day after the day on which the participant would have attained the earliest retirement age.

(q) A married participant who has not retired may elect at any time to waive the pre-retirement survivor annuity described in subsection (f). Any such election shall require the consent of the participant's eligible spouse in the manner described in subsection (d). A waiver of the pre-retirement survivor annuity shall increase the lump sum death benefit payable under subsection (b) of Section 15-141. Prior to electing any waiver of the pre-retirement survivor annuity, the participant shall be provided with a written explanation of (1) the terms and conditions of the pre-retirement survivor annuity and the death benefits payable from the system both with and without the pre-retirement survivor annuity, (2) the participant's right to elect a waiver of the pre-retirement survivor annuity coverage subject to his or her spouse's consent, and (3) the participant's right to reinstate pre-retirement survivor annuity coverage at any time by revoking a prior waiver of such coverage.

- (h) By filing a timely election with the system, a participant who will be eligible to receive a retirement annuity under this Section may waive the normal form of annuity payment described in subsection (b), subject to obtaining the consent of his or her eligible spouse, if applicable, and elect to receive any one of the following optional forms of payment:
 - (1) Joint and Survivor Annuity Options: The participant may elect to receive a reduced annuity payable for his or her life and to have a lifetime survivorship annuity in a monthly amount equal to 50%, 75%, or 100% (as elected by the participant) of that reduced monthly amount, to be paid after the participant's death to his or her contingent annuitant, if the contingent annuitant is alive at the time of the participant's death.
 - (2) Single-Life Annuity Option (optional for married participants). The participant may elect to receive a single-life annuity payable for his or her life only.
 - (3) Lump sum retirement benefit. The participant may elect to receive a lump sum retirement benefit that is equal to the amount of a refund payable under Section $15-154\,(a-2)$.
- All joint and survivor annuity forms shall be in an amount that is the actuarial equivalent of the single-life annuity.
- For the purposes of this Section, the term "contingent annuitant" means the beneficiary who is designated by a participant at the time the participant elects a joint and

- 1 survivor annuity to receive the lifetime survivorship annuity
- 2 in the event the beneficiary survives the participant at the
- 3 participant's death.
- 4 (i) Under no circumstances may an option be elected,
- 5 changed, or revoked after the date the participant's retirement
- 6 annuity commences.
- 7 (j) An election made pursuant to subsection (h) shall
- 8 become inoperative if the participant or the contingent
- 9 annuitant dies before the date the participant's annuity
- 10 payments commence, or if the eligible spouse's consent is
- 11 required and not given.
- 12 (k) (Blank).
- 13 (1) The automatic annual increases described in subsection
- 14 (d) of Section 15-136 shall apply to retirement benefits under
- the portable benefit package and the automatic annual increases
- described in subsection (j) of Section 15-145 shall apply to
- 17 survivor benefits under the portable benefit package.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 96-586, eff. 8-18-09; 97-933, eff. 8-10-12;
- 19 97-968, eff. 8-16-12.)
- 20 (40 ILCS 5/15-157) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-157)
- 21 Sec. 15-157. Employee Contributions.
- 22 (a) Each participating employee shall make contributions
- towards the retirement benefits payable under the retirement
- 24 program applicable to the employee from each payment of
- 25 earnings applicable to employment under this system on and

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2 September 1, 1949, 3 1/2% of earnings; from September 1, 1949

to August 31, 1955, 5%; from September 1, 1955 to August 31,

1969, 6%; from September 1, 1969, 6 1/2%. These contributions

are to be considered as normal contributions for purposes of

6 this Article.

Each participant who is a police officer or firefighter shall make normal contributions of 8% of each payment of earnings applicable to employment as a police officer or firefighter under this system on or after September 1, 1981, unless he or she files with the board within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 or 60 days after the board receives notice that he or she is employed as a police officer or firefighter, whichever is later, a written notice waiving the retirement formula provided by Rule 4 of Section 15-136. This waiver shall be irrevocable. If participant had met the conditions set forth in Section 15-132.1 prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 but failed to make the additional normal contributions required by this paragraph, he or she may elect to pay the additional contributions plus compound interest at the effective rate. If such payment is received by the board, the service shall be considered as police officer service in calculating the retirement annuity under Rule 4 of Section 15-136. While performing service described in clause (i) or (ii) of Rule 4 of Section 15-136, a participating employee

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- shall be deemed to be employed as a firefighter for the purpose of determining the rate of employee contributions under this Section.
 - (b) Starting September 1, 1969, each participating employee shall make additional contributions of 1/2 of 1% of earnings to finance a portion of the cost of the annual increases in retirement annuity provided under Section 15-136, except that with respect to participants in the self-managed plan this additional contribution shall be used to finance the benefits obtained under that retirement program.
 - (c) In addition to the amounts described in subsections (a) and (b) of this Section, each participating employee shall make contributions of 1% of earnings applicable under this system on and after August 1, 1959. The contributions made under this subsection (c) shall be considered as survivor's insurance contributions for purposes of this Article if the employee is covered under the traditional benefit package, and such contributions shall be considered as additional contributions for purposes of this Article if the employee is participating in the self-managed plan or has elected to participate in the portable benefit package and has completed the applicable one-year waiting period. Contributions in excess of \$80 during any fiscal year beginning before August 31, 1969 and in excess of \$120 during any fiscal year thereafter until September 1, 1971 shall be considered as additional contributions for purposes of this Article.

