98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

HB5964

by Rep. Dwight Kay

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act	
35 ILCS 5/224 new	
35 ILCS 105/3-10	
35 ILCS 105/9	from Ch. 120, par. 439.9
35 ILCS 110/3-10	from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10
35 ILCS 110/9	from Ch. 120, par. 439.39
35 ILCS 115/3-10	from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10
35 ILCS 115/9	from Ch. 120, par. 439.109
35 ILCS 120/2-10	
35 ILCS 120/3	from Ch. 120, par. 442

Creates the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act. Requires the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity to develop application procedures to certify certain areas in the State as Job Renewal Zones. Sets forth the qualifications for certification as a Job Renewal Zone. Sets forth tax incentives for businesses located inside Job Renewal Zones. Requires the Department to certify all Job Renewal Zones by July 1, 2015 and provides that all zones expire on June 30, 2026. Requires the Department to report to the General Assembly and Governor no later than January 1, 2025 concerning the program. Effective immediately.

LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HB5964

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AN ACT concerning economic development.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Employ
Illinois Job Renewal Act.

6 Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

7 "Department" means the Department of Commerce and Economic8 Opportunity.

9 "Local government entity" means a county or a municipality.

10 Section 10. Qualifications for Job Renewal Zones. A local 11 government entity is qualified to become a Job Renewal Zone if: 12 (1) it has no more than 200,000 residents according to 13 the latest data available from the U.S. Census Bureau; and 14 (2) it has experienced unemployment rates over the last

15 5 years that are higher than at least 75% of all Illinois16 local government entities.

Section 15. Certification of Job Renewal Zones by the Department.

(a) The Department must develop an application for Job
 Renewal Zone certification, contact local government entities
 that may qualify as a Job Renewal Zone under Section 10, and

inform those entities of their potential qualification. In 1 2 determining those local government entities to be certified, in addition to characteristics mentioned in subsection (b), the 3 Department must certify an equal amount of zones in the various 4 regions of the State. The Department shall designate Job 5 Renewal Zones in a manner that maximizes their effect equally 6 7 in regions of the State. The Department may not designate more than 10 Job Renewal Zones in the State. 8

9 (b) In considering applications for Job Renewal Zone 10 certification, the Department must consider all of the 11 following factors:

(1) The degree to which the applicant local government entity has experienced population decline or equalized assessed property value decline or stagnant growth at greater levels than other local government entities that are eligible for Job Renewal Zone certification.

17 (2) The poverty of residents of the local government 18 entity applicant relative to other local government 19 entities that are eligible for Job Renewal Zone 20 certification.

(3) The degree to which school districts within the jurisdiction of the local government entity applying for certification have experienced decline or stagnation in student enrollment having detrimental effects on the schools' State education funding at levels greater than other local government entities that are eligible for

- 3 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

HB5964

1 certification.

2 (4) Whether the applicant local government entity has 3 developed a strategic development plan that will guide the 4 redevelopment of its community or county in a manner that 5 benefits all residents of the applicant local government 6 entity.

7 (5) Any other relevant factors determined by the8 Department.

9 Section 20. Taxes on businesses in Job Renewal Zones.

10 (a) All businesses located in a Job Renewal Zone, in 11 addition to any other benefits and incentives that may be 12 offered at the discretion of the Department or the local 13 government entity creating the Job Renewal Zone as is provided 14 under the Enterprise Zone Act, shall qualify, upon 15 certification by the Department, for exemptions from the 16 following taxes:

17 (1) taxes imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of
18 Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act; and

19 (2) the rate of tax imposed under the Use Tax Act, the
20 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and
21 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall be reduced to 1.25%
22 as provided in those Acts.

(b) Any business located in a Job Renewal Zone from which
the Department has determined at least 51% of its products or
services are exported outside of the State shall automatically

- 4 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b HB5964 qualify for EDGE job creation assistance, as provided under the 1 2 Economic Development for a Growing Economy Tax Credit Act. 3 Section 30. Deadline for zone certification; expiration. 4 (a) The Department must set a deadline for its receipt of 5 applications for all zone certifications. The Department must 6 certify all Job Renewal Zones by July 1, 2015. 7 (b) All Job Renewal Zones expire on June 30, 2026. 8 Section 35. Report required; extension of program. 9 (a) By January 1, 2025, the Department must prepare a 10 report to the Governor and the General Assembly detailing the 11 effects of the Job Renewal program on the local government 12 entities. The report must include, without limitation, 13 information concerning: 14 (1) employment growth and unemployment decline; 15 (2) population change; (3) changes in poverty rates; 16 17 (4) changes in per capita income of the residents of the zone; 18 19 (5) changes in the equalized assessed value of property 20 within the zone; 21 (6) changes in the cost of providing services to zone residents borne by the local government entity where the 22 23 zone is located; 24 (7) changes in revenues collected by the local

government entity in which the zone is located; and 1 2 (8) changes in the cost of housing in the zone. 3 (b) If the General Assembly extends the expiration date of this program, the Department shall consider the progress of 4 5 economic development of each zone then designated

surrounding areas when deciding whether the current 10 Job 6 7 Renewal Zones will be re-extended.

and

8 Section 50. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 9 adding Section 224 as follows:

10 (35 ILCS 5/224 new)

11 Sec. 224. Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act. This Act is subject to the provisions of the Employ Illinois Job Renewal 12 13 Act.

