

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB5951

by Rep. Sandra M. Pihos

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-175

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that the maximum reduction under the General Homestead Exemption is \$7,000, and indexes the maximum reductions in all counties to the Consumer Price Index. Effective immediately.

LRB098 16990 HLH 52072 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
- 5 Section 15-175 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 200/15-175)
- 7 Sec. 15-175. General homestead exemption.
- 8 (a) Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177,
- 9 homestead property is entitled to an annual homestead exemption
- 10 limited, except as described here with relation to
- 11 cooperatives, to a reduction in the equalized assessed value of
- 12 homestead property equal to the increase in equalized assessed
- 13 value for the current assessment year above the equalized
- 14 assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum
- 15 reduction set forth below. If however, the 1977 equalized
- 16 assessed value upon which taxes were paid is subsequently
- 17 determined by local assessing officials, the Property Tax
- 18 Appeal Board, or a court to have been excessive, the equalized
- 19 assessed value which should have been placed on the property
- 20 for 1977 shall be used to determine the amount of the
- 21 exemption.
- 22 (b) Except as provided in Section 15-176, the maximum
- reduction before taxable year 2004 shall be \$4,500 in counties

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$3,500 in all other counties. Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, for taxable years 2004 through 2007, the maximum reduction shall be \$5,000, for taxable year 2008, the maximum reduction is \$5,500, and, for taxable years 2009 through 2011, the maximum reduction is \$6,000 in all counties. For taxable years 2012 and 2013 thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$7,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$6,000 in all other counties. For taxable year 2014, the maximum reduction in all counties is \$7,000; thereafter, the maximum reduction is the maximum reduction for the prior taxable year increased by the annual rate of increase for the previous calendar year in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. If a county has elected to subject itself to the provisions of Section 15-176 as provided in subsection (k) of that Section, then, for the 17 first taxable year only after the provisions of Section 15-176 no longer apply, for owners who, for the taxable year, have not been granted a senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption under Section 15-172 or a long-time occupant homestead exemption under Section 15-177, there shall be an additional exemption of \$5,000 for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less.

(c) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if, based on the most recent assessment, the equalized assessed value of the homestead property for the current assessment year

- is greater than the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, the owner of the property shall automatically receive the exemption granted under this Section in an amount equal to the increase over the 1977 assessment up to the maximum reduction set forth in this Section.
 - (d) If in any assessment year beginning with the 2000 assessment year, homestead property has a pro-rata valuation under Section 9-180 resulting in an increase in the assessed valuation, a reduction in equalized assessed valuation equal to the increase in equalized assessed value of the property for the year of the pro-rata valuation above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977 shall be applied to the property on a proportionate basis for the period the property qualified as homestead property during the assessment year. The maximum proportionate homestead exemption shall not exceed the maximum homestead exemption allowed in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied by the number of days the property qualified as homestead property.
 - (e) The chief county assessment officer may, when considering whether to grant a leasehold exemption under this Section, require the following conditions to be met:
 - (1) that a notarized application for the exemption, signed by both the owner and the lessee of the property, must be submitted each year during the application period in effect for the county in which the property is located;
 - (2) that a copy of the lease must be filed with the

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- chief county assessment officer by the owner of the property at the time the notarized application is submitted;
 - (3) that the lease must expressly state that the lessee is liable for the payment of property taxes; and
 - (4) that the lease must include the following language in substantially the following form:

"Lessee shall be liable for the payment of real taxes with respect to the residence estate accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/15-175). The permanent real estate index number for the premises is (insert number), and, according to the most recent property tax bill, the current amount of real estate taxes associated with the premises is (insert amount) per year. The parties agree that the monthly rent set forth above shall be increased or decreased pro rata (effective January 1 of each calendar year) to reflect any increase or decrease in real estate taxes. Lessee shall be deemed to be satisfying Lessee's liability for the above mentioned real estate taxes with the monthly rent payments as set forth above (or increased or decreased as set forth herein).".

In addition, if there is a change in lessee, or if the lessee vacates the property, then the chief county assessment officer may require the owner of the property to notify the

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 chief county assessment officer of that change.

2 This subsection (e) does not apply to leasehold interests 3 in property owned by a municipality.

"Homestead property" under this Section includes residential property that is occupied by its owner or owners as his or their principal dwelling place, or that is a leasehold interest on which a single family residence is situated, which is occupied as a residence by a person who has an ownership interest therein, legal or equitable or as a lessee, and on which the person is liable for the payment of property taxes. For land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative or a building which is a life care facility as defined in Section 15-170 and considered to be a cooperative under Section 15-170, the maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value shall be limited to the increase in the value above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum reduction set forth above, multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a person or persons who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes on the property and is an owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold interest. For purposes of this Section, the term "life care facility" has the meaning stated in Section 15-170.

"Household", as used in this Section, means the owner, the spouse of the owner, and all persons using the residence of the

1 owner as their principal place of residence.

"Household income", as used in this Section, means the combined income of the members of a household for the calendar year preceding the taxable year.

"Income", as used in this Section, has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief Act, except that "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

- (g) In a cooperative where a homestead exemption has been granted, the cooperative association or its management firm shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to so credit the savings shall be quilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- (h) Where married persons maintain and reside in separate residences qualifying as homestead property, each residence shall receive 50% of the total reduction in equalized assessed valuation provided by this Section.
- (i) In all counties, the assessor or chief county assessment officer may determine the eligibility of residential property to receive the homestead exemption and the amount of the exemption by application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in accordance with guidelines established by the Department, provided that the taxpayer applying for an additional general exemption under this Section shall submit to

- the chief county assessment officer an application with an 1 2 affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, 3 marital status (and, if married, the name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of 4 5 members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The 6 Department shall issue quidelines establishing a method for 7 verifying the accuracy of the affidavits filed by applicants 8 under this paragraph. The applications shall be clearly marked 9 applications for the Additional General Homestead as 10 Exemption.
- 11 (j) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, in
 12 the event of a sale of homestead property the homestead
 13 exemption shall remain in effect for the remainder of the
 14 assessment year of the sale. The assessor or chief county
 15 assessment officer may require the new owner of the property to
 16 apply for the homestead exemption for the following assessment
 17 year.
- 18 (k) Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates
 19 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
 20 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12; 97-1125, eff. 8-28-12;
- 22 98-7, eff. 4-23-13; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)
- 23 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 24 becoming law.