- (d) If the board by board rule so permits and subject to such conditions and limitations as may be specified in its rules, a participant may make other additional contributions of such percentage of earnings or amounts as the participant shall elect in a written notice thereof received by the board.
- (e) That fraction of a participant's total accumulated normal contributions, the numerator of which is equal to the number of years of service in excess of that which is required to qualify for the maximum retirement annuity, and the denominator of which is equal to the total service of the participant, shall be considered as accumulated additional contributions. The determination of the applicable maximum annuity and the adjustment in contributions required by this provision shall be made as of the date of the participant's retirement.
- (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a participating employee shall not be required to make contributions under this Section after the date upon which continuance of such contributions would otherwise cause his or her retirement annuity to exceed the maximum retirement annuity as specified in clause (1) of subsection (c) of Section 15-136.
- (g) A participating employee may make contributions for the purchase of service credit under this Article.
- 24 (h) A Tier 3 participant shall not make contributions as 25 prescribed under subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this 26 subsection.

- 1 For purposes of the Tier 3 defined benefit plan, Tier 3
- 2 participants shall contribute at a rate equal to 5.35% of
- 3 earnings, but shall not make contributions on compensation that
- exceeds the federal social security wage base in effect from 4
- 5 time to time. These contributions are to be considered as
- normal contributions for purposes of this Article. 6
- 7 For purposes of the Tier 3 defined contribution plan, Tier
- 8 3 participants are also required to contribute as provided in
- 9 Section 15-158.5.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 90-32, eff. 6-27-97; 90-65, eff. 7-7-97; 90-448,
- 11 eff. 8-16-97; 90-511, eff. 8-22-97; 90-576, eff. 3-31-98;
- 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 90-766, eff. 8-14-98.) 12
- 13 (40 ILCS 5/15-157.2 new)
- Sec. 15-157.2. Additional Tier 1 participant 14
- 15 contributions. In addition to the contributions otherwise
- 16 required under this Section, each Tier 1 participant shall also
- make the following contributions toward the retirement 17
- 18 benefits payable under the retirement program applicable to the
- 19 employee from each payment of earnings applicable to employment
- under this system. Beginning on July 1, 2013, this contribution 20
- 21 shall be equal to 0.5% of earnings, and it shall be increased
- 22 by 0.5% of earnings on each July 1 thereafter until such
- 23 contribution equals 2.0% earnings. Once this contribution is
- 24 equal to 2.0% of earnings, the contribution under this Section
- shall not be increased. Except as otherwise specified, these 25

- 1 <u>contributions shall be considered as normal contributions for</u>
- 2 the purposes of this Article. The contributions required by
- 3 this Section shall not be considered when determining the
- 4 participant's accumulated normal contributions under clause
- 5 (i) or the employer contribution under clause (ii) of Rule 2 of
- 6 Section 15-136.
- 7 (40 ILCS 5/15-158.2)
- 8 Sec. 15-158.2. Self-managed plan.

Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

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9 (a) Purpose. The General Assembly finds that it is 10 important for colleges and universities to be able to attract 11 and retain the most qualified employees and that in order to 12 attract and retain these employees, colleges and universities should have the flexibility to provide a defined contribution 1.3 14 plan as an alternative for eligible employees who elect not to 15 participate in a defined benefit retirement program provided 16 under this Article. Accordingly, the State Universities Retirement System is hereby authorized to establish and 17 18 administer а self-managed plan, which shall 19 participating employees the opportunity to accumulate assets 20 for retirement through a combination of employee and employer 21 contributions that may be invested in mutual funds, collective 22 investment funds, or other investment products and used to purchase annuity contracts, either fixed or variable or a 23 24 combination thereof. The plan must be qualified under the

(b) Adoption by employers. Each employer subject to this Article may elect to adopt the self-managed plan established under this Section; this election is irrevocable. An employer's election to adopt the self-managed plan makes available to the eligible employees of that employer the elections described in Section 15-134.5.

The State Universities Retirement System shall be the plan sponsor for the self-managed plan and shall prepare a plan document and prescribe such rules and procedures as are considered necessary or desirable for the administration of the self-managed plan. Consistent with its fiduciary duty to the participants and beneficiaries of the self-managed plan, the Board of Trustees of the System may delegate aspects of plan administration as it sees fit to companies authorized to do business in this State, to the employers, or to a combination of both.

(c) Selection of service providers and funding vehicles. The System, in consultation with the employers, shall solicit proposals to provide administrative services and funding vehicles for the self-managed plan from insurance and annuity companies and mutual fund companies, banks, trust companies, or other financial institutions authorized to do business in this State. In reviewing the proposals received and approving and contracting with no fewer than 2 and no more than 7 companies, the Board of Trustees of the System shall consider, among other things, the following criteria:

1	(1)	the	nature	and	extent	of	the	benefits	that	would	be
2	provided	d to	the par	rtici	lpants;						

- (2) the reasonableness of the benefits in relation to the premium charged;
- (3) the suitability of the benefits to the needs and interests of the participating employees and the employer;
- (4) the ability of the company to provide benefits under the contract and the financial stability of the company; and
- (5) the efficacy of the contract in the recruitment and retention of employees.

The System, in consultation with the employers, shall periodically review each approved company. A company may continue to provide administrative services and funding vehicles for the self-managed plan only so long as it continues to be an approved company under contract with the Board.

(d) Employee Direction. Employees who are participating in the program must be allowed to direct the transfer of their account balances among the various investment options offered, subject to applicable contractual provisions. The participant shall not be deemed a fiduciary by reason of providing such investment direction. A person who is a fiduciary shall not be liable for any loss resulting from such investment direction and shall not be deemed to have breached any fiduciary duty by acting in accordance with that direction. Neither the System nor the employer guarantees any of the investments in the

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employee's account balances.