14 Section 55. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows: 15

16 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 17 18 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of 19 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of the tangible personal property. In all cases where property 20 21 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that 22 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling

price of the property. In all cases where property functionally 1 2 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been 3 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market 4 5 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. 6 7 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the 8 price at which property would change hands between a willing 9 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion 10 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the 11 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by 12 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that 13 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of 14 15 like kind and character in Illinois.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or

- 7 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

6 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax 7 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales 8 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 9 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made 10 thereafter.

11 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and 12 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 13 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the 14 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, 15 16 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no 17 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% 18 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 19 20 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

26 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be

consumed off the premises where it is sold (other 1 than 2 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 3 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 4 appliances, 5 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 6 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 7 8 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of 9 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 10 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 11 12 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks 13 14 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 15 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless 16 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 17 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 18 19 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 20 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

HB5964

- 9 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 1 2 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 3 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 4 5 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 6 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 7 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 8 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 9 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 10 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 11 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 12 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

13 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 14 15 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 16 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 17 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 18 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 19 20 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration. 21

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,

shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 1 2 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 3 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 4 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 5 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 6 7 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes: 8

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, with respect to tangible personal property purchased from a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created under the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

5 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

6 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)

HB5964

7 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, 8 and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency 9 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect 10 the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the 11 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time 12 when he is required to file his return for the period during 13 which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to 14 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 15 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to 16 reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting 17 18 the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. In the 19 case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such 20 21 discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead 22 of when such retailer files his periodic return. The Department 23 may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of 24 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but 25 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of

registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the same property.

6 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 7 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 8 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is 9 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is 10 filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor 11 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required 12 to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of 13 the selling price actually received during such tax return 14 15 period.

Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish such information as the Department may reasonably require.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before

- 13 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating: 1 2 1. The name of the seller; 2. The address of the principal place of business from 3 which he engages in the business of selling tangible 4 5 personal property at retail in this State; 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him 6 7 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible 8 personal property by him during such preceding calendar 9 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law; 10 11 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 12 Act; 13 5. The amount of tax due; 14 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and 15 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department 16 may require. 17 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 18 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 19 due on the return shall be deemed assessed. 20

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 1 2 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 3 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 4 5 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 6 7 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 8 9 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 10 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 11 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 12 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 13 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 14 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 15 16 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 17 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 18 funds transfer. 19

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer

- 15 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

1 with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

6 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 7 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 8 requirements of this Section.

9 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 10 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' 11 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service 12 Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department 13 each month by the 20th day of the month next following the 14 15 month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall 16 make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 17 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's 18 19 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, 20 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the 21 22 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 23 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is 24 25 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before 26 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such

HB5964

liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 1 2 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's 3 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the 4 5 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 6 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 7 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the 8 9 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 10 after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each 11 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 12 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 13 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 14 or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each 15 16 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 17 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 18 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 19 20 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 21 22 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 23 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 24 25 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 26

amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 1 2 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's 3 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The 4 5 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 6 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the 7 8 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the 9 Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average 10 monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 11 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest 12 liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than 13 \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar guarter of the 4 14 15 preceding complete calendar guarter period is less than 16 \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a 17 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average 18 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 19 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such 20 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such 21 22 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once 23 applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's 24 25 average monthly liability to the Department during the 26 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of

highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less 1 2 than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 3 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than 4 5 \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a 6 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 7 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average 8 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 9 will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such 10 taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such 11 taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such 12 taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is 13 seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such 14 quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the 15 amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be 16 liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the 17 minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as 18 the 19 taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the 20 Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable 21 22 rules and regulations to govern the guarter monthly payment 23 amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis. 24

If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers'

Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the 1 2 Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, 3 the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which 4 5 memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the 6 7 taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax 8 9 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, 10 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 11 prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess 12 payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made 13 after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, 14 unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made, 15 the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax 16 liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the 17 Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in 18 accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by 19 20 the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that 21 all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the 22 taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall 23 be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the 24 credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be 25 liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

26 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly

return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to 1 2 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 3 with the return for January, February, and March of a given 4 5 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such 6 year; with the return for July, August and September of a given 7 year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return 8 9 for October, November and December of a given year being due by 10 January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

HB5964

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 1 2 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 3 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 4 5 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a 6 separate return for each such item of tangible personal 7 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 8 9 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 10 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, 11 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose 12 of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 13 vehicles, 14 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as 15 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this 16 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the 17 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on the same uniform 18 19 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 20 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration 21 22 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped 23 with an inboard motor.

The transaction reporting return in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform

Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle 1 2 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price 3 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in 4 5 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to 6 which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value 7 8 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such 9 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of 10 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the 11 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on 12 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the 13 14 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient 15 identification of the property sold; such other information as 16 is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and 17 such other information as the Department may reasonably 18 require.

19 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft 20 and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 21 22 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for 23 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the 24 25 extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for 26 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after

deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 1 2 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 3 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that 4 5 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 6 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other 7 8 information as the Department may reasonably require.

9 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later 10 than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is 11 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner 12 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting 13 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax 14 that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the 15 Department by way of the State agency with which, or State 16 officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be 17 titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine 18 19 that this procedure will expedite the processing of 20 applications for title or registration.

21 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 22 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 23 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 24 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 25 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt 26 (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied

1 that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser 2 may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with 3 whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property 4 that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in 5 support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois 6 certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such 7 tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this 8 9 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other 10 11 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration 12 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The 13 14 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the 15 mandate of this paragraph.

