

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB3650

by Rep. Bill Mitchell

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

430 ILCS 66/42 new

Amends the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Provides that a non-resident may carry a handgun in accordance with the Act if the non-resident: (1) is 21 years of age or older; (2) has in his or her immediate possession a valid license or permit that authorizes the individual to carry a concealed firearm, issued to him or her by a state whose training requirements to obtain a license or permit are substantially similar to those requirements contained in the Act; and (3) is a legal resident of the United States. Provides that the Department of State Police shall recognize any license or permit issued by a state whose requirements to obtain a license or permit are substantially similar to those firearms training requirements contained in the Act. Provides that when another state requires this recognition to be by reciprocal agreement, the Department of State Police shall enter into a reciprocal agreement with that state. Provides that if a resident of another state who is the holder of a valid license or permit to carry a concealed firearm issued by another state, recognized by the Department of State Police, establishes legal residence in this State, the license or permit shall be valid in this State for 90 days following the date on which the holder of the license establishes legal residence in this State. Lists criteria for which a person may establish legal residence in this State. Effective immediately.

LRB098 12818 RLC 47306 b

AN ACT concerning safety. 1

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2 represented in the General Assembly: 3

- 4 Section 5. The Firearm Concealed Carry Act is amended by 5 adding Section 42 as follows:
- (430 ILCS 66/42 new) 6

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- 7 Sec. 42. Reciprocity.
- (a) Notwithstanding Section 40 of this Act, a non-resident 8 may carry a handgun in accordance with this Act if the non-resident:
- (1) is 21 years of age or older; 11
- 12 (2) has in his or her immediate possession a valid license or permit that authorizes him or her to carry a 13 14 concealed firearm, issued to him or her by a state whose license or permit are recognized by the Department under 15 16 subsection (b) of this Section; and
- 17 (3) is a legal resident of the United States.
- 18 (b) The Department shall recognize a license or permit 19 issued by a state whose requirements to obtain a license or 20 permit are substantially similar to the requirements in Section 21 75 of this Act. When another state requires this recognition to 22 be by reciprocal agreement, the Department shall enter into a reciprocal agreement with that state. States 2.3 with

1	substantially	[,] similar	laws	include,	but	are	not	limited	to:
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- 2 Arizona, California, Florida, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan,
- 3 Minnesota, Missouri, New Mexico, Ohio, Tennessee, Texas, and
- 4 Wisconsin.
- 5 (c) A non-resident is subject to the same laws and
- 6 restrictions with respect to carrying a handgun as a resident
- 7 who is licensed under this Act.
- 8 (d) If a resident of another state who is the holder of a
- 9 valid license or permit to carry a concealed firearm issued by
- another state recognized by the Department under subsection (b)
- of this Section, establishes legal residence in this State, the
- 12 license or permit shall be valid in this State for 90 days
- 13 following the date on which the holder of the license
- 14 establishes legal residence in this State. For the purposes of
- this subsection (d), the person may establish legal residence
- in this State by:
- 17 (1) registering to vote;
- 18 (2) obtaining an Illinois driver's license or state
- identification card; or
- 20 (3) filing for homestead tax exemption on property in
- 21 this State.
- 22 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 23 becoming law.