(e) Participation. An employee eligible to participate in the self-managed plan must make a written election in accordance with the provisions of Section 15-134.5 and the procedures established by the System. Participation in the self-managed plan by an electing employee shall begin on the first day of the first pay period following the later of the date the employee's election is filed with the System or the effective date as of which the employee's employer begins to offer participation in the self-managed plan. Employers may not make the self-managed plan available earlier than January 1, 1998. An employee's participation in any other retirement program administered by the System under this Article shall terminate on the date that participation in the self-managed plan begins.

An employee who has elected to participate in the this Section must self-managed plan under continue participation while employed in an eligible position, and may not participate in any other retirement program administered by the System under this Article while employed by that employer or any other employer that has adopted the self-managed plan, unless the self-managed plan is terminated in accordance with subsection (i).

Participation in the self-managed plan under this Section shall constitute membership in the State Universities Retirement System.

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A participant under this Section shall be entitled to the benefits of Article 20 of this Code.

Tier 3 participants are not eligible to participate in the self-managed plan under this Section.

- (f) Establishment of Initial Account Balance. If at the time an employee elects to participate in the self-managed plan he or she has rights and credits in the System due to previous participation in the traditional benefit package, the System shall establish for the employee an opening account balance in the self-managed plan, equal to the amount of contribution refund that the employee would be eligible to receive under Section 15-154 if the employee terminated employment on that date and elected a refund of contributions, except that this hypothetical refund shall include interest at the effective rate for the respective years. The System shall transfer assets from the defined benefit retirement program to the self-managed plan, as a tax free transfer in accordance with Internal Service guidelines, for purposes of funding the Revenue employee's opening account balance.
- (g) No Duplication of Service Credit. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, an employee may not purchase or receive service or service credit applicable to any other retirement program administered by the System under this Article for any period during which the employee was a participant in the self-managed plan established under this Section.

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(h) Contributions. The self-managed plan shall be funded by contributions from employees participating in the self-managed plan and employer contributions as provided in this Section.

The contribution rate for employees participating in the self-managed plan under this Section shall be equal to the employee contribution rate for other participants in provided in Section 15-157. This System, as required contribution shall be made as an "employer pick-up" under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor Section thereof. Any employee participating in the System's traditional benefit package prior to his or her election to participate in the self-managed plan shall continue to have the employer pick up the contributions required under Section 15-157. However, the amounts picked up after the election of the self-managed plan shall be remitted to and treated as assets of the self-managed plan. In no event shall an employee have an option of receiving these amounts in cash. additional contributions Employees may make to the self-managed plan in accordance with procedures prescribed by the System, to the extent permitted under rules prescribed by the System.

The program shall provide for employer contributions to be credited to each self-managed plan participant at a rate of 7.6% of the participating employee's salary, less the amount used by the System to provide disability benefits for the employee. The amounts so credited shall be paid into the

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participant's self-managed plan accounts in a manner to be prescribed by the System.

An amount of employer contribution, not exceeding 1% of the participating employee's salary, shall be used for the purpose of providing the disability benefits of the System to the employee. Prior to the beginning of each plan year under the self-managed plan, the Board of Trustees shall determine, as a percentage of salary, the amount of employer contributions to be allocated during that plan year for providing disability benefits for employees in the self-managed plan.

The State of Illinois shall make contributions appropriations to the System of the employer contributions required for employees who participate in the self-managed plan under this Section. The amount required shall be certified by the Board of Trustees of the System and paid by the State in accordance with Section 15-165. The System shall not be obligated to remit the required employer contributions to any of the insurance and annuity companies, mutual fund companies, banks, trust companies, financial institutions, or other sponsors of any of the funding vehicles offered under the self-managed plan until it has received the required employer contributions from the State. In the event of a deficiency in the amount of State contributions, the System shall implement those procedures described in subsection (c) of Section 15-165 to obtain the required funding from the General Revenue Fund.

(i) Termination. The self-managed plan authorized under

this Section may be terminated by the System, subject to the terms of any relevant contracts, and the System shall have no obligation to reestablish the self-managed plan under this Section. This Section does not create a right to continued participation in any self-managed plan set up by the System under this Section. If the self-managed plan is terminated, the participants shall have the right to participate in one of the other retirement programs offered by the System and receive service credit in such other retirement program for any years of employment following the termination.

(j) Vesting; Withdrawal; Return to Service. A participant in the self-managed plan becomes vested in the employer contributions credited to his or her accounts in the self-managed plan on the earliest to occur of the following: (1) completion of 5 years of service with an employer described in Section 15-106; (2) the death of the participating employee while employed by an employer described in Section 15-106, if the participant has completed at least 1 1/2 years of service; or (3) the participant's election to retire and apply the reciprocal provisions of Article 20 of this Code.

A participant in the self-managed plan who receives a distribution of his or her vested amounts from the self-managed plan while not yet eligible for retirement under this Article (and Article 20, if applicable) shall forfeit all service credit and accrued rights in the System; if subsequently re-employed, the participant shall be considered a new

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- employee. If a former participant again becomes a participating
 employee (or becomes employed by a participating system under
 Article 20 of this Code) and continues as such for at least 2
 years, all such rights, service credits, and previous status as
 a participant shall be restored upon repayment of the amount of
 the distribution, without interest.
 - (k) Benefit amounts. If an employee who is vested in employer contributions terminates employment, the employee shall be entitled to a benefit which is based on the account values attributable to both employer and employee contributions and any investment return thereon.