16 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 17 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the 18 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not 19 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 20 of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department 21 22 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 23 the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 24 25 Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption the 26 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return

and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

8 Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the 9 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and 10 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 11 property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to 12 the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the 13 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing 14 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the 15 purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so 16 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which 17 such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax 18 19 to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by 20 such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no 21 22 deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the 23 purchaser.

Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible

personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer, but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

6 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 7 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 8 return which will enable retailers, who are required to file 9 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 10 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both 11 Acts on the one form.

Where the retailer has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration under this Act, such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

17 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special 18 19 fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net 20 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off 21 22 the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 23 soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 24 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 25 medical appliances and insulin, urine testing drugs, 26 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 8 9 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special 10 fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for 11 the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 12 price of tangible personal property, other than tangible 13 personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency 14 15 of this State's government.

16 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 17 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 18 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 19 20 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue 21 22 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 23 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

24 <u>Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not</u> 25 <u>less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory</u> 26 <u>Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month the Department</u>

1	shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100%
2	of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the
3	1.25% rate on the selling price of tangible personal property
4	purchased from a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created
5	under the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act.

6 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 7 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue 8 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 9 the selling price of tangible personal property which is 10 purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which 11 is titled or registered by an agency of this State's 12 government.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that <u>are is</u> now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act

1 and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed 2 \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 3 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 4 5 collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service 6 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 7 8 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually 9 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 10 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 11 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and 12 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the 13 14 "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference 15 between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and 16 the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding 17 payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 18 19 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 20 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 21 22 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 23 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 24 25 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 26

Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 1 2 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called 3 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 4 5 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 6 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 7 8 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the 9 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 10 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 11 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 12 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account 13 14 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 15 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 16 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 17 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 18 19 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 20 21 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 22 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 23 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of 24 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual 25 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 26 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under

this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 1 2 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 3 is sufficient, taking into account any future 4 Bond Act 5 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 6 7 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 8 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 9 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 10 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 11 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on 12 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 13 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 14 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond 15 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 16 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from 17 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 18 19 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 20 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 21 22 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 23 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be 24 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise 25 26 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the

preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

5 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 6 7 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 8 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 9 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 10 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 11 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 12 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 13 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 14 15 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 16 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

17	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
18	1993	\$ O
19	1994	53,000,000
20	1995	58,000,000
21	1996	61,000,000
22	1997	64,000,000
23	1998	68,000,000
24	1999	71,000,000
25	2000	75,000,000
26	2001	80,000,000

	HB5964		- 33 -	LRB098 18905	HLH 54052 b
1		2002			93,000,000
2		2003			99,000,000
3		2004			103,000,000
4		2005			108,000,000
5		2006			113,000,000
6		2007			119,000,000
7		2008			126,000,000
8		2009			132,000,000
9		2010			139,000,000
10		2011			146,000,000
11		2012			153,000,000
12		2013			161,000,000
13		2014			170,000,000
14		2015			179,000,000
15		2016			189,000,000
16		2017			199,000,000
17		2018			210,000,000
18		2019			221,000,000
19		2020			233,000,000
20		2021			246,000,000
21		2022			260,000,000
22		2023			275,000,000
23		2024			275,000,000
24		2025			275,000,000
25		2026			279,000,000
26		2027			292,000,000

1	2028	307,000,000
2	2029	322,000,000
3	2030	338,000,000
4	2031	350,000,000
5	2032	350,000,000
6	and	
7	each fiscal year	
8	thereafter that bonds	
9	are outstanding under	
10	Section 13.2 of the	
11	Metropolitan Pier and	

12 Exposition Authority Act,

13 but not after fiscal year 2060.

14 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 15 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 16 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 17 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 18 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 19 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 20 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 21 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 22 required under this Section for previous months and years, 23 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 24 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 25 26 has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 1 2 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 3 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 4 5 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 6 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 7 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 8 price of tangible personal property.

9 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 10 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 11 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 12 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 13 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 14 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 15 16 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 17 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 18 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 19 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 20 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 21

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in

- 36 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

1 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

9 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 10 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 11 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 12 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

20 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24, 21 eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 22 revised 9-9-13.)

23 Section 60. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing 24 Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

HB5964

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(35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

8 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, 9 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the 10 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of 11 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

12 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price 13 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 14 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% 15 16 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 17 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the selling price 18 19 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 20 sales of qasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 21 22 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price
 thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 3 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 4 5 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 6 7 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and 8 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 9 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 10 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 11 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 12 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 13 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time. 14

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of those services.

6 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 7 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 8 9 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 10 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 11 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the 12 Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the 13 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic 14 15 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for 16 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this 17 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for 18 the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and 19 20 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, 21 22 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any 23 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 24 25 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 26 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever

kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

13 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 14 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 15 16 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 17 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 18 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 19 20 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 21 22 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 23 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. 24

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that

is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

8 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 9 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 10 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 11 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 12 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 13 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 14 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 15 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 16 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 17 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 18 19 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 20 label includes:

21

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not
 less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory

Act of the 98th General Assembly, with respect to tangible personal property purchased from a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created under the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public 5 Act 98-122) this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, 6 7 "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" 8 includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered 9 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical 10 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

18 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636, 19 eff. 6-1-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; revised 20 8-9-13.)

