## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2013 and 2014

#### HB5437

by Rep. C.D. Davidsmeyer

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 120/3

from Ch. 120, par. 442

Amends the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Removes a requirement that a person who promotes, organizes, or provides retail selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events must file a report with the Department providing certain information about the merchant's business. Effective immediately.

LRB098 18932 HLH 54079 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning revenue.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by
changing Section 3 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)

Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

13 2. His residence address and the address of his 14 principal place of business and the address of the 15 principal place of business (if that is a different 16 address) from which he engages in the business of selling 17 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

18 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the 19 preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be, 20 from sales of tangible personal property, and from services 21 furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or 22 quarter;

23

4. Total amount received by him during the preceding

1 calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of 2 tangible personal property, and from services furnished, 3 by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return 4 is filed;

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5. Deductions allowed by law;

6 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the
7 preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of
8 which the tax is imposed;

9 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this10 Act;

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8. The amount of tax due;

9. The signature of the taxpayer; and

13 10. Such other reasonable information as the14 Department may require.

15 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 16 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 17 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 18 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is claimed.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 23 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 24 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as 25 provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser 26 provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section - 3 - LRB098 18932 HLH 54079 b

3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 1 2 certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85 3 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy 4 5 Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject 6 7 to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under 8 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 9 10 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's 11 Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after 12 January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to 13 September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to 14 15 satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any 16 audit liability.

17 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 18 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 19 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 20 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 21 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 22 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 23 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

25 2. The address of the principal place of business from26 which he engages in the business of selling tangible

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personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
personal property by him during such preceding calendar
month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but
less all deductions allowed by law;

7 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this8 Act;

9

5. The amount of tax due; and

Such other reasonable information as the Department
 may require.

12 Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer, 13 as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in 14 15 the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file 16 a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at 17 a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month 18 19 and such other information as is reasonably required by the 20 Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such 21 22 rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements 23 of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the 24 25 Liquor Control Act of 1934.

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Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing

distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in 1 2 the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the 3 Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by 4 5 electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts 6 from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to 7 8 it. sold or distributed; the purchaser's whom was tax 9 registration number; and such other information reasonably 10 required bv the Department. А distributor, importing 11 distributor, or manufacturer of alcoholic liquor must 12 personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to 13 each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing 14 15 distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic 16 liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month 17 for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred. The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall 18 19 notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor, 20 importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales 21 22 information by electronic means, the distributor, importing 23 distributor, or manufacturer shall furnish the sales information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of 24 25 this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is 26 not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail,

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1 or facsimile.

2 If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or 3 creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more. 4 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 5 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 6 7 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 8 9 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 10 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 11 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 12 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 13 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 14 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 15 16 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 17 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 18 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 19 20 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of 21 22 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 23 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 24 25 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 26 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of

Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

9 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 10 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 11 with the permission of the Department.

12 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds 13 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make 14 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 15 in the manner authorized by the Department.

16 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 17 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 18 requirements of this Section.

Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is less than 50 cents.

26 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly

return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to 1 2 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 3 with the return for January, February and March of a given year 4 5 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 6 with the return for July, August and September of a given year 7 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 8 9 October, November and December of a given year being due by 10 January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

Where the same person has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registrations under this Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

6 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 7 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 8 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of 9 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 10 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a 11 separate return for each such item of tangible personal 12 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same 13 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 14 15 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, 16 watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer retailer for the 17 purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 18 19 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as 20 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this 21 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft, 22 watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that 23 the Department transaction to on the same uniform 24 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 25 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration 26

1 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped 2 with an inboard motor.

Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, 3 aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with 4 5 an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax 6 liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such 7 transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required 8 to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or 9 quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required 10 to file returns on an annual basis.

11 The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor 12 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform 13 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle 14 15 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name 16 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price 17 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the 18 19 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value 20 21 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such 22 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of 23 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on 24 25 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not 26 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the

1 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient 2 identification of the property sold; such other information as 3 is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and 4 such other information as the Department may reasonably 5 require.

The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft 6 7 or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the 8 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 9 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for 10 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer 11 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the 12 extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after 13 14 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 15 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such 16 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 17 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 18 19 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a 20 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other 21 information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the

Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of 1 2 the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if 3 titling or registration is required) if the Department and such 4 5 agency or State officer determine that this procedure will 6 processing of applications expedite the for title or 7 registration.