If an employee who is not vested in employer contributions terminates employment, the employee shall be entitled to a benefit based solely on the account values attributable to the employee's contributions and any investment return thereon, and the employer contributions and any investment return thereon shall be forfeited. Any employer contributions which are forfeited shall be held in escrow by the company investing those contributions and shall be used as directed by the System for future allocations of employer contributions or for the restoration of amounts previously forfeited by former participants who again become participating employees.

- 23 (Source: P.A. 93-347, eff. 7-24-03.)
- 24 (40 ILCS 5/15-158.5 new)
- Sec. 15-158.5. Tier 3 defined contribution plan.

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- (a) Creation. The State Universities Retirement System shall establish and administer a Tier 3 defined contribution plan, which shall offer Tier 3 participants the opportunity to accumulate assets for retirement through a combination of employee and employer contributions that may be invested in mutual funds, collective investment funds, investment funds administered by the State Universities Retirement System, or other investment products and used to purchase annuity contracts, either fixed or variable or a combination thereof. The plan must be qualified under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (b) Administration. The State Universities Retirement System shall be the plan sponsor for the defined contribution plan and shall prepare a plan document and prescribe such rules and procedures as are considered necessary or desirable for the administration of the defined contribution plan. Consistent with its fiduciary duty to the participants and beneficiaries of the defined contribution plan, the Board of Trustees of the System may delegate aspects of plan administration as it sees fit to companies authorized to do business in this State, to the employers, or to a combination of both.
- (c) Participation. All Tier 3 participants shall participate in the Tier 3 defined contribution plan. A Tier 3 participant who first becomes a participant under this Article on or after July 1, 2015 shall begin participation in the Tier 3 defined contribution plan on the first day of employment.

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(d) Contributions. The Tier 3 defined contribution plan shall be funded by contributions from Tier 3 participants and employer contributions as provided in this Section. For the purposes of calculating these contributions, the earnings of a Tier 3 participant that exceed the federal social security wage base in effect from time to time but do not exceed the limit imposed under Section 1-117 of this Code shall be included.

Each Tier 3 participant shall contribute to the System for the purposes of the defined contribution plan under this Section an amount equal to 2.65% of each payment of earnings. This required contribution shall be made as an employer pick-up under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor Section thereof. These amounts shall be remitted to and treated as assets of the Tier 3 defined contribution plan. In no event shall a Tier 3 participant have an option of receiving these amounts in cash. Tier 3 participants may make additional contributions to the defined contribution plan in accordance with procedures prescribed by the System, to the extent permitted under federal law and the rules prescribed by the System.

Each employer of Tier 3 participants shall make monthly contributions to the System for the purposes of the Tier 3 defined contribution plan equal to the rate of earnings that the employer has chosen to contribute on behalf of its employees who are Tier 3 participants, which shall be no less than 1% of earnings as that term is used in this subsection. An

employer may agree to contribute more than the required 1%, but must provide the same employer contribution rate for every Tier 3 participant in its employ that participates in this defined contribution plan. Any increase in the amount agreed to by the employer shall be certified to the System each year in a manner

prescribed by the System.

These employer contributions shall be credited to the accounts of the employer's Tier 3 participants. The amounts so credited shall be paid into the participant's defined contribution plan accounts by the administrator of the plan in a manner prescribed by the System.

The System shall not be obligated to remit the required employer contributions to the plan administrator or to any of the insurance and annuity companies, mutual fund companies, banks, trust companies, financial institutions, or other sponsors of any of the funding vehicles offered under the defined contribution plan until it has received the required employer contributions from the employer. In the event of a deficiency in the amount of employer contributions required under this Section, the System shall proceed with the collection process prescribed under subsection (h).

(e) Vesting. A participant in the Tier 3 defined contribution plan becomes vested in the employee contributions credited to his or her accounts in the defined contribution plan and associated investment earnings on becoming a participant in the plan.

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A participant in the Tier 3 defined contribution plan becomes vested in the employer contributions and associated investment earnings credited to his or her accounts in the defined contribution plan as follows: upon attaining 2 years of service credit, 20%; upon attaining 3 years of service credit, 40%; upon attaining 4 years of service credit, 60%; upon attaining 5 years of service credit, 80%; and upon attaining 6 years of service credit, 100%.

(f) Benefit amounts. In designing the Tier 3 defined contribution plan, the System shall determine and specify the conditions under which a participant or other entity becomes eligible to receive a benefit or other distribution from the defined contribution plan.

Upon meeting the conditions for eligibility, a Tier 3 participant shall be entitled to a benefit that is based on the account values attributable to (1) participant contributions and any investment return thereon and (2) the vested portion of employer contributions and any investment return thereon.

(g) Forfeiture. If a Tier 3 participant who is not fully vested in employer contributions terminates employment under this Article, the account values attributable to the unvested employer contributions and any investment return thereon shall be forfeited and held in escrow by the company investing those contributions, to be used as directed by the System for future allocations of employer contributions or for the restoration of amounts previously forfeited by former <a>Tier 3 participants who

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again become participating employees. If a former Tier 3 1 2 participant again becomes a participating employee (or becomes 3 employed by a participating system under Article 20 of this 4 Code) and continues as such for at least 2 years, all forfeited 5 employer contributions and investment earnings theron shall be restored to his or her accounts, without interest. 6

(h) Enforcement. Any employer, other than the State, that fails to transmit to the System contributions required of it under this Section for more than 14 days after those contributions are due is subject to the following enforcement process:

After giving notice to the employer, the System shall certify to the State Comptroller or the Illinois Community College Board, whichever is applicable, the amounts of such delinquent payments, and the State Comptroller or the Illinois Community College Board, whichever is applicable, shall deduct the amounts so certified or any part thereof from any State funds to be remitted to the employer and shall pay the amount so deducted to the System. If State funds from which such deductions may be made are not available, the System may proceed against the employer to recover the amounts of such delinquent payments in the appropriate circuit court.