21

(35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)

Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he is required to file his return for the period during which such

tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1 2 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 3 serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping 4 5 records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and 6 supplying data to the Department on request. The Department may 7 disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of 8 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but 9 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 10 registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that 11 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is 12 required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service 13 Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property. 14

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each

- 44 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 1 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating: 2 1. The name of the seller; 3 2. The address of the principal place of business from 4 5 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State; 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him 6 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts 7 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed 8 9 by law; 10 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 11 Act; 12 5. The amount of tax due; 13 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and 14 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department 15 may require. 16 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 17 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 18 due on the return shall be deemed assessed. 19 20 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 21 22 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 23 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 24

funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has

all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

HB5964

25

an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 1 2 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 3 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 4 5 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 6 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 7 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 8 9 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 10 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 11 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 12 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 13 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 14 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 15 16 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make

18 funds transfer.

17

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

5 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 6 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 7 requirements of this Section.

8 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly 9 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to 10 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 11 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 12 with the return for January, February and March of a given year 13 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 14 15 with the return for July, August and September of a given year 16 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 17 October, November and December of a given year being due by January 20 of the following year. 18

19 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly 20 or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax 21 liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department 22 may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with 23 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the 24 following year.

25 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 26 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly

HB5964

1 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

9 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 10 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser 11 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds the 12 selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall 13 also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the 14 purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he 15 refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct 16 the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from 17 any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers' occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required 18 19 to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, 20 provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such 21 22 serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have 23 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to 24 25 the purchaser.

26

Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include

the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

5 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 6 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 7 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file 8 returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax 9 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both 10 Acts on the one form.

Where the serviceman has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration hereunder, such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

16 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 17 pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding 18 month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption 19 20 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has 21 22 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 23 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by 24 25 diabetics.

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Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall

pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside Ellinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

7 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 8 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the 9 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 10 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

11 Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not 12 less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month the Department 13 14 shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 15 16 1.25% rate on the selling price of tangible personal property 17 purchased from a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created under the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act. 18

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that <u>are</u> is now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay

HB5964

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into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 1 2 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an 3 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 4 5 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 6 7 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 8 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the 9 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in 10 any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average 11 monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the 12 average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average 13 monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments 14 made pursuant to this paragraph.

15 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 16 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 17 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 18 19 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 20 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 21 22 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 23 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 24 25 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called 26 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

HB5964

may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 1 2 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 3 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 4 5 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 6 7 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 8 9 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 10 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account 11 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 12 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 13 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 14 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 15 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 16 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 17 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 18 19 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 20 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual 21 22 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 23 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 24 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 25 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing 26 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois

is sufficient, taking into account any future 1 Bond Act 2 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 3 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 4 5 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 6 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 7 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 8 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on 9 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 10 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 11 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond 12 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 13 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 14 15 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 16 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 17 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 18 19 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 20 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 21 22 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise 23 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 24 25 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the 26 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge

1 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

2 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 3 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 4 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 5 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 6 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 7 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 8 9 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 10 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 11 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 12 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 13 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

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HB5964

Total

	Fiscal Year	Deposit
15	1993	\$0
16	1994	53,000,000
17	1995	58,000,000
18	1996	61,000,000
19	1997	64,000,000
20	1998	68,000,000
21	1999	71,000,000
22	2000	75,000,000
23	2001	80,000,000
24	2002	93,000,000
25	2003	99,000,000

	HB5964		- 54 -	LRB098 18905	HLH 54052 b
1		2004			103,000,000
2		2005			108,000,000
3		2006			113,000,000
4		2007			119,000,000
5		2008			126,000,000
6		2009			132,000,000
7		2010			139,000,000
8		2011			146,000,000
9		2012			153,000,000
10		2013			161,000,000
11		2014			170,000,000
12		2015			179,000,000
13		2016			189,000,000
14		2017			199,000,000
15		2018			210,000,000
16		2019			221,000,000
17		2020			233,000,000
18		2021			246,000,000
19		2022			260,000,000
20		2023			275,000,000
21		2024			275,000,000
22		2025			275,000,000
23		2026			279,000,000
24		2027			292,000,000
25		2028			307,000,000
26		2029			322,000,000

1	2030	338,000,000
2	2031	350,000,000
3	2032	350,000,000
4	and	
5	each fiscal year	
6	thereafter that bonds	
7	are outstanding under	
8	Section 13.2 of the	
9	Metropolitan Pier and	
10	Exposition Authority Act,	

11 but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 12 13 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 14 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 15 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 16 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 17 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 18 (q) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 19 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 20 required under this Section for previous months and years, 21 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 22 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 23 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 24 has been deposited.

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 26 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

7 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 8 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 9 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 10 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 11 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 12 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 13 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 14 15 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 16 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 17 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 18 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 19

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

- 57 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

8 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 9 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 10 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 11 overpayment of liability.

12 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
13 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; revised 9-9-13.)

Section 65. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 17 18 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use 19 20 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of 21 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible 22 23 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item 24 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a

sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on 1 2 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the 3 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of 4 the 5 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, 6 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce 7 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the 8 9 tangible personal property transferred incident to the 10 completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

15 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 16 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost 17 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, 18 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an 19 20 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the cost price 21 22 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 23 sales of qasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 24 25 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time. 26 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined

in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 6 7 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 8 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 9 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 10 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and 11 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 12 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 13 14 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 15 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 16 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 17 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax 18 19 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 20 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the 21 22 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the 23 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price 24 25 thereafter.