With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 8 9 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 10 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 11 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 12 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax 13 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is 14 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such 15 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal 16 17 property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an 18 Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration 19 20 to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The

Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the
 mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 3 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of 4 5 the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not 6 7 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 8 of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department 9 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 10 the information required by the transaction reporting return 11 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 12 Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption the 13 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return 14 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be 15 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account 16 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount 17 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the 18 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted 19 20 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

21 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return 22 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property 23 returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under 24 subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case 25 may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the 26 receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a

return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act
 with respect to such receipts.

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3 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on 4 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, 5 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly 6 accredited agent of such corporation.

7 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return 8 filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be 9 signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of 10 the limited liability company.

11 Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the 12 return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this 13 Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% 14 on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, 15 16 whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 17 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 18 19 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant 20 to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of 21 22 retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by 23 transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when 24 such retailer files his periodic return. The Department may 25 disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of 26

1 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but 2 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 3 registration has become final.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 4 5 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax 6 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be 7 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000 8 9 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he 10 shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th 11 day of the month next following the month during which such tax 12 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month 13 during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 14 15 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the 16 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service 17 Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance 18 with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the 19 20 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month 21 22 next following the month during which such tax liability is 23 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such 24 25 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each 26

payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's 1 2 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the 3 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 4 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 5 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and 6 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the 7 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each 8 9 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 10 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 11 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 12 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 13 or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 14 15 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 16 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 17 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or 18 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 19 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 20 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 21 22 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 23 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 24 25 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 26

calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's 1 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The 2 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 3 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 4 5 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the 6 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the 7 Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above 8 9 shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability 10 to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar 11 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the 12 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 13 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as 14 computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete 15 calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a 16 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in 17 the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the 18 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 19 20 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On 21 22 and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 23 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or 24 25 more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue 26 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the

Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 1 2 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 3 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for 4 5 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 6 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can 7 show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate 8 9 that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably 10 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated 11 above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a 12 change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department 13 shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be 14 15 long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the 16 17 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the 18 19 amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely 20 paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the 21 22 minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. 23 The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly 24 25 payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar 26 monthly basis.

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The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1, 1 2 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who 3 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 4 5 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in 6 excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as 7 8 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the 9 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the 10 month during which such liability is incurred. If the month 11 during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to the 12 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, each payment 13 shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month during which 14 15 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 16 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the 17 taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of 18 the 19 preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax 20 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 21 22 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 23 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 24 25 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 26 that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case

may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of 1 2 quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly 3 prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete 4 5 calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter 6 monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount 7 required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 8 interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has 9 previously made payments for that month in excess of the 10 minimum payments previously due.

11 The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October 12 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer 13 who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 14 15 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in 16 excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete 17 calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the 18 19 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the 20 month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual 21 22 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for 23 the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the 24 25 final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. 26

1 Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter 2 monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax 3 collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 4 5 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 6 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 7 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 8 9 quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly 10 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the 11 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such 12 difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made 13 payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments 14 previously due.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the 15 16 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the 17 Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if 18 19 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit 20 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by 21 22 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax 23 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 24 prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the 25 26 taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability

subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, 1 2 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service 3 Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules Use and regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department 4 5 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit 6 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% 7 and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually 8 9 due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 10 interest on such difference.

If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability to the Department under this Act for the month which the taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

16 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 17 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue 18 19 realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of 20 food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 21 22 drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 23 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, insulin, urine 24 drugs, medical appliances and testing 25 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

26 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall

pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 5 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the 6 7 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 8 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 9 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the 10 County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue 11 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 12 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

17 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue 18 19 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 20 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local 21 22 Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the 23 preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of 24 sales tax holiday items.