The System may provide for an audit of the records of an employer, other than the State, as may be required to establish the amounts of required contributions. The employer shall make its records available to the System for the purpose of

- 1 <u>conducting an audit. The cost of the audit shall be added to</u>
- 2 the amount of the delinquent payments and may be recovered by
- 3 the System from the employer at the same time and in the same
- 4 manner as the delinquent payments are recovered.
- 5 (i) Termination. The defined contribution plan authorized
- 6 <u>under this Section may be terminated by the System, subject to</u>
- 7 the terms of any relevant contracts, and the System shall have
- 8 no obligation to reestablish the defined contribution plan
- 9 <u>under this Section. This Section does not create a right to</u>
- 10 <u>continued participation in any Tier 3 defined contribution plan</u>
- 11 established by the System under this Section.
- 12 If the Tier 3 defined contribution plan is terminated, the
- 13 participants shall have the right to transfer their account
- 14 balances into another qualified and appropriate retirement
- plan, including a plan not established by the System, subject
- 16 to applicable laws. Termination of the Tier 3 defined
- 17 contribution plan does not affect a Tier 3 participant's
- 18 participation in the Tier 3 defined benefit plan.
- 19 (40 ILCS 5/15-158.6 new)
- Sec. 15-158.6. Tier 3 service; election; defined benefit
- 21 plan.
- 22 (a) Service credit earned or purchased by a Tier 3
- 23 participant applies to the Tier 3 defined benefit plan and, for
- vesting purposes only, to the Tier 3 defined contribution plan.
- 25 A Tier 3 participant may not purchase or receive service or

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- service credit applicable to any other retirement package 1 2 administered by the System under this Article for any period 3 during which the employee is a participant in the Tier 3 4 benefit package.
 - (b) An active participant, other than a Tier 1 participant or a participant in the self-managed plan, who first becomes a participant under this Article on or after January 1, 2011 but before July 1, 2015 may irrevocably elect to participate in the System as a Tier 3 participant. The deadline for making this election shall be the later of January 1, 2015 or 60 days after commencing or returning to service under this Article. The election shall be effective on and after July 1, 2015.
 - In calculating the defined benefits for a Tier 3 participant who has made this election, benefits payable after July 1, 2015 shall be determined under the Tier 3 benefit package, notwithstanding that they may be based in part on service credit accrued before that date. Making this election does not entitle the participant to a refund of any portion of employee contributions paid at the rates applicable to service before July 1, 2015.
 - (c) The Tier 3 defined benefit plan consists of the traditional benefit package as modified by Section 1-160, but subject to the following additional modifications:
 - (1) Notwithstanding Section 1-160 of this Code, all automatic annual increases in retirement annuity payable under the Tier 3 benefit package shall be calculated at

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one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, and shall be calculated as a percentage of the total annuity payable at the time of the increase, including all increases previously granted under this Article. A retirement annuity payable under the Tier 3 retirement package shall first be subject to annual increases on the January 1 occurring on or next after attainment of age 67 or the January 1 occurring on or next after the fifth anniversary of the annuity start date, whichever occurs earlier.

For the purposes of this Section, "consumer price index-u" means the index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor that measures the average change in prices of goods and services purchased by all urban consumers, United States city average, all items, 1982-84 = 100, as determined by the Public Pension Division of the Department of Insurance.

(2) Notwithstanding Section 1-160 of this Code, for the purposes of determining contributions and benefits under the defined benefit component of the Tier 3 retirement package, the earnings of a Tier 3 participant shall not exceed the federal social security wage base in effect from time to time. However, the earnings of a Tier 3 participant that exceed that wage base but do not exceed the limit

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1	imposed under Section 1-117 of this Code shall be included
2	in calculating the contributions of the Tier 3 participant
3	and the employer to the Tier 3 defined contribution plan
4	under Section 15-158 5

- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of Section 15-136 of this Article, the retirement annuity shall be 1.5% of final rate of earnings for each year of service.
- (d) A Tier 3 participant shall be entitled to the benefits
 of Article 20 of this Code, but only with respect to the
 defined benefit component of the Tier 3 retirement package. The
 Tier 3 defined contribution plan, and the additional earnings
 considered under that plan, shall not be taken into
 consideration when calculating salary, proportional annuities,
 or other benefits under Article 20 of this Code.
- 15 (40 ILCS 5/15-159) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-159)
- 16 Sec. 15-159. Board created.
- 17 (a) A board of trustees constituted as provided in this
 18 Section shall administer this System. The board shall be known
 19 as the Board of Trustees of the State Universities Retirement
 20 System.
- 21 (b) (Blank). Until July 1, 1995, the Board of Trustees
 22 shall be constituted as follows:
- 23 Two trustees shall be members of the Board of Trustees of
 24 the University of Illinois, one shall be a member of the Board
 25 of Trustees of Southern Illinois University, one shall be a

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member of the Board of Trustees of Chicago State University, one shall be a member of the Board of Trustees of Eastern Illinois University, one shall be a member of the Board of Trustees of Governors State University, one shall be a member of the Board of Trustees of Illinois State University, one shall be a member of the Board of Trustees of Northeastern Illinois University, one shall be a member of the Board of Trustees of Northern Illinois University, one shall be a member of the Board of Trustees of Western Illinois University, and one shall be a member of the Illinois Community College Board, selected in each case by their respective boards, and 2 shall be participants of the system appointed by the Governor for a 6 year term with the first appointment made pursuant amendatory Act of 1984 to be effective September 1, 1985, and one shall be a participant appointed by the Illinois Community College Board for a 6 year term, and one shall be a participant appointed by the Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois for a 6 year term, and one shall be a participant or annuitant of the system who is a senior citizen age 60 or older appointed by the Governor for a 6 year term with the first appointment to be effective September 1, 1985.