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At the election of any registered serviceman made for each

fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 1 2 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 3 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 4 5 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 6 7 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 8 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to 9 the sale of those services.

10 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 11 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 12 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 13 14 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 15 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the 16 Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the 17 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic 18 19 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for 20 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this 21 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 22 drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for 23 the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by 24 diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, 25 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any 26

complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether 1 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 2 3 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever 4 5 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft 6 7 drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, 8 infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A 9 Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 10 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 12 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic 13 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft 14 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk 15 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater 16 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

17 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 18 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 19 20 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 21 22 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 23 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 24 25 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 26 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of 3 this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 4 5 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 6 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 7 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 8 9 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 10 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 11 flour or requires refrigeration.

12 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 13 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 14 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 15 16 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 17 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 18 19 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 20 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 21 22 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 23 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 24 label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a

list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
 substance or preparation.

Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, with respect to tangible personal property purchased from a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created under the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

9 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public 10 Act 98-122) this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, 11 "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" 12 includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered 13 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical 14 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636, 16 eff. 6-1-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; revised 17 8-9-13.)

18 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for

expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, 1 2 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 3 data to the Department on request. The Department may disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration 4 5 is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the to 6 Department's decision revoke the certificate of 7 registration has become final.

8 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 9 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 10 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is 11 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is 12 filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for 13 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of the selling price actually received during such tax return 14 15 period.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The

1 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 2 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 3 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

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HB5964

1. The name of the seller;

2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

7 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
8 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
9 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
10 by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 Act;

13

5. The amount of tax due;

14 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

15 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department16 may require.

17 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 18 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 19 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 20 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

21 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 22 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 23 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use 24 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if 25 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as 26 required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A HB5964

Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior 1 2 to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax 3 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service 4 5 Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to 6 tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase 7 8 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under 9 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 10 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase 11 Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 12 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 13 14 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability 15 imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

16 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the 17 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the 18 19 return for January, February and March of a given year being 20 due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with 21 22 the return for July, August and September of a given year being 23 due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by 24 25 January 20 of the following year.

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If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the

Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

4 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 5 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 6 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 14 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 15 16 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 17 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 18 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 19 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 20 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 21 22 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 23 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 24 25 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 26

sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 1 2 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 3 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 4 5 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 6 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 7 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 8 9 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 10 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 11 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 12 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the

- 69 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

1 requirements of this Section.

HB5964

2 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 3 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 4 5 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the 6 7 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing 8 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the 9 purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so 10 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service 11 Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or 12 Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the 13 amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been 14 15 remitted to the Department by such serviceman. Ιf the 16 serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of 17 such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser. 18

19 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 20 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 21 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file 22 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 23 Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all 24 the return information required by all said Acts on the one 25 form.

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Where the serviceman has more than one business registered

with the Department under separate registrations hereunder,
 such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered
 business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 4 5 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human 6 7 consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it 8 is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food 9 which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and 10 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 11 appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and 12 needles used by diabetics.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property.

25 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 26 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue

1 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 2 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

3 Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory 4 5 Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of 6 7 the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of tangible personal property 8 9 purchased from a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created under the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act. 10

11 Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not 12 less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month the Department 13 14 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net 15 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on 16 the selling price of tangible personal property purchased from 17 a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created under the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act. 18

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that <u>are is</u> now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay

HB5964

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into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 1 2 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to 3 the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank 4 5 Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the 6 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 7 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 8 the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' 9 Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State 10 fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly 11 deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average 12 monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly 13 revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made 14 pursuant to this paragraph.

15 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 16 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 17 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 18 19 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 20 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 21 22 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 23 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 24 25 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called 26 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 1 2 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 3 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 4 5 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 6 7 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 8 9 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 10 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the 11 Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 12 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 13 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 14 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 15 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 16 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 17 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 18 19 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 20 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual 21 22 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 23 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 24 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 25 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing 26 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois

is sufficient, taking into account any future 1 Bond Act 2 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 3 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 4 5 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 6 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 7 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 8 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on 9 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 10 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 11 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond 12 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 13 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 14 15 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 16 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 17 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 18 19 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 20 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 21 22 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise 23 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 24 25 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the 26 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge

1 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

2 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 3 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 4 5 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 6 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 7 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 8 9 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 10 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 11 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 12 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 13 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

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Total

	Fiscal Year	Deposit
15	1993	\$0
16	1994	53,000,000
17	1995	58,000,000
18	1996	61,000,000
19	1997	64,000,000
20	1998	68,000,000
21	1999	71,000,000
22	2000	75,000,000
23	2001	80,000,000
24	2002	93,000,000
25	2003	99,000,000

	HB5964		- 76 -	LRB098 18905	HLH 54052 b
1		2004			103,000,000
2		2005			108,000,000
3		2006			113,000,000
4		2007			119,000,000
5		2008			126,000,000
6		2009			132,000,000
7		2010			139,000,000
8		2011			146,000,000
9		2012			153,000,000
10		2013			161,000,000
11		2014			170,000,000
12		2015			179,000,000
13		2016			189,000,000
14		2017			199,000,000
15		2018			210,000,000
16		2019			221,000,000
17		2020			233,000,000
18		2021			246,000,000
19		2022			260,000,000
20		2023			275,000,000
21		2024			275,000,000
22		2025			275,000,000
23		2026			279,000,000
24		2027			292,000,000
25		2028			307,000,000
26		2029			322,000,000

1	2030	338,000,000
2	2031	350,000,000
3	2032	350,000,000
4	and	
5	each fiscal year	
6	thereafter that bonds	
7	are outstanding under	
8	Section 13.2 of the	
9	Metropolitan Pier and	
10	Exposition Authority Act,	

11 but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 12 13 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 14 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 15 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 16 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 17 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 18 (q) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 19 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 20 required under this Section for previous months and years, 21 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 22 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 23 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 24 has been deposited.

