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1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by 5 changing Sections 5-6-2 and 5-6-3.1 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-2)

Sec. 5-6-2. Incidents of Probation and of Conditional
Discharge.

9 (a) When an offender is sentenced to probation or 10 conditional discharge, the court shall impose a period as 11 provided in Article 4.5 of Chapter V, and shall specify the 12 conditions under Section 5-6-3.

13 (b) Multiple terms of probation imposed at the same time 14 shall run concurrently.

15 (c) The court may at any time terminate probation or 16 conditional discharge if warranted by the conduct of the 17 offender and the ends of justice, as provided in Section 5-6-4.

(d) Upon the expiration or termination of the period of
probation or of conditional discharge, the court shall enter an
order discharging the offender.

(e) The court may extend any period of probation or
conditional discharge beyond the limits set forth in Article
4.5 of Chapter V upon a violation of a condition of the

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probation or conditional discharge, for the payment of an assessment required by Section 10.3 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 411.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 80 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or for the payment of restitution as provided by an order of restitution under Section 5-5-6 of this Code.

7 (e-5) If payment of restitution as ordered has not been 8 made, the victim shall file a petition notifying the sentencing 9 court, any other person to whom restitution is owed, and the State's Attorney of the status of the ordered restitution 10 11 payments unpaid at least 90 days before the probation or 12 conditional discharge expiration date. If payment as ordered 13 has not been made, the court shall hold a review hearing prior 14 to the expiration date, unless the hearing is voluntarily waived by the defendant with the knowledge that waiver may 15 result in an extension of the probation or conditional 16 17 discharge period or in a revocation of probation or conditional discharge. If the court does not extend probation or 18 conditional discharge, it shall issue a judgment for the unpaid 19 20 restitution and direct the clerk of the circuit court to file 21 and enter the judgment in the judgment and lien docket, without 22 fee, unless it finds that the victim has recovered a judgment 23 against the defendant for the amount covered by the restitution order. If the court issues a judgment for the unpaid 24 25 restitution, the court shall send to the defendant at his or her last known address written notification that a civil 26

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judgment has been issued for the unpaid restitution.

2 (f) The court may impose a term of probation that is concurrent or consecutive to a term of imprisonment so long as 3 the maximum term imposed does not exceed the maximum term 4 5 provided under Article 4.5 of Chapter V or Article 8 of this 6 Chapter. The court may provide that probation may commence while an offender is on mandatory supervised 7 release, 8 participating in a day release program, or being monitored by 9 an electronic monitoring device.

10 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 95-1052, eff. 7-1-09.)

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(730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3.1)

Sec. 5-6-3.1. Incidents and Conditions of Supervision.

(a) When a defendant is placed on supervision, the court shall enter an order for supervision specifying the period of such supervision, and shall defer further proceedings in the case until the conclusion of the period.

(b) The period of supervision shall be reasonable under all 17 18 of the circumstances of the case, but may not be longer than 2 19 years, unless the defendant has failed to pay the assessment 20 required by Section 10.3 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 21 411.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 80 22 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the court may extend supervision beyond 2 years. 23 24 Additionally, the court shall order the defendant to perform no 25 less than 30 hours of community service and not more than 120 HB5950 Engrossed - 4 - LRB098 18667 RLC 53810 b

hours of community service, if community service is available 1 2 in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board where the offense was committed, when the offense (1) was 3 related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an 4 5 organized gang or was motivated by the defendant's membership 6 in or allegiance to an organized gang; or (2) is a violation of any Section of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 7 Criminal Code of 2012 where a disposition of supervision is not 8 9 prohibited by Section 5-6-1 of this Code. The community service 10 shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of 11 any damage caused by violation of Section 21-1.3 of the 12 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 and similar 13 damages to property located within the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. Where possible and reasonable, 14 15 the community service should be performed in the offender's 16 neighborhood.

