

## Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

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09800SB1046sam001

LRB098 05333 HEP 58377 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1046 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 1046 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Guardianship and Advocacy Act is amended by 4 adding Section 33.5 as follows: 5 6 (20 ILCS 3955/33.5 new) 7 Sec. 33.5. Guardianship training program. The State Guardian shall provide a training program that outlines the 8 duties and responsibilities of quardians appointed under 9 Article XIa of the Probate Act of 1975. The training program 10 11 shall be offered to courts at no cost, and shall outline the 12 responsibilities of quardians and the rights of disabled 13 persons in quardianships under Article XIa of the Probate Act

of 1975. In developing the training program content, the State

Guardian may consult with the courts, State and national

quardianship organizations, public quardians, advocacy

- organizations, and persons and family members with direct 1
- experience with adult quardianship. 2
- 3 Section 10. The Probate Act of 1975 is amended by changing
- 4 Sections 11a-5, 11a-21, 13-1, and 13-1.2 as follows:
- (755 ILCS 5/11a-5) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 11a-5) 5
- 6 Sec. 11a-5. Who may act as guardian.
- 7 (a) A person is qualified to act as guardian of the person
- 8 and as quardian of the estate of a disabled person if the court
- 9 finds that the proposed quardian is capable of providing an
- active and suitable program of guardianship for the disabled 10
- 11 person and that the proposed quardian:
- 12 (1) has attained the age of 18 years;
- 13 (2) is a resident of the United States;
- 14 (3) is not of unsound mind;
- 15 (4) is not an adjudged disabled person as defined in
- 16 this Act; and
- (5) has not been convicted of a felony, unless the 17
- 18 court finds appointment of the person convicted of a felony
- to be in the disabled person's best interests, and as part 19
- 20 the best interest determination, the court
- 21 considered the nature of the offense, the date of offense,
- 22 and the evidence of the proposed quardian's
- 23 rehabilitation. No person shall be appointed who has been
- 24 convicted of a felony involving harm or threat to a minor

or an elderly or disabled person, including a felony sexual offense; and -

- (6) has completed a training program, developed by the State Guardian in accordance with Section 33.5 of the Guardianship and Advocacy Act or by another suitable provider approved by the court, that outlines the responsibilities of quardians and the rights of disabled persons, and has been made available at no cost by the court or another suitable provider approved by the court.
- (b) Any public agency, or not-for-profit corporation found capable by the court of providing an active and suitable program of guardianship for the disabled person, taking into consideration the nature of such person's disability and the nature of such organization's services, may be appointed guardian of the person or of the estate, or both, of the disabled person. The court shall not appoint as guardian an agency which is directly providing residential services to the ward. One person or agency may be appointed guardian of the person and another person or agency appointed guardian of the estate.
- (c) Any corporation qualified to accept and execute trusts in this State may be appointed guardian of the estate of a disabled person.
- (d) Public quardians, state quardians, attorneys currently authorized to practice law, and persons who are certified as National Certified Guardians by the Center for Guardianship

- 1 Certification are exempt from the training requirement under
- paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of this Section. 2
- (Source: P.A. 98-120, eff. 1-1-14.) 3
- 4 (755 ILCS 5/11a-21) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 11a-21)
- 5 Sec. 11a-21. Hearing. (a) The court shall conduct a hearing on a petition filed under Section 11a-20. The ward is entitled 6
- to be represented by counsel, to demand a jury of 6 persons, to 7
- 8 present evidence and to confront and cross-examine all
- 9 witnesses. The court (1) may appoint counsel for the ward, if
- 10 the court finds that the interests of the ward will be best
- served by the appointment and (2) shall appoint counsel upon 11
- 12 the ward's request or if the respondent takes a position
- 13 adverse to that of the quardian ad litem. The court may allow
- 14 the quardian ad litem and counsel for the ward reasonable
- 15 compensation.
- (b) If the ward is unable to pay the fee of the guardian ad 16
- 17 litem or appointed counsel, or both, the court shall enter an
- 18 order upon the State to pay, from funds appropriated by the
- 19 General Assembly for that purpose, all such fees or such
- 20 amounts as the ward is unable to pay.
- (c) Upon conclusion of the hearing, the court shall enter 21
- 22 an order setting forth the factual basis for its findings and
- may: (1) dismiss the petition; (2) terminate the adjudication 23
- 24 of disability; (3) revoke the letters of guardianship of the
- 25 estate or person, or both; (4) modify the duties of the

- 1 quardian; and (5) require the quardian to complete a training
- program as provided in subdivision (a)(6) of Section 11a-5 of 2
- 3 this Act; and (6) make any other order which the court deems
- 4 appropriate and in the interests of the ward.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 81-1509.)

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(755 ILCS 5/13-1) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 13-1) 6

Sec. 13-1. Appointment and term of public administrator and public guardian.) Except as provided in Section 13-1.1, before the first Monday of December, 1977 and every 4 years thereafter, and as often as vacancies occur, the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint in each county a suitable person to serve as public administrator and a suitable person to serve as public quardian of the county. The Governor may designate, without the advice and consent of the Senate, the Office of State Guardian as an interim public quardian to fill a vacancy in one or more counties. When appointed as an interim public quardian, the State Guardian will perform the powers and duties assigned under the Guardianship and Advocacy Act. The Governor may appoint the same person to serve as public quardian and public administrator in one or more counties. In considering the number of counties of service for any prospective public quardian or public administrator the Governor may consider the population of the county and the ability of the prospective public quardian or public administrator to travel to multiple

- 1 counties and manage estates in multiple counties. Each person
- 2 so appointed holds his office for 4 years from the first Monday
- of December, 1977 and every 4 years thereafter or until his
- 4 successor is appointed and qualified.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 96-752, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 6 (755 ILCS 5/13-1.2)
- 7 Sec. 13-1.2. Certification requirement. Each person
- 8 appointed as a public guardian by the Governor shall be
- 9 certified as a National Certified Guardian by the Center for
- 10 Guardianship Certification within 6 months after his or her
- 11 appointment. The Guardianship and Advocacy Commission shall
- 12 provide public guardians with information about certification
- 13 requirements and procedures for testing and certification
- 14 offered by professional training opportunities and facilitate
- 15 testing and certification opportunities at locations in
- 16 Springfield and Chicago with the Center for Guardianship
- 17 Certification. The cost of certification shall be considered an
- 18 expense connected with the operation of the public quardian's
- office within the meaning of subsection (b) of Section 13-3.1
- 20 of this Article.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 96-752, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 22 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect one year
- after becoming law.".