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 26 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

7 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 8 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 9 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 10 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 11 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 12 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 13 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 14 15 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 16 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 17 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 18 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 19

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

HB5964

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 1 2 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 3 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 4 5 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement 6 of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal 7 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as 8 9 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 10 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 11 same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a 12 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 13 reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the 14 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the 15 taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and 16 closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods 17 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of 18 the 19 taxpayer's business during such year and any additional 20 reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 21 22 or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore 23 provided for in this Section.

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable as follows: 1 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable 2 for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such 3 taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by 4 the annual return for each month or fraction of a month 5 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be 6 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other 7 penalty provided for in this Act.

8 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall 9 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the 10 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

11 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest 12 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who 13 14 willfully signs the annual return containing false or 15 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished 16 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the 17 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the return may be liable for perjury. 18

19 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing 20 of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman 21 who is not required to file an income tax return with the 22 United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount

equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

4 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 5 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 6 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 7 overpayment of liability.

8 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be 9 permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose 10 products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who 11 wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and 12 paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with 13 respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do 14 make written objection to the Department to this not 15 arrangement.

16 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 17 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; revised 9-9-13.)

Section 70. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 2-10 and 3 as follows:

20 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

5 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with 6 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of 7 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory 8 9 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel 10 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a 11 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that 12 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of 13 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and 14 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump 15 16 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be 17 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to 18 19 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a 20 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 21 22 retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July

1 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of 2 the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, 3 however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined 4 in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the 5 tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of 6 sales of gasohol made during that time.

7 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 8 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 9 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or 10 before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of 11 sales made thereafter.

12 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 13 14 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 15 16 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made 17 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 18 19 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at 20 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less 21 22 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

23 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax 24 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 25 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed 26 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or

1 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but 2 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

3 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 4 5 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) 6 and prescription and 7 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, 8 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 9 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 10 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 11 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of 12 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic 13 14 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 15 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 16 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks 17 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless 18 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 19 20 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 21 22 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 23 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft

1 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk 2 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater 3 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 4 5 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 6 7 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 8 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 9 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 10 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 11 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 12 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 13 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 14 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 15 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

16 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 17 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 18 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 19 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 20 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 21 22 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 23 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 24 flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and

drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 1 2 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 3 4 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 5 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 6 7 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 8 9 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 10 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 11 label includes:

12

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, with respect to tangible personal property purchased from a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created under the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

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- 87 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b
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HB5964
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(Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)
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(35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442) 3 Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before 4 the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged 5 in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail 6 in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a 7 return with the Department, stating:

8

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1. The name of the seller:

2. His residence address and the address 9 of his 10 principal place of business and the address of the 11 principal place of business (if that is a different 12 address) from which he engages in the business of selling 13 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

14 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the 15 preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be, 16 from sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or 17 18 quarter;

4. Total amount received by him during the preceding 19 calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of 20 tangible personal property, and from services furnished, 21 22 by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return is filed: 23

- 24
- 5. Deductions allowed by law;

25 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the

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HB5964
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preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed;

3 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this4 Act;

5

6

8. The amount of tax due;

9. The signature of the taxpayer; and

7 10. Such other reasonable information as the8 Department may require.

9 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 10 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 11 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 12 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is claimed.

16 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 17 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as 18 provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser 19 20 provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 21 22 certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003 23 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy 24 25 Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in 26 the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject

to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase 1 2 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 3 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's 4 September 5 Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after 6 January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be 7 used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to 8 9 satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any audit liability. 10

11 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 12 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 13 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 14 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 15 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 16 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 17 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

18

1. The name of the seller;

The address of the principal place of business from
 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
 personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 Act;

3

5. The amount of tax due; and

4

5

6. Such other reasonable information as the Department may require.

Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a 6 7 licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer, as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in 8 9 the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file 10 a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at 11 a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount 12 paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month 13 and such other information as is reasonably required by the 14 Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this 15 statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such 16 rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements 17 of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the 18 Liquor Control Act of 1934. 19

Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during

the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to 1 2 sold or distributed; the purchaser's tax whom it was 3 registration number; and such other information reasonably required by the Department. A distributor, 4 importing 5 distributor, or manufacturer of alcoholic liquor must. personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to 6 7 each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing 8 9 distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic 10 liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month 11 for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred. 12 The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor, 13 importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales 14 information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales 15 16 information by electronic means, the distributor, importing 17 distributor, or manufacturer shall furnish the sales information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of 18 this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is 19 not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail, 20 or facsimile. 21

If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more. Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all

payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 1 2 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 3 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 4 5 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 6 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 7 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 8 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 9 10 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 11 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 12 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 13 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 14 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 15 The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of 16 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 17 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 18 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 19 20 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 21 22 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 23 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

10 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 11 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 12 requirements of this Section.

Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is less than 50 cents.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;

with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

5 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or 6 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax 7 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the 8 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual 9 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 10 of the following year.

11 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 12 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 13 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

21 Where the same person has more than one business registered 22 with the Department under separate registrations under this 23 Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a 24 single return covering all such registered businesses, but 25 shall file separate returns for each such registered business. 26 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft,

aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 1 2 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 3 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a 4 5 separate return for each such item of tangible personal property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same 6 7 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 8 9 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, 10 watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer retailer for the 11 purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, 12 motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 13 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this 14 15 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that 16 17 to Department the transaction the on same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of 18 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 19 20 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration 21 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped 22 with an inboard motor.

Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such

transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required to file returns on an annual basis.

5 The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor 6 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an 7 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle 8 9 Code and must show the name and address of the seller: the name 10 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price 11 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in 12 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the 13 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to 14 which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value 15 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such 16 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of 17 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on 18 19 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not 20 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the 21 fact); the place and date of the sale; а sufficient 22 identification of the property sold; such other information as 23 is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other information as the Department may reasonably 24 25 require.

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The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft

or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the 1 2 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 3 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer 4 5 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for 6 7 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 8 9 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such 10 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 11 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that 12 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 13 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other 14 15 information as the Department may reasonably require.

16 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later 17 than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner 18 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting 19 20 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of 21 22 the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the 23 tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) if the Department and such 24 25 agency or State officer determine that this procedure will 26 expedite the processing of applications for title or

- 98 - LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b

1 registration.

2 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 3 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 4 5 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 6 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax 7 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is 8 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such 9 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer 10 with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal 11 property that is involved (if titling or registration is 12 required) in support of such purchaser's application for an 13 Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration 14 to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this 15 16 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the 17 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration 18 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has 19 20 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The 21 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the 22 mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not

paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 1 2 of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 3 the information required by the transaction reporting return 4 5 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption 6 the 7 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return 8 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be 9 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account 10 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount 11 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays 12 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the 13 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted 14 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

15 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return 16 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property 17 returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case 18 may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the 19 20 receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a 21 return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act 22 with respect to such receipts.

23 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on 24 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, 25 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly 26 accredited agent of such corporation.

HB5964

1 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return 2 filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be 3 signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of 4 the limited liability company.

5 Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such 6 7 return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% 8 9 on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, 10 whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 11 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, 12 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 13 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on 14 15 which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of 16 retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by 17 transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when 18 such retailer files his periodic return. The Department may 19 20 disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but 21 22 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 23 registration has become final.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax

Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be 1 2 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he 3 shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th 4 5 day of the month next following the month during which such tax 6 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department 7 on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month 8 during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 9 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the 10 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service 11 Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any 12 liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance 13 with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 14 15 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month 16 next following the month during which such tax liability is 17 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such 18 19 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 20 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's 21 22 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the 23 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 24 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 25 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the 26

month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 1 2 after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 3 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 4 5 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 6 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 7 or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 8 9 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 10 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 11 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 12 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 13 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 14 15 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 16 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 17 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 18 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 19 20 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's 21 22 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The 23 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 24 25 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the 26 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the

1 Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability 2 of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability 3 to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar 4 5 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the 6 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as 7 8 computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete 9 calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a 10 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in 11 the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer 12 to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the 13 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 14 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the 15 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On 16 and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 17 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or 18 more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue 19 20 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 21 22 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 23 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for 24 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 25 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can 26

show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's 1 2 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably 3 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated 4 5 above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a 6 change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department 7 shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds 8 that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be 9 long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at 10 the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the 11 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the 12 difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the 13 amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely 14 paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made 15 payments for that month to the Department in excess of the 16 minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. 17 The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the guarter monthly payment amount and guarter monthly 18 19 payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar 20 monthly basis.

The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1, 22 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make 23 quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who 24 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 25 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in 26 excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete

1 calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as 2 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the 3 4 month during which such liability is incurred. If the month 5 during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to the 6 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, each payment 7 shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month during which 8 9 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 10 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the 11 12 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 13 preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax 14 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each 15 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 16 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 17 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 18 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 19 20 that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of 21 22 quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this 23 paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete 24 25 calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount 26

1 required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 2 interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has 3 previously made payments for that month in excess of the 4 minimum payments previously due.

5 The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to 6 make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer 7 who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 8 9 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in 10 excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as 11 12 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the 13 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment 14 15 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for 16 17 the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the 18 final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month 19 20 filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter 21 22 monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph 23 shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 24 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 25 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 26

average monthly liability to the Department as computed for 1 2 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly 3 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the 4 5 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such 6 difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made 7 payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments 8 previously due.

9 If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the 10 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the 11 Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as 12 shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if 13 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit 14 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The 15 credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by 16 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax 17 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 18 19 prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the 20 taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, 21 22 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service 23 Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable Use rules and 24 regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department 25 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit 26 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1%

and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability to the Department under this Act for the month which the taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

10 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the 11 12 State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of 13 14 food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the 15 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 16 drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 17 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, insulin, urine 18 drugs, medical appliances and testing 19 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

25 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 26 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the

net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

11 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 12 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue 13 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 14 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local 15 16 Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the 17 preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items. 18

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that <u>are is</u> now taxed at 6.25%.