For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

20 (c) The court may in addition to other reasonable 21 conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the 22 rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each 23 defendant in the proper discretion of the court require that 24 the person:

(1) make a report to and appear in person before or
 participate with the court or such courts, person, or

HB5950 Engrossed - 5 - LRB098 18667 RLC 53810 b social service agency as directed by the court in the order 1 2 of supervision; 3 (2) pay a fine and costs; (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational 4 5 training; (4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric 6 7 treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism; 8 (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the 9 instruction or residence of defendants on probation; 10 (6) support his dependents; refrain from possessing a firearm or other 11 (7) 12 dangerous weapon; 13 (8) and in addition, if a minor: 14 (i) reside with his parents or in a foster home; 15 (ii) attend school; 16 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth; 17 (iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a foster home; or 18 19 (v) with the consent of the superintendent of the 20 facility, attend an educational program at a facility other than the school in which the offense was 21 22 committed if he or she is placed on supervision for a 23 crime of violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act committed in a school, on the 24 25 real property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet 26 of the real property comprising a school;

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1 (9) make restitution or reparation in an amount not to 2 exceed actual loss or damage to property and pecuniary loss 3 or make restitution under Section 5-5-6 to a domestic 4 violence shelter. The court shall determine the amount and 5 conditions of payment;

6 (10) perform some reasonable public or community 7 service;

(11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order 8 9 of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois 10 Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an order of protection 11 issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United 12 States territory. If the court has ordered the defendant to 13 make a report and appear in person under paragraph (1) of 14 this subsection, a copy of the order of protection shall be 15 transmitted to the person or agency so designated by the 16 court;

17 (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as 18 defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act 19 for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the 20 offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the 21 fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was 22 sentenced;

(13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced, (i) to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the HB5950 Engrossed - 7 - LRB098 18667 RLC 53810 b

Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act, or (ii) for offenses under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources, to the fund established by the Department of Natural Resources for the purchase of evidence for investigation purposes and to conduct investigations as outlined in Section 805-105 of the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law;

7 (14)refrain from entering into а designated 8 geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds 9 appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons 10 11 accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a 12 probation officer;

(15) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of person, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;

(16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;

(17) refrain from operating any motor vehicle not
 equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in
 Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; under this

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condition the court may allow a defendant who is not self-employed to operate a vehicle owned by the defendant's employer that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device in the course and scope of the defendant's employment; and

6 (18) if placed on supervision for a sex offense as 7 defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or quardian of the person 8 9 under 18 years of age present in the home and no 10 non-familial minors are present, not participate in a 11 holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, 12 such as distributing candy or other items to children on 13 Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding 14 Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa 15 Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding 16 Easter.

17 (c-5) If payment of restitution as ordered has not been made, the victim shall file a petition notifying the sentencing 18 19 court, any other person to whom restitution is owed, and the 20 State's Attorney of the status of the ordered restitution payments unpaid at least 90 days before the supervision 21 22 expiration date. If payment as ordered has not been made, the 23 court shall hold a review hearing prior to the expiration date, 24 unless the hearing is voluntarily waived by the defendant with 25 the knowledge that waiver may result in an extension of the supervision period or in a revocation of supervision. If the 26

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court does not extend supervision, it shall issue a judgment 1 2 for the unpaid restitution and direct the clerk of the circuit 3 court to file and enter the judgment in the judgment and lien docket, without fee, unless it finds that the victim has 4 recovered a judgment against the defendant for the amount 5 covered by the restitution order. If the court issues a 6 7 judgment for the unpaid restitution, the court shall send to the defendant at his or her last known address written 8 9 notification that a civil judgment has been issued for the 10 unpaid restitution.

11 (d) The court shall defer entering any judgment on the 12 charges until the conclusion of the supervision.

(e) At the conclusion of the period of supervision, if the court determines that the defendant has successfully complied with all of the conditions of supervision, the court shall discharge the defendant and enter a judgment dismissing the charges.

