

## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB3302

by Rep. Thomas Morrison

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 30 ILCS 105/5.826 new 30 ILCS 105/5.827 new 30 ILCS 105/5.828 new

Creates the Responsible Spending Act. Provides for the calculation of a Spending Growth Index and requires it to be calculated separately for the General Fund, Road Fund, and all other funds. Sets forth requirements for any increase in State revenue or in State spending beyond the Spending Growth Index limitation, including a three-fifths majority vote of all members of each house and submission of the increase to voters by referendum. Permits emergency tax increases in certain circumstances. Creates the Past Due Paydown Fund and provides that the State Comptroller shall transfer to the fund any amount necessary, up to the total past due operating debt owed by the State, from the unappropriated surplus of the General Fund. Creates the Budget Stabilization Fund for Illinois and provides that the State Comptroller shall allocate a portion of unappropriated funds from the General Fund to pay down past operating debt to zero. Creates the Taxpayer Relief Fund and provides that if the amount in this Fund exceeds 1% of General Fund expenditures, the General Assembly shall enact legislation to provide for a refund to taxpayers. Amends the State Finance Act to create the Past Due Paydown Fund, the Budget Stabilization Fund for Illinois, and the Taxpayer Relief Fund.

LRB098 07551 HLH 37622 b

1 AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 5 Responsible Spending Act.
- 6 Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 7 "Emergency" means extraordinary circumstances outside the
- 8 control of the General Assembly, including catastrophic
- 9 events, such as a natural disaster, terrorism, fire, war, and
- 10 riot, and court orders or decrees.
- "General Fund" means the General Revenue Fund, Common
- 12 School Fund, and Education Assistance Fund.
- "Increase in revenue" means any legislation or tax levy
- 14 that is estimated to result in a net gain in State revenue of
- at least 0.01% of General Fund revenue in at least one fiscal
- 16 year, and (1) enacts a new tax or fee; (2) increases the rate
- or expands the base of an existing tax or fee; (3) repeals or
- 18 reduces any tax exemption, credit, or refund; or (4) extends an
- 19 expiring tax increase or fee. Any and all borrowing or
- 20 increases in state debt shall not be considered an increase in
- 21 revenue.
- 22 "Inflation adjustment factor" means the increase in the
- 23 Chicago Metropolitan Statistical Area Consumer Price Index for

- 1 the most recently available calendar year as calculated by the
- 2 United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- 3 However, the inflation adjustment factor may not be less than
- 4 zero or more than 10%.
- 5 "Population adjustment factor" means the average annual
- 6 percentage increase in population for the 3 most recent years
- 7 for which data is available, as determined annually by the
- 8 United States Department of Commerce, Census Bureau. The
- 9 population adjustment factor may not be less than zero.
- "Revenue" means taxes and fees collected by the State. Any
- 11 and all borrowing or increases in State debt shall not be
- 12 considered revenue.
- "State spending" means any authorized State appropriations
- 14 and allocations.
- "Tax" means any amount raised for the general support of
- 16 government functions.
- 17 Section 10. Spending Growth Index.
- 18 (a) Beginning with the fiscal year that starts after this
- 19 Act takes effect, the maximum annual percentage change in State
- 20 fiscal year spending in the categories specified may not exceed
- 21 the inflation adjustment factor plus the population adjustment
- 22 factor and any increases attributable to measures approved
- 23 under Section 15 of this Act. This limitation, the Spending
- 24 Growth Index, must be calculated separately for the following
- 25 categories: General Fund, Road Fund, and all other funds.