26 Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not

1 less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory
2 Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month the Department
3 shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of
4 the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
5 rate on the selling price of tangible personal property
6 purchased from a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created
7 under the Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act.

8 Beginning on the first day of the first month to occur not 9 less than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, each month the Department 10 11 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net 12 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on 13 the selling price of tangible personal property purchased from 14 a business located in a Job Renewal Zone created under the 15 Employ Illinois Job Renewal Act.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay 16 17 into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 18 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process 19 20 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total 21 22 payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act 23 and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal 24 vear.

25 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 26 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds

collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax 1 2 Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund 3 during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois 4 5 Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the 6 Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, 7 the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used 8 9 in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal 10 to the difference between the average monthly claims for 11 payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited 12 into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this 13 paragraph.

14 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 15 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 16 17 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 18 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 19 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 20 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, 21 22 Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax 23 Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 24 25 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to 26

the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for fiscal years 1986 through 1993:

8	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
9	1986	\$54,800,000
10	1987	\$76,650,000
11	1988	\$80,480,000
12	1989	\$88,510,000
13	1990	\$115,330,000
14	1991	\$145,470,000
15	1992	\$182,730,000
16	1993	\$206,520,000;

17 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as 18 defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and 19 20 each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on 21 the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act 22 Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond 23 Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) 24 the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the 25 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 26 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the

difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 1 2 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 3 payments required under the preceding proviso result in 4 5 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to 6 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of 7 (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for 8 such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois 9 Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph 10 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount 11 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and 12 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 13 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, 14 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 15 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 16 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on 17 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the 18 19 Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of 20 Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build 21 22 Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the 23 Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred 24 25 in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build 26 Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section

13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such 1 2 deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received 3 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the 4 5 Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this 6 sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to 7 clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall 8 reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year 9 pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the 10 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited 11 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim 12 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 13 Act.

14 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 15 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 16 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 17 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 18 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 19 in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 20 21 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 22 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 23 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 24 25 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

	HB5964	- 115 -	LRB098 18905 HLH 54052 b
1			Total
	Fiscal Year		Deposit
2	1993		\$0
3	1994		53,000,000
4	1995		58,000,000
5	1996		61,000,000
6	1997		64,000,000
7	1998		68,000,000
8	1999		71,000,000
9	2000		75,000,000
10	2001		80,000,000
11	2002		93,000,000
12	2003		99,000,000
13	2004		103,000,000
14	2005		108,000,000
15	2006		113,000,000
16	2007		119,000,000
17	2008		126,000,000
18	2009		132,000,000
19	2010		139,000,000
20	2011		146,000,000
21	2012		153,000,000
22	2013		161,000,000
23	2014		170,000,000
24	2015		179,000,000
25	2016		189,000,000

	HB5964	- 116 -	LRB098 18905	6 HLH 54052 b
1	2017			199,000,000
2	2018			210,000,000
3	2019			221,000,000
4	2020			233,000,000
5	2021			246,000,000
6	2022			260,000,000
7	2023			275,000,000
8	2024			275,000,000
9	2025			275,000,000
10	2026			279,000,000
11	2027			292,000,000
12	2028			307,000,000
13	2029			322,000,000
14	2030			338,000,000
15	2031			350,000,000
16	2032			350,000,000
17	and			
18	each fiscal year			
19	thereafter that bon	ds		
20	are outstanding und	er		
21	Section 13.2 of th	е		
22	Metropolitan Pier a	nd		
23	Exposition Authority	Act,		
24	but not after fiscal yea	r 2060.		
25	Beginning July 20, 199	3 and in e	ach month of	each fiscal
26	year thereafter, one-eight	th of the	amount reque	sted in the

certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 1 2 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 3 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 4 5 (q) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 6 7 required under this Section for previous months and years, 8 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 9 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 10 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 11 has been deposited.

12 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 13 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 14 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 15 16 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 17 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 18 19 price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the

1 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 2 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 3 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 4 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 5 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 6 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

13 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 14 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 15 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 16 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 17 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement 18 19 of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as 20 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 21 22 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 23 same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 24 25 reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the 26 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the

retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and 1 2 closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods 3 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the retailer during such year, payroll information of 4 the retailer's business during such year and any additional 5 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 6 7 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 8 or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in 9 this Section.

10 If the annual information return required by this Section 11 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable 12 as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
penalty provided for in this Act.

(ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or

inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the Department shall include a warning that the person signing the return may be liable for perjury.

5 The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an 6 annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not 7 required to file an income tax return with the United States 8 Government.

9 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon 10 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller 11 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from 12 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount 13 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act 14 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this 15 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

HB5964

Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail 1 2 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, 3 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or 4 5 events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 6 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's 7 business, the name of the person or persons engaged in 8 9 merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois 10 Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant, 11 the dates and location of the event and other reasonable 12 information that the Department may require. The report must be 13 filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following the month during which the event with retail sales was held. 14 15 Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section 16 commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to 17 exceed \$250.

Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible 18 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type 19 20 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any 21 22 transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient 23 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily 24 payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall 25 impose this requirement when it finds that there is 26 a

significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an 1 2 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers 3 who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the 4 5 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the 6 exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of 7 loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify 8 concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of 9 this requirement. In the absence of notification by the 10 Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file 11 their returns as otherwise required in this Section.

12 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24, 13 eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 14 revised 9-9-13.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.