(f) Discharge and dismissal upon a successful conclusion of 18 19 disposition of supervision shall be deemed without a 20 adjudication of quilt and shall not be termed a conviction for purposes of disqualification or disabilities imposed by law 21 22 upon conviction of a crime. Two years after the discharge and 23 dismissal under this Section, unless the disposition of supervision was for a violation of Sections 3-707, 3-708, 24 25 3-710, 5-401.3, or 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 26 similar provision of a local ordinance, or for a violation of

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Sections 12-3.2, 16-25, or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 1 2 or the Criminal Code of 2012, in which case it shall be 5 years after discharge and dismissal, a person may have his record of 3 arrest sealed or expunded as may be provided by law. However, 4 5 any defendant placed on supervision before January 1, 1980, may move for sealing or expungement of his arrest record, as 6 7 provided by law, at any time after discharge and dismissal 8 under this Section. A person placed on supervision for a sexual 9 offense committed against a minor as defined in clause 10 (a) (1) (L) of Section 5.2 of the Criminal Identification Act or 11 for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code 12 or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall not have his or her record of arrest sealed or expunged. 13

14 (g) A defendant placed on supervision and who during the 15 period of supervision undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol 16 testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved 17 electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay the costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, 18 19 and costs incidental to such approved electronic monitoring in 20 accordance with the defendant's ability to pay those costs. The county board with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the 21 22 judicial circuit in which the county is located shall establish 23 reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol 24 25 testing, or both, and all costs incidental to approved 26 electronic monitoring, of all defendants placed on HB5950 Engrossed - 11 - LRB098 18667 RLC 53810 b

supervision. The concurrence of the Chief Judge shall be in the 1 2 form of an administrative order. The fees shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court 3 shall pay all moneys collected from these fees to the county 4 5 treasurer who shall use the moneys collected to defray the 6 costs of drug testing, alcohol testing, and electronic 7 monitoring. The county treasurer shall deposit the fees 8 collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 9 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case may be.

10 (h) A disposition of supervision is a final order for the 11 purposes of appeal.

12 (i) The court shall impose upon a defendant placed on 13 supervision after January 1, 1992 or to community service under 14 the supervision of a probation or court services department after January 1, 2004, as a condition of supervision or 15 supervised community service, a fee of \$50 for each month of 16 17 supervision or supervised community service ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability of the person 18 19 placed on supervision or supervised community service to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. The court may not 20 impose the fee on a minor who is made a ward of the State under 21 22 the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. 23 The fee shall be imposed only upon a defendant who is actively supervised by the probation and court services department. The 24 25 fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The 26 clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from HB5950 Engrossed - 12 - LRB098 18667 RLC 53810 b

1 this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the probation 2 and court services fund pursuant to Section 15.1 of the 3 Probation and Probation Officers Act.

A circuit court may not impose a probation fee in excess of \$25 per month unless the circuit court has adopted, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard probation fee guide determining an offender's ability to pay. Of the amount collected as a probation fee, not to exceed \$5 of that fee collected per month may be used to provide services to crime victims and their families.

The Court may only waive probation fees based on an 11 12 offender's ability to pay. The probation department may re-evaluate an offender's ability to pay every 6 months, and, 13 with the approval of the Director of Court Services or the 14 Chief Probation Officer, adjust the monthly fee amount. An 15 16 offender may elect to pay probation fees due in a lump sum. Any 17 offender that has been assigned to the supervision of a probation department, or has been transferred either under 18 19 subsection (h) of this Section or under any interstate compact, 20 shall be required to pay probation fees to the department 21 supervising the offender, based on the offender's ability to 22 pay.

(j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar HB5950 Engrossed - 13 - LRB098 18667 RLC 53810 b

provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

(k) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is placed on 4 5 supervision for a misdemeanor in a county of 3,000,000 or more 6 inhabitants and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony may as a condition of his or her 7 8 supervision be required by the court to attend educational 9 courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school 10 diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work 11 toward passing the high school level Test of General 12 Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a 13 vocational training program approved by the court. The 14 defendant placed on supervision must attend а public 15 institution of education to obtain the educational or 16 vocational training required by this subsection (k). The 17 defendant placed on supervision shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or GED test, if a fee is 18 charged for those courses or test. The court shall revoke the 19 20 supervision of a person who wilfully fails to comply with this subsection (k). The court shall resentence the defendant upon 21 22 revocation of supervision as provided in Section 5-6-4. This 23 subsection (k) does not apply to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed the GED test. This 24 25 subsection (k) does not apply to a defendant who is determined by the court to be developmentally disabled or otherwise 26

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1 mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational 2 program.