The terms of all trustees holding office under this subsection (b) on June 30, 1995 shall terminate at the end of that day and the Board shall thereafter be constituted as provided in subsection (c).

(c) (Blank). Beginning July 1, 1995, the Board of Trustees

shall be constituted as follows:

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The Board shall consist of 9 trustees appointed by the Governor. Two of the trustees, designated at the time of appointment, shall be participants of the System. Two of the trustees, designated at the time of appointment, shall be annuitants of the System who are receiving retirement annuities under this Article. The 5 remaining trustees may, but need not, be participants or annuitants of the System.

The term of office of trustees appointed under this subsection (c) shall be 6 years, beginning on July 1. However, of the initial trustees appointed under this subsection (c), 3 shall be appointed for terms of 2 years, 3 shall be appointed for terms of 4 years, and 3 shall be appointed for terms of 6 years, to be designated by the Governor at the time of appointment.

The terms of all trustees holding office under this subsection (c) on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall terminate on that effective date. The Governor shall make nominations for appointment under this Section within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. A trustee sitting on the board on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly may not hold over in office for more than 90 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. Nothing in this Section shall prevent the Governor from making a temporary appointment or

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- nominating a trustee holding office on the day before the 1 2 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General 3 Assembly.
 - (d) Beginning on the 90th day after April 3, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-6) this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the Board of Trustees constituted as follows:
 - (1) The Chairperson of the Board of Higher Education, who shall act as chairperson of this Board.
 - (2) Four trustees appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate who may not be members of the system or hold an elective State office and who shall serve for a term of 6 years, except that the terms of the initial appointees under this subsection (d) shall be as follows: 2 for a term of 3 years and 2 for a term of 6 years.
 - (3) Four active participants of the system to be elected from the contributing membership of the system by the contributing members, no more than 2 of which may be from any of the University of Illinois campuses, who shall serve for a term of 6 years, except that the terms of the initial electees shall be as follows: 2 for a term of 3 years and 2 for a term of 6 years. Beginning with the election of active participants next occurring after the reduction in the number of elected active participant positions on the Board under subsection (d-10), no more

than one elected active participant may be from any of the University of Illinois campuses.

(4) Two annuitants of the system who have been annuitants for at least one full year, to be elected from and by the annuitants of the system, no more than one of which may be from any of the University of Illinois campuses, who shall serve for a term of 6 years, except that the terms of the initial electees shall be as follows: one for a term of 3 years and one for a term of 6 years.

For the purposes of this Section, the Governor may make a nomination and the Senate may confirm the nominee in advance of the commencement of the nominee's term of office.

(d-5) Beginning July 1, 2013, there shall be 2 additional members of the Board of Trustees appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, each of whom shall serve for a term of 6 years, except that one of the initial appointees under this subsection (d-5) shall be designated by the Governor to serve for a term of 3 years. One of the additional members shall have knowledge and experience relating to community colleges in Illinois, and the other shall have knowledge and experience relating to public universities in Illinois.

(d-10) Upon the expiration of the terms of the 2 elected active participant members of the Board whose terms expire in 2015, those seats shall no longer be filled by election, but shall instead be filled by appointment by the Governor with the

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advice and consent of the Senate. A person so appointed must be an active participant from the contributing membership of the System, and shall serve for a term of 6 years, but only so long as he or she remains an active participant of the System. One of these members shall be an active employee of a community college employer, and the other shall be an active employee of a public university employer.

(e) The $\frac{6}{2}$ elected trustees shall be elected within 90 days after April 3, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-6) this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly for a term beginning on the 90th day after that the effective date of this amendatory Act. Trustees shall be elected thereafter as terms expire for a 6-year term beginning July 15 next following their election, and such election shall be held on May 1, or on May 2 when May 1 falls on a Sunday. The board may establish rules for the election of trustees to implement the provisions of Public Act 96-6 this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly and for future elections. Candidates for the participating trustee shall be nominated by petitions in writing, signed by not less than 400 participants with their addresses shown opposite their names. Candidates for the annuitant trustee shall be nominated by petitions in writing, signed by not less than 100 annuitants with their addresses shown opposite their names. If there is more than one qualified nominee for each elected trustee, then the board shall conduct a secret ballot election by mail for that trustee, in accordance with rules as established by the