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1	(b)	The	following	may	not	be	counted	in	calculating
2	expenditure limitations:								

- (1) amounts returned to taxpayers as refunds of amounts exceeding the expenditure limitation in a prior year;
  - (2) amounts received from the federal government;
- (3) amounts collected on behalf of another level of government;
  - (4) pension contributions by employees and pension fund earnings;
  - (5) pension and disability payments made to former government employees;
  - (6) amounts received as grants, gifts, or donations that must be spent for purposes specified by the donor;
    - (7) amounts paid pursuant to a court award; and
- 15 (8) reserve transfers.
- Section 15. Approval of expenditure increases.
  - (a) In order to adopt an increase in State spending beyond the limitation set forth in Section 10 of this Act, the measure must be approved by a three-fifths majority vote of all members of each house of the General Assembly and must be approved by a majority of voters. Voter approval is not required if the spending is as a result of an increase in State revenue under Section 20 of this Act.
- 24 (b) The question of whether to adopt legislation to allow 25 an increase in State spending beyond the limitation set forth

in Section 10 of this Act must be submitted to the voters for approval at the next general election. If the General Assembly determines by a three-fifths majority vote that legislation to increase spending beyond the limitation should take effect sooner than the next general election, the General Assembly shall provide for submission of the question to the voters at any regular or special election.

A measure submitted to the voters must include an estimate as set forth in the legislation of the spending increase by the measure for the first 3 fiscal years of its implementation.

- (c) At least 30 days before an election, the Secretary of State shall mail, at least once, a titled notice or set of notices addressed to all registered voters in the State at each address of every registered voter. Notices must include all of the following information and may not include any additional information:
  - (1) The election date, hours, ballot title, and text.
  - (2) For each proposed spending increase, the estimated or actual total of fiscal year spending for the current year and each of the past 4 years, and the overall percentage change and dollar change.
  - (3) For the first full fiscal year of each proposed spending increase, estimates of the maximum dollar amount of each increase and of fiscal year spending without the increase.
  - (d) Ballot question for spending increases must begin:

- 1 "Shall State spending increase by (amount of first or, if
- 2 phased in, full fiscal year dollar increase) annually for the
- 3 purpose of....?".
- 4 (e) The State shall reimburse municipalities and counties
- 5 for the costs of any special elections.
- 6 Section 20. Approval of revenue increases.
- 7 (a) In order to adopt an increase in State revenue, the
- 8 measure must be approved by a three-fifths majority vote of all
- 9 members of each house of the General Assembly and must be
- 10 approved by a majority of voters. Voter approval is not
- 11 required if annual State revenue is less than annual payments
- on general obligation bonds, required payments relating to
- 13 pensions, and final court judgments or the measure is an
- 14 emergency tax.
- 15 (b) The question of whether to adopt legislation to impose
- an increase in revenue of the State must be submitted to the
- 17 voters for approval at the next general election. If the
- 18 General Assembly determines by a three-fifths majority vote
- 19 that legislation to increase revenue through an emergency tax
- should take effect sooner than the next general election, the
- 21 General Assembly may provide for submission of the question to
- the voters at any regular or special election.
- 23 A measure submitted to the voters must include an estimate
- of the amount to be raised by the measure for the first 3
- 25 fiscal years of its implementation.

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- 1 (c) At least 30 days before an election, the Secretary of
  2 State shall mail, at least once, a titled notice or set of
  3 notices addressed to all registered voters at each address of
  4 every registered voter. Notices must include all of the
  5 following information and may not include any additional
  6 information:
  - (1) The election date, hours, ballot title, and text.
  - (2) For each proposed revenue increase, the estimated or actual total of fiscal year spending for the current year and each of the past 4 years, and the overall percentage change and dollar change.
  - (3) For the first full fiscal year of each proposed revenue increase, estimates of the maximum dollar amount of each increase and of fiscal year spending without the increase.
  - (d) Ballot questions for revenue increases must begin:
    "Shall (description of the tax increase) to increase State
    revenues by (amount of first or, if phased in, full fiscal year
    dollar increase) annually for the purpose of...?".
- 20 (e) The State shall reimburse municipalities and counties 21 for the costs of any special elections.
- 22 Section 25. Emergency taxes.
- 23 (a) The State may impose emergency taxes only in accordance with this Section.
- 25 (b) The tax must be approved for a specified time period by