3 court shall require a defendant placed on (1) The supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the 4 5 Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act 6 after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for 7 possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control 8 9 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Act, the 10 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act or a 11 sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control 12 Act or Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and after a finding by the court that the person is addicted, 13 14 to undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by 15 the court.

16 (m) The Secretary of State shall require anyone placed on 17 court supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local 18 19 ordinance to give proof of his or her financial responsibility 20 as defined in Section 7-315 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The proof shall be maintained by the individual in a manner 21 22 satisfactory to the Secretary of State for a minimum period of 23 3 years after the date the proof is first filed. The proof 24 shall be limited to a single action per arrest and may not be 25 affected by any post-sentence disposition. The Secretary of 26 State shall suspend the driver's license of any person HB5950 Engrossed - 15 - LRB098 18667 RLC 53810 b

1 determined by the Secretary to be in violation of this 2 subsection.

(n) Any offender placed on supervision for any offense that the court or probation department has determined to be sexually motivated as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act shall be required to refrain from any contact, directly or indirectly, with any persons specified by the court and shall be available for all evaluations and treatment programs required by the court or the probation department.

10 (o) An offender placed on supervision for a sex offense as 11 defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act shall refrain 12 from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or 13 14 apartment complex with another person he or she knows or 15 reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been 16 placed on supervision for a sex offense. The provisions of this 17 subsection (o) do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed 18 transitional housing facility for sex offenders. 19

(p) An offender placed on supervision for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 shall refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom HB5950 Engrossed - 16 - LRB098 18667 RLC 53810 b

the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age. 1 2 For purposes of this subsection (p), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; 3 and a person is not related to the accused if the person is 4 5 not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of 6 the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the 7 8 accused.

9 (q) An offender placed on supervision for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of 10 11 Public Act 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child 12 sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 shall, if so 13 ordered by the court, refrain from communicating with or 14 15 contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related 16 to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be 17 under 18 years of age. For purposes of this subsection (g), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of 18 the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is related to the 19 20 accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or 21 22 second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted 23 child of the accused.

(r) An offender placed on supervision for an offense under
Section 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-14.4 that involves soliciting for a
juvenile prostitute, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or

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1 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2 2012, or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed 3 on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall:

5 (i) not access or use a computer or any other device 6 with Internet capability without the prior written 7 approval of the court, except in connection with the 8 offender's employment or search for employment with the 9 prior approval of the court;

10 (ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of 11 the offender's computer or any other device with Internet 12 capability by the offender's probation officer, a law 13 enforcement officer, or assigned computer or information 14 technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying 15 of all data from the computer or device and any internal or 16 external peripherals and removal of such information, 17 equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough inspection;

18 (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's 19 computer or device with Internet capability, at the 20 offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software 21 systems to monitor the Internet use; and

(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the court.

(s) An offender placed on supervision for an offense that

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1 is a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender 2 Registration Act that is committed on or after January 1, 2010 3 (the effective date of Public Act 96-362) that requires the 4 person to register as a sex offender under that Act, may not 5 knowingly use any computer scrub software on any computer that 6 the sex offender uses.

7 (t) An offender placed on supervision for a sex offense as 8 defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or 9 after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-262) 10 shall refrain from accessing or using a social networking 11 website as defined in Section 17-0.5 of the Criminal Code of 12 2012.

13 (u) Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred from the sentencing court to the court of another circuit with the 14 15 concurrence of both courts. Further transfers or retransfers of 16 jurisdiction are also authorized in the same manner. The court 17 to which jurisdiction has been transferred shall have the same powers as the sentencing court. The probation department within 18 19 the circuit to which jurisdiction has been transferred may 20 impose probation fees upon receiving the transferred offender, as provided in subsection (i). The probation department from 21 22 the original sentencing court shall retain all probation fees 23 collected prior to the transfer.

24 (Source: P.A. 96-262, eff. 1-1-10; 96-362, eff. 1-1-10; 96-409,
25 eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1414, eff. 1-1-11;
26 96-1551, Article 2, Section 1065, eff. 7-1-11; 96-1551, Article

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10, Section 10-150, eff. 7-1-11; 97-454, eff. 1-1-12; 97-597,
 eff. 1-1-12; 97-1109, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)