- 1 board. If there is only one qualified person nominated by
- 2 petition for each elected trustee, then the election as
- 3 required by this Section shall not be conducted for that
- 4 trustee and the board shall declare such nominee duly elected.
- 5 A vacancy occurring in the elective membership of the board
- 6 shall be filled for the unexpired term by the elected trustees
- 7 serving on the board for the remainder of the term.
- 8 (f) A vacancy on the board of trustees caused by
- 9 resignation, death, expiration of term of office, or other
- 10 reason shall be filled by a qualified person appointed by the
- 11 Governor for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- 12 (g) Trustees (other than the trustees incumbent on June 30,
- 13 1995 or as provided in subsection (c) of this Section) shall
- 14 continue in office until their respective successors are
- appointed and have qualified, except that a trustee appointed
- 16 to one of the participant positions shall be disqualified
- immediately upon the termination of his or her status as a
- 18 participant and a trustee appointed to one of the annuitant
- 19 positions shall be disqualified immediately upon the
- 20 termination of his or her status as an annuitant receiving a
- 21 retirement annuity.
- 22 (h) Each trustee must take an oath of office before a
- 23 notary public of this State and shall qualify as a trustee upon
- the presentation to the board of a certified copy of the oath.
- 25 The oath must state that the person will diligently and
- 26 honestly administer the affairs of the retirement system, and

- 1 will not knowingly violate or wilfully permit to be violated
- 2 any provisions of this Article.
- 3 Each trustee shall serve without compensation but shall be
- 4 reimbursed for expenses necessarily incurred in attending
- 5 board meetings and carrying out his or her duties as a trustee
- or officer of the system.
- 7 (i) This amendatory Act of 1995 is intended to supersede
- 8 the changes made to this Section by Public Act 89 4.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 96-6, eff. 4-3-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)
- 10 (40 ILCS 5/15-198)
- 11 Sec. 15-198. Application and expiration of new benefit
- 12 increases.
- 13 (a) As used in this Section, "new benefit increase" means
- 14 an increase in the amount of any benefit provided under this
- 15 Article, or an expansion of the conditions of eligibility for
- any benefit under this Article, that results from an amendment
- 17 to this Code that takes effect after the effective date of this
- 18 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly. "New benefit
- increase", however does not include any changes to this Article
- or to Article 1 or Article 20 of this Code made by this
- amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly.
- 22 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code or any
- 23 subsequent amendment to this Code, every new benefit increase
- is subject to this Section and shall be deemed to be granted
- 25 only in conformance with and contingent upon compliance with

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- 1 the provisions of this Section.
- 2 (c) The Public Act enacting a new benefit increase must 3 identify and provide for payment to the System of additional 4 funding at least sufficient to fund the resulting annual 5 increase in cost to the System as it accrues.

Every new benefit increase is contingent upon the General Assembly providing the additional funding required under this subsection. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall analyze whether adequate additional funding has been provided for the new benefit increase and shall report its analysis to the Public Pension Division of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. A new benefit increase created by a Public Act that does not include the additional funding required under this subsection is null and void. If the Public Pension Division determines that the additional funding provided for a new benefit increase under this subsection is or has become inadequate, it may so certify to the Governor and the State Comptroller and, in the absence of corrective action by the General Assembly, the new benefit increase shall expire at the end of the fiscal year in which the certification is made.

(d) Every new benefit increase shall expire 5 years after its effective date or on such earlier date as may be specified in the language enacting the new benefit increase or provided under subsection (c). This does not prevent the General Assembly from extending or re-creating a new benefit increase

- 1 by law.
- 2 (e) Except as otherwise provided in the language creating
- 3 the new benefit increase, a new benefit increase that expires
- 4 under this Section continues to apply to persons who applied
- 5 and qualified for the affected benefit while the new benefit
- 6 increase was in effect and to the affected beneficiaries and
- 7 alternate payees of such persons, but does not apply to any
- 8 other person, including without limitation a person who
- 9 continues in service after the expiration date and did not
- 10 apply and qualify for the affected benefit while the new
- 11 benefit increase was in effect.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 94-4, eff. 6-1-05.)
- 13 (40 ILCS 5/20-121) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 20-121)
- 14 Sec. 20-121. Calculation of proportional retirement
- annuities. Upon retirement of the employee, a proportional
- 16 retirement annuity shall be computed by each participating
- 17 system in which pension credit has been established on the
- 18 basis of pension credits under each system. The computation
- shall be in accordance with the formula or method prescribed by
- 20 each participating system which is in effect at the date of the
- 21 employee's latest withdrawal from service covered by any of the
- 22 systems in which he has pension credits which he elects to have
- 23 considered under this Article. However, the amount of any
- 24 retirement annuity payable under the self-managed plan
- established under Section 15-158.2 of this Code depends solely

on the value of the participant's vested account balances and is not subject to any proportional adjustment under this Section. In the case of a participant in the Tier 3 benefit package under Article 15 of this Code, only the benefits provided under the Tier 3 defined benefit component shall be considered for the purposes of this Article; the benefits provided and the additional earnings considered under the Tier 3 defined contribution plan established under Section 15-158.5 shall be disregarded.

Combined pension credit under all retirement systems subject to this Article shall be considered in determining whether the minimum qualification has been met and the formula or method of computation which shall be applied. If a system has a step-rate formula for calculation of the retirement annuity, pension credits covering previous service which have been established under another system shall be considered in determining which range or ranges of the step-rate formula are to be applicable to the employee.

Interest on pension credit shall continue to accumulate in accordance with the provisions of the law governing the retirement system in which the same has been established during the time an employee is in the service of another employer, on the assumption such employee, for interest purposes for pension credit, is continuing in the service covered by such retirement system.

(Source: P.A. 91-887, eff. 7-6-00.)