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- a three-fifths majority of the members of each house of the General Assembly.
- 3 (c) Emergency tax revenue may be spent only after other 4 available reserves are depleted and must be refunded 180 days 5 after the emergency ends if not spent on the emergency.
- 6 (d) The tax must be submitted for approval by the voters at the next regular election.
- 8 (e) If not approved by the voters as provided in subsection 9 (d) of this Section, the emergency tax expires 30 days 10 following the election.
  - Section 30. Past Due Paydown Fund. The Past Due Paydown Fund is established as a special fund in the State treasury and must be administered for the purposes identified in this Section. At the close of the lapse period for each fiscal year beginning in 2014, the State Comptroller shall identify the amount of General Fund unappropriated surplus above the Spending Growth Index limitation and transfer to the fund any amount necessary up to the total past due operating debt owed by the State as of the close of fiscal year 2014.
  - The General Assembly may authorize transfers, appropriations, and allocations from the Fund only to fund the costs of paying down the remaining past due debt until such debt is zero. Any remaining funds shall be transferred to the Budget Stabilization Fund for Illinois.

Section 35. Budget Stabilization Fund for Illinois. The Budget Stabilization Fund for Illinois is established as a special fund in the State treasury and must be administered for the purposes identified in this Section. At the close the lapse period of each fiscal year, the State Comptroller shall identify the amount of General Fund unappropriated surplus above the State Spending Growth Index expenditure limitation and above the amount necessary to fully fund and pay down the past operating debt to zero. The Fund may not exceed 8% of the total General Fund revenues received in the immediately preceding fiscal year.

The General Assembly may authorize transfers, appropriations, and allocations from the Fund only to fund the costs of State government up to the expenditure limit calculated under Section 10 in years when State revenues are less thatn the amount necessary to finance the level of expenditures permitted under Section 10. Transfers require a three-fifths majority vote of the General Assembly.

The money in the Fund may be invested as provided by law, with the earnings credited to the Fund. At the close of every month during which the Fund is at the 8% limitation, the State Comptroller shall transfer the excess to the Taxpayer Relief Fund.

Section 40. Taxpayer Relief Fund. The Taxpayer Relief Fund is established as a special fund in the State treasury and must

be administered for the purposes identified in this Section. At the close of the lapse period of each fiscal year, the State Comptroller shall identify the amount of General Fund unappropriated surplus above the State expenditure limitation and above the amount necessary to fully fund the Past Due Paydown Fund and the Budget Stabilization Fund for Illinois.

By September 1st annually, the State Comptroller shall notify the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability and the Department of Revenue of the amount in the Fund as a result of the transfers.

If the amount in the Fund exceeds 1% of General Fund expenditures, then the General Assembly shall, by September 15th, enact legislation to provide for the refund to taxpayers of amounts in the Fund. Refunds may only take the form of temporary or permanent broad-based tax rate reductions.

If the General Assembly does not enact legislation by September 15th to provide refunds, then the State Comptroller shall, by September 30th, notify the Department of Revenue of the amount in the Fund. The Department of Revenue shall calculate a one-time bonus personal exemption refund. The amount of personal exemption refund must be calculated by dividing the amount in the Fund identified by the State Comptroller by the number of personal exemptions claimed on income tax returns filed for tax year beginning in the previous calendar year. The Department of Revenue shall issue a refund by October 30th to a taxpayer who filed an income tax return by

- 1 April 15th of the same calendar year based on the number of
- 2 exemptions claimed (times refund per exemption) on the
- 3 taxpayer's return without regard to the taxpayer's tax
- 4 liability for the year.
- 5 Section 45. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 6 Sections 5.826, 5.827, and 5.828 as follows:
- 7 (30 ILCS 105/5.826 new)
- 8 Sec. 5.826. The Past Due Paydown Fund.
- 9 (30 ILCS 105/5.827 new)
- 10 Sec. 5.827. The Budget Stabilization Fund for Illinois.
- 11 (30 ILCS 105/5.828 new)
- 12 <u>Sec. 5.828. The Taxpayer Relief Fund.</u>