25 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall 26 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to

an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are <del>is</del> now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay 6 7 into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue 8 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 9 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process 10 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental 11 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total 12 payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act 13 and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal 14 vear.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 15 16 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 17 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the 18 19 average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois 20 Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the 21 22 Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, 23 the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used 24 25 in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal 26 to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

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Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 4 5 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 6 7 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 8 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 9 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 10 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 11 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, 12 Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts 13 being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 14 15 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter 16 called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to 17 the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as 18 19 hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall 20 be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 21 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the 22 "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for 23 fiscal years 1986 through 1993:

24	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
25	1986	\$54,800,000
26	1987	\$76,650,000

1	1988	\$80,480,000
2	1989	\$88,510,000
3	1990	\$115,330,000
4	1991	\$145,470,000
5	1992	\$182,730,000
6	1993	\$206,520,000;

7 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as 8 defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and 9 10 each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act 11 12 Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond 13 Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the 14 15 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 16 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the 17 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 18 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 19 20 payments required under the preceding proviso result in 21 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to 22 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of 23 (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for 24 such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois 25 Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph 26 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount

on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and 1 2 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, 3 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 4 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 5 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on 6 7 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and 8 costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the 9 Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of 10 Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any 11 month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build 12 Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the 13 Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such 14 month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred 15 in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build 16 Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 17 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received 18 19 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the 20 Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this 21 22 sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to 23 clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year 24 25 pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the 26 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited

1 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim 2 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 3 Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 4 5 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 6 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 7 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 8 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 9 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 10 in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 11 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 12 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 13 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 14 15 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

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Total

	Fiscal Year	Deposit
17	1993	\$0
18	1994	53,000,000
19	1995	58,000,000
20	1996	61,000,000
21	1997	64,000,000
22	1998	68,000,000
23	1999	71,000,000
24	2000	75,000,000
25	2001	80,000,000

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1		2002			93,000,000
2		2003			99,000,000
3		2004			103,000,000
4		2005			108,000,000
5		2006			113,000,000
6		2007			119,000,000
7		2008			126,000,000
8		2009			132,000,000
9		2010			139,000,000
10		2011			146,000,000
11		2012			153,000,000
12		2013			161,000,000
13		2014			170,000,000
14		2015			179,000,000
15		2016			189,000,000
16		2017			199,000,000
17		2018			210,000,000
18		2019			221,000,000
19		2020			233,000,000
20		2021			246,000,000
21		2022			260,000,000
22		2023			275,000,000
23		2024			275,000,000
24		2025			275,000,000
25		2026			279,000,000
26		2027			292,000,000

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1	2028	307,000,000
2	2029	322,000,000
3	2030	338,000,000
4	2031	350,000,000
5	2032	350,000,000
6	and	
7	each fiscal year	
8	thereafter that bonds	
9	are outstanding under	
10	Section 13.2 of the	
11	Metropolitan Pier and	

12 Exposition Authority Act,

13 but not after fiscal year 2060.

14 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 15 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 16 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 17 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 18 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 19 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 20 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 21 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 22 required under this Section for previous months and years, 23 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 24 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 25 26 has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 1 2 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 3 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 4 5 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 6 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 7 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 8 price of tangible personal property.

9 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 10 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 11 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 12 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 13 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 14 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 15 16 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 17 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 18 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 19 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 20 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 21

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in

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accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 2 3 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 4 5 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual information return for the tax year specified in the notice. 6 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement 7 8 of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal 9 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as 10 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 11 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 12 same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a 13 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the 14 15 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the 16 retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and 17 closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the 18 the 19 retailer during such year, payroll information of retailer's business during such year and any additional 20 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 21 22 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 23 or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in 24 this Section.

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable - 33 - LRB098 18932 HLH 54079 b

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1 as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
penalty provided for in this Act.

9 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall 10 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the 11 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

12 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 13 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who 14 15 willfully signs the annual return containing false or 16 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished 17 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the Department shall include a warning that the person signing the 18 19 return may be liable for perjury.

The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

5 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 6 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 7 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 8 overpayment of liability.

9 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, 10 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in 11 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may 12 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the 13 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such 14 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written 15 objection to the Department to this arrangement.

16 Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail 17 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, 18 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or 19 20 events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a 21 22 report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's 23 business, the name of the person or persons engaged in merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois 24 25 Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant, the dates and location of the event and other reasonable 26

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information that the Department may require. The report must be
filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following
the month during which the event with retail sales was held.
Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section
commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to
exceed \$250.

7 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible 8 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type 9 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows, 10 flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any 11 transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient 12 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of 13 the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall 14 impose this requirement when it finds that there is 15 а 16 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an 17 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers 18 who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the 19 20 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of 21 22 loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify 23 concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of this requirement. In the absence of notification by the 24 25 Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file 26 their returns as otherwise required in this Section.

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1 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24,
eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14;
revised 9-9-13.)
4 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

5 becoming law.