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(40 ILCS 5/20-123) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 20-123) 1

Sec. 20-123. Survivor's annuity. The provisions governing a retirement annuity shall be applicable to a survivor's annuity. Appropriate credits shall be established survivor's annuity purposes in those participating systems which provide survivor's annuities, according to the same conditions and subject to the same limitations and restrictions herein prescribed for a retirement annuity. If a participating system has no survivor's annuity benefit, or if the survivor's annuity benefit under that system is waived, pension credit established in that system shall not be considered in determining eligibility for or the amount of the survivor's annuity which may be payable by any other participating system.

For persons who participate in the self-managed plan established under Section 15-158.2 or the portable benefit package established under Section 15-136.4, pension credit established under Article 15 may be considered in determining eligibility for or the amount of the survivor's annuity that is payable by any other participating system, but pension credit established in any other system shall not result in any right to a survivor's annuity under the Article 15 system.

In the case of a participant in the Tier 3 benefit package under Article 15 of this Code, only the benefits provided under the Tier 3 defined benefit component shall be considered for the purposes of this Article; the benefits provided and the

- additional earnings considered under the Tier 3 defined 1
- 2 contribution plan established under Section 15-158.5 shall be
- 3 disregarded.
- (Source: P.A. 91-887, eff. 7-6-00.) 4
- 5 (40 ILCS 5/20-124) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 20-124)
- 6 Sec. 20-124. Maximum benefits.
- 7 (a) In no event shall the combined retirement or survivors annuities exceed the highest annuity which would have been 8 9 payable by any participating system in which the employee has
- 10 pension credits, if all of his pension credits had been
- 11 validated in that system.
- 12 If the combined annuities should exceed the highest maximum
- 1.3 as determined in accordance with this Section, the respective
- 14 annuities shall be reduced proportionately according to the
- 15 ratio which the amount of each proportional annuity bears to
- 16 the aggregate of all such annuities.
- (b) In the case of a participant in the self-managed plan 17
- established under Section 15-158.2 of this Code to whom the 18
- provisions of this Article apply: 19
- 20 (i) For purposes of calculating the combined
- 21 retirement annuity and the proportionate reduction, if
- 22 any, in a retirement annuity other than one payable under
- self-managed plan, the amount of the Article 15 23
- 24 retirement annuity shall be deemed to be the highest
- 25 annuity to which the annuitant would have been entitled if

- he or she had participated in the traditional benefit package as defined in Section 15-103.1 rather than the self-managed plan.
- purposes of calculating the combined 4 (ii) For 5 survivor's annuity and the proportionate reduction, if any, in a survivor's annuity other than one payable under 6 7 the self-managed plan, the amount of the Article 15 8 survivor's annuity shall be deemed to be the highest 9 survivor's annuity to which the survivor would have been 10 entitled if the deceased employee had participated in the 11 traditional benefit package as defined in Section 15-103.1 12 rather than the self-managed plan.
 - (iii) Benefits payable under the self-managed plan are not subject to proportionate reduction under this Section.
- 15 (c) In the case of a participant in the Tier 3 benefit

 16 package under Article 15 of this Code, only the benefits

 17 provided under the Tier 3 defined benefit component shall be

 18 considered for the purposes of this Article; the benefits

 19 provided and the additional earnings considered under the Tier

 20 3 defined contribution plan established under Section 15-158.5
- 21 <u>shall be disregarded.</u>
- 22 (Source: P.A. 91-887, eff. 7-6-00.)
- 23 (40 ILCS 5/20-125) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 20-125)
- Sec. 20-125. Return to employment suspension of benefits.
- 25 If a retired employee returns to employment which is covered by

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a system from which he is receiving a proportional annuity 1 2 under this Article, his proportional annuity from all participating systems shall be suspended during the period of 3 re-employment, except that this suspension does not apply to 4 5 distributions payable under the self-managed plan established under Section 15-158.2 or under the Tier 3 defined 6 7 contribution plan established under Section 15-158.5 of this 8 Code.

The provisions of the Article under which such employment would be covered shall govern the determination of whether the employee has returned to employment, and if applicable the exemption of temporary employment or employment not exceeding a specified duration or frequency, for all participating systems from which the retired employee is receiving a proportional annuity under this Article, notwithstanding any contrary provisions in the other Articles governing such systems.

17 (Source: P.A. 91-887, eff. 7-6-00.)

Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding Section 8.37 as follows:

20 (30 ILCS 805/8.37 new)

Sec. 8.37. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly.

- 1 Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are
- 2 severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.
- 3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 4 becoming law.

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                  Statutes amended in order of appearance
 3
      40 ILCS 5/1-160
      40 ILCS 5/15-103.4 new
 5
      40 ILCS 5/15-107.1 new
 6
      40 ILCS 5/15-107.2 new
      40 ILCS 5/15-111
 7
                                 from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-111
 8
      40 ILCS 5/15-125
                                  from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-125
 9
      40 ILCS 5/15-134.5
10
      40 ILCS 5/15-136
                                  from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-136
11
      40 ILCS 5/15-136.4
12
      40 ILCS 5/15-157
                                  from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-157
      40 ILCS 5/15-157.2 new
13
      40 ILCS 5/15-158.2
14
15
      40 ILCS 5/15-158.5 new
16
      40 ILCS 5/15-158.6 new
      40 ILCS 5/15-159
                                  from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-159
17
      40 ILCS 5/15-198
18
      40 ILCS 5/20-121
                                  from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 20-121
19
20
      40 ILCS 5/20-123
                                  from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 20-123
21
      40 ILCS 5/20-124
                                  from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 20-124
22
      40 ILCS 5/20-125
                                  from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 20-125
      30 ILCS 805/8.37 new
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